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J. H.

Hemel Hemsted,  
June 1, 1799.



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A B B R E V I A T I O N S.

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<i>a.</i> - - - - -	adjective	<i>pr.</i> - - - - -	preposition
<i>ad.</i> - - - - -	adverb	<i>s.</i> - - - - -	substantive
<i>conj.</i> - - - - -	conjunction	<i>pron.</i> - - - - -	pronoun
<i>interj.</i> - - - - -	interjection	<i>v.</i> - - - - -	verb
<i>part.</i> - - - - -	participle	<i>v. a.</i> - - - - -	verb active
<i>part. a.</i> - - - - -	participial adjective	<i>v. n.</i> - - - - -	verb neuter

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# JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY

IN MINIATURE.

A B D

A B L

**A** AN article set before nouns of the singular number, as *a* boy, *a* dog. When it is placed before a word beginning with a vowel, it is changed into *an*, as *an* earl, *an* ensign. It is placed before a participle, or participial noun, as *a* riding, *a* walking. It also denotes proportion, as *a* year, *a* month. It is sometimes used as an abbreviation of the Latin word *artium*, as *A.M. artium magister; A.D. anno domini*  
*ba'ck, ad.* backwards; back : a sea term  
*ba'cot, s.* an ancient kind of crown  
*ba'cus, s.* a counting table; in architecture, the crowning both of the capital and column  
*ba'ft, or Aft, ad.* towards the stern from the ship's head; a sea term  
*ba'isance s.* a bow; a mark of respect  
*ba'ienate, v. a.* to make over to another  
*ba'n'don, v. a.* to resign; to forsake, desert  
*ba'n'doned, a.* deserted; given up; wicked  
*ba'n'donment, s.* the act of forsaking  
*ba'se, v. a.* to humble, to bring low, depress  
*ba'sed, part.* depressed---*a.* in heraldry, so called when the tops of eagles' wings are pointed downwards  
*ba'sement, s.* the state of being brought low  
*ba'sh, v. a.* to confuse, to make ashamed  
*ba'sh'ment, s.* great shame or confusion  
*ba'te, v. a.* to lessen; to lower in price  
*ba'tement, s.* the act of lessening; the quantity abated; extenuation  
*bb, s.* the yarn on a weaver's warp  
*bb'a, s.* a scriptural word signifying father  
*bb'acy, s.* the rights, possessions, privileges, and immunities of an abbot  
*bb'ess, s.* the governess of a nunnery  
*bb'be, Ab'bey, Ab'b'y, s.* residence for religious persons, whether men or women  
*bb'bot, s.* the chief of a convent of men  
*bb'viate, v. a.* to abridge, to shorten  
*bb'rev'a'tion, s.* the act of abridging  
*bb'rev'a'tor, s.* one who shortens or abridges  
*bb'rev'iature, s.* a mark used for the sake of shortening; a compendium or abridgment  
*bb'dicate, v. a.* to resign an office, to give up

*Abdica'tion, s.* resignation; act of giving up  
*Ab'dicative, a.* that which implies abdication  
*Ab'ditive, a.* hiding, or concealing  
*Abdo'men, s.* the lower part of the belly  
*Abdom'iinal, a.* relating to the abdomen  
*Abdom'inous, a.* paunch-bellied; unwieldy  
*Ab'du'ce, v. a.* to separate; to draw away  
*Abdu'cent, a.* drawing or pulling back  
*Abduc'tion, s.* the act of separating or drawing  
*Abduc'tor, s.* any muscle that contracts  
*Abeceda'rian, s.* a teacher of the alphabet  
*Abece'dary, a.* belonging to the alphabet  
*Abe'd, ad.* in bed, on the bed  
*A'bele-tree, s.* a kind of white poplar  
*Aber'rance, s.* a deviation from the right way  
*Aber'rant, a.* wandering from the right way  
*Aberra'tion, s.* the act of deviating  
*Abe't, v. a.* to aid, to encourage, to set on  
*Abet'ment, s.* act of abetting, or encouraging  
*Abet'tor, s.* he that abets; an accomplice  
*Abe'yance, s.* in law, goods in reversion, but not in possession  
*Abgrega'tion, s.* separation from the flock  
*Abho'r, v. a.* to detest, to loathe, to abominated  
*Ahor'rence, s.* aversion, great hatred  
*Ahor'rent, a.* struck with abhorrence, odious; contrary to; inconsistent with  
*Abi'de, v. n.* to dwell in a place; to attend; to support; to persevere in any thing  
*Ab'ject, a.* mean, base, vile, contemptible  
*Abjec'tedness, Abjec'tion, Ab'jectness, s.* meanness of mind, servility, baseness  
*Ab'jectly, ad.* in an abject manner, meanly  
*Abili'ty, s.* power; skill, capacity, qualification  
*Abintest'ate, s.* the heir of an intestate person  
*Ab'jugate, v. a.* to set free, to unyoke  
*Abjur'a'tion, s.* the act of abjuring; a renouncing on oath  
*Abju're, v. a.* to retract, or recant solemnly to renounce an opinion; forsake the realm  
*Ablac'tate, v. a.* to wear from the breast  
*Ablafta'tion, s.* weaning; a method of grafting  
*Ablaques'a'tion, s.* the opening of the ground round the roots of trees, to admit air or water  
*Abla'tion, s.* the act of taking away

B

**A'b'lative**, *a.* that which takes away; the last of the six cases of the Latin nouns  
**A'ble**, *a.* capable to perform; skilful  
**Able-bod'ied**, *a.* strong of body, powerful  
**Able'gate**, *v. a.* to send abroad on some public business or employment; to send away  
**A'b'leness**, *s.* strength of mind or body  
**Able'psy**, *s.* want of sight; unadvisedness  
**Abl'igate**, *v. a.* to bind or tie up from  
**Abl'ocate**, *v. a.* to let out to hire  
**Abl'uent**, *a.* having the power of cleansing  
**Ablu'tion**, *s.* act of cleansing; the cup given without consecration in the Romish church; a religious purification  
**Ab'negate**, *v. a.* to deny, to renounce, reject  
**Abnega'tion**, *s.* denial; renunciation  
**Abnor'mous**, *a.* misshapen; vast, huge  
**Abo'ard**, *ad.* in, or on board a ship  
**Abo'de**, *s.* an habitation, a dwelling place  
**Abo'de**, *v. a.* to foretel, to prognosticate  
**Abo'dement**, *s.* a secret anticipation; omen  
**Abol'ish**, *v. a.* to repeal, to make void  
**Abol'ishable**, *a.* that which may be abolished  
**Aboli'tion**, *s.* the act of abolishing  
**Abom'inable**, *a.* detestable, hateful; unclean  
**Abom'inableness**, *s.* hatefulness, odiousness  
**Abom'inably**, *ad.* extremely; excessively, exceedingly: in the ill sense  
**Abom'inate**, *v. a.* to abhor, to detest, to hate  
**Abomina'tion**, *s.* detestation, hatred; pollution, or defilement  
**Abori'gines**, *s.* the primitive or original inhabitants of a country  
**Abor'tion**, *s.* a miscarriage; untimely birth  
**Abortive**, *a.* untimely; premature  
**Abo've**, *prep.* higher in place; more in quantity---*ad.* the regions of heaven  
**Above'board**, *ad.* without any trick, fairly  
**Abou'nd**, *v. n.* to have in great plenty  
**Abo'ut**, *prep.* round; encircling, near to; engaged in, relating to---*ad.* every way  
**Abra'cadab'ra**, *s.* a superstitious charm  
**Abra'de**, *v. a.* to waste by degrees; to rub off  
**Abra'sion**, *s.* the act of rubbing off  
**Abro'ast**, *ad.* close together, side by side  
**Abrid'ge**, *v. a.* to contract, to shorten; to express the same sense in fewer words  
**Abridg'ment**, *s.* a summary; any larger work contracted into a smaller compass  
**Abro'ach**, *ad.* being tapped; in a situation ready to yield the liquor contained  
**Abro'ad**, *ad.* without doors; in foreign countries; widely scattered  
**Ab'rogat**, *v. a.* to disannul, to abolish  
**Abrogat'ion**, *s.* the act of disannulling  
**Abru'pt**, *a.* sudden; rough; unpolished  
**Abru'ptly**, *ad.* unseasonably; suddenly  
**Abru'ptness**, *s.* an abrupt manner; suddenness  
**Abscess**, *s.* a tumour containing matter  
**Absci'nd**, *v. a.* to cut off

**Absci'sa**, *s.* that part of the diameter of a conic section, which is intercepted between the vertex and a semi-ordinate  
**Absci'sion**, *s.* the act of cutting or lopping off  
**Absco'nd**, *v. n.* to hide one's self  
**Absco'nder**, *s.* the person who absconds  
**Ab'sence**, *s.* being absent; inattention  
**Ab'sent**, *a.* not present; inattentive  
**Abse'nt**, *v. n.* to keep away, to withdraw  
**Absente'e**, *s.* one who is absent from his employment, station, or country  
**Absin'tiated**, *part.* impregnated with bitter  
**Absi'st**, *v. n.* to cease or leave off  
**Absol'vē**, *v. a.* to set free; to acquit; to pardon  
**Absolute**, *a.* complete; not relative; arbitrary; without any restriction  
**Absolu'tely**, *ad.* peremptorily, positively  
**Absolu'tion**, *s.* acquittal; the remission of sins, or penance, by a priest  
**Absolu'tory**, *a.* that which absolves or acquits  
**Abson'ant**, *a.* contrary to reason; absurd  
**Ab'sonate**, *v. a.* to shun, to avoid; to detest  
**Absor'bt**, *v. a.* to suck up, to swallow up  
**Absorb'ent**, *s.* a medicine that draws away superfluous moisture in the body  
**Absor'pt**, *part.* swallowed up  
**Absor'ption**, *s.* the act of swallowing up  
**Absta'in**, *v. n.* to forbear, to refrain from  
**Abste'mious**, *a.* temperate, abstinent, sober  
**Abste'miously**, *ad.* temperately, soberly  
**Abste'miousness**, *s.* sobriety, temperance  
**Absten'tion**, *s.* the act of holding off  
**Abste'rgē**, *v. a.* to cleanse; to wipe off  
**Abster'gent**, *a.* having a cleansing quality  
**Abster'sion**, *s.* the act of cleansing  
**Abster'sive**, *a.* that has the quality of cleansing  
**Ab'stinence**, *s.* a refraining from; temperance  
**Abstra'ct**, *v. a.* to separate ideas, to abridge  
**Ab'stract**, *s.* an abridgment, an epitome  
**Abstract'ed**, *part.* separated; refined, abstruse  
**Abstract'edly**, *ad.* simply; separately  
**Abstrac'tion**, *s.* the act of abstracting, &c.  
**Abstrac'tive**, *a.* having the quality to abstract  
**Abstrac'tly**, *ad.* absolutely; simply  
**Abstu'ce**, *a.* hidden, obscure, difficult  
**Abstu'sely**, *ad.* obscurely, not obviously  
**Abstu'seness**, *s.* difficulty; obscurity  
**Absu'me**, *v. a.* to waste gradually  
**Absu'rd**, *a.* unreasonable; inconsistent  
**Absurd'ity**, *s.* not agreeable to reason; folly  
**Absurd'ly**, *ad.* improperly, foolishly  
**Abun'dance**, *s.* great plenty, exuberance  
**Abun'dant**, *a.* plentiful; exuberant  
**Abun'dantly**, *ad.* in plenty; amply; liberally  
**Abu'se**, *v. a.* to revile; to impose on; ill use  
**Abu'se**, *s.* corrupt practice; unjust censure  
**Abu'ser**, *s.* he that uses ill, or reproaches  
**Abu'sive**, *a.* offensive, injurious, ~~peccifil~~  
**Abu'sively**, *ad.* rudely; reproachfully  
**Abu't**, *v. n.* to bound or border upon; to meet

Abut'tal, Abut'ment, *s.* that which joins to, or borders upon another object

Aby'sm, Aby'ss, *s.* a fathomless gulf or pit; hell

Academ'ical, *a.* belonging to an academy

Academ'ian, Academ'ic, Academ'ian, Academ'ist, *s.* a student at an academy

Academ'y, *s.* a school where the arts and sciences are taught; an university

Acanth'us, *s.* the herb bear's foot

Acatalec'tic, *s.* a verse exactly perfect, having the complete number of syllables

Acataleptic, *a.* incomprehensible

Acce'de, *v. n.* to comply with or subscribe to a treaty; to agree to

Accel'erate, *v. a.* to quicken, to hasten

Accel'ered, *part.* quickened, hastened

Accel'eration, *s.* a quickening, hastening

Acc'eнд, *v. a.* to kindle, to set on fire

Accen'sion, *s.* the state of being kindled

Accen't, *s.* manner of pronunciation; a mark to direct the modulation of the voice

Accen't, *v. a.* to note the accent or mark

Accent'uate, *v. a.* to place an accent properly

Accentua'tion, *s.* due placing of the accent

Acc'ept, *v. a.* to receive, to take, to admit

Ac'eptable, *a.* agreeable, seasonable

Ac'eptably, *ad.* in an acceptable manner

Accept'ance, *s.* reception with approbation

Accepta'tion, *s.* reception, either agreeably or not; the received meaning of a word

Accept'er, *s.* the person who accepts

Acceptila'tion, *s.* remission of a debt by an acquittance from a creditor

Acc'e'ss, *s.* admission to a place or person

Acc'essary, *s.* an abettor; an accomplice

Acces'sible, *a.* that which may be approached

Acces'sion, *s.* addition; arriving at

Ac'cessory, *a.* additional; superadded---*s.* an accomplice, not a principal

Ac'e'dence, *s.* a little book containing the first rudiments of grammar

Ac'cident, *s.* property or quality of a word or being, separable from it, at least in thought; casualty; unforeseen event

Accident'al, *a.* casual, fortuitous

Accident'ally, *ad.* casually, fortuitously

Accip'ient, *s.* a receiver---*a.* receiving

Acci'te, *v. a.* to call for or upon; to summon

Accla'm, Accla'ma'tion, *s.* a shout of applause; praise; exultation

Acclivity, *s.* the ascent of a hill

Acclo'y, *v. a.* to cloy, to satiate, to surfeit

Acco'il, *v. n.* to crowd; to bustle about

Accom'modable, *a.* that which may be fitted

Accom'modate, *v. a.* to supply; to reconcile

Accommoda'tion, *s.* composition of a disagreement; provision of conveniences

Accom'panied, *part.* attended by

Accom'paniment, *s.* something added to another; harmonious union of parts

Accom'pany, *v. a.* to join; to associate with

Accom'plice, *s.* a partner; an associate

Accom'plish, *v. a.* to complete; to obtain; to adorn the body, or improve the mind

Accom'plished, *part. a.* completed; elegant

Accom'plishment, *s.* completion; full performance; elegance; ornament of mind

Acco'mpt, *s.* an account, a reckoning

Accompt'ant, *s.* a calculator, a computer

Acco'rd, *v. a.* to adjust; unite; agree with

Acco'rd, *s.* a compact; harmony; union

Accord'a'nce, *s.* agreement; conformity

Accord'ant, *a.* willing; consenting

Accord'ing, *prep.* agreeably to; in proportion

Accord'ingly, *ad.* agreeably; conformably

Acco'st, *v. c.* to address, to salute

Accost'able, *a.* easy of access; familiar

Acco'unt, *v. a.* to compute; to esteem; to answer for, to assign to; to give an account

Acco'unt, *s.* a computation; examination; narration; dignity, rank; estimation

Accou'ntable, *a.* subject to an account

Accou'ted, *part.* valued; reckoned, esteemed

Accou'ple, *v. a.* to join or link together

Accou'tre, *v. a.* to attire, to dress, to furnish

Accou'trement, *s.* equipage, trappings

Accre'tion, *s.* the act of growing to another

Accre'tive, *a.* that which by growth is added

Accru'e, *v. n.* to arise by profit; to be added to

Accuba'tion, *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals

Accu'mulate, *v. a.* to pile up, to heap together

Accumula'tion, *s.* an heaping up; a heap

Accu'mulative, *a.* that which increases

Accu'mulator, *s.* a gatherer or heaper together

Ac'curacy, *s.* exactness, nicety, without error

Ac'curate, *a.* very exact; done with care

Ac'curately, *ad.* without error; nicely

Ac'curateness, *s.* exactness, nicety, correctness

Accur'se, *v. a.* to doom to destruction

Accur'sed, *part. a.* that which is doomed to misery; execrable, hateful, detestable

Accu'sable, *a.* that may be censured; culpable

Accusa'tion, *s.* charge, impeachment

Accu'sative, *a.* the fourth case of a Latin noun

Accu'se, *v. a.* to charge with a crime; to blame, to censure, to impeach

Accu'ser, *s.* one who prefers a complaint against another; a censor

Accus'tom, *v. a.* to use one's self to, to enure

Accus'tomable, *a.* habitual, customary

Accus'tomably, Accus'tomarily, *ad.* usually, customarily, long practised

Accu'tomary, *a.* common, usually done

Accus'tomed, *part. a.* frequent, usual

Acc'e, *s.* an unit on cards or dice; a trifle

Accep'talous, *a.* without a head

Ac'e'rb, *a.* acid, rough, bitter; severe

Acerb'ate, *v. a.* to make bitter or sour

Acerb'ity, *s.* a sour taste; severity of temper

**Acer'vate, v. a.** to heap together  
**Acerva'tion, s.** the act of heaping together  
**Aces'cent, a.** tending to sourness, or acidity  
**Acet'ose, Ace'tous, a.** having a sour quality  
**Ache, s.** a continued pain  
**Ache, v. n.** to be in continued pain  
**Achie've, v. a.** to perform; to obtain  
**Achie'vement, s.** a deed, a performance; the escutcheons, or ensigns armorial  
**Achie'ver, s.** he who performs his intentions  
**A'chor, s.** a species of the herpes  
**A'cid, a.** sour, sharp; biting  
**Acid'ity, A'cidness, s.** sharpness, sourness  
**Acid'ulæ, s.** medicinal springs impregnated with certain sharp particles  
**Acid'ulate, v. a.** to make sour in a degree  
**Ackno'wledge, v. a.** to confess; to be grateful  
**Ackno'wledging, a.** grateful  
**Ackno'wledgment, s.** concession; gratitude  
**Ac'me, s.** the height or crisis of any thing  
**Acol'othist, s.** a servitor in the Romish church  
**Ac'onite, s.** wolf's bane; poison in general  
**A'corn, s.** the seed or fruit of the oak  
**Acous'tics, s.** the theory of sounds; medicines or instruments used to assist the hearing  
**Acqua'int, v. a.** to inform; to make known  
**Acqua'intance, s.** familiarity; fellowship; a person with whom we associate  
**Acqua'inted, a.** familiar; well known to  
**Acque'st, or Acqui'st, s.** a thing gained  
**Acque'sce, v. n.** to yield, submit, comply  
**Acquies'cence, s.** compliance; rest; consent  
**Acqui'rable, a.** that may be had, or attained  
**Acqui're, v. a.** to gain by industry, &c.  
**Acqui'rement, s.** that which is gained  
**Acquisi'tion, s.** the act of gaining; the advantage gained; acquirement  
**Acquisi'tive, a.** that which is acquired  
**Acqui't, v. a.** to discharge; set free; absolve  
**Acquit'ment, s.** the act of acquitting  
**Acquit'tu, s.** deliverance from an offence  
**Acquit'tance, s.** a release; a discharge in writing for a debt  
**A'cre, s.** a portion of land containing 40 perches in length and four in breadth, or 4840 square yards  
**Ac'rid, a.** having a hot biting taste; bitter  
**Acrimo'nius, a.** sharp; corrosive  
**Ac'rimony, s.** sharpness; corrosiveness; severity of temper or language  
**Ac'ritude, Ac'rity, s.** an acrid taste; a biting heat on the palate  
**Acroamat'ical, a.** pertaining to deep learning  
**Acron'yal, a.** a term of astronomy applied to stars when they appear above or sink below the horizon at the time of sun-set  
**Acro'ss, ad.** athwart, laid over any thing  
**Acros'tic, s.** a poem in which the first letter of every line makes up the name of the person on whom the poem is written  
**Act, v. n.** to do, to perform--v. a. to imitate  
**Act, s.** a deed, an exploit; a part in a play  
**Action, s.** opposite to rest; gesture in speaking; a deed; a battle; a law suit  
**Actionable, a.** that which is punishable by law  
**Actionary, s.** a holder of public stock  
**Act'ive, a.** nimble, agile, quick, busy  
**Act'ively, ad.** nimbly, briskly, quickly  
**Act'iveness, Activity, s.** nimbleness  
**Act'or, s.** one that performs; a stage player  
**Act'ress, s.** a female stage player  
**Act'ual, a.** real; certain; not speculative  
**Act'ually, ad.** in act, in effect, really  
**Act'ualleness, s.** the quality of being actual  
**Act'uary, s.** a register, or clerk of a court  
**Act'uate, v. a.** to put into action; to move  
**Act'uate, a.** Act'uated, part. put into action  
**Act'uate, v. a.** to make sharp; to point  
**Act'leate, a.** having a sting or sharp point  
**Act'men, s.** a sharp point; quickness or sharpness of intellect  
**Act'minated, part.** ending in a sharp point  
**Act'ite, a.** sharp, keen, subtle, ingenious  
**Act'u'e, s.** an accent marked thus (') to shew when the voice ought to be raised  
**Act'u'ely, ad.** sharply, keenly, ingeniously  
**Act'leness, s.** sharpness, subtleness  
**Adac'ted, part. a.** driven by force  
**Ad'age, s.** a maxim; a common saying  
**Ada'gio, s.** in music, a term for slow time  
**Ad'a'mant, s.** a diamond; a lodestone  
**Adamante'an, a.** very hard, impenetrable  
**Adamant'ine, a.** made of adamant; hard  
**Ada'pt, v. a.** to fit, to suit, to proportion  
**Adap'tion, Adap'tion, s.** the act of fitting  
**Add, v. a.** to join to, increase, number up  
**Add'e'climate, v. a.** to take or value tithes  
**Add'e'm, v. a.** to esteem; account, reckon  
**Ad'der, s.** a poisonous serpent; a viper  
**Adder's-grass, s.** the name of a plant  
**Adder's-tongue, s.** the name of an herb  
**Ad'dible, a.** that which may be added  
**Ad'dice, Adze, s.** a cooper's tool; an axe  
**Addi'ct, v. a.** to devote, to dedicate  
**Addi'cted, part. a.** devoted to, fond of  
**Addi'tament, s.** the thing added, addition  
**Addi'tion, s.** an adding to; a rule for adding sums together; in law, the residence, occupation, or rank of any person  
**Addi'tional, a.** that which is added  
**Ad'dle, a.** barren, empty; usually applied to such eggs as are rotten--s. dry lees  
**Ad'dle-pated, a.** empty-headed; weak  
**Addre'ss, v. a.** to speak or apply to; to direct to; to prepare one's self for any action  
**Addre'ss, s.** a petition; direction; skill; dexterity; mode of behaviour  
**Addu'ce, v. a.** to bring in; allege; assign  
**Addu'cent, s.** any muscle that contracts  
**Addu'ice, v. a.** to sweeten; to make pleasant

Ademp'tion, *s.* revocation, privation  
 Adenog'raphy, *s.* a treatise of the glands  
 Ad'ept, *s.* an artist; one well versed in an art  
 Ad'equate, *a.* proportionate, equal to  
 Adequately, *ad.* in exact proportion, duly  
 Adequateness, *s.* equality; exact proportion  
 Adfect'ed, *a.* compounded, or affected  
 Adhe're, *v. n.* to stick close to; to take part with, to remain fixed to any opinion, &c.  
 Adhe'rence, *s.* attachment; tenacity  
 Adhe'rent, *a.* united with; sticking to  
 Adhe'rent, Adhe'rer, *s.* a follower; partisan  
 Adhe'sion, *s.* the act of sticking to something  
 Adhe'sive, *a.* sticking; tenacious  
 Adhib'it, *v. a.* to apply to; to make use of  
 Adhib'i'tion, *s.* application; use  
 Adja'cence, *s.* state of being near or close to  
 Adja'cent, *a.* lying close to, bordering upon  
 Adiaph'orous, *a.* neutral, indifferent  
 Adiaph'ory, *s.* neutrality, indifference  
 Ade'ct, *v. a.* to add to, to put to  
 Adjection, *s.* the act of adjecting or adding  
 Adjecti'ous, *a.* thrown in, added  
 Adjective, *a.* a word added to a noun to denote its quality, as *good, bad, &c.*  
 Adieu', *ad.* farewell  
 Adjo'in, *v. a.* to join to, to unite or put to  
 Adjoin'ing, *part.* being close to, near to  
 Adjou'rn, *v. a.* to put off, to defer  
 Adjourn'ment, *s.* putting off to another day  
 Ad'i'pose, Ad'i'pos, *a.* fat, greasy  
 A'dit, *a.* a passage under ground for miners  
 Adju'dge, *v. a.* to decree, to pass sentence  
 Adju'dicate, *v. a.* to determine by law  
 Adju'gat, *v. a.* to yoke or couple to  
 Adju'unct, *s.* something adherent to another  
 Adjunc'tion, *s.* act of joining; thing joined  
 Adjura'tion, *s.* a solemn proposing of an oath to another; the oath proposed  
 Adju're, *v. a.* to tender or impose an oath to be taken by another, prescribing the form  
 Adju'st, *v. a.* to regulate; put in order; settle  
 Adjust'ing, Adjust'ment, *s.* the act of regulating, or putting in method  
 Adju'tant, *s.* a military officer, whose duty is to assist the major, by distributing pay, and superintending punishments  
 Adju'te, *v. a.* to assist, to aid, to concur  
 Adju'tor, *s.* an helper, an assistant  
 Adju'vate, *v. a.* to help, to forward  
 Adme'surement, *s.* the act of measuring  
 Adminis'ter, *v. a.* to act as an agent; to supply  
 Administra'tion, *s.* act of administering  
 Administra'tor, *s.* one who manages the affairs of a person dying without a will  
 Administra'trix, *s.* a woman who administers  
 Admirable, *a.* to be admired; good, rare  
 Admirably, *ad.* wonderfully, excellently  
 Admir'al, *s.* the chief commander of a fleet  
 Admiral'ship, *s.* the office of an admiral

Ad'miralty, *s.* the supreme office for the superintendence of naval affairs  
 Admir'a'tion, *s.* act of admiring; wonder  
 Admi're, *v.* to be surprised at; to esteem  
 Admi'rer, *s.* one that admires; a lover  
 Admis'sible, *a.* that which may be admitted  
 Admis'sion, *s.* the act of admitting; the allowing of a position not fully proved  
 Admit', *v. a.* to grant entrance; to allow an argument, or position; to grant in general  
 Admit'table, *a.* that which may be admitted  
 Admit'tance, *s.* the act of admitting; custom  
 Admix', *v. a.* to mingle, to mix with  
 Admix'tion, *s.* the uniting or blending one body with another  
 Admix'ture, *s.* the substance of bodies mixed  
 Admon'ish, *v. a.* to reprove, caution, advise  
 Admon'isher, *s.* an adviser, a reprobate  
 Admon'i'tion, *s.* advice, counsel, reproof  
 Admon'itory, *a.* admonishing, warningly  
 Ado', *s.* trouble, confusion, bustle, tumult  
 Adole'scence, *s.* the flower or prime of youth  
 Ado'pt, *v. a.* to take a son or daughter by choice, who was not so by birth; to embrace any particular method or manner  
 Adop'tion, *s.* the act or state of adopting  
 Ado'vable, *a.* worthy of adoration; divine  
 Adora'tion, *s.* divine worship; homage  
 Ado're, *v. a.* to worship; to honour highly  
 Ado'rn, *v. a.* to dress, decorate, embellish  
 Adorn'ment, *s.* ornament, embellishment  
 Ado'wn, *prep.* down; towards the ground  
 Adrif't, *ad.* floating at random  
 Adro'it, *a.* active, skilful, dexterous  
 Adroit'ly, *ad.* dexterously, nimbly, skilfully  
 Adroit'ness, *s.* dexterity, skill, activity  
 Adry', *a.* thirsty, desirous of drink; athirst  
 Adsciti'ous, *a.* borrowed, added  
 Adstric'tion, *s.* the act of binding together  
 Adva'nce, *v. a.* to bring forward; to aggrandise; to improve; to grace; to propose  
 Adva'nce, *s.* a progression; an improvement  
 Advan'ced, *part.* forwarded; asserted  
 Advance'ment, *s.* preferment; progression  
 Advant'age, *s.* superiority; convenience; gain; benefit; favourable circumstance  
 Advant'age, *v. a.* to improve; to promote  
 Advanta'geous, *a.* convenient; profitable  
 Advanta'geously, *ad.* conveniently; profitably; opportunely  
 Advanta'geousness, *s.* usefulness, convenience  
 Adv'e'ne, *v. n.* to be superadded to  
 Adv'e'nt, *a.* superadded, adventing  
 Ad'vent, *s.* a coming; the time appointed as a preparation for the celebration of Christ's nativity, being 4 weeks before Christmas  
 Advent'ine, Advent'i'tious, Advent'i've, *a.* accidental, casual; additional, supervenient  
 Advent'ure, *v. n.* to try the chance; to dare  
 Advent'ure, *s.* an accident; an enterprise

**Advent'urer**, *s.* an unsettled person; one who hazards or risks any chance  
**Advent'uresome**, *a.* hazardous, daring  
**Advent'urous**, *a.* one who is daring, or courageous; full of hazard, dangerous  
**Advent'uously**, *ad.* boldly, hazardously  
**Ad'verb**, *s.* in grammar, a word joined to a verb or adjective, to denote the manner, time, &c. of an action  
**Ad'verbial**, *a.* that which relates to adverbs  
**Adverb'ially**, *ad.* in the manner of an adverb  
**Advers'able**, *a.* contrary to: not in use  
**Advers'a/ria**, *s.* a common-place book  
**Ad'versary**, *s.* an antagonist, enemy, foe  
**Ad'verse**, *a.* contrary; calamitous  
**Ad'versely**, *ad.* oppositely; unfortunately  
**Ad'ver'sity**, *s.* misery, distress, affliction  
**Ad'vert**, *v. n.* to attend to, to heed, to regard  
**Advert'ence**, *Advert'ency*, *s.* attention to  
**Advert'ise**, *v. a.* to inform, to give public notice  
**Advert'isement**, *s.* intelligence, information; admonition; notice in a public paper  
**Advert'iser**, *s.* one who gives information  
**Advert'ising**, *part.* giving notice  
**Ad'ver'sperate**, *v. n.* to draw towards evening  
**Advice**, *s.* counsel; instruction, intelligence  
**Advi'sable**, *a.* prudent, proper, fit  
**Advi'sableness**, *s.* fitness; propriety  
**Advi'se**, *v. to counsel*, to consult, to inform  
**Advi'sedly**, *ad.* deliberately; prudently  
**Advi'ser**, *s.* one who advises; a counsellor  
**Adula'tion**, *s.* high compliment, flattery  
**Ad'u/lator**, *s.* a parasite, a flatterer  
**Ad'u/latory**, *a.* flattering, fawning, parasitical  
**Ad'u/l'ty**, *s.* a person arrived at maturity  
**Adult'rate**, *a.* Adult'rated, *part.* corrupted with some baser ingredients; debased  
**Adultera'tion**, *s.* act of corrupting or debasing; state of being contaminated  
**Adult'erer**, *s.* the person guilty of adultery  
**Adult'eress**, *s.* a woman guilty of adultery  
**Adult'erous**, *a.* guilty of adultery  
**Adult'ery**, *s.* violating the marriage bed  
**Adum'brate**, *v. a.* to shadow out faintly  
**Adum'bration**, *s.* a faint sketch; giving a slight and imperfect representation  
**Aduna'tion**, *s.* an union; being joined  
**Adun'city**, *s.* crookedness, a bend inwards  
**Ad'vecote**, *s.* a pleader; an intercessor; one who defends the cause of another  
**Advoca'tion**, *s.* the act of pleading; plea; apology; excuse; defence  
**Advow'se**, *s.* he that possesses the right of advowson, or presentation  
**Advow'son**, *s.* a right to present to a benefice  
**Advow'son appendant**, *s.* a right of presentation to a church, depending on a manor as an appurtenance thereto  
**Advow'son in gross**, *s.* an absolute right of presentation not belonging to a manor

**Adu're**, *v. a.* to burn up, to parch  
**Adu'st**, *Adu'sted*, *a.* burnt up, scorched  
**Adust'ible**, *a.* that which may be burnt up  
**Adust'ion**, *s.* act of burning, or drying  
**Ae'rial**, *a.* belonging to the air; high; lofty  
**A'erie**, *s.* a nest of eagles, or birds of prey  
**Aerol'ogy**, *s.* the theory of the air  
**A'ermancy**, *s.* the art of divining by the air  
**Aerom'etry**, *s.* the art of measuring the air  
**A'eronaut**, *s.* one who sails thro', &c.  
**Aeros'copy**, *s.* the observation of the air  
**Aerostat'ic**, *a.* belonging to aerostation  
**Aerosta'tion**, *s.* traversing the air in balloons  
**Afa're**, *ad.* remotely, from a great distance  
**Afe'ard**, *a.* afraid, terrified, daunted  
**Affabili'ty**, *s.* courteousness; condescension  
**Aff'a/ble**, *a.* easy of manners, benign, mild  
**Aff'a/bleness**, *s.* civility; condescension  
**Aff'a/bly**, *ad.* courteously, kindly, civilly  
**Affa'ir**, *s.* business, concern, transaction  
**Affe'ct**, *s.* affection; sensation; quality  
**Affe'ct**, *v. a.* to influence the passions; to make a shew of something  
**Affec'tion**, *s.* an artificial appearance  
**Affec'ted**, *part. a.* moved, afflicted; conceited  
**Affec'tedly**, *ad.* conceitedly, hypocritically  
**Affec'tedness**, *s.* silly pride, conceit  
**Affec'ting**, *part.* moving; imitating  
**Affec'tion**, *s.* love, kindness, zeal; habit  
**Affec'tionate**, *a.* warm, tender, benevolent  
**Affec'tionately**, *ad.* tenderly, benevolently  
**Affec'tive**, *a.* that which affects; moving  
**Aff'i/ance**, *s.* a contract; reliance, hope, confidence, generally in a religious sense  
**Aff'i/ance**, *v. a.* to betroth, to bind by promise  
**Affid'a/vit**, *s.* a deposition on oath  
**Affi'ed**, *part. a.* joined by contract  
**Affilia'tion**, *s.* the adoption of a son  
**Affinage**, *s.* the act of refining metals  
**Affi'ned**, *a.* related to another  
**Affi'nity**, *s.* relation by marriage opposed to consanguinity; resemblance to  
**Affi'rm**, *v. a.* to declare, to tell confidently  
**Affirm'able**, *a.* that may be affirmed; true  
**Affir'ma/tion**, *s.* confirmation, declaration  
**Affir'ma/tive**, *a.* that affirms or declares  
**Affir'ma/tively**, *ad.* positively, absolutely  
**Affix'**, *v. a.* to unite, to subjoin, to fasten  
**Affla'tion**, *s.* the act of breathing upon  
**Affi'ct**, *v. a.* to grieve, trouble, torment  
**Affic'tion**, *s.* sorrow, calamity, misery  
**Afflic'tive**, *a.* painful, tormenting  
**Afflu'ence**, *s.* riches, plenty, abundance  
**Afflu'ent**, *a.* wealthy, abundant, exuberant  
**Afflu'x**, *Afflux'ion*, *s.* the act of flowing; that which flows from one place to another  
**Affo'rd**, *v. a.* to yield, or produce; to grant; to be able to bear certain expenses  
**Affra'nc'hise**, *v. a.* to make free  
**Affra'y**, *v. a.* to strike with fear, to terrify

Affra'y, *s.* a quarrel, disturbance, tumult

Affright, *v. a.* to alarm, confuse, terrify

Affright, Affright'ment, *s.* terror, fear

Affro'nt, *s.* outrage, insult, disgrace

Affro'nt, *v. a.* to insult, to provoke, to offend

Affront'ive, *a.* injurious, abusive

Affu'se, *v. a.* to pour one thing on another

Affusion, *s.* the act of affusing

Affy, *v. a.* to betroth, to trust in, to confide

Afield, *ad.* to or in the field, out of doors

Aflo'at, *ad.* borne up by the water ; moving

Afoot', *ad.* on foot ; in action, in motion

Afo're, *prep.* before, sooner in time

Aforehand, *ad.* previously prepared, or fitted

Afo'resaid, *a.* said before, named before

Afra'id, *part. a.* struck with fear, terrified

Afre'sh, *ad.* anew, over again, once more

After, *prep.* behind---*ad.* following another ; in pursuit of ; in imitation of ; in succeeding time

Aftermath, *s.* the second crop of grass

Afternoo'n, *s.* time from noon to evening

Afterpains, *s.* pains after child-birth

Afterthought, *s.* reflections formed after the act ; expedients formed too late

Afterwards, *ad.* in succeeding time

A'ga, *s.* a Turkish military officer of rank

Aga'in, *ad.* a second time, once more; moreover ; in return ; on the other hand

Aga'inst, *prep.* in contradiction to ; in opposition to ; to the hurt of another

Aga'pe, *ad.* staring eagerly, or with surprise

Aga'st, or Agha'st, *a.* struck with terror, frightened ; staring with amazement

Ag'ate, *s.* the lowest sort of preciousstone

Ag'aty, *a.* partaking of the nature of agate

Age, *s.* any period of time ; generation of men ; an hundred years ; maturity ; decline of life

A'ged, *a.* advanced in years, old, ancient

Agency, *s.* action; managing another's affairs

A'gent, *s.* a deputy, a substitute, a factor

Aggela'tion, *s.* concretion of ice

Aggenera'tion, *s.* a growing to another body

Agglom'erate, *v. a.* to gather up in a ball

Agglu'tinate, *v. n.* to unite together

Agglutina'tion, *s.* union, cohesion.

Ag'randize, *v. a.* to enlarge, to exalt, to advance in power, honour, or rank

Aggrand'izement, *s.* being exalted or preferred

Ag'gravate, *v. a.* to make worse ; to provoke

Aggra'veation, *s.* a provocation ; exciting to anger ; the act of aggravating

Ag'gregate, *a.* framed by the collection of sundry parts into one body or mass

Ag'gregate, *s.* the collected sum of various quantities ; the sum total of an account

Aggregate, *v. a.* to add or heap together

Aggregation, *s.* the state of being collected

Ag'gress, *v. a.* to assault or injure first

Aggression, *s.* the commencing a quarrel

Aggress'or, *s.* one who first assaults another

Aggrive'rance, *s.* hardship, injury, wrong

Aggrive've, *v. a.* to vex, to injure, to harass

Aggrived, *part.* afflicted, injured

Aggro'up, *v. a.* to bring into one view

A'gile, *a.* nimble, ready, active, light

A'gileness, *s.* quickness, activity, nimbleness

Agility, *s.* activity, speed, readiness

Agi'st, *v. a.* to let cattle feed in pasture grounds at so much per week

A'gitate, *v. a.* to shake; revolve in the mind

Agita'tion, *s.* the act of shaking any thing ; violent motion ; perturbation of the mind ; controversial examination

A'gitative, *a.* having the power to agitate

Agnation, *s.* descent from the same father

Agni'tion, *s.* an acknowledgment

Agni'ze, *v. a.* to confess ; to acknowledge

Ago', *ad.* in time past ; as, long ago

Ago'g, *ad.* in a state of longing : a low word

Ago'ing, *part. a.* in action, moving

Agonist'es, *s.* a prize fighter, a gladiator

Ag'onize, *v. n.* to be in extreme pain

Agony, *s.* pangs of death ; anguish

Agra'rian, *a.* relating to fields or grounds

Agre'e, *v.* to accord, to concur, to settle

Agree'able, *a.* pleasing ; conformable to

Agree'ableness, *s.* the quality of pleasing

Agree'ably, *ad.* pleasingly ; consistently

Agre'ed, *part. a.* settled by mutual consent

Agree'ment, *s.* concord ; compact ; bargain

Agriculture, *s.* tillage, husbandry

Agricult'urist, *s.* a husbandman, a farmer

Ag'rimony, *s.* a name for the plant liverwort

Agro'und, *ad.* run ashore ; stranded

A'gue, *s.* an intermitting fever, with cold fits

Ah, *interj.* denoting contempt, or pity

Aha, *interj.* a word intimating triumph and contempt

Ahe'a'd, *ad.* furthest on ; precipitantly

Aid, *v. a.* to succour, to assist, to relieve

Aid, Aid'ance, *s.* help, support, assistance

A'idant, A'iding, *a.* helping, assisting

Aid-de-ca'mp, *s.* a military officer attendant on a general, to convey orders, &c.

A'idle'ss, *a.* friendless, unsupported

Ail, *v.* to be in pain, or suffer sickness

Ailing, *part. a.* disordered, unhealthy

Ail'ment, *s.* pain, disease, affliction

Aim, *v.* to direct towards a mark, to guess

Aim, *s.* direction, endeavour, design

Air, *s.* the element in which we breathe ; a tune or melody ; the mien of a person

Air, *v. a.* to expose to the air ; to warm

Air-balloo'n, *s.* see Balloon

A'irily, *ad.* gaily, briskly, merrily

A'iriness, *s.* gaiety ; exposure to the air

A'iring, *s.* a jaunt or short excursion to enjoy the air

**A'irless**, *a.* wanting air, close  
**A'ir-pump**, *s.* a machine by which the air is drawn out of certain vessels  
**A'iry**, *a.* belonging to the air; gay, sprightly  
**Aisle**, *Aile*, *s.* a walk in a church  
**Ait**, *s.* a small island in a river  
**Aki'n**, *a.* related to; resembling; alike  
**A'laster**, *s.* a species of soft white marble  
**Alacrity**, *s.* willingness, readiness, briskness  
**A-la-mo'de**, *ad.* according to the fashion  
**Ala'rm**, *v. a.* to call to arms; to surprise  
**Ala'rm**, *s.* a notice of danger; sudden terror  
**Alarm'ing**, *part.* frightful; giving alarm  
**Ala'rmist**, *s.* the spot to which each regiment is to repair in case of alarm  
**Ala'rum**, *s.* a clock; an alarm bell  
**Ala's**, *Ala'ck*, *interj.* denoting pity or grief  
**Alb**, *s.* a Romish priest's surplice  
**Albeit**, *ad.* although, notwithstanding  
**Al'bion**, *s.* the ancient name of Britain  
**Alca'fid**, *s.* the name of a civil officer in Spain  
**Alchymical**, *a.* relating to alchymy  
**Al'chymist**, *s.* a professor of alchymy  
**Al'chymy**, *s.* occult chemistry; a metal  
**Al'cohol**, *s.* the substance of any body reduced into a fine impalpable powder; a pure rectified spirit  
**A'coran**, *s.* the book which contains the precepts of the Turkish religion, as instituted by their prophet Mahomet  
**Alco've**, *s.* a recess to sit or lie in  
**Al'der**, *s.* a tree resembling the hazel  
**Al'derman**, *s.* an incorporated magistrate  
**Al'dern**, *a.* made of alder wood  
**Ale**, *s.* a liquid made by infusing malt and hops in hot water  
**Al'econner**, *s.* an officer whose duty is to oblige publicans to use just measures  
**A'legar**, *s.* sour ale which has lost its spirit  
**Al'choof**, *s.* ground ivy; once used for hops  
**Al'house**, *s.* a house where malt liquor is sold  
**Alem'bic**, *s.* a vessel used in distilling  
**Al'e't**, *a.* watchful, vigilant, brisk, nimble  
**Alert'ness**, *s.* sprightliness, briskness  
**Al'etude**, *s.* bulkiness; fatness; heaviness  
**Alexan'drine**, *s.* a verse of twelve syllables  
**Alexiphar'mic**, *Alexiter'ic*, *a.* that which acts as an antidote to poison, or infection  
**Al'gebra**, *s.* a literal arithmetic  
**Algebra'ic**, *Algebra'ical*, *a.* pertaining to algebra  
**Algebra'ist**, *s.* one well versed in algebra  
**A'gid**, *a.* cold, extremely cold, chill  
**Aligid'ity**, *A'gor*, *s.* chilness, coldness  
**Al'gorithm**, *s.* the science of numbers  
**Alguazi'l**, *s.* a Spanish bailiff or constable  
**A'lias**, *ad.* otherwise—*s.* in law, a writ  
**A'libe**, *a.* nutritive; nourishing  
**A'lien**, *s.* a foreigner; a stranger  
**A'lienable**, *a.* that may be transferred  
**Al'ienate**, *v. a.* to transfer to another; to withdraw the affections  
**Al'ienate**, *a.* estranged or withdrawn from  
**Aliena'tion**, *s.* the act of transferring; change of affection; mental derangement  
**Alight**, *v. n.* to descend, to come down, to dismount  
**Ali'ke**, *ad.* with resemblance; equally  
**Aliment**, *s.* food, nutriment, support  
**Aliment'al**, *a.* nourishing, nutritive  
**Aliment'ary**, *a.* that which belongs to aliment  
**Alimo'nius**, *a.* that which nourishes  
**Al'imony**, *s.* that part of an estate appropriated to support a wife when separated from her husband, unless criminally so  
**Al'iquant**, *a.* any portion of a given number, which multiplied or diversified in any possible manner, will still make more or less than that given number exactly, as 3 is an aliquant of 10, thrice 3 being 9, four times 3 making 12  
**Al'iquot**, *s.* any portion of a given number which, being multiplied, will amount to that given number exactly  
**Alive**, *a.* not dead; active, sprightly  
**Al'kahest**, *s.* an universal dissolvent, a liquor  
**Al'kali**, *s.* the fixed salt of any body  
**Al'kaline**, *a.* having the quality of alkali  
**Alkal'izate**, *v. a.* to make alkaline  
**Al'kanet**, *s.* the name of a plant  
**Alker'mes**, *s.* a confection made of the scarlet grana called kermes  
**All**, *a.* the whole number or quantity; every one. *All* is much used in composition  
**Alla'y**, *v. a.* to temper one metal with another for coining; to compose, to pacify  
**Alla'y**, *s.* any baser metal mixed with a superior kind to harden it; any thing which being added, lessens the value of that with which it is mingled  
**Allect'ion**, *s.* an alluring; an enticing  
**Allega'tion**, *s.* an affirmation, excuse, plea  
**Alle'ge**, *v. a.* to declare, to maintain, to plead  
**Alle'geable**, *a.* that which may be alleged  
**Alleg'ed**, *part.* given, asserted, pleaded  
**Alleg'iance**, *s.* the duty of a subject  
**Alleg'iant**, *a.* loyal, conformable to allegiance  
**Allegor'ical**, *a.* not real; not literal  
**Alleg'ory**, *s.* in rhetoric a figurative manner of speech, by which instruction or information is meant to be conveyed  
**Alle'gro**, *s.* a sprightly motion in music; gay  
**Allema'nde**, *s.* a grave or slow piece of music  
**Alle'viate**, *v. a.* to ease, to soften  
**Allevia'tion**, *s.* that by which any pain is diminished, or any fault extenuated  
**Al'ley**, *s.* any narrow passage, or walk  
**Alli'ance**, *s.* relation by marriage, or kindred; a league or contract with foreign powers; similarity of qualities

Alli'es, *s.* states who have entered into a league for their mutual defence

Alliga'tion, *s.* the act of tying together; that rule of arithmetic which teaches to adjust the price of articles compounded of ingredients of different value

Alliga'tor, *s.* a crocodile; a kind of pear

Alli'sion, *s.* the act of striking together

Alli'ra'tion, *s.* the beginning two or more words with the same letter

Alli'cation, *s.* act of placing or adding to

Allocu'tion, *s.* the act of speaking to another

Allo'dial, Allo'dian, *a.* independent; held without acknowledgment of superiority

Allo'ge, *s.* in fencing, a pass or thrust

Allo't, *v. a.* to parcel out, to distribute; grant

Allo'tment, *s.* the part given to any one

Allo'w, *v. a.* to admit or acknowledge any position; to permit, yield, or grant; to make an abatement in selling

Allow'able, *a.* that may be permitted, lawful

Allow'ance, *s.* indulgence, pension, sanction, licence, a rate or appointment for any use; a deduction

Allo'y, *s.* more properly Allz'y, which see

Allu'de, *v. a.* to hint at, to insinuate, refer to

Allu'minate, *v. a.* to decorate or adorn

Allu're, *v. a.* to entice, to decoy, to wheedle

Allu're, *s.* something set up to entice birds

Allu'rement, *s.* enticement, temptation

Allu'sion, *s.* a reference, hint, implication

Allu'sive, *a.* hinting at something

Ally', *v. a.* to unite by friendship or kindred

Ally', *s.* a friend, a confederate, a relation

Al'manac, *s.* an annual calendar

Al'mandine, *s.* a kind of inferior ruby

Almi'ghty, *a.* of unlimited power, omnipotent—*s.* the Divine Being; God

Alm'ond, *s.* the fruit of the almond-tree

Alm'onds of the throat, improperly called almonds of the ears, are two small glands on the sides of the basis of the tongue

Alm'oner, *s.* the officer of a prince employed in the distribution of charity

Alm'onry, *s.* the place where alms are given

Almo'st, *ad.* nearly, near, well nigh

Alms, *s.* any thing given to relieve the poor

Alms'houses, *s.* houses built gratuitously for the poor

Aloe's, *s.* a medicinal gum extracted from a tree of that name; there are two kinds, the best called *succotrine aloes*; the inferior, *horse aloes*

Aloe'ic, Aloe'ical, *a.* consisting of aloes

Aloft, *ad.* on high; in the air; above

Al'ogy, *s.* absurdity; unreasonableness

Alo'ne, *a.* without company, solitary

Alo'ng, *ad.* at length; onward, forward

Aloof, *ad.* at a distance; it is sometimes, but erroneously, said to mean, *to the wind*

Alo'pecy, *s.* the falling off of the hair

Alou'd, *ad.* loudly, with much noise

Al'pha, *s.* the first letter in the Greek alphabet, answering to our **A**; it is therefore used to signify, the first or highest

Al'phabet, *s.* the letters of any language

Alphabe'ical, *a.* according to the order of the alphabet

Alread'y, *ad.* now, at this time; so soon

Al'so, *ad.* likewise; in the same manner

Al'tar, *s.* the table in christian churches where the communion is administered

Al'ter, *v.* to change, to reform, to vary

Al'terable, *a.* that which may be changed

Al'terant, *a.* that which produces a change

Alter'a'tion, *s.* the act of altering or changing; the change made

Alt'erative, *a.* medicines called *alterative*, are such as imperceptibly improve the constitution from sickness to health

Alterca'tion, *s.* debate, controversy, wrangle

Alter'nate, *a.* by turns, one after another

Alter'nately, *ad.* by turns, mutually

Alterna'tion, *s.* reciprocal succession

Alterna'tive, *s.* the choice given of one of two things, so that if one is rejected the other must be taken

Altho'ugh, *ad.* notwithstanding, however

Altim'etry, *s.* the art of measuring heights

Alti'sonant, *a.* high sounding, pompous

Alt'itud'e, *s.* height of a place; elevation of a heavenly body above the horizon

Alt'o, *s.* the upper or counter-tenor—*a.* high

Altogether, *ad.* completely, entirely

Al'um, *s.* a mineral salt, of an acid taste

Alu'minous, *a.* consisting of alum

Al'ways, *ad.* perpetually; constantly

Amabil'ity, *s.* loveliness; power of pleasing

Ama'in, *ad.* with vehemence, fiercely

Amal'gam, *s.* a mixture of metals

Amal'gamate, *v. a.* to mix or unite metals

Amand', *v.* to send away, to remove

Amanda'tion, *s.* the act of sending away

Amanuen'sis, *s.* a clerk or secretary, who writes what another dictates

Am'a'ranth, *s.* the name of a plant; in poetry, an imaginary flower that never fades

Amaranth'ine, *a.* consisting of amaranths

Amar'itude, Amar'ulence, *s.* bitterness

Amas'ment, *s.* an accumulation, a heap

Ama'ss, *v. a.* to collect together, to heap up

Am'ateur, *s.* a virtuoso; a lover of the arts

Am'atory, *a.* relating to or causing love

Amauro'sis, *s.* a dimness of sight occasioning the appearance of flies or dust floating before the eyes

Ama'ze, *v. a.* to surprise, astonish, to confuse

Ama'ze, *s.* astonishment; confusion

Ama'zement, *s.* confused apprehension; fear; wonder at any event; admiration

**Ama'zing, part. a.** wonderful, astonishing  
**Ama'zingly, ad.** astonishingly, wonderfully  
**Am'azon, s.** the Amazons were a race of women famous for valour; a virago  
**Amba'ges, s.** circumlocution; tediousness  
**Ambass'ador, Embass'ador, s.** a person sent as the representative of a prince or state on any public business to a foreign country  
**Ambass'adress, s.** the lady of an ambassador  
**Ambass'age, Am'bassade, s.** a mission  
**Am'ber, s.** a yellow transparent gum of a resinous taste; a kind of pale ale  
**Am'bergri, s.** a fragrant drug, used as a perfume and a cordial  
**Ambidex'ter, s.** a person that can use both hands alike; a knave who plays on both sides; in law, a juror who receives a bribe from both parties for his verdict  
**Ambidex'trous, a.** double dealing, deceitful  
**Ambient, a.** compassing; surrounding, particularly applied to the air which surrounds all bodies; investing  
**Ambifa'rious, a.** having a double meaning  
**Ambigu'ity, s.** obscurity of words; double meaning; uncertainty of signification  
**Ambig'uous, a.** doubtful, mysterious  
**Ambig'uously, ad.** in a doubtful manner  
**Ambig'uousness, s.** uncertainty of meaning  
**Ambil'equy, s.** use of doubtful expressions  
**Am'bit, s.** the line that encompasses or encircles any thing  
**Ambi'tion, s.** an earnest desire of preference, honour, or power; great pride  
**Ambi'tious, a.** aspiring, proud, vain  
**Am'ble, v. n.** to move easily, to pace, to trip  
**Ambro'sia, s.** the name of a plant; in poetical language, the food of the gods  
**Ambro'sial, a.** possessing the qualities of ambrosia; fragrant, delicious  
**Ambula'tion, s.** the act of walking  
**Ambusca'de, Ambusca'do, Am'foush, s.** a private post in which men lie in wait to surprise an enemy; the act of lying in wait to surprise an enemy  
**Am'e'l, s.** the matter used for enamelling  
**Ame'n, ad.** may it be so; verily  
**Ame'nable, a.** responsible, answerable to  
**Ame'nance, s.** conduct, behaviour, mien  
**Ame'nd, v. a.** to reform, grow better, correct  
**Amend'ment, s.** a reformation of life; a change for the better; recovery of health  
**Ame'nds, s.** recompence; satisfaction  
**Amen'ity, s.** pleasantness of situation  
**Amer'ce, v. a.** to punish by fine or penalty  
**Amer'cement, Amer'ciment, s.** a pecuniary fine or penalty  
**Am'ethyst, s.** a precious stone of a violet colour, supposed to hinder drunkenness  
**A'miable, a.** lovely, pleasing, charming  
**A'miableness, s.** agreeableness, loveliness

**Am'i'cable, a.** friendly, kind, obliging  
**Am'i'cably, ad.** in a friendly way  
**Am'ice, s.** the undermost part of a Romish priest's shoulder-cloth, or alb  
**Am'i'd, Am'i'dst, ad.** in the middle, amongst  
**Am'i'ss, ad.** faultily, criminally, wrong  
**Am'i'ssion, s.** loss, deprivation, dismission  
**Am'i't, v. n.** to lose, to drop, to dismiss  
**Am'i'ty, s.** friendship, love; harmony  
**Ammo'nic, s.** the name of an Indian gum  
**Ammun'i'tion, s.** military stores  
**Am'nesty, s.** an act of general pardon  
**Am'o'ng, Amo'ngst, pr. p.** mingled with  
**Am'o'rist, Amoro'so, s.** a gallant, a lover  
**Am'o'rous, a.** disposed to love, enamoured  
**Am'o'rously, ad.** lovingly, fondly, kindly  
**Am'o'rt, a.** dull, heavy, dejected, spiritless  
**Am'o'tion, s.** the act of putting away  
**Am'o'unt, v. n.** to rise in value, to increase  
**Am'o'unt, s.** the sum total, whole, result  
**Am'o'ur, s.** an affair of gallantry; an intrigue  
**Amphib'i'ous, a.** that which partakes of two natures, so as to live in air or water  
**Amphibol'ogy, s.** a double speech  
**Amphibol'ous, a.** tossed about; doubtful  
**Amphis'cii, s.** those people who inhabit the torrid zone, whose shadows fall both ways  
**Amphithe'atre, s.** a building in a circular or oval form for public amusements, with seats one above another, and an area in the middle  
**Am'ple, a.** large, wide, liberal, diffusive  
**Am'pleness, s.** largeness, extent, liberality  
**Am'pliate, v. a.** to enlarge, to extend  
**Amplia'tion, s.** diffuseness, enlargement  
**Amplificate, v. a.** to enlarge, to spread out  
**Amplifica'tion, s.** enlargement, extension  
**Am'plify, v. a.** to enlarge, to exaggerate  
**Am'pli'tude, s.** extent, largeness, capacity; in astronomy, an arch of the horizon  
**Am'ply, ad.** largely, liberally, copiously  
**Am'putate, v. a.** to cut off a limb  
**Amputa'tion, s.** the act of cutting off a limb or other part of the body  
**Am'u'let, s.** an appendant remedy or preventive, always worn about the person  
**Amu'se, v. a.** to entertain, to divert, deceive  
**Amu'sement, s.** a pastime or entertainment  
**Amu'sing, part.** entertaining, pleasing  
**Amyg'dalate, a.** made of almonds  
**A'na, ad.** in the same quantity, equally  
**Anabap'tist, s.** one of a religious sect who assert that baptism is improper till the person is of an age to answer for himself  
**Anacamp'tic, a.** any thing reflected; an echo  
**Anachorete, Anac'horite, s.** an hermit  
**Anac'hronism, s.** an error in computing the time of any great event  
**Anacl'a'tics, s.** the science or doctrine of refracted lights or visio[n] optics

Anacreon'tic, *a.* any thing having a relation to the ancient poet Anacreon

Anadiplo'sis, *s.* reduplication; a figure in rhetoric, a repetition

Ana'goget'ical, *a.* religiously mysterious

An'a'gram, *s.* a transposition of the letters of a sentence or a word, so as to form other words

Ana'gram'matist, *s.* a composer of anagrams

An'a'leqt, *s.* fragments collected from authors

Ana'leptic', *a.* restorative, strengthening

Ana'logy, *s.* resemblance, proportion, similarity of one thing to another

Ana'lysis, *s.* a separation of any compound body into the parts of which it is formed; the chymical reduction of metals, minerals, &c. to their original principles

Ana'lytic', *a.* belonging to an analysis

Ana'lyze, *v. a.* to resolve into first principles; to reduce to its primitive parts

Ana'morpha'sis, *s.* a perspective projection, so made, that in one point of view an object shall appear deformed, and in another an exact representation

An'a'pas, *s.* the pine apple

Ana'ph'ora, *s.* in rhetoric, when several clauses of a sentence are begun with the same word

An'a'rch, *s.* an author of confusion

An'a'rchy, *s.* a want of government; disorder, confusion, chaos, tumult

Ana'sarc'a, *s.* a kind of dropsy

Anastomo'sis, *s.* the inosculation of vessels

Ana'strophe, *s.* a figure whereby words that should have preceded are postponed

Anath'ema, *s.* an ecclesiastical curse

Anathem'atize, *v. a.* to pronounce accursed by ecclesiastical authority

Anat'omist, *s.* one skilled in anatomy

Anat'omy, *s.* the art of dissecting any animal body to discover exactly its structure

Ance'stors, *s.* predecessors, forefathers

An'cestry, *s.* lineage, descent, birth

Anch'or, *s.* an iron instrument, which, being fixed in the ground, by means of the cable keeps a ship from driving

Anch'or, *v. a.* to drop the anchor, to fix on

Anch'orage, *s.* ground for anchoring in; a duty paid for leave to anchor

Anch'oret, Anch'orite, *s.* see Anachorete

Ancho'vy, *s.* a small sea fish, pickled

An'cient, *a.* old, of old time, long since

An'cient, *s.* the bearer of a flag, an ensign

An'ciently, *ad.* in old times, formerly

An'cien'try, *s.* dignity of birth, high lineage

An'cients, *s.* men who lived in old times; formerly, certain flags in a ship

And, *conj.* the particle by which sentences or terms are joined

Andan'te, *ad.* in music, moderately

And'iron, *s.* irons fixt to the end of a fire-grate, in which the spit turns

Andro'ginal, *a.* partaking of both sexes

Anecdote, *s.* a biographical incident

Anem'one, *s.* the wind flower

An'eurism, *s.* a disease of, or wound in, an artery, by which it becomes dilated

Ane'w, *ad.* over again, repeatedly

Anfract'uous, *a.* intricate, winding, mazy

A'ngel, *s.* a celestial spirit; an heavenly being; a gold coin worth about 10s.

Angel'ica, *s.* the name of a plant

Angel'ical, Angel'ic, *a.* heavenly, like angels

An'ger, *s.* resentment, rage; pain of a sore

An'ger, *v. a.* to provoke, to enrage

Angi'na, *s.* a disorder called the quinsy

Angiog'raphy, *s.* a description of vessels in the human body; the nerves, arteries, &c.

An'gle, *s.* a point where two lines meet; an instrument to take fish

An'gle, *v. n.* to fish with a fishing-rod

An'glicism, *s.* an English idiom or expression

An'gry, *a.* provoked, enraged; inflamed

An'guish, *s.* excessive pain of mind or body

An'guilar, *a.* having corners or angles

Anhela'tion, *s.* the act of panting

Animadver'sion, *s.* observation, remark, reproof, blame, censure

Animadver't, *v. a.* to examine into, to remark or criticise, to reprove

An'imal, *s.* a body endued with life, motion, and sense---*a.* not spiritual

Animal'cule, *s.* a very small animal

An'imate, *v. a.* to quicken, to give life to

An'imate, *a.* living; possessing life

An'imated, *part.* lively, brisk, vigorous

Anima'tion, *s.* the act of animating; the state of being enlivened

An'imate, *a.* tending to animate; brisk

Animos'ity, *s.* aversion, hatred, malignity

Anise, *s.* a species of parsley

Anker, *s.* a vessel containing ten gallons

An'kle, *s.* the joint between the foot and leg

An'nal, *s.* a writer of annals

An'nals, *s.* histories digested into years

An'nats, *s.* first fruits; annual masses

Anne'al, *v. a.* to temper glass; to bake

Anne'x, *v. a.* to unite, to join, to connect

An'nex, *s.* the thing subjoined or annexed

Annihil'ate, *v. a.* to annul, to destroy

Annihila'tion, *s.* the act of destroying

Anniver'sary, *s.* an annual or yearly festival or commemoration---*a.* annual

An'no Dom'ini, *s.* in the year of our Lord

Annota'tion, *s.* an explanation, a note

An'notator, *s.* a commentator, a critic

Anno'unce, *v. a.* to publish, to proclaim

Anno'y, *v. a.* to injure, to molest, to vex

Annoy'ance, *s.* that which hurts or annoys

Annoy'er, *s.* one who injures or molests

**A**n'nual, *a.* that which comes once a-year  
**A**n'nually, *ad.* year by year; yearly  
**A**nnu'itant, *s.* one who has an annuity  
**A**nnu'ity, *s.* a yearly allowance for life  
**A**nnu'l, *v. a.* to abrogate, to abolish, to repeal  
**A**n'nular, *a.* having the form of a ring  
**A**nn'ulet, *s.* a little ring; a mark in heraldry; in architecture, the small square members in the Doric capital, under the quarter round, are called *annules*  
**A**nnu'mate, *v. a.* to add to, to include  
**A**nnu'me'tion, *s.* addition to a number  
**A**nnu'ciate, *v. a.* to relate, to bring tidings  
**A**nnun'ciation-day, *s.* the day celebrated by the church in commemoration of the angel's salutation of the Virgin Mary, being the 25th of March  
**A**n'odyne, *a.* mitigating pain, assuaging  
**A**no'int, *v. a.* to rub with oil, to consecrate  
**A**nom'alism, *Anom'aly, s.* irregularity  
**A**nom'alous, *a.* irregular, out of rule  
**A**no'n, *ad.* quickly, soon, shortly  
**A**non'ymous, *a.* without a name, unknown  
**A**nother, *a.* not the same; one more  
**A**n'swer, *v. a.* to reply to; to resolve  
**A**n'swer, *s.* a reply, a confutation, a solution  
**A**n'swerable, *a.* that to which a reply may be made; obliged to give an account  
**A**nt, *s.* an emmet, a pismire, a small provident insect  
**A**ntag'onist, *s.* an opponent, an adversary  
**A**ntarc'tic, *a.* relating to the southern pole  
**A**n'te, a Latin particle signifying before  
**A**ntece'de, *v. n.* to go before, to precede  
**A**ntece'dence, *s.* the act of going before  
**A**ntece'dent, *a.* going before, preceding  
**A**ntece'dent, *s.* that which goes before; the noun to which the relative is subjoined  
**A**ntechamber, *s.* the chamber adjoining, or leading to the principal apartments  
**A**nt'edate, *v. a.* to date before the real time  
**A**ntedilu'vian, *a.* existing before the deluge  
**A**ntelope, *s.* a kind of goat with curled or wreathed horns  
**A**ntemerid'ian, *s.* before noon, morning  
**A**ntemun'dane, *a.* that which was before the creation of the world; eternal  
**A**nt'epast, *s.* anticipation, foretaste  
**A**nt'epenult, *s.* the last syllable but two in any word, as *te* in *antepenult*  
**A**ntepilep'tic, *s.* a medicinal preparation against convulsions  
**A**nte'rior, *a.* going before, previous, prior  
**A**nterior'ity, *s.* priority in time or situation  
**A**nth'em, *s.* a holy song or divine hymn  
**A**nthol'ogy, *s.* a collection of flowers, poems, or devotions  
**A**nthropoph'agi, *s.* cannibals, eaters of human flesh  
**A**nt'ic, *a.* whimsical, odd, ridiculously wild  
**A**nt'ic, *s.* a buffoon; he that uses antics  
**A**nt'ichrist, *s.* an adversary to Christ  
**A**ntichris'tian, *a.* opposite to Christianity  
**A**nticipate, *v. a.* to foretaste, to prevent  
**A**nticipa'tion, *s.* the act of taking up some thing before its time, prevention  
**A**ntic'ly, *ad.* drolly, with odd gestures  
**A**nticlav'max, *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first  
**A**nticonvul'sive, *a.* good against convulsions  
**A**nticourt'ier, *s.* one that opposes the court  
**A**ntido'tal, *a.* that which counteracts poison  
**A**ntidote, *s.* a medicine to expel poison  
**A**ntife'brile, *a.* good against fevers  
**A**ntimonarch'ical, *a.* against monarchy  
**A**ntimo'nial, *a.* made of antimony  
**A**nti'mony, *s.* a mineral substance, which destroys all metals fused with it but gold  
**A**ntino'mians, *s.* a religious sect who prefer mere faith to practical morality  
**A**nti'nom'y, *s.* contradiction between two laws, or two clauses in the same law  
**A**ntipathet'ical, *a.* having a natural contrariety to any thing  
**A**ntipathy, *s.* a natural hatred, aversion, or dislike to any thing  
**A**ntiph'one, *s.* a hymn of praise  
**A**ntiph'rasis, *s.* the use of words in a sense opposite to their proper meaning  
**A**ntip'odal, *a.* relating to the antipodes  
**A**ntip'odes, *s.* these people, who, living exactly on the opposite part of the globe, have their feet pointed against ours  
**A**ntipope, *s.* one that usurps the popedom  
**A**ntiqua'rian, *An'tiquary, s.* one who studies antiquity; a collector of ancient things  
**A**nti'quate, *v. a.* to make obsolete  
**A**nti'que, *a.* ancient, old fashioned, odd  
**A**nti'que, *s.* a piece of antiquity, a relic  
**A**nti'quity, *s.* time past long ago, ancientness; the people of old times  
**A**nti'sci, *s.* people who live under the same meridian of latitude, but different sides of the equator, being equally distant, the one to the north, the other to the south; they therefore have noon and midnight at the same time; but while the one has summer, the other has winter  
**A**ntiscorbu'tic, *a.* good against the scurvy  
**A**ntisep'tic, *s.* a medicine to prevent putrefaction  
**A**ntis'trophe, *s.* the second stanza of an ode  
**A**ntith'esis, *s.* opposition of words or sentences; contrast  
**A**ntitrinita'rian, *s.* one who denies the doctrine of the Christian Trinity  
**A**ntity'pype, *s.* the original, which is represented by the type  
**A**ntity'pical, *a.* that which explains the type  
**A**ntler, *s.* the branch of a stag's horn

Anto'ci, *s.* those inhabitants of the globe who live under the same longitude and latitude, but in different hemispheres  
 Antonomas'ia, *s.* a form of speech, in which, instead of a proper name, the dignity is used, as a king is called his *majesty*  
 An'tre, *s.* a cave, a den, a cavern  
 An'vil, *s.* an iron block which smiths use  
 Anxi'ety, Anxi'ousness, *s.* perplexity; solicitude about any future event; depression of spirits, uneasiness  
 Anxi'ous, *a.* solicitous, much concerned  
 A'ny, *a.* every, either, whatsoever  
 Ao'nian Mount, *s.* the fabled residence of the muses; the hill Parnassus  
 A'orist, *a.* indefinite, indeterminate  
 Aor'ta, *s.* the great artery which rises immediately out of the left ventricle of the heart  
 Apa'ce, *ad.* quickly, speedily, with haste  
 Apa'rt, *ad.* separately, privately, at a distance  
 Apart'ment, *s.* a part of a house, a room  
 Ap'a'thy, *s.* a want of sensibility, coldness, indolence, exemption from passion  
 Ape, *s.* a kind of monkey, a mimic  
 Ape, *v. a.* to imitate ludicrously, to mimic  
 Ap'erient, *a.* that which has the quality of opening; medicines gently purgative  
 Ap'erition, *s.* an opening, a passage, a gap  
 Ap'erture, *s.* an open place, a gap  
 Apet'alous, *a.* without flower leaves  
 A'pex, *s.* the tip or angular point of a thing  
 Aphel'i'on or Aphel'i'um, *s.* that part of a planet's orbit which is the most remote point from the sun  
 Aph'o'rism, *s.* a maxim, precept, general rule  
 A'piary, *s.* a place where bees are kept  
 Apie'ce, *ad.* to each one share, separately  
 A'pish, *a.* foppish, silly, insignificant  
 Apo'calypse, *s.* a revelation, a vision  
 Apocalyp'tical, *a.* containing revelation  
 Apoc'ope, *s.* cutting off the last syllable  
 Apoc'rypha, *s.* books whose authors are not certainly known, adjoined to the bible  
 Apoc'ryphal, *a.* not canonical, uncertain  
 Apoc'ryphally, *ad.* uncertainly, doubtfully  
 Apod'i'cal, *a.* evident, demonstrative  
 Ap'o'gee, *s.* that point in the heavens in which the sun or any planet is at its greatest possible distance from the earth during its revolution  
 Apo'get'ical, *a.* defending, excusing  
 Apo'log'ize, *v. a.* to plead for, to excuse  
 Ap'o'logue, *s.* a moral tale, a fable  
 Apo'logy, *s.* a defence, an excuse, a plea  
 Apophthegm, *s.* a remarkable saying  
 Apoplect'ic, *a.* relating to an apoplexy  
 Ap'oplexy, *s.* a sudden deprivation of all sense and motion by a disease  
 Apost'acy, *s.* departure from the religion before professed; heresie

Apost'ate, *s.* one who renounces his religion  
 Apostatize, *v. n.* to change one's religion, to forsake one's principles  
 Apostle, *s.* a person sent to preach the gospel, particularly those despatched by our Saviour for that purpose  
 Apostrophe, *s.* in grammar, a mark thus (\*) signifying the contraction of any word, as can't, don't; a sudden turn in a discourse  
 Apoth'e'cary, *s.* a person whose business is to prepare medicines for sale  
 Apothegm, *s.* see Apophthegm  
 Apothe'osis, *s.* the consecrating or deifying any person after death  
 Apo'zem, *s.* a decoction or infusion of herbs  
 Appa'l, *v. a.* to fright, to daunt, to terrify  
 Ap'panage, *s.* lands for younger children  
 Appara'tus, *s.* any tools, furniture, or necessary instruments for any trade, &c.  
 Apparel, *s.* dress, cloathing, vestments  
 Appar'e'l, *v. a.* to dress, to deck, to cover  
 Appa'rent, *a.* plain, evident, certain  
 Appa'rently, *ad.* evidently, visibly, openly  
 Appari'tion, *s.* appearance, a spectre  
 Appar'i'tor, *s.* a low ecclesiastical officer  
 App'e'ach, *v. a.* to impeach, to censure, to reproach, to accuse  
 App'e'achment, *s.* an accusation, a charge  
 App'e'al, *s.* an application for justice  
 App'e'al, *v. n.* to refer to another as judge  
 App'e'ar, *v. a.* to become visible, to be in sight, to be evident  
 App'e'arance, *s.* the act of coming into sight; semblance, not reality; show, probability  
 App'e'se, *v. a.* to pacify, to calm, to reconcile, to put in a state of peace  
 App'e'asement, *s.* the state of being at peace  
 App'e'fiant, *s.* a challenger at arms; one who appeals to a superior court  
 Appella'tion, *s.* a name, title, term  
 Appellati've, *s.* names for a whole rank of beings are called *appellatives*  
 Appell'atory, *a.* containing an appeal  
 Append, *v. a.* to hang or join to, to add to  
 Append'age, *s.* something added  
 Appen'dant, *s.* an adventitious part  
 Append'ant, Append'ed, *a.* hanging to, annexed, belonging to, concomitant  
 Append'icate, *v. a.* to join to, to append  
 Append'ix, *s.* supplement, addition made  
 Apperta'in, *v. n.* to belong to, to depend upon  
 Apper'tinent, *a.* belonging or relating to  
 Ap'petence, *s.* a strong or sensual desire  
 Appetibili'ty, *s.* the state of being desirable  
 Ap'petible, *a.* engaging, desirable, good  
 Ap'petite, *s.* hunger, earnest desire of pleasure, violent longing  
 Applaud', *v. a.* to extol, praise, commend  
 Applau'se, *s.* approbation, praise  
 Ap'ple, *s.* a common fruit; pupil of the eye

**A**pplicable, *a.* suitable, proper, fit  
**Applica**tion, *s.* the act of applying, intense study, great industry  
**Ap**plicative, *Ap*plicatory, *a.* that applies  
**Appli**'er, *Ap*plicant, *s.* a student  
**Apply**', *v.* to put one thing to another; to study; to address to; to suit to; to agree  
**Appo**'int, *v. a.* to determine, settle, equip  
**Appoint**'ed, *part.* settled, agreed on, chosen  
**Appoint**'ment, *s.* a stipulation, salary, post  
**Appor**'tion, *v. a.* to divide into just parts  
**Appo**'se, *v. a.* to question, examine, puzzle  
**Ap**p'osite, *a.* suitable, fit, well adapted to  
**Ap**p'ositiy, *ad.* suitably, fitly, timely  
**Apposition**, *s.* addition of new matter  
**Appra**'ise, *v. a.* to value goods for sale  
**Appra**'isement, *s.* the act of valuing  
**Appra**'iser, *s.* one who values or apprises  
**Apprehen**'d, *v. a.* to seize on, to arrest; to comprehend or understand; to fear  
**Apprehen**'sion, *s.* fear; conception; seizure  
**Apprehen**'sive, *a.* fearful; sensible  
**Apprentice**, *s.* one bound by covenant to a tradesman or artificer, who engages to instruct him fully in his art or mystery  
**Apprenticeship**, *s.* the term limited for the service of an apprentice  
**Appre**'ciate, *v. a.* to estimate, to reckon  
**Appri**'ze, *v. a.* to inform, to acquaint  
**Appri**'zed, *part.* informed, instructed  
**Appro**'ach, *s.* the act of drawing near to  
**Appro**'ach, *v. a.* to draw or bring near to  
**Appropria**'tion, *s.* the act of approving  
**Appropria**'te, *v. a.* to set apart, annex to, consign to any particular use  
**Appropria**'tion, *s.* the application of something to a particular use or purpose  
**Appro**'vable, *a.* meriting approbation  
**Appro**'val, *Appro*'ment, *s.* approbation  
**Appro**'ve, *v. a.* to like or allow of; to commend, to be pleased with  
**Appro**'ved, *part.* liked, tried, examined  
**Approximate**, *a.* near to, going to  
**Approximation**, *s.* approach to any thing  
**Appu**'lse, *s.* the act of striking against  
**Appurtenance**, *s.* that which appertains to something else  
**A**pricot, *A*pricock, *s.* a wall fruit  
**A**pril, *s.* the fourth month of the year  
**A**pron, *s.* part of a woman's dress; that which covers the touch-hole of a cannon to keep off the wet  
**A**pt, *s.* fit, ready, quick, qualified, inclined  
**A**pti'ude, *s.* fitness, tendency, disposition  
**A**pti'ly, *ad.* properly, justly, readily, acutely  
**A**pti'ness, *s.* quickness of apprehension; fitness, readiness, tendency, suitableness  
**Aqua**fortis, *s.* a corrosive liquor made by distilling nitre with calcined vitriol  
**Aqua**tic, *a.* growing or living in the water  
**A**queduct, *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water from one place to another  
**A**queous, *a.* watery, like water, thin  
**A**quiline, *a.* resembling an eagle; applied to the nose, curved or crooked  
**A**rabic, *s.* the language of the Arabians  
**A**rabic, *a.* fit for tillage or ploughing  
**A**raneous, *a.* resembling a cobweb  
**A**ration, *A*rat'ure, *s.* the act of ploughing  
**A**rat'ory, *a.* that which contributes to tillage  
**A**rbalat, *Ar*balist, *a.* a cross bow  
**A**rbitrer, *s.* an umpire to settle a dispute  
**A**rbitrament, *s.* decision, will, choice  
**A**rbitrarily, *ad.* absolutely, without control  
**A**rbitrariness, *s.* tyranny, despotism  
**A**rbitrary, *a.* absolute, despotic, unlimited  
**A**rbitrate, *v. a.* to decide, determine, judge  
**A**rbitration, *s.* the decision of a cause; the termination of any dispute by persons mutually chosen by the parties  
**A**rbitrator, *s.* an umpire, a judge, a president  
**A**rborary, *a.* of or belonging to trees  
**A**rboreous, *a.* belonging to trees  
**A**rboret, *s.* a small tree or shrub  
**A**rborist, *s.* a naturalist who studies trees  
**A**rbour, *s.* a seat shaded with trees, a bower  
**A**rbuscle, *s.* any small tree or shrub  
**A**rbute, *s.* the strawberry-tree  
**A**rcade, *s.* a continuation of arches  
**A**rcanum, *s.* a mystery, a secret, a nostrum  
**A**rch, *A*rc, *s.* part of a circle; the sky  
**A**rch, *a.* chief; mirthful, waggish, lively  
**A**rch, *v. a.* to build or cover with arches  
**A**rchaism, *s.* an ancient phrase  
**A**rchangel, *s.* a chief angel; a plant  
**A**rchangelic, *a.* belonging to archangels  
**A**rchbishop, *s.* the principal of the bishops  
**A**rchdeacon, *s.* a bishop's deputy  
**A**rchdeaconry, *Archdeaconship, s.* the office or jurisdiction of an archdeacon  
**A**rchduchess, *s.* the wife of an archduke  
**A**rchduke, *s.* a sovereign prince, grand duke  
**A**rch'd, *part.* vaulted, formed like an arch  
**A**rch'er, *s.* one who fights with a bow  
**A**rch'ery, *s.* the art of using a bow  
**A**rchetypal, *a.* belonging to the original  
**A**rchetype, *s.* the original, pattern, model  
**A**rchiepiscopal, *a.* belonging to an archbishop  
**A**chipelago, *s.* any sea which abounds with small islands: the most celebrated archipelago is situated between Asia, Macedonia, and Greece  
**A**rchitect, *s.* a professor of the art of building; a surveyor, a designer  
**A**rchitective, *a.* that performs the work of architecture  
**A**rchitecture, *s.* the science of building  
**A**rchitrave, *s.* the main beam of a building, ornamental part of a pillar  
**A**rchives, *s.* records; a place for records

Archprelate, *s.* a leading or chief prelate  
 Archpresbyter, *s.* a chief presbyter  
 Arctic, *a.* northern, towards the north  
 Arctic circle, *s.* that circle at which the northern frigid zone commences, being  $23^{\circ} 30'$  from the North Pole  
 Arcuate, *v. a.* to bend like an arch  
 Aretation, *s.* an arching, an incurvation  
 Ardency, Ar'dentness, *s.* eagerness, zeal  
 Ardent, *a.* zealous, affectionate; fierce  
 Ardently, *ad.* eagerly, affectionately, fervently, zealously  
 Ardour, *s.* warm affection, zeal, fervency  
 Arduous, *a.* difficult, laborious  
 Are, The plural of the present tense of the verb *to be*  
 Area, *s.* the superficial content of any thing; an open space before a building  
 Arefaction, *s.* the state of growing dry  
 Arenaceous, Areo'se, *a.* sandy, full of sand  
 Argent, *a.* silvery, white, shining like silver  
 Argil, *s.* potters' clay, fat, soft earth  
 Argilla'ceous, Argil'ious, *a.* consisting of clay  
 Argol, *s.* the tartar or salt from wine lees  
 Argonauts, *s.* the companions of Jason in the ship *Argo*, on the voyage to Colchis  
 Argosy, *s.* a large merchant ship  
 Argue, *v.a.* to reason, to dispute, to debate  
 Argument, *s.* a controversy, the subject of any discourse or writing  
 Argument'al, *a.* belonging to argument  
 Argumenta'tion, *s.* the act of reasoning  
 Argumenta'tive, *a.* replete with argument, disputatious, disposed to controversy  
 Argyle, *a.* subtle, witty, sharp, shrill  
 Ari'anism, *s.* the doctrine of Arius, who asserted that Christ was not equal with the Father, nor even divine, but the first and greatest of created beings  
 Arid, *a.* dry, parched up, ploughed up  
 Aridity, *s.* dryness; insensibility in devotion  
 Aries, *s.* the ram; a sign of the zodiac  
 Aright, *ad.* rightly, without mistake  
 Arise, *v. n.* to rise up, to mount up  
 Aristoc'racy, *s.* a form of government which lodges the supreme power in the nobles  
 Aristocratical, *a.* relating to aristocracy  
 Arith'metic, *s.* the science of computation  
 Arithmet'ical, *a.* according to the rule or method of arithmetic  
 Arithmet'ician, *s.* one who professes the knowledge of arithmetic  
 Ark, *s.* the name generally applied to that vessel in which Noah was preserved from the deluge  
 Arm, *s.* the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder; a branch of a tree; an inlet of the sea  
 Arm, *v.* to provide with or take up arms  
 Anna'da, *s.* a large fleet of ships  
 Armadillo, *s.* a small animal like a hog  
 Armament, *s.* a naval force; a storehouse  
 Armillary, *a.* resembling a bracelet  
 Arminianism, *s.* a doctrine so called from its founder Arminius, who contended for free-will and universal redemption  
 Armipotent, *a.* mighty in war, brave, bold  
 Armistice, *s.* a short cessation of arms  
 Arm'let, *s.* a small arm of the sea; a bracelet  
 Armo'rial, *a.* belonging to the arms or escutcheons of a family  
 Arm'ory, *s.* a place in which arms are deposited for use; ensigns armorial  
 Armour, Arm'or, *s.* defensive arms to cover and defend the body  
 Armourer, *s.* one who makes or sells arms  
 Arms, *s.* warlike weapons; war in general; the ensigns armorial of a family  
 Ar'my, *s.* a large body of armed men  
 Aromatic, Aromat'ical, *a.* spicy, fragrant  
 Aromat'ize, *v. a.* to scent, to perfume  
 Aro'und, *ad. prep.* around, encompassing  
 Aro'use, *v. a.* to awake, to raise up, to excite  
 Aro'w, *ad.* in a row, in a straight line  
 Aro'yt, *ad.* begone, depart, go away  
 Arquebus, *s.* a hand-gun, a fusée  
 Arra'ck, *s.* a spirit procured by distillation from a vegetable juice called toddy, which flows by incision out of the cocoa-nut tree  
 Arraign, *v. a.* to indict, to charge, to accuse  
 Arraignment, *s.* the act of accusing; a charge  
 Arra'nge, *v. a.* to set in order or place  
 Arra'ngement, *s.* the act of putting in order  
 Ar'rant, *a.* very bad, notorious, real  
 Ar'tas, *s.* rich tapestry or hangings  
 Ar'ray, *s.* order of battle; dress; ranking  
 Ar'ray, *v.a.* to put in order, to deck, to dress  
 Arre'ar, Arre'arage, *s.* that part of an account which remains unpaid, though due  
 Arre'st, *v. a.* to seize on; to obstruct---*s.* a legal caption or seizure of the person  
 Arre't, *s.* the decision of a sovereign court  
 Arrie're, *s.* the rear of an army  
 Arri'val, *s.* the act of coming to a place  
 Arrive, *v. n.* to come to a place, to reach to  
 Arrogance, *s.* great pride, presumption  
 Arrogant, *a.* very proud, presumptuous  
 Arrogantly, *ad.* haughtily, saucily, proudly  
 Arrogate, *v. a.* to exhibit unjust claims, prompted only by pride; to assume, boast  
 Arrow, *s.* a pointed weapon shot from a bow  
 Ar'senal, *s.* a repository or magazine for all kinds of military stores  
 Ar'senic, *s.* a poisonous mineral  
 Art, *s.* science, skill, dexterity, cunning  
 Ar'tery, *s.* a canal or tube which conveys the blood from the heart to all parts of the body  
 Art'ful, *a.* cunning, dexterous, artificial  
 Art'fully, *ad.* cunningly, slyly, with art

**Arthritic**, *a.* gouty, relating to the joints  
**Artichoke**, *s.* an esculent plant  
**Article**, *s.* one of the parts of speech; a condition of a covenant; a stipulation  
**Article**, *v.* to settle the conditions of any agreement, to covenant with  
**Articulate**, *a.* distinct, plain, divided  
**Articulately**, *ad.* distinctly, clearly  
**Articulation**, *s.* a joint or knot; the act of forming words  
**Artifice**, *s.* trick, fraud, art or trade  
**Artificer**, *s.* an artist or manufacturer  
**Artificial**, *a.* made by art, not natural  
**Artillery**, *s.* weapons of war, cannon  
**Artillery Company**, *s.* a voluntary association of the citizens in London, who are trained up in military exercises  
**Artist**, *s.* an artist, an inferior tradesman  
**Artist**, *s.* a professor of an art, a skilful man  
**Artless**, *a.* unskillful, without art or fraud  
**Artlessly**, *ad.* without art, naturally  
**As**, *conj.* in the same manner, because  
**Asafo'tida**, *s.* a gum of an offensive smell  
**Asbest'os**, *s.* a kind of fossil which may be split into threads and filaments, and which cannot be consumed by fire  
**Ascend**, *v.* to mount, to rise, to move higher, to advance in excellence  
**Ascend'ant**, *s.* height, elevation—*a.* predominant, superior, overpowering  
**Ascend'ency**, *s.* influence, superiority  
**Ascension**, *s.* the act of ascending or rising  
**Ascension-day**, *s.* a festival ten days before Whitsuntide, in commemoration of our Saviour's ascension into heaven  
**Ascent**, *s.* the rising of an hill, an eminence  
**Ascertain**, *v.a.* to make certain, to establish  
**Ascertainment**, *s.* a fixed rule or standard  
**Asetic**, *s.* a hermit, a devout person—*a.* employed in devout exercises  
**Ascetic**, *a.* supplemental, additional  
**Ascribe**, *v.a.* to attribute to, to impute to  
**Ash**, *s.* a well-known tree so called  
**Asha'med**, *a.* abashed, confounded  
**Ash'es**, *s.* the dust of any thing burnt, as of wood, coals, &c. the remains of a dead body  
**Asho're**, *ad.* on shore, on the land, in safety  
**Ash-Wednesday**, *s.* the first day of Lent  
**Ash'y**, *a.* pale, a whitish grey like ash colour  
**Aside**, *ad.* to one side, apart from the rest  
**Asinary**, *As'inine*, *a.* belonging to an ass  
**Ask**, *v.a.* to beg, to claim, to seek, to require  
**Askance**, *Aska'nt*, *ad.* obliquely, on one side  
**Ask'er**, *s.* an inquirer; an eft, a water newt  
**Aske'w**, *ad.* contemptuously, sideways  
**Asia'nt**, *ad.* obliquely, on one side  
**Asleep**, *ad.* sleeping, at rest  
**Aslope**, *ad.* obliquely, with declivity  
**Asp**, *s.* a very venomous serpent; a tree  
**Aspar'agus**, *s.* an esculent plant

**Aspect**, *s.* look, air, appearance, view  
**Aspen**, *s.* a kind of poplar tree, the leaves which always tremble  
**Asperate**, *v. a.* to make rough or uneven  
**Asperity**, *s.* roughness, harshness of speech  
**Asperse**, *v. a.* to slander, to censure  
**Aspersion**, *s.* a sprinkling; censure, calumny  
**Asphaltic**, *a.* gummy, bituminous  
**Asphodel**, *s.* a kind of plant, a day lily  
**Aspic**, *s.* a very venomous serpent  
**Aspirate**, *v. a.* to pronounce fully or strong  
**Aspiration**, *s.* an ardent wish or desire; the act of pronouncing with full breath  
**Aspire**, *v. n.* to aim at, to desire eagerly  
**Asquint**, *ad.* obliquely, not in the straight line of vision  
**Ass**, *s.* an animal of burden; a stupid fellow  
**Assail**, *v. a.* to attack, to assault; to address  
**Assailant**, *s.* one who attacks or invades  
**Assassin**, *Assassinator*, *s.* a secret murderer  
**Assassinate**, *v. a.* to waylay, to murder  
**Assault**, *s.* attack, hostile onset, storm  
**Assault**, *v. a.* to attack, to invade  
**Assay**, *s.* trial, examination—*v. a.* to try  
**Assayer**, *s.* one who assays metals, &c.  
**Assembly**, *s.* a collection of things  
**Assamble**, *v.* to meet or call together  
**Assembly**, *s.* a company assembled, a ball  
**Assent**, *v.n.* to agree to, to yield—*s.* consent  
**Assent**, *v.a.* to affirm, to maintain, to claim  
**Assertion**, *s.* a positive affirmation  
**Assess**, *v.a.* to charge with any certain sum  
**Assessment**, *s.* the act of taxing or assessing  
**Assets**, *s.* effects left by a deceased person with which his executor is to pay his debt  
**Assermentation**, *s.* a solemn protestation  
**Asshead**, *s.* a dunce, a blockhead  
**Assiduity**, *s.* diligence, close application  
**Assiduous**, *a.* constant in application  
**Assign**, *v. n.* to mark out, to appoint, to make over a right to another  
**Assignable**, *a.* that may be transferred  
**Assignment**, *s.* an appointment, the transferring any thing to another  
**Assignee**, *s.* one who is deputed to do any thing on behalf of others  
**Assigment**, *s.* an appointment, a transfer  
**Assimilate**, *v.a.* to convert to the same nature or use with another thing; to bring to a likeness or resemblance  
**Assist**, *v. a.* to help, to succour, to aid  
**Assistance**, *s.* help, aid, relief, support  
**Assize**, *s.* the sitting of judges to determine causes; an order respecting the price, weight, &c. of sundry commodities  
**Associate**, *v. a.* to unite, to join with  
**Associate**, *s.* a partner, companion, or sharer  
**Association**, *s.* an entering into an agreement with others, in order to perform some act; a confederacy, a partnership

*Asso'rt, v. a.* to range in order, to class  
*Asso'rtment, s.* a quantity properly arranged  
*Asso't, v. a.* to infatuate  
*Assua'ge, v. a.* to soften, to ease, to pacify  
*Assua'gement, s.* what mitigates or softens  
*Assua'ger, s.* one who pacifies or appeases  
*Assua'sive, a.* softening, mitigating, mild  
*Assub'jugate, v. a.* to subject to  
*Assu'etude, s.* accustomance, custom  
*Assu'me, v. a.* to take, to claim, to arrogate  
*Assu'ming, part. a.* arrogant, haughty  
*Assump'tion, s.* the taking any thing to one's self; the thing supposed; a postulate  
*Assump'tive, a.* that which is assumed  
*Assu'rance, s.* confidence; certainty; want of modesty; a contract; security; firmness  
*Assu're, v. a.* to assert positively, to secure  
*Asterisk, s.* a little star (\*) signifying, that some words or letters are wanting to complete the sentence, or serving as a reference to a note at the bottom, or in the margin  
*Asterism, s.* a constellation of fixed stars  
*Aste'rn, ad.* a sea term, signifying behind  
*Asth'ma, s.* a disease of the lungs  
*Asth'matic, Asthmatical, a.* troubled with an asthma  
*Aston'ish, v. a.* to amaze, to confound  
*Aston'ishment, s.* amazement, surprise  
*Astragal, s.* an ornament in architecture  
*Astral, a.* relating to the stars, bright  
*Astr'a'y, ad.* out of the right way, wrong  
*Astric'tion, s.* the act of contracting parts  
*Astri'de, ad.* across, with legs open  
*Astri'ng, v. a.* to draw together, to bind  
*Astrin'gent, a.* binding, contracting, bracing  
*Astro'graphy, s.* the art of describing stars  
*Astro'labe, s.* an instrument used to take the altitude of the sun or stars, at sea  
*Astro'loger, s.* one who pretends to foretel events by the aspects, &c. of the stars  
*Astro'logy, s.* the science of foretelling events by the stars, planets, &c.  
*Astronom'ical, a.* belonging to astronomy  
*Astronom'omy, s.* a science that teaches the knowledge of the heavenly bodies, their magnitudes, motions, distances, &c.  
*Astro-theol'ogy, s.* divinity formed on the observation of the celestial bodies  
*Asu'nder, ad.* separately, in two parts  
*Asy'lum, s.* a refuge, a place of protection  
*A'theism, s.* the disbelief of a God  
*A'theist, s.* one who disbelieves the existence of a God  
*Atheist'ical, a.* belonging to atheism, impious  
*Athir'st, ad.* dry, thirsty, in want of drink  
*Athlet'ic, a.* strong, lusty, bony, vigorous  
*Athwa'rt, ad.* across, through; wrong  
*Atlan'tes, s.* in architecture, the figures of men or beasts, supporting an edifice

*At'las, s.* a collection of maps; a rich kind of silk or stuff; a mountain in Africa  
*At'mosphere, s.* the air that encompasses the solid earth on all sides  
*At'om, At'omy, s.* an extreme small particle  
*Atom'ical, a.* consisting of atoms, minute  
*At'omist, s.* one who maintains the doctrine of the atomical philosophy  
*Ato'ne, v.* to agree, to satisfy, to answer for, to appease, to expiate  
*Ato'nement, s.* agreement, concord, expiation  
*Atrabila'rian, Atrabila'rious, a.* melancholy  
*Atrament'al, Atrament'ous, a.* inky, black  
*Atro'cious, a.* wicked, enormous, heinous  
*Atro'ciously, ad.* very wickedly, heinously  
*Atro'city, s.* horrible wickedness  
*Atro'phy, s.* a disease in which what is taken for food, cannot act as nourishment  
*Atta'ch, v. a.* to seize or lay hold on; to win or gain over; to fix one's interest  
*Attach'ment, s.* adherence, fidelity, regard  
*Atta'ck, s.* an assault on an enemy, an onset  
*Atta'ck, v. a.* to assault, to encounter, to impugn in any manner  
*Atta'in, v.* to gain, to overtake, to arrive at  
*Attain'able, a.* that which may be attained  
*Attain'd, s.* the act of attaining in law; taint, soil, disgrace  
*Attain'ment, s.* an acquisition, a quality  
*Atta'int, v. a.* to dishonour, to corrupt  
*Attemp'er, Attemp'erate, v. a.* to mingle, to soften, to regulate, to proportion  
*Attemp't, v. a.* to try, to endeavour, to essay  
*Atten'd, v.* to wait for, or give attendance to; to regard with attention; to accompany  
*Attend'ance, s.* the act of waiting on another  
*Attend'ant, s.* one who attends another—a. accompanying as consequential  
*Atten'tion, s.* the act of attending, close application of the mind to any thing  
*Atten'tive, a.* heedful, regardful, intent  
*Atten'uant, a.* making thin or slender  
*Atten'uate, v. a.* to make slender, to dilute  
*Atte'st, v. a.* to bear witness of, to invoke  
*Attest'a'tion, s.* testimony, witness, evidence  
*At'tic, a.* fine, elegant, just, elevated  
*Atti're, s.* clothes, dress, habits; a stag's horns  
*Atti're, v. a.* to dress, to habit, to array  
*At'titude, s.* posture, gesture, action  
*Attor'ney, s.* one who is deputed to act and be responsible for another, particularly in affairs of law  
*Attra'ct, v. a.* to allure, draw to, to entice  
*Attract'ion, s.* the power of drawing  
*Attract'ive, a.* inviting, alluring, enticing  
*Attrib'utable, a.* that which may be ascribed or imputed  
*At'tribute, s.* a quality inherent in a person or thing, as we say, omniscience, omnipresence, are attributes of God

**Attrib'ute, v. a.** to impute or ascribe to  
**Attrition, s.** the act of wearing things by rubbing one against another; slight grief for sin; the lowest degree of repentance  
**Attu'ne, v. a.** to tune, to make musical  
**Avail, v. a.** to profit, to promote, to assist  
**Available, a.** profitable, advantageous, valid  
**Avant'-guard, s.** the van or front of an army  
**Av'arice, s.** covetousness, niggardliness  
**Avar'cious, a.** covetous, greedy, mean  
**Av'a'st, ad.** hold, stop, stay, enough  
**Av'a'unt, interj.** begone; word of abhorrence  
**Au'bun, a.** brown, of a fine tan colour  
**Auc'tion, s.** a public sale of goods by bidding  
**Auctione'er, s.** the manager of an auction  
**Aucup'a'tion, s.** the act of bird-catching  
**Aud'a'cious, a.** impudent, daring, bold, saucy  
**Aud'a'ciousness, Auda'city, s.** boldness, impudence, spirit, rashness  
**Aud'ible, a.** that may be distinctly heard  
**Aud'ience, s.** an assemblage of persons to hear any thing; the reception of, or granting a hearing to a person; an interview  
**Au'dit, s.** a final account—*v.* to take a final account, to examine, to scrutinize  
**Au'ditors of the Exchequer, s.** officers who settle the Exchequer accounts  
**Au'ditory, s.** an assembly of hearers; a place where lectures, &c. are heard  
**Ave'nge, v. a.** to revenge, to punish  
**Ave'nu'e, s.** an entrance to a place; an alley or walk of trees leading to a house  
**Aver', v. a.** to affirm, to assert, to declare  
**Aver'age, s.** the mean, or medium of any given quantities; in commerce, a duty paid by merchants  
**Aver'ment, s.** establishment by evidence  
**Aver'nat, s.** a sort of grape  
**Ave're, a.** contrary to, not favourable to  
**Aver'sion, s.** hatred, dislike, antipathy  
**Ave'rt, v. a.** to turn aside, to keep off  
**Aug'er, s.** a carpenter's tool to bore holes with  
**Aught, pron.** any thing  
**Augme'nt, v. a.** to increase, to add, to enlarge  
**Augmen'ta'tion, s.** the act of increasing  
**Aug'ur, s.** a soothsayer or diviner—*v.* to guess, to conjecture by signs  
**Aug'ury, s.** the foretelling events to come by the flight, feeding, &c. of birds  
**Augu'st, a.** noble, grand, magnificent, holy  
**Aug'ust, s.** the eighth month in the year  
**Avi'ary, s.** a place inclosed to keep birds  
**Avid'ity, s.** greediness, eagerness, anxiousness  
**Aul'ic, a.** belonging to a court, royal  
**Auln, s.** a French measure containing 48 gallons; likewise in length an ell  
**Aunt, s.** a father's or mother's sister  
**Av'ocate, v. a.** to call away, to call from  
**Avoca'tion, s.** the act of calling off or aside  
**Av'o'id, v.** to shun, to escape, to retire  
**Avoirdupois, s.** a weight most commonly in use, containing 16 ounces to the pound  
**Avola'tion, s.** the act of flying away  
**Avouch, v. a.** to assert, to affirm, to justify—*s.* declaration, evidence  
**Avo'w, v. a.** to declare, to assert, to profess  
**Avow'al, s.** a positive or open declaration  
**Aurelia, s.** a term used for the first change of a maggot before it becomes a fly; chrysalis  
**Au'rtle, s.** the external ear; two appendages of the heart covering its two ventricles  
**Auric'u'la, s.** a very beautiful flower  
**Auric'u'lar, a.** within hearing, told in secret  
**Aurif'crous, a.** having or producing gold  
**Auro'ra, s.** poetically, the morning; an herb  
**Auro'ra Bore'a'lis, s.** a luminous meteor, frequently visible in the northern hemisphere, generally called *northern lights*  
**Au'spice, s.** an omen; protection, influence  
**Auspi'cious, a.** prosperous, fortunate, happy  
**Auste're, a.** severe, rigid, harsh, stern  
**Auster'i'ty, s.** severity, cruelty; mortified life, sourness of temper, harsh discipline  
**Au'stral, a.** tending to the south, southern  
**Authent'ic, a.** genuine, original, proveable  
**Authen'ticate, v. a.** to establish by proof  
**Authenti'city, s.** authority, genuineness  
**Au'thor, s.** the first beginner of a thing; the writer of a book, opposed to a compiler  
**Author'itative, a.** having authority, positive  
**Author'i'ty, s.** legal power, influence, rule  
**Author'ize, v. a.** to give authority, to justify  
**Autograph, s.** an original writing  
**Autom'aton, s.** a machine which possesses the power of motion without any continued assistance, as a clock, watch, &c.  
**Autom'atous, a.** having the power of motion in itself  
**Autop'sy, s.** ocular demonstration  
**Autop'tical, a.** perceived by one's own eyes  
**Autumn, s.** the third season of the year  
**Autum'nal, a.** belonging to autumn  
**Avul'sion, s.** pulling one thing from another  
**Auxil'iar'y, a.** helping, aiding, assisting  
**Auxil'iar'ies, s.** troops called upon, in virtue of a treaty, to assist another nation, &c.  
**Awa'it, v. a.** to expect, to wait for, to attend  
**Awa'ke, v.** to rouse from sleep, to put into new action—*a.* not sleeping, without sleep  
**Awa'rd, v.** to adjudge, to determine, to give  
**Awa'rd, s.** a sentence, a determination  
**Awa're, a.** vigilant, attentive, cautious  
**Awa'y, ad.** absent; let us go; begone  
**Awe, s.** dread, fear, respect, reverence  
**Aw'ful, a.** that which strikes with awe, or fills with reverence; terrible; worshipful  
**Aw'fulness, s.** quality of striking with awe  
**Awha'pe, v. a.** to strike, to confound  
**Awhile, ad.** for some space of time  
**Awk'ward, a.** unpolite, clumsy, unhandy

Awl, *s.* a sharp instrument to make holes  
Awme, *s.* a Dutch measure answering to  
what in England is called a tierce, or  
one-seventh of an English ton  
Awning, *s.* any covering spread over a ship  
or boat to keep off the heat or wet  
Aw'ke, the *preterite* from *awake*  
Awry, *ad.* obliquely, askew, unevenly  
Axe, *s.* an instrument used to chop wood  
Ax'iom, *s.* a maxim or proposition, which  
being self-evident, cannot be made plainer  
by demonstration

Ax'is, *s.* a real or imaginary line, which  
passes directly through the centre of any  
thing that revolves on it  
Ax'le, Ax'le-tree, *s.* the piece of timber on  
which the wheels of a carriage turn  
Ay, *ad.* yes, used to affirm the truth  
Aye, *ad.* always, for ever, once more  
Az'imuth, *s.* the azimuth of the sun or any  
star is an arch between the meridian of  
the place and any given vertical line; an  
astronomical instrument  
A'zure, *s.* light or faint blue; sky-coloured

## B.

**B**, THE second letter in the alphabet, is  
frequently used as an abbreviation,  
as in B. A. Bachelor of Arts, B. L. Ba-  
chelor of Laws

Baa, *v. n.* to bleat or cry like a sheep  
Ba'al, *s.* a Canaanitish idol  
Bab'ble, *v. n.* to talk idly, to tell secrets  
Bab'bler, *s.* an idle talkative person, a prattler  
Babe, Ba'by, *s.* a young child of either sex  
Baboo'n, *s.* a large species of monkey  
Bac'cated, *a.* beset with pearls; having berries  
Bachana'lian, *s.* a drunken riotous person  
Bac'chanals, *s.* drunken riots or revels  
Bach'elor, *s.* an unmarried man; one who  
takes his first degree at the university;  
a knight of the lowest order  
Back, *s.* the hinder part of a thing  
Back, *v. a.* to mount a horse; to second,  
to justify, to strengthen, to maintain  
Back/bite, *v. a.* to censure an absent person  
Back/biter, *s.* one who slanders secretly  
Back/ed, *part.* seconded, supported; mounted  
Backgam'mon, *s.* a game with dice and tables  
Backslid'er, *s.* an apostate  
Back/stays, *s.* ropes which keep the masts  
from pitching forward

Back/sword, *s.* a sword with one sharp edge  
Back/ward, *a.* unwilling, dull, sluggish  
Back/wardly, *ad.* unwillingly, sluggishly  
Ba'con, *s.* the flesh of an hog, salted and dried  
Bad, *a.* ill, wicked, hurtful, vicious, sick  
Bad, or Bade, *pret. of to bid*  
Badge, *s.* a mark or token of distinction  
Badger, *s.* an animal resembling a hog and  
dog; a man who buys and sells corn  
Bafile, *v. a.* to elude, deceive, to confound  
Bag, *s.* a sack; a purse; an ornament; an  
udder; a purse of silk tied to men's hair  
Bagat'tle, *s.* a thing of no import, a trifle  
Baggage, *s.* the luggage of an army; a  
term for a worthless woman  
Bagn'io, *s.* warm bath; house of ill fame

Bag'pipe, *s.* a Scotch musical instrument  
Bail, *s.* surety given for another's appearance  
Bail, *v. a.* to give bail, to admit to bail  
Ba'ilable, *a.* that may be set at liberty by bail  
Ba'iliff, *s.* an officer who puts in force an ar-  
rest; a land steward; a magistrate  
Ba'ilwick, *s.* the jurisdiction of a baillif  
Bait, *s.* a temptation; a refreshment; a lure  
Bait, *v.* to bait the hook in angling; to take  
refreshment on a journey; to set dogs upon  
Baize, *s.* a coarse kind of nappy cloth  
Bake, *v.* to harden by fire; to dress viands  
in an oven  
Bal'ance, *s.* a pair of scales; the difference  
of an account; the beating part of a  
watch; in astronomy, a constellation  
Bal'ance, *v.* to make equal, to settle; to  
hesitate, to fluctuate  
Balco'ny, *s.* a small gallery of wood or stone  
on the outside of a house  
Bald, *a.* without hair; inelegant, unadorned  
Bal'derdash, *s.* a rude mixture; confused or  
illiterate discourse  
Bald'ness, *s.* want of hair; nakedness  
Bal'dric, *s.* a girdle, a belt; the zodiac  
Bale, *s.* goods packed for carriage; misery  
Ba'leful, *a.* full of misery, sorrowful, sad  
Balk, *s.* disappointment; a great beam or  
rafter; a ridge of unploughed land  
Balk, Baulk, *v.* to disappoint of, to miss of  
Ball, *s.* any thing round; a globe; an enter-  
tainment of dancing  
Bal'lad, *s.* a common or trifling song, an air  
Bal'last, *s.* weight placed in the bottom of a  
ship, or any other body, to prevent its  
oversetting---*v.* to keep any thing steady  
Bal'let, *s.* an historical dance  
Ballo'on, *s.* a large vessel used in chymistry;  
a ball on the top of a pillar; a globe  
made of silk, &c. which, being inflated  
with gas, rises into the air with any weight  
attached to it, proportionate to its size

Bal'lot, *s.* a ball or ticket used in giving votes privately---*v.* *a.* to choose by ballot

Balm, *s.* the name of a plant---*v.* *a.* to sooth

Balm'y, *a.* having the qualities of balm; soothing, soft; fragrant, odoriferous

Bal'neary, *s.* a bathing room, bath

Bal'sam, *s.* an ointment; a shrub

Balsam'ic, *a.* mitigating, softening, healing

Bal'uster, *s.* a small pillar or column

Bal'ustrade, *s.* a row of small pillars

Bamboo', *s.* an Indian cane, or measure

Bamboo'zle, *v.* *a.* to trick, deceive, to cheat

Ban, *s.* a public notice; a curse, interdiction

Bana'na-tree, *s.* a kind of plantain

Band, *s.* a bandage or tie; an ornament worn round the neck; a company

Bandage, *s.* a fillet; a roller for a wound

Band'box, *s.* a thin slight box

Band'elet, *s.* in architecture, a flat moulding

Bandit'ti, *s.* outlaws, robbers, plunderers

Bandole'ers, *s.* small wooden cases, each of them containing powder that is a sufficient charge for a musket

Ban'dy, *v.* *a.* to toss to and fro, to give and take reciprocally; to contend at a game

Ban'dy, *a.* crooked---*s.* a crooked stick

Ban'dy-legged, *a.* having crooked legs

Bane, *s.* mischief, ruin, poison---*v.* to poison

Ba'neful, *a.* poisonous, hurtful

Bang, *s.* a blow, a thump---*v.* to beat

Ban'ians, *s.* a particular sect in India, who hold a metempsychosis, and abstain from animal food

Ban'ish, *v.* *a.* to send or drive away

Ban'ishment, *s.* transportation, exile

Bank, *s.* the side of a river; a little hill; a shoal in the sea; a repository where money is occasionally lodged

Bank-bill, *s.* a note for money in the bank

Bank'er, *s.* one who receives money in trust

Bank'rupt, *s.* one who being unable to satisfy his creditors, surrenders his effects

Bank'ruptcy, *s.* the state of a bankrupt

Ban/her, *s.* a military standard or flag

Ban/heret, *s.* a knight created in the field of battle

Bannia'n, *s.* a light undress, a morning gown

Ban/nock, *s.* a loaf or cake of oatmeal

Ban'quet, *s.* a grand entertainment of feasting

Ban/sticle, *s.* a very small prickly fish

Ban/ter, *v.* *a.* to rally, play upon, ridicule, jeer

Bant'ling, *s.* a young child, an infant

Baptism, *s.* the first sacrament of the Christian church, by which we are admitted to partake of all its privileges

Baptis'mal, *a.* relating to baptism

Baptist, Bapti'zer, *s.* one who christens

Baptistry, *s.* a font, or place for baptizing at

Bar, *v.* to secure, or fasten any thing with a bar; to hinder or obstruct

Bar, *s.* a long piece of wood or iron; the place assigned for lawyers to plead; a partition at which criminals are placed during trial; a shallow at the entrance of an harbour; a hinderance; in music, a perpendicular line through the note lines; a small room in a tavern, &c.

Barb, *s.* a Barbary horse; a beard; the points which stand backward in an arrow or fishing-hook

Barb, *v.* *a.* to furnish horses with armour; to shave the beard; to point an arrow

Barb'acan, *s.* a fortification before the walls of a town, an opening in the wall for guns

Barb'acue, *s.* a hog dressed whole with spices

Barb'arian, *s.* a rude, uncivilized person, a savage, a person without pity

Barbar'ic, *a.* foreign, far-fetched

Barb'arism, *s.* ignorance, inhumanity; an uncouth manner of speaking or writing

Barbar'ity, *s.* inhumanity, cruelty

Barb'arous, *a.* rude, uncivilized, ignorant, inhuman, cruel; unacquainted with arts

Barb'ed, *part. a.* furnished with armour; bearded or jagged with hooks

Barb'el, *s.* a large fish; superfluous fleshy knots growing in the mouth of a horse

Barb'er, *s.* one whose trade is to shave

Bar'berry-tree, *s.* the name of a prickly shrub

Bard, *s.* a poet

Bare, *a.* naked, poor, lean, unadorned

Bare/faced, *a.* shameless, impudent

Ba'rely, *ad.* nakedly; openly; merely

Bar/gain, *s.* a contract or agreement; a thing bought or sold; stipulation

Bar/gain, *v.* *n.* to make a contract for the sale or purchase of any thing

Barge, *s.* a large boat for pleasure or trade

Bari/l'a, *s.* potashes used in making glass

Bark, *s.* the rind of a tree; a small ship

Bark, *v.* to make a noise like a dog or wolf, to clamour at; to strip trees of their bark

Bark'er, *s.* one that clamours, a snarler

Barley, *s.* corn used in making beer

Barley-corn, *s.* a grain of barley, in measurement the third part of an inch

Barm, *s.* yeast, used to make drink ferment

Barn, *s.* a storehouse for corn, &c.

Barn'acle, *s.* a kind of shell-fish which adheres to wood, &c. in the water; a bird like a goose; an iron instrument to hold a horse by the nose during an operation of farriery

Barom'eter, *s.* an instrument to measure the weight of, and variations in, the atmosphere, in order chiefly to determine the changes of the weather

Baromet'rical, *a.* relating to a barometer

Bar'on, *s.* a rank in nobility next to a viscount; two sirloins of beef

Bar'oness, *s.* a baron's lady

Baronet, *s.* the lowest title that is hereditary, next in rank to a baron

Barony, *s.* the lordship whence a baron derives his title

Bar'oscope, *s.* an instrument to shew the weight of the atmosphere

Bar'rakan, *s.* a strong, thick kind of camelot

Bar'rack, *s.* a building to quarter soldiers in

Bar'rator, *s.* an encourager of lawsuits; a wrangler

Bar'fratry, *s.* foul practice in law; a fraud committed by seamen on merchants goods

Bar'rel, *s.* a round wooden vessel; the hollow tube of a gun; a cylinder

Bar'ren, *a.* unfruitful, not prolific, sterile, unmeaning, uninventive, dull

Bar'reness, *s.* sterility, want of invention

Barrica'de, *v. a.* to secure a place, to fortify

Barricade, Barrica'do, *s.* a fortification, an obstruction, a bar to prevent admittance

Bar'ri, *s.* a boundary, a defence, a bar to mark the limits of a place

Bar'rister, *s.* a pleader at the bar, an advocate

Barrow, *s.* a small hand carriage to convey fruit, herbs, &c. a small mount of earth under which bodies were anciently deposited; a hog

Barter, *v. a.* to give any thing in exchange

Barter, *s.* the act or practice of trafficking

Base, *s.* the foundation of any thing; a rustic play; the pedestal of a statue

Base, *a.* vile, mean, low; metal below the standard; in music, deep, grave

Base'ness, *s.* vileness, meanness; bastardy

Basha'w, *s.* a governor or viceroy under the grand seignior; a proud imperious person

Bash'ful, *a.* timid, modest, coy, shame-faced

Ba'sil, *s.* the name of a plant; the edge of a joiner's tool; a kind of leather

Ba'sil, *v. a.* to grind the edge of a tool

Basil'ic, *s.* a kind of ointment

Basil'isk, *s.* a kind of serpent, a cockatrice, said to kill by looking; a piece of ordnance

Ba'sin, Ba'son, *s.* a small vessel to hold water; a dock where ships may float in safety; a small pond

Ba'sis, *s.* the foundation of any thing; the lowest of the three principal parts of a column, which are the *basis*, *shaft*, and *capital*; the foot, the pedestal

Bask, *v.* to lie in the heat of the sun, or fire

Bask'et, *s.* a vessel made of twigs or rushes

Bass, *s.* a mat used to kneel on in churches ---*a.* in music, grave, deep

Bas'set, *s.* a certain game at cards

Bassoo'n, *s.* a musical wind instrument

Bass-relief, or Basso-relievo, *s.* raised work

Bastard, *s.* a child born out of wedlock

Bastardize, *v.* to declare a child illegitimate; to beget a bastard

Baste, *v. a.* to beat with a stick; to pour butter on meat whilst roasting; to sew in a slight manner

Bas'tile, *s.* formerly a state prison in France; it is now destroyed

Bastina'de, Bastina'do, *v. a.* to punish a person by striking the soles of his feet with a cudgel

Bas'tion, *s.* a huge mass of earth standing from a rampart; a bulwark, a fortress

Bass-viol, *s.* a fiddle for the bass

Bat, *s.* a flattened club to strike a ball with; an animal resembling a mouse, which flies with membranes distended like wings

Bat-fowling, bird-catching in the night-time

Batch, *s.* a quantity of any thing baked at one time; any quantity made at once

Bate, *v.* to lessen, to remit, to lower a price

Bath, *s.* a place to bathe in; a measure

Bathe, *v. a.* to wash in a bath; to soften

Bat'let, *s.* a square wooden instrument used for beating linen

Batoo'n, *s.* a staff or club; a truncheon borne by a marshal in an army

Battal'ia, *s.* battle array, order of battle

Battal'ion, *s.* a body of foot soldiers, in number from 500 to 800 men; a division of an army

Bat'ten, *s.* a narrow board; a scantling

Bat'ten, *v.* to fatten, to fertilize, to grow fat

Bat'ter, *s.* a mixture of flour, eggs, milk, and salt ---*v.* to beat, to beat down

Bat'tering-ram, *s.* a military engine, formerly used to batter down walls, having a head resembling a ram's

Bat'tery, *s.* a raised work on which cannons are mounted; in law, a violent assault

Bat'tle, *s.* a fight between fleets or armies

Bat'tic-array, *s.* a form or order of battle

Bat'tleaxe, *s.* a weapon like an axe; a bill

Bat'tledo, *s.* a flat instrument used to strike shuttlecocks with

Bat'tlement, *s.* a wall indented on the top of buildings; a breastwork

Baube'e, *s.* in Scotland a halfpenny

Bav'in, *s.* a bundle of small wood, a faggot

Bau'ble, *s.* a trifle, a trinket, a plaything

Bawl, *v.* to call out, cry out, to speak loud

Baw'rel, *s.* a kind of hawk

Bay, *s.* a road where ships may anchor; a tree; a term in architecture ---*a.* chesnut colour

Bay, *v.* to bark as a dog; to surround

Bay-salt, *s.* salt made from sea-water exposed to the sun, so named from its colour

Bay-tree, *s.* the female laurel

Ba'yonet, *s.* a dagger fixed to a musket

Bays, *s.* an honorary crown or garland

Bde'llium, *s.* an aromatic gum

Be, *v. n.* to have existence, to exist

Beach, *s.* the sea shore, the strand, the coast

**Bea'con**, *s.* an edifice on an eminence, where signs are made to direct seamen

**Bead**, *s.* a small glass ornament, with which necklaces, and monkish rosaries, are made; any globular body

**Be'tadle**, *s.* an inferior officer in a parish, university, or trading company

**Be'agle**, *s.* a small hound to hunt hares

**Beak**, *s.* the bill of a bird; a promontory

**Beak'er**, *s.* a cup with a spout formed like the beak of a bird

**Beam**, *s.* the principal piece of timber which supports a building; the balance of a pair of scales; a ray of light; the pole of a chariot; the horn of a stag

**Beam**, *v. n.* to emit rays or beams

**Bean**, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse

**Bear**, *s.* a rough, savage animal; a rude unpolished man; the name of two constellations, called the *greater* and *less* bear; in the tail of the *less* bear is the pole star

**Bear**, *v.* to carry a load, to support, to keep from falling; to carry in remembrance; to endure; to press; to be fruitful

**Beard**, *s.* hair which grows on the chin and lips; the barb of an arrow or hook

**Beard'less**, *a.* having no beard; youthful

**Bear'er**, *s.* a carrier of any thing, a supporter

**Bear'.garden**, *s.* any place of tumult

**Bear'ing**, *s.* the situation of any place, both as to distance and direction; gesture

**Beast**, *s.* an irrational animal; a brutal man

**Be'astly**, *a.* nasty, filthy, obscene

**Beat**, *v.* to strike; to conquer; to throb

**Beati'fic**, **Beati'fical**, *a.* blissful, the making happy or blessed, belonging to the happy

**Beati'fication**, *s.* an acknowledgment made by the Pope and his consistory, that the person beatified is in heaven, and may be reverenced as blessed

**Beatify**, *v.* to bless with celestial enjoyment

**Beat'ing**, *s.* correction by blows

**Beati'tude**, *s.* blessedness, happiness, felicity

**Beau**, *s.* a coxcomb, a fop, a man of dress

**Be'a'ver**, *s.* an animal, otherwise named the Castor, amphibious, and remarkable for his art in building his habitation; a hat made of its fur; the part of a helmet which covers the face

**Beau'teous**, **Beau'tiful**, *a.* fair, elegant, lovely

**Beau'tifully**, *ad.* in a beautiful manner

**Beau'tify**, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish

**Beau'ty**, *s.* that assemblage of graces which pleases the eye; a beautiful person

**Beca'fco**, *s.* a small bird, the fig-eater

**Beca'use**, *conf.* on this account that, for this reason that

**Beca'lm**, *v. a.* to still, to quiet the mind

**Beca'me**, the preterite of *become*

**Beck**, *s.* a sign with the hand or head, a nod

**Beck'on**, *v. n.* to make a sign with the hand

**Becu'me**, *v.* to be fit, to be suitable to the person; to enter into some state

**Becom'ing**, *a.* graceful, pleasing, elegant

**Beconom'ingness**, *s.* elegant congruity

**Bed**, *s.* a place to sleep on; a division in a garden in which seeds are sown; the channel of a river; a layer, a stratum

**Bedab'ble**, *v. a.* to besprinkle, to wet

**Bedag'gle**, **Bedrag'gle**, *v. a.* to trail in the dirt

**Beda'wb**, *v. a.* to dawb, to besmear

**Bed'ding**, *s.* the materials belonging to a bed

**Bede'ck**, *v. a.* to deck, to adorn, to embellish

**Bede'w**, *v. a.* to moisten gently as with dew

**Bede'house**, *s.* an hospital or alms-house

**Bed'lam**, *s.* an hospital for lunatics

**Bed'lamite**, *s.* a madman, a noisy person

**Bed'rid**, *a.* confined to the bed by violent sickness or extreme old age

**Bed'stand**, *s.* the frame which supports a bed

**Bee**, *s.* an insect which produces honey; an industrious, careful person

**Beech**, *s.* the name of a large tree

**Beech'en**, *a.* consisting of the wood of beech

**Beef**, *s.* the flesh of an ox, bull, or cow

**Beef-eater**, *s.* a yeoman of the guard

**Beer**, *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops

**Beet**, *s.* the name of a garden plant

**Bee'tle**, *s.* an insect; a large heavy mallet

**Beeves**, *s.* black cattle, oxen

**Befa'l**, *v. n.* to happen, to come to pass

**Befi't**, *v. a.* to be suitable to, to become

**Befo're**, *prep.* further onward, not behind; in the presence of; prior to, sooner

**Befo'rehand**, *ad.* in a state of anticipation, previously, at first

**Befo'ul**, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty, to make foul

**Befrie'nd**, *v. a.* to favour, to be kind to

**Beg**, *v.* to ask alms, to entreat, to petition

**Bege't**, *v. a.* to generate, to produce

**Beg'gar**, *s.* one who lives by begging

**Beg'garly**, *a.* in want, stingy---*ad.* meanly

**Beg'gary**, *s.* great want, indigence, poverty

**Begi'n**, *v.* to enter upon, to commence

**Begin'ning**, *s.* the first original or cause, the first part, the rudiments or first grounds

**Begi'rd**, *v. a.* to gird, bind round, shut up

**Bego'ne**, *interj.* get away! go hence!

**Bego't**, **Begot'ten**, *part. pass.* of to *beget*

**Begri'me**, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty with soot

**Beguile**, *v. a.* to cheat, to impose on, to amuse, to deceive pleasingly, to evade

**Begu'n**, *part. pass.* of to *begin*

**Beha'lf**, *s.* favour, support, vindication

**Beha've**, *v. n.* to demean, to act, to conduct

**Beha'viour**, *s.* conduct, course of life

**Beh'e'ad**, *v. a.* to kill by cutting off the head

**Beh'e'ld**, *part. pass.* from to *behold*

**Behe'moth**, *s.* the river horse; hippopotamus

**Behe'st**, *s.* a command, order, precept

Behi'nd, *prep.* at the back of another, following another, remaining after another's departure; inferior to another  
 Behi'ndhand, *ad.* late in time, in arrears  
 Behol'd, *v. a.* to look upon, to view, to see  
 —*interj.* see! lo!  
 Behol'd'en, *part. a.* obliged in gratitude  
 Behop'f, *s.* profit, advantage  
 Behoo've, Beho've, *v. n.* to be fit, to become  
 Be'ing, *s.* existence; a particular state or condition; the person existing  
 Belabour, *v. a.* to beat soundly, to thump  
 Bela'ted, *a.* too late, benighted  
 Bela'y, *v. a.* to lay wait for; with seamen, to make fast a rope  
 Belch, *v. n.* to eject wind from the stomach  
 Bel'dam, *s.* a hag, a scolding woman  
 Belague'r, *v. a.* to besiege, to block up  
 Bell'fry, *s.* a place where bells hang  
 Beli'e, *v. a.* to slander, to calumniate  
 Belief, *s.* persuasion, opinion; creed; a form containing the articles of faith  
 Believe', *v.* to credit, to trust, to think true  
 Belie'ver, *s.* a professor of christianity  
 Bell'ke, *ad.* probably, perhaps, likely  
 Bell, *s.* a hollow sounding vessel  
 Belle, *s.* a gay, dressy young woman  
 Belles-*Let'tres*, *s.* polite literature  
 Bell'i'grent, *a.* engaged in war  
 Bell metal, *s.* a mixture of copper and pewter  
 Bell'low, *v. n.* to roar like a bull, or the sea; to clamour, to vociferate  
 Bell'ows, *s.* an instrument to blow the fire  
 Belly, *s.* the lower part of the body  
 Bel'man, *s.* he whose business it is to proclaim any thing in towns, and to gain attention by ringing his bell  
 Belo'ng, *v. n.* to appertain to, to be the property of, to have relation to  
 Beloved, *a.* lovely, dear to, valued much  
 Below', *ad.* lower in place, inferior  
 Belt, *s.* a girdle, a sash, a cincture  
 Belw'ether, *s.* a sheep which leads the flock with a bell on his neck  
 Bemi're, *v. a.* to soil, to daub with mire  
 Bemo'an, *v. a.* to lament, to bewail  
 Bench, *s.* a seat to sit on; a tribunal of justice; justices sitting on the bench  
 Bench'er, *s.* a senior in the inns of court  
 Bend, *v. a.* to crook, to bow; to subdue  
 Bend'able, *a.* that which may be incurvated  
 Bene'ath, *prep.* under, lower in place, lower in excellence; unworthy of  
 Benedict'ine, *s.* a monk of that order, named after its founder St. Benedict  
 Benedict'ion, *s.* a blessing; an acknowledgment for blessings received  
 Benefaction, *s.* a charitable gift, a benefit  
 Benefac'tor, Benefac'tress, *s.* a man or woman who does acts of kindness, a patron

Ben'efice, *s.* a church living, a benefit  
 Benefi'cence, *s.* generosity, active goodness  
 Benefi'cent, *a.* kind, obliging, doing good  
 Benefi'cial, *a.* advantageous, useful  
 Benefi'ciary, *s.* one who holds a benefice  
 Ben'efit, *s.* kindness, advantage, use  
 Benevolence, *s.* disposition to good; charity  
 Benevol'ent, *a.* kind, good, affectionate  
 Benga'l, *s.* a slight Indian cotton  
 Beni'ghted, *part.* overtaken by the night  
 Beni'gn, *a.* kind, generous, wholesome  
 Benig'nty, *s.* graciousness, kindness  
 Beni'son, *s.* a blessing, a benediction  
 Bent, *s.* the state of being bent; declivity; inclination, disposition, fixed purpose  
 Benu'mb, *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify  
 Ben'zoin, *s.* a medicinal kind of resin, vulgarly called benjamin  
 Beque'ath, *v. a.* to give by will, to leave  
 Beque'st, *s.* something left by will  
 Bere'ave, *v. a.* to deprive of; to take away  
 Ber'gamot, *s.* a kind of pear; an essence or perfume; a sort of scented snuff  
 Ber'gnote, *s.* a court held to determine matters relating to mines and miners  
 Berlin, *s.* a coach of a particular construction, first used at Berlin  
 Ber'nardines, *s.* an order of monks, so named from their founder St. Bernard  
 Ber'fry, *s.* a small fruit of several kinds  
 Ber'yl, *s.* a precious stone of a greenish cast  
 Besee'ch, *v. a.* to beg, to entreat, to implore  
 Bese'em, *v. n.* to become, to befit  
 Beset', *v. a.* to waylay, to perplex, to harass  
 Beshre'w, *v.* to curse, to happen ill to  
 Besi'de, Besi'des, *pr.* over and above, near  
 Besie'ge, *v. a.* to beleaguer, to lay siege to  
 Besme'ar, *v. a.* to soil, to daub or smear over  
 Besmu't, *v. a.* to blacken with smut  
 Be'som, *s.* a broom to sweep with  
 Beso't, *v. a.* to infatuate, stupify with liquor  
 Bespan'gle, *v. a.* to decorate with spangles  
 Bespat'ter, *v. a.* to splash with dirt; to slander, to asperse with reproach  
 Bespe'ak, *v. a.* to order, to address, to shew  
 Bespo't, *v. a.* to mark with spots, to variegate  
 Besprin'kle, *v. a.* to sprinkle over, to moisten  
 Best, *a.* most good, most preferable  
 Besti'al, *a.* like a beast, brutish, carnal  
 Besti'r, *v. a.* to move quickly, to hasten  
 Besto'w, *v. a.* to apply, to confer upon  
 Bestre'w, *v. a.* to strew or scatter about  
 Bestri'de, *v. a.* to get across any thing  
 Bet, *s.* a wager—*v.* to lay a wager  
 Beta'ke, *v. a.* to take, to have recourse to  
 Bethi'nk, *v. n.* to recollect, to reflect  
 Beti'de, *v. n.* to happen, to befall, to come  
 Beti'mes, *ad.* early, soon, seasonably  
 Be'tle, *s.* an Indian plant, called water pepper  
 Beto'ken, *v. a.* to signify, to foreshew

Bet'ony, *s.* the name of a plant

Betra'y, *v. a.* to deliver up treacherously; to divulge a secret, to discover

Betro'th, *v. a.* to give or receive a contract of marriage; to affiance

Bet'ter, *a.* superior, improved, more good

Betwe'en, Betwi'xt, *prep.* in the middle

Bev'el, *s.* in masonry, a kind of square rule

Bev'erage, *s.* drink, liquor to be drunk

Bev'y, *s.* a flock of birds; a company

Bewa'il, *v. a.* to bemoan, to lament

Bewa're, *v. n.* to be cautious, to take care of

Bewil'der, *v. a.* to mislead, to puzzle

Bewi'tch, *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft, to charm, to fascinate, to please irresistibly

Bewra'y, *v. a.* to discover, to betray

Bey, *s.* a Turkish governor

Beyo'nd, *prep.* farther onward than, remote from, on the farther side of, above

Bez'el, Bez'il, *s.* that part of a ring in which the diamond or stone is fixed

Bez'oar, *s.* a medicinal stone from the East

Bezoar'die, *a.* compounded with bezoar

Bian'gulous, *a.* having two corners or angles

Bi'as, *s.* inclination, bent; a weight lodged on one side of a bowl; propensity

Bi'as, *v. a.* to prepossess, to incline partially

Bib, *s.* a piece of linen to pin before a child

Biba'cious, *a.* much addicted to drinking

Bib'ber, *s.* a tippler, a toper, a sot

Bible', *s.* the sacred volume in which are contained the revelations of God

Bib'lical, *a.* relating to the bible or divinity

Bib'ulous, *a.* spungy, that drinks moisture

Bice, *s.* a blue colour used in painting

Bick'er, *v. n.* to skirmish, to wrangle

Bid, *v.* to command; to offer a price

Bid'den, *part.* invited, commanded

Bid'der, *s.* one who offers or proposes a price

Bid'ding, *s.* a command, order, charge

Bide, *v.* to dwell, to continue, to endure

Bident'al, *a.* having two teeth

Bid'ing, *s.* an abode, residence, stop, stay

Bien'cial, *a.* continuing for two years

Bier, *s.* a frame used for carrying the dead

Bie'stings, *s.* the first milk after calving

Bifa'rious, *a.* twofold, double; doubtful

Biferous, *a.* bearing fruit twice a year

Bif'id, Bif'dated, *a.* opening with a cleft

Big, *a.* large, great, swoln, pregnant

Big'am'y, *s.* having two wives at once

Big'gin, *s.* a kind of cap for a child

Big'ot, *s.* a zealot, one devoted to a party

Big'otry, *s.* blind zeal, superstition

Bil'ander, *s.* a small vessel, broad and flat, used for the carriage of goods

Bil'berries, *s.* small purple-coloured berries

Bil'boes, *s.* a sort of stocks on board a ship

Bile, *s.* a thick bitter liquor collected in the gall bladder; a painful swelling

Bilge, *s.* the breadth of a ship's bottom

Bil'lingsgate, *s.* foul language, a scold

Bil'ious, *a.* full of bile, choleric

Bilk, *v. a.* to cheat, to over-reach, to defraud

Bill, *s.* the beak of a bird; a kind of hatchet; an account of money; an act of parliament; an advertisement

Bill of exchange, *s.* a note which authorises the bearer to demand a sum of money at a certain place

Bill of parcels, *s.* an account delivered by the seller, to the buyer, of goods

Bill, *v.* to caress; to kiss as doves; to publish

Bill'et, *s.* a small log of wood; a note, a letter; a small paper

Bill'et, *v. a.* to quarter soldiers

Billet-doux, *s.* a short love-letter, a card

Billiards, *s.* a game with balls and sticks

Bil'low, *s.* a large hollow rolling wave

Bin, *s.* a repository for wine, corn, &c

Bi'rary, *a.* double; two and two

Bind, *v.* to confine with bonds, to oblige by stipulation; to make costive; to contract

Bind, *s.* a species of hops; a quantity

Bind'ing, *s.* a fastening; covering of books with leather; a bandage

Bi'nocle, *s.* a telescope with two tubes, through which an object may be seen with both eyes

Binoc'ular, *a.* having two eyes

Biog'raper, *s.* a writer of persons lives

Biog'raphy, *s.* a history or writing of lives

Bi'parous, *a.* bringing forth two at a birth

Bi'partite, *a.* divided or cleft in two parts

Bi-partition, *s.* the act of dividing in two

Bi'ped, *s.* an animal having only two feet

Biped'al, *a.* two feet in length

Bipen'ated, *a.* having two wings

Bipet'alous, *a.* consisting of two flower-leaves

Birch, *s.* a tree common in England; a rod

Bird, *s.* a name applied to all fowls

Birdlime, *s.* a glutinous substance used to entangle the feet of small birds

Bir'gander, *s.* a fowl of the goose kind

Birt, *s.* a fish resembling a turbot

Birth, *s.* the act of coming into life; lineage; extraction; rank inherited by descent

Birth'right, *s.* the rights and privileges to which a person is born

Birth'wort, *s.* the name of a plant

Bis'cuit, *s.* a kind of hard flat bread, &c.

Bise'ct, *v. a.* to divide into two equal parts

Bish'op, *s.* one of the head order of the clergy who has the charge of a diocese; a liquor composed of oranges, wine, s'gar, &c.

Bish'opric, *s.* the diocese of a bishop

Bis'muth, *s.* a hard, white, brittle mineral

Bissex'tile, *s.* leap year; every fourth year

Bis'son, *a.* blind, deprived of sight

Bis'toury, *s.* a chirurgical incision knife

Bisul'cous, *a.* cloven-footed

Bit, *s.* the iron mouth-piece of a bridle ; a small piece of any thing ; a Spanish silver coin, value seven-pence halfpenny

Bit, *s.* the act of a fish that takes the bait ; a cheat, trick ; a sharper ; seizure by the teeth

Bit, *v. a.* to separate or pierce with the teeth ; to cut, to wound ; to cheat ; to trick

Bitt'acle, *s.* a frame of timber in the steerage, where the compass is placed

Bitter, *a.* of a hot, acrid, and biting taste ; sharp, cruel, severe, keen, satirical

Bittern, *s.* a bird of the heron kind

Bitterness, *s.* a bitter taste ; malice ; grief

Bitu'men, *s.* a fat, unctuous matter

Bitu'minous, *a.* compounded of bitumen

Bi'zantine, *s.* a piece of gold, valued at 15*l.* which the king offereth on high festivals

Blab, *v.* to tell a secret, to tattle, to tell tales

Black, *a.* dark, cloudy, mournful, wicked

Black, *s.* a negro ; the dark colour ; mourning

Black'en, *v. a.* to make black ; to defame

Black'guard, *s.* a dirty fellow ; a scoundrel

Black'rod, *s.* the usher belonging to the Order of the Garter ; he is usher of parliament

Black'smith, *s.* a smith who works in iron

Blad'der, *s.* urinary vessel ; a bag ; a pustule

Blade, *s.* the spire of grass before it seeds ; the green shoots of corn ; the sharp or cutting part of an instrument ; a gay man

Blain, *s.* a pustule, an ulcer, a boil, a blister

Blame, *s.* imputation of a fault, offence

Blame, *v. a.* to censure, to reproach

Blame'able, *a.* deserving censure, guilty

Blame'less, *a.* innocent, guiltless, upright

Blanch, *v.* to whiten ; to peel almonds ; to evade, to shift ; to omit, to obliterate

Blane, *a.* soft, mild, gentle, kind

Blandish, *v. a.* to smooth ; to wheedle

Blandish'ment, *s.* soft speeches, flattery

Blank, *s.* a void space ; a disappointment

Blank, *a.* white, unwritten ; dull, confused

Blank-verse, *s.* verse without rhyme

Blank'et, *s.* a woollen cover for a bed ; a pear

Blasphem'e, *v. a.* to speak blasphemy

Blasphem'ous, *v.* very profane, very wicked

Blasphemously, *ad.* impiously, irreverently

Blasphem'y, *s.* indignity offered to God

Blast, *s.* a gust of wind ; the sound made by a wind instrument of music ; a blight which damages trees, corn, &c.

Blast, *v. a.* to injure, to wither, to blight

Bla'taht, *a.* bellowing, as a calf ; noisy

Blaze, *s.* a flame, the light of a flame ; a white mark on a horse ; a publication

Blaze, *v.* to flame, to publish, to blazon

Bla'zon, Blaz'ony, *s.* the art of heraldry

Bla'zon, *v. a.* to explain figures on ensigns armorial ; to deck, to embellish ; to make public ; to celebrate

Bleach, *v.* to whiten, to grow white

Ble'ached, *part.* whitened, made white

Bleak, *a.* cold, chilly, pale—*s.* a fish

Blear, *a.* watery, dim, obscure, weak

Blear'eyed, *a.* having sore eyes ; inflamed

Bleat, *v. n.* to cry like a sheep

Bleed, *v.* to lose blood ; to let blood

Blem'ish, *s.* a spot or stain ; a deformity

Blem'ish, *v. a.* to defame, to injure

Blench, *v. n.* to shrink or fly off ; to obstruct

Blend, *v. a.* to mix, to mingle, to confound

Bless, *v. a.* to wish happiness to another

Bless'ed, Blest', *part.* happy, tasting felicity

Blessing, *s.* a good wish, divine favour

Blight, *s.* a mildew—*v. a.* to blast ; to hinder from fertility ; to spoil

Blind, *a.* dark, deprived of sight, obscure

Blind, *s.* any thing which is placed to intercept the sight ; a false pretence

Blind'ness, *s.* a want of sight ; ignorance

Blind'fold, *a.* having the eyes covered

Blind-worm, *s.* a small venomous viper

Blink, *v. n.* to wink ; to see obscurely

Blink'ard, *s.* one who has weak eyes

Bliss, *s.* the highest degree of happiness ; happiness of blessed souls ; great joy

Bliss'ful, *a.* very happy, full of joy, glad

Blister, *s.* a rising in the skin ; a plaster

Blister, *v.* to apply a blister ; rise in blisters

Blithe, Blith'some, *a.* gay, merry, sprightly

Blot, *v.* to swell, to grow puffy

Bloat'edness, *s.* turgidness, swelling

Block, *s.* a large heavy piece of wood ; a piece of marble ; a stupid fellow ; a pulley

Block, *v. a.* to shut up, to enclose

Blocka'de, *s.* a siege carried on by surrounding a place to prevent any relief

Block'head, *s.* a stupid person, a dunce

Block'tin, *s.* unadulterated tin ; the best tin

Blood, *s.* the red fluid that circulates thro' the body ; kindred, lineage ; a rake

Blood'hound, *s.* a hound of an exquisite scent

Blood'shed, *s.* the crime of murder, slaughter

Blood'shot, *a.* filled with blood ; red

Blood'y, *a.* stained with blood ; sanguinary

Bloom, *s.* the blossom or flower of a tree ; the prime of life ; a native flush on the cheek ; the blue that appears on some fruit

Bloom, Bloom'som, *v. n.* to produce blossoms

Bloom'ing, Bloom'y, *a.* youthful ; floriferous

Blossom, *s.* the flowers of trees or plants

Blot, *s.* a blur, a spot—*v.* to disgrace, to stain

Blotch, *s.* a pimple, a pustule on the skin

Blow, *s.* stroke ; a sudden event ; the act of a fly, by which she lodges eggs in meat

Blow, *v.* to pant or breathe hard ; to put forth flowers ; to sound a musical instrument ; to swell ; to drive by the force of wind

Blowze, *s.* a ruddy fat wench, a slattern

Blowz'y, *a.* sunburnt, ruddy-faced

Blubber, *s.* the fat of a whale, &c.

Blub'ber, *v.* to swell the cheeks with weeping

Blud'geon, *s.* a weapon, a short thick stick

Blue, *a.* sky-coloured—*s.* an original colour

Blue'ness, *s.* the quality of being blue

Bluff, *a.* stern, blustering, fierce; large

Blun'der, *s.* a mistake, a gross oversight

Blun'der, *v. n.* to mistake grossly; to err

Blun'derbuss, *s.* a short wide gun discharged with many bullets at a time

Blunt, *a.* dull, rough, rude, unpolite, abrupt

Blunt, *v. a.* to dull the edge of a point

Blunt'ly, *ad.* rudely, plainly, roughly

Blunt'ness, *s.* a want of edge; rudeness

Blur, *s.* a spot, stain, imperfection

Blurt, *v. a.* to blab out, to speak heedlessly

Blush, *v.* to betray shame or confusion by a red colour in the cheeks; to colour

Blush, *s.* colour of the cheeks raised by shame, &c. red or purple colour; sudden appearance

Blus'ter, *v. n.* to roar, to hector, to swagger

Blus'terer, *s.* a noisy person, a swaggerer

Blus'trous, *a.* noisy, tumultuous, harsh

Boar, *s.* the male of all sorts of swine

Board, *s.* a flat piece of wood; a court held

Board, *v.* to pave with boards; to enter a ship by force; to pay for lodgings and eating

Board'er, *s.* one who pays to diet with another

Boardwa'ges, *s.* an allowance for victuals

Boar'ish, *a.* rude, rough, cruel, brutish

Boast, *s.* a proud speech, a brag, a bounce

Boast, *v.* to brag, to glory in, to exult

Bo'aster, *s.* a braggart, a puffer, a swaggerer

Bo'astful, *a.* proud, haughty, vain

Boast'ingly, *ad.* ostentatiously, vainly

Boat, *s.* a small vessel used on rivers, &c.

Bo'atman, *s.* a manager of a boat

Bo'atswain, *s.* an inferior officer who superintends a ship's rigging, anchors, &c. and overlooks the sailors in their sundry duties

Bob, *v.* to dodge, to cheat, to dangle

Bob'bin, *s.* a small wooden instrument with which lace is made

Bob'tailed, *a.* having the tail cut short

Bode, *v. a.* to foreshew, portend

Bo'dement, *s.* an omen, a foreboding

Bo'dice, *s.* a sort of stays for women

Bo'diless, *a.* wi' hout a body; spiritual; pure

Bo'dily, *a.* relating to the body; actual, real

Bo'd/kin, *s.* an instrument to draw thread through a loop

Bo'd'y, *s.* matter as opposed to spirit; a person; a collective mass; a corporation

Bo'dycloaths, *s.* cloathing for horses

Bog, *s.* a marsh, a fen, a morass, a swamp

Bog'gle, *v. n.* to start, to hesitate, to waver

Bog'gler, *s.* a doubter, a timorous man

Bohe'a, *s.* a tea more astringent than green

Boil, *v.* to be agitated by heat; to dress

Boil'ed, *part.* dressed in boiling water

Boil'er, *s.* a vessel for boiling water, &c.

Bois'terous, *a.* loud, furious, stormy

Bois'terously, *ad.* violently; very loudly

Bold, *a.* daring, impudent, licentious, stout

Bold'en, *v. a.* to make bold or confident

Bold'ly, *ad.* in a bold manner, bravely

Bold'ness, *s.* courage, impudence, confidence

Bole, *s.* earth; a corn measure of six bushels

Boll, *s.* round stalk or stem; a bowl

Boll, *v. n.* to rise in a stalk; to swell out

Bo'lster, *s.* a large pillow; a long cushion

Bo'lster, *v. a.* to support; to pad; compress

Bolt, *s.* the bar of a door; an arrow

Bolt, *v.* to fasten; to sift; to spring out

Bolt'er, *s.* a sieve to separate meal from bran

Bol'lus, *s.* a large pill; a kind of earth

Bomb, *s.* a globe of iron containing combustibles, &c. to be discharged from a morta

Bom'bard, *s.* a great gun; a barrel for wine

Bomba'rd, *v. a.* to attack with bombs

Bombardie'r, *s.* a bomb engineer

Bombard'ment, *s.* an attack with bombs

Bombasi'n, *s.* slight black silken stuff

Bomba'st, *a.* high sounding—*s.* fustian

Bombula'tion, *s.* a great sound, a hum

Bomb'ketch, *s.* a ship for bombs

Bonas'us, *s.* a kind of buffalo

Bond, *s.* any written obligation; captivity

Bond, *a.* in a servile state; enslaved, capti

Bond'age, *s.* captivity, slavery, imprisonment

Bond'man, Bond'maid, *s.* a male or female slave

Bonds'man, *s.* one bound for another

Bone, *s.* the most solid part of the body

Bo'nelace, *s.* a coarse kind of lace; flaxen lace

Bone'less, *a.* having no bones; limp, tender

Bon'fire, *s.* a fire made for triumph

Bon'net, *s.* a covering for the head, a cap

Bon'nily, *ad.* prettily, gaily, handsomely

Bon'ny, *a.* handsome, beautiful, merry, gay

Bonum Magnum, *s.* a great plum

Bo'ny, *a.* strong, stout, full of bone

Boo'by, *s.* a dull stupid fellow; a large bird

Book, *s.* a volume in which we read or write a particular part or division of a work

Book'binder, *s.* one who binds books

Book'ish, *a.* much given to reading, studious

Book'keeper, *s.* one who keeps accounts

Book'keeping, *s.* the art of keeping accounts

Book'mate, *s.* a school-fellow

Book'seller, *s.* a vendor of books by profession

Book'worm, *s.* a close student; a mite

Boom, *s.* a strong fortification of wood or iron laid across the mouth of an harbour; a long pole used to spread the clue of the studding sail

Boon, *s.* a gift, a present, a grant; a prayer

Boon, *a.* gay, merry, pleasant, cheerful

Boor, *s.* a clown, a lout, a rude man

Boor'ish, *a.* rustic, clownish, rude

Boose, *s.* a stall for a cow or ox to feed in

Boot, *v.* to profit, to gain; to put on boots

Boot, *s.* profit, advantage, booty; part of a coach; covering for the legs  
 Booth, *s.* a stall or tent erected in a fair  
 boot'less, *a.* useless, unavailing, vain  
 boot'y, *s.* plunder, pillage, spoil  
 ora'chio, *s.* a drunkard; a leathern bottle  
 ora'mez, *s.* the vegetable lamb, generally known by the name of Agnus Scythicus  
 o/rax, *s.* an artificial salt, prepared from sal ammoniac, nitre, calcined tartar, sea salt, and alum, dissolved in wine  
 border, *s.* an edging; a side, a boundary  
 border'er, *s.* an inhabitant near the borders  
 bore, *s.* the hollow of a pike or gun  
 bore, *v. a.* to make a hole, to pierce  
 bore'al, *a.* northern, tending to the north  
 bore'as, *s.* the north wind  
 bore'e, *s.* a French dance  
 bo'er, *s.* a gimlet; one who bores  
 born, *part.* brought into the world, bred  
 borne, *part.* carried, brought, supported  
 bor'ough, *s.* a corporation town  
 bor'row, *v. a.* to ask a loan; take on credit  
 bor'rower, *s.* one who borrows from another  
 bos'cage, *s.* a wood, a grove, woodlands  
 besk'y, *a.* woody, rough, swelled  
 bos'om, *s.* the breast; the heart; an inclosure  
 bos'om, *v. a.* to inclose in the bosom  
 boss, *s.* a stud, a knob, a raised work  
 botan'ic, Botan'ical, *a.* relating to herbs  
 bot'anist, *s.* a person skilled in herbs  
 bot'any, *s.* the knowledge of plants; that part of natural history which relates to vegetables  
 botch, *s.* an ulcerous swelling  
 botch, *v. a.* to mend clumsily, to patch  
 botch'er, *s.* one who mends old clothes  
 both, *a.* the two, of two—ad. as well  
 bot'tle, *s.* a vessel to contain liquids  
 bot'tom, *s.* the lowest part of any thing; a dale; a valley; the foundation  
 bot'tomless, *a.* unfathomable, without bottom  
 bot'tomy, *s.* money borrowed on a ship  
 boud, *s.* an insect which breeds in malt  
 bough, *s.* an arm of a tree, a branch  
 bought, *pret. of to buy*—s. a knot, a flexure  
 bougie', *s.* a wax-taper; an instrument  
 bounce, *v. n.* to leap, to spring; to bully  
 boun'cer, *s.* a boaster, a bully; a lie  
 bound, *s.* bound'ary, *s.* a limit, a mark, an end  
 bound, *v.* to jump, spring, fly back; to limit  
 bound, *a.* destined for, going to  
 bound'less, *a.* unlimited, infinite, unconfined  
 bound'stone, *s.* a stone to play with  
 bount'eous, Bount'ful, *a.* liberal, generous  
 bount'eously, Boun'tifully, *ad.* liberally  
 boun'ty, *s.* generosity, munificence  
 boun'geon, *v. n.* to sprout, to bud, to shoot  
 bourn, *s.* a bound, limit; brook; torrent  
 bouse, or boose, *v. n.* to drink to excess  
 bous'y, *a.* muddled with liquor, drunk  
 bout, *s.* a trial, an essay, an attempt  
 Bou'tefeu, *s.* an incendiary; a disturber  
 bow, *s.* an inclination of the body in token of respect; an instrument to shoot arrows; a knot made with a ribbon  
 bow, *v.* to bend, to stoop, to crush  
 bow'elless, *a.* cruel, unfeeling, merciless  
 bow'els, *s.* the intestinal parts of the body; compassion, tenderness  
 bow'er, *s.* an arbour in a garden; an anchor  
 bow'cry, *a.* shady, retired, cool  
 bowl, *s.* the hollow of a cup or glass; a vessel to make punch in; a wooden ball  
 bowl, *v.* to play at bowls; to roll, trundle  
 bow'legged, *a.* having crooked legs  
 bowl'ers, *s.* one who bowls, or plays at bowls  
 bow'line, *s.* the name of a ship's rope  
 bow'ling-green, *s.* a level green for bowlers  
 bow'man, *s.* an archer; shooter with bows  
 bow'sprit, *s.* the mast that projects in a sloping direction from a ship's head  
 bow'string, *s.* the string used for a bow  
 bow'yer, *s.* an archer; a maker of bows  
 box, *s.* a case made of wood; a blow  
 box, *v. a.* to strike; to pack in a box  
 box'er, *s.* one who fights with the fist  
 boy, *s.* a male child, a youth  
 boy'ish, *a.* childish, simple, like a boy  
 boy'ishness, Boy'ism, *s.* childishness, play  
 brabble, *s.* a clamour, a broil—v. n. to contest  
 brace, *s.* a bandage; tightness; pair; a line  
 brace, *v. a.* to bind, to tighten, to strain up  
 bra'ced, *part.* bound, made tight, strained up  
 bra'celet, *s.* an ornament for the wrists  
 bra'ccr, *s.* a bandage; any thing that tightens  
 bra'cial, *a.* belonging to the arm  
 brachyg'raphy, *s.* the art or practice of writing in a short compass  
 brack, *s.* a breach, a crack—v. a. to salt  
 brack'et, *s.* a small support made of wood  
 brack'ish, *a.* saltish, like sea water  
 Brad, *s.* a thin sort of nails used in floors  
 Brag, *s.* a boast; a game at cards  
 Brag, *v. n.* to boast, to swagger, to puff  
 braggado'cio, *s.* a boaster, a swaggerer  
 Brag'gart, Brag'ger, *s.* a vain puffing fellow  
 braid, *v. a.* to weave together, to plait  
 braid, *s.* a sort of lace; a knot; false hair  
 brails, *s.* ropes used to draw up a ship's sails  
 brain, *s.* the collection of vessels and organs within the skull, from which sense and motion arise; sense, understanding  
 brain, *v.* to kill by beating out the brains  
 brain'less, *a.* silly, foolish, weak, thoughtless  
 brain'pan, *s.* the skull containing the brains  
 brain'sick, *a.* diseased in the understanding  
 brait, *s.* a rough, unpolished diamond  
 brake, *s.* a thicket of brambles; an instrument for dressing flax; a kneading trough  
 bra'ky, *a.* prickly, thorny, foul, thick

Bram'ble, *s.* a prickly or thorny bush  
 Bra'min, *s.* a Gentoo priest  
 Bran, *s.* the husks of ground corn  
 Branch, *s.* a small bough, a shoot; offspring  
 Branch, *v.* to spread in branches, to adorn  
 Brand, *v.* *a.* to mark with a brand, to burn  
 Brand, *s.* a mark of infamy; a lighted stick  
 Brand'ed, *part.* burnt with iron; disgraced  
 Brand'ish, *v.a.* to wave, to shake, to flourish  
 Brand'ling, *s.* a small worm; the dew worm  
 Brand'y, *s.* a strong distilled liquor  
 Bran'gle, *s.* a quarrel, a dispute, a wrangle  
 Brank, *s.* a sort of grain called buck wheat  
 Bran'ny, *a.* consisting of bran; dry; foul  
 Bra'sier, *s.* one who works in brass  
 Bras'l, *s.* an American wood for dyeing red  
 Brass, *s.* a yellow metal made by mixing  
     copper and lapis calaminaris; impudence  
 Brass'y, *a.* hard as brass; made of brass; bold  
 Brat, *s.* a child, by way of contempt  
 Brava'do, *s.* a boast, a brag, a threat  
 Brave, *a.* courageous, gallant, noble  
 Brave, *v. a.* to challenge, to defy, to hector  
 Bra'vely, *ad.* gallantly, nobly, generously  
 Bra'very, *s.* courage, magnanimity, show  
 Bra've, *s.* one who murders for hire  
 Brawl, *v. n.* to quarrel, to speak loudly  
 Brawl'er, *s.* a wrangler, a quarrelsome person  
 Brawn, *s.* the hard flesh of a boar  
 Brawn'ness, *s.* strength, hardiness, robustness  
 Brawn'y, *a.* fleshy, strong, muscular  
 Bray, *s.* the noise of an ass, harsh cry  
 Bray, *v.* to bruise or pound in a mortar; to  
     bray like an ass, to make an harsh noise  
 Bra'yer, *s.* one that brays like an ass; with  
     printers, an instrument to stir up ink  
 Braze, *v. a.* to solder with brass  
 Bra'zen, *a.* made of brass; bold, daring  
 Brazenface, *s.* a bold, impudent person  
 Bra'zenness, *s.* appearing like brass, impudence  
 Breach, *s.* an opening, a gap; a quarrel  
 Bread, *s.* food made of ground corn; support  
 Bread'corn, *s.* corn of which bread is made  
 Breadth, *s.* the measure from side to side  
 Break, *v.* to part or burst by violence; *to*  
     tame; to train to obedience; to become  
     bankrupt; to fall out; to discard from office  
 Break, *s.* an opening, a breach, a failure  
 Break'ers, *s.* waves which break violently over  
     points of sunk rocks or sand banks  
 Breakfast, *s.* the first meal---*v. n.* to eat  
 Bream, *s.* the name of a fish---*v.* to burn filth  
     from a ship's bottom  
 Breast, *s.* that part of the body which contains  
     the heart and lungs; the bosom; the con-  
     science; the heart  
 Breast-high, *a.* as high as the breast  
 Breast'knot, *s.* ribbons worn on the breast  
 Breast'plate, *s.* armour for the breast  
 Breast'work, *s.* a guard raised breast-high  
 Breath, *s.* life; air drawn in and discharged  
     by the lungs; moving air; an instant  
 Breathe, *v.* to draw breath; to live; to res-  
 Breathing, *s.* a vent, secret prayer, respite  
 Breath'less, *a.* out of breath, hurried; dead  
 Breech, *s.* the hinder part of a gun, &c.  
 Breech'es, *s.* part of a man's apparel  
 Breed, *v.* to hatch, to plot; to cause  
 Breed, *s.* a cast, sort, offspring, number  
 Breed'ing, *s.* education, manners; nurture  
 Breeze, *s.* a gentle gale; a stinging fly  
 Breez'y, *a.* fanned with gentle gales, cool  
 Bret, *s.* a fish of the turbot kind  
 Breth'ren, *s.* the plural of Brother  
 Breve, *s.* a note in music; a summons  
 Bre'viary, *s.* a Romish priest's office book  
 Bre'viate, *s.* a short compendium, an extract  
 Brevie'r, *s.* a small kind of printing letter  
 Brevity, Brief'ness, *s.* conciseness, shortness  
 Brew, *v.* to make liquors; to contrive  
 Brew'er, *s.* one who brews; one who contrives  
 Brew'house, *s.* a place appropriated to brewing  
 Brewi's, *s.* bread lightly boiled in pottage  
 Bribe, *s.* a reward given to pervert judgment  
 Bribe, *v. a.* to gain by gifts; to hire  
 Bribery, *s.* the act or crime of bribing; hire  
 Brick, *s.* a piece of burnt clay; a small loaf  
 Brick'bat, *s.* a broken piece of a brick  
 Brick'dust, *s.* dust made by pounding bricks  
 Brick'kiln, *s.* a place where bricks are burnt  
 Brick'layer, *s.* a brick mason  
 Bri'dal, *a.* relating to marriage, nuptial  
 Bride, *s.* a newly-married woman  
 Bri'de-cake, *s.* cake distributed at a wedding  
 Bri'degroom, *s.* a newly-married man  
 Bri'demaid, *s.* a woman who attends the bride  
     at the marriage ceremony  
 Bri'dewell, *s.* a house of correction  
 Bridge, *s.* a building over water, for the con-  
     venience of passing; the upper part of the  
     nose; supporter of the strings in a violin  
 Bridle, *s.* the head reins of a horse, a check  
 Bridle, *v.* to restrain, to guide, to check  
 Bridle-hand, *s.* the hand which holds the bridle  
 Brief, *s.* an epitome; short extract; letters  
     patent for charitable collections---*a.* short  
 Brief'ness, *s.* conciseness, shortness  
 Brief'fly, *ad.* concisely, shortly, in few words  
 Bri'er, *s.* a prickly bush, a species of rose tree  
 Bri'ery, *a.* full of briars, rough, prickly  
 Briga'de, *s.* a party or division of soldiers  
 Brigadi'e'r-general, *s.* an officer next in rank  
     to a major-general  
 Briga'nd, *s.* a thief, freebooter, plunderer  
 Briga'ntine, *s.* small vessel; a coat of mail  
 Bright, *a.* shining, clear; witty; famous  
 Bright'en, *v.* to polish, to make bright  
 Bright'ness, *s.* acuteness, wit; bright state  
 Briliancy, *s.* lustre, splendour  
 Brili'ant, *a.* sparkling---*s.* a fine diamond

rim, *s.* the edge; lip; bank of a fountain  
rim'mer, *s.* a glass full to the brim  
rim'stone, *s.* a yellow mineral; sulphur  
rin'ded, or Brin'dled, *a.* streaked, spotted  
rine, *s.* dissolved salt; the sea; tears  
ring, *v. a.* to fetch, conduct, prevail on  
Bri'nish, Bri'ny, *a.* saltish, like brine  
rink, *s.* the edge of a place, a precipice  
risk, *a.* quick, lively, strong, active  
risk'et, *s.* the breast of an animal  
risk'ly, *ad.* actively, quickly, nimbly  
risk'ness, *s.* liveliness, quickness, gaiety  
bris'tle, *s.* the hair on a swine's back  
bris'tle, *v. n.* to stand erect as bristles  
bris'tly, *a.* set with bristles, rough, angry  
bris'tolstone, *s.* a kind of soft diamond  
brit, *s.* the name of a fish  
British, *a.* belonging to, or made in, Britain  
Brit'on, *s.* a native of Great Britain  
Brit'le, *a.* apt to break, weak, frail  
Brit'tleness, *s.* aptness to break, tenderness  
Brize, *s.* the gad fly  
Broach, *v. a.* to tap a vessel, to give out  
Bro'ached, *part.* tapped, pierced, uttered  
Broacher, *s.* teller of a thing; a spit  
Broad, *a.* wide, extended, vulgar, coarse  
Broad'cloth, *s.* fine kind of woollen cloth  
Broad'ness, *s.* breadth; extent from side to  
side; coarseness, fulsomeness  
Broad'side, *s.* the side of a ship; a discharge  
of all the guns from one side of a ship at  
once; a large single sheet of paper  
Broad'sword, *s.* a sword with a broad blade  
Broc'fe, *s.* a kind of fine flowered silk  
Bro'ege, *s.* profit gained by promoting bar-  
gains; dealing in old things; hire  
Brock, *s.* a badger  
Brock'et, *s.* a red deer two years old  
Broc'oli, *s.* a species of cabbage  
Brogue, *s.* a kind of shoe; corrupt dialect  
Broil, *s.* a disturbance, tumult, quarrel  
Broil, *v.* to roast on the fire, to be hot  
Bro'ken, *part.* destroyed, shivered, reduced  
Bro'ker, *s.* one who does business for others  
Bro'kerage, *s.* the pay or reward of a broker  
Bronch'ial, *a.* belonging to the throat  
Bron'chocele, *s.* a tumour of that part of the  
aspera arteria, called the bronchos; gene-  
rally called the Derby neck  
Bronze, *s.* brass, brass colour; a medal  
Brooch, *s.* a jewel, an ornament of jewels  
Brood, *s.* offspring; production; the number  
of chickens hatched at once  
Brood, *v.* to sit on eggs; to watch anxiously  
Brook, *s.* a little river, a rivulet  
Brook, *v.* to endure, to bear, to suffer  
Broom, *s.* a shrub; a besom to sweep with  
Broom'y, *a.* full of or like broom  
Broth, *s.* liquor in which flesh is boiled  
Bro'ther, *s.* a male born of the same parents

Bro'therhood, *s.* union, society, class  
Bro'therly, *a.* like brothers, very fond  
Brow, *s.* the forehead; edge of a place  
Brow'beat, *v. a.* to bear down, to humble, to  
depress with stern looks or angry words  
Brown, *s.* the name of a colour  
Brown'ish, *a.* inclined to brown, reddish  
Brownstud'y, *s.* deep meditation or thought  
Browse, *s.* underwood; sprouts of trees  
Browse, *v. n.* to feed on browse, to feed  
Bruise, *v. a.* to hurt with blows, to crush  
Bruise, *s.* a hurt from a blow, a spot  
Bru'ising, *s.* the art of boxing; a crushing  
Bruit, *s.* a report, a noise—*v.* to noise about  
Bru'mal, *a.* cold, belonging to winter  
Brune'tte, *s.* a brown complexioned woman  
Brunt, *s.* a shock, an onset, violence  
Brush, *s.* an instrument for sweeping; attack  
Brush, *v.* to rub with a brush, to skim lightly  
Brush'wood, *s.* rough, shrubby thickets  
Bru'tal, *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman, churlish  
Brutal'ity, *s.* savagery, inhumanity  
Bru'talize, *v.* to make savage or brutal  
Bru'tally, *ad.* churlishly, inhumanly  
Brute, *s.* a creature without reason  
Brute, *a.* senseless, savage, fierce, wild  
Bru'tish, *a.* resembling a beast; unpolite  
Bry'ony, *s.* the name of a plant  
Bub, *s.* strong malt liquor; any strong liquor  
Bubble, *s.* a water bladder; a cheat; a cully  
Buc'caniers, *s.* pirates in America  
Buck, *s.* water to wash clothes; the male of  
rabbits, deer, &c.  
Buck'bean, *s.* a plant; a sort of trefoil  
Buck'et, *s.* a vessel to draw up water in  
Buc'kle, *s.* a fastening—*v.* to fasten with a  
buckle; to condescend; to engage  
Buck'ler, *s.* a shield—*v. a.* to defend, support  
Buck'ram, *s.* cloth stiffened with gum  
Buck'skin, *s.* leather made of buck's skin  
Buck'thorn, *s.* a thorn, a prickly bush  
Eucol'ies, *s.* pastoral songs, rural dialogues  
Bud, *s.* the first shoot of a plant, a germ  
Bud, *v.* to put forth buds; inoculate; graft  
Budge, *v. n.* to stir, to go, to move off  
Budget, *s.* a bag, a pouch, store; proposal  
Buff, *s.* leather made of a buffalo's skin;  
colour resembling yellow; a military coat  
Buff, Buff'et, *v. a.* to box, to beat, to strike  
Buff'alo, *s.* a kind of wild bull  
Buffet', *s.* a kind of cupboard to hold china  
Buffet, *s.* a blow with the fist; a stroke  
Buffoo'n, *s.* an arch fellow, a low jester  
Buffoon'ery, *s.* low jests, mimicry  
Bug, *s.* a disagreeable insect bred in beds  
Bug'bear, *s.* a frightful object; a false terror  
Bu'gle, *s.* a small bead of glass, a plant  
Bu'glehorn, *s.* a hunting horn  
Build, *v.* to raise a building; to depend on  
Build'er, *s.* one who builds houses

Build'ing, *s.* an edifice or fabric built  
 Bulb, *s.* a round root, such as tulips, &c.  
 Bulb'ous, *a.* having round heads, large  
 Bulge, *v.n.* to let in water; to jut out  
 Bul'limy, *s.* an enormous appetite  
 Bulk, *s.* magnitude, size; the mass; a bench  
 Bulk'head, *s.* a partition made in a ship  
 Bulk'iness, *s.* greatness of stature, or size  
 Bulk'y, *a.* lusty, large, heavy, of great size  
 Bull, *s.* the male of black cattle; an edict of  
     the Pope; a blunder; a sign of the zodiac;  
     at the stock exchange, a cant name for one  
     who nominally buys stock for which he does  
     not pay, but receives or pays the amount  
     of any alteration in the price agreed on; he  
     who nominally sells is called the Bear  
 Bull'lace, *s.* a wild sour plum  
 Bull'baiting, *s.* a fight of dogs with a bull  
 Bull'dog, *s.* a strong dog of great courage  
 Bull'et, *s.* a round ball of lead or iron  
 Bull'head, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow; a fish  
 Bull'ion, *s.* gold or silver in the mass  
 Bulli'tion, *s.* the act or state of boiling  
 Bull'ock, *s.* a young bull or steer  
 Bull'y, *s.* a very noisy, quarrelsome person  
 Bull'y, *v.* to hector, to swagger, to be noisy  
 Bull'rush, *s.* a large rush growing by rivers  
 Bull'wark, *s.* a fortification, a defence  
 Bumba'ilif, *s.* a bailiff of the lowest kind  
 Bum'boat, *s.* a small boat in which fruit, &c.  
     are carried on shipboard for sale  
 Bump, *s.* a swelling, a blow, a thump  
 Bump'er, *s.* a glass full of liquor to the brim  
 Bump'kin, *s.* a clown, a lout, a rustic  
 Bun, *s.* a small kind of light cake  
 Bunch, *s.* a cluster, knot, hard lump  
 Bunch'y, *a.* growing in, or full of bunches  
 Bun'dle, *s.* parcel of things bound together  
 Bun'dle, *v. a.* to tie up, to put up together  
 Bung, *s.* a stopper for a barrel  
 Bun'gle, *v.* to perform any thing clumsily  
 Bun'gled, *part.* done in a clumsy manner  
 Bun'gler, *s.* a clumsy, awkward workman  
 Bunt'er, *s.* a mean, dirty, vulgar woman  
 Bunt'ing, *s.* a thin linen cloth; a bird  
 Buoy, *s.* a large body of wood or cork fast-  
     ened with a rope to an anchor to dis-  
     cover where it lies, or to mark shoals, sunk  
     rocks, &c.  
 Buoy, *v.* to keep afloat, uphold, support  
 Buoy'fancy, *s.* the quality of floating  
 Buoy'ant, *a.* that which will not sink; light  
 Buoy'ed, *part.* kept from sinking, supported  
 Bur, *s.* the prickly head of the burdock  
 Bur'bot, *s.* a fish full of prickles  
 Bur'den, *s.* a load; birth; uneasiness  
 Bur'den, *v. a.* to load, incumber, oppress  
 Bur'densome, *a.* grievous, heavy, severe  
 Bur'dock, *s.* a broad-leaved prickly plant  
 Bureau', *s.* a set of drawers with a desk

Burg'age, *s.* a tenure proper to cities and  
     towns conferring the privileges of a burg  
 Burgamo't, *s.* a species of pear; a perfume  
 Bur'ganet, *s.* an ancient kind of helmet  
 Burgeo'is, *s.* a citizen; a sort of printing letter  
 Bur'gess, *s.* a citizen, a representative  
 Burgh, *s.* a borough town, a corporation  
 Burgh'er, *s.* a freeman; one who has a right  
     to vote, and possesses certain privileges  
 Burglary, *s.* the crime of housebreaking by  
     night, or breaking in with intent to steal  
 Burgomaster, *s.* a principal citizen in Holland  
 Bur'rial, *s.* the act of interring the dead  
 Bur'ne, *s.* a tool for engraving, a graver  
 Burle'sque, *v. a.* to ridicule, to lampoon  
 Burle'sque, *s.* ludicrous language, a jest  
 Burle'sque, *a.* merry, jocular, droll, laughable  
 Burlet'ta, *s.* a ludicrous musical farce  
 Burly, *a.* blustering, falsely great, swoln  
 Burn, *v.* to consume by fire, to be inflamed  
 Burn, *s.* a hurt or wound caused by fire  
 Burn'et, *s.* the name of a plant  
 Burn'ing, *s.* state of inflammation  
 Burn'ish, *v.* to polish, to make bright  
 Burn'isher, *s.* an instrument used for burnish-  
     ing; a person that burnishes or polishes  
 Burr, *s.* the lobe or lap of the ear  
 Bur'rel, *s.* a sort of pear; an insect; a bee  
 Bur'relshot, *s.* nails, &c. shot from a cannon  
 Bur'row, *v. n.* to make holes, to mine  
 Bur'row, *s.* a corporate town; a rabbit hole  
 Burs'ar, *s.* the treasurer of a college  
 Burse, *s.* an exchange where merchants meet  
 Burst, *v.* to break asunder, to fly open  
 Burst, *s.* a sudden breaking, an eruption  
 Burst'ness, *s.* a rupture, a tumour  
 Burst'wort, *s.* an herb good against ruptures  
 Bur'then, *s.* see Burden  
 Burt, *s.* a flat fish of the turbot kind  
 Bur'y, *v. a.* to put into a grave, to hide  
 Bush, *s.* a thick shrub, a bough; a fox-tail  
 Bush'el, *s.* a dry measure containing four pecks  
 Bush'y, *a.* thick, full of small branches, &c.  
 Bu'sily, *ad.* with hurry; very actively  
 Busi'ness, *s.* an employment, trade, affair  
 Busk, *s.* a piece of whalebone, or steel, worn  
     by women to keep down their stays  
 Busk'in, *s.* a kind of half boot, a high shoe  
     worn by the ancient actors in tragedy  
 Buss, *s.* a small vessel, a fishing-boat; a kiss  
 Bust, *s.* a half statue; a funeral pile  
 Bust'ard, *s.* a large bird of the turkey kind  
 Bust'le, *s.* a tumult, a hurry, a great stir  
 Bustle, *v. n.* to be busy, to hurry, to stir  
 Bust'ler, *s.* an active person, a busybody  
 Bus'y, *a.* employed, active, officious  
 Bus'ybody, *s.* a meddling officious person  
 But, *conj.* except, nevertheless, however, &c.  
 But, *s.* a boundary, limit, end of a thing  
 Butch'er, *s.* one who kills animals to sell

utch'er, *v. a.* to kill, to slay, to murder  
 utch'ered, *part.* killed, murdered, dead  
 utch'ery, *a.* cruel, bloody, barbarous, brutal  
 utch'ery, *s.* murder, cruelty; a slaughterhouse  
 uttle, *s.* one who is entrusted with a gentleman's liquors and plate; an upper servant  
 ut'ment, *s.* the support of an arch  
 utt, *s.* a mark; object of ridicule; a vessel made to contain 126 gallons  
 utt, *v. a.* to strike with the head like a ram, &c.  
 utter, *s.* an unctuous food made from cream  
 utter, *v. a.* to moisten with butter  
 utterflower, *s.* a bright yellow May flower  
 utterfly, *s.* a beautiful winged insect  
 utteris, *s.* a farrier's paring instrument  
 uttermilk, *s.* the whey of churned cream  
 utterpump, *s.* a fowl; the bittern  
 uttertooth, *s.* a large broad fore-tooth  
 uttery, *s.* a place where provisions are kept  
 ut'tock, *s.* the thick part of the thigh

But'ton, *v. a.* to fasten with buttons  
 But'ton, *s.* a knob or ball used for the fastening of clothes; bud of a plant  
 But'tonhole, *s.* a hole to fasten a button  
 But'tress, *s.* a prop, a shore—*v. n.* to prop  
 Bux'om, *a.* lively, brisk, gay, jolly  
 Bux'omness, *s.* wantonness, amorousness  
 Buy, *v. a.* to pay a price for, to treat for  
 Buy'er, *s.* one who buys, a purchaser  
 Buzz, *s.* a whisper, humming, low talk  
 Buzz, *v.* to hum, like bees; to spread secretly  
 Buzz'ard, *s.* a hawk; dunce, blockhead  
 Buzz'er, *s.* a secret whisperer  
 Buzz'ing, *s.* humming noise, low talk  
 By, *pr.* denoting the agent, way, means  
 By-and-by', *ad.* in a short time, presently  
 By-law, *s.* private rules or orders in a society  
 By-path, *s.* a private or obscure path  
 By-room, *s.* a retired, private room  
 By-stander, *s.* a looker on, one unconcerned  
 By-street, *s.* a private or obscure street  
 By-word, *s.* a cant word, a taunt

## C.

*buzziness*

C, THE third letter of the alphabet; it is used as an abbreviation of the Latin word *centum*, an hundred  
 Cab, *s.* a Jewish measure of three pints  
 Cab'l, *s.* an intrigue, private junto  
 Cab'a'l, Cab'a'l, *s.* the Jewish traditions  
 Cab'a'l, *v. n.* to intrigue privately, to plot  
 Cab'al'ist, *s.* one skilled in Jewish traditions  
 Cabalist'ical, *a.* mysterious, secret  
 Caball'er, *s.* an intriguer, a plotter  
 Caball'ine, *s.* a coarse kind of aloes, used by farriers to physic cattle  
 Cab'bage, *s.* a well-known vegetable  
 Cab'bage, *v. a.* to steal in cutting clothes  
 Cab'in, *s.* an apartment in a ship; a cottage  
 Cabinet, *s.* a set of drawers; a room in which state consultations are held  
 Cable, *s.* a rope to hold a ship at anchor  
 Cache'tical, *a.* of a bad habit of body  
 Ca'chet, *s.* a seal, a private state letter  
 Cachex'y, *s.* a disordered habit of body  
 Cack'le, *v. a.* to make a noise like a hen, &c.  
 Cachochymy, *s.* diseased state of the blood  
 Cacode'mon, *s.* an evil spirit, a demon  
 Cadaverous, *a.* relating to dead bodies, putrid  
 Cad'bait, *s.* a worm, good bait for trout  
 Cad'dis, *s.* a kind of tape; a worm or grub  
 Cade, *a.* tame, soft, tender, delicate  
 Ca'dence, *s.* a fall of the voice, a sound  
 Cade't, *s.* a volunteer, a younger brother

Ca'dew, *s.* the straw worm; an Irish mantle  
 Ca'di, *s.* a chief magistrate among the Turks  
 Cadu'ceus, *s.* Mercury's snaky staff  
 Caft'an, *s.* a kind of habit, Persian garment  
 Cag, *s.* a small barrel, a small cask  
 Cage, *s.* place of confinement  
 Cajo'le, *v. a.* to deceive, to flatter, to beguile  
 Cajo'ler, *s.* a deceiver, flatterer, parasite  
 Caiss'on, Caissoo'n, *s.* a chest of bombs or powder; hollow fabric of timber  
 Cait'iff, *s.* a base fellow, a wretch, a knave  
 Cake, *s.* sweet bread—*v. a.* to harden, unite  
 Calamanc'o, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff  
 Cal'am'ine, *s.* a kind of earth; ore of tin  
 Calam'itous, *a.* miserable, unfortunate  
 Calam'ity, *s.* misery, affliction, loss  
 Cal'amus, *s.* a kind of sweet-scented wood  
 Cala'sh, *s.* an open carriage; a head dress  
 Calca'rious, *a.* relating to calx  
 Calcina'tion, *s.* the act of pulverizing by fire  
 Calci'ne, *v. a.* to burn to a powder  
 Calcog'raphy, *s.* the art of engraving on brass  
 Cal'culate, *v. a.* to compute, to reckon  
 Calcula'tion, *s.* a computation, reckoning  
 Cal'culator, *s.* a computer, a reckoner  
 Cal'culous, *a.* stony, gravelly, hard, gritty  
 Cal'dron, *s.* a boiler, very large kettle  
 Caledo'nian, *s.* a native of Scotland  
 Calefac'tory, *a.* tending to warm, heating  
 Cal'efy, *v. to make hot, to be heated*

Cal'endar, *s.* an almanac, a yearly register  
 Cal'ender, *v. a.* to glaze linen, to smooth  
 Cal'ender, *s.* a hot-press, engine to calender  
 Cal'endr, *s.* the person who calenders  
 Cal'ends, *s.* the first day of every month  
 Cal'enture, *s.* a sun-fever frequent at sea  
 Calf, *s.* thick part of the leg; young of a cow  
 Cal'iber, *s.* the bore; diameter of a gun barrel  
 Cal'ico, *s.* an Indian stuff made of cotton  
 Cal'id, *a.* very hot, burning, scorching  
 Cal'id'ity, Cal'id'ness, *s.* intense or great heat  
 Caliga'tion, *s.* darkness, dimness, obscurity  
 Cali'ginous, *a.* obscure, dark, dim, dusky  
 Cal'igraphy, *s.* very fair, beautiful writing  
 Cal'iph, *s.* the chief priest of the Saracens  
 Cal'iver, *s.* a hand gun, an arquebus  
 Cal'ix, *s.* a cup; a word used in botany  
 Calk, *v.* to fill up the seams of a ship  
 Calk'er, *s.* one who stops a ship's seams  
 Call, *v. a.* to name, to invite, to summons  
 Call, *s.* a demand, address, summons  
 Cal'lat, Cal'let, *s.* a trull, worthless woman  
 Callid'ity, Cal'lid'ness, *s.* craftiness, art  
 Call'ing, *s.* an employment, trade, &c.  
 Cal'ipers, *s.* compasses having bowed shanks  
 Callos'ity, *s.* a hard swelling without pain  
 Cal'lous, *a.* hardened, brawny, insensible  
 Cal'lousness, *s.* induration of the fibres  
 Cal'low, *a.* wanting feathers, bare  
 Calm, *v. a.* to quiet, pacify, still, compose  
 Calm, *s.* repose, quiet, rest, peace, serenity  
 Calm, *a.* unruffled, undisturbed, easy  
 Calm'ly, *ad.* quietly, coolly, without passion  
 Calm'ness, *s.* tranquillity, freedom from passion  
 Cal'omel, *s.* mercury six times sublimed  
 Calorific, *a.* heating, causing heat  
 Calo'tte, *s.* a cap or coif; a circular cavity  
 Cal'trop, *s.* an instrument of war with three  
 spikes, thrown on the ground to annoy the  
 enemies' horse; a plant  
 Calvary, *s.* the name of the mount on which  
 Christ was crucified  
 Calve, *v. n.* to bear or bring forth a calf  
 Cal'vinism, *s.* the doctrine of predestination,  
 &c. taught by Calvin  
 Cal'vinist, *s.* a follower of Calvin  
 Calum'niate, *v. a.* to accuse falsely, to revile  
 Calum'niator, *s.* a false accuser, slanderer  
 Calum'ny, *s.* slander, aspersion, false charge  
 Calx, *s.* a powder made by fire, lime, &c.  
 Cal'ycle, *s.* a small bud of a plant  
 Cam'bering, *a.* rising like an arch  
 Ca'mbrick, *s.* fine linen from Cambray  
 Cam'el, *s.* a large animal, common in Arabia  
 Cam'eo, *s.* a picture of only one colour  
 Cam'erá-obscura, *s.* an optical machine used  
 in darkened chambers, through which the  
 rays of light passing, reflect outward ob-  
 jects inverted  
 Cam'let, *s.* a stuff made of wool and silk

Cam'omile, *s.* a fine physical herb  
 Ca'moys, *a.* flat of the nose, depressed  
 Camp, *s.* the order of tents for soldiers  
 Campa'ign, *s.* a large, open country; the time  
 an army keeps the field in one year  
 Campa'igner, *s.* an old experienced soldier  
 Campes'tral, *a.* growing in the fields, wild  
 Cam'phor, Cam'phire, *s.* a white gum  
 Cam'phorat, *a.* impregnated with camphor  
 Can, *v. n.* to be able to—*s.* a vessel, a cup  
 Cana'ille, *s.* the lowest of the people  
 Cana'l, *s.* a basin or course of water, a duc  
 Cana'l-coal, *s.* a very fine kind of coal  
 Canalic'ulated, *a.* made like a pipe or gutter  
 Cana'ries, *s.* a cluster of islands in the At-  
 lantic ocean, near the Barbary coast  
 Cana'ry, *s.* a wine brought from the Canaria  
 —*v. n.* to dance, to frolic  
 Cana'ry-bird, *s.* an excellent singing bird  
 Can'cel, *v. a.* to blot out, destroy, make void  
 Can'cellated, *a.* cross-barred; crossed by lines  
 Can'celled, *part.* blotted out, erased, effaced  
 Can'cer, *s.* a crab-fish; one of the twelve signs  
 of the zodiac; a virulent sore  
 Can'cerate, *v. n.* to grow cancerous  
 Can'cerous, *a.* inclining to, or like a cancer  
 Can'crine, *a.* having the qualities of a crab  
 Can'dent, *a.* hot, burning, fiery, shining  
 Can'did, *a.* white; fair, open, honest, kind  
 Can'didate, *s.* one who sues for a place  
 Can'didly, *ad.* uprightly, fairly, openly  
 Can'dify, *v. a.* to make white  
 Can'dle, *s.* a light made of tallow, wax, &c.  
 Can'dlemas, *s.* the feast of the Purification of  
 the blessed Virgin Mary  
 Can'dlestic, *s.* an instrument to hold candle  
 Can'dour, *s.* sweet temper, integrity  
 Can'dy, *v. a.* to conserve with sugar, congeal  
 Cane, *s.* a walking-stick; a reed from which  
 sugar is extracted—*v. a.* to beat with a cane  
 Can'descent, *a.* growing white or old, hoary  
 Canic'ular, *a.* belonging to the dog-star; hot  
 Cani'ne, *a.* having the properties of a dog  
 Cani'ster, *s.* a box to hold tea; a small basket  
 Cank'er, *s.* a worm; disease; eating humor  
 Cank'er, *v.* to grow corrupt, corrode, pollute  
 Cank'erworm, *s.* a worm that destroys fruit  
 Can'ibal, *s.* a man-eater, vile wretch  
 Can'non, *s.* a great gun for cannonading  
 Cannon'a'de, *v. a.* to batter with cannon  
 Cannonie'r, *s.* one who manages cannon  
 Canoe', *s.* an Indian boat  
 Can'on, *s.* a rule, a law; the book of holy  
 scripture; a dignitary in cathedrals  
 Canon'ical, *a.* regular, ecclesiastical  
 Canon'ically, *ad.* agreeably to the canons  
 Canon'icals, *s.* established dress of the clergy  
 Can'onist, *s.* a doctor of canon law  
 Canoniza'tion, *s.* the act of making a saint  
 Can'oury, Can'onship, *s.* benefice of a canon

Canopy, *s.* a cloth of state spread over the head; a tester—*v. a.* to cover with a canopy  
 Canorous, *a.* musical, tuneful, loud  
 Cant, *s.* obscure, corrupt words; wheedling  
 Cant, *v.* to wheedle, to flatter; to toss  
 Cantata, *s.* an air; a grave piece of music  
 Cantation, *s.* the act of singing  
 Canter, *s.* the gallop of an ambling horse; an hypocrite  
 Cantharides, *s.* Spanish flies for blisters  
 Canthus, *s.* the corner of the eye  
 Canticle, *s.* song of Solomon, pious song  
 Cantle, *v. a.* to cut into pieces or parts  
 Canto, *s.* part of a poem, section, division  
 Canton, *s.* the division of a country; a clan  
 Canton, Can'tonize, *v. a.* to divide land  
 Cantred, *s.* an hundred in Wales, a division  
 Canvass, *s.* a coarse stiff cloth; a soliciting  
 Canvass, *v.* to sift, to examine, to debate, to solicit votes, to sue for honours  
 Canzonet, *s.* a short song or air  
 Cap, *s.* a covering for the head, a reverence  
 Cap, *v. a.* to cover the top; to puzzle  
 Cap-a-pie, *ad.* from head to foot  
 Capability, *s.* capacity, fitness, adequateness  
 Capable, *a.* intelligent, equal to, qualified  
 Capacious, *a.* wide, vast, extended  
 Capaciousness, *s.* largeness, width, a space  
 Capacitate, *v. a.* to enable, qualify, make fit  
 Capacity, *s.* ability, sense; state, space  
 Caparison, *s.* a superb dress for a horse  
 Caparison, *v. a.* to dress pompously  
 Cap, *s.* a headland; the neck-piece to a coat  
 Cap'er, *s.* a leap, a jump; a berry, a pickle  
 Cap'er, *v. n.* to dance frolicsomely, to frisk  
 Cap'er-bush, *s.* this plant grows in the south of France; the buds are pickled for eating  
 Cap'er-ing, *part.* skipping, jumping about  
 Cap'ph, *s.* a liquid measure of five wine pints  
 Cap'ias, *s.* a writ of execution  
 Cap'ilary, *a.* small, minute, like a hair  
 Capital, *a.* chief, principal, fine, criminal in the highest degree, deserving death  
 Capital, *s.* a principal sum; a large letter; stock; upper part of a pillar; chief city  
 Capitation, *s.* numeration of heads  
 Capital'ar, *s.* a body of statutes; member of a chapter  
 Capital'ate, *v. n.* to yield by capitulation  
 Capitulation, *s.* the surrendering a town upon certain terms; stipulations, conditions  
 Cap'pon, *s.* a castrated cock  
 Caprice, *s.* a whim, fancy, humour  
 Capricious, *a.* whimsical, fanciful, odd  
 Cap'ricorn, *s.* a sign of the zodiac, the goat, the winter solstice, a fly  
 Cap'stan, Cap'stern, *s.* an engine to draw up great weights, as anchors, &c.

Cap'sular, Cap'sulary, *a.* hollow as a chest  
 Cap'sulate, Cap'sulated, *a.* inclosed in a box  
 Captain, *s.* the commander of a ship of war, a troop of horse, or company of foot  
 Cap'tation, *s.* the art of catching favour  
 Cap'tivate, *v. a.* to subdue, to charm  
 Captive, *s.* one taken in war, a slave  
 Captivity, *s.* slavery, subjection, thrall  
 Caption, *s.* the act of taking any person  
 Cap'tious, *a.* snarling, peevish, cross, surly  
 Cap'tor, *s.* one who takes prizes or prisoners  
 Capture, *s.* a prize, the act of taking a prize  
 Capu'ched, *a.* covered over, as with a hood  
 Capuchi'n, *s.* a friar; a woman's cloak  
 Car, *s.* a cart, a chariot; Charles's wain  
 Car'ac, *s.* a Spanish galleon, a large ship  
 Car'at, *s.* a weight of four grains  
 Carava'n, *s.* a large carriage; a body of travelling merchants, or pilgrims  
 Caravan'sary, *s.* a public building erected for the conveniency of eastern travellers, where they may repose, &c.  
 Car'avel, Car'vel, *s.* a light old fashioned ship  
 Car'away, *s.* a plant producing warm seed used in medicine and confectionary  
 Carbine, Car'bine, *s.* a small musket  
 Carbini'er, Carabini'er, *s.* a light horseman  
 Carbina'de, *v. a.* to cut or hack, and prepare meat for broiling or frying  
 Car'buncle, *s.* a precious stone; a red pimple  
 Car'cass, *s.* the dead body of an animal; a bomb  
 Card, *s.* a complimentary note; a painted paper used for games; the paper on which the points of the compass are marked; an instrument with iron teeth  
 Card, *v.* to comb wool; to play at cards  
 Card'amoms, *s.* medicinal seeds  
 Car'diac, *a.* cordial, strengthening, cheering  
 Car'dinal, *a.* principal, chief, eminent  
 Car'dinal, *s.* a dignitary of the Romish church; a woman's cloak  
 Car'dinal-points, *s.* east, west, north, south  
 Car'dinal'-virtues, *s.* prudence, temperance, justice, and fortitude  
 Care, *s.* solicitude, anxiety, charge  
 Care, *v. n.* to be affected with, to be anxious  
 Care'en, *v.* to calk, to stop leaks, be laid up  
 Care'er, *s.* a course, race, swift motion  
 Care'ful, *a.* full of concern, diligent, anxious  
 Ca'refulness, *s.* vigilance, great care  
 Ca'reless, *a.* negligent, heedless, unmindful  
 Ca'relessness, *s.* heedlessness, inattention  
 Care'ss, *v. a.* to fondle, to endear  
 Care't, *s.* a mark in writing thus [A] to denote that something written above, or in the margin, is wanting to complete the sense  
 Car'go, *s.* a ship's lading, freight, great load  
 Caricatu're, *s.* a ludicrous, droll likeness  
 Ca'ries, Cario'sity, *s.* rottenness of the bones  
 Ca'rious, *a.* rotten, decayed, putrified

Cark, *s.* care, anxiety—*v. n.* to be anxious  
 Cark'ing, *part. a.* distressing, perplexing  
 Carle, *s.* a mean, rude man, a clown, a churl  
 Carlings, *s.* timbers lying fore and aft in a ship  
 Car'man, *s.* one who drives or keeps carts  
 Car'melite, *s.* a begging friar; a pear  
 Carmin'ative, *a.* that which expels wind  
 Car'mine, *s.* a bright red or crimson colour  
 Car'nage, *s.* slaughter, havoc, devastation  
 Car'nal, *a.* fleshly, lustful, sensual  
 Car'nally, *ad.* according to the flesh  
 Carna'tion, *s.* a flesh colour; a fine flower  
 Car'neous, Car'nos, *a.* fleshy, plump, fat  
 Car'nival, *s.* shrovetide, a Popish feast  
 Carniv'orous, *a.* eating of flesh, greedy  
 Carnos'ity, *s.* a fleshy excrescence  
 Car'ol, *s.* a song of exultation or praise  
 Car'ol, *v.* to sing, to praise, to celebrate  
 Carous'al, *s.* a feast, festival, drinking-bout  
 Caro'use, *v. n.* to drink hard, to tope  
 Carp, *v.* to censure, to cavil—*s.* a fish  
 Carp'enter, *s.* an artificer in wood, a builder  
 Carp'et, *s.* a covering for a floor or table  
 Carriage, *s.* behaviour, manners; a vehicle  
 Car'rier, *s.* one who carries; a sort of pigeon  
 Car'ri'on, *s.* any flesh not fit for food  
 Car'rot, *s.* a common garden root  
 Car'rot'y, *a.* red haired, very red  
 Car'ry, *v.* to convey, bear, gain, behave  
 Cart, *s.* a carriage for luggage—*v. a.* to carry  
 Carte-blanche, *s.* a blank paper to be filled  
     with conditions entirely at the option of  
     the person to whom it is sent  
 Carte'l, *s.* an agreement between nations at  
     war, relative to exchange of prisoners  
 Carter, *s.* one who drives a cart  
 Cart'ilage, *s.* a gristle, tough substance  
 Cartila'ginous, *a.* consisting of gristles  
 Cartoo'n, *s.* a painting on large paper  
 Carto'uch, *s.* a case to hold balls  
 Cart'ridge, *s.* a paper case to hold powder  
 Cart'ridge-box, *s.* a box containing cartridges  
 Cart'wright, *s.* a maker or seller of carts  
 Carve, *v. a.* to cut wood, stone, or meat  
 Carv'ing, *s.* sculpture, figures carved  
 Casca'de, *s.* a cataract, waterfall  
 Case, *s.* a covering, sheath; the state of things;  
     outer part of a house; a circumstance;  
     variation of nouns  
 Case, *v. a.* to cover, to strip off, to draw up  
 Ca'sharden, *v. a.* to harden the outside  
 Ca'semate, *s.* a kind of vault or arch of stone  
 Ca'seknife, *s.* a large kitchen or table knife  
 Ca'sement, *s.* a window opening upon hinges  
 Cash, *s.* any money, properly ready money  
 Cashi'er, *s.* a cash-keeper—*v. a.* to discard  
 Cashoo', *s.* the gum of an East-Indian tree  
 Cask, Casque, *s.* an helmet, a head-piece  
 Cask, *s.* a barrel, a wooden vessel  
 Cask'et, *s.* a small box, or chest for jewels

Cass, Cass'ate, *v. a.* to annul, to make void  
 Cassia, *s.* a very fragrant aromatic spice  
 Cass'ock, *s.* the long under garment of a priest  
 Cast, *s.* a throw; mould; shade; squint  
 Cast, *v.* to throw; condemn; model; contrive  
 Cas'tanet, *s.* small shells of ivory or hard  
     wood, which dancers rattle in their hands  
 Cast'away, *s.* an abandoned or lost person  
 Cas'tellany, *s.* the lordship of a castle  
 Cas'tellated, *a.* inclosed within a building  
 Cas'tigate, *v. a.* to chastise, to punish, to beat  
 Castig'a'tion, *s.* punishment, discipline  
 Cast'ing-net, *s.* a net thrown by the hand  
 Cas'tle, *s.* a fortified house; a project  
 Cas'tor, *s.* the name of a star; the beaver  
 Castrameta'tion, *s.* the practice of encamping  
 Cas'trate, *v. a.* to lop away, make impotent  
 Castra'tion, *s.* act of gelding, curtailing, &c.  
 Cas'ual, *a.* accidental, uncertain, fortuitous  
 Cas'ualty, *s.* accident, what happens by chance  
 Cas'ui'st, *s.* a person who studies and settles  
     cases of conscience  
 Cas'ui'stry, *s.* the science or skill of a casuist  
 Cat, *s.* a domestic animal; kind of ship  
 Cataches'tical, *a.* far-fetched, forced, bad  
 Cat'aclysm, *s.* a deluge, an inundation  
 Cat'acombs, *s.* caverns for burial of the dead  
 Catacou'stic, *a.* relating to reflected sounds  
 Cat'alogue, *s.* a list of names, articles, &c.  
 Cat'aphract, *s.* a horseman in complete armour  
 Cat'aplas'm, *s.* a poultice, soft plaster  
 Cat'apult, *s.* an engine to throw stones, &c.  
 Cat'aract, *s.* a waterfall; disease in the eyes  
 Cata'rhh, *s.* a disease of the head and throat  
 Catarrh'ål, *a.* relating to the catarrh  
 Cata'strophe, *s.* the change or revolution  
     which produces the final event of a dra-  
     matic piece, a final event generally un-  
     happy  
 Cat'cal, *s.* a small squeaking instrument  
 Catch, *v.* to stop, lay hold on, ensnare, please  
 Catch, *s.* the act of seizing, any thing that  
     catches; a song in succession; a contagion  
 Catch'ing, *part. a.* infectious, apt to catch  
 Catch'poll, *s.* a sergeant, a bailiff's follower  
 Catch'up, Cat'sup, *s.* a kind of pickle usually  
     made from mushrooms or walnuts  
 Catech'ical, *a.* consisting of questions and  
     answers  
 Cat'echise, *v. a.* to instruct by questions  
 Cat'echish, *s.* a form of instruction by ques-  
     tions and answers, concerning religion  
 Cat'echist, *s.* one who teaches the catechism  
 Catechu'men, *s.* one who is yet in the first  
     rudiments of Christianity  
 Categor'ical, *a.* absolute, positive, express  
 Cat'egory, *s.* a class, an order of ideas  
 Catena'rian, *a.* belonging to a chain  
 Catena'tion, *s.* a regular connexion, a link  
 Ca'ter, *v. n.* to provide food, to lay in victuals

Ca'ter, Ca'terer, *s.* a provider of victuals  
 Ca'teress, *s.* a woman that provides food  
 Ca'terpillar, *s.* an insect, a grub; a plant  
 Ca'terwaul, *v. n.* to cry like a cat  
 Cates, *s.* cakes, dainties, viands, nice food  
 Cat'gut, *s.* a kind of canvass, gut for fiddle-  
     strings  
 Cathar'tic, *a.* purging, cleansing  
 Cathe'dral, *s.* an episcopal or head church  
 Cathe'dral, *a.* episcopal, antique, venerable  
 Cath'olic, *a.* universal---*s.* a papist  
 Cathol'icicon, *s.* an universal medicine  
 Cat'ling, *s.* a surgeon's knife; fiddle-strings  
 Catop'trical, *a.* relating to reflected vision  
 Cat'sup, *s.* a kind of pickle. See Catchup  
 Cattle, *s.* beasts of pasture, that are not wild  
 Cavalca'de, *s.* a procession on horseback  
 Cavalier, *s.* a partisan, knight, royalist  
 Cavalier, *a.* gay, brave, haughty, proud  
 Cavalier'ly, *ad.* haughtily, arrogantly  
 Caval'ry, *s.* horse troops, horse soldiers  
 Caval'zation, *s.* hollowing of the earth for cel-  
     lager  
 Caudle, *s.* a mixture of gruel or ale, with  
     spice, sugar, &c. for women in childbed  
 Cate, *s.* a den, a cell, hollow place  
 Ca'vent, *s.* a law term to prevent further  
     proceedings; a caution; admonition  
 Cavern, *s.* a cave, den, hollow place  
 Caverned, Cavernous, *a.* full of caverns  
 Caves'on, *s.* in horsemanship, a sort of nose-  
     band, put into the nose of a horse  
 Cauf, *s.* a chest with holes to keep fish in  
 Cave're, *s.* the spawn of sturgeon pickled  
 Cavil, *v. n.* to raise objections, to wrangle  
 Caviller, *s.* a captious disputant  
 Cavity, *s.* a hollow place, a cavern  
 Cack, *s.* a coarse kind of spar found in mines  
 Cawl, *s.* part of a woman's cap; net work of  
     a wig; the integument enclosing the guts  
 Cauliflower, *s.* a sort of cabbage  
 Causal, *a.* relating to or implying causes  
 Cause, *s.* a reason, motive, party, source  
 Cause, *v.a.* to effect, to produce, to occasion  
 Cause'less, *a.* having no just reason; original  
 Ca'way, Cause'way, *s.* a raised and paved way  
 Caustic, *s.* a burning application  
 Caute'lous, *a.* cautious, wily, cunning  
 Caute'rine, *v. a.* to burn with irons; to sear  
 Ca'tery, *s.* an iron for burning; a caustic  
 Caution, *s.* prudence, care, warning  
 Caution, *v. a.* to warn, give notice, tell  
 Caution'ary, *a.* given as a pledge, or security  
 Cautionous, *a.* wary, watchful, prudent  
 Caution'ously, *ad.* in a prudent, wary manner  
 Caution'ousness, *s.* vigilance, circumspection  
 Caw, *v.n.* to cry as a rook or crow  
 Cease, *v.* to leave off; to stop; to fail; to be  
     extinct; to put a stop to  
 Ceas'less, *a.* never ceasing, perpetual

Ce'city, *s.* blindness, loss or want of sight  
 Ce'dar, *s.* a large evergreen tree  
 Cede, *v. a.* to yield up, to surrender up  
 Ceil, *v.a.* to overlay or cover the inner roof  
 Ceiling, *s.* the inner roof, the upper part  
 Cel'ature, *s.* the art of engraving  
 Cel'eb're, *v. a.* to praise, commend; to dis-  
     tinguish by solemn rites  
 Celebra'tion, *s.* solemn remembrance; praise  
 Celeb'rious, *a.* famous, renowned, noted  
 Celeb'ri'ty, *s.* fame, celebration, renown  
 Celer'ity, *s.* swiftness, velocity, haste, speed  
 Cel'ery, *s.* the name of a salad herb  
 Celestial, *s.* inhabitant of heaven---*a.* heavenly  
 Cel'ibacy, Cel'ibate, *s.* a single life  
 Cell, *s.* a small close room; cave, cavity  
 Cel'lar, Cel'larage, *s.* a room under ground  
     where liquors or stores are deposited  
 Cell'ular, *a.* made up of cavities, hollow  
 Ceme'nt, *s.* that which unites; mortar  
 Ceme'nt, *v. a.* to join together, to solder  
 Cem'etary, *s.* a burial-place, a churchyard  
 Cen'otaph, *s.* an empty or honorary tomb  
 Cen'ser, *s.* a perfuming or incense pan  
 Cen'sor, *s.* a magistrate of Rome who had  
     the power of correcting manners; one ad-  
     dicted to censuring others  
 Censo'rian, *a.* belonging to a censor  
 Censo'rious, *a.* addicted to censure, severe  
 Cen'surable, *a.* deserving censure, culpable  
 Cen'sure, *s.* blame, reproach, judgment  
 Cen'sure, *v. a.* to blame, revile, condemn  
 Cent, *s.* an abbreviation of the Latin word  
     centum, an hundred  
 Cent'aur, *s.* a poetical being, represented as  
     half man, half horse; a sign in the zo-  
     diac, Sagittarius; a monster  
 Cent'enary, *s.* the number of an hundred  
 Cent'esimal, *a.* the hundredth  
 Centi'fidous, *a.* divided into an hundred parts  
 Centifo'lious, *a.* having an hundred leaves  
 Centi'pede, *s.* a poisonous insect, with a  
     considerable number of feet  
 Cent'o, *s.* composition, consisting of scraps  
     and fragments from various authors  
 Cent'ral, *a.* relating to the centre  
 Cent're, *s.* the middle, the chief place  
 Cent're, *v.* to place on a centre, to rest on  
 Cent'ric, *a.* placed in the centre  
 Centrif'ugal, *a.* flying from the centre  
 Centripetal, *a.* tending to the centre  
 Cen'tuple, *a.* an hundred fold  
 Centu'riate, *v. a.* to divide into hundreds  
 Centu'riator, *s.* a name applied to historians  
     who distinguish time by centuries  
 Centu'ri'on, *s.* a Roman military officer who  
     commanded an hundred men  
 Cent'ury, *s.* an hundred years  
 Cephal'ic, *a.* any thing medicinal for the  
     head

Cerastes, *s.* a horned serpent  
 Ce'rate, *s.* a salve made of wax  
 Cere, *v. a.* to cover or smear over with wax  
 Ce'recloth, Ce'rement, *s.* cloth dipped in melted wax in which dead bodies were wrapped  
 Ceremo'nia, Ceremo'nius, *a.* formal  
 Cer'emony, *s.* outward rite; external form in religion; forms of civility  
 Certain, *a.* sure, resolved, unfailing; some  
 Certainly, *ad.* indubitably, without fail  
 Certainty, Certitude, *s.* a fulness of assurance, exemption from doubt  
 Certificate, *s.* a testimony in writing  
 Certify, *v. a.* to give certain information  
 Certiora'ri, *s.* a writ issued from the court of Chancery to call up the records of a cause therein depending  
 Cervi'cal, *a.* belonging to the neck  
 Ceru'lean, Ceru'leous, *a.* blue, sky-coloured  
 Cerulif'ic, *a.* producing a blue colour  
 Ceru'men, *s.* the wax of the ear  
 Ce'ruse, *s.* white lead reduced to calx  
 Cesa'rian, *a.* the Cesarian operation is the act of cutting the child out of the womb  
 Cess, *s.* a tax or rate, bound or limit  
 Cessation, *s.* a stop, rest, intermission of hostilities, despite  
 Cessible, *a.* liable to give way, yielding  
 Cession, *s.* retreat, act of giving way  
 Cestus, *s.* the girdle or zone of Venus  
 Ceta'ceous, *a.* of the whale kind  
 Chafe, *v.* to rage, fret, warm, make angry  
 Chafe, *s.* passion, violence, fume, rage  
 Chaff, *s.* the husks of corn; a worthless thing  
 Chaffer, *v.* to haggle, bargain, exchange  
 Chaff'er, *s.* a dealer, hard bargainer  
 Chaffinch, *s.* a small common bird  
 Chaff'y, *a.* full of chaff; foul, light, bad  
 Cha'fingdish, *s.* a portable grate for coals  
 Chagri'n, *s.* ill humour, vexation  
 Chagri'n, *v. a.* to vex, to hurt, to tease  
 Chagri'ned, *part.* vexed, fretted, provoked  
 Chain, *s.* a line of links, a series; a fetter  
 Chain, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain, enslave  
 Cha'fshot, *s.* bullets fastened by a chain  
 Chair, *s.* a moveable seat, a sedan  
 Chair'man, *s.* the president of any public meeting; one who carries a sedan  
 Chaise, *s.* a kind of light carriage  
 Chalcog'raphy, *s.* art of engraving on brass  
 Chal'dron, *s.* a measure of 36 bushels  
 Chal'ice, *s.* a cup standing on a foot  
 Chalk, *s.* a kind of white fossil  
 Chalk, *v. a.* to mark or manure with chalk  
 Chalk'cutter, *s.* one who digs chalk  
 Chalk'pit, *s.* a place where chalk is dug  
 Chalk'y, *a.* consisting of chalk, white  
 Cha'lenge, *v. a.* to accuse, to claim, to call to fight, &c.

Cha'lenge, *s.* a summons to combat; demand  
 Chalyb'eate, *a.* impregnated with steel  
 Cham, Chan, *s.* the sovereign of Tartary  
 Chama'de, *s.* the beat of a drum, denoting a desire of the besieged to parley  
 Cha'mber, *s.* an apartment in a house  
 Cha'mberlain, *s.* one who takes care of chambers; the sixth officer of the crown  
 Cha'mbermaid, *s.* a servant who has the care of rooms  
 Cham'blet, *v. a.* to variegate, to streak  
 Chame'lion, *s.* an animal that is said to take the colour of whatever it is applied to and, erroneously, to live on the air  
 Cham'fer, *s.* the fluting in a column  
 Cham'ois, *s.* an animal of the goat kind, leather made of the goat's skin  
 Champ, *v. a.* to gnaw, to bite, to devour  
 Champa'ign, *s.* a flat open country; a wine  
 Champign'on, *s.* a small kind of mushroom  
 Cham'pion, *s.* a single combatant, a hero  
 Chance, *s.* fortune, event, luck, misfortune  
 Chan'cel, *s.* the east end of a church  
 Chan'cellor, *s.* a great officer of state  
 Chan'cery, *s.* a court of equity and conscience  
 Chan'cre, *s.* an ulcer, a bad sore  
 Chandell'er, *s.* a branch to hold candles  
 Chan'dler, *s.* a person who sells candles  
 Change, *v. a.* to alter, amend, exchange  
 Change, *s.* alteration, novelty; small money  
 Cha'ngable, Cha'ngeful, *a.* inconstant, fickle  
 Cha'ngeling, *s.* a child changed for another, an idiot, a natural, a waverer  
 Chan'nel, *s.* the bed of running water, narrow sea; a furrow in a pillar  
 Chant, *s.* a song, a melody; cathedral service  
 Chant, *v. a.* to sing cathedral service  
 Chanter, *s.* a singer in a cathedral, a songster  
 Chant'icleer, *s.* the cock; a clear singer  
 Chant'ress, *s.* a woman singer  
 Chant'ry, *s.* a chapel for priests to sing mass  
 Cha'os, *s.* a confused mass of matter, confusion  
 Chaotic, *a.* confused, indigested, mixed  
 Chap, *s.* a cleft, an opening; a beast's jaw  
 Chap, *v. a.* to open, to crack, to divide  
 Chape, *s.* a thin plate of metal at the point of a scabbard; part of a buckle  
 Chap'el, *s.* a place of worship  
 Chap'el'ry, *s.* the bounds of a chapel  
 Chapero'n, *s.* a kind of hood or cap worn by the knights of the garter  
 Chap'fain, *a.* having the mouth shrunk  
 Chap'iter, *s.* the capital of a pillar  
 Chap'lain, *s.* a clergyman who performs divine service in the army or navy, or a nobleman's or a private family  
 Chap'less, *a.* without flesh about the mouth  
 Chap'let, *s.* a wreath or garland for the head  
 Chap'ter, *s.* a division of a book; the whole body of clergy of a cathedral

Chap'man, *s.* a dealer in goods; a cheapener  
 Chap'ped, Chapt, *part. pass.* cleft, cracked  
 Chapter, *s.* a division of a book; an assembly of the clergy of a cathedral  
 Char, *s.* work done by the day; a small fish  
 Character, *s.* a mark; reputation; letter  
 Character'tic, *a.* peculiar to, distinguishing  
 Charac'terize, *v. a.* to give a character of a person; to imprint; to mark with a stamp  
 Charcoal, *s.* coal made by burning wood under turf  
 Charge, *v. a.* to entrust; to impute as a debt; to accuse; to load a gun; to command  
 Charge, *s.* trust; expense; onset; command  
 Charge'able, *a.* expensive, costly; accusable  
 Charger, *s.* a large dish; a war horse  
 Cha'finess, *s.* caution, care, nicety, frugality  
 Charlot, *s.* a carriage of pleasure or state  
 Chariote'er, *s.* a chariot driver, a coachman  
 Charitable, *a.* kind, bountiful, candid  
 Charley, *s.* tenderness, love, good-will; alms  
 Char, *v. a.* to burn wood to a black cinder  
 Charlatan, *s.* a mountebank, quack, cheat  
 Char'nal'ical, *a.* quackish, ignorant  
 Charles's Wain, *s.* the northern constellation, called Ursa Major, or the Great Bear  
 Charlock, *s.* a weed which grows among corn, with a yellow flower  
 Charm, *v. a.* to bewitch, delight, appease  
 Charm, *s.* a spell or enchantment, a philter  
 Char'mer, *s.* one who charms, or enchant's  
 Charm'ing, *part. a.* very pleasing, delightful  
 Char'nel-house, *s.* a receptacle for the bones of the dead, a vault for dead bodies  
 Chart, *s.* a delineation of coasts, &c.; a map  
 Charter, *s.* a privilege, immunity, or exemption, by royal grant, in writing  
 Charter'd, *a.* privileged; granted by charter  
 Charter-party, *s.* a paper relating to a contract of which each party has a copy  
 Char'woman, *s.* a woman hired by the day  
 Char'ly, *a.* careful, cautious, diligent  
 Chase, *v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to drive  
 Chase, *s.* a piece of ground larger than a park, where beasts are hunted; hunting itself; pursuit of an enemy; the bore of a gun  
 Chasm, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a vacuity  
 Hatch, *s.* a window frame, a fastening  
 Hatch, *a.* pure, uncorrupt, honest  
 Chas'ton, Chasti'se, *v. a.* to punish, correct  
 Chastisement, *s.* correction, punishment  
 Chas'tity, Chas'tness, *s.* purity of the body  
 Chat, *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly, to prattle  
 Chat, *s.* idle talk, prattle, conversation  
 Chat'ellany, *s.* the district under a castle  
 Chat'tel, *s.* any moveable property  
 Chat'ter, *v. n.* to make a noise like birds, or with the teeth; to talk idly or carelessly  
 Chaw'ender, Chev'fin, *s.* the chub, a fish  
 Chaw'dron, *s.* the entrails of a beast

Cheap, *a.* to be had at a low rate—*s.* a bargain  
 Che'apen, *v. a.* to attempt to purchase, to bid for any thing; to lessen the value  
 Che'apness, *s.* lowness of price  
 Cheat, *s.* a fraud, a trick; a deceiver  
 Cheat, *v. a.* to imposition, to deceive, to gull  
 Check, *v.* to repress, curb, chide, control  
 Check, *s.* a stop, curb, restraint, dislike, reproof; a kind of linen  
 Check'er, Che'quer, *v. a.* to vary, to diversify  
 Check, *s.* the side of the face below the eye; a name with mechanics for those parts of their machines that are double  
 Cheek'tooth, *s.* the hinder tooth or tusk  
 Cheer, *s.* entertainment, gaiety, jollity  
 Cheer, *v.* to incite, to comfort, to grow gay  
 Cheer'er, *s.* one who gives mirth, a gladner  
 Cheer'ful, *a.* gay, full of life, merry  
 Cheer'fulness, *s.* alacrity, liveliness, mirth  
 Cheer'less, *a.* sad, gloomy, comfortless  
 Cheer'ly, Cheer'y, *a.* sprightly, gay, merry  
 Cheese, *s.* food made from milk curds  
 Cheese'cake, *s.* cake made of curds, sugar, &c.  
 Cheese'monger, *s.* one who sells cheese  
 Cheese'vat, *s.* the wooden case in which the curds are pressed into cheese  
 Che'ly, *s.* the claw of a shell-fish  
 Che'rif, *s.* the high priest of the Moors  
 Cher'ish, *v. a.* to support, nurse up, shelter  
 Cher'isher, *s.* an encourager, a supporter  
 Cher'ry, *s.* a fruit—a ruddy, blooming  
 Cher'ry-cheeked, *a.* having blooming cheeks  
 Chert, *s.* a kind of flint, flint in strata  
 Cher'ub, *s.* a celestial spirit  
 Cher'ubic, Cherub'in'cal, *a.* angelical  
 Cher'up, *v. n.* to chirp; to use a lively voice  
 Ches'nut, Chest'nut, *s.* a sort of fruit  
 Chess, *s.* a difficult game, in which two sets of men are moved in opposition  
 Chess'board, *s.* a board to play chess on  
 Chess'om, *s.* mellow earth  
 Chest, *s.* a large box or coffer; the breast  
 Cheval'ier, *s.* a knight, a gallant man  
 Chevaux-de-Fri'se, *s.* a military fence composed of a piece of timber, traversed with wooden spikes, pointed with iron, five or six feet long, used in defending a passage or tournaquet; a kind of trimming  
 Chev'en, *s.* a river fish, the same with chub  
 Chev'eril, *s.* a kid; kid leather  
 Chew, *v.* to grind with the teeth, to masticate; to meditate on, to ruminate  
 Chica'ne, Chica'nerie, *s.* sophistry, wrangling; protracting a debate by artifice  
 Chick, Chick'en, *s.* the young of hens  
 Chick'enhearted, *a.* fearful, timorous  
 Chide, *v.* to reprove, to blame, to reproach  
 Chid'ing, *part.* reproving, rebuking, scolding  
 Chief, *a.* principal, eminent—*s.* a leader  
 Chie'fless, *a.* having no leader, weak

**Chiefly**, *ad.* principally, eminently, above all  
**Chief'tain**, *s.* a leader, a commander  
**Chil'blain**, *s.* a sore made by cold and frost  
**Child**, *s.* an infant; male or female offspring  
**Childbearing**, *s.* the act of bearing children  
**Childbed**, **Childbirth**, *s.* the state of a woman bringing a child; travail; labour  
**Chil'dermas-day**, *s.* the day of the week throughout the year answering to the day on which the feast of the holy Innocents is solemnized  
**Chi'ldhood**, *s.* infancy, the state of a child  
**Chi'ldish**, *a.* trivial, puerile, like a child  
**Chi'ldless**, *a.* having no children, barren  
**Chi'ldren**, *s.* the plural of Child  
**Chi'liad**, *s.* a thousand  
**Chi'liac'dron**, *s.* a figure of a thousand sides  
**Chi'liarch**, *s.* a commander of a thousand men  
**Chill**, *a.* cold, depressed—*s.* chillness, cold  
**Chill**, *v. a.* to make cold, discourage, blast  
**Chilliness**, **Chi'lness**, *s.* a sensation of shivering, cold; want of warmth  
**Chi'fly**, *a.* somewhat cold, frosty, raw  
**Chime**, *s.* a sound of bells; concord of sound  
**Chime**, *v. n.* to sound in harmony, to agree  
**Chi'mera**, *s.* an odd fancy, a feigned monster  
**Chi'merical**, *a.* imaginary, whimsical  
**Chi'minge**, *s.* toll for passing through a forest  
**Chi'mar**, *s.* part of a bishop's vestment  
**Chi'mey**, *s.* a passage made for smoke  
**Chi'mey-piece**, *s.* an ornamental frame of marble, stone, &c. round a fire-place  
**Chin**, *s.* the lowest part of the human face  
**Chi'nus**, *s.* a country; china ware, porcelain  
**Chi'nough**, *s.* a violent disease of children  
**Chine**, *s.* the backbone—*v. a.* to cut in chines  
**Chink**, *s.* a small aperture longwise; money in burlesque—*v. a.* to jingle like money  
**Chink'y**, *a.* full of chinks, gaping, open  
**Chints**, *s.* Indian printed calico  
**Chip**, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces; to hack  
**Chip**, **Chip'ping**, *s.* a fragment cut off  
**Chi'rographer**, *s.* an officer in the Common Pleas who engrosses fines in that court  
**Chi'ro'raphy**, *s.* the act of writing  
**Chi'romancy**, *s.* divination by the hand  
**Chirp**, *v. n.* to imitate the noise of birds  
**Chirp**, *s.* the noise of birds or insects  
**Chi'ru'geon**, *s.* a surgeon; an operator  
**Chi'ru'gical**, *a.* relating to surgery  
**Chi'sel**, *s.* a carpenter's tool to pare with  
**Chit**, *s.* a baby, a child; a sprout of corn  
**Chit'chat**, *s.* prattle, common trifling talk  
**Chit'terlings**, *s.* the guts; the bowels  
**Chi'valry**, *s.* military dignity, knighthood  
**Chives**, *s.* the threads or filaments rising in flowers with seeds at the end; a species of small onions  
**Choc'o'late**, *s.* a preparation of the Indian coconut shell; the liquor made with it  
**Choice**, *s.* a thing chosen; power of choosing variety, plenty; best part of any thing  
**Choice**, *a.* select; of great value; careful  
**Choice'ness**, *s.* nicety, of particular value  
**Choir**, *s.* part of a church; a body of singers  
**Choke**, *v. a.* to suffocate, suppress, block up  
**Choke**, *s.* internal part of an artichoke  
**Cho'kepear**, *s.* a rough, harsh, unpalatable pear; any unanswerable sarcasm  
**Chol'er**, *s.* the bile; anger, rage, irascibility  
**Chol'eric**, *a.* full of choler, angry, offensive  
**Choose**, **Chuse**, *v.* to select, to pick out  
**Chop**, *v.* to cut with a blow, to mince, to devour; to change  
**Chop**, *s.* a small piece of meat; a cleft  
**Chop'house**, *s.* a house to eat provisions at  
**Chop'in**, *s.* the Scotch quart, in wine measure  
**Chop'ping**, *a.* large, lusty, healthy, jolly  
**Chop'ping**, *s.* a sort of high-heeled shoe  
**Chop'py**, *a.* full of holes or cracks  
**Cho'ral**, *a.* belonging to or singing in a choir  
**Chord**, *s.* the string of a musical instrument  
**Chord**, *v. a.* to furnish or fasten with strings  
**Chor'ister**, **Cho'rist**, *s.* a singer in cathedrals  
**Chorog'raphy**, *s.* the art of describing particular places; teaching geography  
**Cho'rus**, *s.* a number of singers; a concert  
**Cho'sen, part.** made choice of, selected  
**Chough**, *s.* a sea bird which frequents rocks  
**Choule**, *s.* the stomach of a bird; a jowl  
**Chouse**, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick—*s.* a fool  
**Chris'mi**, *s.* an holy unguent or oil  
**Chris'om**, *s.* a child that dies within a month after its birth; a cloth  
**Christ'en**, *v. a.* to baptize, to name  
**Christ'endom**, *s.* the whole collective body of Christians  
**Christ'ening**, *s.* the act of baptizing infants  
**Christian**, *s.* a disciple of Christ  
**Christian'ity**, *s.* the religion taught by Christ  
**Christ'ianize**, *v. a.* to make Christian  
**Christ'ian-name**, *s.* the name given at baptism  
**Christ'mas**, *s.* the festival of the Nativity  
**Christ**, the 25th of December  
**Chromatic**, *a.* relating to colours or music  
**Chronic**, **Chronical**, *a.* of long continuance  
**Chronicle**, *s.* a history, register, record  
**Chronicle**, *v. a.* to record in history  
**Chron'icler**, *s.* an historian, recorder of events  
**Chron'ogram**, *s.* a kind of verse or description, the numeral letters of which make up the date of the action mentioned  
**Chronol'oger**, *s.* an explainer of past time  
**Chronological**, *a.* relating to chronology  
**Chronol'ogy**, *s.* the art of computing time  
**Chrys'alis**, *s.* aurelia, or the first apparent change of any species of insect  
**Chrys'olite**, *s.* a precious stone of a dusky green, with a yellow cast  
**Chub**, *s.* the name of a fish, the chevin

Chub'bed, *a.* big headed, like a chub, stupid  
 Chuck, *s.* the voice of a hen; a kind word  
 Chuckle, *v.* to laugh much, to fondle  
 Chuff, *s.* a blunt clownish person—*a.* surly  
 Chum, *s.* a chamber fellow; a messmate  
 Chum, *s.* a short, heavy piece of wood  
 Church, *s.* a place of divine worship; the  
 collective body of Christians; congregation  
 Church, *v. a.* solemnly to return thanks in  
 the church after child-birth  
 Churching, *s.* the act of giving thanks in the  
 church after child-birth  
 Church'man, *s.* a clergyman; a member of  
 the church of England  
 Churchward'en, *s.* a parish officer chosen by  
 the minister and parishioners  
 Churchya'rd, *s.* the ground adjoining the  
 church, where the dead are buried  
 Churl, *s.* a niggard; a rustic, rude person  
 Churlish, *a.* untractable, provoking, selfish  
 Churlishly, *ad.* rudely, surly, brutally  
 Churlishness, *s.* rudeness, ill nature  
 Churn, *s.* a confused sound, a noise  
 Churn, *v. a.* to make butter; to agitate  
 Churn, *s.* a vessel used to coagulate cream in  
 Chyle'ous, *a.* belonging to chyle  
 Chye, *s.* white juice of the stomach  
 Chymical, *a.* relating to chymistry  
 Chymis', *s.* a professor of chymistry  
 Chym'istry, *s.* the art of separating natural  
 bodies by fire; preparing chymicals  
 Cic'atrice, *s.* a scar left by a wound  
 Cic'atrize, *v. a.* to heal a wound, to skin over  
 Cicero'nian, *a.* like Cicero; pure, elegant  
 Cicisbe'o, *s.* a gallant attending a lady  
 Cic'urate, *v. a.* to tame, to make mild  
 Cider, *s.* a liquor made from apple juice  
 Ciderkin, *s.* an inferior kind of cider  
 Ciliary, *a.* relating to the eye-lids  
 Cili'cious, *a.* made of hair, hairy, rough  
 Cim'eter, *s.* a Turkish hanger; a sort of  
 sword short and recurved  
 Cinct'ure, *s.* a belt, sash, girdle, ring  
 Cinder, *s.* coal burnt till the sulphur is gone  
 Cin'eritious, *a.* having the form of ashes  
 Cingle, *s.* a girth used for a horse  
 Cin'haber, *s.* vermillion; red mineral  
 Cia'namon, *s.* the spicy bark of a tree  
 Cinque, *s.* five, the number of five on dice  
 Cinque-foil, *s.* a kind of five-leaved clover  
 Cinque-pace, *s.* a grave kind of dance  
 Cinque-ports, *s.* five havens on the eastern  
 coast of England, viz. Hastings, Dover,  
 Hithe, Romney, and Sandwich  
 Cion, *s.* a sprout; the shoot of a plant  
 Cip'acer, *s.* the character [O] in numbers; the  
 initials of a person's name interwoven; a  
 secret manner of writing—*v. n.* to cast ac-  
 counts  
 Cypher'ing, *s.* the art of casting accounts

Cir'cinate, *v. a.* to make a circle; make round  
 Cir'cle, *s.* a round body, an orb; a company  
 Cir'cle, *v. a.* to move round any thing; to  
 enclose; to confine; to move circularly  
 Cir'cle't, *s.* a small circle or orb  
 Cir'cuit, *s.* space, extent, act of moving  
 round any thing; visitation of the judges  
 Cir'cuit, *v. n.* to move in a circle  
 Cir'citous, *a.* going round in a circuit  
 Cir'cular, *a.* like a circle, round; vulgar  
 Circular'ity, *s.* a circular form  
 Cir'culate, *v. a.* to put about, to move round  
 Cir'culation, *s.* a circular motion, a return  
 Circumam'bient, *a.* surrounding  
 Circumam'bulate, *v. n.* to pass round about  
 Cir'cumcise, *v. a.* to cut off the fore-skin  
 Cir'cumci'sion, *s.* the act of cutting off the  
 fore-skin, practised by the Jews, &c.  
 Circumdu'ct, *v. a.* to nullify, to contravene;  
 to carry or convey round  
 Circum'ference, *s.* a compass; a circle; the  
 periphery or limit of a circle  
 Circumferent'or, *s.* an instrument used in  
 surveying to measure angles  
 Cir'cumflex, *s.* an accent used to regulate  
 the pronunciation of syllables, including  
 the acute and grave, marked thus [A]  
 Circum'fluent, *a.* flowing round any thing  
 Circum'fluou', *a.* environing with waters  
 Circumfu'se, *v. a.* to spread round, to diffuse  
 Circumfu'sion, *s.* the act of pouring round  
 Circumgy'rate, *v. a.* to roll or wheel round  
 Circum'ition, *s.* the act of going round  
 Circumja'cent, *a.* lying round any thing  
 Circumlocu'tion, *s.* the use of indirect ex-  
 pressions, a circuit of words  
 Circummu'red, *a.* walled or fenced round  
 Circumnaviga'tion, *s.* the act of sailing round  
 Circumnaviga'tor, *s.* one who sails round  
 Circumrot'a'tion, *s.* the act of whirling round  
 Circumscribe, *v. a.* to enclose, limit, confine  
 Circumscription, *s.* a limitation; determina-  
 tion of form or magnitude  
 Circum'spect, *a.* cautious, watchful, wary  
 Circum'spection, *s.* watchfulness, caution  
 Circum'spect'ive, *a.* attentive, watchful  
 Circumstance, *s.* an accident, event, incident  
 Circumstan'ced, *a.* situated, or placed  
 Circumstan'tial, *a.* particular, minute  
 Circumstan'tiate, *v. a.* to describe exactly  
 Circumvalla'tion, *s.* a fortification surround-  
 ing a besieged place  
 Circumvec'tion, *s.* the act of carrying round  
 Circumve'nt, *v. a.* to deceive, to over-reach  
 Circumven'tion, *s.* fraud, deceit, prevention  
 Circumve'st, *v. a.* to put, or garnish round  
 Circumvo'le, *v. a.* to roll round about  
 Circumvolu'tion, *s.* a turning round  
 Circ'us, *s.* area for sports, with circular seats  
 Cisalp'inc, *a.* lying on this side the Alps

**Chiefly**, *ad.* principally, eminently, above all  
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**Chi'ly**, *a.* somewhat cold, frosty, raw  
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**Chime**, *v. n.* to sound in harmony, to agree  
**Chime'ra**, *s.* an odd fancy, a feigned monster  
**Chim'rical**, *a.* imaginary, whimsical  
**Chim'frage**, *s.* toll for passing through a forest  
**Chi'mar**, *s.* part of a bishop's vestment  
**Chi'mney**, *s.* a passage made for smoke  
**Chi'mney-piece**, *s.* an ornamental frame of marble, stone, &c. round a fire-place  
**Chin**, *s.* the lowest part of the human face  
**Chi'na**, *s.* a country; china ware, porcelain  
**Chi'ncough**, *s.* a violent disease of children  
**Chine**, *s.* the backbone—*v. a.* to cut in chines  
**Chink**, *s.* a small aperture longwise; money in burlesque—*v. a.* to jingle like money  
**Chink'y**, *a.* full of chinks, gaping, open  
**Chints**, *s.* Indian printed calico  
**Chip**, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces; to hack  
**Chip**, **Chip'ping**, *s.* a fragment cut off  
**Chirographer**, *s.* an officer in the Common Pleas who engrosses fines in that court  
**Chirog'raphy**, *s.* the act of writing  
**Chi'romancy**, *s.* divination by the hand  
**Chirp**, *v. n.* to imitate the noise of birds  
**Chirp**, *s.* the noise of birds or insects  
**Chirurgeon**, *s.* a surgeon; an operator  
**Chirurgical**, *a.* relating to surgery  
**Chis'el**, *s.* a carpenter's tool to pare with  
**Chit**, *s.* a baby, a child; a sprout of corn  
**Chit'chat**, *s.* prattle, common trifling talk  
**Chit'terlings**, *s.* the guts; the bowels  
**Chi'valry**, *s.* military dignity, knighthood  
**Chives**, *s.* the threads or filaments rising in flowers with seeds at the end; a species of small onions  
**Choc'olate**, *s.* a preparation of the Indian coconut shell; the liquor made with it  
**Choice**, *s.* a thing chosen; power of choosing variety, plenty; best part of any thing  
**Choice**, *a.* select, of great value; careful  
**Choice'ness**, *s.* nicety, of particular value  
**Choir**, *s.* part of a church; a body of singers  
**Choke**, *v. a.* to suffocate, suppress, block up  
**Choke**, *s.* internal part of an artichoke  
**Chokepear**, *s.* a rough, harsh, unpalatable pear; any unanswerable sarcasm  
**Chol'er**, *s.* the bile; anger, rage, irascibility  
**Chol'eric**, *a.* full of choleric, angry, offensive  
**Choose**, **Chuse**, *v.* to select, to pick out  
**Chop**, *v.* to cut with a blow, to mince; devour; to change  
**Chop**, *s.* a small piece of meat; a cleft  
**Chop'house**, *s.* a house to eat provisions at  
**Chop'in**, *s.* the Scotch quart, in wine measures  
**Chop'ping**, *a.* large, lusty, healthy, jolly  
**Chop'ping**, *s.* a sort of high-heeled shoe  
**Chop'py**, *a.* full of holes or cracks  
**Chor'ral**, *a.* belonging to or singing in a choir  
**Chord**, *s.* the string of a musical instrument  
**Chord**, *v. a.* to furnish or fasten with strings  
**Chor'fister**, **Cho'rist**, *s.* a singer in cathedral  
**Chorog'raphy**, *s.* the art of describing particular places; teaching geography  
**Chor'rus**, *s.* a number of singers; a concert  
**Cho'sen**, *part.* made choice of, selected  
**Chough**, *s.* a sea bird which frequents rocks  
**Choule**, *s.* the stomach of a bird; a jowl  
**Chouse**, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick—*s.* a fool  
**Chris'mi**, *s.* an holy unguent or oil  
**Chris'om**, *s.* a child that dies within a month after its birth; a cloth  
**Christ'en**, *v. a.* to baptize, to name  
**Chris'tendom**, *s.* the whole collective body of Christians  
**Chris'tening**, *s.* the act of baptizing infants  
**Christian**, *s.* a disciple of Christ  
**Christian'ity**, *s.* the religion taught by Christ  
**Chris'tianize**, *v. a.* to make Christian  
**Chris'tian-name**, *s.* the name given at baptism  
**Christ'mas**, *s.* the festival of the Nativity  
**Christ**, the 25th of December  
**Chromat'ic**, *a.* relating to colours or music  
**Chron'ic**, **Chron'ical**, *a.* of long continuance  
**Chron'icle**, *s.* a history, register, record  
**Chron'icle**, *v. a.* to record in history  
**Chron'icler**, *s.* an historian, recorder of events  
**Chron'ogram**, *s.* a kind of verse or description, the numeral letters of which make up the date of the action mentioned  
**Chronol'oger**, *s.* an explainer of past time  
**Chronolog'ical**, *a.* relating to chronology  
**Chronol'ogy**, *s.* the art of computing time  
**Chrys'alis**, *s.* aurelia, or the first appearance of any species of insect  
**Chrys'olite**, *s.* a precious stone of a deep green, with a yellow cast  
**Chub**, *s.* the name of a fish, the chevise

hubbed, *a.* big headed, like a chub, stupid  
huck, *s.* the voice of a hen; a kind word  
huckle, *v.* to laugh much, to fondle  
hug, *s.* a blunt clownish person—*a.* surly  
hun, *s.* a chamber fellow; a messmate  
hump, *s.* a short, heavy piece of wood  
hunch, *s.* a place of divine worship; the  
collective body of Christians; congregation  
hunch, *v. a.* solemnly to return thanks in  
the church after child-birth  
hunching, *s.* the act of giving thanks in the  
church after child-birth  
hurch'man, *s.* a clergyman; a member of  
the church of England  
hurchwar'ien, *s.* a parish officer chosen by  
the minister and parishioners  
hurchy'rd, *s.* the ground adjoining the  
church, where the dead are buried  
hurl, *s.* a niggard; a rustic, rude person  
hurl'fish, *a.* untractable, provoking, selfish  
hurl'ishly, *ad.* rudely, surly, brutally  
hurl'fishness, *s.* rudeness, ill nature  
hurme, *s.* a confused sound, a noise  
hurn, *v. a.* to make butter; to agitate  
hurn, *s.* a vessel used to coagulate cream in  
hyla'ceous, *a.* belonging to chyle  
hy'e, *s.* white juice of the stomach  
hym'ical, *a.* relating to chymistry  
hym'ist, *s.* a professor of chymistry  
hym'istry, *s.* the art of separating natural  
bodies by fire; preparing chymicals  
h'atrice, *s.* a scar left by a wound  
h'atrise, *v. a.* to heal a wound, to skin over  
cicer'onian, *a.* like Cicero; pure, elegant  
h'isbe', *s.* a gallant attending a lady  
h'urate, *v. a.* to tame, to make mild  
h'ider, *s.* a liquor made from apple juice  
h'erk'lin, *s.* an inferior kind of cider  
h'ary, *a.* relating to the eye-lids  
h'icous, *a.* made of hair, hairy, rough  
h'meter, *s.* a Turkish hanger; a sort of  
sword short and recurved  
h'inct'ure, *s.* a belt, sash, girdle, ring  
h'inder, *s.* coal burnt till the sulphur is gone  
h'ier'tious, *a.* having the form of ashes  
h'ingle, *s.* a girth used for a horse  
h'mabar, *s.* vermillion; red mineral  
h'mamon, *s.* the spicy bark of a tree  
h'ique, *s.* five, the number of five on dice  
h'ique-foil, *s.* a kind of five-leaved clover  
h'ique-pace, *s.* a grave kind of dance  
h'ique-ports, *s.* five havens on the eastern  
coast of England, viz. Hastings, Dover,  
Hithe, Romney, and Sandwich  
h'on, *s.* a sprout; the shoot of a plant  
h'paer, *s.* the character [O] in numbers; the  
initials of a person's name interwoven; a  
secret manner of writing—*v. n.* to cast ac-  
counts  
h'sphering, *s.* the art of casting accounts

Cir'cinate, *v. a.* to make a circle; make round  
Cir'cle, *s.* a round body, an orb; a company  
Cir'cle, *v. a.* to move round any thing; to  
enclose; to confine; to move circularly  
Cir'cle, *s.* a small circle or orb  
Cir'cuit, *s.* space, extent, act of moving  
round any thing; visitation of the judges  
Cir'cuit, *v. n.* to move in a circle  
Circu'itous, *a.* going round in a circuit  
Cir'cular, *a.* like a circle, round; vulgar  
Circular'ity, *s.* a circular form  
Cir'culate, *v. a.* to put about, to move round  
Circula'tion, *s.* a circular motion, a return  
Circumam'bient, *a.* surrounding  
Circumam'bulate, *v. n.* to pass round about  
Cir'cumcise, *v. a.* to cut off the fore-skin  
Circumci'sion, *s.* the act of cutting off the  
fore-skin, practised by the Jews, &c.  
Circumdu'ct, *v. a.* to nullify, to contravene;  
to carry or convey round  
Circum'ference, *s.* a compass; a circle; the  
periphery or limit of a circle  
Circumferent'or, *s.* an instrument used in  
surveying to measure angles  
Cir'cumflex, *s.* an accent used to regulate  
the pronunciation of syllables, including  
the acute and grave, marked thus [A]  
Circum'fluent, *a.* flowing round any thing.  
Circum'fluous, *a.* environing with waters  
Circumfu'se, *v. a.* to spread round, to diffuse  
Circumfu'sion, *s.* the act of pouring round  
Circumgy'rate, *v. a.* to roll or wheel round  
Circum'lit, *s.* the act of going round  
Circumja'cent, *a.* lying round any thing  
Circumlo'cation, *s.* the use of indirect ex-  
pressions, a circuit of words  
Circummu'red, *a.* walled or fenced round  
Circumnaviga'tion, *s.* the act of sailing round  
Circumnaviga'tor, *s.* one who sails round  
Circumrota'tion, *s.* the act of whirling round  
Circumscri'be, *v. a.* to enclose, limit, confine  
Circumscrip'tion, *s.* a limitation; determina-  
tion of form or magnitude  
Circ'umspect, *a.* cautious, watchful, wary  
Circumspection, *s.* watchfulness, caution  
Circumspect'ive, *a.* attentive, watchful  
Circ'umstance, *s.* an accident, event, incident  
Circ'umstance, *a.* situated, or placed  
Circumstan'tial, *a.* particular, minute  
Circumstan'tiate, *v. a.* to describe exactly  
Circumvalla'tion, *s.* a fortification surround-  
ing a besieged place  
Circumvec'tion, *s.* the act of carrying round  
Circumve'nt, *v. a.* to deceive, to over-reach  
Circumven'tion, *s.* fraud, deceit, prevention  
Circumve'st, *v. a.* to put, or garnish round  
Circumvol've, *v. a.* to roll round about  
Circumvolu'tion, *s.* a turning round  
Circ'u's, *s.* area for sports, with circular seats  
Cisalp'ine, *a.* lying on this side the Alps

Cist, *s.* a case; a coat; an angry tumour  
 Cis'tern, *s.* a vessel to catch or hold water  
 Cit'adel, *s.* a fortress, a castle, a place of arms  
 Ci'tal, Cita'tion, *s.* reproof, impeachment, summons to appear before a judge; a quotation from another author; enumeration  
 Cite, *v. a.* to summon, to enjoin, to quote  
 Cit'ess, *s.* a woman residing in a city  
 Cith'ern, *s.* an ancient kind of harp  
 Ci'tzen, Cit, *s.* one inhabiting a city; a freeman—a having qualities of a citizen  
 Cit'rine, *a.* like a citron; of a lemon colour  
 Cit'rine, *s.* a species of crystal extremely pure, out of which jewellers cut stones for rings, &c. frequently mistaken for topazes  
 Cit'ron, *s.* a fruit resembling a lemon  
 Ci'ty, *s.* an episcopal town  
 Civ'et, *s.* a perfume obtained from the civet cat. The Civet, or Civet Cat, is a little animal not unlike our cat, excepting that his front is pointed, his claws less dangerous, and his cry different  
 Ci'vle, *a.* relating to civil honours, &c.  
 Ci'vil, *a.* political, civilized; kind, polite  
 Ci'vil-law, *s.* the national law of a country  
 Ci'vil-war, *s.* an intestine war  
 Ci'vilian, *s.* a professor of civil law  
 Ci'vilis, *s.* freedom, kindness, politeness  
 Ci'vilize, *v. a.* to polish, reclaim, to instruct  
 Ci'vilized, *part.* polished, improved, civil  
 Cize, *s.* the surface of any thing  
 Clack, *s.* part of a mill; a continued noise  
 Clack, *v. n.* to talk fast, to let the tongue run  
 Clad, *pret.* and *part. of to clothe*  
 Claim, *s.* a demand of any thing due, a title  
 Claim, *v. a.* to demand of right, to require  
 Clai'mable, *a.* that which may be claimed  
 Clai'mant, *s.* one who owns or demands  
 Clai'med, *part.* demanded, owned  
 Clai'ro-Obscuro, *s.* the art of distributing light and shades to advantage  
 Clai'mber, *v. n.* to climb with difficulty  
 Clam'm, *v. a.* to clog, to glue; to starve  
 Clam'miness, *s.* ropiness, stickiness  
 Clam'my, *a.* ropy, viscous, sticky, moist  
 Clam'our, *s.* outcry, noise, vociferation  
 Clam'orous, *a.* noisy, loud, importunate  
 Clamp, *s.* a piece of wood joined to another  
 Clan, *s.* a family; a race; sect of persons  
 Clanc'ular, *a.* clandestine, private, hidden  
 Clandes'tine, *a.* secret, hidden, sly  
 Clandes'tiney, *ad.* secretly, craftily  
 Clang, Clan'gour, Clank, *s.* a sharp noise  
 Clan'gous, *a.* making a shrill noise  
 Clank, *v.* to clatter; to make a loud noise  
 Clap, *v.* to strike together; to applaud  
 Clap, *s.* a loud noise; an explosion of thunder; an act of applause  
 Clap'per, *s.* the tongue of a bell, &c.  
 Clap'perclaw, *v. a.* to scold, beat, chide

Clarencie'ux, *s.* the second king at arms, named from the dutchy of Clarence  
 Cla'ret, *s.* a light French wine  
 Clarification, *s.* the act of making clear  
 Clar'ify, *v. a.* to make clear, to purity  
 Clar'ion, *s.* a martial instrument, a trumpet  
 Clar'itude, Clarify, *s.* brightness, clearness  
 Clash, *v.* to contradict, to oppose, to wrangle  
 Clash, *s.* a noisy collision of two bodies  
 Clasp, *v. a.* to embrace, to hug, to hold fast  
 Clasp, *s.* a kind of hook, a holdfast  
 Clasp'er, *s.* the thread of creeping plants  
 Class, *v. a.* to range or set in order  
 Class, Class'is, *s.* a rank, order, degree  
 Classie, *s.* an author of the first rank  
 Classical, *a.* relating to authors of the first rank; learned, elegant  
 Clat'ter, *s.* a rattling confused noise, clamour  
 Clat'ter, *v.* to make a confused noise  
 Clause, *s.* a sentence, a stipulation  
 Claus'ure, *s.* a shutting up a hedge  
 Claw, *s.* the foot of a beast, bird, or fish  
 Claw, *v. a.* to tear with claws, to scratch  
 Clay, *s.* a common sort of earth  
 Clai'y-cold, *a.* cold as earth, lifeless, dead  
 Clean, *a.* free from dirt; innocent, pure  
 Clean, *v. a.* to free from dirt; to purify  
 Clean, *ad.* quite, perfectly, completely  
 Clean'liness, Cle'aness, *s.* neatness, purity  
 Clean'ly, *a.* free from dirt; neat, pure  
 Cleanse, *v. a.* to free from dirt; to purify  
 Clear, *ad.* clean, fully, completely  
 Clear, *v.* to brighten, to gain, to remove  
 Clear, *a.* bright; guiltless; plain; unentangled  
 Clear'ance, *s.* the act of clearing; acquittal  
 Clear'er, *s.* brightener, purifier, enlightener  
 Clearly, *ad.* plainly, evidently, honestly  
 Clear'ness, *s.* transparency; perspicuity  
 Clear'sighted, *a.* discerning, judicious  
 Clear'starch, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch  
 Cleave, *v.* to adhere, stick to; split, divide  
 Cle'ver, *s.* a butcher's instrument  
 Clef, *s.* a mark for the key in music  
 Cleft, *s.* a crack—*part. pass.* from to cleave  
 Clem'ency, *s.* mercy, humanity, tenderness  
 Clem'ent, *a.* mild, merciful, gentle  
 Clench, *v. a.* to fasten, to pin down, to beat  
 Clepe, *v. a.* to call, to name  
 Clepsy'dra, *s.* an ancient instrument to measure time by the running of water  
 Cler'gy, *s.* the whole order or body of divine  
 Cler'gymen, *s.* a person in holy orders  
 Clerical, *a.* relating to the clergy, orthodox  
 Clerk, *s.* a clergyman; a scholar; man of letters; a secretary or book-keeper  
 Clerk'ship, *s.* scholarship, employ of a clerk  
 Clever, *a.* skilful, dexterous, ready, fit  
 Clever'ness, *s.* skill, knowledge, art  
 Clew, *s.* a ball of thread, &c.; a guide  
 Clew, *v. a.* to draw up the sails to be furled

Click, *v. n.* to make a sharp noise  
Click'er, *s.* a caller in at a shop; a servant  
Click'er, *s.* the knocker of a door  
Client, *s.* an employer of an attorney, &c.  
Cliff, or Clift, *s.* a steep rock, a precipice  
Climacter, *s.* every seventh or ninth year  
Climacter'ic, *a.* containing a number of years, at the end of which some great change is supposed to befall the body  
Climate, Clime, *s.* a tract of land; the air  
Climax, *s.* rhetorical figure; gradation; ascent  
Climb, *v. a.* to ascend up any place  
Climber, *s.* one that climbs; a plant  
Clinch, *v. a.* to hold fast; to contract; bend  
Clinch', *s.* a pun, a witty saying; part of a cable  
Clinch'er, *s.* a cramp, holdfast; full answer  
Cling, *v. n.* to twine round; to dry up  
Chalc, *s.* a person confined in bed by sickness  
Chanical, *a.* bedrid, sick, disordered  
Chink, *v. a.* to sound or jingle like metal  
Chink'er, *s.* a paving brick; bad cinders  
Chinquant, *s.* embroidery, spangles  
Clip, *v. a.* to cut short, to embrace, confine  
Clipper, *s.* a debaser of coin by clipping it  
Clipping, *s.* the part cut off—*part.* cutting  
Cloak, *v. a.* to hide, conceal, cover over  
Cloak, *s.* an outer garment, cover, blind  
Clock, *s.* an instrument to shew time; a beetle  
Clock'work, *s.* movement by weights or springs  
Clod, *s.* a lump of earth or clay; a dolt; clown  
Clod'pole, *s.* a stupid fellow  
Clog, *s.* an hinderance; a sort of shoe  
Clog, *v.* to hinder, obstruct, load, adhere  
Cloister, *s.* place of religious retirement; a square with piazzas  
Clois'ter, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister  
Close, *v.* to shut, conclude, confine, join  
Close, *s.* a small field inclosed; pause, end  
Close, *a.* shut fast; private; sly; cloudy  
Closebodied, *a.* sitting close to the body  
Closely, *ad.* secretly, slyly, without deviation  
Closeness, *s.* nearness, privacy, heat  
Clos'et, *s.* a small private room  
Clos'et, *v. a.* to shut up in a closet; to conceal  
Clos'ure, *s.* an enclosure, end, period  
Clot, *v. n.* to form clots, to coagulate  
Clot, *s.* any thing clotted; a hard lump  
Cloth, *s.* linen or woollen woven for garments; the covering for a table  
Clothe, *v. a.* to cover with garments; dress  
Clothier, *s.* a maker of woollen cloth  
Clothing, Cloaths, Clothes, *s.* garments; dress  
Cloud, *s.* a body of vapours in the air  
Cloud, *v. a.* to darken with clouds  
Cloud'capt, *part.* topped with clouds  
Cloud'less, *a.* free from clouds, clear, pure  
Cloud'y, *a.* dark, obscure, gloomy, sullen  
Clove, *s.* a spice; grain or root of garlick  
Clo'ven, *part.* cleft, divided, separated  
Clover, *s.* a species of trefoil, kind of grass

Clo'vered, *a.* covered with clover  
Clough, *s.* a cliff; an allowance in weight  
Clout, *s.* a cloth for any mean use; a patch  
Clout'ed, *part.* congealed, curdled  
Clown, *s.* a rustic, ill bred man; a churl  
Clown'ish, *a.* uncivil, awkward, ill bred  
Cloy, *v. a.* to surfeit, glut, sate; to nail up  
Cloy'less, *a.* that cannot surfeit or glut  
Cloy'ment, *s.* satiety, fulness, glut  
Club, *s.* a heavy stick; a society; suit of cards  
Club, *v. n.* to join in common expense  
Club'law, *s.* the law of arms, law of force  
Club'room, *s.* the room a club meets in  
Cluck, *v. n.* to call chickens, as a hen  
Clumps, *s.* a stupid fellow, numskull  
Clum'siness, *s.* awkwardness, unhandiness  
Clum'sy, *a.* awkward, heavy, thick, bad  
Clung, *pref.* and *part.* of *clinging*—*v.* to dry as wood does—*a.* wasted with leanness  
Cluster, *s.* a bunch, body, herd, collection  
Clutch, *s.* a grasp, hand, paw, talon  
Clutch, *v. a.* to gripe, hold fast, clinch  
Clut'er, *s.* noise, bustle, hurry, clamour  
Cly'ster, *s.* an injection into the anus  
Coacervate, *v. a.* to heap together, to add  
Coach, *s.* a carriage of state or pleasure  
Coat, *v. n.* to act together, or in concert  
Coaction, *s.* compulsion, restraint  
Coative, *a.* having the power of impelling  
Coadju'tant, *a.* helping, co-operating  
Coadju'tor, *s.* an assistant, helper, ally  
Coagme'nt, *v. a.* to heap together, to cement  
Coagulate, *v. a.* to curdle, to run into clots  
Coagulation, *s.* the act of, or body formed by curdling milk, &c.; concretion  
Coal, *s.* a mineral used for firing  
Coal'ery, *s.* the place where coals are dug  
Coale'sce, *v. n.* to unite, join together, to close  
Coalescence, *s.* act of uniting together  
Coalition, *s.* an union in one mass; junction  
Coaly, *a.* like coal, containing coal  
Coaptation, *s.* the adjustment of parts to each other  
Coar'ft, *v. a.* to straighten, confine, press  
Coarse, *a.* vile, rude, gross, not fine, large  
Coarse'ness, *s.* meanness, rudeness, roughness  
Coast, *s.* an edge, bank, side, shore  
Coast, *v. n.* to sail along or near to the coast  
Coasting, *s.* sailing near the land  
Coat, *s.* a man's upper garment; a petticoat; the upper covering of all animals  
Coax, *v. a.* to wheedle, flatter, entice  
Cob'alt, *s.* a kind of marcasite; a mineral  
Cob'ble, *v. a.* to mend coarsely or clumsily  
Cob'bler, *s.* a mender of shoes; a bungler  
Cob'cal, *s.* a sandal worn by ladies in eastern countries; an open slipper  
Cob'iron, *s.* an iron with a knob at one end  
Cob'swan, *s.* the head or leading swan  
Cob'web, *s.* a spider's web—*s.* trifling, weak

Cochineal, *s.* an insect used to die scarlet  
 Cock, *v. a.* to set up the hat; to cock a gun  
 Cock, *s.* the male of birds; a spout to let out  
 liquids; form of a hat; part of a gun; heap  
 of hay; the needle of a balance  
 Cockade, *s.* a ribbon worn on a hat  
 Cockahoop, *ad.* in high mirth and jollity  
 Cockatrice, *s.* a kind of serpent  
 Cock'er, *v. a.* to fondle, caress, indulge  
 Cock'er, *s.* one who handles or fights cocks  
 Cock'arel, *s.* a young cock; a small cock  
 Cock'et, *s.* a ticket from the custom-house  
 Cock'horse, *a.* on horseback; triumphant  
 Cocking, Cock'fight, *s.* a fight of cocks  
 Cock'le, *s.* a shell-fish; the weed cornrose  
 Cock'le, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles  
 Cocklestairs, *s.* winding or spiral stairs  
 Cock'loft, *s.* a room over a garret  
 Cock'match, *s.* a battle of cocks for money  
 Cock'ney, *s.* a Londoner; a mean citizen  
 Cock'pit, *s.* a place where cocks fight  
 Cock'scomb, *s.* the upper part of a cock's  
 head; a plant; lobeswort  
 Cock'sure, *a.* quite sure, very confident  
 Co'coa, *s.* a kind of nut, liquor made from it  
 Coction, *s.* the act of boiling; digestion  
 Cod, *s.* a sea fish; the husk of seeds  
 Code, *s.* a book of the civil law; a book  
 Codicil, *s.* addition or supplement to a will  
 Codille, *s.* a term in playing at ombre  
 Codle, *v. a.* to parboil, to dress badly  
 Codling, *s.* a sort of early apple  
 Coefficacy, Coeff'iciency, *s.* co-operation;  
 the power of several things acting together  
 Coemp'tion, *s.* the act of buying up the whole  
 Coequal, *a.* equal with, in the same state  
 Coerce, *v. a.* to restrain by force, to check  
 Coercion, *s.* a restraint, force, check, &c.  
 Coercive, *a.* serving to restrain, forcible  
 Coessen'tial, *a.* partaking of the same essence  
 Coet'neous, *a.* coeval; of the same age  
 Coeter'nal, *a.* equally eternal with another  
 Coeval, *s.* a contemporary, of the same age  
 Coeval, Coe'vus, *a.* being of the same age  
 Coexist', *v. n.* to exist together or at one time  
 Coexist'ent, *a.* existing at the same time  
 Coffee, *s.* the berry of an Arabian tree; the  
 liquor prepared from that berry  
 Coffeehouse, *s.* house where coffee, &c. is sold  
 Coff'er, *s.* a money chest, a treasure  
 Coff'erer, *s.* a principal court officer  
 Coffin, *s.* the chest to enclose dead bodies  
 Cog, *v.* to flatter, to wheedle, to cheat, to lie  
 Cog, *s.* tooth of a wheel by which it acts, &c.  
 Co'gency, *s.* force, strength, power  
 Co'gent, *a.* forcible, resistless, convincing  
 Cogita'tion, *s.* thought, meditation, care  
 Cognate, *a.* born together, alike, allied  
 Cognation, *s.* kindred, relationship

Cognise'e, *s.* one to whom a fine is made  
 Cognisofr, *s.* one who passes a fine to another  
 Cogni'tion, *s.* knowledge, conviction, trial  
 Cog'nizable, *a.* proper to be tried or examined  
 Cog'nizance, *s.* a judicial notice; a crest  
 Cogue, *s.* a small wooden vessel; a dram  
 Cohabit', *v. n.* to live together, &c.  
 Cohabit'ant, *s.* one living in the same place  
 Cohe'ir, *s.* a joint heir with other persons  
 Cohe'ir'ss, *s.* a woman who is a joint heiress  
 Cohe're, *v. n.* to stick together, to agree, to  
 Cohe'rence, Cohe'rency, *s.* connexion  
 Cohe'rent, *a.* sticking together, consistent  
 Cohe'sion, *s.* a state of union, connexion  
 Cohe'sive, *a.* having a sticking quality  
 Co'habitate, *v. a.* to distil a second time  
 Cohoba'tion, *s.* a repeated distillation  
 Cohort, *s.* a troop of soldiers, in number 500  
 Coif, *s.* a head dress, a woman's cap  
 Coigne, *s.* a corner  
 Coil, *v. a.* to roll up a rope; to wind in a ring  
 Coil, *s.* tumult, noise; rope wound in a ring  
 Coin, *s.* money stamp by authority  
 Coin, *v. a.* to make money; to forge; invent  
 Coin'age, *s.* the practice of coining  
 Cinci'de, *v. n.* to agree with, to meet, to fit  
 Coin'cidence, *s.* an agreement, concurrence  
 Coin'cident, *a.* agreeing with, united  
 Coin'er, *s.* a maker of money; an inventor  
 Coin'tion, *s.* the act by which two bodies come  
 together, &c.  
 Coke, *s.* a cinder made from pit-coal  
 Col'ander, *s.* a straining vessel; a sieve  
 Cola'tion, Col'ature, *s.* the act of straining  
 Colbert'ine, *s.* a kind of lace for women  
 Cold, *a.* not hot; not hasty; chaste; coy  
 Cold, *s.* cold weather; chiliness; a disorder  
 Coldish, *a.* rather cold; shy; reserved  
 Coldly, *ad.* indifferently, negligently  
 Cold'ness, *s.* want of heat; indifference  
 Col'ewort, *s.* a sort of cabbage  
 Col'ic, *s.* a distemper affecting the bowels  
 Colla'pse, *v. n.* to fall close, or together  
 Col'lar, *s.* something round the neck; a band  
 Col'lar, *v. a.* to seize by the collar  
 Col'lar-day, *s.* a day on which the Knights ap-  
 pear at court in the collars of their orders  
 Colla'te, *v. a.* to compare things similar;  
 to examine that nothing be wanting; to  
 place in an ecclesiastical benefice  
 Collat'eral, *a.* side by side; not direct  
 Collation, *s.* a repast; gift; comparison  
 Colla'tor, *s.* one who compares, presents, &c.  
 Col'league, *s.* a partner in office, or em-  
 ployment—*v. a.* to unite with  
 Colle'ct, *v. a.* to gather together, to infer  
 Colle'ct, *s.* a short comprehensive prayer  
 Collection, *s.* things gathered; a conclusion  
 Collect'ive, *a.* accumulative, apt to gather  
 Collect'ively, *ad.* in a body; wholly

all'or, *s.* a gatherer; a tax-gatherer  
Al'lege, *v.* a house or school for learning  
Al'lian, *s.* a member of a college  
Al'liate, *a.* containing a college  
Al'liet, *s.* the part of a ring in which the stone  
is set; any thing worn round the neck  
Al'lier, *s.* a digger of coals; a coal-ship  
Al'liation, *s.* the act of binding together  
Al'liquate, *v.a.* to melt, to liquefy, to soften  
Al'liation, *s.* act of striking together, a clash  
Al'locate, *v.* *a.* to place, station, fix, &c.  
Al'location, *s.* the act or state of placing  
Al'lop, *s.* a small cut or slice of meat  
Al'loquial, *a.* relating to conversation  
Al'loquy, *s.* a conference, conversation, talk  
Al'lusion, *s.* a deceitful agreement  
Al'lusive, *a.* fraudulent, deceitful, bad  
Al'ly, *v.* *a.* to grime with coal, to soil  
Al'on, *s.* this point [:], used to mark a  
pause greater than that of a semicolon, and  
less than that of a period; the greatest  
and widest of the intestines  
Al'onel, *s.* the commander of a regiment  
Al'ouise, *v.* *a.* to supply with inhabitants  
Al'oune/de, *s.* a range of pillars or columns  
Al'ouny, *s.* a body of people drawn from the  
mother country to inhabit some distant  
place; the country so planted  
Al'ophony, *s.* rosin, turpentine, pitch  
Al'orate, *a.* coloured, died, tinged, stained  
Al'orific, *a.* that is able to produce colour  
Al'os'sus, Colos'se, *s.* a very large statue  
Al'our, *s.* a green, red, blue, &c. a pretence  
Al'our, *v.* to die; to tinge; to blush; to cloak  
Al'ourable, *a.* specious, plausible  
Al'ouring, *s.* an art in painting; an excuse  
Al'ourist, *s.* one who excels in colouring  
Al'ours, *s.* a banner, flag, streamer  
Al'ot, *s.* a young horse; inexperienced person  
Al'umbary, *s.* a dove or pigeon house  
Al'umn, *s.* a round pillar; part of a page  
Al'mate, *s.* a companion, an associate  
Al'omb, *s.* an instrument for the hair; the  
crest of a cock; the cavities in which bees  
lodge their honey  
Al'omb, *v.* *a.* to divide, to dress, to smooth  
Al'ombat, *s.* a battle, duel, contest  
Al'ombat, *v.* to fight, to oppose, to resist  
Al'ombatant, *s.* one who fights with another,  
an antagonist; a champion  
Al'ombinate, *a.* betrothed, settled, fixed  
Al'ombination, *s.* a conspiracy, an association  
Al'ombine, *v.* to unite, agree, link, join  
Al'ombined, *part.* joined or united together  
Al'ombustible, *a.* that which easily takes fire  
Al'ombustion, *s.* a burning, hurry, confusion  
Al'ome, *v.* *n.* to draw near, happen, proceed  
Al'omedian, *s.* actor of comic parts, a player  
Al'omedy, *s.* a laughable dramatic piece  
Al'omeliness, *s.* grace, beauty, dignity

Come'ly, *a.* graceful, decent, handsome  
Come'ly, *ad.* handsomely, gracefully  
Com'et, *s.* a blazing star  
Com'fit, *s.* a kind of dry sweetmeat  
Com'fort, *v.* *a.* to ease, revive, make glad  
Com'fort, *s.* assistance, joy, ease, support  
Com'fortable, *a.* pleasing, dispensing com-  
fort, giving satisfaction  
Com'fortless, *a.* without comfort, forlorn  
Com'ic, *a.* raising mirth, relating to comedy  
Com'ical, *a.* diverting, merry, queer  
Com'ing, *s.* an arrival, a drawing near  
Com'ing, *part.* fond; future; to come  
Com'ma, *s.* a point marked thus [:]  
Comma'nd, *v.* *a.* to govern, order, overlook  
Comma'nd, *s.* act of commanding; order  
Command'er, *s.* a chief, a paving beetle  
Command'ress, *s.* a woman of chief power  
Commem'orate, *v.a.* to preserve the memory  
Commemora'tion, *s.* act of public celebration  
Commen'ce, *v.* *n.* to begin, to assume  
Commen'cement, *s.* a beginning, date  
Comme'nd, *v.* *a.* to recommend, to intrust  
Commen'dable, *a.* laudable, worthy praise  
Comme'dam, *s.* a void benefice held by  
some person till a pastor is provided  
Comme'dation, *s.* praise, recommendation  
Comme'datory, *a.* containing praise  
Commen'surable, *a.* reducible to some com-  
mon measure, as a yard and a foot are mea-  
sured by an inch  
Commen'surate, *v.a.* to reduce to some com-  
mon measure—*a.* equal, proportionable  
Commensura'tion, *s.* a reduction of some  
things to some common measure  
Comme'nt, *v.* *n.* to expound, to write notes  
Com'mentary, *s.* an exposition, annotation  
Comment'a'tor, *s.* one who explains  
Comment'i'tious, *a.* invented, imaginary  
Com'merce, *v.n.* to hold intercourse  
Com'merce, *s.* trade, traffic; a game  
Commer'cial, *a.* relating to trade, trading  
Comme're, *s.* a common mother  
Commin'a'tion, *s.* a threat of punishment  
Commin'gle, *v.* *a.* to mix or join together  
Commin'u'te, *v.* *a.* to reduce to powder  
Commin'u'tion, *s.* act of grinding to small  
parts, pulverization, reduction  
Commis'erable, *a.* deserving pity, mean  
Commis'erate, *v.a.* to pity; to compassionate  
Commisera'tion, *s.* pity, sympathy  
Com'missary, *s.* a delegate or deputy  
Commis'sion, *s.* a trust, warrant, charge  
Commis'sion, *v.* *a.* to empower, to intrust  
Commis'sioner, *s.* one empowered to act  
Commis'sure, *s.* a joint, a seam, a mould  
Commi't, *v.* *a.* to intrust; to send to prison;  
to give in trust; to do a fault  
Commit'tee, *s.* a certain number of persons  
selected to examine or manage any matter

Commix', *v. a.* to mingle, to blend, to unite  
 Commix'ion, Commix'ture, *s.* a compound  
 Commo'de, *s.* a woman's head-dress  
 Commo'dious, *a.* convenient, suitable, useful  
 Commo'diousness, *s.* convenience, use  
 Commod'ity, *s.* interest, profit, merchandise  
 Com'modore, *s.* a captain commanding a  
 squadron of ships of war  
 Com'mon, *a.* equal, vulgar, usual, public  
 Com'mon, *s.* an open country, public ground  
 Com'monalty, *s.* the common people  
 Com'moner, *s.* a member of parliament; a  
 student of the second rank at the universi-  
 ties; a man not noble  
 Commoni'tion, *s.* advice, warning  
 Com'monly, *ad.* frequently, usually  
 Com'monness, *s.* frequency, an equal share  
 Commonpla'ce, *v. a.* to reduce to general  
 heads, to make notes  
 Commonplace'-book, *s.* book for general  
 heads  
 Com'mons, *s.* the common people; the lower  
 house of parliament; food on equal pay  
 Commonweal'th, *s.* a republic, the public  
 Commo'tion, *s.* a tumult, a disturbance  
 Commo've, *v. a.* to disturb, to unsettle  
 Commu'ne, *v. n.* to converse, to impart  
 Commu'nicant, *s.* one who receives the sa-  
 crament of the Lord's Supper  
 Commu'nicate, *v.* to impart, to reveal; to  
 receive the Lord's Supper  
 Communica'tion, *s.* the act of imparting or  
 exchanging; common boundary or inlet;  
 conference; conversation  
 Commu'nicative, *a.* free, ready to impart  
 Commu'nion, *s.* taking the Lord's Supper;  
 fellowship, union, intercourse  
 Commu'nity, *s.* the commonwealth, the  
 body politic, a common possession  
 Commu'table, *a.* that may be exchanged  
 Commuta'tion, *s.* change of one thing for  
 another, alteration, ransom, atonement  
 Commu'te, *v. a.* to exchange, to buy off  
 Com'pa'ct, *s.* a contract, mutual agreement  
 Compa'ct, *a.* firm, close, solid, exact  
 Compact'ness, *s.* closeness, firmness, density  
 Compan'ion, *s.* partner, associate, mate  
 Com'pany, *s.* a number of persons assembled  
 together; fellowship; a corporation, body  
 of merchants; small body of foot soldiers  
 Com'pany, *v.* to accompany, associate with  
 Com'parable, *a.* of equal regard or value  
 Comparati've, *a.* estimated by comparison  
 Comparati'vely, *ad.* in a state of comparison  
 Compa're, *v. a.* to liken or examine one  
 thing by another, to estimate  
 Compa're, *s.* comparison, similitude  
 Compari'son, *s.* the act of comparing, a com-  
 parative estimate, simile in writing  
 Compa'rt, *v. a.* to divide, arrange, separate

Compart'i'ment, *s.* division of a picture, &c.  
 Compart'i'tion, *s.* the act of partitioning  
 Com'pass, *v. a.* to surround, grasp, obtain  
 Com'pass, *s.* a circle, space, limits, power  
 the voice; an instrument composed of  
 needle and card, whereby mariners steer  
 Com'passes, *s.* an instrument for divid-  
 ing, measuring, or drawing circles  
 Compas'sion, *s.* pity, commiseration, feeling  
 Compas'sionate, *a.* merciful, tender  
 Compas'sionately, *ad.* tenderly, mercifully  
 Compatibili'ty, *s.* consistency, suitableness  
 Compat'ible, *a.* consistent with, agreeable  
 Compa'triot, *s.* one of the same country  
 Compee'r, *s.* an equal, companion, colleague  
 Compee'r, *v. n.* to be equal with, to match  
 Compe'l, *v. a.* to oblige, to constrain, &c.  
 Compella'tion, *s.* the style of address  
 Compen'dious, *a.* short, brief, summary  
 Compen'dium, *s.* an abridgment, a breviate  
 Compen'sate, Compen'se, *v. a.* to make  
 amends, to recompence, to counterbalance  
 Compensa'tion, *s.* a recompence, amends  
 Compe'tence, Compe'tency, *s.* sufficiency  
 Compe'tent, *a.* fit, qualified, adequate  
 Compe'tently, *ad.* properly, reasonably  
 Compet'i'ble, *a.* suitable to, consistent with  
 Competition, *s.* a contest, rivalry  
 Compet'i'tor, *s.* a rival, an opponent, a foe  
 Compila'tion, *s.* a collection, an assemblage  
 Compile, *v. a.* to collect from various auth-  
 orities  
 Compi'ler, *s.* one who compiles  
 Compla'cency, *s.* pleasure, joy, civility  
 Compla'cent, *a.* civil, affable, kind  
 Compla'in, *v.* to murmur, lament, inform  
 Compla'inant, *s.* a plaintiff in a lawsuit  
 Compla'int, *s.* an accusation or imputa-  
 tion; a lamentation; a malady or disease  
 Compla'sa'nce, *s.* civility, kind behaviour  
 Compla'sa'nt, *a.* civil, obliging, kind, politi-  
 compla'cate, *v. a.* to smooth  
 Com' lemeat, *s.* the full number, &c.  
 Complement'al, *a.* filling up, completing  
 Comple'te, *a.* perfect, full, finished  
 Comple'te, *v. a.* to perfect, to finish  
 Comple'tion, *s.* accomplishment, fulfilling  
 Com'plex, *a.* compounded of many parts  
 Complex'i'on, *s.* the colour of the face, &c.  
 Complex'i'ly, *ad.* intricately, obscurely  
 Compli'ance, *s.* submission, act of yielding  
 Compli'ant, *a.* yielding, bending, civil  
 Com'plicate, *a.* compounded of many par-  
 — *v. a.* to entangle, to join  
 Complica'tion, *s.* a mixture of many things  
 Com'pliment, *s.* an act of civility — *v. to flatter*  
 Compli'ent'al, *a.* expressive of respect  
 Compline, *s.* evening service, vespers  
 Complot', *s.* a conspiracy, combination  
 Complot', *v. a.* to plot, conspire, join in  
 Complot'er, *s.* a conspirator

empty', *v. n.* to yield or submit, to agree  
 component, *a.* constituting, forming  
 import, *v.* to bear, to endure, to behave  
 import, Comport'ment, *s.* behaviour  
 import'able, *a.* consistent, suitable, fit  
 import'ise, *v. a.* to quiet, settle, put together  
 import'osed, part. *a.* calm, sedate, serious  
 import'oser, *s.* an author, a writer  
 import'osite, *a.* in architecture, the composite  
 order, is the last of the five orders of  
 columns, so named, because its capital is  
 composed out of those of the other orders  
 composition, *s.* a mixture; an agreement or  
 accommodation; a written work; the act  
 of discharging a debt by paying part  
 compositor, *s.* one who arranges the letters  
 for printing  
 compost, Compos'ture, *s.* manure, dung  
 compost, *v. a.* to manure, to enrich earth  
 compo'sure, *s.* order, form; tranquillity  
 compota'tion, *s.* a drinking match  
 compound, *v.* to mingle, intermix; to come  
 to terms with a debtor  
 compound, *s.* a mass of ingredients  
 compound'er, *s.* one who brings to terms, &c.  
 compre'nd, *v. a.* to include, to conceive  
 comprehensible, *a.* intelligible, conceivable  
 comprehen'sion, *s.* knowledge, capacity  
 comprehen'sive, *a.* having the power to un-  
 derstand, capacious, full, significant  
 compre'ss, *v. a.* to squeeze, to embrace  
 compres's, *s.* a bolster of linen rags  
 compressible, *a.* yielding to pressure  
 compres'sion, *s.* act of bringing parts near  
 compres'sure, *s.* the act of pressing against  
 compri'nt, *v. n.* to print another's copy  
 compri'se, *v. a.* to contain, to include  
 comprobation, *s.* a full proof, attestation  
 compromis'e, *s.* a compact or bargain—*v. a.*  
 to settle a dispute by mutual concessions  
 comp't, *s.* account, computation  
 comp'tro'l, *v. a.* to control, to oppose  
 comp'ro'fler, *s.* a supervisor, a director  
 compul'satively, *ad.* by constraint  
 compul'satory, *a.* compelling, forcing  
 compul'sion, *s.* the act of compelling, force  
 compul'sive, Compul'sory, *a.* forcing  
 compul'sion, *s.* repentance, remorse  
 compurga'tion, *s.* a vouching for another  
 comp'table, *a.* that may be numbered up  
 computa'tion, *s.* a calculation, an estimate  
 compu'te, *v. a.* to calculate, to reckon  
 compu'ted, part. calculated, estimated  
 con'trade, *s.* a companion, an associate  
 on, an abbreviation of the Latin word  
 contra, against—*v. a.* to study, to think  
 encam'erate, *v. a.* to arch over, to vault  
 encat'enate, *v. a.* to link or join together  
 concatena'tion, *s.* a regular series of links  
 en'cave, *a.* hollow in the inside

Concav'ity, *s.* the inside cavity, hollowness  
 of a round body  
 Con'cause, *s.* a joint or mutual cause  
 Conce'al, *v. a.* to hide, keep secret, cover  
 Conce'alable, *a.* that which may be concealed  
 Conce'alment, *s.* the act of hiding, shelter  
 Conce/de, *v. a.* to admit, to grant, to yield  
 Conce'it, *s.* a fancy, idea, opinion; pride  
 Conce'it, *v. a.* to imagine, fancy, to suppose  
 Conce'ited, pt. *a.* proud, opinionative, affected  
 Conce'ivable, *a.* that may be conceived  
 Conce'ive, *v.* to become pregnant; to think,  
 to understand, to comprehend  
 Conce'iver, *s.* one who comprehends  
 Conce'nt, *s.* harmony, consistency  
 Concent'rate, *v. a.* to drive into a narrower  
 compass, contrary to dilate or expand  
 Concen'tre, *v. n.* to bring to one point  
 Concent'ric, *a.* having one common centre  
 Concep'tible, *a.* intelligible, conceivable  
 Concep'tion, *s.* the act of conceiving in the  
 womb; a notion, idea, sentiment, &c.  
 Conce'rn, *v. a.* to affect, to interest, belong to  
 Conce'rn, *s.* an affair, business, care  
 Concern'ing, prep. relating to, or about  
 Concern'ment, *s.* a concern, business, care  
 Conce'rt, *v. a.* to contrive, to settle privately  
 Con'cert, *s.* music in several parts, harmony  
 Conces'sion, *s.* a thing yielded, a grant  
 Conch, *s.* a shell, name of a fish  
 Concili'ate, *v. a.* to gain, reconcile, to win  
 Concilia'tion, *s.* the act of reconciling  
 Concili'ator, *s.* a peace-maker, a friend  
 Conciu'nty, *s.* neatness, fitness, decency  
 Conci'se, *a.* brief, short, contracted  
 Conci'seness, *s.* shortness, brevity, force  
 Conci'sion, *s.* a cutting off, excision  
 Conci'tion, *s.* a stirring up, disturbance  
 Con'clave, *s.* an assembly of cardinals, &c.  
 Conclu'de, *v. a.* to finish, close, determine  
 Conclu'dent, *a.* decisive, convincing  
 Conclu'sion, *s.* the close, end, consequence  
 Conclu'sive, *a.* decisive, convincing, strong  
 Concoag'ulate, *v. a.* to congeal together  
 Conco'ct, *v. a.* to digest by the stomach  
 Concoct'ion, *s.* digestion in the stomach  
 Concom'i'tance, *s.* a subsisting together  
 Concom'i'tant, *a.* accompanying, joined to  
 Concom'i'tant, *s.* a companion, attendant  
 Con'cord, *s.* agreement, harmony, union  
 Con'cordance, *s.* an index to the scriptures  
 Concor'dant, *a.* agreeing, suitable, fit  
 Concor'date, *s.* a compact, a convention  
 Concor'porate, *v. a.* to unite in one mass  
 Con'course, *s.* a great number of persons as-  
 sembled together, a meeting  
 Concre'te, *v. a.* to form into one mass  
 Concre'te, *a.* composed of different matters,  
 or dissimilar principles  
 Concre'tion, *s.* an union of parts, a mass

**Con'cubine**, *s.* a woman kept in fornication  
**Concu'piscence**, *s.* irregular desire, sensuality  
**Concur', v. n.** to agree in one opinion  
**Concur'vence**, *s.* union, help, joint claim  
**Concur'rent**, *a.* acting in conjunction  
**Concur'rentness**, *s.* a concurrent state  
**Concus'sion**, *s.* the act of shaking, agitation  
**Conde'mn**, *v. a.* to pass sentence on, to blame  
**Condemna'tion**, *s.* a sentence of punishment  
**Condem'nat'ory**, *a.* passing a condemnation  
**Conde'sate**, *v. a.* to make thick or dark  
**Condensa'tion**, *s.* the act of thickening  
**Conden'se**, *v.* to grow thick or close—*a.* thick  
**Condens'er**, *s.* a vessel for condensing air  
**Condens'ity**, *s.* the state of being condensed  
**Conders**, *s.* those who direct hearing fishers  
**Condesc'nd**, *v. n.* to yield, stoop, bend  
**Condescen'sion**, *s.* submission, courtesy  
**Condi'gn**, *a.* deserved, merited, suitable  
**Con'diment**, *s.* seasoning, sauce, zest  
**Con'dite**, *v. a.* to season, preserve by salt  
**Condition**, *s.* quality, temper, disposition, circumstances, rank, stipulation  
**Condi'tional**, *a.* by way of stipulation, &c.  
**Condition'ary**, *a.* stipulated, agreed on  
**Condo'le**, *v.* to lament, mourn, bewail  
**Condo'lement**, *s.* grief, mutual distress  
**Condo'lence**, *s.* grief for another's loss  
**Condon'a'tion**, *s.* a pardoning, a forgiving  
**Con'dor**, *s.* a large ravenous bird  
**Condu'ce**, *v.* to help, to promote, to conduct  
**Conduc'ible**, *a.* having the power of conducting, promoting, or accelerating  
**Condu'cive**, *a.* promoting, helping, &c.  
**Con'duct**, *s.* behaviour, economy  
**Condu'ct**, *v. a.* to guide, manage, to order  
**Conduct'or**, *s.* a leader, director, chief  
**Conduit**, *s.* a water-pipe, a canal, a duct  
**Cone**, *s.* a solid body, in form of a sugar-loaf  
**Confab'u'late**, *v. n.* to converse, to chat  
**Confabula'tion**, *s.* easy conversation, chat  
**Confec'tion**, *s.* a sweetmeat, a mixture  
**Confec'tioner**, *s.* one who makes sweetmeats  
**Confed'eracy**, *s.* a league, an engagement  
**Confed'erate**, *v. a.* to unite, to combine  
**Confed'erate**, *s.* an ally, an accomplice  
**Confedera'tion**, *s.* close alliance, union  
**Confe'rer**, *v.* to discourse with, to bestow  
**Confe'rence**, *s.* a discourse, a parley  
**Confe'ss**, *v. a.* to acknowledge, grant, own  
**Confess'edly**, *ad.* avowedly, indisputably  
**Confes'sion**, *s.* profession, acknowledgment  
**Confes'sor**, *s.* one who hears confessions  
**Confe'st**, *a.* open, known, plain, evident  
**Confida'nt**, *s.* a person trusted with a secret, a bosom friend  
**Confide**, *v. n.* to trust in, to rely upon  
**Confi'dence**, *s.* assurance, boldness, trust  
**Confi'dent**, *a.* positive, daring, impudent  
**Confi'dent'ial**, *a.* trusty, faithful

**Configura'tion**, *s.* the form of various parts adapted to each other  
**Config'ure**, *v. a.* to fashion, dispose into form  
**Confin'e**, *s.* limit, border, boundary  
**Confin'e**, *v.* to border upon, bound, inclose  
**Confin'ement**, *s.* restraint, imprisonment  
**Confin'm**, *v. a.* to settle, establish, to fix, perfect, to strengthen; to administer the rite of ecclesiastical confirmation  
**Confirm'able**, *a.* capable of being proved  
**Confirm'a'tion**, *s.* proof, convincing testimony; church rite by which baptized persons are confirmed in the faith  
**Confi'sate**, *v. a.* to seize on private property  
**Confi'sion**, *s.* the act of seizing private property when forfeited by crime, &c.  
**Confit'ure**, *s.* a mixture of sweetmeats  
**Confi'x**, *v. a.* to fix down, to fasten down  
**Confla'grant**, *a.* burning together  
**Conflagra'tion**, *s.* a general fire or burning  
**Confla'tion**, *s.* the act of blowing many instruments together; a melting of metal  
**Conflit'**, *v. n.* to fight, to contest, to strive  
**Conflit'**, *s.* a contest, struggle, agony  
**Conflu'ence**, *s.* a multitude of people; a junction or union of several streams  
**Confluent**, *a.* running into one channel  
**Conflux**, *s.* a joining of currents, a crowd  
**Confor'm**, *v.* to comply with, to yield, to conform  
**Confor'mable**, *a.* agreeable, suitable  
**Conforma'tion**, *s.* a proper disposition of parts as relating to each other  
**Conform'ist**, *s.* one who complies with the rites of the established church  
**Confor'mity**, *s.* a compliance with, similarity  
**Confor'tation**, *s.* the act of strengthening  
**Confo'und**, *v. a.* to mix, to perplex, to distract  
**Confound'edly**, *ad.* hatefully, shamefully  
**Confound'er**, *s.* one who destroys or perplexes  
**Confrater'nity**, *s.* a religious brotherhood  
**Confron't**, *v. a.* to face, to oppose, to compare  
**Confron'ted**, *part.* brought face to face  
**Confu'se**, *v. a.* to confound, perplex, mix  
**Confu'sion**, *s.* disorder, hurry, astonishment  
**Confu'table**, *a.* that which may be disproved  
**Confu'tation**, *s.* disproof, act of confounding  
**Confu'te**, *v. a.* to disprove, convict, baffle  
**Conge'e**, **Conge'**, *s.* a bow, act of reverence  
**Conge'd'el're**, *s.* the king's permission to dean and chapter to chuse a bishop  
**Conge'al**, *v.* to freeze, harden, grow stiff  
**Conge'alable**, *a.* that which may be frozen  
**Conge'alment**, *s.* a mass formed by frost  
**Conge'nal**, *a.* partaking of the same nature  
**Conge'zon**, *s.* a dwarf, a little person  
**Cong'er**, *s.* a fine kind of large eel, a sea eel  
**Conge'ries**, *s.* a mass of small bodies  
**Conge'st**, *v. a.* to heap or lay up, to amass  
**Conge'sion**, *s.* a collection of humours  
**Congla'ciate**, *v. a.* to turn into ice, &c.

englobe, *v. a.* to gather into a hard ball  
 englob'e/tion, *s.* a round, hard body  
 englom'erate, *v. a.* to make round, to wind  
 up, to gather into one mass  
 englomer'a/tion, *s.* a collection, mixture  
 englutina/tion, *s.* the act of uniting bodies  
 engou, *s.* a finer sort of bohea tea  
 engrat'ulant, *a.* rejoicing in participation  
 engrat'ulate, *v.* to wish joy to, to compliment on any happy event  
 engrat'u/tion, *s.* a wishing of joy  
 engrat'ulatory, *a.* expressing joy  
 encre', *v. n.* to agree, to join, to accord  
 encre'et, *v. a.* to salute mutually  
 en/aggregate, *a.* collected, firm, close  
 en/gebra/tion, *s.* a collection, an assembly  
 en/gress, *s.* a meeting, assembly; combat  
 en/gressive, *a.* meeting, encountering  
 en/gre'e, *v. n.* to agree, to suit, to conform  
 en/greue, *s.* agreement, fitness  
 en/greuant, *a.* agreeing, suitable  
 en/greuity, *s.* fitness, consistency  
 en/grous, *a.* fit, suitable, meet, agreeable  
 en/gle, Con/ical, *a.* like a cone  
 en/gle, *s.* the doctrine of conic sections  
 en/ject'or, Conjec'turer, *s.* a guesser  
 en/jectal, *a.* depending on conjecture  
 en/jecture, *s.* a guess, supposition, idea  
 en/jecture, *v. n.* to guess, to suppose  
 en/join, *v. a.* to connect, to league, to unite  
 en/join'ed, part. united, connected, near  
 en/joint'ly, *ad.* in union, together, jointly  
 en/jugal, *a.* belonging to marriage  
 en/juge, *a.* that springs from one original  
 en/juge, *v. a.* to join, to unite; to vary a  
 verb according to its tenses, &c.  
 en/jugation, *s.* couple, a pair; the form of  
 inflecting verbs; union, assemblage  
 en/junc't, *a.* connected, united, conjoined  
 en/junction, *s.* an union, meeting together;  
 the sixth part of speech  
 en/junct'ive, *a.* closely united, joined toge-  
 ther; the mood of a verb  
 en/junct'ure, *s.* a critical or peculiar time  
 en/jar'tion, *s.* a plot, enchantment  
 en/jure, *v. n.* to enjoin solemnly, to conspire  
 en/jure, *v. n.* to practise enchantments, &c.  
 en/jur'ed, part. bound by an oath  
 en/jurer, *s.* an enchanter, a fortune-teller  
 en/jument, *s.* a serious injunction  
 en/nascence, *s.* community of birth  
 en/nate, *a.* born with another  
 en/natural, *a.* suitable to nature, like  
 en/natural'ly, *ad.* by nature, originally  
 en/nate', *v. a.* to join, to unite, to fasten  
 en/nect'ed, part. joined together, united  
 en/nex', *v. a.* to unite together, to join  
 en/nection, *s.* an union, a relation  
 en/niance, *s.* the act of winking at a fault  
 en/nive, *v. n.* to wink at a fault, &c.

Connoisseu'r, *s.* a critic, a judge of letters  
 Connub'ial, *a.* relating to marriage  
 Connutri'tious, *a.* nourished together  
 Con'oid, *s.* a figure like a cone  
 Conquass'ate, *v. a.* to shake, to disorder  
 Conquer, *v. a.* to overcome, to subdue  
 Conquerable, *a.* possible to be overcome  
 Conqueror, *s.* one who overcomes, a victor  
 Con'quest, *s.* victory, a thing gained  
 Consanguineous, *a.* near of kin, related  
 Consanguinity, *s.* relationship by blood  
 Con'science, *s.* the faculty by which we judge  
 of the goodness or wickedness of our own  
 actions; veracity, reason, reasonableness  
 Conscien'tious, *a.* scrupulous, just, exact  
 Con'scional, *a.* reasonable, proper  
 Con'scious, *a.* inwardly persuaded, privy to  
 Con'sciously, *ad.* with inward persuasion  
 Con'sciousness, *s.* perception, internal sense  
 of the guilt or innocence of our actions  
 Con'script, *a.* written, registered, enrolled  
 Consecrate, *v. a.* to make sacred, &c.  
 Consecra/tion, *s.* the act of making sacred  
 Consecra/teous, *a.* following of course  
 Consecra/try, *s.* a corollary, a deduction  
 Consecu/tion, *s.* a train of consequences  
 Consecu/tive, *a.* following in order, successive  
 Consem'inate, *v. a.* to sow mixed seeds  
 Consem'sion, Conse'nt, *s.* concord  
 Conse'nt, *v. n.* to be of one mind, to agree  
 Consen'tuous, *a.* agreeable to, accordant  
 Consen'tient, *a.* uniting in opinion  
 Con'sequence, *s.* an effect; importance  
 Consequ'ent, *a.* following naturally  
 Consequen'tial, *a.* conclusive; important  
 Consequen'tly, *ad.* of or by consequence,  
 therefore, necessarily, inevitably  
 Conserv'ancy, *s.* courts held for the preserva-  
 tion of the fishery in the river Thames  
 Conserva/tion, *s.* act of preserving  
 Conserva/tive, *a.* having power to preserve  
 Conserva/tory, *s.* a place where any thing is  
 kept; a green-house  
 Conser've, *s.* a sweetmeat, preserved fruit  
 Conser've, *v. a.* to preserve or candy fruit  
 Conser'ver, *s.* one who lays up or preserves  
 Consid'er, *v.* to examine, to regard, to doubt  
 Consid'erable, *a.* worthy of regard, great  
 Consid'erably, *ad.* importantly, very much  
 Consid'erate, *a.* thoughtful, prudent  
 Consid'erately, *ad.* calmly, prudently  
 Considera/tion, *s.* regard, notice, serious  
 thought, prudence, compensation  
 Consign, *v. a.* to make over to another  
 Consign'ment, *s.* the act of consigning  
 Consimil'ity, *s.* a common likeness  
 Consist, *v. n.* to subsist, to be made of  
 Consist'ence, Consist'ency, *s.* the natural  
 state of bodies, agreement, substance, form  
 Consist'ent, *a.* conformable, firm

Consist'ently, *ad.* agreeably, properly  
 Consisto'rial, *a.* relating to a consistory  
 Consist'ory, *s.* a spiritual court  
 Conso'ciate, *s.* an accomplice, an ally  
 Conso'ciate, *v.a.* to unite, to join, to cement  
 Consocia'tion, *s.* alliance, confederacy  
 Conso'lable, *a.* that which admits comfort  
 Consola'tion, *s.* alleviation of misery  
 Consol'atory, *a.* tending to give comfort  
 Console, *v.a.* to cheer, to revive, to comfort  
 Conso'ler, *s.* one who gives comfort  
 Consol'ide, *v.* to harden, to combine  
 Consolida'tion, *s.* uniting in a solid mass  
 Con'sonance, *s.* an accord of sound, consistency, agreement, friendship, concord  
 Con'sonant, *a.* agreeable, suitable, fit  
 Con'sonant, *s.* letter not sounded by itself  
 Con'sonous, *a.* harmonious, musical  
 Consopia'tion, *s.* the act of laying to sleep  
 Con'sort, *s.* a wife or husband, a companion  
 Conso'rt, *v.* to associate with, to marry  
 Conspicu'ity, *s.* sense of seeing, view  
 Conspicu'ity, *s.* brightness, clearness  
 Conspic'u'ous, *a.* easy to be seen, eminent  
 Conspic'u'ously, *ad.* remarkably, eminently  
 Conspic'u'ousness, *s.* clearness, renown  
 Conspir'acy, *s.* a plot, a lawless combination  
 Conspir'ator, Conspi'rer, *s.* a plotter  
 Conspire, *v. n.* to plot, to agree, concert  
 Conspurca'tion, *s.* defilement, pollution  
 Con'stable, *s.* a common peace officer  
 Con'stableship, *s.* the office of a constable  
 Con'stancy, *s.* firmness, continuance  
 Con'stant, *a.* firm, unchangeable, fixed  
 Con'stantly, *ad.* certainly, invariably, steadily  
 Constella'tion, *s.* a cluster of fixed stars  
 Consterna'tion, *s.* fear, astonishment, wonder  
 Con'stigate, *v. a.* to crowd, to stop, to thicken  
 Constipa'tion, *s.* the act of crowding together  
 Constit'uent, *a.* essential, composing  
 Constit'uent, *s.* one who deputes, an elector  
 Constit'ute, *v. a.* to make, depute, to set up  
 Constitu'tion, *s.* the frame of body or mind; law of a country, form of government  
 Constitu'tional, *a.* legal, according to the established government; radical  
 Con'stitutive, *a.* essential, able to establish  
 Constra'ain, *v. a.* to compel, to force, to press  
 Constra'inal, *a.* liable to constraint  
 Constra'int, *s.* compulsion, confinement  
 Constric'tion, *s.* contraction, force  
 Constrin'ge, *v. a.* to compress, to bind  
 Constrin'gent, *a.* of a binding quality  
 Constru'ct, *v. a.* to build, to form, compile  
 Construc'tion, *s.* act of building, fabrication; meaning, interpretation; the syntax  
 Construct'ive, *a.* capable of construction  
 Construct'ure, *s.* a pile, a building, an edifice  
 Con'strue, *v. a.* to explain, to translate  
 Constu'prate, *v. a.* to violate, to debauch

Consubstan'tial, *a.* of the same substance  
 Consubstan'tial'ity, *s.* existence of more than one body in the same substance  
 Consubstan'tiate, *v. a.* to unite into one common substance or nature  
 Consubstan'tia'tion, *s.* the union of the body of our Saviour with the sacramental element, according to the Lutherans  
 Con'sul, *s.* the principal Roman magistrate, an officer appointed to superintend the trade of his nation in foreign parts  
 Con'sular, *a.* belonging to a consul  
 Con'sulate, Con'sulship, *s.* office of consul  
 Con'sul't, *v. a.* to ask advice, to debate, plan  
 Consulta'tion, *s.* the act of consulting, &c.  
 Consu'mable, *a.* capable of destruction  
 Consu'me, *v. a.* to waste, destroy, to spend  
 Consu'med, *part.* destroyed, wasted away  
 Consu'mer, *s.* one who destroys, &c.  
 Consum'mate, *v. a.* to complete, to perfect  
 Consumma'tion, *s.* completion, perfection  
 Consump'tion, *s.* the act of consuming, destroying; a disease  
 Consump'tive, *a.* destructive, wasting  
 Contab'ulate, *v. a.* to floor with boards  
 Con'tact, *s.* a touch, juncture, close union  
 Contac'tion, *s.* the act of touching  
 Conta'gion, *s.* a pestilence, an infection  
 Conta'gious, *a.* infectious, catching  
 Conta'in, *v. a.* to hold, comprise, restrain  
 Conta'inal, *a.* possible to be contained  
 Contam'inate, *v. a.* to defile, to corrupt  
 Contam'inate, *a.* polluted, defiled  
 Contamina'tion, *s.* defilement, taint  
 Conte'mn, *v. a.* to despise, scorn, neglect  
 Contem'per, Contemp'erate, *v. a.* to moderate or temper by mixture  
 Contem'perament, *s.* degree of any quality  
 Contem'pera'tion, *s.* the act of tempering, proportionate mixture of parts  
 Contem'plate, *v.* to muse, meditate, study  
 Contempla'tion, *s.* meditation, thought  
 Contempla'tive, *a.* studious, thoughtful  
 Contempla'tor, *s.* one employed in study  
 Contemp'or'ary, *s.* one who lives at the same time with another  
 Contemp'or'ary, Contempora'neous, *a.* living at the same time, born in the same age  
 Contemp'or'ise, *v. a.* to make contemporaneous  
 Conte'mpt, *s.* scorn, disdain, hate, vileness  
 Contempt'ible, *a.* deserving scorn, base  
 Contempt'ibly, *ad.* meanly, vilely, basely  
 Contempt'uous, *a.* scornful, proud, insolent  
 Conte'nd, *v.* to strive with, to contest  
 Contend'er, *s.* a combatant, a champion  
 Conte'nt, *a.* satisfied, easy, willing  
 Conte'nt, *s.* moderate happiness, satisfaction—*v. a.* to please, to gratify  
 Contenta'tion, *s.* satisfaction, content  
 Content'ed, *part.* satisfied, not repining

Content'ion, *s.* strife, debate, contest, zeal  
Content'ious, *a.* quarrelsome, perverse  
Content'less, *a.* dissatisfied, uneasy  
Content'ment, *s.* gratification, satisfaction  
Content'nts, *s.* the heads of a book, an index; what is contained in any thing; amount  
Content'minous, *a.* bordering upon  
Content'st, *v.* a dispute, debate, quarrel  
Content'st, *v.* to dispute, wrangle, to vie with  
Content'stable, *a.* disputable, uncertain  
Content'x, *v. a.* to weave together  
Content'xt, *s.* a series of a discourse—*a.* united  
Content'xture, *s.* an interweaving or joining together of a discourse, the system  
Contiguity, *s.* actual contact  
Contig'uous, *a.* meeting so as to touch  
Continence, or Con'tinency, *s.* chastity, restraint, moderation, forbearance  
Continent, *s.* land not disjoined by the sea from other land  
Continent, *a.* chaste, abstemious, temperate  
Conting'ent, *a.* accidental, uncertain  
Conting'ent, *s.* chance, proportion  
Continu'it, *a.* incessant, uninterrupted  
Continu'ally, *ad.* without pausing, ever  
Continu'ance, *s.* duration, permanence; abode  
Continu'ate, *a.* continual, uninterrupted  
Continuation, *s.* a constant succession  
Conti'ue, *v.* to remain in the same state; to dwell, to persevere, to last, to prolong  
Continuity, *s.* uninterrupted connexion  
Contort, *v. a.* to twist, to writh, to torture  
Contortion, *s.* a twist, a strain, a flexure  
Contour, *s.* the outline of a figure  
Contro', a Latin preposition used in composition, which signifies against  
Contraband, *a.* unlawful, forbidden, illegal  
Contrac't, *s.* a bargain, an agreement  
Contrac't, *v.* to shorten; to affiance, to be- both; to bargain; to shrink up  
Contractible, *a.* capable of contraction  
Contractile, *a.* able to contract itself  
Contract, *s.* an abbreviation, the act of shortening or abridging  
Contract'or, *s.* one who makes bargains  
Contract'el, *v. a.* to oppose verbally, to deny  
Contract'er, *s.* an opposer, a denier  
Contract'ion, *s.* opposition, inconsistency  
Contract'ory, *a.* inconsistent with  
Contract'ion, *s.* a distinction by opposite qualities  
Contract'arity, *s.* difference from rule  
Contract'ant, *a.* inconsistent, cross  
Contract'aries, *s.* propositions that oppose  
Contract'arity, *s.* opposition, inconsistency  
Contract'arily, *ad.* in a different manner  
Contract'ewise, *ad.* on the contrary  
Contrary, *a.* opposite, disagreeing, adverse  
Contrast, *s.* an opposition of figures  
Contrast', *v. a.* to place in opposition

Contrast'ed, *part.* set in opposition to  
Contravalla'tion, *s.* a fortification thrown up to prevent sallies from a garrison  
Contrave'ne, *v. a.* to oppose, to hinder  
Contraven'tion, *s.* opposition, obstruction  
Contrib'utary, *a.* paying tribute to the same sovereign  
Contrib'ute, *v.* to give, to bear a part  
Contrib'uting, *part.* assisting, helping  
Contribu'tion, *s.* the act of contributing; a military exaction, a levy  
Contri'state, *v. a.* to make sorrowful  
Con'trite, *a.* truly penitent, very sorrowful  
Contri'tion, *s.* act of grinding; penitence  
Contri'vance, *s.* a scheme, a plot, an art  
Contri've, *v. a.* to plan, invent, project  
Contri'ver, *s.* an inventor, a schemer  
Control, *s.* power, authority, restraint  
Control', *v. a.* to govern, restrain, confute  
Control'able, *a.* subject to control  
Control'ler, *s.* one who has power to control  
Control'lership, *s.* the office of a controller  
Control'ment, *s.* restraint, opposition  
Controver'sial, *a.* relating to disputes  
Con'troversy, *s.* a dispute, quarrel, enmity  
Controve'rt, *v. a.* to debate, dispute, quarrel  
Controver'tible, *a.* disputable, dubious  
Con'troverstist, *s.* a disputant, a reasoner  
Contuma'cious, *a.* obstinate, perverse  
Contuma'ciousness, or Con'tumacy, *s.* obstinacy, stubbornness, inflexibility  
Contume'lious, *a.* reproachful, rude, brutal  
Con'tumely, *s.* rudeness, contemptuousness  
Contuse, *v. a.* to bruise, to beat together  
Contu'sion, *s.* a bruise, act of bruising  
Convales'cence, *s.* a renewal of health  
Convales'cent, *a.* recovering, &c.  
Conve'nable, *a.* consistent with, fit  
Conve'ne, *v.* to call together, to assemble  
Conve'nience, *s.* fitness, propriety, ease  
Conve'nient, *a.* fit, suitable, well adapted  
Conve'niently, *ad.* commodiously, fitly  
Con'vent, *s.* a religious house, a nunnery  
Conven'ticle, *s.* an assembly for worship, a secret assembly, a meeting-house  
Conven'ticler, *s.* one who belongs to or frequents a meeting-house or conventicle  
Convention, *s.* an assembly; a contract or agreement for a limited time  
Conven'tional, *a.* stipulated, done by contract  
Conven'tionary, *a.* settled by contract  
Convent'ual, *a.* belonging to a convent  
Conver'ge, *v. n.* to tend to one point  
Convers'able, *a.* fit for conversation, sociable  
Con'versant, *a.* acquainted with, skilled in  
Conversa'tion, *s.* familiar discourse, chat  
Convers'ative, *a.* relating to public life  
Con'verse, *s.* manner of discoursing in a familiar way, acquaintance, familiarity  
Con'verse, *v. n.* to discourse, to colubit with

Con'verse, *a.* contrary, directly opposite  
 Con'verse'ly, *ad.* by a change of order or place  
 Con'version, *s.* change from one state into another; transmutation; change from one religion to another  
 Con'vert, *s.* one who changes his opinion  
 Con'vert, *v. a.* to change, turn, appropriate  
 Con'vert'er, *s.* one who makes converts  
 Con'vertible, *a.* susceptible of change  
 Con'vex, *a.* rising in a circular form, as the outside of a globe; opposite to concave  
 Con'vex, *s.* a convex or spherical body  
 Con'vex'ity, *s.* a spherical form, rotundity  
 Con'vey, *v. a.* to carry, send, make over  
 Con'vey'ance, *s.* act of removing any thing; a deed or writing, by which property is transferred; juggling artifice, &c.  
 Con'vey'ancer, *s.* a lawyer who draws up writings by which property is transferred  
 Con'vey'er, *s.* one who carries or transmits  
 Con'vet, *v. a.* to prove guilty, to detect  
 Con'vect, *s.* one convicted or detected  
 Con'vection, *s.* a detection of guilt, full proof  
 Con'vective, *a.* tending to convince  
 Con'vence, *v. a.* to make a person sensible of a thing by full proofs, to prove  
 Con'venible, *a.* capable of conviction  
 Con'ven'cingly, *ad.* without room to doubt  
 Con'ven'e, *v. a.* to entertain, to feast, to revel  
 Con'ven'ial, *a.* social, gay, festive, pleasing  
 Con'un'drum, *s.* a quibble, quirk, low jest  
 Con'vec'te, *v. a.* to call or summon together  
 Con'vec'tion, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly  
 Con'veke, *v. a.* to summon or call together  
 Con'vel've, *v. a.* to roll together, wind, turn  
 Con'vel'uted, *a.* rolled upon itself, twisted  
 Con'vel'ution, *s.* a rolling together  
 Con'vey', *v. a.* to accompany for defence  
 Con'vey, *s.* an attendance for defence  
 Co'nusance, *s.* cognisance; notice  
 Con'vel'se, *v. a.* to give a violent motion  
 Con'vel'sion, *s.* an involuntary and irregular contraction of the muscles, fibres, &c.  
 Con've, *s.* a rabbit, an animal that burrows in the ground  
 Coo, *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon  
 Cook, *s.* one who dresses viands, &c.  
 Cook, *v. a.* to dress or prepare viands, &c.  
 Cook'ery, *s.* the art of dressing viands  
 Cool, *v.* to make or grow cool, to quiet  
 Cool, *a.* somewhat cold; not fond  
 Cool'er, *s.* a brewing vessel, used to cool beer in; what cools the body  
 Cool'ness, *s.* freedom from passion, indifference, want of affection; gentle cold  
 Coem, *s.* soot, dust, grease for wheels  
 Coomb, *s.* a corn measure of four bushels  
 Coop, *s.* a wooden cage for poultry; a barrel  
 Coop, *v. a.* to shut up, cage, confine, restrain  
 Coop'e, *s.* a motion in dancing  
 Coop'er, *s.* a maker of barrels, &c.  
 Co-op'erate, *v. n.* to labour for the same end  
 Co-ops'ition, *s.* the act of contributing or concurring to the same end  
 Co-opta'tion, *s.* election, assumption, choice  
 Co-or'dinate, *a.* holding the same rank  
 Coot, *s.* a small black water fowl  
 Cop, *s.* the head, the top of any thing  
 Co'pal, *s.* the Mexican term for a gum  
 Copar'cenary, Copar'ceny, *s.* an equal share in a patrimonial inheritance  
 Copart'ner, *s.* a joint partner in business  
 Copart'nership, *s.* the having an equal share  
 Cope, *s.* a priest's cloak; a concave arch  
 Cope, *v.* to contend with, to strive, to oppose  
 Co'pesmate, *s.* a companion, associate, friend  
 Cop'ier, Cop'yist, *s.* one who copies or imitates  
 Co'ping, *s.* the covering of a wall  
 Co'pious, *a.* abundant, plentiful, full, &c.  
 Co'ped, Cop'pled, *a.* rising to a top or head  
 Cop'pel, *s.* an instrument used in chymistry. Its use is to purify gold and silver  
 Cop'per, *s.* a metal; a large boiler  
 Cop'peras, *s.* a sort of mineral, or vitriol  
 Cop'per, *s.* late, *s.* an impression from a figure engraved on copper; the plate on which any thing is engraved for printing  
 Cop'persmith, *s.* one who works in copper  
 Cop'pery, *a.* tasting of, or mixed with, copper  
 Cop'pice, Copse, *s.* a wood of small low trees  
 Cop'pledust, *s.* powder for purifying metals  
 Cop'ulate, *v.* to mix, unite, conjoin, &c.  
 Cop'ulation, *s.* the congress of the two sexes  
 Cop'ulative, *a.* joining or mixing together  
 Cop'y, *s.* a manuscript, an imitation, a pattern to write after; duplicate of any original writing, or of a picture  
 Cop'y, *v.* to transcribe, imitate, write for  
 Cop'y-book, *s.* a book in which copies are written for learners to imitate  
 Cop'yhold, *s.* a tenure under the lord of a manor, held by the copy of a court roll  
 Cop'yholder, *s.* one possessed of copyhold  
 Cop'yrigh't, *s.* the sole right to print a book  
 Co'quet, *v. a.* to deceive in love, to jilt  
 Coquet'ry, *s.* deceit in love, affection  
 Coque'tle, *s.* a gay, airy woman, who by various arts endeavours to gain admiring men  
 Co'ra'cle, *s.* a boat used in Wales by men, made by drawing leather or a cloth upon a frame of wicker-work  
 Cor'al, *s.* a sea plant, a child's ornament  
 Cor'al'ine, *a.* consisting of coral  
 Cor'a'nt, *s.* a nimble sprightly dance  
 Corb, *s.* a basket used in coaleries  
 Corb'an, *s.* an alms-basket, a gift, an alms  
 Cord, *s.* a rope; a sinew; a measure of weight  
 Cord, *v. a.* to tie or fasten with cords  
 Cord'age, *s.* a quantity of ropes for a ship  
 Corde'ller, *s.* a Franciscan friar

Cor'el, *s.* a cherishing, comforting draught  
Cor'ial, *a.* reviving, sincere, hearty  
Cor'iality, *s.* sincerity, affection, esteem  
Cor'dially, *ad.* sincerely, heartily, truly  
Cor'dwain, *s.* fine Spanish leather  
Cor'dwainer, Cor'diner, *s.* a shoemaker  
Cor'dwood, *s.* wood tied up for firing  
Cor'e, *s.* the heart or inner part of a thing  
Cor'ia'ceous, *a.* consisting of or like leather  
Cor'ian'der, *s.* a plant, a hot seed  
Cor'inth, *s.* the fruit usually called currant  
Cor'inthian-order, *s.* the name of the fourth  
order in architecture  
Cor'ix, *s.* a tree resembling the ilex; its bark;  
the stroppe of a bottle—*v. a.* to stop up  
Cor'kcrew, *s.* a screw to draw corks with  
Cor'morant, *s.* a bird of prey, a glutton  
Cor'n, *s.* a grain; seeds which grow in ears,  
not in pods; an excrescence on the feet  
Cor'n, *v. a.* to salt, to granulate  
Cor'nchandler, *s.* a retailer of corn  
Cor'nel, *s.* a plant, the cornelian cherry  
Cor'nelian, *s.* precious stone  
Cor'neous, *a.* horny, resembling horn  
Cor'ner, *s.* an angle; a secret or remote place;  
the extremity, or utmost limit  
Cor'net, *s.* a musical instrument; the officer  
who bears the standard of a troop of horse  
Cor'netier, *s.* one who plays on a cornet  
Cor'nice, *s.* the uppermost ornament of a  
wall or wainscot, the top of a column  
Cor'nicle, *s.* a small horn  
Cor'nigerous, *a.* horned, having horns  
Cor'nucopia, *s.* the horn of plenty  
Cor'ntuted, *part.* having horns, cuckolded  
Cor'ntuto, *s.* a cuckold  
Cor'ollary, *s.* an inference, deduction, surplus  
Cor'ollated, *a.* having flowers like a crown  
Cor'onal, *s.* a chaplet, a garland—*a.* relating  
to the top of the head  
Cor'orany, *a.* relating to a crown  
Cor'onation, *s.* solemnity, or act of crowning  
Cor'oner, *s.* a civil officer, who, with a jury,  
quires into casual or violent deaths  
Cor'onet, *s.* a crown worn by nobility  
Cor'poral, *s.* the lowest officer of the infantry  
Cor'poral, Cor'poral, *a.* bodily, material  
Cor'porate, *a.* united in a body  
Cor'poration, *s.* a body politic, authorised  
by common consent to grant in law any  
thing within the compass of their charter  
Cor'ps, *s.* a body of soldiers, a regiment  
Cor'pus, *s.* a dead body, a carcase, a corse  
Cor'pulence, *s.* bulkiness of body, fleshiness  
Cor'pulent, *a.* fleshy, bulky, gross  
Cor'puscle, *s.* a small body, an atom  
Cor'rap'd, *v. a.* to rub off, to scrape together  
Cor'radiation, *s.* an union of rays  
Cor'rect, *v. a.* to punish, chastise, amend  
Cor'rect, *a.* finished with exactness

Cor'rection, *s.* punishment, amendment  
Cor'rective, *a.* able to alter or correct, good  
Cor'rectly, *ad.* accurately, exactly, neatly  
Cor'rect'ness, *s.* accuracy, exactness, nicety  
Cor'regidor, *s.* a chief magistrate in Spain  
Cor'relate, *s.* what has an opposite relation  
Cor'relative, *a.* having a reciprocal relation  
Cor'reption, *s.* repro'f, chiding, rebuke  
Cor'respon'd, *v. n.* to suit, to fit, to agree, to  
keep up a commerce with another by letters  
Cor'respond'ence, *s.* intercourse, friendship,  
agreement, fitness, interchange of civilities  
Cor'respond'ent, *a.* suitable, answerable  
Cor'respond'ent, *s.* one who holds correspond-  
ence with another by letter  
Cor'rigible, *a.* punishable, corrective  
Corrob'orant, *a.* strengthening, confirming  
Corrob'orate, *v. a.* to confirm, to establish  
Corrobora'tion, *s.* the act of strengthening  
Corro'de, *v. a.* to eat away by degrees  
Corro'dible, *a.* that which may be corroded  
Corro'sible, *a.* that which may be consumed  
by a menstruum  
Corro'sion, *s.* the act of eating away  
Corro'sive, *s.* a corroding, hot medicine  
Corro'sive, *a.* able to corrode or eat away  
Corro'siveness, *s.* the quality of corroding  
Corr'ugate, *v. a.* to wrinkle or purse up  
Corru'pt, *v.* to infect, to defile, to bribe  
Corru'pt, *a.* vicious, debauched, rotten  
Corrupt'er, *s.* one who corrupts or taints  
Corrupt'ible, *a.* that which may be corrupted  
Corrup'tion, *s.* wickedness; matter or pus  
Corrupt'ive, *a.* able to taint or corrupt  
Corrupt'ness, *s.* badness of morals, putrescence  
Cor'sair, *s.* a pirate, a plunderer on the sea  
Corse, *s.* a dead body, a carcase  
Cor'selet, or Cor'slet, *s.* a light armour for  
the fore part of the body  
Cor'tical, *a.* barky, belonging to the rind  
Cor'ticated, *a.* resembling the bark of a tree  
Cor'vet, Cor'vet'to, *s.* the curvet, a frolic  
Corus'cant, *a.* flashing, glittering, bright  
Corusc'a'tion, *s.* a quick vibration of light  
Cosmet'ic, *s.* a wash to improve the skin  
Cos'mical, *a.* rising or setting with the sun;  
relating to the world  
Cosmog'ony, *s.* birth or creation of the world  
Cosmog'rapher, *s.* one who writes a descrip-  
tion of the world  
Cosmog'raphy, *s.* the science of the general  
system of the world, distinct from geo-  
graphy, which describes the situation and  
boundaries of particular countries  
Cosmop'olite, *s.* a citizen of the world  
Coss'et, *s.* a lamb brought up by the hand  
Cost, *s.* price, charge, loss, luxury, expense  
Cost, *v. n.* to be bought for, had at a price  
Cost'al, *a.* relating to the ribs  
Cost'ard, *s.* a head; a large round apple

Cost'ive, *a.* bound in the body, restringent  
 Cost'liness, *s.* expensiveness, sumptuousness  
 Cost'ly, *a.* expensive, dear; of great price  
 Cotem'porary, see Contem'porary  
 Cot, Cot'tage, *s.* a hut, a small house  
 Coteri'e, *s.* an assembly, club, society  
 Cotil'lon, *s.* a light French dance  
 Cot'tager, *s.* one who lives in a cottage  
 Cot'ton, *s.* a plant; the down of the cotton-tree; cloth, or stuff made of cotton  
 Couch, *v.* to lie down; to hide; to fix  
 Couch, *s.* a seat of repose; a layer  
 Couch'ant, *a.* squatting, lying down  
 Couch'er, *s.* he that depresses cataracts  
 Cove, *s.* a small creek or bay; a shelter  
 Cov'enant, *s.* a bargain, contract, deed  
 Cov'enant, *v.* to bargain, contract, agree  
 Covenant'e, *s.* a party to a covenant  
 Cov'enous, *a.* treacherous, fraudulent  
 Cov'er, *v.* *a.* to overspread; conceal; hid  
 Cov'er, *s.* concealment, screen, pretence  
 Cov'ering, *s.* dress; any thing that covers  
 Cov'erlet, Cov'erlid, *s.* the upper covering of a bed; the quilt or counterpane  
 Cov'ert, *s.* a thicket, a retreat, a hiding-place  
 Cov'ert, *a.* sheltered, secret; state of a woman sheltered by marriage  
 Cov'et, *v.* *a.* to desire earnestly; to long for  
 Cov'etable, *a.* that which may be desired  
 Cov'etous, *a.* avaricious, greedy  
 Cov'ey, *s.* a brood of birds; a number of birds together; a hatch, a company  
 Cough, *s.* a convulsion of the lungs  
 Cov'in, *s.* a deceitful agreement, a collusion  
 Coul'ter, or Cul'ter, *s.* a ploughshare  
 Coun'cil, *s.* an assembly for consultation  
 Coun'sel, *s.* advice, direction; a pleader  
 Coun'sel, *v.* *a.* to give advice; to direct  
 Coun'sellor, *s.* one who gives advice  
 Count, *s.* number, reckoning; a foreign title  
 Count, *v.* *a.* to number, to cast up, to tell  
 Count'enance, *s.* form of the face; air, look; patronage; superficial appearance  
 Count'enance, *v.* *a.* to patronise, to support  
 Counter, *s.* base money; a shop table  
 Counter'er, *ad.* contrary to; in a wrong way  
 Counter'a't, *v.* *a.* to act contrary to; hinder  
 Counterbal'ance, *s.* an opposite weight  
 Counterbal'ance, *v.* *a.* to act against with an opposite weight  
 Counterbu'ff, *v.* *a.* to repel, to strike back  
 Count'erchange, *s.* a mutual exchange  
 Count'ercharm, *s.* that which dissolves a charm—*v.* *a.* to destroy an enchantment  
 Count'ercheck, *s.* a stop; rebuke, reproof  
 Counter'evidence, *s.* opposite evidence  
 Count'erfeit, *a.* forged; fictitious, deceitful  
 Count'erfeit, *v.* *a.* to forge, to imitate  
 Countermp'nd, *v.* *a.* to contradict an order  
 Count'ermarch, *s.* a march backward  
 Count'ermine, *s.* a mine made to frustrate the use of one made by the enemy  
 Countermi'ne, *v.* *a.* to defeat secretly  
 Count'ermotion, *s.* a contrary motion  
 Count'erpene, *s.* upper covering of a bed  
 Count'erpart, *s.* a correspondent part  
 Count'erplea, *s.* a replication in law  
 Counterplead', *v.* *a.* to contradict, to deny  
 Count'erplot, *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice; plot against plot  
 Counterpo'int, *s.* a coverlet woven in squares  
 Count'erpoise, *s.* an equivalence of weight  
 Counterpo'ise, *v.* *a.* to counterbalance  
 Counterpro'ject, *s.* correspondent scheme  
 Count'erscarp, *s.* a ditch next a camp  
 Count'ersign, *v.* *a.* to undersign; to confirm  
 Counteron'or, *s.* a middle part of music  
 Counteri'de, *s.* a contrary tide  
 Count'erturn, *s.* the height of a play  
 Counterwa'il, *v.* *a.* to be equivalent to; to have equal force or value—*s.* equal weight  
 Count'erview, *s.* an opposition, a contrast  
 Count'ess, *s.* the lady of a count or earl  
 Count'less, *a.* innumerable, infinite  
 Coun'try, *s.* a tract of land; a region; one's native soil; rural parts; not cities  
 Coun'try, *a.* rustic, rural; unpolite  
 Coun'tryman, *s.* a rustic; one born in the same country; a husbandman  
 Count'y, *s.* a shire; an earldom; a count  
 Count'y, *a.* relating to a county or shire  
 Coupe'e, *s.* a motion in dancing; a caper  
 Coup'e, *s.* a pair, a brace, man and wife  
 Couple, *v.* *a.* to join together; to marry  
 Coup'let, *s.* two verses; a pair  
 Cour'age, *s.* bravery, activity, valour  
 Courageously, *ad.* bravely, daringly, nobly  
 Cour'a'nt, *s.* a sprightly dance, &c.  
 Courier, *s.* a messenger sent in haste  
 Course, *s.* a race; a career; a race-ground track in which a ship sails; order of succession; service of meat; method of life natural bent  
 Course, *v.* to hunt, to pursue, to rove about  
 Cours'er, *s.* a race-horse, a horse-racer  
 Cours'ing, *s.* pursuit of hares with greyhound  
 Court, *s.* the residence of a prince; a narrow street; jurisdiction; seat of justice  
 Court, *v.* *a.* to make love to, to solicit  
 Court'eous, *a.* elegant of manners, kind  
 Courtesa'n, *s.* a prostitute, a lewd woman  
 Court'esy, *s.* civility, complaisance, favour kindness; the reverence made by women  
 Court'ier, *s.* an attendant on a court; a lover  
 Court'e't, *s.* court of the lord of the manor for regulating copyhold tenures, &c  
 Court'like, *a.* polite, well-bred, obliging  
 Court'liness, *s.* civility, complaisance  
 Court'ly, *a.* polite, flattering, elegant  
 Court'ship, *s.* making love to a woman

Cousin, *s.* any one collaterally related more remotely than brothers or sisters  
 Cow, *s.* the female of the bull—*v.* to depress  
 Cow'ard, *s.* a poltroon; he who wants courage  
 Cow'ardly, *a.* fearful, timorous, mean  
 Cow'er, *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees  
 Cow'herd, *s.* one who tends or keeps cows  
 Cowl, *s.* a monk's hood; a vessel for water  
 Cow'slip, *s.* a small early yellow flower  
 Cox'comb, *s.* a cock's topping; a fop, a beau  
 Cox'com'ical, *a.* conceited, foppish, pert  
 Coy, *a.* modest, decent, reserved  
 Coyish, *a.* rather shy, modest, chaste  
 Coy'ness, *s.* reserve, shyness, modesty  
 Coz'en, *v. a.* to cheat, defraud, impose on  
 Coz'en'ge, *s.* cheat, fraud, deceit, trick  
 Coz'en'er, *s.* a cheater, a knave  
 Crib, *s.* a fish; wild apple; peevish person  
 Crabbed, *a.* peevish, difficult, morose  
 Crabbedness, *s.* sourness of taste; asperity  
 Crack, *s.* a sudden noise; a chink; a boaster  
 Crack, *v. a.* to break into chinks; to split  
 Crack-brained, *a.* crazy, whimsical  
 Crack'er, *s.* a kind of squib; a boaster  
 Crack'le, *v. n.* to make slight cracks, &c.  
 Crack'ling, *s.* a noise made by slight cracks  
 Crack'nel, *s.* a kind of hard, brittle cake  
 Cradle, *s.* a moveable bed on which children are rocked; a case for a broken bone; a frame of wood for launching a ship  
 Craft, *s.* cunning; trade; small sailing ships  
 Craft'ly, *ad.* cunningly, artfully  
 Craft'mess, *s.* craft, cunning, fraud, deceit  
 Crafts'man, *s.* an artificer; a mechanic  
 Craft'y, *a.* cunning, artful, deceitful  
 Crag, *s.* a steep rock; nape of the neck  
 Crag'ged, Crag'gy, *a.* rough, rugged  
 Crag'gedness, Crag'giness, *s.* roughness  
 Cram, *v. n.* to stuff; to eat greedily  
 Cram'bo, *s.* a play at which one gives a word and another finds a rhyme  
 Cramp, *s.* a contraction of the limbs; restriction; a bent piece of iron  
 Cramp, *v. a.* to confine, to hinder, to bind  
 Cramp, *a.* difficult, hard, troublesome  
 Cramp'iron, *s.* an iron to fasten together  
 Crane, *s.* a bird; a machine; a crooked pipe  
 Crani'um, *s.* the skull  
 Crank, *s.* end of an iron axis; a conceit  
 Crank, *a.* healthy, lusty, deep loaded  
 Crinkle, *v. a.* to run into angles; to break into unequal surfaces  
 Cran'ned, *a.* full of or having chinks  
 Cran'ny, *s.* a chink; a crevice; a little crack  
 Crap', *s.* a thin stuff for mourning  
 Crap'ulence, *s.* sickness by intemperance  
 Crap'ulous, *a.* sick with drunkenness  
 Crash, *v. a.* to break, to bruise, to crush  
 Crash, *s.* a loud, mixed noise  
 Cras'titude, *s.* grossness, thickness, heaviness

Crat'ch, *s.* a frame for hay or straw  
 Crate, *s.* a hamper to pack earthen ware in  
 Crava't, *s.* an ornament for the neck  
 Crave, *v. a.* to ask earnestly; to long for  
 Cra'ven, *s.* a conquered cock; a coward  
 Craunch, *v. a.* to crush with the teeth  
 Craw, *s.* the crop or stomach of birds  
 Craw'fish, Cray'fish, *s.* the river lobster  
 Crawl, *v. n.* to creep; move slowly; fawn  
 Cra'yon, *s.* a paste; a pencil; a picture  
 Craze, *v. a.* to break; to crack the brain  
 Cra'ziness, *s.* weakness, feebleness of body  
 Cra'zy, *a.* broken, feeble, weak; maddish  
 Creak, *v. n.* to make a harsh noise  
 Cream, *s.* the oily, best part of milk  
 Cre'amfaced, *a.* pale, wan, cowardly  
 Crea'my, *a.* full of cream; luscious, rich  
 Crease, *s.* a mark made by doubling any thing—*v. a.* to mark by folding  
 Crea'te, *v. a.* to cause, to produce, to form  
 Creation, *s.* act of creating; the universe  
 Crea'tive, *a.* having the power to create  
 Crea'tor, *s.* the Being that bestows existence  
 Crea'ture, *s.* a being created; a word of contempt or tenderness; a dependant; an animal not human; general term for man  
 Cred'ence, *s.* belief, credit, reputation  
 Creden'da, *s.* articles of faith or belief  
 Cred'ent, *a.* easy of belief; having credit  
 Creden'tials, *s.* letters of recommendation  
 Credibili'ty, Cred'ibil'ness, *s.* a claim to credit; worthiness of belief; probability  
 Cred'ible, *a.* worthy of credit; likely  
 Cred'it, *s.* belief, honour; trust reposed  
 Cred'it, *v. a.* to believe, trust, confide in  
 Cred'itable, *a.* reputable, estimable  
 Cred'itably, *ad.* reputably, without disgrace  
 Cred'itor, *s.* one who trusts or gives credit  
 Cred'u'li'ty, *s.* easiness of belief  
 Cred'ul'ous, *a.* apt to believe, unsuspecting  
 Creed, *s.* a confession of faith, a belief  
 Creek, *s.* a small bay; a nook  
 Creep, *v. n.* to move slowly; fawn, bend, &c.  
 Creep'er, *s.* a plant; an iron instrument  
 Cremation, *s.* the act of burning  
 Cre'mor, *s.* a milky, or creamy substance  
 Cre'nat'd, *a.* notched, jagged, rough  
 Crepit'a'tion, *s.* a low, crackling noise  
 Crepus'cle, *s.* twilight; faint dim light  
 Crepus'cuous, *a.* glimmering, dim  
 Cres'cent, *s.* an increasing moon  
 Cres'cent, Cres'cive, *a.* increasing, growing  
 Cress, *s.* the name of a water herb  
 Cress'et, *s.* a light set on a beacon; an herb  
 Crest, *s.* a plume of feathers on the top of a helmet; ornament of the helmet in heraldry; pride, spirit, fire  
 Crest'ed, *a.* adorned with a plume or crest  
 Crest-fallen, *a.* dejected, low, cowed  
 Crest'less, *a.* without armour; mean, poor

Creta'ceous, *a.* chalky, having chalk  
 Crev'ice, *s.* a crack, a cleft; a fish  
 Crew, *s.* a ship's company; mean assembly  
 Crew'el, *s.* a ball of worsted yarn, &c.  
 Crib, *s.* a manger, a stall; a cottage  
 Crib, *v. a.* to steal privately; to shut up  
 Cribbage, *s.* the name of a game at cards  
 Crib'ble, *s.* a sieve for cleaning corn  
 Cribra'tion, *s.* the act of sifting or cleansing  
 Crick, *s.* noise of a hinge; stiffness in the neck  
 Crick'et, *s.* an insect that chirps about ovens,  
     &c.; a game with bats and balls; a stool  
 Cri'er, *s.* one who cries goods for sale  
 Crime, *s.* an offence, wickedness, sin  
 Cri'meless, *a.* innocent, free from guilt  
 Crim'inal, Crim'inous, *a.* faulty  
 Crim'inal, *s.* a person accused, a felon  
 Crimina'tion, *s.* an accusation, a censure  
 Crim'inatory, *a.* accusing, tending to accuse  
 Crim'inous, *a.* wicked, iniquitous, guilty  
 Crim'osin, *s.* a species of red colour  
 Crimp, *a.* brittle, friable, crisp  
 Crim'ple, *v. a.* to contract, to corrugate  
 Crim'son, *s.* a very deep red colour  
 Crin'cum, *s.* a whimsy, a cramp  
 Cringe, *s.* servile civility, mean reverence  
 Cringe, *v. n.* to bow, fawn, flatter, contract  
 Crink, Crin'kle, *s.* a wrinkle; winding fold  
 Crin'kle, *v.* to run in wrinkles, &c.  
 Crin'nose, Crin'gerous, *a.* hairy, rough  
 Crisp'le, *s.* a lame person—*v. a.* to make lame  
 Cri'sis, *s.* a critical time or turn  
 Crisp, *v. a.* to curl, to twist, to indent  
 Crisp, Crisp'y, *a.* curled, brittle, winding  
 Crisp'a'tion, *s.* the act or state of curling  
 Crisp'ness, Crisp'itude, *s.* crispy state  
 Crit'erion, *s.* a standard whereby any thing  
     is judged of, as to its goodness or badness  
 Crit'ic, *s.* one skilled in criticism  
 Crit'ical, *a.* judicious, accurate, nice  
 Crit'icise, *v. a.* to censure, to judge, to blame  
 Criticism, *s.* censure; the art of judging  
 Crit'ique, *s.* act of criticism; a criticism  
 Croak, *s.* the cry of a frog, raven, or crow  
 Cro'ceous, *a.* yellow, like saffron  
 Cro'cita'tion, *s.* the croaking of frogs or ravens  
 Crock, *s.* an earthen pot; an earthen vessel  
 Crock'ery, *s.* all kinds of earthen ware  
 Croc'odile, *s.* a large, voracious, amphibious  
     animal, in shape resembling a lizard  
 Cro'cus, *s.* an early flower; saffron  
 Croft, *s.* a small home field, a close  
 Crone, *s.* an old ewe; an old woman  
 Cro'ny, *s.* an intimate acquaintance, a friend  
 Crook, *s.* a hooked stick, a sheep-hook  
 Crook, *v. a.* to bend, to pervert  
 Crook'ed, *a.* bent, curved, untoward  
 Crop, *s.* the harvest, produce; a bird's craw  
 Crop, *v. a.* to lop, cut short; to mow, to reap  
 Crop'ful, *s.* quite full, satisfied, crammed

Cro'sier, *s.* the pastoral staff used by the  
     shops in the church of Rome  
 Cros'let, *s.* a small cross; a head cloth  
 Cross, *s.* one straight body laid at right an-  
     gles over another; a misfortune, vexation  
 Cross, *a.* athwart, oblique; peevish, fretful  
 Cross, *v. a.* to lay athwart, to pass over, to  
     cancel; to sign with the cross; to vex  
 Cross'bite, *s.* a deception—*v. a.* to cheat  
 Cross'bow, *s.* a weapon for shooting  
 Cross'grained, *a.* troublesome, ill-natured  
 Cross'ness, *s.* perverseness, peevishness  
 Crotch, *s.* a hook; the fork of a tree  
 Crotchet, *s.* one of the notes in music, equal  
     to half a minum; a mark in printing  
     formed thus [ ]; a fancy, whim, conceit  
 Crouch, *v.* to stoop low, to fawn, to cringe  
 Croupa'de, *s.* a high leap; a summerset  
 Crow, *s.* a bird; an iron lever—*v.* to make  
     a noise like a cock; to boast, to vapour  
 Crowd, *s.* confused multitude; the populace  
 Crowd, *v.* to press close, to swarm  
 Crown, *s.* a diadem worn on the heads of  
     sovereigns; the top of the head; a silver  
     coin; regal power; a garland  
 Crown, *v. a.* to invest with a crown; to  
     adorn, to complete, to finish  
 Crown'glass, *s.* finest sort of window-glass  
 Cru'cial, *a.* transverse, running across  
 Cru'ciate, *v. a.* to torture, to torment  
 Cru'cible, *s.* a pot used for melting metals  
 Cru'cifix, *s.* a representation in statuary or  
     painting, &c. of our Saviour on the cross  
 Crucifi'ion, *s.* the act of nailing to the cross  
 Cru'cify, *v. a.* to nail or fasten to a cross  
 Crude, *a.* raw, harsh, unripe, undigested  
 Crude'ness, Cru'dity, *s.* indigestion  
 Cru'dle, *v.* to coagulate, to curdle  
 Cru'el, *a.* hard-hearted, inhuman, fierce  
 Cru'elty, *s.* inhumanity, barbarity  
 Cru'et, *s.* a small vial for vinegar or oil  
 Cru'ise, *v. n.* to sail in quest of an enemy  
 Cruis'er, *s.* a ship that sails in quest of an  
     enemy; one that roves in search of plunder  
 Crumb, *s.* the soft part of bread; a small  
     piece or fragment of bread  
 Crum'ble, *v. a.* to break or fall into pieces  
 Crum'my, *a.* soft, full of crumbs, plump  
 Crum'ple, *v. a.* to wrinkle, ruffle, disorder  
 Crumpling, *s.* a small green codling  
 Crup'per, *s.* a leather to keep a saddle right  
 Cru'ral, *a.* belonging to the leg  
 Crus'a'de, Cro'i'sade, *s.* an expedition against  
     infidels; a Portugal coin, value 2s. 6d.  
 Cru'set, *s.* a goldsmith's melting pot  
 Crush, *v. a.* to squeeze, to bruise; to ruin  
 Crush, *s.* a falling down, a collision  
 Crust, *s.* any shell or external coat; outward  
     part of bread; case of a pye  
 Crusta'ceous, *a.* shelly, with joints

Crus'ty, *a.* morose, snappish, surly  
 Crutch, *s.* a support used by cripples  
 Cry, *v.* to call, to weep, exclaim, proclaim  
 Cry, *s.* a weeping, shrieking, &c.  
 Crypt'ic, Crypt'ical, *a.* secret, hidden  
 Cryptog'raphy, *s.* art of writing in ciphers  
 Crystal, *s.* a mineral, transparent stone  
 Crystalline, *a.* transparent, clear, bright  
 Crystallize, *v. a.* to form salts into small transparent bodies; to congeal  
 Cub, *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a bear or fox—*v. a.* to bring forth  
 Cub'atory, *a.* recumbent, lying down  
 Cub'ature, *s.* the solid contents of a body  
 Cube, *s.* a square solid body; a die  
 Cub'ic, Cu'bical, *a.* formed like a cube  
 Cubit, *s.* a measure of eighteen inches  
 Cub'ital, *a.* containing a cubit's length  
 Cuck'ing-stool, *s.* an engine invented for the punishment of scolds, and unquiet women  
 Cuck'old, *s.* the husband of an adulteress  
 Cuck'old, *v. a.* to commit adultery  
 Cuck'oldy, *a.* poor, mean, despicable  
 Cuck'oo, *s.* a bird; a word of contempt  
 Cu'cumber, *s.* a plant, and its fruit  
 Cu'curbite, *s.* a chymical vessel, called a body  
 Cud, *s.* food repositored in the first stomach of an animal, in order for rumination  
 Cud'den, Cud'dy, *s.* a clown, a stupid dolt  
 Cud'dle, *v. n.* to lie close, to hug  
 Cud'gel, *s.* a fighting-stick—*v. a.* to beat or fight with sticks  
 Cuf, *s.* the end of a thing; hint, intimation  
 Cuff, *s.* a blow, box; part of a sleeve  
 Cuir'ass, *s.* a breastplate of leather or steel  
 Cuirass'er, *s.* a soldier in armour  
 Cuish, *s.* armour that covers the thighs  
 Culinary, *a.* relating to the kitchen  
 Cul'tender, *s.* a draining vessel. See *Colander*  
 Cul'ty, *s.* a man deceived by a woman  
 Calm, *s.* a kind of small coal, soot, &c.  
 Cul'minate, *v. n.* to be in the meridian  
 Cul'pable, *a.* criminal, blameable  
 Cul'prit, *s.* a man arraigned before a judge  
 Cul'tivate, *v. a.* to till, manure, improve  
 Cultiva'tion, *s.* act of improving soils, &c.  
 Cul'ture, *s.* act of cultivation, improvement, melioration—*v. a.* to till, to manure  
 Cul'ver, *s.* a pigeon, a wood pigeon  
 Cul'verin, *s.* a species of ordnance  
 Cum'ber, *v. a.* to embarrass, to entangle  
 Cum'bersome, Cum'brous, *a.* burdensome, embarrassing, oppressive, vexatious  
 Cul'mulate, *v. a.* to heap or pile up, to amass  
 Curd, *v. n.* to give notice, to show, inform  
 Cul'neated, *a.* formed like a wedge  
 Cun'ning, *a.* skilful, artful, crafty, subtle  
 Cun'ning, Cun'ningness, *s.* artifice, slyness  
 Cup, *s.* a drinking vessel; part of a flower  
 Cup, *v. a.* to draw blood by scarification

Cup'bearer, *s.* an officer of the household  
 Cup'board, *s.* a case where viands, &c. are put  
 Cu'pel, Cup'pel, *s.* a refining vessel  
 Cupid'ity, *s.* unlawful, sensual desire  
 Cu'pola, *s.* a dome, an arched roof  
 Cur, *s.* a dog; a snappish or mean man  
 Cu'rable, *a.* that may be remedied  
 Cu'racy, *s.* the employment of a curate  
 Cu'rate, *s.* a parish priest; one who officiates in the room of the beneficiary  
 Curb, *v. a.* to restrain, to check, to bridle  
 Curb, *s.* part of a bridle; inhibition, restraint  
 Curd, *s.* the coagulation of milk  
 Curd, Cur'dle, *v.* to coagulate, concrete  
 Cure, *s.* a remedy, restorative; act of healing; benefit or employment of a curate  
 Cure, *v. a.* to restore to health; to salt  
 Cur'ed, part. healed, restored, preserved  
 Cu'reless, *a.* having no remedy, incurable  
 Cur'few, *s.* eight o'clock bell; a fire-plate  
 Curios'ity, *s.* inquisitiveness; a rarity  
 Cu'rious, *a.* inquisitive, rare, nice, accurate  
 Curl, *s.* a ringlet of hair; a wave  
 Curl, *v. a.* to turn into ringlets, to twist  
 Cur'lew, *s.* a kind of water and land fowl  
 Curmud'geon, *s.* an avaricious fellow, a churl, a miser, a niggard, a grimer  
 Cur'rant, *s.* the name of a tree, and its fruit  
 Cur'rency, *s.* circulation, general reception; paper established as, and passing for the current money of the realm  
 Cur'rent, *a.* circulatory, general, popular  
 Cur'rent, *s.* a running stream  
 Cur'ficle, *s.* a chaise of two wheels, calculated for expedition, drawn by two horses  
 Cur'rier, *s.* a dresser of tanned leather  
 Cur'fish, *a.* quarrelsome, brutal, sour  
 Cur'fy, *v. a.* to dress leather; to beat  
 Cur'rycomb, *s.* an iron comb for horses  
 Curse, *s.* a bad wish; vexation, torment  
 Curse, *v. a.* to wish evil to; to afflict  
 Cur'sedly, *ad.* miserably, shamefully  
 Cur'sitor, *s.* a clerk in Chancery  
 Cur'soray, Cur'sory, *a.* hasty, careless  
 Cur'sorily, *ad.* hastily, without care  
 Curta'il, *v. a.* to cut off, cut short, abridge  
 Cur'tain, *s.* furniture of a bed, or window; fortification—*v. n.* to inclose with curtains  
 Curta'tion, *s.* the distance of a star from the ecliptic; a term in astronomy  
 Curv'ature, *s.* crookedness, bent form  
 Curve, *v. a.* to bend, to crook—*a.* crooked  
 Curv'et, *s.* a leap, a bound, a frolic  
 Curv'et, *v. a.* to leap, bound, prance, frisk  
 Curvilin'ear, *a.* consisting of crooked lines  
 Cush'ion, *s.* a soft seat for a chair  
 Cusp, *s.* the horns of the moon; a point  
 Cusp'ated, *a.* terminating in a point, pointed  
 Cusp'itate, *v. a.* to sharpen, to point  
 Cu'stard, *s.* a sweet food, made of milk, &c.

Cus'tody, *s.* imprisonment, security, care  
 Custom, *s.* habitual practice, fashion, usage;  
     king's duties on exports and imports  
 Customary, *a.* common, general  
 Customer, *s.* one who buys any thing  
 Cus'tom-house, *s.* a house where duties are  
     received on imports and exports  
 Cut, *v. a.* to carve, hew, shape, divide  
 Cut, *s.* a cleft or wound made with an edged  
     tool; a printed picture; fashion, shape  
 Cutane'ous, *a.* relating to the skin  
 Cut'icle, *s.* a thin skin; the scarf skin  
 Cuticular, *a.* belonging to the skin  
 Cut'lass, *s.* a broad cutting sword  
 Cut'ler, *s.* one who makes knives, &c.  
 Cut'ter, *s.* a fast sailing vessel; one who cuts  
 Cut'throat, *s.* a murderer, an assassin  
 Cut'ting, *s.* a piece cut off, a branch

Cuttle, *s.* a fish; a foul-mouthed fellow  
 Cycle, *s.* a circle; periodical space of time  
 Cycloid, *s.* a figure of the circular kind  
 Cyclopt'cia, *s.* a body or circle of sciences  
 Cygnet, *s.* a young swan  
 Cylinder, *s.* a long round body; a roller  
 Cylindrical, *a.* resembling a cylinder  
 Cyn'ic, *s.* a slight covering; a scarf  
 Cym'bal, *s.* a musical instrument  
 Cynan'chrum, *s.* canine madness  
 Cynic, *s.* a follower of Diogenes; a snarler  
 Cya'c, Cynical, *a.* satirical, churlish  
 Cy'nopea, *s.* the north polar star  
 Cy'ness, *s.* a tree; an emblem of mourning  
 Cy'prus, *s.* a thin silky gauze; a rush  
 Cy'se, *s.* a bag containing morbid matter  
 Czar, *s.* the title of the Emperor of Russia  
 Czarina, *s.* title of the Empress of Russia

## D.

**D** IS used as an abbreviation of Doctor  
     and Divinity, as M. D. Medicine  
 Doctor, Doctor of Physic; D. D. Doctor  
     in Divinity; it is also a numeral for 500  
 Dab, *v. a.* to strike gently; to moisten  
 Dab, *s.* a flat fish; a gentle blow; an artist  
 Dab'ble, *v.* to meddle; to play in water  
 Dabbler, *s.* a superficial meddler in sciences,  
     &c.; one that plays in water  
 Dab'chick, *s.* a water fowl; a chicken  
 Daca'po, *s.* in music, signifies that the first  
     part of a tune must be repeated  
 Dace, *s.* a small river fish resembling a roach  
 Dactyle, *s.* a poetical foot, consisting of one  
     long syllable and two short ones  
 Da'dal, Da'dalian, *a.* cunning, intricate  
 Daffodil, Daffodilly, *s.* a flower, a lily  
 Daft, *v. a.* to toss aside, to throw away  
 Dag'ger, *s.* a short sword, a poniard  
 Bag'gle, *v.* to trail in the mire or water  
 Dag'gletail, *a.* bemired—*s.* a slattern  
 Dail'y, *a.* and *ad.* happening every day; often  
 Daintily, *ad.* delicately, deliciously  
 Dain'ty, *a.* delicate, nice—*s.* a delicacy  
 Da'iry, *s.* a milk farm; a house where milk  
     is manufactured into food  
 Da'iry-maid, *s.* the woman servant who ma-  
     nages the dairy  
 Da'isied, *a.* full of, or adorned with daisies  
 Da'isy, *s.* a small common spring flower  
 Da'ker, *s.* a dicker, a number of ten hides  
 Dale, *s.* a vale, a space between two hills  
 Da'liance, *s.* mutual caresses, love, delay  
 Da'llop, *s.* a tuft or clump  
 Da'ly, *v.* to trifl, fondle, display, amuse

Dam, *s.* a mother of brutes; a mole or bank  
     to stop water; a floodgate  
 Dam', *v. a.* to shut up, to confine, to obstruct  
 Dam'age, *s.* mischief, loss, retribution  
 Dam'age, *v.* to injure, to hurt, to impair  
 Da'geable, *a.* that which may be hurt  
 Dam'ask, *s.* linen or silk woven into regular  
     figures—*v. a.* to weave in flowers  
 Dam'ske'en, *v. a.* to inlay iron with gold  
 Dame, *s.* an old title of honour for women;  
     mistress of a family; women in general  
 Damn, *v. a.* to curse; to doom to torment  
     in a future state; to censure, to condemn  
 Da'mable, *a.* most wicked; destructive  
 Da'mation, *s.* exclusion from Divine mercy,  
     condemnation to eternal punishment  
 Da'med, *part. a.* cursed, detestable  
 Da'mely, *v. a.* to injure, to hurt, to impair  
 Da'mo, *a.* moist, wet, foggy; dejected  
 Da'mo, *s.* a fog, moisture; dejection  
 Da'mo', *v. a.* to moisten, to wet; to dispirit  
 Da'mo', *s.* a young maiden, a country lass  
 Da'mon, Da'mcene, *s.* a black plum  
 Da'mo', *v. n.* to move in measure—*s.* a motion  
     of one or more in concert  
 Da'mo', *s.* a motion of the feet to music  
 Da'mo', *s.* the name of a plant  
 Da'mo', *v. a.* to fondle, to play  
 Da'mo', *s.* scurf, &c. on the head  
 Da'mow, *s.* the dwarf elder, wall wort  
 Da'mo', *s.* risk, hazard—*v. a.* to endanger  
 Da'mo', *a.* without hazard, very safe  
 Da'mo', *a.* full of danger, unsafe  
 Da'mo', *v.* to hang loose, to follow  
 Da'mo', *s.* one who hangs about women

Bank, *a.* very damp, humid, wet  
 Bap'tical, *s.* sumptuous in living, costly  
 Bap'per, *a.* little and active, neat, tight  
 Bap'pling, *s.* a dwarf, a little person  
 Bap'ple, *a.* of different colours, streaked  
 Bap're, *v. a.* to challenge, to defy  
 Bap'ring, *a.* bold, adventurous, fearless  
 Bark, *a.* wanting light, blind, not plain  
 Bark'en, *v.* to make dark, to cloud, perplex  
 Bark'ness, *s.* absence of light; wickedness  
 Bark'some, *a.* gloomy, obscure, not luminous  
 Darling, *s.* a favourite—*a.* dear, beloved  
 Darn, or Dearn, *v. a.* to mend holes  
 Dariel, *s.* a common field weed  
 Dariain, *v. a.* to range troops for battle  
 Dart, *s.* a weapon thrown by the hand  
 Dart'ingly, *ad.* very swiftly, like a dart  
 Dash, *v.* to strike against; to mingle, to cross  
 or blot out; to confound, to bespatter  
 Dash, *s.* mark in writing, thus —; a blow  
 Dastard, *s.* a poltroon, a coward  
 Dastardly, *a.* cowardly, base, timorous  
 Date, *v. a.* to note the precise time  
 Date, *s.* the time at which any event happened, or a letter is written; a fruit  
 Dateless, *a.* without any fixed term or date  
 Dative, *a.* in grammar, the case that signifies the person to whom any thing is given  
 Daub, *v. a.* to smear, paint coarsely, flatter  
 Daub'er, *s.* a coarse, low painter  
 Daugh'ter, *s.* a female offspring, a woman  
 Daunt, *v. a.* to discourage, to intimidate  
 Daunt'ed, *part.* dispirited, frightened  
 Daunt'less, *a.* fearless, bold, not dejected  
 Daw, *s.* the name of a bird, the jackdaw  
 Dawn, *v. n.* to grow light, glimmer, open  
 Dawn, *s.* the break of day, beginning  
 Day, *s.* the time between the rising and setting of the sun, called the artificial day; the time from noon to noon is termed the natural day; light, sunshine  
 Day-book, *s.* a tradesman's journal  
 Day-break, *s.* first appearance of day, dawn  
 Day'light, *s.* the light of the day  
 Day'star, *s.* the morning star; Venus  
 Daz'le, *v. a.* to overpower with light  
 Deacon, *s.* one of the lowest of the clergy  
 Deacon'y, *s.* dignity or office of deacon  
 Dead, *a.* deprived of life, spiritless, dull  
 Dead'en, *v. a.* to weaken, to make tasteless  
 Deadly, *a.* destructive, mortal, cruel  
 Dead'ly, *ad.* mortally, irreconcileably  
 Dead'ness, *s.* frigidity, want of warmth  
 Deaf, *a.* wanting the sense of hearing  
 Deaf'en, *v. a.* to make deaf, to stupify  
 Deafness, *s.* want of the power of hearing  
 Deal, *s.* part, quantity; fir wood  
 Deal, *v.* to distribute, to give each his due  
 Deal'bation, *s.* the art of bleaching  
 Dealer, *s.* one who deals cards; a trader

Deal'ing, *s.* practice, intercourse, traffic  
 Dealt, *part.* used, handled, given out  
 Dean, *s.* the second dignitary of a diocese  
 Dean'ery, *s.* the office or house of a dean  
 Dear, *a.* beloved; valuable, costly, scarce  
 Dear'ly, *ad.* with fondness; at a high price  
 Dearth, *s.* scarcity, want, barrenness  
 Deartic'ulate, *v. a.* to disjoint, to dismember  
 Death, *s.* the extinction of life, mortality  
 Death'less, *a.* immortal, perpetual  
 Death'like, *a.* resembling death, still  
 Death'watch, *s.* a small insect that makes a tinkling noise, superstitiously imagined to be an omen of death  
 Deaura'tion, *s.* the act of gilding  
 Deba'r, *v. a.* to exclude, preclude, hinder  
 Deba'rk, *v. a.* to leave the ship, to go on shore  
 Deba'se, *v. a.* to degrade, lower, adulterate  
 Deba'sement, *s.* act of debasing or degrading  
 Deba'te, *s.* a dispute, a contest, a quarrel  
 Deba'te, *v.* to deliberate, to dispute, to argue  
 Deba'uch, *s.* excess, luxury, drunkenness  
 Deba'uch, *v. a.* to corrupt, to vitiate, to ruin  
 Debauch'e, *s.* a rake, a drunkard  
 Debauch'ery, *s.* lewdness, intemperance  
 Debel'l, Debel'late, *v. a.* to conquer in war  
 Deben'ture, *s.* a writ, or written instrument, by which a debt is claimed  
 Deb'ile, *a.* weak, faint, feeble, languid  
 Debilit'ate, *v. a.* to weaken, to enfeeble  
 Debilit'y, *s.* weakness, languor, faintness  
 Debona'ir, *a.* elegant, civil, well-bred, gay  
 Debt, *s.* that which one man owes to another  
 Debt'ed, *a.* indebted to, obliged to  
 Debt'or, *s.* one that owes money, &c.  
 Dec'a'de, *s.* the sum or number of ten  
 Dec'a'gon, *s.* a figure of ten equal sides  
 Dec'alogue, *s.* the ten commandments  
 Deca'mp, *v. n.* to shift a camp; to move off  
 Deca'nt, *v. a.* to pour off gently  
 Decant'er, *s.* a glass vessel for liquor  
 Decap'itate, *v. a.* to behead, to cut or lop off  
 Deca'y, *s.* a decline, a falling away  
 Deca'y, *v. n.* to decline, to consume, to rot  
 Dece'ase, *s.* departure from life, demise  
 Dece'ase, *v. n.* to die, to depart from life  
 Dece'ased, *part.* departed from life, dead  
 Dece'it, *s.* fraud, craft, artifice, pretence  
 Deceit'ful, *a.* full of deceit, fraudulent  
 Decei've, *v. a.* to delude, to impose upon  
 Decei'ver, *s.* one who deceives, an impostor  
 Decem'ber, *s.* the last month of the year  
 Decem'virate, *s.* a government by ten rulers  
 De'cency, *s.* propriety, modesty, decorum  
 Decen'cial, *a.* of, or containing ten years  
 De'cent, *a.* becoming, suitable, modest  
 De'cently, *ad.* in a proper manner, modestly  
 Decep'tible, *a.* that may be deceived  
 Decep'tion, *s.* a cheat, a fraud, a beguiling  
 Decep'tive, *a.* able to deceive, false

Dece'rpt, *a.* plucked away, taken off  
 Decer'ta'tion, *s.* a contention, a striving  
 Decha'rm, *v. a.* to counteract a charm  
 Deci'de, *v. a.* to determine, settle, conclude  
 Deci'dedly, *ad.* absolutely, positively, fully  
 Deci'der, *s.* one who determines quarrels  
 Decid'uous, *a.* a falling off, not perennial  
 De'cim'al, *a.* numbered by tens  
 Decim'a'tion, *s.* a selection of every tenth  
 Deci'pher, *v. a.* to explain, unfold, unravel  
 Deci'sion, *s.* the termination of a difference  
 Deci'sive, *a.* terminating, final, positive  
 Deci'sively, *ad.* conclusively, positively  
 Deck, *v. a.* to address, to adorn, to cover  
 Deck, *s.* the floor of a ship; a pile of cards  
 Decla'rim, *v. n.* to harangue, to speak to the  
 passions, to rhetoricate  
 Decla'mer, *s.* one who declaims  
 Declama'tion, *s.* a discourse addressed to the  
 passions, an harangue  
 Declam'atory, *a.* pertaining to declamation  
 Decla'nable, *a.* capable of proof; real  
 Declara'tion, *s.* an affirmation, publication  
 Declar'a'tive, *a.* explanatory, proclaiming  
 Declar'a'tory, *a.* affirmative, clear, expressive  
 Decla're, *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim  
 Decla'red, *part.* affirmed, made known  
 Declen'sion, *s.* declination, descent; varia-  
 tion of nouns; corruption of morals  
 Decli'nable, *a.* capable of being declined  
 Declina'tion, *s.* descent; the act of bending  
 Declina'tor, *s.* an instrument of dialling  
 Decli'ne, *v.* to lean, to bend, to decay; to  
 shun; to refuse; to vary words  
 Decli'ne, *s.* a decay; a tendency to worse  
 Decliv'i'ty, *s.* an oblique or gradual descent  
 Deco'ct, *v. a.* to boil; digest; strengthen  
 Decoc'tion, *s.* a preparation by boiling  
 Decoc'ture, *s.* what is drawn by decoction  
 Decolla'tion, *s.* the act of beheading  
 Decompon'nd, *v. a.* to compose of things al-  
 ready compounded, to separate compounds  
 Dec'orate, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish  
 Decora'tion, *s.* an ornament, added beauty  
 Deco'rous, *a.* decent, suitable becoming  
 Decorti'cate, *v. a.* to divest of bark, to peel  
 Deco'rum, *s.* decency, order, seemliness  
 Decou'ple, *a.* uncoupled, separated, free  
 Deco'y, *v. a.* to allure, to ensnare, to entrap  
 Deco'y, *s.* a place to catch wild fowl in  
 Decoy-duck, *s.* a duck that leads others  
 Decr'ease, *v.* to grow less, to be diminished  
 Decr'ease, *s.* a growing less, a decay  
 Decr'e'e, *v. a.* to appoint, order, sentence  
 Decr'e'e, *s.* an edict, law, determination  
 Decrep'it, *a.* wasted and worn by age  
 Decrepita'tion, *s.* a crackling noise  
 Decrep'i'tude, *s.* the last stage of old age  
 Decres'cent, *a.* growing less, decreasing  
 Decre'tal, *a.* appertaining to a decree

Decre'tal, *s.* a book of decrees or edicts  
 Dec'retory, *a.* judicial, final, critical  
 Decr', *v. a.* to censure, to clamour against  
 Decum'bence, *s.* the act of laying down  
 Decum'bent, *a.* laying on the ground; low  
 Decu'ple, *a.* tenfold; repeated ten times  
 Decu'ri'on, *s.* a commander of ten men  
 Decur'sion, *s.* the act of running down  
 Decurta'tion, *s.* the act of shortening  
 Decuss'a'te, *v. a.* to intersect at acute angles  
 Dede'corate, *v. a.* to disgrace, to reproach  
 Deden'ti'on, *s.* a loss or shedding of teeth  
 Ded'icate, *v. a.* to devote to, to inscribe  
 Ded'i'cate, *part.* consecrated, inscribed  
 Dedi'ca'tion, *s.* consecration; a compliment-  
 ary address at the beginning of a book  
 Dedi'tion, *s.* the act of yielding up any thing  
 Dedu'ce, *v. a.* to gather or infer from  
 Dedu'cement, *s.* the thing deduced  
 Dedu'cible, *a.* that which may be inferred  
 Dedu'ct, *v. a.* to subtract, to separate  
 Deduc'tion, *s.* an abatement, an inference  
 Deduc'tive, *a.* that which may be inferred  
 Deed, *s.* an action, exploit, fact, writing  
 Deed'i'ess, *a.* inactive, indolent, sluggish  
 Deem, *v. n.* to judge; to conclude; to think  
 Deep, *a.* far to the bottom; sagacious  
 Deep, *s.* the sea; the most solemn or still part  
 Deep'ly, *ad.* to a great depth; sorrowfully  
 Deer, *s.* a forest animal hunted for venison  
 Defa'ce, *v. a.* to destroy, to raze, to disfigure  
 Defa'cement, *s.* violation, injury, destruction  
 Defa'ilance, *s.* failure, miscarriage  
 Defa'cate, *v. a.* to cut or lop off, to abridge  
 Defalc'a'tion, *s.* a diminution, a cutting off  
 Defama'tion, *s.* slander, reproach, detraction  
 Defam'a'tory, *a.* calumnious, scandalizing  
 Defa'me, *v. a.* to censure falsely, to libel  
 Defat'igate, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue  
 Defa'ult, *s.* an omission, defect, failure  
 Default'er, *s.* one who fails in payment, &c.  
 Defe'asance, *s.* act of annulling; defeat  
 Defe'asible, *a.* that which may be annulled  
 Defe'at, *v. a.* to overthrow, frustrate, rout  
 Defe'at, *s.* an overthrow, a deprivation  
 Defe'ated, *part.* routed, disappointed  
 Defe'ature, *s.* an alteration of countenance  
 Defec'cate, *v. a.* to cleanse, purify, brighten  
 Defec'tion, *s.* purification  
 Defe'ct, *s.* a fault, a blemish, an imperfection  
 Defec'tible, *a.* imperfect, deficient, wanting  
 Defec'tion, *s.* failure, apostacy, revolt  
 Defec'tive, *a.* full of defects; imperfect  
 Defe'nce, *s.* a guard, vindication, resistance  
 Defence'less, *a.* naked, unguarded, impotent  
 Defe'nd, *v. a.* to protect, vindicate, forbid  
 Defend'ant, *s.* the person prosecuted  
 Defend'er, *s.* a protector, a vindicator  
 Defen'sible, *a.* that may be defended, right  
 Defen'sive, *s.* safeguard, state of defence

Dej'f'r, *v.* to put off, to delay; to refer to  
Deference, *s.* regard, respect, submission  
De'rent, *s.* that which carries or conveys  
Defiance, *s.* a challenge; an expression of  
abhorrence or contempt  
Deficiency, *s.* a defect, want, imperfection  
Deficient, *a.* failing, wanting, defective  
Defile, *v. a.* to make foul, pollute, vitiate  
Defile, *s.* a narrow passage, a lane  
Defiled, *part.* polluted, corrupted, tainted  
Defilement, *s.* pollution, corruption  
Defiler, *s.* a corrupter, a violator  
Defin'able, *a.* that which may be ascertained  
Defin'e, *v.* to explain; circumscribe, decide  
Definer, *s.* one who describes  
Definite, *a.* certain, limited, precise  
Definite, *s.* a thing explained or defined  
Definiteness, *s.* certainty, limitedness  
Definition, *s.* a short description of a thing  
by its properties; a decision  
Definitive, *a.* determinate, express, positive  
Defibrill'ity, *s.* an aptness to burn  
Deflagration, *s.* act of consuming by fire  
Deflet, *v. n.* to turn aside, to deviate  
Deflection, *s.* deviation, a turning aside  
Deflex'ure, *s.* a bending down, a deflection  
Defloration, *s.* selection of what is best; rape  
Deflor'ur, *v. a.* to deprive a maiden of her  
virginity; to ravish; to take away the  
beauty and grace of any thing  
Defluous, *a.* that flows down, or falls off  
Deflux'ion, *s.* flow of humours downwards  
Deflation, *s.* a defilement; pollution  
Deforc'e'mt, *s.* withholding of lands, &c.  
by force from the right owner  
Defo'mn, *v. a.* to disfigure, to dishonour  
Deform'ed, *a.* ugly, disfigured, crooked  
Deformity, *s.* ugliness, crookedness  
Defraud', *v. a.* to rob by a trick; to cozen  
Defraud'er, *s.* one who defrauds or cheats  
Defra'y, *v. a.* to bear charges or expenses  
Deft, *a.* neat, handsome, proper, ready  
Deftly, *ad.* neatly, dexterously  
Defunct, *a.* dead, extinct—*s.* a dead man  
Defunction, *s.* a decease, extinction  
Defy, *v. a.* to challenge, to slight  
Defra'cacy, *s.* departure from virtue; vice  
Defra'cacy, *v. n.* to decay in virtue or kind  
Degener'ation, *s.* the act of degenerating  
Degener'ous, *a.* degenerated, vile, base  
Deglat'inate, *v. a.* to unglue; undo, slacken  
Deglut'ition, *s.* the act of swallowing  
Degrad'ion, *s.* a placing lower; baseness  
Degra'de, *v. a.* to lessen, to place lower  
Degre'e, *s.* quality, class, station; the 360th  
part of a circle; 60 geographical miles  
Dehort'or, *v. a.* to dissuade, to discourage  
Dehortation, *s.* dissuasion  
Deicide, *s.* the death of our Saviour  
Defect, *v. a.* to cast down, afflict, grieve

Defec'tion, *s.* lowness of spirits; weakness  
Defec'ture, *s.* excrement; refuse  
Defic'tion, *s.* the act of making a god  
Defi'fy, *v. a.* to make a god of, to adore  
Deign, *v. a.* to vouchsafe, to grant, to permit  
Deism, *s.* the opinion of those who acknowl-  
edge one God, but deny revealed religion  
De'ist, *s.* one who believes in the existence  
of God, but follows no particular religion  
Deist'ical, *a.* belonging to deism  
Deity, *s.* the Divine Being; God  
Delecta'tion, *s.* a weaning from the breast  
Delap'sed, *a.* bearing or falling down  
Delate', *v. a.* to carry, to convey, to accuse  
Delation, *s.* a conveyance; an accusation  
Dela'y, *v.* to put off, to frustrate, to stop  
Dela'y, *s.* a deferring; a stop, a hinderance  
Delic'table, *a.* pleasing, delightful  
Delecta'tion, *s.* pleasure, delight  
Del'egate, *v. a.* to send away; to intrust  
Del'egate, *s.* a deputy, a commissioner, a vicar  
Del'egates, *s. pl.* a court of appeal  
Delete'rious, *a.* deadly, destructive  
Delete'tion, *s.* act of blotting out; destruction  
Delf, Delfe, Delph, *s.* a quarry, a mine; a  
kind of counterfeit China ware  
Delib'a'tion, *s.* an essay, an attempt; taste  
Delib'erate, *v. n.* to think, hesitate, muse  
Delib'erate, *a.* circumspect, wary, slow  
Delibera'tion, *s.* circumspection, thought  
Del'icacy, *s.* daintiness, nicety, politeness  
Del'icate, *a.* nice, dainty, polite, pure, fine  
Del'icateness, *s.* tenderness, effeminacy  
Del'icious, *a.* sweet, grateful, agreeable  
Deliga'tion, *s.* the act of binding up  
Delight, *s.* joy, pleasure, satisfaction  
Delight, *v.* to content, to please, to satisfy  
Delight'ful, *a.* pleasant, charming  
Delin'cate, *v. a.* to design, sketch, paint  
Delinea'tion, *s.* outlines of a picture; a sketch  
Delin'quency, *s.* a fault; failure in duty  
Delin'quent, *s.* an offender, a criminal  
Delin'quie't, *v. a.* to melt, dissolve, clarify  
Delirious, *a.* light-headed, raving, doting  
Delirium, *s.* alienation of mind; dotage  
Deliv'er, *v. a.* to resign; rescue; pronounce  
Deliv'erance, *s.* freedom from; utterance  
Deliv'ery, *s.* release; rescue; childbirth  
Dell, *s.* a pit, a cavity, a shady covert  
Deli'de, *v. a.* to cheat, deceive, disappoint  
Delve, *v. n.* to dig, to fathom, to sift  
Delve, *s.* a ditch, a pitfall, a den, a cave  
Dely'er, *s.* one who digs with a spade  
Deluge, *s.* a general inundation  
Deluge, *v. a.* to drown, to overwhelm  
Delu'sion, *s.* a cheat, a deception, an error  
Delu'sive, Delu'sory, *a.* apt to deceive  
Dem'agogue, *s.* the ringleader of a faction  
Dema'nd, *s.* a claim; a question; a call  
Dema'nd, *v. a.* to claim with authority

Demand'ant, *s.* the plaintiff in an action  
 Demand'er, *s.* one who demands dues  
 Deme'an, *v. a.* to behave; to undervalue  
 Demean'our, *s.* carriage, behaviour  
 Dementia, *s.* madness, delirious state  
 Demer'it, *s.* the opposite to merit; ill deserving—*v. n.* to deserve punishment  
 Deme'sne, *s.* a patrimonial estate  
 Dem'i, *a.* half; at Oxford a half fellow  
 Dem'i-devil, *s.* half devil; a wicked wretch  
 Dem'i-god, *s.* half a god; a great hero  
 Demigra'tion, *s.* a removing from place to place, changing the habitation  
 Dem'i-rep, *s.* a woman of light fame  
 Demi'se, *s.* death, decease; will  
 Demi'se, *v. a.* to bequeath at one's death  
 Demis'sion, *s.* degradation, depression  
 Demi't, *v. a.* to degrade, to depress  
 Democra'ty, *s.* a form of government, in which the sovereign power is lodged in the body of the people  
 Democrati'cal, *a.* relating to democracy  
 Demol'i'ish, *v. a.* to destroy, to overthrow  
 Demol'i'sher, *s.* a destroyer, a lay waste  
 Demoli'tion, *s.* act of demolishing buildings  
 De'mon, *s.* an evil spirit, a devil  
 Demo'niac, *s.* one possessed with a demon  
 Demonol'o'gy, *s.* a treatise on evil spirits  
 Demon'strable, *a.* that which may be proved beyond doubt or contradiction; evident  
 Demon'strate, *v. a.* to prove with certainty  
 Demonstra'tion, *s.* an indubitable proof  
 Demon'strative, *a.* invincibly conclusive  
 Demul'cent, *a.* softening, mollifying  
 Demu'r, *v.* to delay, to suspend, to doubt of  
 Demu'r, *s.* hesitation, suspense of opinion  
 Demu're, *a.* decent, grave, affectedly modest  
 Demu'rely, *ad.* affectedly, solemnly  
 Demu'rage, *s.* allowance for delaying ships  
 Demu'rer, *s.* a stop in a lawsuit  
 Demy', *s.* a paper so called  
 Den, *s.* a cavern; cave for wild beasts, &c.  
 De'nary, *a.* relating to, or containing ten  
 Dena'y, *s.* a denial, a refusal, a rejection  
 Deni'ble, *a.* that which may be denied  
 Deni'li, *s.* refusal, negation, abjuration  
 Deni'grate, *v. a.* to blacken, to make black  
 Deniza'tion, *s.* the act of making a man free  
 Deni'zen, *s.* a citizen, a freeman  
 Denom'i'nat, *v. a.* to give a name to  
 Denomination, *s.* a name given to; a title  
 Denom'i'native, *a.* conferring a name  
 Denota'tion, *s.* the act of denoting  
 Deno'te, *v. a.* to mark, betoken, point out  
 Deno'unce, *v. a.* to threaten, to accuse  
 Dense, *a.* close, compact, almost solid  
 Den'sity, *s.* closeness, compactness  
 Dent, *v. a.* to indent, to mark with notches  
 Den'tal, *a.* relating to the teeth  
 Dentel'li, *s.* modillions in architecture

Dentic'ulated, *a.* set with small teeth  
 Denti'tion, *s.* the act of breeding the teeth  
 Den'tifice, *s.* a powder for the teeth  
 Denu'date, Den'te, *v. a.* to strip, to divest  
 Denuncia'tion, *s.* a public menace  
 Deny', *v. a.* to contradict; to refuse, disown  
 Deob'struent, *a.* removing obstructions  
 De'odand, *s.* forfeiture made to God  
 Deop'pilative, *a.* clearing obstructions  
 Depa'nt, *v. a.* to picture, to describe  
 Depa'rt, *v.* to go away; to die; to apostatize  
 Depa'rt, Depa'ture, *s.* a going away; death  
 Depart'ment, *s.* a separate office; duty  
 Depau'perate, *v. a.* to make poor  
 Depe'ctible, *a.* tough, clammy, tenacious  
 Depe'nd, *v. n.* to hang from; to rely on  
 Depend'ance, *s.* connexion, reliance, trust  
 Depend'ant, *a.* in the power of another  
 Depend'ant, Depend'ent, Depend'er, *s. on* who lives in subjection to another  
 Depend'ent, *a.* hanging from or down  
 Dephle'gm, *v. a.* to clear from phlegm  
 Depi'ct, *v. a.* to paint, to pourtray, to describe  
 Depi'cted, *part.* painted, described, told  
 Depi'lious, *a.* without hair, smooth  
 Deple'tion, *s.* act of emptying out or from  
 Deplo'able, *a.* sad, hopeless, lamentable  
 Deplo're, *v. a.* to lament, bewail, mourn  
 Deplu'med, *a.* stripped of the feathers  
 Depo'nen't, *s.* a witness on oath; in grammar, such verbs as have no active voice  
 Depop'u'late, *v. a.* to unpeople, to lay waste  
 Depopula'tion, *s.* havoc, destruction, waste  
 Depo'rt, *v. n.* to carry, to demean, to behave  
 Depo'rt, Depo'rt'ment, *s.* behaviour, conduct  
 Deporta'tion, *s.* transportation, exile  
 Depo'se, *v. a.* to degrade, to divest; to attest  
 Depo'site, *v. a.* to lay up as a pledge, &c.—*s.* a pledge, a pawn, security given  
 Deposi'tion, *s.* the act of giving public testimony; depriving a prince of sovereignty  
 Depos'i'tory, *s.* the place where anything is lodged; a warehouse, a storehouse  
 Deprava'tion, *s.* depravity, defamation  
 Deprav'e, *v. a.* to vitiate, to corrupt  
 Deprav'e'ment, Deprav'i'ty, *s.* a vitiated state  
 Dep'recate, *v. a.* to pray deliverance from to avert by prayer; to implore mercy  
 Depreca'tion, *s.* a prayer against evil  
 Depre'ciate, *v. a.* to lessen in value  
 Depreda'te, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to spoil  
 Depreda'tion, *s.* a robbing, a spoiling  
 Depred'a'tor, *s.* a robber, a plunderer  
 Depreh'e'nd, *v. a.* to take unawares, discern  
 Depre'ss, *v. a.* to humble, deject, cast down  
 Depres'sion, *s.* the act of humbling; lowness of spirits; act of pressing down  
 Depres'sor, *s.* he that keeps or presses down  
 Depriva'tion, *s.* the act of depriving  
 Depriv'e, *v. a.* to take from, debar, bereave

depth, *s.* deepness; the abyss; abstruseness  
epu'celate, *v. a.* to deflour  
epurate, *a.* cleansed, pure, freed from dregs  
epur'ation, *s.* making pure or clear  
epu'riatory, *a.* tending to cleanse, or free  
epu'ration, *s.* act of deputing; vicegerency  
epu'te, *v. a.* to appoint, to empower to act  
epu'uty, *s.* any one that transacts business  
for another, a substitute, a viceroy  
eracinate, *v. a.* to pluck up by the roots  
eraign, *v. a.* to prove; justify; to disorder  
ereliction, *s.* an utter forsaking  
erile, *v. a.* to ridicule, to mock, to laugh at  
erision, *s.* contempt, scorn; a laughingstock  
eriv'sive, *a.* ridiculing, scoffing, mocking  
erivable, *a.* coming by derivation  
erivation, *s.* tracing from its original  
erivative, *a.* derived from another  
erive, *v.* to deduce from its original; to  
owe its origin to; to descend from  
er'nier, *a.* the last, the only remaining  
errogate, *v.* to disparage, detract, lessen  
er'rogate, *a.* lessened in value, damaged  
erogation, *s.* a defamation; detraction  
erogatory, Derog'ative, *a.* detrac'tory; that  
lessens the honour of; dishonourable  
er'vis, Der'vise, *s.* a Turkish priest  
er'sant, *s.* a song; discourse; disputation  
er'sant, *v. n.* to discourse at large; to sing  
er'cind, *v. n.* to come down, to sink  
er'cind, *s.* the offspring of an ancestor  
er'cind'ent, *a.* proceeding from  
er'cension, *s.* the act of falling or sinking;  
a declivity; degradation  
er'cident, *s.* a declivity; invasion; birth  
er'scribe, *v. a.* to represent by words, &c.  
er'scription, *s.* the act of describing; repre-  
sentation; delineation  
er'scriptive, *a.* tending to describe; full  
er'stry, *v. a.* to spy out, to discover, to detect  
er'scation, *s.* the abolition of consecration  
er'sert, *s.* merit, worth, claim to reward  
er'sert, *s.* a wilderness; solitude; waste  
er'sert, *v. a.* to forsake, to abandon, to quit  
er'ser't, *s.* one who forsakes his cause; he  
that quits his regiment clandestinely  
er'sertion, *s.* act of forsaking or abandoning  
er'fle'st, *a.* without merit, worthless  
er'fle, *v. n.* to be worthy of good or ill  
er'fle'dly, *ad.* worthily, according to desert  
er'fle'ving, part. worthy of, good; kind  
er'fle'ant, *s.* an application to dry sores  
er'ficate, *v. a.* to dry up, to exhale  
er'ferate, *v. a.* to want, to miss  
er'fideratum, *s.* somewhat which inquiry has  
not been able to settle or discover; as the  
longitude is the *desideratum* of navigation  
er'gn, *v. a.* to purpose, to project, to plan  
er'gn, *s.* an intention, a plan, a scheme  
er'gnation, *s.* appointment; intention

Desi'gnedly, *ad.* intentionally, purposely  
Desi'gnner, *s.* a contriver; an architect  
Desi'gnning, *a.* deceitful, cunning, insidious  
Desi'nable, *a.* worthy of desire, pleasing  
Desi're, *s.* wish; eagerness to obtain or enjoy  
Desi're, *v. a.* to wish, to covet; to entreat  
Desi'rous, *a.* full of desire, eager, anxious  
Desi'st, *v. n.* to cease from any thing, to stop  
Desi'stive, *a.* ending, conclusive, final  
Desk, *s.* an inclining table to write on  
Desolate, *v. a.* to lay waste, to make desert  
Desolate, *a.* laid waste, uninhabited, solitary  
Desola'tion, *s.* destruction, gloominess  
Despa'ir, *s.* hopelessness, despondence  
Despa'ir, *v. n.* to be without hope, to despond  
Despa'tch, *v. a.* to send away hastily; to kill  
Despa'tch, *s.* haste, speed; an express  
Despera'do, *s.* a furious person  
Des'perate, *a.* having no hope; rash, furious  
Desperately, *ad.* rashly, furiously, madly  
Despera'tion, *s.* despair, rashness  
Despi'cable, *a.* contemptible, worthless  
Despi'sable, *a.* contemptible, mean  
Despi'se, *v. a.* to scorn, to contemn, to slight  
Despi'te, *s.* malice, malignity; defiance  
Despi'te, *v. a.* to vex, to affront, to distress  
Despi'teful, *a.* malicious, full of spleen  
Despo'il, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder, to deprive  
Despolia'tion, *s.* the act of despoiling  
Despo'nd, *v. n.* to despair, to lose hope  
Despond'ency, *s.* despair, hopelessness  
Despond'ent, *a.* dejected, despairing  
Despon'sate, *v. a.* to betroth, to affiance  
Despot, *s.* an absolute prince; one that go-  
vers with unlimited authority  
Despot'ic, *a.* absolute, arbitrary, unlimited  
Des'potism, *s.* absolute power, tyranny  
Despuma'tion, *s.* scum, frothiness  
Desse'rt, *s.* the last course at a feast; fruit  
Des'tinate, *v. a.* to design, to intend  
Destina'tion, *s.* the purpose intended  
Des'tine, *v. a.* to doom, to appoint, to devote  
Des'tiny, *s.* fate, doom; invincible necessity  
Des'titute, *a.* forsaken, in want, friendless  
Destitu'tion, *s.* want, poverty  
Destro'y, *v. a.* to lay waste; kill; desolate  
Destroy'er, *s.* the person that destroys  
Destruct'ble, *a.* liable to destruction  
Destruc'tion, *s.* ruin; murder; demolition  
Destruc'tive, *a.* that which destroys; wasteful  
Desu'etude, *s.* disuse of a custom  
Desu'ltorily, *ad.* in a desultory manner  
Desu'ltory, *a.* unsettled, unconnected  
Desu'me, *v. a.* to take from any thing  
Deta'ch, *v. a.* to separate, to send off a party  
Detach'ed, part. sent off, disengaged  
Detach'ment, *s.* a body of troops detached  
Deta'il, *s.* a minute, particular relation  
Deta'in, *v. a.* to withhold; keep in custody  
Detain'd'er, *s.* a writ to detain in custody

Deta'iner, *s.* one who detains, &c.

Dete'ct, *v. a.* to discover, to find out

Detec'ction, *s.* discovery of guilt or fraud

Deten'tion, *s.* the act of detaining; restraint

Dete'r, *v. a.* to discourage, to dishearten

Dete'rge, *v. a.* to cleanse a wound

Deter'gent, *a.* cleansing, wiping off

Deter'ment, *s.* cause of discouragement

Deter'minable, *a.* that which can be decided

Deter'minate, *v. a.* to limit, to fix

Deter'minate, *a.* limited, decisive, resolute

Deter'minately, *ad.* resolutely, decisively

Deter'mina'tion, *s.* a decision; a resolution

Deter'mine, *v. a.* to fix, to resolve, to decide

Deter'mined, *part.* resolved, decided

Deter'sive, *a.* having power to cleanse

Dete'st, *v. a.* to hate, abhor, dislike greatly

Destest'able, *a.* hateful, odious, abominable

Detesta'tion, *s.* hatred, abhorrence

Dethro'ne, *v. a.* to divest of regality

Detona'tion, *s.* that noise which happens on mixing fluids that ferment with violence

Detra'ct, *v. a.* to derogate, slander, defame

Detrac'tion, *s.* defamation, slander

Detrac'tive, *a.* tending to detract

Detrac'tory, *a.* defamatory, derogatory

Det'riment, *s.* loss, damage, mischief, harm

Detriment'al, *a.* hurtful, injurious

Detri'tion, *s.* the act of wearing away

Detru'de, *v. a.* to thrust down, to lower

Detru'sion, *s.* the act of thrusting down

Devasta'tion, *s.* waste, havoc, destruction

Deuce, *s.* the two in cards or dice; the devil

Devel'op, *v. a.* to unfold, to detect, to unravel

Deve'st, *v. a.* to strip; to annul; to free from

De'viate, *v. n.* to wander, to go astray, to err

Devia'tion, *s.* quitting the right way; offence

Devi'e, *s.* a contrivance; an emblem

Devil, *s.* a fallen angel; a wicked person

Devilish, *a.* diabolical, abandoned; excessive

De'veious, *a.* out of the common track; erring

Devi'se, *v.* to contrive, to invent, to consider

Devi'sed, *part.* contrived; given by will

Devis'e, *s.* one to whom a thing is devised

Devo'id, *a.* empty, vacant, destitute of

Devo'ir, *s.* service; an act of obsequiousness

Devo'lve, *v.* to fall by succession; roll down

Devo'te, *v. a.* to consecrate; to give up

Devote'e, *s.* a bigot, a superstitious person

Devo'tion, *s.* piety; worship; power; ardour

Devo'ur, *v. a.* to eat ravenously, to consume

Devo'ut, *a.* pious, religious, sincere

Devout'ly, *ad.* piously; with ardent devotion

Deuteros'copy, *s.* the second intention

Dew, *s.* a thin cold vapour—*v. a.* to moisten

Dew'berry, *s.* a fruit; a kind of raspberry

Dew'drop, *s.* a drop of dew, a spangle of dew

Dew'lap, *s.* the flesh hanging from the throats of oxen; the lip flaccid with age

Dew'y, *a.* resembling or moist with dew

Dexter'ity, *s.* activity, readiness, expertness

Dex'terous, *a.* expert, active, cunning

Dex'terously, *ad.* expertly, artfully, skilfully

Dex'tral, Dex'ter, *a.* on the right hand side

Dey, *s.* the title of a Moorish prince

Diabe'tes, *s.* an involuntary discharge of urine

Diabol'ical, *a.* devilish, impious, nefarious

Diaco'dium, *s.* the syrup of poppies

Diaco'tics, *s.* the doctrine of sounds

Di'adem, *s.* a crown, a mark of royalty

Di'e'sis, *s.* the division of syllables

Diagnos'tic, *s.* a distinguishing symptom

Diag'onal, *s.* a line from angle to angle

Di'agram, *s.* a mathematical scheme

Di'al, *s.* a plate on which a hand shews the hour of the day by the progress of the sun

Di'alec't, *s.* manner of expression; particolored style; subdivision of a language

Dialect'ical, *a.* logical, argumental

Dialect'ic, *s.* logic; the art of reasoning

Di'alling, *s.* the art of constructing dials

Di'alogist, *s.* a writer of dialogues

Di'logue, *s.* a conversation between two more persons; alternate discourse

Diam'eter, *s.* a line, which, passing through a circle, divides it into two equal parts

Diamet'rical, *a.* describing a diameter

Diamet'rically, *ad.* in a diametrical direction; in direct opposition

Di'iamond, *s.* the most valuable of all gems

Diaga'son, *s.* an octave in music; a concord

Di'aper, *s.* a sort of fine flowered linen

Diaph'anus, *a.* transparent, clear, pellus

Diaphoret'ic, *a.* promoting perspiration

Diaphragm, *s.* the midriff; a partition

Diarrhoe'a, *s.* a flux of the belly; looseness

Di'ary, *s.* a daily account; a journal

Dias'toie, *s.* the making a short syllable less the dilatation of the heart

Dib'ble, *s.* a gardener's planting tool

Dice, *s. pl. of Die—v. n.* to game with dice

Di'cer, *s.* a player at dice, a gamster

Dick'er, *s.* the number of ten hides

Dict'ate, *v. a.* to tell what to write; instruct

Dict'ate, *s.* a precept, an instruction

Dicta'tor, *s.* a ruler; a Roman magistrate

Dictato'rial, *a.* authoritative, dogmatical

Dicta'torship, *s.* the office of a dictator

Dic'tion, *s.* style, language, expression

Dic'tionary, *s.* a book explaining the words of any language alphabetically; a lexicon

Didac'tic, *s.* preceptive, giving precepts; didactic poem gives rules for some art

Didac'tic, Didac'tical, *a.* doctrinal

Didac'tically, *ad.* in a didactic manner

Die, *v.* to tinge, colour; to lose life, perish

Die, *s.* a small marked cube to play with

Die'cer, *s.* one who dies cloth, &c.

Di'ct, *s.* food; an assembly of princes

Met, *v.* to supply with food; to eat by rule  
Met'drink, *s.* a drink made with herbs, &c.  
Differ, *v. n.* to be unlike, to vary, to disagree  
Difference, *s.* dissimilitude; a dispute  
Different, *a.* distinct, unlike, dissimilar  
Differently, *ad.* in a different manner  
Difficult, *a.* not easy, troublesome, vexatious  
Difficulty, *s.* distress, perplexity; objection  
Distrust, *s.* distrust, want of confidence  
Distant, *a.* not confident, distrustful  
Diff'uent, *a.* flowing every way, not fixed  
Diff'orm, *a.* not uniform, irregular  
Diffuse, *v. a.* to pour out, to scatter, to spread  
Diffuse, *a.* scattered, copious, not concise  
Diffus'edly, *ad.* widely, copiously  
Diffusion, Diffus'eness, *s.* dispersion  
Diffus'ive, *a.* dispersed, scattered, extended  
Dig, *v. a.* to turn up, or cultivate land  
Digest, *v.* to dissolve; to range in order  
Digest, *s.* a collection of civil laws  
Digest'ble, *a.* that which may be digested  
Digestion, *s.* the concocting or dissolving of  
food in the stomach; preparation of matter  
by heat; reduction to a regular plan  
Digger, *s.* one who digs or turns up earth  
Dight, *v. a.* to deck, to dress, to adorn  
Digit, *s.* three quarters of an inch; the  
twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or  
moon; any number under ten  
Digital, *a.* relating to a digit, or the finger  
Signified, part, invested with honours  
Signify, *v. a.* to advance, to exalt, to honour  
Signitary, *s.* a clergyman advanced to some  
dignity above that of a parochial priest  
Signity, *s.* grandeur, rank, honour  
Sign'ress, *v. n.* to turn aside; to expatriate  
Sign'ression, *s.* a deviation from the subject  
Sike, *s.* a ditch, a channel, a bank, a mound  
Silarerate, *v. a.* to tear, to force in two  
Sili'pdate, *v. n.* to fall to ruin  
Sili'pitation, *s.* the incumbent's suffering  
any edifice of his ecclesiastical living to  
decay for want of repair  
Sili'able, *a.* capable of extension  
Silit, *v.* to extend, to widen; to relate  
Silitor, *s.* that which widens or extends  
Silitoriness, *s.* slowness, sluggishness  
Silitory, *a.* tardy, slow, loitering  
Silm'ma, *s.* difficulty, vexatious alternative  
Siligence, *s.* industry, constant application  
Siligent, *a.* persevering, assiduous, not idle  
Sili'cid, *a.* clear, plain, not opaque  
Sili'cide, *v. a.* to make clear, to explain  
Sili'e, *v. a.* to make thin, to weaken  
Sili'ution, *s.* the act of diluting  
Sili'vian, *a.* relating to the deluge  
Silm, *a.* not clear in sight or apprehension  
Silmension, *s.* bulk, extent, capacity  
Silmish, *v.* to impair, to lessen, to degrade  
Silmination, *s.* the act of making less

Dimin'utive, *a.* small, little, contracted  
Di'missory, *a.* a letter from one bishop to  
another, about conferring holy orders  
Dim'ity, *s.* a fine fustian, or cloth of cotton  
Dim'ness, *s.* dulness of sight; stupidity  
Dim'ple, *s.* a hollow in the cheek or chin  
Dim'ply, *a.* full of dimples  
Din, *s.* a loud noise, a continued sound  
Dine, *v.* to eat, or give a dinner  
Dine'ical, *a.* whirling round; vertiginous  
Ding, *v.* to dash with violence; bluster, huff  
Din'gle, *s.* a hollow between two hills  
Din'gy, *a.* dark, dirty, soiled, foul  
Din'ner, *s.* the chief meal of the day  
Dint, *s.* a blow, a mark; violence, force  
Dinumeration, *s.* the numbering one by one  
Di'nus, *s.* a whirlwind; a giddiness  
Dioc'esan, *s.* a bishop, or head of a diocese  
Dioc'es, *s.* the jurisdiction of a bishop  
Diop'trics, *s.* a part of optics, treating of the  
different refractions of the light  
Dip, *v.* to immerse; to moisten; to engage  
Diph'thong, *s.* two vowels joined together  
Dipl'oma, *s.* a deed or privilege of degree  
Dip'sas, *s.* a serpent whose bite causes thirst  
Dip'tote, *s.* a noun of two cases only  
Dire, Di'reful, *a.* dreadful, dismal, horrible  
Dire'ct, *a.* straight, open, plain, express  
Dire'ct, *v. a.* to command; regulate, adjust  
Direction, *s.* an aim; superscription  
Direct'ly, *ad.* immediately, apparently; in a  
straight line; rectilinearly  
Direct'or, *s.* a superintendent; an instructor  
Direct'ory, *s.* a form of prayer; a rule  
Di'reness, *s.* dismalness, horror, hideousness  
Dir'eption, *s.* the act of plundering  
Dirge, *s.* a mournful or funeral ditty  
Dirk, *s.* a kind of dagger or short sword  
Dirt, *s.* mud, filth, mire; meanness  
Dirt'iness, *s.* nastiness; sordidness  
Dirt'y, *a.* foul, nasty, sullied; base, mean  
Dirt'y, *v. a.* to foul, to soil; to scandalize  
Dirup'tion, *s.* the act or state of bursting  
Disabil'ity, *s.* want of power, weakness  
Disab'le, *v. a.* to render incapable, to impair  
Disab'u'se, *v. a.* to undeceive, to set right  
Disadvan'tage, *s.* loss, injury to interest  
Disadvanta'geous, *a.* prejudicial, hurtful  
Disadvanta'geously, *ad.* in a manner contrary  
to interest or profit  
Disaffe'ta, *v. a.* to fill with discontent  
Disaffec'ted, part, not wishing well to  
Disaffec'tion, *s.* want of loyalty or zeal  
Disafirm'ance, *s.* a confutation; a negation  
Disag're, *v. n.* to differ in opinion, to quarrel  
Disag'reable, *a.* displeasing, offensive  
Disag're'ement, *s.* difference, unsuitableness  
Disallow', *v.* to deny; to censure; to reject  
Disallow'able, *a.* not allowable, improper  
Disan'imate, *v. a.* to deprive of life; deject

Disanimat'ion, *s.* privation of life  
 Disannul', *v. a.* to annul, to make void  
 Disappe'ar, *v. n.* to be lost to view, to vanish  
 Disappoin't, *v. a.* to defeat of expectation  
 Disappoint'ment, *s.* defeat of hopes; miscarriage of expectation; a balk  
 Disapproba'tion, *s.* a censure, a dislike  
 Disappro've, *v. a.* to dislike, to censure  
 Disa'rm, *v. a.* to take away, or divest of arms  
 Disarm'ed, *part.* deprived of arms  
 Disarr'a'y, *s.* disorder, confusion; undress  
 Disaster, *s.* misfortune, grief, mishap  
 Disastrous, *a.* unlucky, calamitous  
 Disavou'ch, Disavow'w, *v. a.* to disown  
 Disavow'al, Disavow'ment, *s.* a denial  
 Disba'nd, *v. a.* to dismiss from military service; to separate, to break up, to scatter  
 Disba'rk, *v. a.* to land from a ship  
 Disbel'ef, *s.* a refusal of belief; discredit  
 Disbeliev'e, *v. a.* not to credit or believe  
 Disbeliev'er, *s.* one who refuses belief  
 Disbra'nch, *v. a.* to separate or lop off  
 Disbur'den, *v. a.* to unload, to discharge  
 Disbu'rse, *v. a.* to spend or lay out money  
 Disburse'ment, *s.* a disbursing of money  
 Discan'dy, *v. n.* to dissolve, to melt  
 Discar'rd, *v. a.* to dismiss or eject from service  
 Discar'nate, *a.* stripped of flesh  
 Discer'n, *v. a.* to descry, judge, distinguish  
 Discern'ble, *a.* discoverable, perceptible  
 Discern'ing, *part. a.* judicious, knowing  
 Discern'ment, *s.* judgment, skill  
 Discr'ptible, *a.* frangible, separable  
 Discha'rge, *v. a.* to dismiss; to emit; to pay  
 Discha'rge, *s.* a dismission; an acquittance  
 Disci'nct, *a.* ungirded; loosely dressed  
 Disci'nd, *v. a.* to divide; to cut in pieces  
 Disci'ple, *s.* a scholar; a follower  
 Disci'pleship, *s.* the state of a disciple  
 Discipline, *s.* a military regulation; order  
 Discipline, *v. a.* to educate; to regulate; to keep in order; to reform; to chastise  
 Discla'rim, *v. a.* to disown, deny, renounce  
 Disclo'se, *v. a.* to reveal, to tell, to discover  
 Disclo'sure, *s.* revealing a secret; discovery  
 Disclo'our, *v. a.* to stain or change colour  
 Discom'fit, *v. a.* to defeat, to vanquish  
 Discom'fiture, *s.* overthrow; loss of battle  
 Discom'fort, *v. a.* to grieve, deject, sadden  
 Discom'fort, *s.* uneasiness, melancholy  
 Discomme'nd, *v. a.* to blame, to censure  
 Discommend'able, *a.* blameable, censurable  
 Discommo'de, *v. a.* to put to inconvenience  
 Discompo'se, *v. a.* to ruffle, to vex, to displace  
 Disconce'rt, *v. a.* to unsettle, to discompose  
 Disconfor'mity, *s.* want of agreement  
 Discongru'ity, *s.* inconsistency, disagreement  
 Discon'solate, *a.* sad, hopeless, sorrowful  
 Disconte'nt, *s.* a want of content, sorrow  
 Discontent'ed, *part. a.* uneasy, dissatisfied

Discontent'ment, *s.* the state of being discontented; uneasiness  
 Discontin'uance, Discontinua'tion, *s.* a cessation, separation; intermission  
 Discontin'ue, *v.* to leave off; to interrupt  
 Dis'cord, *s.* a disagreement; opposition  
 Discord'ance, *s.* disagreement, inconsistency  
 Discord'ant, *a.* inconsistent, incongruous  
 Discov'er, *v. a.* to disclose, to detect, to expose  
 Discov'ered, *part.* found out, betrayed  
 Discov'ery, *s.* the act of finding; invention  
 Disco'unt, *v. a.* to draw back, to pay back  
 Dis'count, *s.* a drawback, an allowance  
 Discoun'tenance, *v. a.* to discourage, to abash  
 Discoun'tenance, *s.* cold treatment  
 Discour'age, *v. a.* to deter, depress, dispirit  
 Discour'agement, *s.* determent, cause of fear  
 Disco'urse, *s.* conversation; a treatise  
 Discour'teaus, *a.* uncivil, rough, unpolite  
 Dis'cous, *a.* broad, flat, wide  
 Discred'it, *s.* ignominy, reproach, disgrace  
 Discred'it, *v. a.* not to believe; to disgrace  
 Discre'et, *a.* prudent, cautious, modest  
 Discrepan'ce, *s.* a difference, contrariety  
 Discre'te, *a.* distinct, disjointed, separated  
 Discre'tion, *s.* prudence; liberty of acting  
 Discre'tionary, *a.* left at large, unrestrained  
 Discrim'inat'e, *v. a.* to mark; select; separate  
 Discrimina'tion, *s.* a distinction; act of distinguishing one from another; a mark  
 Discrim'inous, *a.* dangerous, perilous  
 Discu'bitory, *a.* fitted to a leaning posture  
 Discum'bency, *s.* the act of leaning at meat  
 Discum'ber, *v. a.* to unburden, to disengage  
 Discur'sion, *s.* act of running to and fro  
 Discur'sive, *a.* progressive, argumentative  
 Discur'sory, *a.* argumentative, rational  
 Dis'cus, *s.* a quoit; a round iron for play  
 Discus's, *v. a.* to examine, to argue; disperse  
 Discuss'ion, *s.* examination of a question  
 Discu'tient, *s.* a repelling medicine  
 Disda'in, *s.* contempt, scorn, indignation  
 Disda'in, *v. a.* to scorn, to reject, to slight  
 Disda'inful, *a.* contemptuous, haughty  
 Dise'ase, *s.* distemper, sickness, malady  
 Dise'ase, *v. a.* to afflict, to torment, to pain  
 Dise'ased, *part.* afflicted with a distemper  
 Disemba'rk, *v.* to put on shore, to land  
 Disembit'ter, *v. a.* to free from bitterness  
 Disembod'ied, *a.* divested of the body  
 Disembo'gue, *v.* to discharge into the sea  
 Disembro'il, *v. a.* to clear up, to disentangle  
 Disencha'nt, *v. a.* to free from enchantment  
 Disencum'ber, *v. a.* to disburden, exonerate  
 Disenga'ge, *v.* to quit, extricate, free from  
 Disenga'ged, *part. a.* at leisure; clear from  
 Disentan'gle, *v. a.* to unravel, to disengage  
 Disenthra'l, *v. a.* to set free, to rescue  
 Disenthro'ne, *v. a.* to depose a sovereign  
 Disentra'nce, *v. a.* to awaken from a trance

despo'use, *v. a.* to separate, to divorce  
 desete'm, *s.* slight regard, dislike  
 disfavour, *v. a.* to discountenance  
 disfigura'tion, *s.* act of disfiguring; deformity  
 disfig'ure, *v. a.* to deform, deface, mangle  
 disfig'urement, *s.* defacement of beauty  
 disf'an'chise, *v. a.* to deprive cities, &c. of  
 chartered privileges or immunities  
 disgo'rage, *v. a.* to vomit, pour out with force  
 disgra'ce, *v. a.* to dishonour, to dismiss  
 disgra'ce, *s.* dishonour, loss of favour  
 disgrac'eful, *a.* shameful, ignominious  
 disgrac'ious, *a.* displeasing, unfavourable  
 disgui'se, *s.* a dress to deceive; a pretence  
 disgui'se, *v. a.* to conceal; disfigure, deform  
 disgu'st, *s.* an aversion, dislike; offence  
 disgu'st, *v. a.* to offend, provoke; to disgust  
 disgu'stful, *a.* nauseous, distasteful  
 dish, *s.* a vessel used to serve up meat in  
 dish, *v. a.* to put, or serve up meat in a dish  
 disibili'ty, *s.* an undress, loose dress  
 disha'bit, *v. a.* to throw out of place; expel  
 disscar'ten, *v. a.* to discourage, to terrify  
 dische'rit, *v. a.* to cut off from inheritance  
 dishev'el, *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly  
 dishev'elled, *part.* loose, disordered  
 dishon'est, *a.* void of probity, faithless  
 dishon'esty, *s.* knavery; incontinence  
 dishon'our, *v. a.* to disgrace, to deflour  
 dishon'our, *s.* reproach, disgrace, censure  
 dishon'urable, *a.* shameful, reproachful  
 disho'rn, *v. a.* to strip or deprive of horns  
 disinclina'tion, *s.* dislike, want of affection  
 disinclini'ne, *v. a.* to produce dislike to  
 disincor'porate, *v. a.* to separate, to dissolve  
 disingenu'i'ty, *s.* insincerity, unfeignedness  
 disingen'uous, *a.* illiberal, unfair, mean  
 disinher'it, *v. a.* to deprive of inheritance  
 disinte'r, *v. a.* to take out of a grave  
 disinter'ested, *a.* void of private advantage  
 disjo'in, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite  
 disjo'int, *v.* to put out of joint; to fall in  
 pieces; to make incoherent  
 disjo'nted, *part.* separated, divided  
 disjudica'tion, *s.* the act of determining  
 disju'nct, *a.* disjoined, separate  
 disjunction, *s.* a disunion, a separation  
 disk, *s.* the face of the sun, &c.; a quoit  
 dislike, *s.* aversion, disapprobation  
 dislike, *v. a.* to disapprove, to hate  
 disli'ken, *v. a.* to make unlike; unusual  
 disli'mn, *v. a.* to strike out of a picture  
 dislo'cate, *v. a.* to disjoint, to displace  
 dislo'cation, *s.* act of displacing; a luxation  
 dislo'dge, *v.* to drive out; to move away  
 disloy'al, *a.* not true to allegiance; faithless  
 disloy'alty, *s.* a want of allegiance  
 dismal, *a.* sorrowful, uncomfortable; dark  
 dismal'ly, *ad.* horribly, sorrowfully  
 dismantle, *v. a.* to strip; overthrow, destroy

disma'sk, *v. a.* to put off; divest; uncover  
 disma'st, *v. a.* to deprive of, or cut off masts  
 disma'y, *v. a.* to terrify, to affright, to deject  
 disma'y, *s.* a fall of courage; terror  
 disme, *s.* a tenth part, a tithe  
 dismem'ber, *v. a.* to cut off a limb, &c.  
 dismi'ss, *v. a.* to send away, to discard  
 dismiss'ed, *part.* sent away, discharged  
 dismiss'ion, *s.* a sending away; deprivation  
 dismo'rtgage, *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage  
 dismo'unt, *v.* to throw or alight from a horse  
 disobe'dience, *s.* a breach of duty  
 disobe'dient, *a.* undutiful, froward  
 disobe'y, *v. a.* not to obey, to transgress  
 disobi'ge, *v. a.* to offend, disgust, provoke  
 disobi'ging, *part.* a. disgusting, unpleasing  
 disor'der, *s.* tumult, irregularity; sickness  
 disor'der, *v. a.* to disturb, ruffle; make sick  
 disor'derly, *a.* confused, irregular; lawless  
 disor'dinate, *a.* vicious, living irregularly  
 diso'wn, *v. a.* not to own, renounce, deny  
 dispa'nd, *v. a.* to display, to spread abroad  
 dispar'age, *v. a.* to treat with contempt  
 dispar'agement, *s.* a disgrace, a reproach  
 dispar'ity, *s.* inequality, dissimilitude  
 dispa'rk, *v. a.* to throw open a park  
 dispa'rt, *v. a.* to divide in two, to separate  
 dispas'sion, *s.* coolness of temper  
 dispas'sionate, *a.* cool, moderate, impartial  
 dispa'tch. See Despa'tch  
 dispe'l, *v. a.* to drive away, to dissipate  
 dispe'nd, *v. a.* to spend, consume, expend  
 dispen'sary, *s.* a place where medicines are  
 dispensed to the public  
 dispensa'tion, *s.* an exemption; a distribu-  
 tion; an indulgence from the Pope  
 dispensa'tory, *s.* the directory for making  
 medicines; a *pharmacopeia*  
 dispe'nse, *v.* to distribute; to excuse  
 dispe'ople, *v. a.* to depopulate, to lay waste  
 dispe'rge, *v. a.* to sprinkle, to scatter  
 dispe'rse, *v. a.* to scatter, to drive away  
 disper'sion, *s.* the act of spreading abroad  
 dispir'it, *v. a.* to discourage, damp, oppress  
 displa'ce, *v. a.* to put out of place, to remove  
 displa'cency, *s.* incivility; disgust  
 displa'nt, *v. a.* to remove a plant; to drive  
 away a people from their residence  
 displanta'tion, *s.* the removal of a people  
 display, *v. a.* to spread wide; to exhibit  
 displa'y, *s.* grandeur, exhibition  
 displea'sant, *a.* displeasing, offensive  
 displea'se, *v. a.* to offend, disgust, provoke  
 displea'sure, *s.* offence, anger, disgrace  
 displo'de, *v. a.* to vent with violence  
 displa'sion, *s.* a bursting with violence  
 dispo'rt, *s.* play, sport, pastime, merriment  
 dispo'sal, *s.* a regulation; conduct  
 dispo'se, *v.* to incline; to adjust; to set in  
 order; to regulate; to sell

Dispo'sed, *part.* placed; inclined; sold  
 Disposi'tion, *s.* order, method; quality; temper of mind; situation; tendency  
 Disposse'ss, *v. a.* to deprive; to disseise  
 Disposse'ssion, *s.* the act of putting out  
 Dispo'sure, *s.* disposal; power; state; posture  
 Dispra'ise, *s.* blame, censure, dishonour  
 Dispra'ise, *v. a.* to blame, censure, condemn  
 Dispre'a'd, *v. a.* to spread different ways  
 Dispro'fit, *s.* loss, damage—*v. a.* to injure  
 Dispro'o'f, *s.* a confutation, a refutation  
 Dispropo'rtion, *v. a.* to mismatch  
 Dispropo'rtion, *s.* want of symmetry; unsuitableness; disparity, inequality  
 Dispropo'rtional, Dispropo'rtionate, *a.* unsuitable in quantity; unequal  
 Dispro've, *v. a.* to confute, to refute  
 Dispun'ishable, *a.* free from penal restraint  
 Disputable, *a.* liable to be contested  
 Dis'putant, *s.* a controvertist, a reasoner  
 Disputa'ton, *s.* argumental contest  
 Disputa'tious, Dispu'tative, *a.* inclined to dispute; captious; argumentative  
 Dispu'te, *v. a.* to contend, oppose, wrangle  
 Dispu'te, *s.* a contest, controversy, heat  
 Dispute'less, *a.* undisputed, undeniable  
 Disqualifica'tion, *s.* that which disqualifies  
 Disqualify, *v. a.* to make unfit, to disable  
 Disqui'et, *v. a.* to disturb, fret, vex, harass  
 Disqui'et, Disqui'etude, *s.* uneasiness  
 Disqui'etly, *ad.* without rest, anxiously  
 Disquisi'tion, *s.* a disputative inquiry  
 Disreg'rd, *s.* slight notice, neglect, contempt  
 Disreg'rd, *v. a.* to slight, neglect, contemn  
 Disregard'ful, *a.* negligent, contemptuous  
 Disrel'ish, *s.* bad taste; dislike; nauseousness  
 Disrel'ish, *v. a.* to make nauseous, &c.  
 Disrep'utable, *a.* disgraceful, unbecoming  
 Disreputa'tion, Disrep'ute, *s.* dishonour  
 Disr'esp'et, *s.* rudeness, want of reverence  
 Disres'ful, *a.* irreverent, uncivil, rude  
 Disro'be, *v. a.* to undress, to uncover, to strip  
 Disrup'tion, *s.* a breaking asunder, a rent  
 Dissatisfaction, *s.* discontent, disgust  
 Dissatisfa'tory, *a.* not giving content  
 Dissat'isfy, *v. a.* to displease, to disoblige  
 Disse'ct, *v. a.* to anatomize, to cut in pieces  
 Dissec'tion, *s.* anatomy; nice examination  
 Disso'ise, *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive  
 Disseise'c, *s.* one deprived of his lands  
 Disseis'in, *s.* an unlawful ejection  
 Disseis'or, *s.* he that dispossesses another  
 Dissem'ble, *v.* to play the hypocrite  
 Dissem'bled, *part.* not real  
 Dissem'bler, *s.* an hypocrite, a pretender  
 Dissem'inate, *v. a.* to scatter, sow, spread  
 Dissemina'tion, *s.* the act of scattering  
 Dissen'sion, *s.* disagreement, strife, discord  
 Dissen'sious, *a.* contentious, quarrelsome  
 Disse'nt, *v. n.* to differ in opinion; to differ

Dissent'er, *s.* one who dissents from, or does not conform to the ceremonies of the established church; a nonconformist  
 Disserta'tion, *s.* a discourse; a treatise  
 Disser've, *v. a.* to do an injury to, to hurt  
 Disser'vece, *s.* injury, mischief, ill turn  
 Disser'veicable, *a.* injurious, mischievous  
 Dissev'er, *v. a.* to part in two, to disunite  
 Dissili'tion, *s.* the act of bursting in two  
 Dissim'ilar, *a.* unlike, heterogeneous  
 Dissimil'arity, Dissimil'itude, *s.* unlikeness  
 Dissimula'tion, *s.* a dissembling; hypocrisy  
 Dis'sipate, *v. a.* to disperse, to spend lavishly  
 Dissipa'tion, *s.* extravagant spending, waste  
 Disso'ciate, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite  
 Dis'soluble, *a.* capable of separation  
 Disso'lve, *v.* to melt; disunite, separate  
 Dissol'vent, *a.* having the power of melting  
 Dissol'vible, *a.* liable to be dissolved  
 Dis'solute, *a.* loose, unrestrained, debauched  
 Dissolu'tion, *s.* a dissolving; death; destruction; act of breaking up an assembly  
 Dis'sonance, *s.* discord, harshness  
 Dis'sonant, *a.* unharmonious, harsh  
 Dissu'a'de, *v. a.* to advise to the contrary  
 Dissu'a'sive, *a.* apt or proper to dissuade  
 Dissyl'lable, *s.* a word of two syllables  
 Dis'taff, *s.* a staff used in spinning  
 Dista'in, *v. a.* to stain, to tinge; to defame  
 Dis'tance, *s.* remoteness in place; space of time; respect; distant behaviour; reserve  
 Dis'tance, *v. a.* to leave behind in a race  
 Dis'tant, *a.* remote in time or place; shy  
 Dista'ste, *s.* aversion, dislike, disgust  
 Dista'steful, *a.* nauseous, malignant  
 Distem'per, *s.* a disease, malady; uneasiness  
 Distem'per, *v. a.* to disease; ruffle, disquiet  
 Distem'perature, *s.* intemperateness; nose  
 Distem'pered, *part.* diseased; disturbed  
 Diste'nd, *v. a.* to stretch out in breadth  
 Distr'end'ed, *part.* widened, swelled  
 Diste'nt, *s.* space or length of extension  
 Distan'tion, *s.* act of stretching; breadth  
 Dis'tich, *s.* a couple of lines; a couplet; a epigram consisting only of two verses  
 Distil', *v.* to drop; to draw by distillation  
 Distilla'tion, *s.* the act of distilling by fire  
 Distil'ler, *s.* one who distills spirits  
 Disti'nct, *a.* different, separate, unconfused  
 Distinc'tion, *s.* a difference; honourable note of superiority; quality; discernment  
 Distinc'tive, *a.* judicious, able to distinguish  
 Distinc'tively, Distinc'tly, *ad.* not confusedly  
 Distinc'tness, *s.* clearness, plainness  
 Distin'guish, *v. a.* to discern, mark; honor  
 Distin'guished, *part. a.* eminent, transcendent  
 Disto'rt, *v. a.* to writhe, twist, misrepresent  
 Distor'tion, *s.* grimace; misrepresentation  
 Distr'a't, *v. a.* to divide, to vex, to make molest  
 Distract'ed, *part. a.* perplexed, wild; divided

*stract'edly, ad.* madly, frantically  
*straction, s.* madness; confusion, discord  
*strain, v. a.* to seize goods or chattels  
*strain't, s.* a seizure of goods, &c.  
*istrain'ss, v. a.* to harass, to make miserable  
*istrain'ss, s.* a distressing; misery, want  
*istres'ed, a.* miserable, full of trouble  
*distrib'ute, v. a.* to divide among many  
*distrib'ution, s.* the act of distributing  
*strict, s.* a circuit; region; province  
*istrust', v. a.* not to trust, to disbelieve  
*istrust', s.* suspicion, loss of confidence  
*distrust'ful, a.* apt to distrust; timorous  
*istrust'rb, v. a.* to perplex, confound, interrupt  
*disturb'ance, s.* perplexity, confusion, tumult  
*disturb'er, s.* a violator of peace  
*disgrat'uation, s.* disgrace, loss of reputation  
*disgrat'ue, v. a.* to undervalue, to slight  
*disunion, s.* a separation; disagreement  
*disunite, v. a.* to divide; to separate friends  
*disunity, s.* state of actual separation  
*disuse, v. a.* to disaccustom, to leave off  
*disw'uch, v. a.* to destroy the credit of; deny  
*ditche, s.* a moat in fortification; a trench  
*ditche'r, s.* a man who makes ditches  
*thyram'bic, s.* a song in honour of Bacchus  
*dit'tied, a.* sung; adapted to music  
*ditto, s.* the aforesaid, the same repeated  
*ditty, s.* a song; a musical poem  
*div'a'n, s.* the Ottoman grand council  
*divaricate, v. a.* to divide into two  
*divarica'tion, s.* a division of opinions  
*dive, v. n.* to sink voluntarily under water; to immerse into any business or science  
*Diver, s.* one who dives; a water fowl  
*Dive'tge, v. n.* to bend from one point  
*Diver'gent, a.* going further asunder  
*Divers, a.* several, sundry, more than one  
*Diverse, a.* different, unlike, opposite  
*Diversifica'tion, s.* change, variation  
*Diver'sify, v. a.* to distinguish, to variegate  
*Diver'sion, s.* a turning aside; sport, game  
*Diversity, s.* dissimilitude, variegation  
*Diversi', ad.* differently, variously  
*Diver't, v. a.* to turn aside; to entertain  
*Diver'ting, part.* merry, pleasing, agreeable  
*Diver'tise, v. a.* to please, divert, exhilarate  
*Diver'tisement, s.* diversion, recreation  
*Dive'st, v. a.* to strip; to dispossess  
*Divest'ure, s.* the act of putting off  
*Divi'dable, Divi'dant, a.* separate, different  
*Divide, v.* to part, separate; give in shares  
*Dividend, s.* a share; part allotted in division  
*Divi'ders, s.* a pair of compasses  
*Divi'ual, a.* divided, shared with others  
*Divina'tion, s.* a foretelling of future events  
*Divi'ne, v.* to foretel, to foreknow, to guess  
*Divi'ne, a.* godlike, heavenly, not human  
*Divi'ne, s.* a minister of the gospel, a priest  
*Divi'ner, s.* one who professes divination

*Divin'ity, s.* the Deity; the Supreme Being  
 science of divine things; theology  
*Divis'ible, a.* capable of being divided  
*Divis'ion, s.* the act of dividing; partition; part of a discourse; just time, in music  
*Divi'sor, s.* the number that divides  
*Divo'rce, v. a.* to separate, to force asunder  
*Divo'rce, Divo'rtement, s.* the legal separation of husband and wife; disunion  
*Diuret'ic, Diuret'ical, a.* provoking urine  
*Diur'nal, a.* performed in a day, daily  
*Diur'nal, s.* a day-book, a journal  
*Diur'nally, ad.* daily, every day, day by day  
*Diutur'ny, s.* length of duration  
*Divul'ge, v. a.* to publish, reveal, proclaim  
*Diz'zen, v. a.* to deck or dress gaudily  
*Diz'zard, s.* a blockhead, a fool  
*Diz'ziness, s.* giddiness, thoughtlessness  
*Diz'zy, a.* giddy, thoughtless  
*Do, v.* to act any thing, either good or bad  
*Do'cible, Do'cile, a.* easily taught, tractable  
*Docil'ity, s.* aptness to be taught  
*Dock, s.* a ship-builder's yard; a herb  
*Dock, v. a.* to cut short; to lay in a dock  
*Dock'et, s.* a direction tied upon goods  
*Dock'yard, s.* a yard for naval stores, &c.  
*Doc'tor, s.* a title in divinity, law, physic, &c.  
*Doc'torship, s.* the highest academical degree  
*Doc'trinal, a.* containing doctrine; pertaining to the act or means of teaching  
*Doc'trine, s.* precept, maxim, act of teaching  
*Doc'ument, s.* a precept, instruction, direction; a precept magisterially dogmatical  
*Document'al, a.* relating to instruction  
*Dod'der, s.* a winding weed or plant  
*Dodec'agon, s.* a figure of twelve sides  
*Dodge, v. n.* to use craft; to follow artfully and unperceived; to quibble; to use low shifts  
*Doe, s.* the female of a buck  
*Doff, v. a.* to put off dress, to strip; to delay  
*Dog, s.* a domestic animal; a lump of iron  
*Dog, v. a.* to follow slyly and indefatigably  
*Dog'days, s.* the days in which the dog-star rises and sets with the sun; from July 24 to August 28  
*Doge, s.* the chief magistrate of Venice  
*Dog'ged, a.* sour, morose, sullen, gloomy  
*Dog'ger, s.* a small ship with one mast  
*Dog'gerel, s.* despicable verses—a vile, mean  
*Dog'gish, a.* brutal, currish, snapish  
*Dog'ma, s.* an established principle; a tenet  
*Dogmat'ical, a.* authoritative, positive  
*Dog'matism, s.* a magisterial assertion  
*Dog'matist, s.* a positive teacher or assertor  
*Dog'star, s.* a certain star, from which the dog-days derive their appellation  
*Dol'ily, s.* a small napkin used after dinner  
*Doin'gs, s. pl.* feats, actions; stir, bustle  
*Doit, s.* a small piece of Dutch money  
*Dole, s.* a share, a part; grief, misery

**Dole**, *v. a.* to deal, to distribute; to grieve  
**Doleful**, *a.* sorrowful, dismal, afflicted  
**Dolesome**, *a.* melancholy, heavy, gloomy  
**Doll**, *s.* a little girl's puppet or baby  
**Dollar**, *s.* a foreign coin of different value, from about 2s. 6d. to 4s. 6d.; a counter  
**Dolorific**, *a.* causing pain or grief  
**Dolorous**, *a.* sorrowful, painful, doleful  
**Dolour**, *s.* grief, lamentation, pain  
**Dolphin**, *s.* a sea-fish, peculiarly beautiful  
**Dolt**, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow, a thick-skull  
**Doltish**, *a.* stupid, mean, blockish, dull  
**Doma'in**, *s.* a dominion; empire; estate  
**Dome**, *s.* a building; cupola; arched roof  
**Domes'tic**, *a.* belonging to the house; private, not foreign; intestine  
**Domes'tic**, *s.* a servant, a dependant  
**Domes'ticate**, *v. a.* to make domestic  
**Dom'inate**, *v. a.* to prevail over; to govern  
**Domina'tion**, *s.* power; dominion; tyranny  
**Domine'er**, *v. n.* to hector, to behave with insolence; to act without control  
**Domin'ical**, *a.* denoting the Lord's day  
**Domin'ion**, *s.* sovereign authority; power; territory; an order of angels  
**Domino**, *s.* a kind of hood or long dress  
**Don**, *s.* a Spanish title for a gentleman  
**Dona'tion**, *s.* a gift, a present, a bounty  
**Don'a'tive**, *s.* a gift, a largess, a benefice  
**Done**, *part. pass.* of the verb *to do*  
**Done!** *interj.* a word used to confirm a wager  
**Do'nor**, *s.* a giver, a bestower, a benefactor  
**Doom**, *v. a.* to judge; to condemn; to destine  
**Doom**, *s.* a judicial sentence; condemnation; final judgment; ruin; destiny  
**Doom'e**, *part.* fated, condemned, destined  
**Dooms'day**, *s.* the day of judgment  
**Dooms'day-book**, *s.* a book made by order of William the Conqueror, in which all the estates in England were registered  
**Door**, *s.* the gate of a house; a passage  
**Do'quet**, *s.* a paper containing a warrant  
**Doric**, *a.* relating to an order of architecture which was invented by the Dorians, a people of Greece  
**Dorm'ant**, *a.* sleeping; private, concealed  
**Dormitory**, *s.* a room with many beds; a burial-place; a family vault  
**Dorm'mouse**, *s.* a small animal which passes a large part of the winter in sleep  
**Do'ron**, *s.* a present; measure of three inches  
**Dorr**, *s.* a flying insect; the hedge chafer  
**Dort'ure**, *s.* a dormitory; a place to sleep in  
**Dose**, *s.* enough of medicine, &c. for one time  
**Dot**, *s.* a small spot or point in writing, &c.  
**Do'tage**, *s.* imbecility of mind; silly fondness  
**Do'tal**, *a.* relating to a portion or dowry  
**Do'tard**, *s.* one whose age has impaired his intellects; a silly lover  
**Dote**, *v. n.* to love to excess or extravagance

**Do'ted**, *a.* endowed, gifted, possessed of  
**Dot'tard**, *s.* a tree kept low by cutting  
**Double**, *a.* twofold, twice as much  
**Double**, *v.* to make twice as much; to call round a headland; to fold; to play tricks  
**Double**, *s.* a plait or fold; a trick, a turn  
**Doublede'aler**, *s.* a deceitful, subtle person  
**Doubledealing**, *s.* dissimulation, cunning  
**Doubleminded**, *a.* treacherous, deceitful  
**Doub'let**, *s.* a waistcoat; a pair; two  
**Doubleton'gued**, *a.* deceitful, false, hollow  
**Doubloon**, *s.* Spanish coin, value two pistoles  
**Doubly**, *ad.* with twice the quantity; twice  
**Doubt**, *v.* to question, to scruple, to distrust  
**Doubt**, *s.* suspense, suspicion, difficulty  
**Doubt'ful**, *a.* uncertain, not determined  
**Doubt'fully**, *Doubt'fully*, *ad.* uncertainly  
**Doubt'less**, *a.* and *ad.* without doubt or fear  
**Dou'cet**, *s.* a common kind of custard  
**Dou'ceur**, *s.* a sweetener; a conciliating  
**Dove**, *s.* a sort of pigeon, a wild pigeon  
**Do'vecot**, *s.* a pigeon-house  
**Dove'like**, *a.* meek, gentle, harmless  
**Dove'tail**, *s.* a term used by joiners  
**Dough**, *s.* unbaked paste, kneaded flour  
**Dough'ty**, *a.* brave, eminent, illustrious  
**Dough'y**, *a.* soft, not quite baked, pale  
**Douse**, *v.* to plunge suddenly into water  
**Dow'ager**, *s.* a widow with a jointure  
**Dow'dy**, *s.* an awkward, ill-dressed woman  
**Dow'er**, or **Dow'ery**, *s.* a wife's portion; widow's jointure; endowment, gift  
**Dow'erless**, *a.* without fortune, unprovided  
**Dow'lass**, *s.* a kind of coarse, strong linen  
**Down**, *s.* a large open plain; the finest, softest feathers; soft wool or hair  
**Down**, *prep.* along a descent—*ad.* on the ground; into declining reputation  
**Down'cast**, *a.* bent down, dejected  
**Down'fal**, *s.* ruin, calamity, sudden change  
**Down'hill**, *a.* descending—*s.* a descent  
**Downly'ing**, *part.* near time of childbirth  
**Down'right**, *a.* open, plain, undisguised  
**Down'right**, *ad.* plainly, honestly, completely  
**Downs**, *s.* a hilly, open country; the scale between Deal and the Goodwin sands  
**Down'ward**, *a.* bending down, dejected  
**Down'ward**, *Down'wards*, *ad.* toward the centre; from a higher to a lower situation  
**Down'y**, *a.* covered with a nap; soft, tender  
**Dowse**, *s.* a slap on the face—*v. a.* to strike  
**Doxol'ogy**, *s.* a form of giving glory to God  
**Dox'y**, *s.* a loose wench, a prostitute  
**Doze**, *v.* to slumber, to stupify, to dull  
**Doz'en**, *s.* the number twelve  
**Do'ziness**, *s.* drowsiness, heaviness  
**Drab**, *s.* a thick woollen cloth; a strumpf  
**Drachm**, *s.* an old Roman coin; the eighth part of an ounce  
**Draff**, *s.* refuse; any thing cast away

raft, *s.* a bill drawn on another for money  
rag, *v.* to pull along by force, to trail  
rag, *s.* a net or hook; a hand cart  
rangle, *v. a.* to trail in the dirt  
rangle'd, *part.* made dirty by walking  
rangle, *s.* a net drawn along the bottom  
ragon, *s.* a winged serpent; a constellation  
ragonlike, *a.* furious, fiery, fierce  
ragon', *s.* a horse soldier; a billy  
ragon', *v. a.* to force one against his will  
rain, *s.* a channel to carry off water  
rain, *v.* to make quite dry, to draw off  
rake, *s.* a fowl, the male of the duck  
ram, *s.* in troy weight, the eighth part of  
an ounce; a glass of spirituous liquor  
rama, *s.* the action of a play; a poem  
ramat'ic, *a.* represented by action; theatrical  
ramat'ist, *s.* the author of dramatic com-  
positions, a writer of plays  
ramper, *s.* one who sells or deals in cloth  
ramper, *s.* clothwork; the dress of a picture  
ramtic, *a.* powerful, vigorous, efficacious  
raight, *s.* the act of drinking; the quantity drawn;  
of liquor drunk at once; quantity drawn;  
a delineation, or sketch; a picture; de-  
tachment of soldiers; act of pulling car-  
riages; a sink, a drain  
raught, Draft, *n.* used for or in drawing  
raughts, *s.* a kind of play on chequers  
raw, *v.* to pull forcibly; attract; unsheathe;  
to represent by picture; to allure, to win  
rawback, *s.* money paid back on exports  
rawbridge, *s.* a bridge made to draw up  
raw'er, *s.* one who draws; a sliding box  
raw'ers, *s.* a kind of light under breeches  
raw'ing, *s.* a delineation, a representation  
raw'ing-room, *s.* the room in which com-  
pany assemble at court  
rawl, *v. n.* to speak slowly or clownishly  
rawl-well, *s.* a deep well of water  
ray, *s.* a carriage used by brewers  
razei, *s.* a mean, low wretch; a drab  
read, *s.* great fear, terror, awe, affright  
read, *v.* to be in fear, to stand in awe  
read, *a.* great, mighty, awful, noble  
read'ful, *a.* terrible, frightful, horrid  
read'fully, *ad.* terribly, frightfully  
read'less, *a.* fearless, undaunted, daring  
ream, *s.* thoughts in sleep; an idle fancy  
ream, *v.* to rove in sleep; to be sluggish  
ream'er, *s.* one who dreams; a mope  
ream'less, *a.* free from dreams  
ream, Drear'y, *a.* mournful, gloomy, dismal  
reaminess, *s.* gloominess, dulness  
redge, *s.* an oyster net; mixture of grain  
redge, *v. a.* to besprinkle flour on meat  
while roasting; to catch with a net  
redging-box, *s.* a box used for dredging  
reg'sy, *a.* containing dregs, not clear  
reg's, *s.* the sediment of liquors, lees

Drench, *v. a.* to soak, steep, fill with drink  
Drench, *s.* a horse's physical draught  
Drench'ed, *part.* washed, soaked, cleansed  
Dress, *s.* clothes, ornaments, finery  
Dress, *v. a.* to clothe, to deck, to adorn; to  
cook; to cover a wound; to curry a horse  
Dress'er, *s.* he who dresses; a kitchen table  
Dressing, *s.* the act of clothing, &c.  
Dressing-room, *s.* a place used to dress in  
Drib, *v. a.* to crop, to cut short, to lop off  
Drib'ble, *v. n.* to drop slowly; slaver, drivel  
Drib'let, *s.* a small part of a large sum  
Dri'er, *s.* that which absorbs moisture  
Drift, *s.* a design, tendency; any thing driven  
at random; a heap; a storm  
Drift, *v. a.* to urge along; to throw on heaps  
Drill, *s.* an instrument to bore holes with; a  
small brook; an ape—*v.* to exercise troops  
Drink, *s.* a liquor to be swallowed  
Drink, *v.* to swallow liquors, to quench thirst  
Drink'able, *a.* what may be drunk  
Drink'er, *s.* one who drinks; a drunkard  
Drip, *v. n.* to drop down—*s.* what drops  
Drip'ping, *s.* the fat that drops from meat  
while it is roasting or baking  
Drip'ple, *a.* weak; rare, uncommon  
Drive, *v.* to force along; to urge in any di-  
rection; to guide a carriage; to knock in  
Drivel, *v. n.* to slaver, to drop; to dote  
Drivel, *s.* slaver, spittle; a fool, an idiot  
Driv'eller, *s.* a fool, an idiot, a slaverer  
Driv'en, Dro'ven, *part. of to drive*  
Dri'ver, *s.* one who drives or urges on  
Driz'zle, *v. n.* to come or fall in small drops  
Driz'zly, *a.* raining in small drops  
Drock, *s.* a part of a plough  
Droil, *v. n.* to work idly, &c.—*s.* a drone  
Droll, *s.* a farce; a jester, a buffoon  
Droll, *v. n.* to play the buffoon, to jest  
Droll, *a.* comical, humorous, merry, laughable  
Drol'liery, *s.* buffoonery, idle jokes  
Drom'edary, *s.* a swift kind of camel  
Dro'mo, *s.* a swift sailing vessel; a fish  
Drone, *s.* the bee which collects no honey;  
an idler, a sluggard; a slow humming  
Drone, *v. n.* to live in idleness, to dream  
Dro'nish, *a.* idle, sluggish, inactive, dull  
Droop, *v. n.* to pine away, languish, faint  
Droop'ing, *part.* fainting, languishing  
Drop, *s.* a small quantity, or globule of any  
liquid; an ear-ring  
Drop, *v.* to let fall, to fall in drops; to utter  
slightly; to cease, to die, to come to nothing  
Drop'let, *s.* a little drop; a small ear-ring  
Drop'pings, *s.* that which falls in drops  
Drop'sical, *a.* diseased with a dropsy  
Drop'sy, *s.* collection of water in the body  
Dross, *s.* the scum of metals; refuse, dregs  
Dross'y, *a.* full of dross, worthless, foul  
Drove, *s.* a herd of cattle; a crowd, a tumult

**Dro'ver**, *s.* one who drives cattle to market  
**Drought**, *s.* dry weather; thirst  
**Drought'y**, *a.* wanting rain; thirsty; sultry  
**Drown**, *v.* to suffocate in water, to overwhelm in water; to immerge, to bury in an inundation, to deluge  
**Drows'ily**, *ad.* sleepily, heavily, lazily, idly  
**Drow'siness**, *s.* sleepiness, idleness  
**Drow'sy**, *a.* sleepy, heavy, stupid, dull  
**Drub**, *s.* a thump, a knock, a blow  
**Drub**, *v. a.* to thresh, to beat, to bang  
**Drub'bing**, *s.* a beating, a chastisement  
**Drudge**, *v. n.* to labour in mean offices  
**Drudg'ery**, *s.* hard, mean labour; slavery  
**Drudg'ingly**, *ad.* laboriously, toilsomely  
**Drug**, *s.* a medicinal simple; a thing of little value or worth; a drudge  
**Drug'get**, *s.* a slight kind of woollen stuff  
**Drug'gist**, *s.* a person who sells physical drugs  
**Druid**, *s.* an ancient British priest and bard  
**Drum**, *s.* an instrument of military music; the tympanum of the ear  
**Drum**, *v. n.* to beat a drum, to beat  
**Drum-ma'jor**, *s.* chief drummer of a regiment  
**Drum'mer**, *s.* one who beats a drum  
**Drum'stick**, *s.* the stick for beating a drum  
**Drunk**, *a.* intoxicated with liquor  
**Drunk'ard**, *s.* one given to excessive drinking  
**Drunk'eness**, *s.* intoxication, inebriety  
**Dry**, *a.* arid; not rainy; thirsty; barren  
**Dry**, *v.* to free from moisture, to drain  
**Dry'ly**, *ad.* coldly, frigidly; oddly  
**Dry'ness**, *s.* want of moisture  
**Dry'nuse**, *s.* a woman who brings up a child without sucking at the breast  
**Du'al**, *a.* expressing the number two  
**Dub**, *v. a.* to confer knighthood on a person  
**Dubious**, *a.* doubtful, uncertain, not clear  
**Dubitable**, *a.* doubtful, very uncertain  
**Du'cal**, *a.* pertaining to a duke  
**Duca'pe**, *s.* a rich silk worn by women  
**Ducat**, *s.* a foreign coin, in silver, valued at about 4s. 6d.—in gold, 9s. 6d.  
**Duck**, *s.* a water-fowl, female of the drake; word of fondness; declination of the head  
**Duck**, *v.* to dive, or plunge under water  
**Duck'ing**, *s.* the act of putting under water  
**Duck'ing-s'ool**, *s.* a stool to duck persons in  
**Duck'-legged**, *a.* having legs like a duck  
**Duck'ling**, *s.* a young or small duck  
**Duct**, *s.* a passage, or channel; guidance  
**Ducti'ble**, *a.* flexible, pliable, tractable  
**Ducti'li'ty**, *s.* flexibility, compliance  
**Dud'geon**, *s.* a small dagger; malice, ill-will  
**Due**, *a.* owed; proper, fit, exact, appropriate  
**Due**, *s.* a debt; right, just title; tribute  
**Du'el**, *s.* a fight between two persons  
**Du'elist**, *s.* one who fight, a duel  
**Du'en'na**, *s.* an old governante  
**Duct'**, *s.* a song or air in two parts  
**Dug**, *s.* the pap, or teat of a beast  
**Duke**, *s.* the dignity next below a prince  
**Du'kedom**, *s.* the possessions, territories, title of a duke  
**Dul'cet**, *a.* sweet, luscious, harmonious  
**Dul'cify**, *Dul'corate*, *v. a.* to sweeten  
**Dul'cimer**, *s.* a kind of musical instrument  
**Dull**, *a.* stupid, slow, dejected, blunt, vile  
**Dull**, *v. a.* to stupify, to blunt; to sadden  
**Dul'ness**, *s.* stupidity, indocility; dimness  
**Duloc'racy**, *s.* a predominance of slaves  
**Du'ly**, *ad.* properly, regularly, exactly  
**Du'mal**, *Du'mose*, *a.* full of bushes; rough  
**Dumb**, *a.* mute, silent; incapable of speech  
**Dumb'ness**, *s.* an inability to speak; silence  
**Dump'ling**, *s.* a small boiled pudding  
**Dumps**, *s.* melancholy, sullenness  
**Dun**, *a.* colour between brown and black  
**Dun**, *s.* a clamorous, troublesome creditor  
**Dun**, *v. a.* to press, to ask often for a debt  
**Dunce**, *s.* a thickskull, a dolt, a dullard  
**Dung**, *s.* soil; the excrement of animals  
*v. a.* to manure or fatten land with dung  
**Dun'geon**, *s.* a dark prison under ground  
**Dung'hill**, *s.* a heap of dung; a mean person  
**Dun'ner**, *s.* one employed to get in debts  
**Dun'ning**, *part.* pressing often for a debt  
**Duode'cimo**, *a.* a book printed in duodecim  
*has twelve leaves to a sheet*  
**Dupe**, *v. a.* to trick, to cheat, to impose on  
**Dupe**, *s.* a credulous, simple man  
**Du'ple**, *a.* double; one repeated  
**Du'plicate**, *s.* an exact copy of any thing  
**Du'plicate**, *v. a.* to double, to fold together  
**Duplica'tion**, *s.* the act of doubling; a fold  
**Dupli'city**, *s.* deceit; doubleness of tongue  
**Du'rable**, *a.* hard, strong, firm, lasting  
**Durabil'ity**, *s.* the power of lasting  
**Du'rably**, *ad.* in a firm and lasting manner  
**Du'rance**, *s.* imprisonment; continuance  
**Dura'tion**, *s.* continuance, length of time  
**Dure**, *v. n.* to last, to continue, to remain  
**Du'ring**, *prep.* for the time of continuance  
**Durst**, *pret. of to dare*  
**Dusk**, *a.* tending to darkness, dark-coloured  
**Dusk'ish**, *Dusk'y*, *a.* inclining to darkness; tending to obscurity; gloomy  
**Dust**, *s.* earth dried to a powder; the grave  
**Dust**, *v. a.* to free or clear from dust; to sprinkle with dust; to clean furniture  
**Dust'y**, *a.* clouded or covered with dust  
**Dutch'ess**, *s.* the lady of a duke  
**Dutch'y**, *s.* a territory giving title to a duke  
**Du'teous**, *Du'tiful*, *a.* obedient, submissive, reverential, obsequious, respectful  
**Du'tifully**, *ad.* obediently, respectfully  
**Du'ty**, *s.* whatever we are bound by nature, reason, or law, to perform; a tax; service  
**Dwarf**, *s.* a man below the usual size  
**Dwarf'ish**, *a.* low, small, little

well, *v. n.* to inhabit; to continue long  
well<sup>ing</sup>, *s.* habitation, place of residence  
win<sup>dle</sup>, *v. n.* to shrink, to grow feeble  
win<sup>g</sup>, *part.* expiring; giving a colour to

Dynasty, *s.* government; sovereignty  
Dys/crasy, *s.* a distemper in the blood  
Dys/enteric, *s.* a looseness, a flux  
Dys/ury, *s.* a difficulty in making urine

## E.

EACH, *pron.* either of two; every one  
of any number  
eager, *a.* ardent, zealous, keen, vehement  
eagerly, *ad.* ardently, hotly, keenly  
eagerness, *s.* earnestness, impetuosity  
eagle, *s.* a bird of prey; the Roman standard  
eagle-eyed, *a.* sharp sighted as an eagle  
eagle-speed, *s.* swiftness like an eagle  
eaglet, *s.* a young eagle  
ear, *s.* the whole organ of hearing; power  
of judging of harmony; spike of corn  
earl, *s.* title of nobility next to a marquis  
earldom, *s.* the seigniory of an earl  
earless, *a.* wanting ears  
earliness, *s.* the state of being very early  
early, *ad.* soon, betimes—*a.* soon  
earlmar<sup>shal</sup>, *s.* the officer that has the chief  
care of military solemnities  
earn, *v. a.* to gain by labour, to obtain  
earned, *part.* gotten by labour, acquired  
earn<sup>e</sup>t, *a.* ardent, zealous, warm, eager  
earn<sup>est</sup>, *s.* seriousness; money advanced  
earn<sup>estly</sup>, *ad.* warmly, zealously, eagerly  
ear-ring, *s.* an ornament for the ear  
earsh, *s.* a field that is ploughed  
earshot, *s.* within hearing; space heard in  
earth, *s.* mould, land; the terraqueous globe  
earth'en, *a.* made of earth or clay  
earthly, *a.* not heavenly, vile, corporeal  
earthquake, *s.* a tremor of the earth  
earth'worm, *s.* a worm; a mean sordid wretch  
earth'y, *a.* consisting of earth; gross, foul  
earwax, *s.* wax that gathers in the ear  
earwig, *s.* an insect; a whisperer  
ease, *s.* quiet, rest after labour; facility  
ease, *v. n.* to free from pain, relieve, slacken  
easel, *s.* a painter's frame for canvas  
ease<sup>ment</sup>, *s.* assistance, ease, refreshment  
eas<sup>ily</sup>, *ad.* gently, without difficulty  
easiness, *s.* readiness; liberty; quiet  
east, *s.* the quarter where the sun rises  
east'er, *s.* the festival in commemoration of  
the resurrection of our Saviour  
east'ly, *a.* and *ad.* towards the east  
east'ern, *a.* belonging to the east; oriental  
east'ward, *ad.* towards the east  
easy, *a.* not difficult; quiet; credulous  
eat, *v.* to take food, to swallow, to consume  
eat<sup>able</sup>, *a.* that which may be eaten

eat'en, *part.* devoured, consumed, swallowed  
eaves, *s.* the edges of the roof which over-  
hang the house  
eaves/dropper, *s.* a listener under windows  
ebb, *v. n.* to flow back to the sea; to decay  
ebb, *s.* a flowing back to the sea; waste  
Eb'on, Eb'ony, *s.* a hard black valuable wood  
Ebrity, *s.* drunkenness, intoxication  
Ebullition, *s.* act of boiling or bubbling up  
Eccen'tric, *a.* deviating from the centre;  
irregular, incoherent, anomalous  
Eccen'tricity, *s.* deviation from a centre  
Ecclesias'tic, *s.* a clergyman, a priest  
Ecclesiast'ical, *a.* relating to the church  
Ech'o, *s.* the reverberation of a sound  
Eclairciss'ement, *s.* an explanation  
Eclat<sup>t</sup>, *s.* lustre, splendour, show, renown  
Eclat<sup>t</sup>, *a.* selecting, choosing at will  
Eclip'se, *s.* an obscuration of the sun, moon,  
&c. from the intervention of some other  
body—*v. a.* to cloud; to disgrace  
Eclip'tic, *s.* the apparent orbit of the earth,  
so called because eclipses take place there  
Eclogue, *s.* a pastoral or rural poem; so  
called because Virgil named his pastorals  
eclogues  
Economical, *a.* frugal, thrifty, saving  
Econ'omist, *s.* one that is thrifty or frugal  
Econ'omize, *v. n.* to retrench, to save  
Econ'omy, *s.* frugality; disposition of things  
Ecstasy, *s.* excessive joy, rapture, enthusiasm  
Estat'ic, *a.* enrapturing, transporting  
Eda'city, *s.* voracity, ravenousness  
Ed'der, *s.* wood on the tops of fences  
Ed'dy, *s.* a turn of the water, a whirlpool  
Ed'dy, *a.* whirling, moving circularly  
Eden'ated, *a.* deprived of teeth  
Edge, *s.* the sharp part of a blade; a brink  
Edging, *s.* a fringe, an ornamental border  
Edge'less, *a.* unable to cut, blunt, obtuse  
Edge'tool, *s.* a tool made sharp to cut  
Edge'wise, *ad.* in a direction of the edge  
Edible, *a.* fit to be eaten, catable  
E'dict, *s.* a proclamation, an ordinance  
Edification, *s.* improvement, instruction  
Edifice, *s.* a building, a fabric  
Edify, *v. a.* to instruct, improve, persuade  
E'ile, *s.* the title of a Roman magistrate  
Edition, *s.* the impression of a book

**E**ditor, *s.* one who revises, or prepares any literary work for publication  
**E**ducate, *v. a.* to instruct, to bring up  
**E**duca'tion, *s.* the instruction of children  
**Edu'ce, v. a.** to bring out, to extract  
**Educ'tion, s.** the act of bringing into view  
**Edulcora'tion, s.** the act of sweetening  
**Eel, s.** a serpentine, slimy fish  
**Effable, a.** that may be spoken; expressive  
**Efa'ce, v. a.** to blot out, to destroy  
**Effe'ct, s.** event produced; issue; reality  
**Effe'ct, v. a.** to bring to pass, to produce  
**Effection, s.** a deduced construction; problem  
**Effe'ctive, a.** operative, active, serviceable  
**Effe'ctively, ad.** powerfully, with effect  
**Effe'ctless, a.** without effect, useless  
**Effe'cts, s.** goods, moveables, furniture  
**Effe'ctual, a.** powerful, efficacious  
**Effe'ctuate, v. a.** to bring to pass, to fulfil  
**Effe'minacy, s.** unmanly delicacy  
**Effe'minate, a.** womanish, tender; voluptuous  
**Effe'vence, s.** the act of growing hot; production of heat by intestine motion  
**Effe'cious, a.** productive of effects; powerful to produce the consequences intended  
**Effe'cacy, s.** ability or power to effect  
**Effe'cience, s.** a producing of effects; agency  
**Effe'cient, a.** causing or producing effects  
**Effe'gacy, s.** representation in painting, &c.  
**Eflo'res'cence, s.** production of flowers  
**Eflo'res'cent, a.** shooting out in flowers  
**Effe'fue, s.** that which issues or derives itself from some other principle  
**Effe'fuent, a.** flowing from, issuing out of  
**Eflu've, s.** those small particles which are continually flying off from all bodies  
**Eflu'x, v. n.** to flow—*s.* an effusion  
**Effe'fort, s.** a struggle, a strong exertion  
**Effe'fable, a.** dreadful, frightful, terrible  
**Effe'front ery, s.** impudence, boldness  
**Effe'fulence, s.** lustre, brightness, splendour  
**Effe'gent, a.** shining, bright, luminous  
**Effe'se, v. a.** to pour out; to spill; to shed  
**Effe'sion, s.** the act of pouring out; waste  
**Eft, s.** a newt; an evet—*ad.* quickly, soon  
**Egg, s.** that which is laid by feathered animals and various kinds of insects, &c. from which their young are produced  
**Egg, v. a.** to incite, to instigate, to spur on  
**Eg'lantine, s.** a species of rose; sweetbriar  
**E'gotism, s.** frequent self-commendation  
**E'gotist, s.** one who talks much of himself  
**E'gotize, v. n.** to talk much of one's self  
**Egre'gious, a.** remarkable, eminently bad  
**Egre'gi'ously, ad.** eminently; shamefully  
**E'gress, Egres'sion, s.** the act of going out of any place; departure  
**E'gret, s.** a fowl of the heron kind  
**E'grette, s.** a flower for a lady's head  
**E'griot, s.** a species of sour cherry

**Ejacula'tion, s.** to throw out, to shoot out  
**Ejacula'tion, s.** a short fervent prayer  
**Ejac'ulatory, a.** hasty; fervent; darted out  
**Eje'ct, v. a.** to throw out, expel, cast forth  
**Eject'ed, part.** cast or turned out, rejected  
**Ejection, s.** the act of casting out, expusion  
**Eject'ment, s.** a legal writ, commanding the tenant wrongfully holding houses, lands &c. to restore possession to the owner  
**Eightee'n, s.** ten and eight united  
**Eight'fold, a.** eight times the number, &c.  
**Eighth'ly, ad.** in the eighth place  
**Eight'score, a.** eight times twenty  
**Eight'y, a.** eight times ten  
**Ei'sel, s.** vinegar; any thing very acid  
**Ei'ther, pron.** one or the other  
**Ejula'tion, s.** a lamentation, an outcry  
**Eke, or Eek, v. a.** to protract; to supply  
**Eke, ad.** also, likewise, besides, moreover  
**Elab'orate, a.** finished with great labour and exactness; any thing studied  
**Elab'orately, ad.** laboriously, with much study  
**Ela'nce, v. n.** to throw out, to dart out  
**Ela'pse, v. a.** to pass away, to glide away  
**Ela'stic, a.** springing back, recovering  
**Ela'sticity, s.** the quality in bodies by which on being bent or compressed, they spring back and make efforts to resume their original form and tension  
**Ela'te, a.** flushed with success; haughty  
**Ela'te, v. a.** to puff up, to exalt, to heighten  
**Ela'tion, s.** haughtiness, great pride  
**El'bow, s.** the bending of the arm; an angle  
**El'bow-chair, s.** a chair with arms  
**Eld, s.** old people, old age, old times  
**Eld'er, a.** exceeding another in years  
**Eld'er, s.** the name of a well-known tree  
**Eld'erly, a.** somewhat in years, rather old  
**Eld'ers, s.** ancient rulers; ancestors  
**Eld'ership, s.** seniority; primogeniture  
**Eld'est, a.** the oldest, the first born  
**Elecampa'ne, s.** the plant starwort  
**Elec'ct, v. a.** to choose for any office, &c.; select as an object of eternal mercy  
**Elec't, Elec'ted, part.** a. chosen, preferred  
**Elec'tion, s.** the act or power of choosing  
**Elec'tive, a.** exerting the power of choice  
**Elec'tor, s.** he that has a vote in the election of any officer; a prince who has a voice in the choice of the German emperor  
**Elec'toral, a.** of or belonging to an elector  
**Elec'torate, s.** the territory, &c. of an elector  
**Elec'tre, s.** amber; a mixed metal  
**Elec'trical, a.** power of producing electricity  
**Elec'tricity, s.** that property in bodies whereby, when rubbed, they attract or repel other bodies, emit flame, and produce singular and extraordinary phenomena  
**Elec'tuary, s.** a soft compound medicine  
**Elec'mos'ynary, a.** living on charity

Elegance, *s.* beauty without grandeur  
Elegant, *a.* beautiful, pleasing, neat  
Elegantly, *ad.* in a pleasing manner; neatly  
Elegiac, *a.* used in elegies; sorrowful  
Elegy, *s.* a mournful, pathetic poem; a dirge  
Element, *s.* constituent principle of any thing; the 4 elements, according to the Aristotelian philosophy, are earth, fire, air, water; proper habitation, &c. of any thing; rudiments of literature or science  
Elemental, *a.* produced by elements  
Elementary, *a.* not compounded, simple  
Elephant, *s.* the largest of quadrupeds; ivory  
Elephantine, *a.* pertaining to the elephant  
Exalt, *v. a.* to exalt, dignify; make glad  
Exaltèd, Exaltèd, *part. a.* exalted, elated  
Exaltation, *s.* a raising up, exaltation, height  
Eleven, *a.* ten and one  
Elf, *s.* a fairy, a wandering spirit, a demon  
Elflock, *s.* knots of hair twisted by elves  
Elfite, *v. a.* to strike out, to fetch out  
Elfite, *a.* brought into act, drawn out  
Exaltation, *s.* the will excited to action  
Exalt, *v. a.* to destroy or dash in pieces  
Eligible, *a.* fit to be chosen; preferable  
Elimate, *v. n.* to turn out of doors; reject  
Elimation, *s.* act of banishing; rejection  
Elignid, *a.* tongue-tied; speechless, dumb  
Eliquation, *s.* separation by fusion  
Elision, *s.* act of cutting off; separation  
Elixir, *s.* the act of boiling out  
Elixir, *s.* the liquid extract or quintessence of any thing; a medicine, a cordial  
Elk, *s.* a large wild animal of the stag kind  
Ell, *s.* a measure of one yard and a quarter  
Ellipsis, *s.* an oval figure; a defect, a chasm  
Elliptical, *a.* formed like an ellipsis  
Ell, *s.* the name of a tall timber tree  
Elocution, *s.* eloquence, fluency of speech  
Eloge, Elo'gy, Eu'logy, *s.* praise, panegyric  
Eloigne, *v. a.* to put at a distance, to remove  
Elongate, *v. a.* to lengthen, draw out; go off  
Elongation, *s.* the act of lengthening  
Elope, *v. a.* to run away; to get loose from confinement; to go off clandestinely  
Elopement, *s.* a departure from friends and family without their consent  
Elops, *s.* a fish; a kind of serpent  
Eloquence, *s.* speaking with fluency, &c.  
Eloquent, *a.* having the power of oratory  
Else, *pron.* other; one besides—*ad.* otherwise  
Elsewhere, *ad.* in another place  
Elfish, *a.* relating to elves or fairies  
Elf'cide, *v. a.* to explain, to clear up  
Elucidation, *s.* an explanation, exposition  
Elucidator, *s.* an explainer, a commentator  
Elude, *v. a.* to escape by stratagem; to shun  
Eludible, *a.* that which may or can be eluded  
Elumbated, *a.* weakened in the loins  
Elusion, *s.* artifice, escape from examination

Elusive, Elu'sory, *a.* tending to elude  
Elt'e, *v. a.* to wash off, to cleanse  
Elt'riate, *v. a.* to decant or strain out  
Elux'ate, *v. a.* to strain or put out of joint  
Elysian, *a.* pleasant, exceedingly delightful  
Elysium, *s.* in the heathen mythology, the place appointed for the souls of the virtuous after death; any pleasant place  
Emaciate, *v.* to lose flesh; to pine, to waste  
Emacula'tion, *s.* the act of clearing any thing from spots or foulness  
Em'nant, *a.* flowing from, issuing out of  
Emana'tion, *s.* the act of issuing or flowing from any other substance; that which flows  
Eman'ative, *a.* issuing from another  
Eman'cipate, *v. a.* to free from slavery  
Emancipa'tion, *s.* a deliverance from slavery or servitude; restoration to liberty  
Emas'culate, *v. a.* to deprive of virility  
Emba'le, *v. a.* to bind or pack up; to enclose  
Emba'lm, *v. a.* to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may resist putrefaction  
Emba'r, *v. a.* to shut in, to hinder, to stop  
Embar'go, *s.* a prohibition to sail  
Embar'rk, *v.* to go on shipboard; to engage  
Embarka'tion, *s.* a putting or going on ship-board; engaging in any affair  
Embar'rass, *v. a.* to perplex, to distress  
Embar'rasment, *s.* perplexity, trouble  
Emba'se, *v. a.* to vitiate, degrade; impair  
Em'bassage, Em'bassy, *s.* a public message  
Embat'tle, *v. a.* to range in order of battle  
Emba'y, *v. a.* to inclose in a bay; to bathe  
Embel'ish, *v. a.* to adorn, to beautify  
Embel'ishment, *s.* ornament, decoration  
Embers, *s.* hot cinders or ashes  
Em'ber-week, *s.* one of the four seasons of the year appropriated by the church to implore divine favour on the ordination of ministers, performed at these seasons  
Embez'le, *v. a.* to steal privately; to waste  
Embez'lement, *s.* a misapplying of a trust  
Embla'ze, *v. a.* to blazon, to adorn, to paint  
Embla'zon, *v. a.* to adorn with ensigns armorial; to set off pompously; to deck  
Em'blem, *s.* a moral device; a representation; an allusive picture; enamel  
Emblemat'ical, *a.* allusive, using emblems  
Emblemat'ically, *ad.* allusively  
Embo'ss, *v. a.* to engrave, with relief or rising work; to enclose; to hunt hard  
Emboss'ing, *s.* the art of making figures in relief, embroidery, &c.  
Emboss'ment, *s.* relief, rising work  
Embow'el, *v. a.* to take out the entrails  
Embra'ce, *v. a.* to hold fondly in the arms; to comprise, to contain, to include  
Embra'ce, *s.* a clasp; fond pressure  
Embras'ure, *s.* a battlement; an aperture in fortifications for cannon

**Em'brocate**, *v. a.* to foment a part diseased  
**Embroca'tion**, *s.* a fomentation, a lotion  
**Embroid'er**, *v. a.* to adorn with figure-work  
**Embroid'erer**, *s.* one who embroiders  
**Embroid'ery**, *s.* variegated needle-work  
**Embro'il**, *v. a.* to disturb, confuse, distract  
**Embru'ted**, *a.* reduced to brutality  
**Em'bryo**, *s.* the child in the womb before it has perfect shape; any thing unfinished  
**Embu'rse**, *v. a.* to restore money owing  
**Emenda'tion**, *s.* a correction, an alteration  
**Em'erald**, *s.* a green precious stone  
**Em'e'rgo**, *v. n.* to rise out of; to issue from  
**Emer'gency**, *s.* a rising out of; any sudden occasion, or unexpected casualty  
**Emer'gent**, *a.* rising into view; sudden  
**Em'erods**, *s.* painful swellings of the haemorrhoidal veins; piles  
**Emer'sion**, *s.* act of rising into view again  
**Em'ery**, *s.* an iron ore; a glazier's diamond  
**Emet'ic**, *a.* provoking vomits—*s.* a vomit  
**Emi'cation**, *s.* a sparkling or glittering  
**Em'i'grant**, *a.* going from place to place—*s.* a Frenchman banished from his country for refusing to acknowledge the authority of the National Convention  
**Em'i'grate**, *v. n.* to move from place to place  
**Emigra'tion**, *s.* a change of habitation  
**Emi'nence**, *s.* loftiness; summit; a part rising above the rest; a conspicuous situation; distinction; a title given to cardinals  
**Em'i'nable**, *a.* high, dignified, conspicuous  
**Em'i'ntly**, *ad.* conspicuously, highly  
**Em'i'sary**, *s.* a spy, a secret agent  
**Emis'sion**, *s.* act of throwing or shooting out  
**Em'i't**, *v. a.* to send forth, to discharge  
**Em'met**, *s.* an ant, a pismire  
**Emme'w**, *v. a.* to coop up, to confine  
**Emol'lient**, *a.* softening, suppling  
**Emolli'tion**, *s.* the act of softening  
**Emol'u'ment**, *s.* profit, advantage, gain  
**Emo'tion**, *s.* disturbance of mind; vehemence of passion; a sudden motion  
**Empa'le**, *v. n.* to inclose, to fence with pales; to put to death by fixing on a stake  
**Empan'nel**, *v. a.* to swear, &c. a jury  
**Empar'lance**, *s.* a petition, a conference  
**Empas'sion**, *v. a.* to move with passion  
**Em'peror**, *s.* a monarch superior to a king  
**Em'phasis**, *s.* a remarkable stress laid on a word or sentence  
**Emphat'ic**, *Emphat'ical*, *a.* forcible  
**Emphat'ically**, *ad.* strongly, forcibly  
**Em'pire**, *s.* imperial power; command  
**Empir'ic**, *s.* a pretended physician, a quack  
**Empiricism**, *s.* dependance on experience, without the rules of art; quackery  
**Emblas'tic**, *a.* viscous, glutinous  
**Emplead**, *v. a.* to indict, to prefer a charge  
**Empl'o'y**, *v. a.* to keep at work; to use

**Empl'o'y**, *Empl'o'yment*, *s.* business; office or post of business; business intrusted  
**Employ'er**, *s.* one who sets others to work  
**Empo'rium**, *s.* a place of merchandise, mart; a commercial city  
**Empov'ish**, *v. a.* to make poor, to exhaust  
**Empow'er**, *v. a.* to authorise, to enable  
**Em'press**, *s.* the wife of an emperor; the female sovereign of an empire  
**Empri'se**, *s.* an attempt of danger  
**Emp'tiness**, *s.* a void space, vacuity; want of substance, want of knowledge  
**Emp'ty**, *a.* not full; unfurnished; ignorant  
**Empur'ple**, *v. a.* to make of a purple color  
**Empu'sa**, *s.* a hobgoblin, a ghost, a sprite  
**Empuz'zle**, *v. a.* to perplex, to puzzle  
**Empy'real**, *a.* refined, aerial, heavenly  
**Empy're'an**, *s.* the highest heaven, where the pure elemental fire is supposed to subsist  
**Empy'reum**, *Empyreu'ma*, *s.* the burning of any matter in boiling or distillation  
**Empy'rosis**, *s.* a conflagration, or general fire  
**Emul'ate**, *v. a.* to rival; to imitate  
**Emula'tion**, *s.* rivalry; envy; contention  
**Emula'tive**, *a.* inclined to emulation  
**Emula'tor**, *s.* a rival, a competitor  
**Emu'lge**, *v. a.* to milk out; drain, empty  
**Emul'gent**, *a.* milking or draining out  
**Emul'ious**, *a.* rivalling, desirous to excel  
**Emul'sion**, *s.* an oily, lubricating medicine  
**Enable**, *v. a.* to make able, to empower  
**Ena'ct**, *v. a.* to decree, establish, represent  
**Enact'ed**, *part.* decreed, established  
**Enam'el**, *v. a.* to inlay, variegate with color  
**Enam'el**, *s.* substance used in enamelling  
**Enam'eller**, *s.* one who enamels or inlays  
**Enam'our**, *v. a.* to inspire with love  
**Enca'ge**, *v. a.* to coop up, to confine in a cage  
**Enca'mp**, *v.* to pitch tents, to form a camp  
**Encamp'ment**, *s.* tents pitched in order  
**Encha'fe**, *v. a.* to enrage, irritate, provoke  
**Encha'in**, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain  
**Encha'nt**, *v. a.* to bewitch, to delight highly  
**Enchant'er**, *s.* a magician, a sorcerer  
**Enchant'ment**, *s.* magical charms, spells, irresistible influence; high delight  
**Enchant'ress**, *s.* a sorceress; a woman of extreme beauty or excellence  
**Encha'se**, *v. a.* to infix; set in gold; to adorn  
**Enchirid'ion**, *s.* a small pocket volume  
**Encir'cle**, *v. a.* to surround, to environ; to enclose in a ring or circle  
**Enclit'ics**, *s.* particles which throw back the accent upon the preceding syllable  
**Enclo'se**, *v. a.* to surround; to fence in  
**Enclo'sure**, *s.* ground enclosed or fenced in  
**Enco'mium**, *s.* a panegyric, praise, eulogy  
**Encom'pass**, *v. a.* to encircle, to shut in, to surround; to contain, to include, to environs  
**Enco're**, *ad.* again, once more; yet

cou'n'ter, *s.* a duel, a battle; sudden meeting; engagement; casual incident  
 coun'ter, *v.* to fight, to attack; to meet  
 cour'age, *v. a.* to animate, to embolden  
 cour'age-ment, *s.* incitement, support  
 croach, *v. n.* to invade; advance by stealth  
 croach'ment, *s.* an unlawful intrusion  
 cum'ber, *v. a.* to clog, to embarrass  
 cum'brance, *s.* an impediment, a clog  
 cyclope'dia, *s.* complete circle of sciences  
 d, *s.* a design, point, conclusion; death  
 dam'age, *v. a.* to hurt, to prejudice  
 dan'ger, *v. a.* to bring into peril, hazard  
 de'ar, *v. a.* to render dear, or beloved  
 dear'ment, *s.* the cause and state of love  
 deav'our, *s.* a labour for some end  
 deav'our, *v.* to strive, attempt, labour  
 de'mial, Endem'ic, *a.* peculiar to a country or place, as applied to general diseases  
 de'w, *v. n.* to disgorge; to cleanse  
 Endi'te, *v. a.* to charge with some crime; to compose; to write, to draw up  
 Endi'ment, *s.* a legal accusative declaration  
 end, *part.* finishing—*s.* the end  
 endive, *s.* a common salad herb; succory  
 encl'se, *a.* without end, infinite, incessant  
 encl'se, *v. a.* to superscribe; to accept a bill or note, *part.* signed upon the back  
 encl'sement, *s.* superscription; acceptance  
 encl'se, *v. a.* to give a portion; to endue  
 encl'ment, *s.* wealth given; a natural or acquired accomplishment  
 encl'e, *v. a.* to supply with grace; to invest  
 encl'rance, *s.* continuance, sufferance  
 encl'e, *v.* to bear, sustain; brook; last  
 enem'y, *s.* a foe, an adversary, an opponent  
 energe'ic, *a.* forcible, strong, active  
 energe'gy, *s.* power, force, efficacy  
 encl've, Ene'rve, *v. a.* to weaken; to crush  
 encl'eble, *v. a.* to weaken, to render feeble  
 encl'off, *v. a.* to invest with possessions  
 encl'ter, *v. a.* to put in chains, to confine  
 encl'e, *s.* a straight passage—*v. a.* to pierce a straight line  
 encl'orce, *v.* to force, to strengthen; to urge  
 encl'rement, *s.* compulsion, exigence  
 encl'anchise, *v. a.* to make free, to liberate  
 encl'asement, *s.* the act of making free; release from slavery or prison  
 encl'e, *v.* to embark in an affair; to intrust; to win by pleasing means; to bind; to employ; to fight, to encounter  
 encl'ement, *s.* an obligation, a bond; employment of the attention; a battle  
 encl'rison, *v. a.* to defend by a garrison  
 encl'nder, *v. a.* to beget; produce; excite  
 encl'ine, *s.* any machine; an agent  
 encl'ine, *s.* one who manages engines, or directs the artillery of an army  
 encl'e, *v. a.* to encircle, to surround

En'glish, *a.* any thing belonging to England  
 Englu't, *v. a.* to swallow up; to pamper  
 Engo'rge, *v.* to swallow, to gorge  
 Engra'il, *v. a.* to indent in curve lines  
 Engra'in, *v. a.* to die deep, to die in grain  
 Engrap'ple, *v. n.* to close with; to contend  
 Engra've, *v. a.* to cut characters on copper, &c  
 Engra'ver, *s.* one who engraves metals, &c  
 Engra'ving, *s.* a picture engraved  
 Engro'ss, *v. a.* to purchase or monopolize the whole of any commodity, to sell it at an advanced price; to copy in a large hand  
 Enha'nce, *v. a.* to raise the price; to raise in esteem; to lift up; to aggravate  
 Enig'ma, *s.* a riddle, an obscure question  
 Enigmat'ical, *a.* obscure, doubtful  
 Enjo'in, *v. a.* to direct, to order, to prescribe  
 Enjoin'ment, *s.* a direction, a command  
 Enjo'y, *v. a.* to obtain possession of; to please, to exhilarate; to delight in  
 Enjoy'ment, *s.* happiness, fruition, pleasure  
 Enkin'dle, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame  
 Enla'rge, *v.* to increase; to expatiate  
 Enlarge'ment, *s.* an increase; a release  
 Enli'ghten, *v. a.* to illuminate; to instruct  
 Enli'nk, *v. a.* to chain to, to bind together  
 Enli'ven, *v. a.* to make lively, to animate  
 Enme'sh, *v. a.* to net, to entangle  
 En'mity, *s.* malevolence, malice, ill will  
 Ennob'le, *v. a.* to dignify, to elevate  
 Enoda'tion, *s.* the act of untying a knot  
 Enor'mity, *s.* great wickedness, villainy  
 Enor'mous, *a.* irregular, disordered; wicked in a high degree; very large, out of rule  
 Enor'mously, *ad.* beyond measure  
 Eno'ugh, *a.* sufficient—*s.* a sufficiency  
 Enra'ge, *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke  
 Enra'nge, *v. a.* to place regularly, to range  
 Enrap'ture, *v. a.* to transport with pleasure  
 Enri'ch, *v. a.* to make rich; to fertilize  
 Enri'dge, *v. a.* to form with ridges  
 Enri'pen, *v. a.* to ripen, to mature  
 Enro'be, *v. a.* to dress, to clothe, to adorn  
 Enrol', *v. a.* to register, to record, to enwrap  
 Enrol'ment, *s.* a register, a record  
 Ens, *s.* any being, or existence  
 Ensam'ple, *s.* an example, a pattern  
 Ensched'ule, *v. a.* to insert in a schedule  
 Ense'am, *v. a.* to sew up, to close up  
 Ense'ar, *v. a.* to stop with fire; to cauterise  
 Enshie'ld, *v. a.* to cover; to defend, to protect  
 Enshri'ne, *v. a.* to preserve as a holy relic  
 En'sign, *s.* a flag or standard of a regiment; the officer who carries it; a signal  
 Ensla've, *v. a.* to deprive of liberty  
 Enslav'ement, *s.* state of slavery, bondage  
 Enstee'p, *v.* to put under water, to soak  
 Ensue', *v.* to follow, to pursue; to succeed  
 Ensu'rance, *s.* exemption from hazard  
 Ensu're, *v. a.* to ascertain; to indemnify

**Entablature, Entabllement, *s.*** the architrave, frieze, and cornice of a pillar

**Entail, *s.*** an estate settled with regard to its descent; engraver's work

**Entail, *v. a.*** to settle an estate so that it cannot be bequeathed at pleasure by any subsequent possessor

**Entame, *v. a.*** to tame, to subjugate

**Entangle, *v. a.*** to twist, to puzzle, to ensnare

**Enter, *v.*** to go or come into, to set down in writing; to be engaged in; to be initiated in

**Enterling, *s.*** a passage into a place, entrance

**Enterlace, *v. a.*** to intermix, to interweave

**Enterlance, *s.*** mutual talk; a treaty

**Enterlaid, *v. n.*** to discuss an accidental point arising in dispute, before the principal cause can be decided

**Enterprise, *s.*** a hazardous undertaking

**Enterlain, *v. a.*** to talk with; to treat at table; to amuse; to foster in the mind

**Enterlaining, *part. a.*** treating, pleasing

**Enterlainment, *s.*** treatment at the table; hospitable reception; amusement; dramatic performance; conversation

**Enthron'e, *v. a.*** to set on a throne, to exalt

**Enthusiasm, *s.*** heat of imagination

**Enthusiast, *s.*** one of a hot, credulous imagination; one who thinks himself inspired: one greatly fond of any thing

**Enthusiast'ic, *a.*** over-zealous in any thing

**Ent'hymeme, *s.*** an imperfect syllogism, wanting the major or minor proposition

**Entice, *v. a.*** to allure, to attract, to invite

**Enticement, *s.*** an allurement, a bait

**Entire, *a.*** whole, undivided, unmixed

**Entirely, *ad.*** completely, fully, wholly

**Entitle, *v. a.*** to give a title or right to

**Entitled, *part.*** having a right to; named

**Ent'ity, *s.*** a real being, real existence

**Entoil, *v. a.*** to ensnare, to perplex, to take

**Entomb, *v. a.*** to put in a tomb, to bury

**Entails, *s.*** the intestines, the bowels

**Entrance, *s.*** a passage; the act of entering

**Entrance, *v. a.*** to put into a trance

**Entrap, *v. a.*** to ensnare, to take advantage of

**Entreat, *v.*** to beg earnestly, to importune

**Entreat'y, *s.*** a petition, solicitation

**Ent're, *s.*** the act of entrance; a passage

**Enubilous, *a.*** free from clouds, fair

**Enucleate, *v. a.*** to solve, clear, disentangle

**Envelop, *v. a.*** to cover, to surround, to hide

**Envenom, *v. a.*** to poison; to enrage

**Enviable, *a.*** exciting envy; excellent

**Envions, *a.*** full of envy, malicious

**Enviously, *ad.*** with envy, with malignity

**Env'ron, *v. a.*** to surround, encompass, invest

**Env'rons, *s.*** places adjacent, neighbourhood

**Enu'merate, *v. a.*** to reckon up singly

**Enumeration, *s.*** the act of counting over

**Enunciate, *v. a.*** to declare, to proclaim

**Enuncia'tion, *s.*** declaration, information

**Enun'ciative, *a.*** declarative, expressive

**En'voy, *s.*** a public minister sent from one power to another, in dignity below an ambassador; a public messenger

**En'vy, *v. a.*** to repine at the happiness of others; to hate another for any excellence; to impart unwillingly

**En'vy, *s.*** vexation at another's good

**E'pact, *s.*** eleven days of the solar above the lunar year; a Hebrew measure

**Epainet'ic, *a.*** praising, extolling, applauding

**Epaulet'e, *s.*** a shoulder-knot of lace, &c.

**Epaul'ment, *s.*** in fortification, a side wall of earth thrown up, or bags of earth, pions, fascines, &c.

**Ephem'era, *s.*** a fever that terminates in a day; an insect that lives but a day

**Ephem'erall, *a.*** diurnal, done in a day

**Ephem'eris, *s.*** an account of the daily motions and situations of the planets

**Ephem'erist, *s.*** one who studies astrology

**Ephod, *s.*** an ornament worn by Jewish priests

**Epic, *a.*** containing narrative; heroic

**Epic'e'dium, *s.*** an elegy, a funeral poem

**Epicene, *a.*** common to both sexes

**Epicure, *s.*** one wholly given to luxury

**Epicure'an, *a.*** luxurious, contributing to luxury—*s.* a follower of Epicurus

**Epidem'ic, Epidem'ical, *a.*** general, universal

**Epider'mis, *s.*** the outer skin of the body

**Ep'igram, *s.*** a short pointed poem

**Epigrammat'ic, *a.*** dealing in epigrams

**Epigrammatist, *s.*** a writer of epigrams

**Epilepsy, *s.*** a convulsion of the whole part of the body, with loss of sense

**Epilept'ic, *a.*** affected with epilepsy

**Epilogue, *s.*** a speech at the end of a play

**Epiph'any, *s.*** a festival in commemoration of our Saviour's being manifested to the world by a star, the twelfth day after Christmas

**Episcopacy, *s.*** a government by bishops

**Episcopal, *a.*** relating to a bishop

**Episode, *s.*** a narrative, or digression in a poem, separable from the main plot

**Episodical, *a.*** contained in an episode

**Epistle, *s.*** a letter; a message under cover

**Epistolary, *a.*** relating to letters, transacted by letters; suitable to letters

**Epitaph, *s.*** a monumental inscription

**Epithala'mium, *s.*** a nuptial song

**Epithet, *s.*** an adjective denoting a quality

**Epit'ome, *s.*** an abridgment, an abstract

**Epit'omise, *v. a.*** to abstract, abridge, reduce

**E'poch, Epo'cha, *s.*** the time from which dates are numbered, or computation begins

**Epo'de, *s.*** the stanza following the strophe and antistrophe in an ode

**Epope'e, *s.*** an epic or heroic poem

**Epul'ary, *a.*** belonging to a banquet, jollity

popul'ation, *s.* a feast, a banquet, jollity  
popul'ic, *s.* a healing medicament  
quabili'ty, *s.* evenness, uniformity  
quable, *a.* equal to itself, even, uniform  
qual, *s.* one of the same rank and age  
qual, *a.* like another; even, uniform, just  
qual, E'qualize, *v. a.* to make one person  
equal to another, to make even  
quality, *s.* likeness, uniformity  
quality, *ad.* in the same degree, impartially  
quanim'i'ty, *s.* evenness of mind, composure  
qua'tion, *s.* bringing things to an equality  
qua'tor, *s.* a great circle, equally distant  
from the poles of the world, dividing the  
globe into equal parts, north and south  
quatori'al, *a.* pertaining to the equator  
querry, *s.* one who has the care of the  
horses belonging to a king or prince  
questri'an, *a.* pertaining to a horseman or  
knight; belonging to the 2d rank in Rome  
quidis'tant, *a.* being at the same distance  
quifor'mity, *s.* uniform equality  
quilitat'ral, *a.* having all sides equal  
quilibrate, *v. a.* to balance equally  
quilibrium, *s.* equality of weight, equipoise  
quinoct'ial, *a.* pertaining to the equinox  
quinoc'tial, *s.* an imaginary circle in the  
heavens, under which the equator moves  
in its diurnal motion; when the sun  
crosses this line, it makes equal days and  
nights all over the world  
quinoxes, *s.* the precise times when the  
sun enters the equinoctial, making equal  
day and night; equality; even measure  
quinu'merant, *a.* having the same number  
qui'p, *v. a.* to dress or fit out, to furnish  
qui'page, *s.* attendance; horses and car-  
riages; a woman's watch and trinkets  
quip'ment, *s.* the thing equipped or fitted out  
quip'oise, *s.* an equality of weight  
quipol'ent, *a.* of equal force or power  
quipon'derant, *a.* of equal weight  
quipon'derate, *v. n.* to weigh equally  
quitable, *a.* just, impartial, candid, fair  
quitably, *ad.* impartially, justly  
quity, *s.* justice, right, honesty, impartiality  
quiv'alence, *s.* equality of worth or power  
quiv'alent, *s.* a thing of the same value  
quiv'alent, *a.* equal in value or force  
quiv'o'cal, *a.* uncertain, doubtful, ambiguous  
quiv'o'cally, *ad.* uncertainly, doubtfully  
quiv'ocate, *v. n.* to use doubtful expressions  
quivoca'tion, *s.* ambiguity of speech; delu-  
sive words, double or doubtful meaning  
quiv'ocator, *s.* one who equivocates  
ra, *s.* an epoch; a point of time  
radia'tion, *s.* a sending forth brightness  
radicate, *v. a.* to pull up by the roots  
radica'tion, *s.* the act of rooting up  
ra'se, *v. a.* to destroy, to root up, to rub out

Era'sed, *part.* expunged, scratched out  
Ere, *ad.* before, sooner than  
Ere'ct, *v. a.* to build or set up; to exalt  
Ere'ct, *a.* upright; bold, confident  
Erection, *s.* a building or raising up  
Erect'ness, *s.* an upright posture  
Erelo'ng, *ad.* before a long time passes  
E'remite, *s.* an hermit; a retired person  
Eremit'ical, *a.* religious; solitary, retired  
Ereno'w, *ad.* before this time  
Erewhi'le, *ad.* some time ago, heretofore  
Erin'go, *s.* the plant called sea-holly  
Eris'tical, *a.* controversial; relating to dispute  
Er'meline, Er'mine, *s.* a beast, or its skin  
Er'mined, *a.* clothed with ermine  
Ero'de, *v. a.* to canker, to eat away  
Eroga'tion, *s.* a giving or bestowing  
Ero'sion, *s.* the act of eating away  
Err, *v. n.* to go out of the way; to mistake  
Er'rand, *s.* a message  
Er'rant, *a.* wandering; vile, very bad  
Er'rantness, Er'rantry, *s.* an errant state  
Erra'ta, *s. pl.* faults made in printing, &c.  
Errat'ic, *a.* wandering, irregular  
Er'rhine, *a.* occasioning sneezing  
Erro'neous, *a.* subject to, or full of errors  
Erro'neously, *ad.* by mistake; falsely  
Er'ror, *s.* a mistake, blunder; sin, offence  
Erst, *ad.* when time was; first, formerly  
Erubes'cence, *s.* redness; a blush  
Eructa'tion, *s.* a belch, a sudden burst of wind  
Eru'dition, *s.* learning, knowledge  
Eru'ginous, *a.* copperish, rusty, brassy  
Eru'ption, *s.* an issuing or breaking forth with  
violence; a pustule; a humour  
Eru'ptive, *a.* bursting, or tending to burst  
Escala'de, *s.* the scaling of walls  
Escal'op, *s.* a shell-fish; oysters broiled  
Esca'pe, *v.* to get out of danger, to avoid  
Esca'pe, *s.* a getting clear from pursuit of  
danger; precipitate flight; oversight  
Esca'ped, *part.* got out of danger, &c.  
Escar'gatoire, *s.* a nursery of snails  
Eschalot', *s.* a kind of small onion  
Es'char, *s.* a mark upon a wound healed  
Escharot'ic, *a.* burning, searing; caustic  
Esche'at, *s.* any thing that falls to the lord of  
the manor as a forfeit, or on the death of  
a tenant leaving no heir  
Esche'w, *v. a.* to fly, to avoid, to shun  
Escut'cheon, *s.* a shield with arms  
Esco'rt, *s.* a convoy; a guard to a place  
Esco'rt, *v. a.* to convoy; to guard to a place  
Esco't, *v. a.* to pay a reckoning; to support  
Escou't, *s.* a listener; a spy; a scout  
Escrito'ir, *s.* a kind of desk upon drawers  
Es'culent, *a.* eatable; good for food  
Espal'ier, *s.* a dwarf tree planted in rails  
Espe'cial, *a.* principal, chief, leading  
Espi'al, *s.* one sent out to spy; a scout

**Espous'al, a.** relating to espousals  
**Espous'ais, s. pl.** the act of contracting or affiancing a man and woman to each other  
**Espou'se, v. a.** to engage for marriage, to marry; to take upon; to defend  
**Espy', v.** to see at a distance; to watch  
**Esqui're, s.** a title next below a knight  
**Essa'y, v. a.** to try, to attempt, to endeavour  
**Es'say, s.** a trial, endeavour, experiment  
**Es'sence, s.** the nature, substance, or being of any thing; existence; a perfume; a smell  
**Es'sence, v. a.** to perfume, to scent  
**Essen'tial, a.** necessary, very important  
**Essen'tial, s.** existence; a chief point  
**Essen'tially, ad.** constitutionally, necessarily, by the constitution of nature  
**Esso'ine, s.** an excuse for non-appearance  
**Estab'lish, v. a.** to settle; to make firm  
**Estab'lished, part.** settled, firmly fixed  
**Estab'lishment, s.** a settlement, a salary  
**Esta'te, s.** a fortune; rank, condition of life  
**Este'em, v. a.** to value, to think well of  
**Este'em, s.** high value in opinion; regard  
**Es'timable, a.** worthy of esteem  
**Es'timate, v. a.** to rate, to set a value on  
**Es'timate, s.** a calculation; a set price or value; computation; assignment of value  
**Estima'tion, s.** esteem, opinion; a valuing  
**E'stival, a.** relating to the summer  
**Estra'dc, s.** a level place; a public road  
**Estra'nge, v.** to alienate; to become strange  
**Estra'gement, s.** distance; a removal  
**Estre'at, s.** a true copy of an original writing  
**Es'tuary, s.** an arm of the sea; a frith  
**Es'ture, s.** violence, commotion  
**Es'urine, a.** corroding, eating, consuming  
**Et'ching, s.** a way of making or preparing copperplates for printing, by eating in the figures with prepared aqua-fortis  
**Eter'nal, a.** perpetual, endless, everlasting  
**Eter'nalize, Eter'nize, v. a.** to immortalize, to make eternal; to beatify  
**Eter'nity, s.** duration without end  
**E'ther, s.** pure air, a pure element  
**Ethe'real, a.** heavenly; refined, pure  
**Eth'ic, Eth'ical, a.** moral, relating to morals  
**Eth'ics, s. pl.** the doctrine of morality  
**Eth'nic, a.** heathenish—s. a heathen, a pagan  
**Etiol'ogy, s.** account of the causes of any thing  
**Et'wee-case, s.** a case for pocket instruments, as knife, scissars, &c.  
**Etymolo'gical, a.** relating to etymology  
**Etymo'logy, s.** the derivation of words  
**Et'ymon, s.** an origin; a primitive word  
**Evac'uare, v. a.** to make void, empty; quit  
**Evacua'tion, s.** a discharge, an abolition, an emptying; an ejaculation, &c.  
**Eva'de, v.** to avoid, to equivocate, to shift off  
**Evanes'cent, a.** imperceptible, vanishing  
**Evangel'ical, a.** agreeable to the gospel  
**Evan'elist, s.** a writer or preacher of the gospel; a bringer of good tidings  
**Evan'elize, v. n.** to preach the gospel  
**Evan'id, a.** faint, weak, vanishing  
**Evap'orate, v.** to resolve into vapours, to breathe or steam out; to fume away  
**Evapora'tion, s.** a flying away in fumes  
**Eva'sion, s.** an excuse, equivocation, artifice  
**Eva'sive, a.** equivocating, shuffling, elusive  
**Euch'arist, s.** the act of thanksgiving; the sacrament of the Lord's Supper  
**Eucharist'ical, a.** of or belonging to the Lord's Supper; relating to the Eucharist  
**Eu'crasy, s.** a good habit of body  
**Eve, s.** the contraction of Evening; close of the day; the day before a festival  
**E'ven, a.** level, parallel; calm, uniform  
**Evenhand'ed, a.** impartial, just, equitable  
**E'vening, E'ven, s.** the close of the day  
**E'venly, ad.** impartially, uniformly; level  
**E'venness, s.** regularity, calmness, uniformity  
**E'ven-song, s.** the evening worship  
**Eve'nt, s.** an end, issue, consequence, incident  
**Event'ful, a.** full of incidents or changes  
**E'ven-tide, s.** the time of the evening  
**E'ven'tilate, v. a.** to winnow; to sift out; examine; to discuss; to investigate  
**Event'ual, a.** consequential; accidental  
**Ev'er, ad.** at any time; eternally, always  
**Everbub'bling, part.** always boiling up  
**Everburn'ing, part.** unextinguished  
**Evergreen, s.** a plant all the year green  
**Everlast'ing, a.** perpetual, without end  
**Everlast'ing, Everlast'ingness, s.** eternity  
**Everliv'ing, a.** living always, immortal  
**Evermo're, ad.** eternally, without end  
**Ever'sion, s.** the act of overthrowing  
**Eve'rt, v. a.** to overthrow, to destroy  
**Eve'ry, a.** each one of all, belonging to all  
**Eve'rywhere, ad.** in every place  
**Evi'ct, v. a.** to dispossess; to take away  
**Evi'cted, part.** taken away; proved  
**Evi'ction, s.** a proof, evidence, conviction  
**Evi'dence, s.** a testimony; a witness  
**Evi'dent, a.** plain, apparent; notorious  
**Evi'dently, ad.** apparently, plainly, certainly  
**E'vil, a.** wicked, mischievous, bad, corrupt  
**E'vil, E'vilness, s.** wickedness; calamity  
**Evi'mind'ed, a.** malicious, wicked  
**Evi'speak'ing, s.** defamation, slander  
**Evi'nce, v. a.** to prove, to make plain  
**Evi'scerate, v. a.** to disembowel; to search  
**Evi'table, a.** that may be avoided  
**Evi'tate, v. a.** to avoid, to shun; to escape  
**Eul'oogy, see El'oogy**  
**Eun'uch, s.** one who is emasculated  
**Evo'cation, s.** a calling out or from  
**Evo'ke, v. a.** to call out, summon, invoke  
**Evo'lution, s.** the act of flying away  
**Eve'lve, v. a.** to unfold, to disentangle

olution, *s.* an unfolding; a displaying; extracting; doubling; wheeling, &c.  
 ph'rasy, *s.* the herb eyebright  
 roclydon, *s.* a tempestuous N. E. wind  
 rope'an, *a.* belonging to Europe  
 ul'sion, *s.* a plucking out or away  
 re, *s.* a female sheep  
 ver, *s.* a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands  
 acerbation, *s.* the height of a disease  
 w't, *a.* nice, accurate, methodical  
 w't, *v. a.* to force; to extort; to enjoin  
 ad'ed, *part.* demanded, imposed  
 action, *s.* extortion, a severe tribute  
 act'ly, *ad.* accurately, nicely, fitly  
 act'ness, *s.* accurateness, regularity  
 ag'gerate, *v. a.* to heighten, to aggravate, to enlarge or amplify; to heap up  
 ag'geration, *s.* the act of heaping up; aggravation; an enlarging, amplification  
 ag'gitate, *v. a.* to stir up, to disquiet  
 alt, *v. a.* to lift up, to extol, to magnify  
 alt'ation, *s.* the act of raising up  
 am'ination, Exa'men, *s.* critical disquisition; a questioning; a trial or proof  
 am'ine, *v. a.* to ask questions; to consider  
 am'iner, *s.* one who examines  
 ampl'ary, *a.* serving for example  
 am'ple, *s.* a pattern, or model, precedent  
 an'imate, *a.* lifeless, spiritless, dead  
 ant'late, *v. a.* to draw out; to exhaust  
 as'perate, *v. a.* to vex, provoke, enrage  
 asperation, *s.* a strong provocation  
 au'torate, *v. a.* to deprive of a benefice  
 car'nate, *v. a.* to clear from flesh  
 cav'ate, *v. a.* to cut into, or make hollow  
 ce'd, *v.* to surpass, to excel, to go too far  
 ce'ding, *part. a.* great in quantity, &c.  
 ce'dingly, *ad.* to a great degree  
 ce'l, *v.* to surpass, outdo; to be eminent  
 cel'ence, *s.* eminency, dignity; purity, goodness; a title of honour  
 cel'ent, *a.* being of great virtue; notable  
 cel'ently, *ad.* well; to an eminent degree  
 ce'pt, *v.* to leave out, to exempt, to object to  
 ce'pt, Except'ing, *prep.* unless; with exception of; without inclusion of  
 ce'ption, *s.* an exclusion; objection, cavil  
 ceptionable, *a.* liable to objection  
 cept'ious, *a.* peevish, froward  
 cept'ive, *a.* including an exception  
 cept'less, *a.* omitting all exceptions  
 cept'or, *s.* one who objects  
 ce'n, *v. a.* to strain out, to separate  
 ce'rpt, *a.* plucked off; chosen, culled out  
 ce'ption, *s.* act of gleaning; selecting  
 ce'ss, *s.* superfluity, intemperance  
 ce'ssive, *a.* beyond due bounds  
 ce'ssively, *ad.* exceedingly; in a great degree, eminently

Excha'nge, *v. a.* to give one thing for another; to barter; to truck  
 Excha'nge, *s.* the act of bartering; the place where merchants meet; the balance of money of different nations  
 Exche'quer, *s.* the court where the public revenues are received and paid  
 Excise, *s.* a tax levied upon commodities  
 Excise'able, *a.* liable to the excise  
 Excise'man, *s.* an inspector of excised goods  
 Excis'ion, *s.* extirpation; destruction  
 Excitation, *s.* the act of stirring up  
 Excite', *v. a.* to rouse, to animate, to stir up  
 Excitem'ent, *s.* the motive that excites  
 Excla'm, *v. n.* to cry out, to make an outcry  
 Exclama'tion, *s.* a clamour, an outcry; a note thus [!] subjoined to a pathetical sentence  
 Exclam'atory, *a.* pertaining to exclamation  
 Exclu'de, *v. a.* to shut out; debar; prohibit  
 Exclu'sion, *s.* a rejection; act of shutting out  
 Exclu'sive, *a.* debarring, excepting  
 Exclu'sively, *ad.* without admission of another  
 Exco'gitate, *v. a.* to invent; to hit off  
 Exco'gitation, *s.* an invention, a device  
 Excommu'nicate, *v. a.* to censure; to exclude  
 Excommu'nication, *s.* an ecclesiastical interdict, or exclusion from the fellowship of the church  
 Exco'riate, *v. a.* to strip off the skin  
 Excoria'tion, *s.* loss of skin; plunder, spoil  
 Excortica'tion, *s.* pulling off the bark  
 Ex'cre'm, *s.* human soil, dung, &c.  
 Excre'ment' al, *a.* voided as excrement  
 Excre'cence, *s.* a tumour; superfluous flesh, &c. growing on any part of the body  
 Excre'tion, *s.* ejection of animal substance  
 Ex'cre'tive, *a.* able to eject excrements  
 Excu'c'ate, *v. a.* to torture, to torment  
 Excu'c'ate, Excu'c'ated, *part.* tormented  
 Excu'ba'tion, *s.* act of watching all night  
 Excu'l'pate, *v. a.* to clear from imputation  
 Excu'sion, *s.* a digression; ramble; inroad  
 Excu'sable, *a.* pardonable  
 Excu'se, *v. a.* to extenuate, remit, pardon  
 Excu'se, *s.* an apology; a plea; a pardon  
 Excu'sless, *a.* without excuse, inexcusable  
 Excu'ss, *v. a.* to seize and detain by law  
 Ex'cre'able, *a.* hateful, detestable  
 Ex'cre'ably, *ad.* cursedly, abominably  
 Ex'cra'te, *v. a.* to curse, to wish ill to  
 Execra'tion, *s.* a curse; an imprecation of evil  
 Ex'e't, *v. a.* to cut out or away  
 Ex'cute, *v. a.* to perform, to put to death  
 Ex'ecuter, *s.* one who executes, or performs  
 Execu'tion, *s.* a performance; a seizure; death inflicted by forms of law  
 Execu'tioner, *s.* he that inflicts punishments  
 Execu'tive, *a.* having power to act  
 Execu'tor, *s.* he that is entrusted to perform the will of the testator

**E**xec'utrix, *s.* a female executor  
**E**xem'plar, *s.* a pattern, a copy, an example  
**E**xemplary, *a.* worthy of imitation  
**E**xemplify, *v. a.* to illustrate, to copy  
**E**xempt, *v. a.* to privilege, to free from  
**E**xemption, *s.* immunity, privilege  
**E**xen'terate, *v. a.* to take out the bowels  
**E**xequies, *s.* funeral rites  
**E**xer'cent, *a.* practising, following a calling  
**E**x'ercise, *v.* to employ, to practise, to exert  
**E**x'e'cise, *s.* labour; practice; performance  
**E**xer'cition, *s.* exercise, practice, use  
**E**xer't, *v. a.* to thrust out, enforce; perform  
**E**xer'tion, *s.* the act of exerting, an effort  
**E**xec'tion, *s.* the act of eating through  
**E**xes'tu'tion, *s.* state of boiling, ebullition  
**E**xfol'iate, *v. n.* to shell off, to peel off  
**E**xhala'tion, *s.* evaporation, fume, vapour  
**E**xha'le, *v. a.* to send or draw-out vapour  
**E**xha'lement, *s.* matter exhaled, a vapour  
**E**xhau'st, *v. a.* to draw out totally, to waste  
**E**xhaust'less, *a.* not to be emptied  
**E**xhib'it, *v. a.* to produce, show, offer to view  
**E**xhib'ited, *part.* shown, produced  
**E**xhib'iter, *s.* he that offers any thing  
**E**xhib'i'tion, *s.* display; allowance, pension  
**E**xhil'arate, *v. a.* to make cheerful  
**E**xho'rt, *v. a.* to incite to any good action  
**E**xhorta'tion, *s.* an incitement to good  
**E**xhor'tative, *E*xhor'tatory, *a.* encouraging  
 to good; serving to exhort  
**E**x'i'gence, *s.* demand, want, necessity  
**E**x'i'gent, *s.* a pressing business; a writ  
**E**xig'u'ous, *a.* small, diminutive, slender  
**E**xile, *v. a.* to banish, to transport  
**E**xile, *s.* banishment, a person banished  
**E**xist', *v. n.* to be, to have a being, to live  
**E**xist'ence, *E*xist'ency, *s.* a state of being  
**E**xist'ent, *a.* in being, possessed of existence  
**E**xit', *s.* a departure, a going out; death  
**E**xodus, *s.* a journey from a place; the 2d  
 book of Moses, so called because it describes  
 the journey of the Israelites from Egypt  
**E**xon'erate, *v. a.* to unload, to disburden  
**E**xonera'tion, *s.* the act of disburdening  
**E**xopta'tion, *s.* an earnest wish or desire  
**E**xor'able, *a.* that which may be prevailed on  
**E**xor'bance, *s.* enormity, great depravity  
**E**xor'bitant, *a.* excessive, extravagant  
**E**x'orcise, *v. a.* to cast out evil spirits  
**E**xorcist, *s.* a caster out of evil spirits  
**E**xordium, *s.* introduction to a discourse  
**E**xot'ic, *a.* foreign—*s.* a foreign plant  
**E**xpa'nd, *v. a.* to spread, to dilate, to enlarge  
**E**xpa'nse, *s.* an even, wide, extended body  
**E**xpan'sion, *s.* act of spreading out, extent  
**E**xpan'sive, *a.* extensive, spreading  
**E**xpa'tiate, *v. n.* to range at large, enlarge on  
**E**xpa'triated, *part.* banished from home  
**E**xpe'ct, *v. n.* to wait for, to attend for, to stay

**E**xpect'ancy, *s.* something expected; hope  
**E**xpect'ant, *a.* waiting in expectation  
**E**xpecta'tion, *s.* the act of expecting  
**E**xpectorate, *v. a.* to eject from the breast  
**E**xpectora'tion, *s.* a discharge by coughing  
**E**xpe'dience, *s.* fitness, propriety; haste  
**E**xpe'dient, *a.* proper, convenient; quick  
**E**xpe'dient, *s.* a method, a way, a device  
**E**x'pedite, *v. a.* to facilitate, hasten, despatch  
**E**xpe'dite, *a.* quick, ready, agile, nimble  
**E**xpedi'tion, *s.* activity; warlike enterprise  
**E**xpedi'tious, *a.* quick, nimble, alert  
**E**xpedi'tiously, *ad.* quickly, nimbly  
**E**xpe'l, *v. a.* to drive out, to banish, to expel  
**E**xpe'nd, *v. a.* to lay out, spend, consume  
**E**xpe'nsé, *s.* cost, charges, money expended  
**E**xpe'nsless, *a.* without cost or charge  
**E**xpe'sive, *a.* given to expense, costly  
**E**xpe'rience, *s.* practical knowledge  
**E**xpe'rience, *v. a.* to try, to know by practice  
**E**xpe'rienced, *part.* *a.* skilful by experience  
**E**xpe'ment, *s.* essay, trial, proof of anything  
**E**xperiment'al, *a.* formed by observation  
**E**xpe'rt, *a.* skilful, ready, dexterous  
**E**xpertly, *ad.* skilfully, readily, dexterously  
**E**xpert'ness, *s.* skill, art, readiness  
**E**x'piable, *a.* that which may be atoned for  
**E**xpi'ate, *v. a.* to atone for a crime  
**E**xpi'a'tion, *s.* the act of atoning for a crime  
**E**xpi'a'tory, *a.* having the power of expiation  
**E**xpira'tion, *s.* respiration; an end; death  
**E**xpi're, *v.* to breathe out, to exhale; to expire  
**E**xpla'in, *v. a.* to expound, to illustrate  
**E**xplana'tion, *s.* act of making plain; an explanation  
**E**xplan'atory, *a.* containing explanation  
**E**x'pulsive, *s.* a word or syllable used merely  
 to fill up a vacancy  
**E**x'plicable, *a.* that which may be explained  
**E**x'plicate, *v. a.* to unfold, expand, explain  
**E**xpli'ca'tion, *s.* act of opening, or explaining  
**E**xpli'cit, *a.* unfolded, clear, plain, distinct  
**E**xpli'cily, *ad.* plainly, distinctly, clearly  
**E**xplo'de, *v. a.* to treat with scorn and disdaining  
**E**xplo'it, *s.* a great action, an achievement  
**E**xplo're, *v. a.* to search into, to examine  
**E**xplo'sion, *s.* the act of driving out with  
 noise and violence  
**E**xplo'sive, *a.* driving out with noise, &c.  
**E**xport', *s.* a commodity sent to a foreign  
 market  
**E**xpo'rt, *v. a.* to send out of a country  
**E**xporta'tion, *s.* sending of goods, &c. abroad  
**E**xpo'se, *v. a.* to lay open, to make bare; to  
 put in danger; to censure  
**E**xposi'tion, *s.* an explanation; situation  
**E**xpos'i'tor, *s.* an explainer, an interpreter  
**E**xpostu'late, *v. n.* to debate, to argue  
**E**xpostula'tion, *s.* discussion of an affair without  
 anger; debate, altercation  
**E**xpo'sure, *s.* an exposing to sight; situation

Expo'und, *v. a.* to explain, unfold, lay open  
Expound'er, *n.* an explainer, an interpreter  
Expre'ss, *v. a.* to declare, to pronounce, to represent, to denote; to squeeze out  
Expre'ss, *a.* plain, manifest, clear  
Expre'ss, *n.* a courier; a message sent  
Expre'sible, *a.* that may be uttered  
Expre'ssion, *s.* a phrase; mode of speech; act of representing any thing; act of squeezing or forcing out any thing, as by a press  
Expre'ssive, *a.* proper to express; strong  
Expre'ssly, *ad.* in direct terms, clearly  
Expre'sure, *s.* expression, utterance  
Exprob'a'tion, *s.* reproachful accusation  
Exprop'riate, *v. a.* to part with, to give up  
Expu'gn, *v. a.* to overcome, to take by assault  
Expu'lse, *v. a.* to expel, drive out, force away  
Expu'sion, *s.* act of expelling or driving out  
Expu'sive, *a.* having power to expel  
Expu'ng, *v. a.* to blot out, to efface  
Expu'gatory, *a.* used in purifying or purging  
Exquisite, *a.* excellent, choice, curious  
Exquisitely, *ad.* perfectly, completely  
Exquisiteness, *s.* curiosities, perfection  
Exsibila'tion, *s.* act of hissing off the stage  
Exsic'cant, *a.* drying, having power to dry  
Exsic'cate, *v. a.* to dry, to dry up  
Exsuda'tion, *s.* a sweating, an extillation  
Extancy, *s.* parts rising above the rest  
Extant, *a.* now in being, standing in view  
Extem'porary, *a.* not premeditated  
Extem'pore, *ad.* without premeditation  
Extem'porize, *v. n.* to speak extempore  
Exte'nd, *v. a.* to stretch out, widen, enlarge  
Exten'sible, *a.* capable of extension  
Exten'sion, *s.* the act of extending  
Exten'sive, *a.* wide, large, general, capacious  
Exten'sively, *ad.* widely, largely  
Exten'siveness, *s.* largeness, diffusiveness  
Exte'nt, *s.* the circumference of any thing; in law, a seizure  
Exten'tuate, *v. a.* to lessen, palliate, diminish  
Exten'tu'ation, *s.* mitigation, palliation  
Exte'rior, *a.* outward, external  
Extermi'nate, *v. a.* to root out, drive away  
Extermina'tion, *s.* destruction; excision  
Exte'rn, Extern'al, *a.* visible, outward  
Extern'ally, Exte'riorly, *ad.* outwardly  
Exter'sion, *s.* the act of rubbing off  
Exti'l, *v. n.* to drop from, to distil from  
Extilla'tion, *s.* the act of falling in drops  
Extim'ulate, *v. a.* to incite by stimulation  
Exti'nct, *a.* extinguished, put out; dead  
Extinc'tion, *s.* act of quenching or extinguishing; destruction, suppression  
Extin'guish, *v. a.* to put out, to destroy, to obscure, to suppress  
Extin'guishable, *a.* that may be quenched  
Extin'guisher, *s.* a hollow cone placed on a burning candle to extinguish it

Extirp'a'te, *v. a.* to root out, to destroy  
Extirpa'tion, *s.* act of rooting out, excision  
Exto'l, *v. a.* to praise, to magnify, to laud  
Exto'rt, *v. a.* to draw by force, to wrest or wring from one, to gain by violence  
Extor'ction, *s.* an unlawful exaction of more than is due; oppression  
Extor'ctioner, *s.* one who practises extortion  
Extra'ct, *v. a.* to draw out of, to select  
Ex'tract, *s.* the substance extracted; the chief heads of a book; an epitome; a quotation  
Extraction, *s.* act of drawing out; lineage  
Extrajudi'cial, *a.* out of the course of law  
Extramis'sion, *s.* an emitting outwards  
Extramund'ane, *a.* beyond the limits of the universe; in the infinite void space  
Extra'neous, *a.* foreign, of different substance, irrelevant, unconnected  
Extra'ordinarily, *ad.* remarkably, eminently  
Extraor'dinary, *a.* eminent, not common  
Extraparo'chial, *a.* out of the parish bounds  
Extrareg'u'lar, *a.* not subject to rule  
Extrav'a'gance, *s.* prodigality, irregularity  
Extrav'a'gent, *a.* wasteful, wild, irregular  
Extrav'a'gantly, *ad.* wildly; in an unreasonable degree; luxuriously, wastefully  
Extrav'a'sated, *a.* out of its proper vessel  
Extrave'nate, *a.* let out of the veins  
Extre'me, *a.* greatest, utmost, last, very urgent, immoderate, of the highest degree  
Extre'me, *s.* the utmost point, highest degree of any thing, extremity, end  
Extre'mely, *ad.* greatly, in the utmost degree  
Extrem'i'ty, *s.* remotest parts; necessity; rigour; emergency, violence of passion  
Ex'tricate, *v. a.* to disentangle, to clear  
Extrica'tion, *s.* the act of disentangling  
Extrin'sic, *a.* external, outward  
Extru'ct, *v. a.* to build, to raise, to form  
Extru'de, *v. a.* to throw out, to thrust off  
Extru'sion, *s.* act of thrusting out or from  
Extu'berance, *s.* a swelling or bunching out; a knob or protuberant part  
Exu'berance, *s.* overgrowth, luxuriance  
Exu'berant, *a.* overabundant, luxuriant  
Exuc'cous, *a.* without moisture, dry  
Exuda'tion, *s.* a sweating out, perspiration  
Exu'date, Exu'de, *v. n.* to discharge by sweat  
Exul'cerate, *v. a.* to make sore with an ulcer; to corrode; to irritate with virulence  
Exu'lt, *v. n.* to rejoice, to triumph, to glory  
Exulta'tion, Exulta'tion, *s.* joy, transport  
Exunda'tion, *s.* overflow, abundance  
Exu'perable, *a.* conquerable, vincible  
Exu'berant, *a.* overbalancing, exceeding  
Exus'citate, *v. a.* to rouse from sleep, stir up  
Exus'tion, *s.* consumption by fire  
Exu'viae, *s.* the cast skins or shells of animals; whatever is thrown off, or shed; the scum; the refuse

**Ey'as**, *s.* a young hawk taken from the nest  
**Eye**, *s.* the organ of sight; aspect, regard  
**Eye**, *v. a.* to watch, to keep in view  
**Eye-ball**, *s.* the pupil or apple of the eye  
**Eye-brow**, *s.* the hairy arch over the eye  
**Eye-lash**, *s.* hair on the edge of the eyelid  
**Eye-less**, *a.* without eyes, sightless, blind  
**Eye-let**, *s.* a small hole for the light, &c.  
**Eye-lid**, *s.* the membrane covering the eye

**Eye-shot**, *s.* a sight, glance, transient view  
**Eye-sight**, *s.* the sight of the eye  
**Eye-sore**, *s.* something offensive to the sight  
**Eye-tooth**, *s.* the tooth next the grinders  
**Eyewit'ness**, *s.* an ocular evidence  
**Eyre**, *s.* the court of justices itinerant, called from their going the circuits and holding assizes  
**Ey'ry**, *s.* a place where birds of prey build

## F.

**F** THE sixth letter in the alphabet; in music, it expresses a note; also one of the keys of the gamut; it stands likewise as an abbreviation for *forte, strong* and *loud*; in medical prescriptions, it stands for *flat, let it be done*; after a person's name, it means *felow*, as F. R. S. *Fellow of the Royal Society*

**Faba'ceous**, *a.* having the nature of a bean  
**Fable**, *s.* an instructive fiction; a falsehood  
**Fable**, *v. to feign, to tell falsely*  
**Fab'led**, *part.* told in fables or romances  
**Fab'ric**, *s.* a building, an edifice; a system  
**Fab'ricate**, *v. a.* to build; to frame, to forge  
**Fab'ulist**, *s.* one who writes fables  
**Fab'ulous**, *a.* feigned, full of fables, forged  
**Face**, *s.* the visage; front; superficies of any thing; appearance; boldness  
**Face**, *v. a.* to meet in front, to oppose boldly; to stand opposite to; to cover with an additional surface  
**Fa'cet**, *s.* a small irregular surface  
**Face'tious**, *a.* gay, cheerful, witty, lively  
**Face'tiousness**, *s.* gaiety, drollery  
**Fa'cile**, *a.* easy, not difficult; pliant, flexible  
**Fa'cilitate**, *v. a.* to make clear or easy  
**Fa'cility**, *s.* easiness, readiness, affability  
**Fa'cing**, *part.* set over against, opposite to  
**Fa'cing**, *s.* an ornamental covering  
**Faci'rous**, *a.* villainous, detestable, bad  
**Fact**, *s.* action or deed; thing done; reality  
**Faction**, *s.* a party or cabal; a tumult  
**Fac'tious**, *s.* given to faction, seditious  
**Faci'tious**, *a.* made by art, artificial  
**Fact'or**, *s.* an agent for another, a deputy  
**Fact'ory**, *s.* a district inhabited by traders in a foreign country; mercantile agents  
**Facto'tum**, *s.* a servant employed alike in all kinds of business  
**Fac'ulty**, *s.* ability; power of mind; dexterity  
**Facun'dy**, *s.* eloquence, easiness of speech  
**Fad'dle**, *v. n.* to trifle, to toy, to play  
**Fade**, *v. to wither, grow weak, wear away*  
**Fadge**, *v. n.* to suit, to fit; not to quarrel

**Fa'ces**, *s.* excrements; dregs, dross  
**Fag**, *v. a.* to grow weary, to labour  
**Fag, Fag'end**, *s.* the worst end of a thing  
**Fag'ot**, *s.* a bundle of wood for fuel, &c.  
**Fail**, *v. to become a bankrupt; to desert; to omit; to neglect; to decay, perish, die*  
**Fa'iling, Fa'ilure**, *s.* a deficiency, a lapse, becoming insolvent; omission; slip  
**Fain**, *a.* glad, forced, obliged—*ad.* gladly  
**Faint**, *a.* languid, weak, cowardly  
**Faint**, *v. n.* to decay; to sink motionless  
**Faintheart'ed**, *a.* cowardly, timidous  
**Faint'ing**, *s.* temporary loss of animal motion  
**Faint'ish**, *a.* rather faint or low  
**Faint'ly**, *ad.* languidly, timidously, feebly  
**Faint'ness**, *s.* feebleness, dejection  
**Fair**, *a.* beautiful; clear; favourable; just  
**Fair**, *ad.* gently, civilly; successfully  
**Fair**, *s.* the female sex; a free market  
**Fair'ing**, *s.* a present given at a fair  
**Fair'ly**, *ad.* honestly, plainly, beautifully  
**Fair'ness**, *s.* honesty, candour; beauty  
**Fa'iry**, *s.* an enchantress, an elf, a fay  
**Fa'iry**, *a.* given by or belonging to fairies  
**Faith**, *s.* belief, fidelity, confidence  
**Faith'ful**, *a.* firm to the truth, sincere, loyal  
**Faith'fully**, *ad.* sincerely, honestly  
**Faith'fulness**, *s.* honesty, veracity, loyalty  
**Faith'less**, *a.* unbelieving; perfidious  
**Fal'cated**, *a.* hooked, bent like a scythe  
**Fal'chion**, *s.* a kind of short crooked sword  
**Fal'con**, *s.* a small hawk trained for sport  
**Fal'coner**, *s.* one who trains falcons  
**Fal'conet**, *s.* a small piece of ordnance  
**Fall**, *v. n.* to drop down; decrease; happen  
**Fall**, *s.* act of falling; ruin, downfall  
**Fall'a'cious**, *a.* producing mistake; sophistical, deceitful, false; mocking expectation  
**Fal'acy**, *s.* sophism, deceitful argument, craft  
**Fallibil'ity**, *s.* liableness to be deceived  
**Fal'lible**, *a.* liable to error, frail  
**Fall'ing**, *s.* an indenting; a sinking; sin  
**Fall'ing-sick'ness**, *s.* the epilepsy  
**Fal'low**, *v. n.* to plough; in order to plough

flow, *a.* uncultivated, neglected  
 false, *a.* not true, not just, counterfeit  
 falsehood, *a.* treacherous, perfidious  
 falsely, *ad.* not truly, erroneously  
 falsehood, Fal'sity, *s.* a lie, an untruth  
 false, *a.* making false, dealing falsely  
 falsify, *v.* to counterfeit, to forge, to tell lies  
 falter, *v. n.* to hesitate in speech; stumble  
 faltering, *part. a.* stammering; stumbling  
 fame, *s.* honour, renown, glory, report  
 famed, *a.* renowned, celebrated  
 nameless, *a.* without fame, obscure  
 familiar, *a.* domestic, affable, unceremonious  
 familiar, *s.* an intimate; a demon  
 familiarity, *s.* intimate correspondence, easy  
 intercourse, acquaintance  
 familiarize, *v. a.* to make easy by habit  
 familiarly, *ad.* unceremoniously, easily  
 family, *s.* a household; race, generation  
 famine, *s.* scarcity of food, dearth  
 fast, *v.* to starve, to die of hunger  
 famous, *a.* renowned, celebrated  
 famously, *ad.* renownedly, with celebrity  
 fan, *s.* an instrument made of silk, paper,  
 &c., used by ladies to cool themselves;  
 utensil to winnow corn  
 fan, *v. a.* to winnow corn; to cool by a fan  
 fanatic, *s.* an enthusiast, a visionary  
 fanatic, Fanat'ical, *a.* enthusiastic  
 fanaticism, *s.* a religious frenzy, enthusiasm  
 fanciful, *a.* imaginative, whimsical  
 fancifully, *ad.* capriciously, imaginarily  
 fancy, *s.* imagination, thought; taste; ca-  
 non, frolic; inclination, idle scheme  
 fancy, *v.* to imagine; to like, to be pleased  
 with; to pourtray in the mind, to imagine  
 fan, *s.* a temple; a weathercock  
 faron, *s.* a bully, a hector, a blusterer  
 farona'de, *s.* a bluster; parade, boast  
 fawn, *s.* the long tusk of an animal, a talon  
 fang, *s.* part. furnished with fangs  
 fable, *s.* a silly attempt, a trifling scheme  
 fated, *a.* vainly fond of novelty  
 fal'con, *s.* a sort of scarf worn about the left  
 arm of a mass priest when he officiates  
 fantastical, Fantas'tical, *a.* irrational, imagin-  
 ary, capricious, whimsical  
 fancy, *s.* imagination, idea, humour  
 far distant, remote—*ad.* to great extent  
 farce, *s.* a ludicrous dramatic representation  
 farcical, *a.* relating to a farce; droll  
 far'ly, *s.* the leprosy of horses  
 far'ly, *s.* a bundle, a pack, a burden  
 far'ly, *s.* provisions; hire of carriages, &c.  
 far'ly, *v. n.* to go, to travel; to happen to any  
 well or ill; to feed, to eat  
 farewell, *ad.* the parting compliment, adieu  
 far'ned, *a.* brought from places distant;  
 torostrated, unnatural  
 far'vous, *a.* mealy, tasting like meal

Farm, *s.* land occupied by a farmer  
 Farm'er, *s.* one who cultivates ground  
 Far'most, *a.* most distant, most remote  
 Farra'ginous, *a.* made of different ingredients  
 Farra'go, *s.* a medley, a confused mass  
 Far'rier, *s.* a horse-doctor; a shoer of horses  
 Far'row, *s.* a litter of pigs—*v. a.* to pig  
 Far'ther, *a.* more remote, longer  
 Far'ther, *v. a.* to promote, to facilitate  
 Far'thermore, *ad.* besides, moreover  
 Far'thest, *a.* at or to the greatest distance  
 Far'thing, *s.* the fourth part of a penny  
 Far'thingale, *s.* a hoop to spread the petticoat  
 Fas'ces, *s.* a bundle of rods anciently carried  
 before the Roman consuls  
 Fascia'tion, *s.* a bandage, a tying up  
 Fasic'ular, *a.* of or belonging to a bundle  
 Fas'cinate, *v. a.* to bewitch, to enchant  
 Fascina'tion, *s.* enchantment, witchcraft  
 Fas'cine, *s.* a faggot or bavin  
 Fas'cinous, *a.* acting by enchantment  
 Fash'ion, *s.* form, manner, custom, mode  
 Fash'ion, *v. a.* to form, fit, mould, shape  
 Fash'ionable, *a.* approved by custom, modish  
 Fash'ionably, *ad.* conformably to custom  
 Fash'ioned, *part.* formed, framed, adapted  
 Fast, *v. n.* to abstain from all food  
 Fast, *s.* an abstinence from food  
 Fast, *a.* firm, strong, fixed, sound; swift  
 Fast'en, *v. a.* to make fast, to cement  
 Fast'en'er, *s.* one that makes fast or firm  
 Fast'anded, *a.* close-handed, niggardly  
 Fastid'ious, *a.* disdainful, squeamish  
 Fast'ness, *s.* firmness, strength; a strong place  
 Fas'tuous, *a.* proud, haughty  
 Fat, *a.* plump, fleshy, coarse; rich  
 Fat, *s.* an oily and sulphureous part of the  
 blood; a vessel in which any thing is put  
 to ferment, commonly written vat  
 Fat, *v.* to make fat, to fatten, to grow fat  
 Fa'tal, *a.* deadly, mortal, inevitable  
 Fa'talist, *s.* one who maintains that all things  
 happen by inevitable necessity  
 Fatal'ity, *s.* predestination, a decree of fate  
 Fa'tally, *ad.* mortally, destructively  
 Fate, *s.* destiny; death; cause of death  
 Fa'ted, *a.* decreed by fate; determined  
 Fa'ther, *s.* one who begets a child  
 Fa'ther, *v. a.* to adopt a child; to ascribe  
 Fa'therhood, *s.* the character of a father  
 Fa'ther-in-law, *s.* father of one's husband, &c.  
 Fa'therless, *a.* without a father; destitute  
 Fa'therly, *a.* paternal, tender, careful  
 Fa'thom, *s.* a measure of six feet  
 Fa'thomless, *a.* bottomless; impenetrable  
 Fa'tid'ical, *a.* having the power to foretel  
 Fa'tiferous, *a.* deadly, mortal  
 Fa'tigue, *s.* weariness, labour, lassitude  
 Fa'tigue, *v. a.* to tire, to weary, to perplex

Fat'ling, *s.* a young animal fed for slaughter  
 Fat'ness, *s.* plumpness, fertility  
 Fat'ten, *v.* to make fleshy, to grow fat  
 Fat'uity, *s.* foolishness, weakness of mind  
 Fat'uous, *a.* stupid, foolish, impotent  
 Fav'ious, *a.* consisting of ashes  
 Fault, *s.* an offence, a slight crime; a defect  
 Fault'er, *s.* an offender, a defaulter  
 Fault'ily, *ad.* not rightly, blameably  
 Fault'less, *a.* without fault, perfect, blameless  
 Fault'y, *a.* guilty of a fault, wrong, bad  
 Fau'nic, *a.* wild, rustic, rude  
 Fa'vour, *v. a.* to support, assist, conduce to  
 Fa'vour, *s.* kindness, support, lenity; a knot  
     of ribbons; good-will, feature, countenance  
 Fa'vourable, *a.* kind, propitious, tender  
 Fa'vourably, *ad.* kindly, with favour  
 Fa'voured, *part. a.* featured well or ill; re-  
     garded with kindness or partiality  
 Fa'vourite, *s.* a person or thing beloved  
 Fau'cet, *s.* a small pipe for a barrel  
 Fawn, *v. n.* to flatter, cringe—*s.* a young deer  
 Fawn'ing, *part.* cringing, flattering  
 Fay, *s.* a fairy, an elf; faith  
 Fe'alty, *s.* homage, loyalty, submission  
 Fear, *s.* dread, terror, anxiety, awe  
 Fear, *v.* to dread, to be afraid of, to be anxious  
 Fear'ful, *a.* timorous, afraid, awful  
 Fear'fully, *ad.* timorously, terribly; in fear  
 Fear'fulness, *s.* timorousness, dread; awe  
 Fear'less, *a.* free from fear, intrepid  
 Feasibili'ty, *s.* the practicability of a thing  
 Feasible, *a.* practicable, that may be done  
 Feast, *s.* a festival, a sumptuous treat  
 Feast, *v. a.* to entertain sumptuously, pamper  
 Feat, *s.* an act, a deed; trick or slight  
 Feat, *a.* neat, quick, ready  
 Fea'ther, *s.* the plume of birds; an ornament  
 Fea'ther, *v. a.* to dress or fit with feathers  
 Fea'ther-bed, *s.* a bed stuffed with feathers  
 Fea'thered, *a.* clothed with feathers  
 Fea'therless, *a.* without feathers, naked  
 Feat'ly, *ad.* neatly, nimbly, readily  
 Feat'ure, *s.* the cast or make of the face; any  
     lineament or single part of the face  
 Feaze, *v. a.* to untwist a rope; to beat  
 Feb'rifuge, *s.* a medicine to cure fevers  
 Fe'b'ile, *a.* relating or belonging to a fever  
 Feb'ruary, *s.* the second month of the year  
 Februa'tion, *s.* a sacrifice, &c. for the dead  
 Feclu'ence, *s.* muddiness, lees, dregs  
 Feclu'ent, *a.* dreary, foul, excrementitious  
 Fecu'nd, *a.* fruitful, prolific, rich  
 Fecunda'tion, *s.* the act of making fruitful  
 Fecund'i'ty, *s.* fertility, fruitfulness  
 Fed, *pret. and part. of to feed*  
 Fed'ary, *s.* a partner, or a dependant  
 Fed'eral, *a.* relating to a league or contract  
 Fed'erary, *s.* a confederate, an accomplice  
 Fec, *v. a.* to reward; to pay; to bribe; to hire

Fee, *s.* a reward; wages; gratification; lame  
     &c. held by any acknowledgment of  
     periority to a higher lord  
 Fee'ble, *a.* weak, sickly, debilitated  
 Fee'bled, *part.* enfeebled, made weak  
 Fee'bleness, *s.* weakness, infirmity  
 Feed, *v.* to supply with food, to cherish  
 Feed, *s.* pasture for cattle, food  
 Feed'er, *s.* one who gives or eats food  
 Feel, *v.* to perceive by the touch, to be  
     affected by; to know; to try, to sound  
 Feel, *s.* the sense of feeling, the touch  
 Feel'ing, *s.* sensibility, tenderness, percept  
 Feel'ingly, *ad.* with great sensibility  
 Feet, *s.* the plural of Foot  
 Feet'less, *a.* without feet  
 Feign, *v.* to invent, dissemble, relate fal  
 Feign'ed, *part.* dissembled, pretended  
 Feint, *s.* a false appearance, a mock assa  
 Feli'cite, *v. a.* to make happy; congrat  
 Felicit'a'tion, *s.* congratulation  
 Felicity, *s.* happiness, prosperity, blissful  
 Fe'line, *a.* belonging to or resembling a  
 Fell, *a.* cruel, fierce, savage, bloody  
 Fell, *v. a.* to knock down, to cut down  
 Fell'monger, *s.* a dealer in hides or skin  
 Fell'oe, *s.* the circumference of a wheel  
 Fell'ow, *s.* an associate, equal; a mean per  
 Fell'ow, *v. a.* to suit with, to pair with  
 Fell'owship, *s.* companionship, society, e  
     lity; establishment in a college  
 Fel'o-de-se, *s.* a self-murderer, a suicide  
 Fel'on, *s.* one guilty of a capital crime  
 Fel'o'nious, *a.* wicked, villainous, malign  
 Fel'o'niously, *ad.* in a felonious manner  
 Fel'ony, *s.* a capital offence or crime  
 Felt, *v. a.* to unite stuff without weaving  
 Felt, *s.* stuff used in making hats; a skin  
 Fel'tre, *v. a.* to clot together like felt  
 Feluc'ca, *s.* a small open boat with six o  
 Fe'male, Fem'inine, *a.* not masculine, e  
     ffeminate, tender, delicate, emasculat  
 Fe'male, Fem'inine, *s.* one of the sex  
     brings forth young  
 Fem'e-covert, *s.* a married woman  
 Feminal'i'ty, *s.* female nature  
 Fen, *s.* a marsh, a moor, low moist gro  
 Fence, *s.* a guard, inclosure, mound, he  
 Fence, *v.* to inclose, to guard; to use the  
     scientifically; to act on the defensive  
 Fen'celess, *a.* without inclosure, open  
 Fen'cer, *s.* one who practises fencing  
 Fen'cible, *a.* capable of defence  
 Fen'cing, *s.* the art of defence by weapon  
 Fend, *v.* to keep off, to shut out; to dis  
 Fend'er, *s.* a fence to keep in the cinder  
 Fen'y, *a.* marshy, inhabiting the marsh  
 Feo'dal, *a.* held from another  
 Fe'odary, *s.* one who holds an estate  
     tenure of service, &c. to a superior

Foff, *v. a.* to put in possession, to invest  
 foff'e, *s.* one put in possession  
 foffer, *s.* one who gives possession  
 foff'ment, *s.* the act of granting possession  
 feracity, *s.* fruitfulness, fertility  
 feral, *a.* mournful, funeral, deadly  
 feration, *s.* the act of keeping holiday  
 ferine, *a.* wild, savage, fierce, barbarous  
 ferineness, Fer'ity, *s.* barbarity, wildness  
 fer'e'ment, *v. a.* to exalt or rarify by intestine  
 motion of its parts  
 ferment, *s.* intestine motion, tumult  
 ferment'ation, *s.* an intestine motion of the  
 small particles of a mixt body, from the  
 operation of some active acid matter  
 ferment'ative, *a.* causing fermentation  
 fern, *s.* a plant growing on heaths, &c.  
 fern'y, *a.* overgrown with fern  
 ferocious, *a.* savage, fierce, rapacious  
 ferocity, *s.* fierceness, cruelty, wildness  
 ferous, *a.* made of iron, or containing iron  
 ferret, *s.* a small animal; a kind of tape  
 ferret, *v. a.* to tease or vex one; drive out  
 fer'ginous, *a.* partaking of iron  
 ferule, *s.* an iron ring at the end of a stick  
 fer'ry, *s.* a boat for passage; the passage over  
 which the boat passes—*v.* to convey in a boat  
 ferrym'an, *s.* one who keeps or rows a ferry  
 fertile, *a.* fruitful, abundant, plenteous  
 fertility, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness  
 fertilize, *v. a.* to make plenteous, to fecundate  
 fervency, *s.* ardour, eagerness, zeal  
 fervent, *a.* hot, vehement, ardent, zealous  
 fervently, *ad.* eagerly; with pious ardour  
 ferves'cent, *a.* growing hot  
 fervid, *a.* vehement, zealous, burning  
 ferule, *s.* an instrument with which young  
 scholars are beaten on the hand  
 fervour, *s.* heat of mind, zeal, warmth  
 fer'ue, *s.* a wire to point out letters to learners  
 fer'ue, *v. n.* to corrupt, rankle, grow virulent  
 fer'uitate, *a.* hasty, hurried  
 fer'vial, *s.* a day of civil or religious joy  
 fer'vite, *a.* joyous, gay, pertaining to feasts  
 fer'vity, *s.* a festival, a time of rejoicing  
 fer'woon, *s.* an ornament of twisted flowers  
 fer'wous, *a.* formed of straw  
 fer'wth, *v. a.* to go and bring a thing, to draw  
 fer'wth, *s.* a stratagem; an artifice, a trick  
 ferid, *a.* stinking, having an offensive smell  
 feriferous, *a.* bringing forth fruit or young  
 flock, *s.* a tuft of hair that grows behind a  
 horse's pastern, or ankle joint  
 fetter, *v. a.* to enchain; to shackle, to tie  
 fetters, *s.* chains for the feet  
 fetle, *v. n.* to trifling business  
 fetus, *s.* any animal in embryo  
 fet'us, *s.* a quarrel, contention, opposition  
 fet'ul, *a.* dependant, held by tenure  
 fet'ury, *s.* one who holds of a lord or chief

Fe'ver, *s.* a disease, accompanied with thirst  
 and a quickened pulse, in which sometimes  
 heat, sometimes cold, prevails  
 Fe'verish, Fe'verous, Fe'very, *a.* troubled with  
 a fever, tending to a fever, hot, burning  
 Feu'llage, *s.* a bunch or row of leaves  
 Few, *a.* a small number, not many  
 Few'ness, *s.* smallness of number, brevity  
 Fib, *s.* a falsehood—*v. n.* to tell lies, to lie  
 Fib'ber, *s.* a teller of lies  
 Fib're, *s.* a small thread or string  
 Fib'rous, *a.* full of, or composed of fibres  
 Fic'kle, *a.* changeable, inconstant, unfixed  
 Fic'kleness, *s.* inconstancy, unsteadiness  
 Fiction, *s.* a story invented; a falsehood  
 Fic'tious, Ficti'tious, *a.* imaginary, false;  
 counterfeit, not real, not true, allegorical  
 Ficti'tiously, *ad.* falsely, counterfeitedly  
 Fid'dle, *s.* a musical instrument, a violin  
 Fid'dle, *v. n.* to play upon the fiddle; to trifle  
 Fid'dlefaddle, *s.* a trifle, a trifler  
 Fidd'ler, *s.* one who plays on the fiddle  
 Fid'dle-string, *s.* the string of a fiddle  
 Fidelity, *s.* honesty, veracity, faithfulness  
 Fidg'et, *v. n.* to move nimbly or irregularly  
 Fidu'cial, *a.* confident, undoubting  
 Fidu'ciary, *s.* one who holds in trust  
 Fief, *s.* a manor; pos'session held by tenure  
 Field, *s.* cultivate tract of ground; the  
 ground of battle; a wide expanse; space,  
 compass, extent  
 Field'book, *s.* a book used by surveyors  
 Field'fare, *s.* a bird; a kind of thrush  
 Field'piece, *s.* a small cannon used in battle  
 Fiend, *s.* an infernal being, an enemy  
 Fierce, *a.* savage, outrageous, furious, strong  
 Fie'relly, *ad.* violently, furiously, vehemently  
 Fie'reness, *s.* ferocity, fury, violence  
 Fi'ery, *a.* consisting of fire; passionate, hot  
 Fife, *s.* a small pipe blown to the drum  
 Fifer, *s.* one who plays on a fife  
 Fifteen, *a.* five and ten added  
 Fifty, *a.* five tens added  
 Fig, *s.* a tree that bears figs; its fruit  
 Fight, *v.* to contend in battle, to combat  
 Fight, *s.* a battle, an engagement, a duel  
 Fight'er, *s.* a warrior, a duellist  
 Fight'ment, *s.* a fiction, an invention  
 Fig'ulate, *a.* made of potter's earth or clay  
 Fig'urable, *a.* capable of being formed  
 Fig'ural, Fig'urate, *a.* of a certain form  
 Fig'urative, *a.* not literal, metaphorical  
 Fig'uratively, *ad.* by a figure, not literally  
 Fig'ure, *s.* shape, external form; eminence;  
 an image; a character denoting a number  
 Fig'ure, *v. a.* to form into any shape  
 Fig'ured, *part. a.* represented; adorned  
 Fila'ceous, *a.* consisting of threads  
 Fil'acer, *s.* an officer in the Common Pleas  
 Fil'ament, *s.* a slender thread; a fibre

Filbert, *s.* a fine hazel nut with a thin shell  
 Filch, *v. a.* to steal, to pilfer, to cheat, to rob  
 Filch'er, *s.* a petty thief, a robber  
 File, *s.* a steel tool to polish iron, &c. with ;  
     a wire for papers ; a line of soldiers  
 Fil'mot, *s.* a brown, or yellow brown colour  
 Filial, *a.* pertaining to or befitting a son  
 Filigree, *s.* a kind of delicate work on gold  
     or silver in manner of threads or grains  
 Filings, *s.* particles rubbed off by a file  
 Fill, *v. a.* to make full, to satisfy, to surfeit  
 Fill, *s.* fulness, satiety ; part of a carriage  
 Fillet, *s.* a band tied round the head, &c. ;  
     a bandage ; the fleshy part of the thigh  
 Fil'lip, *v. a.* to jerk with the finger  
 Fil'lip, *s.* a jerk of the finger from the thumb  
 Fil'y, *s.* a young mare ; opposed to colt  
 Film, *s.* a thin skin or pellicle  
 Film'y, *a.* composed of thin membranes  
 Fil'ter, *v. a.* to strain, to percolate  
 Filth, *s.* dirt, nastiness ; grossness, pollution  
 Filthiness, *s.* dirtiness ; impurity  
 Filth'y, *a.* dirty, nasty ; gross, obscene  
 Fil'trate, *v. a.* to strain, to filter, to percolate  
 Fin, *s.* the wing of a fish, by which he swims  
 Fi'nable, *a.* that which may be fined  
 Fi'nal, *a.* ultimate, conclusive ; mortal  
 Fi'nally, *ad.* ultimately, completely, lastly  
 Fin'a'nce, *s.* revenue, income, profit  
 Financier, *s.* an officer who superintends the  
     state finances, or public revenue  
 Find, *v. a.* to discover, to detect ; to furnish  
 Fine, *a.* not coarse, pure, thin, clear ; elegant  
 Fine, *s.* a pecuniary forfeit, penalty, mulct  
 Fine, *v. a.* to refine, purify ; inflict a penalty  
 Fi'inely, *ad.* elegantly ; keenly, subtilly  
 Fi'eness, *s.* elegance, show ; purity, subtlety  
 Fi'ner, *s.* one who purifies metals  
 Fi'ner'y, *s.* show, gaiety in attire, splendour  
 Fine'sse, *s.* an artifice, a stratagem  
 Fin'ewed, *a.* mouldy, musty, dirty, nasty  
 Finger, *s.* a part of the hand  
 Fin'ger, *v. a.* to touch lightly ; to pilfer  
 Finical, *a.* nice, foppish, affected, conceited  
 Fin'ically, *ad.* foppishly, superfluously nice  
 Fi'ning-pot, *s.* a pot for refining metals  
 Fi'nis, *s.* the end, the conclusion  
 Fin'ish, *v. a.* to end, to perfect, to complete  
 Fin'isher, *s.* one who completes or perfects  
 Fi'nite, *a.* limited, bounded, terminated ;  
     created ; it is opposed to infinite  
 Fi'niteness, *s.* limitation, confinement  
 Fin'less, *a.* without fins  
 Fin'ny, *a.* furnished with fins  
 Fir, *s.* the tree of which deal boards are made  
 Fire, *s.* that which has the power of burning,  
     flame, light, lustre, ardour, spirit  
 Fire, *v.* to discharge fire-arms ; to kindle  
 Fi're-arms, *s.* guns, muskets, &c.  
 Fi'redrake, *s.* a fiery serpent, or meteor

Fi'rebrand, *s.* a piece of wood kindled ; an incendiary, one who inflames factions  
 Fi'relock, *s.* a soldier's gun, a musket  
 Fi'reman, *s.* one who is employed to extinguish burning houses ; a violent man  
 Fi'repan, *s.* a pan for holding fire  
 Fi'rework, *s.* a beautiful display of fire  
 Fi'reship, *s.* a ship filled with combustibles  
 Fi'ring, *s.* fuel, something used for the fire  
 Fir'kin, *s.* a vessel containing nine gallons  
 Firm, *a.* fast, strong, hard, constant, steady  
 Firm, *s.* the name or names under which the  
     business of any trading house is carried on  
 Firm'ament, *s.* the sky, the heavens  
 Firmament'al, *a.* celestial, belonging to the  
     firmament ; ethereal ; elementary  
 Firm'a'n, *s.* a permission to trade, &c.  
 Firm'ly, *ad.* immovably, steadily, constantly  
 Firm'ness, *s.* steadiness, stability, solidity  
 First, *a.* earliest in time ; chief, primary  
 First'fruits, *s.* the first produce of any thing  
     one year's produce of a spiritual living  
     given to the king  
 First'ling, *s.* the first produce or offspring  
 Fi'scal, *s.* the exchequer, the revenue  
 Fish, *s.* an animal existing only in water  
 Fish, *v.* to catch fish ; to sift, to catch by  
 Fish'er, Fish'erman, *s.* one whose employment  
     is to catch fish with nets, or by angling  
 Fish'ery, *s.* trade or employment of fishing  
 Fish'-hook, *s.* a hook to catch fish with  
 Fish'ify, *v. a.* to turn to fish  
 Fish'ing, *s.* the art or practice of catching fish  
 Fish'meal, *s.* a meal made of fish  
 Fish'monger, *s.* one who sells or deals in fish  
 Fish'y, *a.* consisting of, or like fish  
 Fi'sure, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a small chasm  
 Fist, *s.* the hand clenched or closed  
 Fist'icuffs, *s.* a battle with fists  
 Fist'ula, *s.* a sinuous ulcer callous within  
 Fist'ulous, *a.* pertaining to a fistula  
 Fit, *s.* a paroxysm of any distemper ; disorder  
     of the animal spirits ; distemperature  
 Fit, *a.* qualified, proper, convenient, meet  
 Fit, *v. a.* to suit, to accommodate, to adapt  
 Fitch, *s.* a small kind of wild pea ; a vetch  
 Fit'ly, *ad.* aptly, properly, conveniently  
 Fit'ness, *s.* propriety, convenience, meet  
 Fi'vefold, *a.* five times as much  
 Eives, *s.* a game at balls ; a disease of hounds  
 Fix, *v.* to fasten ; settle, determine ; rest  
 Fix'a'tion, Fix'edness, *s.* stability, solidity  
 Fix'ed, part. appointed, determined  
 Fixid'ity, Fix'ity, *s.* coherence of parts  
 Fix'ture, *s.* any article fixed to the premises  
     as fire-grates, dressers, &c.  
 Fix'ure, *s.* position ; firmness ; pressure  
 Fiz'gig, *s.* a kind of harpoon to strike fish  
 Flab'biness, *s.* limberness, softness  
 Flab'by, *a.* soft, not firm, limber, not stiff

flabile, *a.* subject to be blown by wind  
 flacid, *a.* weak, limber, not stiff, not tense  
 flaccid'ity, *s.* laxity, limberness  
 flag, *v. n.* to growdejected, droop, lose vigour  
 flag, *s.* the colours of a ship or land-forces ;  
     a water plant ; a flat stone for paving  
 flagellet, *s.* a small flute, a musical pipe  
 flagella'tion, *s.* the act of scourging  
 flaggy, *a.* weak, limber, not tense ; insipid  
 flagitious, *a.* wicked, atrocious, vile  
 flagon, *s.* a drinking vessel of two quarts  
 flag-officer, *s.* the commander of a squadron  
     or part of a fleet of ships  
 flagrancy, *s.* burning heat, fire, inflammation  
 flagrant, *a.* ardent, glowing ; notorious  
 flagship, *s.* the admiral's ship  
 flail, *s.* an instrument to thresh corn with  
 flake, *s.* any thing that appears loosely put  
     together ; a stratum, a layer, a lamina  
 flaky, *a.* lying in layers or strata  
 flam, *s.* a falsehood, a lie, an illusory pretext  
 flambeau, *s.* a lighted wax torch  
 flame, *s.* light emitted from fire ; fire ; the  
     passion of love ; brightness of fancy  
 flame, *v. n.* to shine as fire, shine like flame  
 flamen, *s.* an ancient Pagan priest  
 flaming, *part.* blazing, burning ; notorious  
 flammability, *s.* an aptness to take fire  
 flammation, *s.* the act of setting on flame  
 flammed, *part.* deceived, imposed on  
 flamy, *a.* inflamed, burning, flaming  
 flank, *s.* the side ; part of a bastion—*v. a.* to  
     attack the side of a battalion, or fleet  
 flannel, *s.* a soft nappy stuff made of wool  
 flap, *s.* any thing that hangs broad and loose ;  
     a blow with the hand ; a disease in horses  
 flap, *v.* to beat with a flap ; to ply the wings  
     with a noise ; to fall with flaps  
 flapdragon, *v. a.* to devour—*s.* a game  
 flare, *v. n.* to glitter offensively ; to flutter  
     with a splendid show ; to give a glaring light  
 flash, *s.* a sudden blaze ; a sudden burst of wit  
 flashy, *a.* empty, showy, insipid  
 flask, *s.* a bottle, a vessel ; a powder-horn  
 flas'et, *s.* a large basket ; a kind of tray  
 flat, *s.* a level ; even ground ; a shallow  
     bottom, *a.* smooth, level ; insipid, dull ; not shrill  
 flat, *v.* to make level ; to make vapid  
 flatly, *ad.* peremptorily ; dully, frigidly  
 flatness, *s.* evenness ; insipidity, dulness  
 flatt'en, *v.* to make even ; deject, dispirit  
 flatt'er, *v. a.* to praise falsely ; to raise false  
     hopes ; to sooth, to caress, to adulterate  
 flatt'er, *s.* a wheedler, a fawner  
 flatt'ry, *s.* fawning ; false, venal praise  
 flattish, *a.* somewhat flat ; dull  
 flatulency, *s.* windiness ; vanity, levity  
 flatulent, *a.* flatuous, *a.* windy ; empty, vain  
 flout, *v. n.* to make a fluttering show in  
     apparel ; to give one's self airs

flaunt, *s.* any thing loose and airy  
 fla'vour, *s.* a taste, relish ; sweet smell  
 fla'vorous, *a.* fragrant, odorous, palatable  
 Flaw, *s.* a crack, a breach ; a fault, a defect  
 Flax, *s.* a fibrous plant, of which the finest  
     thread is made ; the fibres of flax cleansed  
 Flax'-dresser, *s.* he who prepares flax  
 Flax'en, *a.* made of flax, like flax ; fair  
 Flay, *v. a.* to strip off the skin  
 Flea, *s.* a small insect remarkable for agility  
 Fleabit'ten, *a.* stung by fleas ; worthless  
 Fleak, *s.* a small lock, thread, or twist  
 Fleam, *s.* an instrument used to bleed cattle  
 Fleck, *v. a.* to spot, to streak, to dapple  
 Fledge, *v. a.* to supply with feathers or wings  
 Flec, *v. n.* to run from danger, or for shelter  
 Fleece, *s.* the wool from one sheep  
 Fleece, *v. a.* to strip or plunder a person  
 Fleec'd, *part.* stripped, plundered  
 Fleec'y, *a.* woolly, covered with wool  
 Fleer, *v. n.* to mock, to jest with contempt  
 Fleet, *a.* swift of pace, nimble, active  
 Fleet, *s.* a company of ships ; a creek  
 Fleet, *v.* to fly swiftly, vanish ; live merrily  
 Fleet'ing, *part.* passing away continually, &c.  
 Fleet'ly, *ad.* with swift pace, nimbly  
 Fleet'ness, *s.* swiftness, celerity, velocity  
 Flesh, *s.* a part of the animal body  
 Flesh, *v. a.* to initiate ; to harden ; to glut  
 Flesh'fly, *s.* a fly that feeds upon flesh  
 Flesh'iness, *s.* fulness of flesh, plumpness  
 Flesh'iness, *s.* carnal passions or appetites  
 Flesh'ly, *a.* corporeal, human, not celestial  
 Flesh'meat, *s.* animal food, flesh of animals  
 Flesh'y, *a.* full of flesh, muscular, plump  
 Flet, *part.* skimmed, deprived of the cream  
 Fletch'er, *s.* a maker of bows and arrows  
 Flew, *preterite of to fly*  
 Flew'ed, *a.* chapped ; deep mouthed  
 Flexibil'ity, *s.* pliancy, ductility, facility  
 Flex'ible, Flex'ile, *a.* pliant, manageable  
 Flex'ion, *s.* the act of bending ; a joint, a turn  
 Flex'uous, *a.* winding, variable, not straight  
 Flex'ure, *s.* the part bent, the joint  
 Flick'er, *v. a.* to flutter, to play the wings  
 Fli'er, *s.* a fugitive, a runaway ; part of a jack  
 Flight, *s.* the act of flying or running away ;  
     a flock of birds ; heat of imagination ; the  
     stairs from one landing-place to another  
 Flight'y, *a.* wild, full of imagination ; swift  
 Flim'sy, *a.* weak, slight, spiritless ; mean  
 Flinch, *v. n.* to shrink from pain, &c.  
 Flinch'er, *s.* he who shrinks or fails  
 Fling, *v.* to throw, dart ; scatter, flounce  
 Fling, *s.* a throw ; a contemptuous remark  
 Flint, *s.* a hard kind of pebble  
 Flint'y, *a.* made of flint ; inexorable, cruel  
 Flip, *s.* a drink made of beer, spirits, and  
     sugar, a liquor much used in ships  
 Flip'pant, *a.* nimble, pert, talkative

Flip'pantly, *ad.* in a flippant, pert manner  
 Flirt, *v.* to jeer; to run about idly, &c.  
 Flirt, *s.* a pert hussey; a sudden trick  
 Flirta'tion, *s.* a quick, sprightly motion  
 Flit, *v. n.* to fly away, to flutter; to remove  
 Flitch, *s.* the side of a hog salted and cured  
 Flit'er, *s.* a rag or tatter, garment rent  
 Flitx, *s.* down, fur, soft hair  
 Float, *s.* the cork or quill fastened to a fishing-line; large pieces of timber fastened together to convey goods with the stream; the act of flowing  
 Float, *v. n.* to swim on the surface of water  
 Flock, *s.* a company of birds, sheep, &c.  
 Flock, *v. n.* to assemble in crowds  
 Flog, *v. a.* to whip or scourge, to chastise  
 Flood, *s.* an inundation, a deluge; influx of the tide; a body of water; the sea  
 Flood, *v. a.* to deluge, to cover with waters  
 Flood'gate, *s.* a gate to stop or let out water  
 Flood'mark, *s.* a mark left by the flood  
 Flook. See *Fluke*.  
 Floor, *s.* the bottom of a room; a story  
 Flop, *v. a.* to clap the wings with noise  
 Flo'ral, *a.* relating to Flora, or to flowers  
 Flor'id, *a.* flushed with red, blooming, rosy  
 Floridness, *s.* freshness of colour; elegance  
 Florin, *s.* a coin of different value; in Germany 2s. 4d. in Spain 4s. 4d. halfpenny, in Palermo and Sicily 2s. 6d. and in Holland 2s.  
 Flo'rist, *s.* one who cultivates flowers  
 Flos'culous, *a.* composed or formed of flowers  
 Flo'ta, Flotil'la, *s.* the Spanish fleet that sails annually from the West Indies  
 Flot'son, *s.* goods casually drifting on the sea  
 Flounce, *v.* to move with violence in water; to be in anger; to deck with flounces  
 Flounce, *s.* a loose, full trimming sewed to women's apparel, so as to swell and shake  
 Flound'er, *v. n.* to struggle with violent and irregular motion; to plunge in water  
 Flound'er, *s.* a small flat river fish  
 Flour, *s.* the fine part of ground wheat  
 Flour'ish, *v.* to thrive; brag, boast; adorn  
 Flour'ish, *s.* bravery; ostentatious embellishment; a short musical overture  
 Flout, *v.* to mock, insult, practise mockery  
 Flow, *v.* to run as water; to overflow  
 Flow, *s.* the rise of water, not the ebb  
 Flow'er, *s.* the blossom of a plant, the prime  
 Flow'er, *v. n.* to be in flower, to blossom  
 Flow'ret, Flow'ret, *s.* a small flower  
 Flow'ery, *a.* adorned with flowers  
 Flow'ingly, *ad.* with plenty; with volubility  
 Flown, *part. of to flee*, gone away; elate  
 Fluc'tuant, *a.* wavering, uncertain  
 Fluc'tuate, *v. n.* to be irresolute or uncertain  
 Fluctua'tion, *s.* uncertainty, indetermination  
 Flue, *s.* soft down or fur; pipe of a chimney  
 Flu'ency, *s.* volubility, copiousness of speech

Flu'ent, *a.* eloquent, flowing; liquid  
 Flu'ently, *ad.* flowingly, volubly; copiously  
 Flu'id, *s.* any animal juice, a liquid  
 Flu'id, *a.* running as water, not solid  
 Fluid'ity, *s.* the quality of flowing easily  
 Fluke, *s.* the broad part or arm of an inlet  
 Flum'inery, *s.* a food made of flour, wheat, &c.  
 Flung, *part. and pret. of to fling*  
 Flu'or, *s.* a fluid state; catamenia  
 Flur'ry, *s.* flutter of spirits; gust of wind  
 Flush, *v. a.* to colour, to redden; to elate  
 Flush, *s.* violent flow; cards all of a suit  
 Flush'ed, *part.* elated, encouraged; heated  
 Flus'ter, *v. a.* to put in confusion, &c.  
 Flute, *s.* a musical pipe; a channel or furrow cut in columns or pillars  
 Flut'ing, *s.* fluted work on a pillar, &c.  
 Flut'ter, *v.* to fly with agitation of the wings  
 Flut'ter, *s.* hurry, tumult; disorder of mind  
 Flux, *s.* the tide or flowing of the sea; dysentery; concourse; confluence  
 Flux'ion, *s.* act of flowing, matter that flows  
 Fly, *v.* to move with wings; to run away; to shun; to spring suddenly; break, shiver  
 Fly, *s.* a winged insect; balance of a jack  
 Fly'blow, *v. a.* to fill with maggots  
 Fly'fish, *v. n.* to angle with a fly upon a fly  
 Foal, *v. a.* to bring forth a foal  
 Foal, *s.* the offspring of a mare, &c.  
 Foam, *v. n.* to froth, to be violently agitated  
 Foam, *s.* froth, spume  
 Foam'y, *a.* covered with foam, frothy  
 Fob, *s.* a small pocket for a watch, &c.  
 Fob, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud  
 Fo'cal, *a.* belonging to a focus  
 Fo'cus, *s.* the place where rays meet  
 Fod'der, *s.* dry food for cattle—*v. a.* to fatten  
 Foe, *s.* an enemy, a persecutor, an opponent  
 Fœ'tus, *s.* a child in the womb  
 Fog, *s.* thick mist, moist vapour; afterglow  
 Fog'gy, *a.* misty, cloudy, dark, dull  
 Foible, *s.* a weakness, a failing  
 Foil, *v. a.* to defeat, to put to the worst  
 Foil, *s.* a defeat; a blunt sword used in fencing; a glittering substance  
 Fois'on, *s.* plenty, abundance  
 Foist, *v. a.* to insert by forgery; to cram  
 Foist'y, *a.* fusty, mouldy, smelling bad  
 Fold, *s.* a pen for sheep; a double or plaited  
 Fold, *v.* to double up; to inclose, to shut  
 Foilage, *s.* the leaves, or tufts of trees  
 Fo'liate, *a.* leaved, or having leaves  
 Fo'lio, *s.* a large book, of which the pages formed by a sheet of paper once double  
 Folk, *s.* people, nations, mankind  
 Fol'low, *v.* to go after, to attend, to obey  
 Fol'lower, *s.* an attendant, a dependant  
 Fol'ly, *s.* foolishness, simplicity, weakness  
 Fome'nt, *v. a.* to cherish with heat; to incite with lotions; to encourage, to abet

mentation, *s.* the application of hot flannels to any part, dipped in medicated decoctions  
*and*, *a.* tender; indiscreet, foolish, silly  
*and*, *v.* to caress, to be fond of  
*and'ling*, *s.* one much caressed or doated on  
*and'ly*, *ad.* with extreme tenderness  
*and'ness*, *s.* foolishness, tender passion  
*ant*, *s.* a baptismal basin  
*ant'anel*, *s.* an issue, a place of discharge  
*ant'a'nge*, *s.* a knot or ornament of ribbons  
 on the top of the head-dress  
*antod*, *s.* victuals; any thing that nourishes  
*antol*, *s.* a natural, an idiot; a buffoon  
*antol*, *v.* to trifle, to toy; deceive, disappoint  
*antol'd*, *part.* treated as a fool; cheated  
*antol'ery*, *s.* habitual folly; an act of folly  
*antol'hardy*, *a.* madly adventurous, daring  
*antol'ish*, *a.* weak of intellect, imprudent  
*antol'ishness*, *s.* silliness, want of reason  
*antot*, *s.* that on which any animal or thing  
 stands; a measure of 12 inches  
*antot*, *v.* to dance, to walk, to tread; spurn  
*antot'ball*, *s.* a bladder in a leathern case, &c.  
*antot'boy*, *s.* a menial, an attendant in livery  
*antot'd*, *a.* shaped in the foot, danced  
*antot'ing*, *s.* ground for the foot; foundation,  
 basis; tread, dance; entrance; condition  
*antot'man*, *s.* a low servant in livery; a stand  
*antot'pad*, *s.* a highwayman that robs on foot  
*antot'path*, *s.* a narrow way for passengers  
*antot'step*, *s.* a trace, a track, a mark of a foot  
*antot'stool*, *s.* a stool to put the feet on  
*antot*, *s.* a vain fellow, a coxcomb, a simpleton  
*antot'perty*, *s.* folly, affectation of show  
*antot'ish*, *a.* affected, foolish, idle, vain  
*antot'ishness*, *s.* over nicety, vain affectation  
*antotage*, *s.* provisions in general  
*antotage*, *v.* to wander in search of provisions;  
 to ravage, to feed on spoil, to plunder  
*antotmu'ch*, *conj.* whereas, because, since  
*antot'ar*, *v.* to pause, to abstain, to intermit  
*antot'ance*, *s.* lenity, command of temper  
*antot'ib*, *v.* to prohibit, to interdict, to oppose  
*antot'ib'ing*, *part. a.* raising abhorrence, caus-  
 ing aversion; austere, imperious  
*antot'ce*, *s.* strength, violence; an armament  
*antot'ce*, *v.* to compel; to violate; to urge  
*antot'ceps*, *s.* a surgical instrument  
*antot'cible*, *a.* strong, impetuous, powerful  
*antot'cibly*, *ad.* powerfully, impetuously  
*antot'ord*, *s.* the shallow part of a river; the current  
*antot'ord*, *v.* to pass a river without swimming  
*antot'ord'able*, *a.* passable without swimming  
*antot'ord'd*, *part.* passed without swimming  
*antot'ore*, *a.* anterior—*ad.* before  
*antot'ode*, *v. n.* to foretel, to prognosticate  
*antot'cast*, *v.* to scheme, to contrive, to foresee  
*antot'cast*, *s.* contrivance, antecedent policy  
*antot'castle*, *s.* the foredeck of a ship  
*antot'cited*, *part.* quoted or cited before

Foreclo'se, *v. a.* to shut up; to preclude  
*Fore'deck*, *s.* the anterior part of a ship  
*Foredo'*, *v. a.* to ruin; to overdo, to fatigue  
*Foredoo'm*, *v. a.* to predestinate, &c.  
*Fore'father*, *Fo'regoer*, *s.* an ancestor  
*Forefe'nd*, *v. a.* to hinder, to avert; to secure  
*Fore'refront*, *s.* the front; the forehead  
*Forego'*, *v. a.* to resign; to go before; to lose  
*Fore'ground*, *s.* that part of the ground of a  
 picture which seems to lie before the figures  
*Fore'hand*, *s.* the part of a horse which is be-  
 fore the rider—*a.* done too soon  
*Fore'head*, *s.* the upper part of the face  
*For'eign*, *a.* not domestic; alien; foreign to  
 the matter in question; extraneous  
*For'eigner*, *s.* one of another country  
*Foreju'dge*, *v. a.* to be prepossessed, to prejudge  
*Forekno'w*, *v. a.* to know previously  
*Foreknow'ledge*, *s.* prescience, knowledge of  
 that which has not yet happened  
*For'erland*, *s.* a promontory, a headland, a cape  
*For'relay*, *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap  
*For'relock*, *s.* the hair on the forehead  
*For'reman*, *s.* the first or chief person  
*For'remast*, *s.* the first or head mast of a ship  
*Foremen'tioned*, *a.* mentioned before  
*For'remost*, *a.* first in place, first in dignity  
*For'renamed*, *a.* nominated before  
*For'renoon*, *s.* the time before mid-day  
*For'en'sic*, *a.* belonging to courts of judicature  
*For'ordain*, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand  
*For'repart*, *s.* the anterior part  
*For'rerank*, *s.* the first rank; the front  
*For'rerach*, *v. n.* to sail faster, to get first  
*For'eru'n*, *v. a.* to come before, to precede  
*For'erun'ner*, *s.* an harbinger, one sent before,  
 a messenger; a prognostic, a presage  
*For'esay*, *v. a.* to predict, to prophesy  
*For'es'e*, *v. a.* to see beforehand, to foreknow  
*For'esho'w*, *v. a.* to discover before it happens,  
 to prognosticate, to predict  
*For'resight*, *s.* foreknowledge, penetration  
*For'est*, *s.* a woody, untilled tract of ground  
*For'esta'l*, *v. a.* to buy up goods or cattle before  
 they come to market, in order to sell them  
 at an advanced price; to anticipate  
*For'estal'ler*, *s.* one who forestalls the market  
*For'ester*, *s.* a keeper of a forest  
*For'ete'ste*, *s.* a taste before, anticipation of  
*For'ete'l*, *v.* to utter, to prophesy, to predict  
*For'ethi'nk*, *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind  
*For'rethought*, *s.* prescience, anticipation; pro-  
 vident care, caution  
*For'et'o'ken*, *v. a.* to foreshow—*s.* sign, omen  
*For'retop*, *s.* the front of a peruke, &c.  
*For'ewa'rn*, *v. a.* to admonish, caution against  
*For'ewarn'ing*, *s.* caution given beforehand  
*For'ewi'sh*, *v. a.* to desire beforehand  
*For'feit*, *s.* a penalty, a fine for an offence  
*For'feiture*, *s.* act of forfeiting; a fine, a mulct

Forfe'nd, *v. a.* to prevent, to forbid  
 Forge, *s.* a fire or place in which metals are  
     made malleable; a furnace  
 Forge, *v. a.* to form by the hammer; to coun-  
     terfeit, to falsify, to invent  
 For'gery, *s.* the crime of falsification  
 Forge't, *v. a.* to lose memory of, to neglect  
 Forget'ful, *a.* inattentive, apt to forget  
 Forget'fulness, *s.* loss of memory; neglect  
 Forgi've, *v. a.* to pardon, to remit, to excuse  
 Forgi'ven, *part.* pardoned, abated  
 Forgive'ness, *s.* the act of forgiving; pardon  
 Forgo't, Forgo'ten, *part.* not remembered  
 Fork, *v. n.* to shoot into blades or branches  
 Fork, *s.* an instrument with two or more  
     prongs for various domestic or other uses  
 Fork'ed, Fork'y, *a.* opening into two or more  
     parts, like the prongs of a fork  
 Forlo'rn, *a.* deserted, helpless, lost, desperate  
 Forly'e, *v. n.* to lie across or athwart  
 Form, *s.* shape, figure; beauty; order; empty  
     show, ceremony; a class; a bench  
 Form, *v. a.* to fashion, to model, to arrange  
 For'mal, *a.* ceremonious, affected, methodical  
 For'malist, *s.* a lover of formality  
 Formal'ity, *s.* ceremony, preciseness  
 For'mally, *ad.* according to rule, precisely  
 Forma'tion, *s.* the act of forming, &c.  
 For'mative, *a.* having the power of forming  
 For'mer, *a.* before another in time; past  
 For'merly, *ad.* in time past  
 For'midable, *a.* terrible, dreadful, terrific  
 For'midably, *ad.* dreadfully, tremendously  
 Form'less, *a.* having no form, shapeless  
 Form'ula, *s.* a prescribed rule or pattern  
 Form'ular'y, *s.* a book of stated models, &c.  
 For'nicate, *v. n.* to commit lewdness  
 Fornica'tion, *s.* concubinage, unchastity be-  
     tween single persons; the crime of idolatry  
 For'nicator, *s.* one that has commerce with  
     unmarried women; an idolater  
 For'nicatress, *s.* a woman who without mar-  
     riage cohabits with a man  
 Forsa'ke, *v. a.* to leave, to desert, to neglect  
 Forsa'ken, *part.* neglected, deserted  
 Forso'ok, *part. of to forsake*  
 Forsoo'th, *ad.* in truth, certainly, very well  
 Forswea'r, *v.* to renounce upon oath, to swear  
     falsely, to commit perjury  
 Fort, *s.* a fortified house, a castle  
 Fort'ed, *a.* guarded by, or having forts  
 Forth, *ad.* forward, abroad, out of doors  
 Forthcom'ing, *part.* ready to appear  
 Forthri'ght, *ad.* straight forward, directly  
 Forthwith, *ad.* immediately, without delay  
 For'tieth, *a.* the tenth taken four times  
 Fortifica'tion, *s.* the science of military archi-  
     tecture; a place built for strength  
 For'tify, *v. a.* to strengthen, to encourage  
 Fort'iage, Fort'in, Fort'let, *s.* a little fort  
 Fort'iude, *s.* courage, bravery; strength, force  
 Fort'night, *s.* the space of two weeks  
 Fort'ress, *s.* a strong hold, a fortified place  
 Fortu'itous, *a.* accidental, casual  
 For'tunate, *a.* happy, lucky, successful  
 For'tunately, *ad.* happily, prosperously  
 For'tune, *s.* the good or ill that befalls man  
     kind; chance; estate, portion; futurity  
 For'tune-hunter, *s.* a man who endeavours to  
     marry a woman only for her fortune  
 For'tuneteller, *s.* one who imposes on people  
     by a pretended knowledge of futurity  
 For'ty, *a.* four times ten  
 For'ward, *a.* warm, ardent, eager; anterior,  
     bold, confident; early ripe  
 For'ward, *v. a.* to hasten, accelerate, patronize  
 For'wardly, *ad.* eagerly, hastily, readily  
 For'wardness, *s.* eagerness; immodesty  
 Fosse, *s.* a ditch, moat, or entrenchment  
 Fos'sil, *s.* a mineral---a. what is dug up  
 Foss'road, Foss'way, *s.* a Roman road  
 Fos'ter, *v. a.* to nurse, to cherish, to bring up  
 Fos'terage, *s.* the office of nursing  
 Fos'terbrother, *s.* one bred at the same board  
 Fos'terchild, *s.* a child brought up by those  
     that are not its natural parents  
 Fos'tered, *part.* nourished, cherished  
 Fought, *pret. and part. of to fight*  
 Foul, *a.* not clean, impure; wicked; ugly  
 Foul, *v. a.* to daub, to dirty, to make foul  
 Foul'faced, *a.* having an ugly, hateful face  
 Foul'ly, *ad.* filthily, nastily, odiously  
 Foul'mouthed, *a.* using scurrilous language  
 Foul'ness, *s.* nastiness, ugliness, odiousness  
 Found, *pret. and part. pass. of to find*  
 Found, *v. a.* to build, establish; cast metal  
 Founda'tion, *s.* the basis of an edifice; the  
     first principles or grounds; establishment  
 Found'er, *s.* a builder, an establisher; a caste  
 Found'er, *v.* to grow lame; sink to the bottom  
 Found'ery, Found'ry, *s.* a casting house  
 Found'ling, *s.* a deserted infant  
 Fount, Fount'ain, *s.* a spring, a spout of water  
 Fount'ful, *a.* full of springs  
 Four'fold, *a.* four times as many  
 Four'footed, *a.* quadruped  
 Foursco're, *a.* four times twenty; eighty  
 Fourte'en, *a.* four and ten  
 Fowl, *s.* a winged animal, a bird  
 Fowl'er, *s.* a sportsman, a bird-catcher  
 Fowl'ingpiece, *s.* a gun for shooting birds  
 Fox, *s.* a beast of chase of the canine kind  
     remarkable for his cunning; a knave  
 Fox'case, *s.* the skin of a fox  
 Fox'chase, *s.* pursuit of a fox with hounds  
 Fox'hunter, *s.* one who hunts foxes  
 Fox'trap, *s.* a gin or snare to catch foxes  
 Fract, *v. a.* to break, to violate, to infringe  
 Fract'ion, *s.* the act of breaking; dissension  
     strife; a broken part of an integral

fractional, *a.* belonging to a fraction  
 fractious, *a.* cross, peevish, quarrelsome  
 fracture, *v. a.* to break a bone—*s.* a breach ;  
 separation of continuous parts  
 fragile, *a.* brittle, easily broken, weak  
 fragility, *s.* brittleness, weakness, frailty  
 fragment, *s.* an imperfect piece, a part  
 fragmentary, *a.* composed of fragments  
 fragrance, *Fra/grancy, s.* sweetness of smell ;  
 grateful odour, pleasing scent  
 fragrant, *a.* odorous, sweet of smell  
 frail, *a.* weak, feeble, liable to error  
 frail, *s.* a basket made of rushes ; a rush  
 frailty, *s.* weakness, instability of mind  
 frame, *v. a.* to form, to fabricate, to compose ; to regulate ; to contrive, plan, invent  
 frame, *s.* any thing made so as to inclose or admit something else ; regularity, order ; contrivance, construction ; shape, form  
 franchise, *v. a.* to make free—*s.* an exemption, privilege, immunity ; a district  
 fragile, *a.* easily broken, fragile, brittle  
 friar, *s.* a paramour ; a boon companion  
 frank, *a.* liberal, ingenuous, unreserved  
 frank, *s.* a free letter ; a French coin  
 frank, *v. a.* to exempt from payment  
 frankincense, *s.* an odoriferous drug  
 frankly, *ad.* freely, plainly, without reserve  
 frankness, *s.* open heartedness, liberality  
 frantic, *a.* mad, distracted, transported  
 fraternal, *a.* brotherly, becoming brothers  
 fraternit, *s.* a corporation, a society  
 fratricide, *s.* the murder of a brother  
 fraud, *s.* deceit, trick, artifice, cheat  
 fraudulence, *Fraud/ulency, s.* deceitfulness, trickishness, proneness to artifice  
 fraudulent, *Fraud/ful, a.* full of artifice, deceitful, trickish, subtle  
 fraudulently, *ad.* by fraud, treacherously  
 fraught, *s.* a freight, a cargo—*part.* laden  
 fray, *s.* a duel, a quarrel, a battle ; a defect  
 frayed, *part.* worn by rubbing ; terrified  
 fray, *s.* a sudden fancy, a whim, a humour  
 frakish, *a.* capricious, humourous  
 freckle, *s.* a spot in the skin—*v. n.* to spot  
 freckled, *a.* full of spots or freckles  
 free, *a.* at liberty ; licentious ; liberal, frank  
 freebooter, *s.* a robber, a plunderer  
 reborn, *a.* inheriting liberty  
 free-cost, *s.* without charge or expense  
 freedom, *s.* liberty, privilege, unrestraint  
 freeheart'ed, *a.* liberal, generous, kind  
 freehold, *s.* land held in perpetual right  
 freeholder, *s.* one who has a freehold  
 free'y, *ad.* at liberty ; lavishly ; spontaneously  
 free'man, *s.* one not a slave ; one entitled to particular rights, privileges, &c.  
 free'minded, *a.* unconstrained, without care  
 free'ness, *s.* ingenuousness, liberality  
 respo'ken, *a.* speaking without reserve

Free'stone, *s.* a stone so called, because it may be cut in any direction, having no grain  
 Free'thinker, *s.* a contemner of religion  
 Freeze, *v. n.* to be congealed with cold  
 Freight, *s.* the lading of a ship ; the money due for transportation of goods  
 French, *a.* of or belonging to France  
 Fren'etic, *a.* mad, distracted, frantic  
 Fren'zy, *s.* madness, distraction of mind  
 Fre'quency, *s.* condition of being often seen or done ; usualness ; a full assembly  
 Fre'quent, *a.* often done, seen, or occurring  
 Frequent'y, *ad.* repeatedly, not rarely  
 Fresc'o, *s.* coolness, shade, duskiness  
 Fresh, *a.* cool ; not salt ; not stale ; recent, new ; florid, vigorous, brisk ; not vapid  
 Fresh'en, *v.* to make or grow fresh  
 Fresh'et, *s.* a pool of fresh water  
 Fresh'ly, *ad.* coolly ; newly ; ruddily  
 Fresh'ness, *s.* newness ; spirit, bloom  
 Fret, *s.* agitation or commotion of the mind ; agitation of liquors by fermentation  
 Fret, *v.* to rub, wear away ; to vex ; to corrode  
 Fret'ful, *a.* angry, peevish, dissatisfied  
 Fret'fulness, *s.* peevishness, passion  
 Fret'work, *s.* raised work in masonry  
 Fri'able, *a.* easily reduced to powder  
 Fri'ar, *s.* a religious brother of some order  
 Fri'arlike, Fri'arly, Fri'ary, *a.* unskilled in the world ; monastic, recluse  
 Fri'ary, *s.* a monastery or convent of friars  
 Frib'ble, *s.* a fop, a trifler, a coxcomb  
 Fricasse'e, *s.* a dish of chickens, &c. cut small and dressed with strong sauce  
 Fric'tion, *s.* the act of rubbing bodies together  
 Fri'day, *s.* the sixth day of the week  
 Friend, *s.* an intimate, a confidant, a favourer  
 Friend'ed, *part.* befriended, aided, assisted  
 Friend'less, *a.* without friends, forlorn  
 Friend'liness, *s.* a disposition to friendship or benevolence ; kind behaviour  
 Friend'ly, *a.* kind, favourable, salutary  
 Friend'ship, *s.* highest degree of intimacy ; favour ; personal kindness ; assistance, help  
 Frieze, *Frize, s.* a warm coarse kind of cloth ; a term in ornamental architecture  
 Frigate, *s.* a small ship of war  
 Fright, *s.* a sudden terror, a panic  
 Fright, *Fright'en, v. a.* to terrify, to daunt  
 Fright'ful, *a.* causing fright, dreadful  
 Fright'fully, *ad.* terribly, horribly, dreadfully  
 Fri'gid, *a.* cold, impotent, dull, unmoved  
 Frigid'ity, *s.* coldness, dulness  
 Frigid'ly, *ad.* coldly, dully, unfeelingly  
 Frigorific, *a.* causing or producing cold  
 Frill, *v. n.* to quake—*s.* a kind of ruffle  
 Fringe, *s.* ornamental trimming—*v. a.* to trim  
 Frip'per'y, *s.* old clothes, tattered rags ; paltry ridiculous finery ; dresses vamped up

Frisk, *v. n.* to leap, to skip, to dance  
 Frisk'iness, *s.* gaiety, liveliness  
 Frisk'y, *a.* gay, airy, frolicsome, wanton  
 Frit, *s.* ashes or salt to make glass with  
 Frith, *s.* a strait of the sea ; a kind of net  
 Frit'ter, *v. a.* to crumble away in small particles, &c.—*s.* a small pancake  
 Frit'tered, *part.* divided into small pieces  
 Friv'olous, *a.* slight, trifling, of no moment  
 Friv'olously, *ad.* vainly, insignificantly  
 Friz'zle, *v. a.* to curl in short curls  
 Fro, *ad.* contraction of from, to and fro  
 Frock, *s.* a dress ; a coat ; a gown for children  
 Frog, *s.* a small amphibious animal  
 Frolic, *s.* a wild prank, a flight of whim—  
     *v. n.* to play pranks, to be merry  
 Frolic, Frolic'some, *a.* gay, jocund, wild  
 From, *pr.* away ; out of ; noting privation  
 Front, *s.* the face, the forehead ; fore part of any thing ; van of an army  
 Front, *v.* to stand foremost, to be opposite to  
 Front'ed, *part.* formed with a front  
 Front'ier, *s.* a limit, a verge of territory  
 Frontinia'c, *s.* a luscious French wine  
 Frontispiece, *s.* an engraving to face the title page of a book ; that part of any thing that directly meets the eye  
 Front'less, *a.* without shame, impudent  
 Front'let, *s.* a bandage worn on the forehead  
 Frost, *s.* the power or act of congelation ; the effect of cold producing ice  
 Frostbit'ten, *part.* nipped or withered by frost  
 Frost'ed, *a.* made in imitation of frost  
 Frost'y, *a.* excessively cold, hoary  
 Froth, *s.* foam ; empty show of words, &c.  
 Froth'iness, *s.* lightness, emptiness, vanity  
 Froth'y, *a.* full of foam ; empty, trifling  
 Frouz'y, *a.* fetid, strong, musty, dim  
 Frow'ard, *a.* peevish, ungovernable, angry  
 Frow'ardly, *ad.* peevishly, perversely  
 Frown, *s.* a wrinkled look ; look of displeasure  
 Frown, *v. n.* to knit the brows  
 Fro'zen, *part. pass.* of to freeze  
 Fructiferous, *a.* bearing fruit  
 Fructify, *v. a.* to make fruitful, to fertilize  
 Fructuous, *a.* fruitful, fertile  
 Fru'gal, *a.* thrifty, sparing, parsimonious  
 Frugal'ity, *s.* thrift, good husbandry  
 Fru'gally, *ad.* sparingly, parsimoniously  
 Fruit, *s.* the produce of the earth, trees, and plants ; the offspring of the womb  
 Fruit'age, *s.* fruit collectively ; various fruits  
 Fruit'bearing, *part.* producing fruit  
 Fruit'er, *s.* one who trades in fruit  
 Fruit'ery, *s.* a fruitloft ; fruit collectively  
 Fruit'ful, *a.* fertile, prolific, plenteous  
 Fruit'fully, *ad.* abundantly, plenteously  
 Fruit'fulness, *s.* fertility, plentiful production  
 Fruit'ion, *s.* enjoyment, possession  
 Fru'itive, *a.* enjoying, possessing  
 Fruit'less, *a.* barren, unprofitable, idle  
 Fruit'lessly, *ad.* vainly, unprofitably  
 Fruit'loft, *s.* a loft to preserve fruit in  
 Fruit'-tree, *s.* a tree that produces fruit  
 Frumenta'cious, *a.* made of grain  
 Frumenta'rious, *a.* pertaining to corn  
 Fru'menty, *s.* food made of wheat boiled in milk, and sweetened  
 Frump, *v. a.* to mock, to browbeat  
 Frush, *v. a.* to break, bruise, or crush  
 Frustra'neous, *a.* useless, unprofitable  
 Frustrate, *v. a.* vain, ineffectual, void  
 Frustrate, *v. a.* to disappoint, to defeat  
 Frustra'tion, *s.* disappointment, defeat  
 Fry, *s.* a swarm of little fishes, &c.  
 Fry, *v. a.* to dress food in a frying-pan  
 Fub, *v. a.* to put off, to delay by false pretences  
 Fu'cus, *s.* a paint, &c. for the face  
 Fud'dle, *v.* to tipple, to make drunk  
 Fu'el, *s.* the matter or aliment of fire  
 Fuga'ciousness, *s.* volatility, uncertainty  
 Fu'gitive, *a.* unsteady, volatile, flying  
 Fu'gitive, *s.* a runaway, a deserter  
 Fu'gitiveness, *s.* instability, volatility  
 Ful'ciment, *s.* a prop, an underset, a stay  
 Fulfi'l, *v. a.* to accomplish, to perform  
 Fulfra'ught, *a.* fully or completely stored  
 Ful'gent, Ful'gid, *a.* shining, glittering  
 Ful'i'ginous, *a.* sooty, smoky  
 Ful'limart, *s.* a kind of stinking ferret  
 Full, *a.* replete, stored, saturated, perfect  
 Full, *s.* complete measure ; the total  
 Full, *ad.* without abatement ; exactly  
 Fullblo'wn, Fullspread'd, *a.* spread to the most extent, fully expanded  
 Fullbot'tomed, *a.* having a large bottom  
 Ful'ler, *s.* one who cleans or whitens cloth  
 Ful'lers'-earth, *s.* a soft, unctuous marl, used by fullers for cleaning cloth, &c.  
 Fulley'ed, *a.* having large prominent eyes  
 Fullfe'd, *a.* sated, fat, plump  
 Ful'ly, *ad.* completely, without vacuity  
 Ful'minant, *a.* thundering, very loud  
 Ful'minate, *v.* to thunder, to make a loud noise ; to issue out ecclesiastical censures  
 Fulmina'tion, *s.* the act of thundering, &c.  
 Ful'ness, *s.* completeness, satiety, plenty  
 Ful'some, *a.* nauseous, rank, offensive  
 Fuma'do, *s.* a smoked or dried fish  
 Fum'ble, *v. n.* to attempt any thing awkward  
 Fumb'ler, *s.* an awkward person  
 Fume, *s.* smoke, vapour ; rage, conceit  
 Fume, *v. n.* to smoke ; to be in a rage  
 Fu'mid, *a.* smoky, vapourous  
 Fu'migate, *v. a.* to smoke, to perfume  
 Fumiga'tion, *s.* a scent raised by fire  
 Fu'mingly, *ad.* angrily, in a rage  
 Fu'mous, Fu'my, *a.* producing fumes  
 Fun, *s.* sport, high merriment  
 Function, *s.* an employment, an occupation

fund, *s.* a repository of public money  
fund'ament, *s.* the hinder part, or breech  
fundamental, *a.* serving for the foundation ;  
essential ; not merely accidental  
fundamentally, *ad.* essentially ; originally  
un'heral, *s.* the solemnization of a burial  
un'heral, *a.* used on interring the dead  
un'real, *a.* suiting a funeral ; dismal, dark  
un'gous, *a.* spongy, excrescent  
un'iculat, *a.* consisting of small fibres  
un'nel, *s.* a vessel for pouring liquor into a  
bottle ; the hollow of a chimney  
un'ny, *a.* merry, laughable, comical  
ur, *s.* the soft hairy skins of several beasts ;  
a substance sticking to the sides of vessels  
ur'city, *s.* a disposition to theft  
ur'below, *s.* fur, or other ornamental trimming  
on the lower part of a garment  
ur'bish, *v. a.* to burnish, to polish  
ur'ious, *a.* mad, raging, violent, passionate  
ur'iously, *ad.* madly, violently, vehemently  
ur, *v. a.* to draw up, to contract  
ur'long, *s.* eighth part of a mile ; 220 yards  
ur'lough, *s.* a temporary leave of absence  
from military service  
ur'ment, *s.* wheat boiled in milk  
ur'nace, *s.* an inclosed fireplace  
ur'nish, *v. a.* to supply, to equip, to decorate  
ur'niture, *s.* goods put into a house for use or  
ornament ; equipage ; appendages  
ur'rier, *s.* a dealer in furs

Fur'row, *s.* any long trench or hollow  
Fur'ry, *a.* covered with or made of fur  
Fur'ther, *ad.* to a greater distance  
Fur'ther, *v. a.* to forward, to promote, to assist  
Fur'thermore, *ad.* moreover, besides  
Fur'thermost, Fur'thest, *a.* the most distant  
Fu'ry, *s.* madness, passion, frenzy, rage  
Furze, *s.* a prickly shrub, used for fuel ; gorse  
Fur'zy, *a.* overgrown with furze  
Fuse, *v.* to melt, put into fusion, be melted  
Fuse'e, *s.* a kind of light, neat musket, properly spelt *fusil* ; part of a watch on which the chain is wound ; a wooden pipe filled with wildfire, and put into the touch-hole of a bomb, to cause the explosion  
Fu'sible, Fu'sil, *a.* capable of being melted  
Fusili'er, *s.* a soldier armed with a fusil  
Fu'sion, *s.* the state of being melted  
Fuss, *s.* a bustle, a tumult, a noise, a hurry  
Fus'tian, *s.* a kind of cloth made of linen and cotton ; a bombast style  
Fustila'rian, *s.* a low fellow, a scoundrel  
Fus'tiness, *s.* mustiness, mouldiness  
Fu'sty, *a.* ill smelling, mouldy, musty  
Fu'tile, *a.* talkative, trifling, worthless  
Futil'ity, *s.* loquacity, silliness, vanity  
Fu'ture, *a.* that which is to come hereafter  
Fu'ture, Fu'tu'ry, *s.* the time to come  
Fuzz, *v. n.* to fly out in small particles  
Fy, or Fie, *interj.* a word of blame or censure

## G.

G IS used as an abbreviation of *gratia*, as  
e. g. *exempli gratia*, for example ;  
*De gratia*, by the grace of God ; G. R.  
George Rex, &c.  
Sabardine, *s.* a coarse frock  
Sabb'le, *v. n.* to prate loudly and noisily  
Sabb'le, *s.* loud talk without meaning  
Sabb'ler, *s.* a prater, a chattering fellow  
Sabel, *s.* an excise, a tax  
Sabion, *s.* a wicker basket filled with earth, and placed upon the bastions  
Sable, *s.* the sloping roof of a building  
Sad, *s.* an ingot of steel ; a still ; a graver  
Sad, *v. n.* to ramble about without business  
Sad'der, *s.* one that gads or runs abroad  
Sad'fly, *s.* the breece fly that stings cattle  
Saff, *s.* a harpoon, or large hook  
Saffer, *s.* an old country word for master  
Saffies, *s.* artificial spurs upon cocks  
Sag, *v. n.* to stop the mouth  
Sag, *s.* something applied to hinder speech  
Sage, *s.* a pledge, a caution, a pawn

Gage, *v. a.* to wager, to impawn ; to measure  
Gag'gle, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose  
Gai'ly, *ad.* cheerfully, airily, splendidly  
Gain, *s.* profit, advantage, interest  
Gain, *v.* to obtain, to procure, to attain  
Gain'er, *s.* one who receives advantage  
Gain'ful, *a.* advantageous, lucrative  
Gain'ly, *ad.* handily, readily  
Gain'say, *v. a.* to contradict, to controvert  
Gain'stand, *v. a.* to withstand, to oppose  
Gair'ish, *a.* gaudy, splendid, fine, flighty  
Gair'ishness, *s.* finery, extravagant joy  
Gait, *s.* manner and air of walking  
Ga'la, *s.* a grand festivity or procession  
Gal'angal, *s.* an Indian medicinal root  
Gal'axy, *s.* a long, luminous tract, composed of an infinite number of stars ; the milky way  
Gal'banum, *s.* a strong scented gum or resin  
Gale, *s.* a wind not tempestuous, yet stronger than a breeze  
Gal'eas, *s.* a low built vessel, with oars and sails  
Gal'eated, *a.* covered as with a helmet

**Galiot**, *s.* a small galley, or sort of brigantine  
**Gall**, *s.* bile; malignity, rancour, anger  
**Gall**, *v. a.* to rub off the skin; to tease, harass  
**Gallant**, *a.* gay, brave, fine, specious  
**Galla'nt**, *s.* a gay, sprightly man; a lover  
**Gallantly**, *ad.* bravely, nobly, generously  
**Gallantry**, *s.* bravery; splendour; courtship  
**Gall'ed**, *part.* hurt, fretted, vexed  
**Galleo'n**, *s.* a large Spanish ship, usually employed in bringing treasure from America  
**Galler'y**, *s.* a passage leading to several apartments; a balcony round a building  
**Galle'y**, *s.* a small vessel both for sails and oars  
**Galle'y-slave**, *s.* a person condemned for some crime to row in the galleys  
**Galliard**, *s.* a gay, brisk man; a lively dance  
**Gall'icism**, *s.* a mode of speaking after the manner of the French; a French idiom  
**Galligas'kins**, *s.* large, open hose  
**Gallimauf'ry**, *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley  
**Gallipot**, *s.* a pot painted and glazed  
**Gallon**, *s.* a measure of four quarts  
**Gallop**, *v. n.* to move by leaps, or very fast  
**Gallop**, *s.* a horse's full or swiftest speed  
**Gal'low**, *v. a.* to terrify, to fright  
**Galloway**, *s.* a horse not more than 14 hands high, much used in the north  
**Gallows**, *s.* a tree for executing malefactors  
**Gamb'os**, *s.* spatterdashes; a kind of boots fixed to a saddle instead of stirrups  
**Gamb'ler**, *s.* a cheating gamester  
**Gamb'ol**, *s.* a skip, a frolic, a wild prank  
**Gamb'ol**, *v. n.* to dance, to skip, to leap  
**Gamb'rel**, *s.* the leg of a horse  
**Game**, *s.* sport of any kind; insolent merriment; mockery; animals pursued in the field; contests exhibited to the people  
**Game**, *v. n.* to play extravagantly for money  
**Ga'mecock**, *s.* a cock bred to fight  
**Ga'mekeeper**, *s.* one who looks after game, and prevents it from being destroyed  
**Ga'mesome**, *a.* frolicsome, sportive, gay  
**Gam'ester**, *s.* one viciously addicted to play  
**Gam'mer**, *s.* a country appellation for mistress, mother, &c. corresponding to gaffer  
**Gam'mon**, *s.* the thigh of a hog salted and dried; a kind of play with dice  
**Gam'ut**, *s.* the scale of musical notes  
**Gan'der**, *s.* the male of the goose  
**Gang**, *s.* a number herding together; a troop  
**Gan'grene**, *s.* a mortification, a putrefaction  
**Gan'grenous**, *a.* mortified, putrified  
**Gang'way**, *s.* the passage in a ship  
**Gant'let**, *s.* a military punishment, in which the criminal runs through the whole regiment, and receives a lash from each soldier  
**Gan'za**, *s.* a kind of wild goose  
**Gaol**, *s.* a prison, a place of confinement  
**Gaol'er**, *s.* the keeper of a prison  
**Gap**, *s.* an opening, a breach, an avenue, a hole

**Gape**, *v. n.* to yawn; to crave; to stare  
**Garb**, *s.* dress, attire, exterior appearance  
**Gar'bage**, *s.* offals; the entrails  
**Gar'ble**, *v. a.* to sift, to part, to separate  
**Gar'boil**, *s.* trouble, disturbance, tumult  
**Gar'den**, *v. n.* to cultivate a garden  
**Gar'den**, *s.* ground inclosed for fruit, herbs, &c.  
**Gar'dener**, *s.* one who attends a garden  
**Gard'ening**, *s.* the act of planning out and cultivating gardens  
**Gar'garism**, *Gar'gle*, *s.* a liquid medicine to wash the throat or mouth with  
**Gar'gle**, *v. a.* to wash the throat; to warble  
**Gar'gol**, *s.* a distemper among hogs  
**Gar'land**, *s.* a wreath of branches or flowers  
**Gar'lic**, *s.* a well-known plant  
**Gar'ment**, *s.* any covering for the body  
**Gar'ner**, *s.* a granary for threshed corn  
**Gar'ner**, *v. a.* to store as in garners  
**Gar'net**, *s.* a red gem, of various sizes  
**Gar'nish**, *v. a.* to decorate, to embellish  
**Gar'nish**, *Gar'niture, *s.* embellishment  
**Gar'ran**, *s.* a small horse; a hobby  
**Gar'ret**, *s.* the uppermost room of a house  
**Garret'ter**, *s.* one that lives in a garret  
**Gar'rison**, *s.* soldiers to defend a castle, &c.  
**Gar'rison**, *v. a.* to secure by fortresses, &c.  
**Gar'rul'ity**, *s.* loquacity, talkativeness  
**Gar'ruous**, *a.* prattling, talkative  
**Gar'ter**, *s.* a string or ribband to hold up; stocking; mark of the order of the garter  
**Gas**, *s.* a spirit not capable of coagulation  
**Gascona'de**, *s.* a boast, a bravado—*v. n.* to boast  
**Gash**, *s.* a deep cut or wound  
**Gas'kins**, *s.* wide hose or breeches  
**Gasp**, *s.* catch of breath in the last agonies  
**Gasp**, *v. n.* to pant for breath  
**Gate**, *s.* a large door, an opening, an avenue  
**Ga'ther**, *v.* to collect, pick up, assemble; to crop; to pucker; to fester; to thicken  
**Gath'ers**, *s.* plaits in a garment, &c.  
**Gath'erer**, *s.* one who gathers; a collector  
**Gath'er'ing**, *s.* a collection; a tumour  
**Gaude**, *Gaud'ery*, *s.* an ornament, finery  
**Gaude**, *v. n.* to exult, to rejoice at any thing  
**Gaud'ily**, *ad.* showily, gayly, splendidly  
**Gaud'iness**, *s.* showiness, tinsel appearance  
**Gaud'y**, *a.* showy, splendid, pompous  
**Gaud'y**, *s.* a festival in colleges; a feast  
**Gave**, *pret. of to give*  
**Gav'elkind**, *s.* an equal division of land  
**Gav'eloc**, *s.* an iron bar, a pick javelin  
**Gave'locs**, *s.* javelins, warlike instruments  
**Gauge**, *v. a.* to measure the contents of a vessel—*s.* a measure, a standard  
**Gau'ger**, *s.* one who measures quantities  
**Gaunt**, *a.* lean, thin, slender, meagre  
**Gaunt'let**, *s.* an iron glove for defence, &c.  
**Gav'ot**, *s.* a kind of brisk dance  
**Gauze**, *s.* a thin, transparent silk, &c.*

Gawk'y, *a.* awkward, foolish, rustic  
 Gay, *a.* airy, cheerful, merry, frolicsome  
 Gay'ety, or Gai'ety, *s.* cheerfulness; pomp  
 Gay'fly, or Gaily, *ad.* merrily, showily  
 Gaze, *v. n.* to look earnestly or steadily  
 Gazette, *s.* an authentic newspaper  
 Gazette'er, *s.* a writer of Gazettes, &c.  
 Ga'zingstock, *s.* one gazed at with scorn  
 Ga'zon, *s.* in fortification, pieces of fresh  
 earth covered with grass, cut in form of  
 a wedge  
 Gear, or Geer, *s.* furniture, dress, harness  
 Gear, *v. n.* to put harness on horses, &c.  
 Geese, *s. plural* of Goose  
 Gel'able, *a.* what may be congealed  
 Gel'atine, Gelat'inous, *a.* made into a jelly  
 Geld, *v. a.* to cut, to deprive, to castrate  
 Geld'er, *s.* one who performs castration, &c.  
 Geld'ing, *s.* a horse that has been gelded  
 Geld'fd, *a.* extremely cold, frozen  
 Gem, *s.* a jewel, or precious stone; first bud  
 Gemina'tion, *s.* repetition, reduplication  
 Gem'in, *s.* twins; a sign in the zodiac  
 Gem'inous, *a.* double, twofold  
 Gem'mary, *a.* pertaining to gems or jewels  
 Gen'der, *s.* a sex, a kind, a sort  
 Gen'der, *v.* to beget, to cause, to produce  
 Genealo'gical, *a.* pertaining to pedigrees  
 Genealo'gist, *s.* one skilled in genealogy  
 Geneal'o gy, *s.* history of family succession  
 General', *a.* usual, common, extensive  
 General', *s.* one that commands an army  
 Generalis'mo, *s.* a commander in chief  
 General'ity, *s.* the main body, the bulk  
 General'ly, *ad.* in general, frequently  
 Gener'ate, *v. a.* to beget, to cause, to produce  
 Gener'ated, *part.* caused, produced  
 Gener'ation, *s.* offspring, progeny, race  
 Gener'ative, *a.* fruitful, prolific, productive  
 Gener'ical, *a.* comprehending the genus  
 Gener'ically, *ad.* with regard to the genus  
 Generos'ity, Gen'rousness, *s.* liberality  
 Gen'rous, *a.* liberal, munificent, noble  
 Gen'rously, *ad.* nobly, bountifully, liberally  
 Gen'esis, *s.* the first book of Moses, which  
     treats of the formation of the world  
 Gen'et, *s.* a small well-made Spanish horse  
 Gene'va, *s.* the spirit of juniper  
 Ge'nial, *a.* that gives cheerfulness; festive;  
     contributing to propagation; natural  
 Ge'nially, *ad.* cheerfully, merrily, gayly  
 Genic'ulated, *a.* knotted, jointed  
 Ge'nio, *s.* a man of peculiar mind  
 Genitals, *s.* the parts belonging to generation  
 Gen'iting, *s.* an early apple, in June  
 Gen'itive, *a.* in grammar, one of the cases of  
     nouns by which property or possession is  
     thiefily implied  
 Gen'ius, *s.* intellectual power; nature; dispo-  
     sition; a spirit either good or evil

Gente'el, *a.* polite, elegant, graceful, civil  
 Genteel'ly, *ad.* elegantly, gracefully, politely  
 Genteel'ness, *s.* elegance, politeness, grace-  
     fulness; qualities befitting a man of rank  
 Gen'tian, *s.* felwort or baldmony; a plant  
 Gen'tile, *s.* a pagan, a heathen  
 Gentile'sse, *s.* complaisance, civility  
 Gen'tilism, *s.* paganism, heathenism  
 Gentil'ity, *s.* good extraction; dignity of  
     birth; elegance of behaviour; paganism  
 Gen'tie, *a.* soft, mild, meek; well born  
 Gen'tle, *s.* a maggot used in fishing  
 Gen'tleman, *s.* a man of birth, not noble  
 Gen'tlemanlike, *a.* becoming a gentleman  
 Gen'tleness, *s.* meekness, tenderness  
 Gen'tlewoman, *s.* a woman well descended,  
     though not of noble birth  
 Gent'ly, *ad.* softly, meekly, inoffensively  
 Gen'try, *s.* a class of people above the vulgar;  
     a term of civility  
 Genuflec'tion, *s.* the act of kneeling  
 Gen'uine, *a.* true, real, natural, not spurious  
 Ge'nus, *s.* a class of being, comprehending  
     under it many species; as *quadruped* is a  
     genus comprehending under it almost all  
     terrestrial beasts  
 Geocen'tric, *a.* in astronomy, is a planet's  
     having the earth for its centre  
 Geog'rapher, *s.* one who describes the earth  
     according to its different parts  
 Geograph'ical, *a.* pertaining to geography  
 Geograph'y, *s.* the knowledge of the earth  
 Ge'omancer, *s.* a fortuneteller  
 Ge'omancy, *s.* the act of foretelling by figures  
 Geoman'tic, *a.* pertaining to geomancy  
 Geom'eter, Geometri'cian, *s.* one skilled in  
     the science of geometry  
 Geomet'rical, *a.* pertaining to geometry  
 Geomet'rically, *ad.* according to geometry  
 Geom'etry, *s.* the science of quantity, exten-  
     sion, or magnitude, abstractedly considered  
 George, *s.* an ornament worn by knights of  
     the garter, on which is the figure of St.  
     George on horseback; a brown loaf  
 Ge'orgic, *s.* a rural poem  
 Ger'man, *s.* a brother, a near relation  
 Germe, Ger'min, *s.* a sprouting seed  
 Ger'minate, *v. n.* to sprout, to shoot, to bud  
 Ger'und, *s.* a kind of verbal noun  
 Gest, *s.* an action, show, representation  
 Gest'a'tion, *s.* the act of bearing young  
 Gestic'ulate, *v. n.* to play antic tricks, &c.  
 Gesticula'tion, *s.* antic tricks, various pos-  
     tures; too much gesture in speaking  
 Ges'ture, *s.* posture, movement of the body  
 Get, *v.* to obtain, to acquire, to win, to learn  
 Gew'gaw, *s.* a toy, a bauble—a trifling  
 Ghast'liness, *s.* frightful aspect, paleness  
 Ghast'ly, *a.* like a ghost, pale, horrible  
 Ghast'ness, *s.* ghastliness, horror of look

**Gher'kin**, *s.* a small cucumber for pickling  
**Ghost**, *s.* the soul of man; a spirit  
**Ghost'ly**, *a.* spiritual, relating to the soul  
**Giam'beux**, *s.* armour for the legs; greaves  
**Gi'ant**, *s.* one unnaturally large and tall  
**Gi'antlike**, *Gi'antly*, *a.* gigantic, vast  
**Gibbe**, *s.* an old worn-out animal  
**Gib'berish**, *s.* unintelligible talk; cant words  
**Gib'bet**, *s.* a gallows—*v. n.* to hang up  
**Gib'biçr**, *s.* game, wild fowl  
**Gib'bous**, *a.* convex, crooked-backed  
**Gib'cat**, *s.* an old worn-out cat  
**Gibe**, *s.* a sneer, scoff, word of contempt  
**Gib'lets**, *s.* the pinions, gizzard, &c. of a goose  
**Gid'dily**, *ad.* unsteadily, heedlessly, carelessly  
**Gid'diness**, *s.* state of being giddy; inconstancy, wantonness, frolic, unsteadiness  
**Gid'dy**, *a.* whirling, heedless, changeful  
**Gid'dybrained**, *a.* thoughtless, careless  
**Gift**, *s.* a thing given; power; a bribe  
**Gift'ed**, *a.* endowed with eminent powers  
**Gig**, *s.* any thing that is whirled round in play; a kind of chaise; a fiddle  
**Gigan'tic**, *a.* giantlike, big, enormous, bulky  
**Giggle**, *v. n.* to laugh idly, to titter  
**Gild**, *v. a.* to overlay with gold; to adorn  
**Gild'er**, *s.* one who gilds; a coin, from 1s. 6d. to 2s. value  
**Gild'ing**, *s.* gold laid on a surface for ornament  
**Gill**, *s.* a measure containing a quarter of a pint; the apertures at the side of a fish's head; the flesh under the chin; ground ivy  
**Gillyflower**, *s.* the July flower  
**Gilt**, *s.* golden show, gold laid on the surface of any thing—the participle of to gild  
**Gim**, *Gim'my*, *a.* neat, spruce, smart  
**Gim'crack**, *s.* a slight or trivial mechanism  
**Gim'let**, *s.* a nail-piercer, or borer  
**Gimp**, *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace  
**Gin**, *s.* a snare; the spirit drawn from juniper  
**Gin'ger**, *s.* a warm, spicy, Indian root  
**Gin'gerbread**, *s.* a kind of bread made of flour, ginger, treacle, &c. &c.  
**Gin'gerly**, *ad.* cautiously, nicely, softly  
**Gin'gival**, *a.* belonging to the gums  
**Gin'gle**, *s.* a shrill resounding noise  
**Gin'gle**, *v.* to make a tinkling noise  
**Gip'sy**, *s.* a vagrant who pretends to tell fortunes by palmistry or physiognomy  
**Girando'le**, *s.* a branched candlestick  
**Gird**, *v.* to bind round, to dress; to reproach  
**Gird'er**, *s.* the largest timber on a floor  
**Gir'dle**, *s.* any thing tied round the waist  
**Girl**, *s.* a female child, or young woman  
**Gir'lish**, *a.* acting like a girl, youthful  
**Girt**, *Girth*, *s.* a broad belt, by which the saddle is fixed upon the horse; a bandage  
**Give**, *v. a.* to bestow, yield, allow, permit  
**Giv'er**, *s.* one that gives, a donor, a grantor  
**Giz'zard**, *s.* the muscular stomach of a fowl

**Gla'cial**, *a.* icy, made of ice, frozen  
**Glacia'tion**, *s.* act of freezing, ice formed  
**Gla'cis**, *s.* in fortification, a sloping bank  
**Glad**, *a.* cheerful, gay, exhilarating  
**Glad, Glad'den**, *v. a.* to cheer, to make glad  
**Glade**, *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood  
**Gladi'or**, *s.* a prize-fighter, a sword-player  
**Glad'ly**, *ad.* joyfully, with merriment  
**Glad'ness**, *s.* joy, exultation, cheerfulness  
**Glad'some**, *a.* gay, delighted, pleasing  
**Glaire**, *s.* the white of an egg; an halbert  
**Glaire**, *v. a.* to smear with the white of egg  
**Glance**, *s.* a snatch of sight, quick view, sudden shoot of light or splendour  
**Glance**, *v. n.* to censure by oblique hints  
**Gland**, *s.* a part of the human body  
**Glandi'ferous**, *a.* bearing acorns and mast  
**Glandulos'ity**, *s.* a collection of glands  
**Gland'ulous**, *a.* pertaining to the glands  
**Glare**, *s.* overpowering lustre, splendour  
**Glare**, *v.* to shine so as to dazzle the eyes  
**Gla'ring**, *a.* blazing out; bare-faced  
**Glass**, *s.* an artificial transparent substance  
**Glass**, *a.* made of glass, vitreous  
**Glass**, *v. a.* to see in a glass; cover with glass  
**Glass/furnace**, *s.* a place for making glass in  
**Glass/grinder**, *s.* one who polishes glass  
**Glass/house**, *s.* a house where glass is made  
**Glass/man**, *s.* one who sells glass  
**Glass/metal**, *s.* glass in fusion  
**Glass/work**, *s.* manufactory of glass  
**Glass'y**, *a.* made of glass, resembling glass  
**Glau'cous**, *a.* of a pale green colour  
**Glave**, *s.* a broad sword, a falchion  
**Glaze**, *v. a.* to furnish or cover with glass  
**Gla'zier**, *s.* one who glazes windows  
**Gleam**, *s.* a sudden shoot of light; lustre  
**Gleam'ing**, *a.* shining, flashing, darting  
**Gleam'y**, *a.* flashing, darting light  
**Glean**, *v. n.* to gather any thing thinly scattered  
**Glean'er**, *s.* one who gleans after reapers  
**Glean'ing**, *s.* the act of gleaning, the thing gleaned or picked up  
**Glebe**, *s.* turf, foil; land possessed as part of the revenue of an ecclesiastical benefice  
**Glebos'ity**, *s.* fulness of clods, turfiness  
**Gleb'ous**, *Gle'b'y*, *a.* turfy, cloddy  
**Glee**, *s.* joy, merriment, gaiety, cheerfulness  
**Glee'ful**, *a.* gay, merry, cheerful  
**Gleek**, *s.* music; a musician—*v. a.* to sneeze  
**Gleen**, *v. n.* to shine with heat or polish  
**Gleet**, *s.* a thin matter issuing from ulcers  
**Glen**, *s.* a valley, a dale  
**Glib**, *a.* smooth, voluble, slippery  
**Glib'ly**, *ad.* smoothly, volubly  
**Glib'ness**, *s.* smoothness, slipperiness  
**Glide**, *v. n.* to flow gently, to move smoothly  
**Glike**, *s.* a sneer, a scoff, a flout  
**Glim'mer**, *v. n.* to shine or appear faintly  
**Glim'mering**, *s.* a weak faint light

Impse, *s.* a faint light; a short view  
 Listen, *v. n.* to shine, to sparkle with light  
 Litter, *v. n.* to shine, gleam; to be specious  
 Litter, Glittering, *s.* lustre, brightness  
 Liar, *v. n.* to look askew, to squint  
 Liar, *v. n.* to cast side glances as a timid lover  
 Lise, *a.* formed like a globe  
 Lobe, *s.* a sphere; the terraqueous ball  
 Lbose, Glob'ular, Glob'ulous, *a.* spherical,  
 round, formed like a sphere  
 Losity, *s.* roundness of form, sphericity  
 Loules, *s.* small particles of a round figure  
 Lm'erate, *v. a.* to gather into a ball  
 Lom, *s.* imperfect darkness; obscurity; hea-  
 tiness of mind, cloudiness of aspect  
 Lom'ness, *s.* want of light, obscurity; want  
 of cheerfulness; cloudiness of look  
 Lomly, *ad.* dimly, dismally, sullenly  
 Lom'y, *a.* obscure, melancholy, cloudy  
 Lried, *a.* illustrious, honourable  
 Lification, *s.* the act of giving glory  
 Lify, *v. a.* to honour, to extol, to worship  
 Lious, *a.* noble, illustrious, excellent  
 Liously, *ad.* nobly, renownedly, splendidly  
 Lry, *s.* honour, praise, renown, fame  
 Lty, *v. n.* to boast in, to be proud of  
 Ls, *s.* a superficial lustre; a comment; a  
 vicious representation  
 Ls, *v.* to comment, to explain, to palliate  
 Lsary, *s.* a dictionary explaining obscure  
 antiquated words; explanatory notes  
 Lsing, *s.* an explanation by glosses  
 Lsy, *a.* shining, bright, smoothly polished  
 Lre, *s.* a cover for the hands  
 Lver, *s.* one who makes or sells gloves  
 Lt, *v. n.* to pout, to look sullen  
 Lt, *v.* to be heated; to feel activity of fancy  
 Lt, *s.* shining heat, vividness of colour  
 Lt-worm, *s.* a small creeping grub, that  
 shines in the dark by a luminous tail  
 Lt, *s.* flattery, specious show, gloss  
 Lt, *s.* a thick, viscous cement, made by  
 Liling the skins of animals to a jelly  
 Lt, *v. a.* to join together with glue, to unite  
 Lt, *a.* sullen, stubbornly grave  
 Lt, *v. a.* to devour, to cloy, to saturate  
 Lt, *ad.* overmuch, more than enough  
 Ltous, *a.* gluey, viscous, tenacious  
 Ltated, *part.* devoured, sated, over-gorged  
 Ltton, *s.* one who eats to excess  
 Lttony, *s.* excess; luxury of the table  
 Lgnarl, *v. n.* to growl, to snarl  
 Lled, *a.* knotty, rough  
 Ln, *v.* to grind the teeth in a rage  
 Lng, *s.* a grinding of the teeth  
 Lng, *s.* a small winged stinging insect  
 Lng, *v. a.* to pick with the teeth; to corrode  
 Ln, *s.* the hand or pin of a dial  
 Lnatics, *s.* the science or art of dialling  
 Ln, *v. n.* to walk, to proceed, to travel, to pass

Goad, *s.* a pointed stick to drive oxen with  
 Goad, *v. a.* to prick, to stimulate, to incite  
 Goal, *s.* a starting-post; final purpose  
 Goar, *s.* any edging sewed upon cloth  
 Goat, *s.* a ruminant animal, that seems of a  
 middle species between deer and sheep  
 Goat'herd, *s.* one who tends goats  
 Goat'ish, *a.* resembling a goat; lustful  
 Gob'bet, *v. a.* to swallow at a mouthful  
 Gob'ble, *v. a.* to eat voraciously and hastily  
 Gob'let, *s.* a bowl, or large cup  
 Goblin, *s.* an evil spirit, a fairy, a phantom  
 Go'cart, *s.* a thing to teach children to walk  
 God, *s.* the Supreme Being  
 God'child, *s.* a child for whom one became  
 sponsor at baptism  
 God'dess, *s.* a female ethnic divinity  
 God'dess-like, *a.* resembling a goddess  
 God'father, *s.* a male sponsor in baptism  
 God'head, *s.* the Deity, the divine nature  
 God'lless, *a.* wicked, impious, vile, atheistical  
 God'like, *a.* divine, supremely excellent  
 God'lness, *s.* piety to God, real religion  
 God'ly, *a.* pious, righteous, religious  
 God'mother, *s.* a female sponsor in baptism  
 God'son, *s.* a boy for whom one was sponsor  
 Gog'gle, *v. n.* to look askant  
 Gog'gle-eyed, *a.* having large eyes; squint-eyed  
 Go'ing, *s.* the act of walking, departure  
 Gold, *s.* the heaviest of all metals; money  
 Gold'beater, *s.* one who beats or foliates gold  
 Gold'bound, *a.* encompassed with gold  
 Gold'en, *a.* made of gold; bright, happy  
 Gold'finch, *s.* a small singing bird  
 Gold'smith, *s.* one who manufactures gold  
 Gome, *s.* the black grease of a cart wheel  
 Gon'dola, *s.* a boat much used at Venice  
 Gondoli'er, *s.* a boatman  
 Gone, *part. pret.* from *to go*, past, lost, dead  
 Gon'falon, *s.* a standard, an ensign  
 Gonorrhœ'a, *s.* a morbid venereal discharge  
 Good, *a.* proper, wholesome, sound, not evil  
 Good, *s.* the contrary to evil; virtue  
 Good'liness, *s.* beauty, grace, elegance  
 Good'ly, *a.* beautiful, graceful, gay, splendid  
 Good'ness, *s.* desirable qualities  
 Goods, *s.* furniture, freight, merchandise  
 Good'y, *s.* a low term of civility  
 Goose, *s.* a large water-fowl; a taylor's iron  
 Goose'berry, *s.* a small tree and its fruit  
 Gooseberryfool', *s.* a food made of boiled  
 gooseberries, with milk, sugar, &c.  
 Gor'bellied, *a.* fat, big-bellied, prominent  
 Gord, *s.* an instrument of gaming  
 Gordian-knot, *s.* an inextricable difficulty  
 Gore, *s.* clotted blood, congealed blood  
 Gore, *v. a.* to stab, to pierce with horns  
 Gorge, *s.* the throat, the swallow  
 Gorge, *v. n.* to glut, to satiate, to swallow  
 Gor'geous, *a.* fine, splendid, glittering

Gor'geously, *ad.* magnificently, finely  
 Gor'geousness, *s.* magnificence, show  
 Gor'get, *s.* a breast-plate worn by military officers; formerly, armour for the throat  
 Gor'gon, *s.* any thing ugly or horrid  
 Gor'mandize, *v. n.* to feed ravenously  
 Gor'mandizer, *s.* a voracious eater, a glutton  
 Gor'mandizing, *part.* eating greedily  
 Gorse, *s.* furze, a thick prickly shrub  
 Gor'y, *a.* covered with blood; murderous  
 Gos'hawk, *s.* a hawk of a large kind  
 Gos'ling, *s.* a goose not yet full grown  
 Gos'pel, *s.* the holy book of the Christian revelation; God'sword; divinity, theology  
 Gos'pel, *v. n.* to fill with religious thoughts  
 Gos'pelled, *part.* instructed in christianity  
 Gos'samer, *s.* the fine down of plants  
 Gos'sip, *s.* a sponsor in baptism; a tattler  
 Gos'sip, *v. n.* to prate, to chat; to be merry  
 Got, Got'ten, *part. pass. of to get*  
 Goth'ic, *a.* in manner of the Goths, antique  
 Goths, *s.* an ancient people of Gothia, an island in the Baltic sea  
 Gove, *v. n.* to mow, to put in a goff or mow  
 Gov'ern, *v.* to rule, to manage, to direct  
 Gov'ernable, *a.* submissive to authority  
 Gov'ernance, *s.* government, rule, control  
 Governa'nte, *s.* a governess of young ladies  
 Gov'erness, *s.* a tutoress, a directress  
 Gov'ernment, *s.* an establishment of legal authority; executive power; manageableness  
 Gov'ernor, *s.* a ruler, a commander, a tutor  
 Gouge, *s.* a chisel with a round edge  
 Gourd, *s.* a plant resembling a melon; a bottle  
 Gourd'y, *a.* swelled in the legs, &c.  
 Gout, *s.* a periodical, painful disease; a drop  
 Gout'y, *a.* afflicted or diseased with the gout  
 Gown, *s.* a long upper garment  
 Gowns'man, *s.* a man devoted to the arts of peace; a student in divinity, law, &c.  
 Grab'ble, *v.* to grope; to lie prostrate  
 Grace, *s.* favour, kindness, virtue, privilege, pardon; beauty, ornament; a short prayer  
 Grace, *v. a.* to dignify, to embellish, to favour  
 Gra'cecup, *s.* the cup of health after grace  
 Gra'ceful, *a.* beautiful with dignity, comely  
 Gra'cefully, *ad.* elegantly, with dignity  
 Gra'cefulness, *s.* elegance of manner  
 Gra'celess, *a.* without grace, abandoned  
 Gra'cile, *a.* slender, small, lean  
 Gra'cious, *a.* benevolent, virtuous, graceful  
 Gra'ciously, *ad.* kindly, in a pleasing manner  
 Gra'ciousness, *s.* kind condescension  
 Grad'a'tion, *s.* a regular advance, order  
 Grad'a'tory, *s.* a flight of steps  
 Gra'dient, *a.* walking, moving by steps  
 Grad'u'al, *a.* done by degrees, step by step  
 Gradua'tion, *s.* a regular progression by succession of degrees  
 Grad'u'ally, *ad.* by degrees, step by step

Grad'uate, *v. a.* to mark with degrees; heighten; dignify with a degree in the university  
 Grad'uate, *s.* one who has taken a degree in an university; an academician  
 Gradua'tion, *s.* regular progression by succession of degrees; conferring degrees  
 Graff, or Graft, *s.* a young cyon, &c.  
 Graff, or Graft, *v. a.* to insert a cyon or branch of one tree into the stock of another  
 Grain, *s.* all kinds of corn; the seed of a fruit; the 24th part of a penny-weight with apothecaries, the 20th part of a scruple; direction of the fibres of wood, &c. the form of the surface with regard to roughness or smoothness; a minute particle  
 Grain'ed, *a.* rough, made less smooth  
 Grains, *s.* the husks of malt in brewing  
 Gramin'eal, Gramin'eous, *a.* grassy  
 Graminiv'orous, *a.* grass-eating  
 Gram'mar, *s.* the science of speaking or writing a language correctly and with precision the book which teaches it  
 Gramma'rian, *s.* one who teaches grammar  
 Grammat'ical, *a.* belonging to grammar  
 Grammat'ically, *ad.* according to grammar  
 Gramp'us, *s.* a large fish of the whale kind  
 Gran'ary, *s.* a storehouse for threshed corn  
 Gran'ate, Gran'ite, *s.* a kind of fine speckled marble; a species of gem  
 Grand, *a.* great, illustrious, high in power  
 Grand'child, *s.* the child of a son or daughter  
 Grand'daughter, *s.* the daughter of a son, or  
 Grande'e, *s.* a man of high rank or power  
 Grand'eur, *s.* state, magnificence  
 Grand'father, *s.* father's or mother's father  
 Grandil'oquous, *a.* using a lofty style  
 Grand'mother, *s.* father's or mother's mother  
 Grand'sire, *s.* a grandfather, an ancestor  
 Grand'son, *s.* the son of a son or daughter  
 Grange, *s.* a farm-house, a lone house  
 Graniv'orous, *a.* eating or living on grain  
 Gran'am, Grand'am, *s.* a grandmother  
 Grant, *v. a.* to admit, to allow; to bestow  
 Grant, *s.* the thing granted; a gift, a boon  
 Grante'e, *s.* he to whom a grant is made  
 Grant'or, *s.* he by whom any grant is made  
 Gran'ular, *a.* resembling grains or seeds  
 Gran'ulate, *v.* to form into small grains  
 Granula'tion, *s.* a breaking into small masses  
 Gran'ule, *s.* a small compact particle  
 Gran'ulous, *a.* full of little grains  
 Grape, *s.* fruit of the vine growing in clusters  
 Graph'ical, *a.* well delineated  
 Graph'ically, *ad.* in a picturesque manner  
 Grap'nel, *s.* an iron hook to catch hold of to secure an enemy's ship; a small anchor  
 Grap'ple, *v.* to contest in close fight; to seize to lay fast hold of, to fasten, to fix  
 Grass'hopper, *s.* a small chirping insect that hops in the summer grass

asp, *v.* to hold in the hand, to seize  
 asp, *n.* seizure of the hand, possession  
 ass, *n.* the common herbage of fields, &c.  
 ass'y, *a.* covered with grass  
 ate, *s.* an enclosure made with bars, the  
 range of bars within which fires are made  
 ate, *v.* to rub or wear away; to offend  
 ateful, *a.* willing to acknowledge and repay  
 benefits; agreeable, pleasant, acceptable  
 atefully, *ad.* with gratitude, pleasingly  
 after, *s.* a rough instrument to grate with  
 atification, *s.* pleasure, delight; reward  
 atifly, *v. a.* to indulge, to please, to requite  
 ating, *part. a.* rubbing; disagreeable  
 atingly, *ad.* harshly, offensively  
 atis, *ad.* for nothing, without reward  
 atitude, Gra'tefulness, *s.* a desire to return  
 benefits; duty to benefactors  
 atitious, *a.* voluntary, bestowed without  
 claim or merit, asserted without proof  
 atuity, *s.* a free gift, a recompence  
 atulate, *v. a.* to congratulate, to wish joy  
 atulation, *s.* the act of rejoicing on behalf  
 of another; expression of joy, salutation  
 atulatory, *a.* expressing congratulation  
 ave, *s.* the place in which the dead are re-  
 posited; the name of an accent  
 ave, *a.* solemn, serious, sober, not showy  
 ave, *v.* to carve in any hard substance  
 aveclothes, *s.* the dress of the dead  
 avel, *s.* hard sand; sandy matter concreted  
 in the kidneys and bladder  
 avel, *v. a.* to cover with gravel; puzzle  
 avelly, *a.* abounding with gravel  
 avely, *ad.* seriously, without tawdry show  
 aveler, *s.* one that engraves; a graving tool  
 avestone, *s.* a stone placed over the grave  
 avoidity, *s.* state of being with child  
 avitate, *v. n.* to weigh or press downwards;  
 to tend to the centre of attraction  
 avitation, *s.* act of tending to the centre  
 avity, Gra'veness, *s.* seriousness; weight  
 av'y, *s.* the juice of roasted meat, &c.  
 aze, *v.* to feed on grass; to touch lightly  
 azier, *s.* one who feeds cattle  
 azing, *s.* the act of feeding on grass  
 aze, *s.* the soft part of the fat  
 aze, *v. a.* to smear with fat; to bribe  
 azeness, *s.* fatness, oiliness, unctuousness  
 asey, *a.* oily, fat, smeared with grease  
 eat, *a.* large, eminent, illustrious  
 eat-be'lied, *a.* pregnant, teeming  
 eatly, *ad.* in a great degree, illustriously  
 eatness, *s.* largeness, power, dignity, state  
 eaves, *s.* armour for the legs  
 e'cian, *a.* of or belonging to Greece  
 e'com, *s.* idiom of the Greek language  
 e'cice, *s.* the name of a country  
 e'cifly, *ad.* eagerly, ravenously, voraciously  
 e'ciness, *s.* ravenousness, voracity

Greed'y, *a.* ravenous, eager, voracious  
 Green, *a.* not ripe, young, fresh, new  
 Green, *s.* a colour; a grassy plain; leaves  
 Green-cloth, *s.* a board or court of justice  
 held in the king's household  
 Green'eyed, *a.* having greenish eyes  
 Green'finch, *s.* a small singing bird; a fish  
 Green'gage, *s.* a species of plum  
 Green'house, *s.* a conservatory for plants, &c.  
 Green'ish, *a.* inclining to a green colour  
 Green'ness, *s.* a green colour; unripeness  
 Greensick'ness, *s.* a disease incident to vir-  
 gins, so called from the paleness it produces  
 Green'sward, *s.* turf on which grass grows  
 Greet, *v.* to address, to congratulate  
 Greet'ing, *s.* a kind salutation at meeting  
 Greeze, *s.* a flight of steps, a step  
 Grega'rious, *a.* going in flocks or herds  
 Grena'de, Grena'do, *s.* a little hollow ball of  
 iron used in battle, commonly two inches  
 in diameter, which, being filled with fine  
 powder, is set on fire by means of a fuse,  
 and bursting, does considerable damage  
 wherever it is thrown to all around  
 Grenadi'er, *s.* a tall foot soldier  
 Grey, *a.* white and black mixed; hoary  
 Greybeard, *s.* an old man  
 Greyhound, *s.* a tall, fleet, hunting dog  
 Grice, *s.* a little pig; a flight of steps  
 Grid'elin, *s.* a colour mixed of white and red  
 Grid'iron, *s.* a grate to broil meat on  
 Grief, *s.* sorrow, trouble of mind, disease  
 Griev'ance, *s.* the state of uneasiness, hardship  
 Grieve, *v.* to afflict, hurt, mourn, lament  
 Griev'ous, *a.* afflictive, painful, atrocious  
 Griev'ously, *ad.* painfully, calamitously  
 Griff'in, Griff'on, *s.* a fabulous creature, hav-  
 ing the head and paws of a lion, and the  
 body and wings of an eagle  
 Grig, *s.* a small eel; a merry creature  
 Grill, *v. a.* to broil on a gridiron  
 Grim, *a.* ill-looking, ugly, hideous, horrible  
 Grima'ce, *s.* a distortion of the countenance  
 from habit or contempt; air of affectation  
 Grimal'kin, *s.* an old cat, &c.  
 Grime, *s.* dirt—*v.* to dirty, to daub, to sully  
 Grim'ly, *ad.* sourly, crabbedly, horribly  
 Grin, *s.* an affected laugh; a snarl; a trap  
 Grin, *v. n.* to shew the teeth set together  
 Grind, *v.* to reduce any thing to powder;  
 to sharpen; to harass, to oppress  
 Grin'der, *s.* one that grinds; the instrument  
 of grinding; one of the back teeth  
 Grind'stone, *s.* a stone for grinding on  
 Gripe, *v.* to clutch, to squeeze, to pinch  
 Gripe, *s.* a grasp; oppression; the colic  
 Gri'per, *s.* an oppressor, an usurer  
 Gris'amber, *s.* used by Milton for Anbergris  
 Gris'kin, *s.* the back bone of a hog  
 Gris'ly, *a.* dreadful, horrible, hideous

Grist, *s.* corn to be ground ; provision, supply  
 Grist'le, *s.* a cartilaginous substance  
 Grist'y, *a.* full of gristles, cartilaginous  
 Grit, *s.* the coarse part of meal ; sand  
 Grittiness, *s.* sandiness, abounding in grit  
 Grit'y, *a.* full of hard particles  
 Griz'zle, *s.* a mixture of white and black  
 Griz'zed, Griz'zly, *a.* somewhat grey  
 Groan, *v. n.* to breathe with a hoarse noise  
 Groan, *s.* a deep sigh from sorrow or pain  
 Groan'ing, *part. a.* fetching deep sighs  
 Groat, *s.* four-pence---*pl.* hulled oats  
 Gro'cer, *s.* a dealer in teas, sugar, &c.  
 Gro'cery, *s.* wares which are sold by grocers  
 Gro'gram, *s.* a kind of silken stuff with pile  
 Groin, *s.* the part next the thigh  
 Groom, *s.* one who tends horses, a servant  
 Groom'-porter, *s.* an officer of the king's  
 household who has the direction of games  
 Groom of the Stole, *s.* an officer who has  
 charge of the king's wardrobe  
 Groove, *s.* a hollow channel, cut with a tool  
 Grope, *v. n.* to feel where one cannot see  
 Gross, *a.* thick, fat ; stupid, palpable  
 Gross, *s.* the bulk, main body ; 12 dozen  
 Gross'ly, *ad.* bulky, without delicacy  
 Gross'ness, *s.* coarseness, want of delicacy  
 Grot, Grot'to, *s.* a cavern made for coolness  
 Grotos'que, *a.* distorted of figure, unnatural  
 Grove, *s.* a walk shaded by trees  
 Grov'el, *v. n.* to be mean and low-minded ; to  
 lie or creep on the ground  
 Grov'eller, *s.* an abject, mean wretch  
 Ground, *s.* land ; floor ; dregs ; first principle  
 Ground, *v. a.* to lay on the ground, &c.  
 Ground, *pret. and part. of to grind*  
 Groundi'vy, *s.* the plant alehoof or tunhoof  
 Ground'less, *a.* void of reason or truth  
 Ground'ling, *s.* a fish ; one of the vulgar  
 Ground'plot, *s.* the plot or space of ground on  
 which a building is placed  
 Ground-rent, *s.* the rent paid for the ground  
 on which a house is built, &c.  
 Ground'sel, Grun'sel, *s.* timber next the  
 ground ; lower part of a building ; a plant  
 Ground'work, *s.* the ground ; first principle  
 Group, *s.* a crowd, a cluster, a huddle  
 Grouse, *s.* a kind of wild fowl ; a moorcock  
 Grout, *s.* coarse meal, pollard ; dregs  
 Grow, *v. n.* to vegetate, increase, improve  
 Growl, *v. n.* to snarl, to murmur, to grumble  
 Growl'ing, *s.* the act of snarling, grumbling  
 Grown, *part. of to grow*, advanced in growth  
 Growth, *s.* vegetation ; increase of stature ;  
 advancement ; thing produced  
 Grub, *v. a.* to destroy by digging, to dig out  
 Grub, *s.* a small destructive worm ; a dwarf  
 Grub'ble, *v. n.* to feel in the dark  
 Grudge, *v.* to envy, repine, give unwillingly  
 Grudge, *s.* an old quarrel, ill will, envy  
 Grudg'ing, *s.* reluctance, malignity  
 Grudg'ingly, *ad.* unwillingly, malignantly  
 Grue'l, *s.* oatmeal boiled in water  
 Gruff, Grum, *a.* sour of aspect, surly, harsh  
 Gruffly, *ad.* harshly, ruggedly, sourly  
 Grum'ble, *v. n.* to growl, to murmur, to snarl  
 Grum'bler, *s.* one who grumbles, a murmur  
 Grumb'ling, *s.* a murmuring, discontent  
 Gru'mous, *a.* thick, clotted like blood  
 Grunt, *s.* the noise of a hog  
 Grunt, Grunt'le, *v. n.* to murmur like a hog  
 to make a grumbling noise  
 Grunt'er, *s.* he who grunts ; a kind of fish  
 Guai'acum, *s.* a physical wood, used as a per-  
 rifier ; also called *lignum sandatum*  
 Guarante'e, *s.* a power who undertakes to see  
 stipulations faithfully performed  
 Guaranty', *v. a.* to answer for performance  
 Guard, *s.* a state of caution, defence, vigilance  
 Guard'ed, *part.* watched, defended  
 Guard'ian, *s.* one who has the care of an  
 orphan ; a superintendent  
 Guard'ian, *a.* defending, superintending  
 Guard'ianship, *s.* the office of a guardian  
 Guard'less, *a.* without defence or care  
 Guard'ship, *s.* a ship that guards an harbour  
 Guberna'tion, *s.* government  
 Gud'geon, *s.* a fish ; a man easily cheated  
 Guer'don, *s.* a reward, a recompence  
 Guess, *v.* to conjecture rightly, to find out  
 Guess, *s.* a conjecture, a supposition  
 Guest, *s.* one who is entertained by another  
 Gui'dage, *s.* the reward given to a guide  
 Gui'dance, *s.* direction, government  
 Guide, *v. a.* to direct, to instruct, to regulate  
 Guide, *s.* one who directs another, a regulat-  
 Gui'deless, *a.* without a guide  
 Guild, *s.* a society, a corporation, a fraterni-  
 ty  
 Guile, *s.* deceitful cunning, insidious artifice  
 Gui'leful, *a.* treacherous, artful, insidious  
 Gui'lefully, *ad.* treacherously, deceitfully  
 Gui'leless, *a.* free from deceit, innocent  
 Guilt, *s.* an offence, a crime, a fault  
 Guilt'ily, *ad.* without innocence, criminal  
 Guilt'ness, *s.* the state of being guilty  
 Guilt'less, *a.* free from crime, innocent  
 Guilt'y, *a.* not innocent, wicked, corrupt  
 Guin'ea, *s.* a gold coin, value 21 shillings  
 Guise, *s.* manner, habit, custom, dress  
 Guita're, *s.* a stringed musical instrument  
 Gules, *a.* in heraldry, a red colour  
 Gulf, *s.* a large bay, an abyss, a whirlpool  
 Gulfy, *a.* full of gulfs or whirlpools  
 Gull, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud  
 Gull, *s.* a sea bird ; one easily cheated  
 Gul'let, *s.* the throat, the meat pipe  
 Gul'yhole, *s.* the hole where the gutters  
 empty themselves in the sewers  
 Gulos'ity, *s.* greediness, gluttony, voracity  
 Gulp, *v. a.* to swallow eagerly with noise

slip, *s.* as much as is swallowed at once  
gum, *s.* the viscous juice of trees; the fleshy  
covering that contains the teeth  
gum, *v. a.* to close or smear with gum  
gum'miness, *s.* the state of being gummy  
gum'my, *a.* consisting of gum, full of gum  
gun, *s.* general name for fire-arms; a flagon  
gunner, *s.* a cannonier, he who directs the  
artillery of a ship in battle  
gun'ner'y, *s.* the science of artillery  
gun'powder, *s.* a composition of saltpetre, sul-  
phur, and charcoal, which easily takes fire  
gun'shot, *s.* the reach or range of a gun  
gun'smith, *s.* a man who makes guns  
gun'stock, *s.* the wood for fixing a gun in  
gun'stone, *s.* the shot of a cannon  
gun'wale, Gun'nel, *s.* that piece of timber  
which on either side of a ship reaches  
from the half deck to the forecastle  
urge, *s.* a whirlpool, a gulf  
urgle, *v. n.* to fall, or gush with noise  
urnet, Gur'nard, *s.* a kind of sea fish  
ush, *v. n.* to flow or rush out with violence

Gust, *s.* sudden blast of wind; taste, liking  
Gus'set, *s.* a small square piece of cloth used  
in shirts and other garments  
Gusta'tion, *s.* the act of tasting  
Gust'ful, *a.* well tasted, tasteful, relishing  
Gust', *s.* the relish of any thing; liking  
Gust'y, *a.* stormy, tempestuous, rough  
Gut, *s.* the internal passage for food  
Gut, *v. a.* to draw out the guts; to plunder  
Gut'ter, *s.* a passage for water  
Gut'tle, *v. a.* to gormandize, to eat greedily  
Gut'ler, *s.* a greedy, ravenous eater  
Gut'ulous, *a.* in the form of a small drop  
Gut'tural, *a.* pronounced in the throat  
Guy, *s.* a rope to hoist things into a ship, &c.  
Guz'zle, *v.* to drink greedily  
Guz'zler, *s.* a toper; a gormandizer  
Gymnas'tic, *a.* relating to athletic exercises  
Gymnas'tically, *ad.* athletically  
Gy'neocracy, *s.* petticoat government  
Gyra'tion, *s.* the act of turning a thing round  
Gyre, *s.* a circle, a ring  
Gyves, *s.* fetters, chains for the legs

## H.

H A ! *interj.* an expression of wonder,  
surprise, sudden exertion, or laughter  
a bea'cor'pus, *s.* a writ, which a man in-  
dicted and imprisoned for some trespass,  
may have out of the King's Bench, to re-  
move himself, at his own costs, to the bar  
of that prison, to answer the cause there  
a bever'dasher, *s.* a dealer in small wares  
a bever'dashery, *s.* goods sold by a bever'dasher,  
as pins, thread, lace, tape, &c.  
a bever'dine, *s.* a dried salt cod  
a bever'geon, *s.* armour for neck and breast  
a bevil'ment, *s.* dress, clothes, apparel  
a bevit'ate, *v. n.* to qualify, to entitle, to fit  
a bevit'ly, *s.* faculty, power  
a befit, *s.* state of any thing; dress; custom  
a befit'able, *a.* fit to be inhabited  
a befit'itant, *s.* an inhabitant, a dweller  
a befit'tion, *s.* place of abode, dwelling  
a befit'ual, *a.* customary, accustomed  
a befit'ually, *ad.* customarily, by habit  
a befit'uate, *v. a.* to accustom to; to use often  
a befit'uated, *part.* accustomed to, often used  
a befit'tude, *s.* familiarity, relation, habit  
a be'wab, *ad.* at random, by chance  
a be'wack, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces, to chop  
a be'wack, *s.* any thing used in common  
a be'wack'e, *v. a.* to dress flax  
a be'wack'ney, *s.* a hired horse, a hireling  
a be'wack'neyed, *part.* used in common

Had'dock, *s.* a small sea fish of the cod kind  
Haft, *s.* a handle—*v. a.* to set in a haft  
Hag, *s.* a witch, an ugly old woman, a fury  
Hag'gard, *s.* any thing wild; a hawk  
Hag'gard, Hag'gardly, *a.* deformed, ugly  
Hag'gess, *s.* a sheep's maw filled with mince  
meat, spices, &c. a favourite Scotch dish  
Hag'gish, *a.* deformed, horrid  
Hag'gle, *v.* to beat down the price in buying;  
to carve awkwardly, to mangle  
Hag'bler, *s.* one who is tardy in buying  
Hagiog'rapher, *s.* a holy writer  
Hail, *s.* frozen rain—*interj.* health be to you  
Hail, *v. n.* to pour down hail; to call to  
Hail'shot, *s.* small shot scattered like hail  
Hail'stone, *s.* a particle or single ball of hail  
Hair, *s.* one of the integuments of the body  
Hair-brained, *a.* wild, irregular, giddy  
Hair'bel, *s.* a flower; the hyacinth  
Hair'breadth, *s.* a very small distance  
Hair'cloth, *s.* a prickly stuff made of hair  
Hair'iness, *s.* the state of being hairy  
Hair'less, *a.* without hair, bald  
Hair'y, *a.* covered with, or consisting of hair  
Hal'berd, *s.* a soldier's battle-axe  
Hal'cyon, *a.* placid, quiet, calm—*s.* a sea bird  
Hale, *a.* healthy, hearty, robust, sound  
Hale, *v. a.* to drag by force, to pull violently  
Half, *s.* a moiety, an equal part—*ad.* equally  
Half'heard, *a.* imperfectly heard

Half-blooded, *a.* mean, degenerate, base  
 Halfs. a common copper coin  
 Half-sighted, *a.* having a weak discernment  
 Half-way, *ad.* in the middle  
 Half-wit, *s.* a foolish fellow, a blockhead  
 Halibut, *s.* a large, flat sea fish  
 Halimass, *s.* the feast of All Saints, Nov. 1.  
 Hall, *s.* a court of justice; a large room  
 Hallelujah, *s.* praise ye the Lord  
 Halloo', *v. a.* to incite by shouts, to shout to  
 Hallow, *v. a.* to consecrate, to make holy  
 Hallucina'tion, *s.* a blunder, a mistake  
 Hallo, *s.* a circle round the sun or moon  
 Hal'ser, Haw'ser, *s.* a rope less than a cable  
 Halt, *v. n.* to limp; to stop in a march  
 Halt, *s.* act of limping; a stop in a march  
 Hal'ter, *s.* a rope to tie about the neck of a horse or malefactor; a cord, a strong string  
 Halve, *v. a.* to divide into two parts  
 Ham, *s.* a leg of pork cured; the thigh  
 Ha'mated, *a.* hooked, set with hooks  
 Ham'let, *s.* a small village  
 Ham'mer, *s.* an instrument to drive nails  
 Ham'mer, *v.* to beat or form with a hammer  
 Ham'mock, *s.* a swinging bed in a ship  
 Hamp'er, *s.* a large basket for carriage  
 Hamp'er, *v. a.* to embarrass, entangle, perplex  
 Ham'string, *s.* the tendon of the ham  
 Ham'string, *v. a.* to cut the tendon of the ham  
 Han'aper, *s.* a treasury; an exchequer  
 Hand, *s.* the palm with the fingers; a measure of four inches; cards held at a game  
 Hand, *v. a.* to give, to deliver down; to guide  
 Hand-basket, *s.* a portable basket  
 Hand'bell, *s.* a bell rung by the hand  
 Hand'breadth, *s.* a measure of four inches  
 Hand'cuff, *v. a.* to confine the hands of prisoners with irons—*s.* the instrument  
 Hand'ed, *a.* with hands joined, using hands  
 Hand'ful, *s.* as much as the hand can grasp  
 Hand'gallop, *s.* a gentle, easy gallop  
 Hand'icraft, *s.* a manual occupation  
 Hand'ily, *ad.* with skill, with dexterity  
 Hand'iness, *s.* readiness, dexterity  
 Hand'work, *s.* work done by the hand  
 Hand'kerchief, *s.* a piece of silk or linen used to wipe the face, or cover the neck  
 Hand'le, *v. a.* to touch, to handle, to treat of  
 Hand'le, *s.* that part of a thing held  
 Hand'maid, *s.* a maid that waits at hand  
 Hand'mill, *s.* a small mill for grinding  
 Hand'sel, *v. a.* to use a thing the first time  
 Hand'sel, or Han'sel, *s.* the first act of sale  
 Hand'some, *a.* beautiful, graceful, generous  
 Hand'somely, *ad.* beautifully, liberally  
 Hand'writing, *s.* a cast or form of writing peculiar to each hand  
 Hand'y, *a.* ready, dexterous, convenient  
 Hand'y-dand'y, *s.* a childish play  
 Hang, *v.* to suspend; to choak; to dangle

Hang'er, *s.* a short broad sword  
 Hang'er-on, *s.* a dependant, a spunger  
 Hang'ings, *s.* ornaments of silk, stuff, paper, &c. hung against walls  
 Hang'man, *s.* the public executioner  
 Hank, *s.* a skein of thread, &c.; a ring  
 Hank'er, *v. n.* to long importunately  
 Hap, *s.* chance, casual event—*v. n.* to happen  
 Haphaz'ard, *s.* mere chance, accident  
 Hap'less, *a.* unhappy, unfortunate, luckless  
 Hap'fly, *ad.* peradventure, by accident  
 Hap'pen, *v. n.* to fall out, to come to pass  
 Hap'pily, *ad.* successfully, prosperously  
 Hap'piness, *s.* felicity, good fortune  
 Hap'py, *a.* felicitous, lucky, addressful  
 Hara'ngue, *s.* a speech, a public oration  
 Ha'rass, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue, to vex  
 Ha'rassed, *part.* wearied, fatigued, tired  
 Har'bing'er, *s.* a forerunner, a messenger  
 Har'bour, *v.* to entertain, sojourn, shelter  
 Har'bour, Har'bourage, *s.* a port or haven  
 Hard, *a.* firm, close; severe, difficult  
 Hard, *ad.* laboriously; nimbly, diligently  
 Hard'en, *v. a.* to make obdurate, to indurate  
 Hardfa'voured, *a.* coarse of feature  
 Hardheart'ed, *a.* inexorable, merciless, unmerciful  
 Hard'ness, *s.* hardship, fatigue; boldness  
 Hard'ly, *ad.* with difficulty, oppressively  
 Hardmouth'ed, *a.* disobedient to the reia  
 Hard'ness, *s.* a hard quality; obduracy  
 Hard'ship, *s.* injury, oppression, fatigue  
 Hard'ware, *s.* ware made of iron, steel, &c.  
 Hard'wareman, *s.* a maker of hardware  
 Hard'y, *a.* bold, brave, daring; strong, firm  
 Hare, *s.* a well-known swift, timid animal  
 Ha'rebrained, *a.* wild, unsettled, giddy  
 Ha'rem, *s.* apartments appropriated for women in eastern countries  
 Har'rier, *s.* a small dog for hunting hares  
 Hark! *interj.* hear! listen! attend!  
 Har'lequin, *s.* a buffoon, a merry-andrew  
 Har'lot, *s.* a strumpet, a prostitute  
 Har'lotry, *s.* the trade of a harlot; fornication  
 Harm, *s.* injury, crime, wickedness, mischief  
 Harm'ful, *a.* hurtful, noxious, mischievous  
 Harm'less, *a.* innocent, innoxious, unhurt  
 Harm'lessness, *s.* harmless disposition  
 Harmon'ic, Harmon'ical, *a.* pertaining to harmony; adapted to each other  
 Harmon'ics, *s.* the doctrine of sounds  
 Harmo'nious, *a.* musical, well adapted  
 Harmo'niously, *ad.* musically, with concord  
 Har'monize, *v. a.* to adjust in fit proportion  
 Har'mony, *s.* concord, correspondent sentiment, just proportion of sound  
 Har'ness, *s.* armour; furniture for horses  
 Harp, *s.* a lyre; a constellation  
 Harp, *v. n.* to play on the harp; to dwell  
 Harp'er, *s.* one who plays on the harp  
 Harpone'er, *s.* he that throws the harpoon

polon, *s.* a dart to strike whales with  
 psichord, *s.* a musical instrument with keys  
 py, *s.* a bird ; a ravenous wretch  
 ridan, *s.* a decayed strumpet  
 row, *s.* a frame of timber set with iron  
 teeth, to break the clods of earth, &c.  
 row, *v. a.* to break with the harrow ; to  
 ear up, to pillage, to lay waste, to disturb  
 sh, *a.* austere, peevish, rough, rigorous  
 shly, *ad.* austerity, morosely, violently  
 shness, *s.* roughness to the ear ; sourness  
 shlet, Haslet, *s.* the entrails of a hog  
 t, *s.* the male of the roe, a stag  
 t/horn, *s.* spirit drawn from horn ; a plant  
 vest, *s.* the season of reaping, &c. the corn  
 west-home, *s.* the feast or song at the end  
 of harvest ; time of gathering in harvest  
 h, *v. a.* to mince, chop into small pieces  
 h, *s.* a clasp for a staple—*v. a.* to shut  
 hock, *s.* a mat or cushion to kneel on  
 Ha'sten, *v. a.* to hurry, to urge on  
 Ha'stiness, *s.* quickness, passion  
 hly, *ad.* speedily, rashly, passionately  
 hness, *s.* speed, hurry, angry testiness  
 hgs, *s.* pease that come early  
 hty, *a.* sudden, quick, vehement, rash  
 hup'ding, *s.* milk and flour boiled  
 h, *s.* a covering for the head  
 h, *v.* to produce young from eggs ; to  
 h, to contrive, to form by meditation  
 h, *s.* an opening in a ship's decks ; a sort  
 half door ; a brood of young birds ; dis-  
 sure, discovery  
 h'l, *v. a.* to beat flax—*s.* the instrument  
 h'et, *s.* a small axe  
 h'et-face, *s.* an ugly, deformed face  
 h'ment, *s.* an escutcheon for the dead  
 h'way, *s.* the place over the hatches  
 h, *v. a.* to detest, to abhor, to abominate  
 Ha'tred, *s.* great dislike, ill-will  
 h'eful, *a.* malignant, malevolent  
 h'efully, *ad.* odiously, abominably  
 h'et, *s.* a maker of hats  
 h', *v. a.* to possess, enjoy, receive, hold  
 h'en, *s.* an harbour, port, shelter  
 h'ener, *s.* an overseer of a port  
 h'ing, *s.* possession, hold, fortune  
 h', *s.* a little low meadow ; a close  
 h'ftily, *ad.* proudly, contemptuously  
 h'ftiness, *s.* pride, arrogance  
 h'fty, *a.* proud, lofty, arrogant  
 h', *v. a.* to pull, to drag by violence  
 h', *s.* straw  
 h'ch, *s.* the thigh, the hip, the hind part  
 h', *v.* to frequent troublesomely, to ap-  
 pear frequently—*s.* a place of resort  
 h'nted, *part.* frequented, followed  
 h'c, *v. a.* to lay waste—*s.* devastation, spoil  
 h'oy, *s.* a wind instrument resembling a  
 shionet ; a kind of large strawberry

Haw, *s.* the berry of the hawthorn  
 Hawk, *s.* a voracious bird of prey  
 Hawk, *v. n.* to fly hawks at fowls ; to force  
 up phlegm with a noise ; to cry goods  
 Hawk'ed, *part. a.* carried about for sale  
 Hawk'er, *s.* a pedlar, a newscarrier  
 Haw'thorn, *s.* the thorn that bears haws  
 Hay, *s.* grass dried in the sun ; a dance  
 Hay'maker, *s.* one employed in making hay  
 Hay'rick, Hay'stack, *s.* a quantity of hay  
 stacked up and thatched  
 Haz'ard, *s.* chance, danger ; a game at dice  
 Haz'ard, *v. a.* to expose to chance or danger  
 Haz'ardable, *a.* liable to chance, dangerous  
 Haz'ardous, *a.* dangerous, exposed to chance  
 Haze, *s.* a thick fog, a mist ; rime  
 Ha'zel, *s.* the nut-tree  
 Ha'zel, Ha'zelly, *a.* light brown, like hazel  
 Ha'zy, *a.* foggy, misty, dark, rimy  
 Head, *s.* that part of the body which contains  
 the brain ; a chief, principal ; the top  
 Head, *v. a.* to command, influence ; behead  
 Head'ach, *s.* a pain in the head  
 Head'band, *s.* a fillet for the head ; a topknot  
 Head'borough, *s.* a subordinate constable  
 Head'dress, *s.* the dress of a woman's head  
 Head'iness, *s.* strong quality in liquors ; hurry  
 Head'land, *s.* a promontory, a cape  
 Head'less, *a.* without a head, inconsiderate  
 Head'long, *a.* rash, precipitate, thoughtless  
 Head'most, *a.* most advanced, first  
 Head'piece, *s.* armour ; force of mind  
 Head'stone, *s.* the first or capital stone  
 Head'strong, *a.* ungovernable, unrestrained  
 Head'y, *a.* rash, precipitate, violent, strong  
 Heal, *v.* to cure a wound ; to reconcile  
 Heal'ing, *part. a.* mild, sanative, gentle  
 Health, *s.* freedom from pain or sickness  
 Health'ful, Health'some, *a.* free from sick-  
 ness, well disposed, wholesome, salutary  
 Health'ily, *ad.* without sickness or pain  
 Health'iness, *s.* a state of health  
 Health'less, *a.* sickly, infirm, weak  
 Health'y, *a.* free from sickness, in health  
 Heap, *s.* a pile, a confused jumble, a cluster  
 Heap, *v. a.* to pile, to accumulate, to heap up  
 Hear, *v.* to perceive by the ear, to listen to  
 Hear'er, *s.* one who attends to any discourse  
 Hearing, *s.* the sense by which sounds are  
 perceived ; judicial trial ; audience  
 Hearn'en, *v. n.* to listen, to attend, to regard  
 Hear'say, *s.* report, rumour, common talk  
 Hearse, *s.* a close carriage to convey the de-  
 Heart, *s.* the seat of life in an animal body  
 Heart'ach, *s.* sorrow, anguish of mind  
 Heart'burning, *s.* a pain in the stomach  
 Heart'dear, *a.* sincerely beloved  
 Heart'easing, *a.* giving quiet  
 Heart'en, *v. a.* to encourage, to animate  
 strengthen ; to manure land

Heart'felt, *a.* felt in the conscience

Hearth, *s.* the place on which a fire is made

Heart'ily, *ad.* sincerely, fully from the heart

Heart'iness, *s.* sincerity, freedom from hypocrisy; vigour, diligence, strength

Heart'less, *a.* spiritless, wanting courage

Heart'sick, *a.* pained in mind; mortally ill

Heart'string, *s.* the tendons or nerves supposed to brace and sustain the heart

Heart'whole, *a.* with the affections unfixed; with the vitals yet unimpaired

Heart'y, *a.* healthy, strong, cordial, sincere

Heat, *s.* the sensation caused by fire; hot weather; violent passion; party rage; a course at a race; a flush in the face

Heat, *v. a.* to make hot; to warm with passion

Heat'er, *s.* a iron made hot and put into a box-iron, to smooth and plait linen

Heath, *s.* a plant; common ground

Heath/cock, *s.* a fowl that frequents heaths

He'athen, *s.* a gentile, a pagan, an idolater

He'athen, He'athenish, *a.* pagan, savage

He'athenism, *s.* paganism, gentilism; the principles or practices of heathens

Heave, *s.* a lift; an effort to vomit

Heave, *v.* to lift, to raise; to pant; to keck

Heav'en, *s.* the regions above; the expanse of the sky; the residence of the blessed

Heav'en-born, *a.* descended from heaven

Heav'enly, *a.* supremely excellent, celestial

Heav'ily, *ad.* sorrowfully, afflictively

Heav'iness, *s.* depression of mind; weight

Heav'y, *a.* weighty; dejected, sluggish

Heb'domad, *s.* a week, a space of seven days

Hebdom'adal, Hebdom'adary, *a.* weekly

Heb'etate, *v. a.* to dull, to blunt, to stupify

Heb'etude, *s.* bluntness, dulness, obtuseness

He'biasm, *s.* a Hebrew idiom

Hebri'cian, *s.* one skilled in Hebrew

Hebrew, *s.* the Jewish language

Hec'atomb, *s.* a sacrifice of an hundred cattle

Hec'tic, Hec'tical, *a.* habitual, constitutional, troubled with morbid heat—*s.* a fever

Hec'tor, *s.* a bully, a noisy fellow—*v.* to vaunt

Hed'eral, *a.* made of or resembling ivy

Hedge, *v.* to make a hedge; inclose; shift

Hedge, *s.* a fence made of thorns, shrubs, &c.

Hedge'born, *a.* meanly born, low, obscure

Hedge'hog, *s.* a quadruped set with prickles

Hedg'er, *s.* one who makes hedges

Hedg'ingbill, *s.* a bill used in making hedges

Hedge'pig, *s.* a young hedgehog

Heed, *v. a.* to mind, to regard, to attend to

Heed, *s.* care, caution, seriousness

Heed'ful, *a.* cautious, attentive, careful

Heed'fulness, *s.* caution, vigilance

Heed'less, *a.* negligent, inattentive, careless

Heed'lessness, *s.* negligence, carelessness

Heel, *s.* the hind part of the foot

Heel'picce, *v. a.* to mend the heel of a shoc

Heft, *s.* a handle; an effort, a heave

He'gira, *s.* the epocha of the Turks, from the day Mahomet fled from Me

Heif'er, *s.* a young cow

Heigh'ho! *interj.* denoting languor, &c.

Height, *s.* elevation or extension up

Heighten, *v. a.* to raise, to improve, to

Hein'ous, *a.* very wicked, atrocious

Hein'ously, *ad.* wickedly, atrociously

Hein'ousness, *s.* great wickedness

Heir, *s.* one who inherits by law, a succ

Heir'ess, *s.* a female who inherits by law

Heir'less, *a.* having no heir

Heirloo'm, *s.* what descends with a free

Heir'ship, *s.* the state, &c. of an heir

Held, *pret. of to hold*

Heli'cal, *a.* pertaining to the sun

Heli'cal, *a.* spiral, with many circumvol

Heliocen'tric, *a.* belonging to the sun

Heliog'raphy, *s.* a description of the sun

Hell, *s.* the residence of wicked spirits

Hell'doomed, *a.* consigned to hell

Hel'lebore, *s.* the Christmas flower; a

Hell'enism, *s.* an idiom of the Greek

Hell'hound, *s.* an agent or dog of hell, a

Hell'ish, *a.* infernal, wicked, sent from

Hell'ishly, *ad.* infernally, very wicked

Hell'kite, *s.* a kite of infernal breed—*He* fixed to any word denotes detestation

Helm, *s.* the rudder; a headpiece

Helm'ed, *a.* furnished with a headpiece

Helm'et, *s.* a covering for the head in w

Help, *v.* to assist, to support, to cure, to

Help, *s.* assistance, remedy, succour, sup

Help'ful, *a.* useful, salutary, assisting

Help'less, *a.* destitute of help, wanting

to succour one's self, irremediable

Hel'ter-skel'ter, *ad.* confusedly, in a hu

Helve, *s.* the handle of an axe

Hel'vetic, *a.* of or relating to the Swiss

Hem, *s.* the edge of a garment folded and sewed; a sudden expulsion of br

Hem, *v. a.* to close with a hem; to shut

Hem'isphere, *s.* the half of a globe

Hemispher'ical, *a.* being half round

Hem'istic, *s.* half a verse

Hem'lock, *s.* a narcotic plant used in ph

Hem'orrhage, *s.* a violent flux of blood

Hem'orrhoids, *s.* the piles, the emrods

Hemp, *s.* a plant of which ropes are ma

Hemp'en, *a.* made of hemp

Hen, *s.* the female of any land fowl

Hence! *ad.* or *interj.* away, at a dist

from this cause, for this reason

Hencefo'rth, Hencefor'ward, *ad.* from

time forward, from this time to futur

Hend, *v. a.* to seize, to crowd, to surrou

Hen'ham, Henhar'tier, *s.* a kind of hav

Hen'pecked, *a.* governed by a wife

host, *s.* a place where poultry rest  
liver, *a.* belonging to the liver  
lun, *s.* a figure of seven equal sides  
lunacy, *s.* a sevenfold government  
lun, *belonging to a female*  
lun, *s.* an officer whose duty is to pro-  
m peace, and denounce war, to be em-  
ployed in martial messages, and to judge  
examine coats of arms; a precursor  
lun, *s.* the art or office of a herald  
lun, *a.* a plant, chiefly of the esculent kind  
lunous, *a.* relating to herbs  
lun, *s.* pasture, grass, herbs in general  
lun, *s.* a treatise, or book of plants  
lun, *s.* one skilled in herbs  
lun, *a.* having the nature of herbs  
lun, *a.* very great or difficult  
lun, *s.* a flock, a drove, a company  
lun, *v.* to associate; to put into a herd  
lun, *s.* one employed in tending herds  
lun, *in this place or state*  
lun's, *ad.* about this place  
lun, *ad.* in a future state  
lun, *ad.* by this; by these means  
lun, *a.* whatever may be inherited  
lun, *s.* an inheritance  
lunary, *a.* descending by inheritance  
lun, *s.* Hereinto', *ad.* in or into this  
lun, *ad.* of, from, or by means of this  
lun, *s.* Hereupo'n, *ad.* upon this  
lun, *s.* a fundamental error in religion; *in*  
lun, *from the orthodox church*  
lun, *s.* a leader in heresy  
lun, *s.* one who propagates heretical op-  
lun, *in opposition to the Christian religion*  
lun, *a.* relating to heresy  
lun, *s.* Hereunto', *ad.* to this; unto this  
lun, *ad.* formerly, anciently  
lun, *ad.* with this  
lun, *s.* a fine to the lord of the manor  
lun, *s.* inheritance, estate by succession  
lun, *s.* animal uniting two sexes  
lun, *a.* Hermet'ical, *a.* chymical  
lun, *s.* a solitary, devout person  
lun, *s.* an hermit's cell  
lun, *s.* Her'ion, *s.* a large water fowl  
lun, *s.* a brave man, a great warrior  
lun, *s.* Her'oine, *s.* a female hero  
lun, *a.* Heroical, *a.* brave, noble  
lun, *ad.* bravely, courageously  
lun, *s.* the qualities of a hero  
lun, *s.* a small sea fish  
lun, *pron.* the female personal pronoun  
lun, *v. n.* to pause, to delay, to doubt  
lun, *s.* doubt, intermission of speech  
lun, *s.* a command, injunction, precept  
lun, *s. pl.* in grammar, all nouns  
lun, *which vary in their gender or declension*  
lun, *a.* deviating from the established  
lun, *opinion; not orthodox*

Heteroge'neal, Heteroge'neous, *a.* unlike; of  
a nature diametrically opposite  
Heterop'tics, *s. pl.* false optics, deception  
Hew, *v. a.* to cut with an axe, chop, labour  
Hex'agon, *s.* a figure of six equal sides  
Hexag'onal, *a.* having six sides or angles  
Hexam'eter, *s.* a verse of six feet  
Hey! *interj.* a word expressive of joy  
Hey'day! *interj.* expression of exultation  
Hia'tus, *s.* an aperture, a breach, an opening  
Hiber'nal, *a.* belonging to the winter  
Hic'cius-doc'cius, *s.* a juggler  
Hick'up, *s.* a convulsion of the stomach  
Hid, Hid'den, *part. pass. of to hide*  
Hide, *v.* to conceal, to cover, to lie hid  
Hide, *s.* the skin of an animal, &c.  
Hid'eous, *a.* horrible, dreadful, frightful  
Hid'eously, *ad.* horribly, dreadfully  
Hie, *v. n.* to hasten, to go quickly  
Hie'rarch, *s.* the chief of a sacred order  
Hie'rarchy, *s.* an ecclesiastical government  
Hieroglyph'ics, *s. pl.* the symbolical charac-  
ters used by the ancient Egyptians  
Hieroglyph'ical, *a.* emblematical, allusive  
Hig'gle, *v. n.* to use many words in bargain-  
ing; to carry about; to chaffer  
Hig'gledy-pig'gledy, *ad.* confusedly  
Hig'gler, *s.* one who hawks about provisions  
High, *a.* elevated, proud, great, exorbitant  
Highblo'wn, *part.* much swelled with wind  
Highbo'rn, *part.* of noble extraction  
High'flier, *s.* one extravagant in opinion  
High'land, *s.* a mountainous country  
High'lander, *s.* a mountaineer  
High'ly, *ad.* in a great degree; arrogantly  
Highmet'tled, *a.* proud or ardent of spirit  
Highmind'ed, *a.* proud, haughty  
High'ness, *s.* dignity of nature; a title  
Highseas'oned, *part.* hot to the taste  
Highspir'ited, *part. a.* bold, daring, insolent  
High'tytighty, *a.* giddy, thoughtless  
Highwro'ught, *part.* splendidly finished  
Highwa'ter, *s.* the utmost flow of the tide  
Highwa'y, *s.* a great road, a public path  
High'wayman, *s.* a robber on the highway  
Hilar'ity, *s.* gaiety, mirth, cheerfulness  
Hil'ary, *s.* a term that begins in January  
Hild'ing, *s.* a mean, cowardly wretch  
Hill, *s.* elevation of ground, a high land  
Hill'ock, *s.* a small hill  
Hill'y, *a.* full of hills, unequal in surface  
Hilt, *s.* the handle of a sword  
Him, *pron.* the oblique case of he  
Hind, *s.* a she stag; a boor, a peasant  
Hin'der, *v. a.* to obstruct, to stop, to impede  
Hin'derance, *s.* an impediment, a stop  
Hin'dermost, Hind'most, *a.* the last  
Hinge, *s.* a joint on which a door turns; a rule  
Hint, *v. n.* to allude, to bring to mind  
Hint, *s.* a remote suggestion, an intimation

Hip, *s.* a joint of the thigh; the fruit of the briar; a lowness of spirits

Hip'kish, *a.* much dejected, low in spirits

Hip'pogriff, *s.* a winged or fabulous horse

Hippopotamus, *s.* the river horse; an animal found in the Nile

Hip'shot, *a.* sprained in the hip

Hire, *v. a.* to engage for pay—*s.* wages

Hi'relling, *s.* one who serves for wages; a mercenary and unprincipled writer

Hiss, *v.* to cry like a serpent; to explode by hisses, to testify disapprobation

Hist, *interj.* exclamation commanding silence

Histo'rian, *s.* a writer of facts and events

Histor'ical, *a.* pertaining to history

Historically, *ad.* in the manner of history

Hist'ory, *s.* a narration of facts

Histrion'ic, *a.* befitting a stage or player

Hit, *v.* to strike, to clash, to succeed, to reach

Hit, *s.* a stroke, a lucky chance

Hitch, *v. n.* to catch, to move by jerks

Hitch, *s.* a kind of knot or noose

Hitch'el, *s.* a tool on which flax is combed

Hithe, *s.* a landing place for goods, &c.

Hith'er, *ad.* to this place—*a.* nearer

Hith'ermost, *a.* nearest on this side

Hith'erto, *ad.* to this time; yet; till now

Hive, *s.* a place for bees; a company

Hoarfro'st, *s.* frozen dew; a white frost

Hoard, *v.* to lay up privately

Hoard'ed, *part.* laid up in private

Hoar'finess, *s.* state of being hoary or whitish

Hoarse, *a.* having a rough deep voice

Ho'arsely, *ad.* with a rough harsh voice

Ho'arseness, *s.* roughness of voice

Hoar'y, Hoar, *a.* grey with age, whitish

Hob'ble, *v. n.* to walk lamely or awkwardly

Hob'by, *s.* a species of hawk; a stupid fellow

Hob'byhorse, *s.* a small horse; a plaything; a favourite thing or amusement

Hob'goblin, *s.* a sprite, a fairy, an apparition

Hob'nail, *s.* a nail used in shoeing horses

Hock, *s.* the small end of a gammon of bacon; a sort of German wine

Hock'le, *v. a.* to hamstring, to lame

Ho'cus-po'cus, *s.* a juggler, a cheat

Hod, *s.* a bricklayer's trough

Hodge-podge, *s.* a confused mixture, a medley

Hodier'nal, *a.* of or relative to this day

Hoe, *s.* a garden tool for weeds, &c.

Hoe, *v. a.* to cut or dig with a hoe

Hog, *s.* the general name of swine

Hog'cote, Hog'sty, *s.* a house for hogs

Hog'geral, *s.* an ewe of two years old

Hog'gish, *a.* selfish, brutish, greedy

Hog'herd, *s.* a keeper of hogs

Ho'goo, *s.* a mess of high relish; a stink

Hogs'head, *s.* a measure of 63 gallons

Hog'wash, *s.* draf which is given to swine

Hoid'en, *s.* an awkward country girl.

Hoist, *v. a.* to raise up on high

Hold, *v.* to keep, to have within, to detain

Hold, *s.* a support; custody, power

Hold! *interj.* stop! forbear! be still

Hold'er, *s.* one who holds any thing

Hold'fast, *s.* an iron hook, a catch

Hole, *s.* a hollow place; a mean habitation

Hole in a garment; a subterfuge

Hollily, *ad.* piously, religiously, inviolable

Ho'liness, *s.* the Pope's title; piety

Holl'a, or Hol'lo, *v. n.* to call to any one

Holland, *s.* fine linen made in Holland

Hol'lown, *a.* having a void within; deceitful

Hol'lown, *s.* a cavity, a hole, an opening

Hol'lowness, *s.* the state of being hollow

Hol'ly, *s.* a tree; an evergreen shrub

Hol'lyhock, *s.* the rose mallow

Holme, *s.* a river island; the evergreen

Hol'ocaust, *s.* a burnt sacrifice

Holp, Holp'en, *part. pass.* of to help

Hols'ter, *s.* a case for a horseman's pistols

Holt, *s.* a wood, particularly of willows

Ho'ly, *a.* pure, religious, sacred, immaculate

Hol'yday, *s.* an anniversary feast, a day of gaiety and mirth; a time of festivity

Hom'age, *s.* duty, fealty, respect, service

Home, *s.* country; place of constant residence

Ho'mebred, *a.* native, plain, artless

Ho'meliness, *s.* plainness, coarseness

Ho'mely, *a.* not elegant, coarse

Ho'memade, *a.* made at home; plain

Ho'mer, *s.* a measure of about three pints

Ho'me-pun, *a.* made at home; inelegant

Ho'meward, *ad.* towards home

Hom'icide, *s.* murder; a murderer

Hom'ily, *s.* a discourse read in churches

Homoge'neous, *a.* of the same nature

Homon'yous, *a.* equivocal, ambiguous

Homot'onus, *a.* equable, correspondent

Hone, *s.* a stone to whet razors, &c.

Hon'est, *a.* sincere, upright, chaste, just,

Hon'estly, *ad.* uprightly, justly, sincerely

Hon'esty, *s.* justice, truth, purity, virtue

Hon'ey, *s.* the sweet concoction of bees,

Hon'eybag, *s.* the stomach of a bee

Hon'eycomb, *s.* cells of wax for honey

Hon'eydew, *s.* a sweet dew on plants

Hon'eyless, *a.* without honey, empty

Hon'eymoon, *s.* first month after marriage

Hon'ey-suckle, *s.* an odoriferous woodbine

Hon'ied, *part. a.* covered with honey

Hon'our, *s.* dignity, reputation, virtue

Hon'our, *v. a.* to reverence, dignify, exalt

Hon'ourable, *a.* illustrious, generous, equitable

Hon'ourably, *ad.* reputably, nobly

Hon'orary, *a.* done or instituted in honor conferring honour without gain

Hood, *s.* an upper covering for the head

Hood'wink, *v. a.* to blind, to hide, to decoy

Hoof, *s.* the horny part of a horse's foot

hock, *s.* a bent piece of iron, wood, &c.  
hook, *v. a.* to catch, to ensnare, to fasten  
hooked, *a.* bent, curvated  
hoop, *s.* any thing circular  
hoop, *v.* to bind with hoops; to shout  
hoopingcough, *s.* a convulsive cough  
hoop, *s.* a shout of contempt—*v. n.* to shout  
hop, *s.* a plant; a jump; a mean dance  
hop, *v.* to leap on one leg, walk lame, &c.  
hope, *s.* confidence in a future event  
hope, *v.* to expect with desire  
hopeful, *a.* full of expectation, promising  
hopeless, *a.* without hope; left, abandoned  
hopground, *s.* ground set apart for hops  
hopper, *s.* a part of a mill; a basket  
hobble, *v. n.* to tie the feet together  
hobnail, *s.* relating to an hour  
hobnail, *s.* a clan, a migratory crew  
hobhound, *s.* a medicinal herb  
hobzon, *s.* a great imaginary line or circle,  
which divides the heavens and earth into  
two parts or hemispheres  
horizontal, *a.* near the horizon; level  
horn, *s.* defensive weapon of an ox; an in-  
strument of wind music  
hornbook, *s.* the first book for children  
horned, *a.* furnished with horns  
hornler, *s.* one who deals in horns  
hornet, *s.* a large strong stinging fly  
hornpipe, *s.* a kind of single dance  
horny, *a.* made of horns, callous, hard  
horologe, *s.* an instrument denoting time  
horoscope, *s.* the configuration of the planets  
at the hour of a person's birth  
horrible, *a.* dreadful, shocking, terrible  
horribly, *ad.* dreadfully, hideously  
horrid, *a.* hideous, enormous  
horridly, *ad.* hideously, shockingly  
horrible, *a.* causing horror or dread  
horror, *s.* terror mixed with detestation  
horse, *s.* an animal; a wooden machine  
horseback, *s.* the seat or state of riding  
horsebean, *s.* a small kind of bean  
horsebreaker, *s.* one who tames horses  
horsefly, *s.* a fly that stings horses  
horsehair, *s.* the hair of horses  
horselaugh, *s.* a loud, violent, rude laugh  
horseleech, *s.* a leech that bites horses  
horseman, *s.* one skilled in riding  
horsemanship, *s.* the art of managing a horse  
horsemart, *s.* a large kind of bee  
horsemeat, *s.* provender for horses  
horseplay, *s.* rough play, rudeness  
horsepond, *s.* a pond to water horses at  
horseradish, *s.* a root acrid and biting, a  
species of scurvy-grass  
horseshoe, *s.* a shoe for horses; an herb  
horseway, *s.* a broad open way  
hortation, *s.* the act of exhorting, advice  
hortative, *a.* tending to exhort, animating

Hortulan, *a.* belonging to a garden  
Hosan'na, *s.* an exclamation of praise to God  
Hose, *s.* stockings; breeches  
Ho'sier, *s.* one who sells stockings, &c.  
Hos'pitable, *a.* kind to strangers, friendly  
Hos'pitably, *ad.* in an hospitable manner  
Hos'pital, *s.* a receptacle for the sick and poor  
Hospital'ity, *s.* the practice of entertaining  
strangers; liberality in entertainments  
Host, *s.* a landlord; an army; a number  
Hostage, *s.* a person left as a pledge for secur-  
ing the performance of conditions  
Ho'stess, *s.* a female host, a landlady  
Hos'tile, *a.* adverse, opposite; warlike  
Hostil'ity, *s.* open war, a state of warfare  
Hos'tler, *s.* the manager of horses at an inn  
Hot, *a.* having heat, furious, eager, lustful  
Hot'bed, *s.* a bed of earth made hot by the  
fermentation of dung and manure  
Hot'cockles, *s.* a species of childish play  
Hote'l, *s.* a genteel public lodging-house  
Hot'headed, *a.* passionate, violent  
Hot'house, *s.* a building contrived for ripen-  
ing exotics, &c. by means of heat  
Hots'pur, *s.* a violent, precipitate man; a pea  
Hove, Ho'ven, *part. pass.* raised, swelled  
Hov'el, *s.* a shed, a shelter for cattle  
Hov'er, *v. n.* to hang over head, to wander  
Hough, *s.* the lower part of the thigh  
Hough, *v. a.* to hamstring, to cut up  
Hound, *s.* a dog who hunts by scent  
Hour, *s.* the 24th part of a day  
Hour'glass, *s.* a glass filled with sand, for the  
purpose of measuring time  
Hour'ly, *a.* done every hour, frequent  
House, *s.* a place of human abode  
House, *v.* to put under shelter, to harbour  
House'breaker, *s.* one who robs houses  
House'breaking, *s.* robbing of houses  
House'hold, *s.* a family living together  
House'holdstuff, *s.* furniture, goods, utensils  
House'keeper, *s.* a superintending female  
servant; one who keeps a house  
House'keeping, *s.* domestic management  
House'less, *a.* destitute of abode  
House'maid, *s.* a female menial servant  
House'room, *s.* convenient apartments  
House'warming, *s.* a feast usual on taking  
possession of a house  
House'wife, *s.* a female economist  
House'wifery, *s.* frugality in domestic affairs  
How? *ad.* in what manner or degree  
Howbeit, *ad.* nevertheless, notwithstanding  
Howev'er, *ad.* notwithstanding; yet, at least  
Howitzer, *s.* a kind of bomb  
Howl, *v. n.* to utter cries in distress, as a dog  
Howling, *s.* the noise of a dog, &c.  
Howsoev'er, *ad.* in whatever manner  
Hox, *v. a.* to hamstring, to hough  
Hoy, *s.* a coasting vessel, a small ship

Hub'hub, *s.* a tumult, confusion, great noise  
 Huck'aback, *s.* a kind of figured linen  
 Huc'klebone, *s.* the hip bone  
 Huck'ster, *s.* a retailer of small wares  
 Hud'dle, *v.* to do a thing in a flurry; to crowd together in a confused manner  
 Hudibras'tic, *a.* doggrel, like Hudibras  
 Hue, *s.* shade of colour, tint; clamour, pursuit  
 Huff, *v.* to chide with insolence  
 Huff'ish, *s.* arrogant, insolent, hectoring  
 Hug, *v.* to embrace fondly, to hold fast  
 Huge, *a.* vast, immense, large, enormous  
 Hu'gely, *ad.* immensely, greatly, very much  
 Hug'ger-mug'ger, *s.* a bye-place; secrecy  
 Hulk, *s.* the body of a ship; a clown  
 Hull, *s.* the body of a ship; a shell or husk  
 Hum, *v. n.* to sing low, to buzz; to deceive  
 Hum, *s.* a buzzing noise; a deception  
 Hu'man, *a.* having the qualities of a man  
 Huma'ne, *a.* kind, good-natured, tender  
 Human'ity, *s.* benevolence, compassion, generosity; the nature of man  
 Hu'mankind, *s.* the race of man  
 Hum'ble, *a.* modest, submissive  
 Hum'ble, *v. a.* to subdue; to condescend  
 Hum'bles, *s. pl.* the entrails of a deer  
 Hum'bly, *ad.* submissively, lowly  
 Hum'drum, *s.* a stupid person—*a.* dull  
 Humecta'tion, *s.* a moistening or wetting  
 Hu'meral, *a.* belonging to the shoulder  
 Hu'mid, *a.* wet, moist, watery, damp  
 Humid'i'ty, *s.* moisture, dampness  
 Humilia'tion, *s.* the act of humility  
 Humil'i'ty, *s.* freedom from pride, modesty  
 Hum'mingbird, *s.* the smallest of all birds  
 Hu'mour, *s.* moisture; whim, jocularity  
 Hu'mour, *v. a.* to qualify, to sooth  
 Hu'mourist, *s.* one who gratifies his humour  
 Hu'morous, *a.* jocular, whimsical, pleasant  
 Hump'back, *s.* a crooked back  
 Hunch, *v. n.* to jostle; to crook the back  
 Hun'dred, *s.* ten multiplied by ten; part of a shire or county  
 Hung, *pret. and part. pass. of to hang*  
 Hun'ger, *s.* a desire of food; violent desire  
 Hun'gry, *a.* in want of food  
 Hunks, *s.* a covetous sordid wretch, a miser  
 Hunt, *v.* to chase, to pursue, to search for  
 Hunt, *s.* a pack of hounds; a chase, a pursuit  
 Hunt'er, *s.* one who chases animals  
 Hunts'man, *s.* one who manages the dogs for, and one who delights in, hunting  
 Hurdle, *s.* a grate; sticks wove together for various uses; a sort of sledge, &c.  
 Hurds, *s. pl.* the refuse of hemp or flax  
 Hurl, *v. a.* to throw with violence  
 Hurl'bat, *s.* whirlbat; a weapon  
 Hurl'by-bur'ly, *s.* bustle, tumult, confusion  
 Hur'ricane, *s.* a violent storm, a tempest  
 Hurry *v.* to hasten, to move with haste

Hur'ry, *s.* precipitation, haste; a tumult  
 Hurt, *s.* harm, mischief, wound or bruise  
 Hurt, *v. a.* to injure, to wound, to harm  
 Hurt'ful, *a.* pernicious, mischievous  
 Hur'tle, *v.* to skirmish, to move violent  
 Hurt'less, *a.* harmless, innocent, innoxious  
 Husband, *s.* a married man; an economist  
 Husband, *v. a.* to manage frugally; to economize  
 Husband, *a.* without a husband  
 Husbandman, *s.* one who works in tillage  
 Husbandry, *s.* tillage; thrift, care, frugality  
 Hush, *v.* to still, to appease, to quiet; to silence  
 Hush'money, *s.* a bribe to induce secrecy  
 Husk, *s.* the outward integument of fruits  
 Husk'y, *a.* abounding in husks, dry  
 Hussar', *s.* a kind of horse-soldier  
 Hus'sy, *s.* a sorry or bad woman; a bag  
 Hus'tings, *s. pl.* a council, a court held  
 Hus'tle, *v. a.* to shake together  
 Hus'wife, *v. a.* to manage with frugality  
 Hut, *s.* a poor cottage, a mean abode  
 Hutch, *s.* a corn-chest; a rabbit-box  
 Hux, *v. n.* to catch pike with a bladder  
 Huzz! *interj.* a shout of joy or acclamation  
 Hy'acinth, *s.* a flower; a colour  
 Hyacinth'ine, *a.* like hyacinths  
 Hy'ades, *s. pl.* the seven stars  
 Hy'aline, *a.* glassy, crystalline, clear  
 Hy'dra, *s.* a monster with many heads  
 Hy'dragogues, *s. pl.* medicinal preparations for the purgation of watery humours  
 Hydraul'ical, *a.* relating to hydraulics  
 Hydraul'ics, *s. pl.* the science of that philosophy which treats of the motion of fluids and the art of conveying water  
 Hy'drocele, *s.* a watery rupture  
 Hydroceph'alus, *s.* a dropsy in the head  
 Hydrog'rapher, *s.* one skilled in the art of hydrography; a teacher of hydrography  
 Hydrog'raphy, *s.* the art of measuring and describing the sea and its boundaries  
 Hy'dromancy, *s.* a prediction by water  
 Hy'dromel, *s.* honey and water; mead  
 Hydrom'eter, or Hygrom'eter, *s.* an instrument to measure the extent of water  
 Hydrophobia, *s.* a distemper occasioned by the bite of a mad dog; dread of water  
 Hydrop'ical, *a.* dropsical, watery  
 Hydrostat'ical, *a.* relating to hydrostatics  
 Hydrostat'ics, *s. pl.* the science of the gravitation of fluids; weighing fluids  
 Hye'na, *s.* a fierce animal, like a wolf  
 Hym, *s.* a species of very fierce dog  
 Hymene'al, *a.* pertaining to marriage  
 Hymn, *v. a.* to praise in songs of adoration  
 Hymn, *s.* a divine song, a song of praise  
 Hym'nic, *a.* relating to hymns  
 Hyp, *v. a.* to make melancholy, to dispirit  
 Hypal'lage, *s.* a change of cases, &c.  
 Hyperbol'ical, *a.* exaggerating beyond fact

Verbole, *s.* a rhetorical figure, which consists in representing things much greater than they really are  
Verbo'rean, *a.* northern; cold  
Vercrit'ic, *s.* an unreasonable critic  
Vercrit'ical, *a.* critical beyond use  
Ver'en, *s.* a short line thus (-) put between two words or syllables, to shew that they are to be joined together  
Ver'nic, *s.* a medicine causing sleep  
Verchondri'ac, *s.* one affected with melancholy, or disordered in the imagination—melancholy, dispirited  
Vercri'sy, *s.* dissimulation, a pretence

Hyp'ocrite, *s.* a dissembler in religion, &c.  
Hypocrit'ical, *a.* dissembling, insincere, false  
Hypocrit'ically, *ad.* without sincerity  
Hypostasis, *s.* a distinct substance; personality; a term more particularly used in the doctrine of the Holy Trinity  
Hypostat'ical, *a.* constitutive; distinct  
Hypoth'esis, *s.* a system upon supposition  
Hypothet'ical, *a.* supposed, conditional  
Hypothet'ically, *ad.* upon supposition  
Hyrst, or Herst, *s.* a wood or thicket  
Hys'sop, *s.* the name of a purgative plant  
Hyster'ic, Hyster'ical, *a.* troubled with fits  
Hyster'ics, *s.* fits peculiar to women

## I.

used as an abbreviation for *id*, as *i. e.*  
Ident, or, that is; it is a numeral for one; it is sometimes an abbreviation for Jesus, as J. H. S. *Iesu sacerdos hominum salvator*, that is, Jesus the saviour of men  
Ident'er, *v. n.* to talk much or idly, to chatter  
Ident'er, *s.* one who talks inartificially  
Ident'ly, *a.* lying at length, extended  
Ident'ly, *s.* a precious gem; the hyacinth  
Ident'ly, *s.* John; an engine; a young pike  
Ident'ly, *s.* a beast somewhat resembling a fox, used to hunt or start prey for the lion  
Ident'ly, *s.* a simple, sheepish fellow  
Ident'ly, *s.* a monkey; a coxcomb  
Ident'ly, *s.* a black chattering bird  
Ident'ly, *s.* a close waistcoat, a short coat  
Ident'ly, *s.* a partisan of James II.  
Ident'ion, *s.* the act of throwing or darting  
Ident'ly, *s.* a worthless horse; a sorry woman  
Ident'ly, *v. a.* to tire, to weary, to ride down  
Ident'ly, *a.* unruly, vicious; unchaste  
Ident'ly, *v. a.* to notch—*s.* a denticulation  
Ident'ly, *s.* uneven, notched, ragged  
Ident'ly, *s.* a purgative root from New Spain  
Ident'ly, *s.* a conserve of fruit; a child's frock  
Ident'ly, *v. a.* to confine between, to wedge in  
Ident'ly, *s.* the upright post of a door  
Ident'ly, *s.* verses which are composed of a long and short syllable alternately  
Ident'ly, *v. to wrangle, to be out of tune*  
Ident'ly, *s.* a Turkish soldier; a guard  
Ident'ly, or Jaunt'ly, *a.* showy, gay, giddy  
Ident'ly, *s.* the first month of the year  
Ident'ly, *s.* a varnish made to work in colours  
Ident'ly, *s.* one skilled in japan work  
Ident'ly, *v. to clash, to disagree, to differ*  
Ident'ly, *s.* a harsh sound; an earthen vessel  
Ident'ly, *s.* gibberish, gabble, nonsensical talk  
Ident'ly, *s.* a precious green stone

Jav'elin, *s.* a spear or half pike  
Jaun'dice, *s.* a distemper caused by the obstructions of the gall in the liver  
Jaun'diced, *a.* affected with the jaundice  
Jaunt, *v. n.* to walk or travel about  
Jaunt, *s.* a ramble, a flight, an excursion  
Jaunt'ness, *s.* airiness, flutter, briskness  
Jaw, *s.* the bone in which the teeth are fixed  
Jay, *s.* a bird with gaudy feathers  
Ja'zel, *s.* a precious azure or blue stone  
Ice, *s.* frozen water; sugar concreted  
Ichnograp'hy, *s.* a groundplot, a platform  
Ichor, *s.* a humour arising from ulcers  
I'chorous, *a.* sharp, thin, indigested  
I'cicle, *s.* dripping water frozen, hanging from the eaves of a house, &c.  
Icon, *s.* a picture, a representation  
Icterical, *a.* afflicted with the jaundice  
I'cy, *a.* full of ice, cold; frigid, backward  
Ide'a, *s.* mental imagination; a notion  
Ideal, *a.* mental, intellectual, conceived  
Ideal'ly, *ad.* intellectually, mentally  
Ident'ic, Ident'ical, *a.* the same  
Ident'icalness, Ident'ity, *s.* sameness  
Ides, *s. pl.* a term of time amongst the ancient Romans. It is the 13th day of each month, except March, May, July, and October, in which it is the 15th  
Idiom, *s.* a particular mode of speech  
Idiot, *s.* a fool, a changeling, a natural Idiotism, *s.* folly; natural imbecility of mind  
Idle, *a.* lazy, unemployed, worthless  
Idle, *v. n.* to spend time in inactivity  
Idlehead'ed, *a.* foolish, unreasonable  
Idleness, *s.* sloth, laziness, folly  
Idler, *s.* a lazy person, a sluggard  
Idly, *ad.* lazily, carelessly, foolishly  
Idol, *s.* an image worshipped as a god  
Idol'ater, *s.* a worshipper of idols

**Idol'atrize**, *v. n.* to worship idols  
**Idol'atrous**, *a.* tending or given to idolatry  
**Idol'atry**, *s.* the worship of images  
**Idol'ize**, *v. a.* to worship as a deity  
**Idyl**, *s.* a small short poem; an eclogue  
**Jeal'ous**, *s.* suspicious, fearful, cautious  
**Jeal'ousy**, *s.* suspicion, in love especially  
**Jeat**, *s.* a fossil of a fine black colour  
**Jeer**, *v.* to treat with scorn, to scoff, to flout  
**Jeho'vah**, *s.* the appropriate name of God in the Hebrew language  
**Jeju'ne**, *a.* hungry; unaffected; trifling  
**Jeju'neness**, *s.* poverty; a want of matter  
**Jelly**, *s.* a light transparent viscid broth; a sweetmeat of various species  
**Jen'net**, *s.* a Spanish or Barbary horse  
**Jen'neting**, *s.* a species of forward apple  
**Jeop'ard**, *v. a.* to hazard, to put in danger  
**Jeop'ardous**, *a.* hazardous, dangerous  
**Jeop'ardy**, *s.* danger, peril, hazard  
**Jerk**, *s.* a quick smart lash; a quick jolt  
**Jer'kin**, *s.* a jacket; a kind of hawk  
**Jer'sey**, *s.* a fine yarn of wool  
**Jes'samine**, *s.* a fragrant flower  
**Jest**, *s.* any thing ludicrous; a laughing-stock  
**Jest'ing**, *s.* talk to raise laughter  
**Jesuit'ical**, *a.* shuffling, artful, deceitful  
**Jet**, *s.* a curious black fossil; a spout of water  
**Jet**, *v. n.* to shoot forward, to protrude  
**Jet'sam**, *s.* goods thrown ashore by shipwreck  
**Jet'ty**, *a.* made of jet, black as jet  
**jew'el**, *s.* a precious stone, a gem  
**Jew'eller**, *s.* one who deals in precious stones  
**Jew's-harp**, *s.* a small musical instrument  
**lg'neous**, *a.* containing or emitting fire  
**Jg'nis-fat'us**, *s.* a kind of fiery vapour, called Will-with-a-wisp; a delusion  
**Igni'tion**, *s.* the act of setting on fire  
**Ignit'ible**, *a.* inflammable, easily set on fire  
**Ignob'le**, *a.* mean of birth; worthless  
**Ignobly**, *ad.* disgracefully, ignominiously  
**Ignomin'ious**, *a.* mean, disgraceful, shameful  
**Ignomin'iously**, *ad.* meanly, scandalously  
**Ig'nominy**, *s.* disgrace, reproach, shame  
**Ignora'mus**, *s.* a foolish fellow, vain pretender  
**lg'norance**, *s.* want of knowledge  
**lg'norant**, *a.* illiterate, without knowledge  
**Jig**, *s.* a light careless dance or tune  
**Jilt**, *s.* a deceiving woman—*v. a.* to deceive  
**Jin'gle**, *s.* any thing sounding; a rattle  
**Ille**, *s.* a walk or alley in a church  
**Illic**, *a.* belonging to the lower bowels  
**Il'iad**, *s.* an heroic poem by Homer  
**Ill**, *a.* sick, disordered, not in health  
**Ill**, *s.* wickedness, misery, misfortune  
**Illab'orate**, *a.* done without much labour  
**Illap'se**, *s.* a sliding, or gently falling in or upon; a sudden attack, casual coming  
**Illaq'uate**, *v. a.* to entangle, to ensnare  
**Illation**, *s.* an inference, a conclusion  
**Ille'a'tive**, *a.* that which may be inferred  
**Iliaud'able**, *a.* unworthy of commendation  
**Iliaud'ably**, *ad.* unworthily, meanly  
**Illeg'gal**, *a.* contrary to law, unjust  
**Illegal'ity**, *s.* a contrariety to law  
**Ille'gally**, *ad.* in a contrary manner to law  
**Illeg'i'ble**, *a.* what cannot be clearly read  
**Illegit'macy**, *s.* a state of bastardy  
**Illegit'mate**, *a.* born out of wedlock  
**Ilfa'voured**, *a.* of a bad countenance  
**Illic'er'ial**, *a.* sparing, mean, disingenuous  
**Illic'er'ally**, *ad.* meanly, disingenuously  
**Illic'it**, *a.* unlawful, unfit; contraband  
**Illic'itable**, *a.* that which cannot be bought  
**Illic'er'ate**, *a.* unlearned, ignorant, untutored  
**Illic'er'ateness**, *s.* a want of learning  
**Illic'ature**, *s.* peevishness, malevolence  
**Illic'atured**, *a.* peevish, untractable, cross  
**Illic'ness**, *s.* sickness, disorder, weakness  
**Illo'gical**, *a.* contrary to rules of reasoning  
**Illic'de**, *v. a.* to mock, to play upon, debase  
**Illic'me**, *Illic'mine, *Illic'minate*, *v. a.* to lighten, to adorn, to illustrate  
**Illic'mina'tion**, *s.* the act of giving light; brightness; lights set forth as a mark  
**Illic'sion**, *s.* a false show, error, mockery  
**Illic'sive**, *a.* deceiving by false show  
**Illic'sory**, *a.* deceiving, fraudulent  
**Illic'strate**, *v. a.* to brighten with light; to plain, to clear, to elucidate  
**Illic'stration**, *s.* explanation, exposition  
**Illic'strative**, *a.* able or tending to explain  
**Illic'strious**, *a.* conspicuous, noble, eminent  
**Illic'striously**, *ad.* conspicuously, eminent  
**Im'a'ge**, *s.* a picture, a statue, an idol; an imaginary representation; shadow  
**Im'a'ginable**, *a.* possible to be conceived  
**Im'a'ginary**, *a.* fancied, visionary, ideal  
**Imagina'tion**, *s.* fancy, conception, scheme  
**Im'a'gine**, *v. a.* to fancy, to contrive  
**Imbe'cile**, *v. a.* to lessen a fortune privately  
**Imbecil'ity**, *s.* weakness, feebleness  
**Imbi'be**, *v. a.* to drink in, to admit into  
**Imbit'ter**, *v. a.* to make bitter; to exasperate  
**Imbo'dy**, *v. a.* to condense to a body; to incarnate  
**Imbold'en**, *v. a.* to make bold, to encourage  
**Imbos'om**, *v. a.* to hold in the bosom  
**Imbo'w**, *v. a.* to arch, to vault  
**Imbow'er**, *v. a.* to shelter with trees  
**Imbrica'tion**, *s.* a concave indenture  
**Imbro'wn**, *v. a.* to make brown; to colour  
**Imbru'e**, *v. a.* to steep, to soak, to wet  
**Imbru'ed**, *part.* soaked, dipt, wetted  
**Imbru'te**, *v. a.* to degrade to brutality  
**Imbu'e**, *v. a.* to tincture deep, to tinge  
**Imbu'rse**, *v. a.* to stock with money  
**Im'i'table**, *a.* worthy or possible to be imitated  
**Im'i'tative**, *a.* inclined or tending to copy the action of another person; to copy*

itation, *s.* the act of copying; an attempt to make a resemblance; a copy  
itor, *s.* he who copies or imitates  
atrix, *s.* she who imitates, &c.  
maculate, *a.* spotless, pure, undefiled  
manacle, *v. a.* to fetter, to confine  
manent, *a.* inherent, intrinsic, internal  
manifest, *a.* not plain, doubtful, uncertain  
manly, *s.* barbarity, savageness, brutality  
marmorable, *a.* unfading, perpetual  
martial, *a.* not warlike, weak, impotent  
material, *a.* trifling; incorporeal  
mature, *a.* not ripe, not perfect; hasty  
maturity, *ad.* too soon, too early  
measurable, *a.* unripeness, incompleteness  
memediate, *a.* instant; acting by itself  
medicable, *a.* not to be healed, past cure  
memorial, *a.* past time of memory  
men'se, *a.* unlimited, infinite, huge  
men'sely, *ad.* without measure, infinitely  
men'sity, *s.* unbounded greatness, infinity  
merge, Immer'se, *v. a.* to sink or plunge  
under water; to dip in water  
merged, Immer'sed, *part.* sunk deep  
merion, *s.* dipping under water  
methodical, *a.* confused, irregular  
methodically, *ad.* without method  
minence, *s.* an immediate danger  
minent, *a.* impending, threatening  
minution, *s.* a diminution, a decrease  
mission, *s.* a sending in, an injection  
mix', Immin'gle, *v. a.* to mix, to unite  
mix'able, *a.* impossible to be mixed  
mobility, *s.* immoveableness  
moderate, *a.* excessive, more than enough; exceeding the due means  
moderately, *ad.* in an excessive degree  
mod'est, *a.* shameless, obscene, impure  
mod'estly, *ad.* without modesty  
mol'ate, *v. a.* to sacrifice, to offer up  
mol'ation, *s.* the act of sacrificing  
ment, *a.* trifling, of little value  
moral, *a.* dishonest, irreligious, vicious  
moral'ity, *s.* want of virtue; vice  
mortal, *a.* perpetual, never to die  
mortality, *s.* an exemption from death  
mortali'ze, *v.* to make or become immortal  
moveable, *a.* unshaken, firm, stable  
moveably, *ad.* not to be shaken, firmly  
munity, *s.* privilege, exemption, freedom  
mure, *v. a.* to enclose, to shut in, to confine  
musical, *a.* harsh, inharmonious  
mutability, *s.* invariableness, constancy  
mutable, *a.* invariable, unalterable  
my, *i.* an offspring; a puny devil  
my, *v. a.* to lengthen; to enlarge  
my, *v. a.* to drive close or hard

Impa'int, *v. a.* to paint, to adorn, to decorate  
Impa'ir, *v.* to lessen, to injure, to make worse  
Impal'pable, *a.* not perceptible by touch  
Impar'ity, *s.* disproportion, inequality  
Impar'lance, *s.* dialogue, conference  
Impa't, *v. a.* to communicate; to grant unto  
Impart'ance, *s.* a grant; a communication  
Impartial, *a.* equitable, equal, just  
Impartial'ity, *s.* equitableness, justice  
Impar'tially, *ad.* equitably, without bias  
Impass'able, *a.* that which cannot be passed  
Impasioned, *a.* seized with passion  
Impa'tience, *s.* uneasiness under sufferings; vehemence of temper, eagerness  
Impa'tient, *a.* eager, not able to endure  
Impa'tiently, *ad.* eagerly, passionately  
Impa'wn, *v. a.* to pawn, to give as a pledge  
Impe'ach, *v. a.* to accuse by public authority  
Impeach'ment, *s.* a legal accusation; an impediment, hinderance, obstruction  
Impe'arl, *v. a.* to form like pearls, to adorn  
Impec'cable, *a.* not subject to sin, perfect  
Impe'de, *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct, to let  
Impediment, *s.* hinderance, obstruction  
Impe'l, *v. a.* to urge forwards, to press on  
Impe'lit, *s.* a power to drive forward  
Impe'nd, *v. n.* to hang over, to be at hand  
Impend'ent, *a.* hanging over, or near  
Impend'ing, *a.* hanging ready to fall  
Impen'etrable, *a.* that which cannot be penetrated or discovered; not to be pierced  
Impen'itence, *s.* a hardness of heart, or a continuance in evil courses; obduracy  
Impen'itent, *a.* obdurate, remorseless  
Impen'itently, *ad.* without repentance  
Imper'ate, *a.* done with consciousness  
Imper'ative, *a.* commanding, ordering  
Impercep'tible, *a.* not to be perceived  
Impercep'tibly, *ad.* in a manner not to be perceived; not subject to perception  
Imper'fect, *a.* frail, not complete, defective  
Imperfec'tion, *s.* a defect, a failure, a fault  
Imper'fectly, *ad.* not completely, not fully  
Imper'forate, *a.* not pierced through  
Imper'rial, *a.* belonging to an emperor  
Imper'rialist, *s.* one belonging to an emperor  
Impe'rious, *a.* haughty, arrogant, lordly  
Impe'riously, *ad.* insolently, arrogantly  
Imperish'able, *a.* not to be destroyed  
Imper'sonal, *a.* having no person  
Imperspic'uous, *a.* not sufficiently clear  
Impersua'sible, *a.* not to be persuaded  
Imper'tinence, *s.* folly, intrusion; a trifle  
Imper'tinent, *a.* intrusive, meddling  
Imper'tinently, *ad.* officiously, intrusively  
Imper'vious, *a.* impassable, inaccessible  
Im'petrate, *v. a.* to obtain by entreaty  
Impetuosity, *s.* violence, fury, vehemence  
Impetu'ous, *a.* violent, forcible, fierce  
Im'petus, *s.* a violent effort, force, stroke

Impi'ety, *s.* wickedness, irreverence  
 Impig'norate, *v. a.* to pawn, to pledge  
 Impi'ng, *v.* to fall or strike against, to clash  
 Impin'guate, *v. a.* to fatten, to make fat  
 Impious, *a.* wicked, profane, irreligious  
 Impiously, *ad.* profanely, wickedly  
 Impla'cable, *a.* malicious, not to be appeased; inexorable, constant in enmity  
 Impla'cably, *ad.* with constant enmity  
 Impla'nt, *v. a.* to ingraft, to infix, to insert  
 Implau'sible, *a.* not specious, impersuasive  
 Imple'ad, *v. a.* to prosecute, to sue at law  
 Im'plement, *s.* a tool, instrument; vessel  
 Imple'tion, *s.* the act of filling up  
 Im'plex, *a.* intricate, entangled, complicated  
 Im'plicate, *v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass  
 Implica'tion, *s.* involution, a tacit inference; a necessary consequence  
 Impli'cit, *a.* tacitly understood; founded on the authority of others; involved  
 Impli'cily, *ad.* dependently, by inference  
 Imple're, *v. a.* to ask, beg, beseech, entreat  
 Imply', *v. a.* to comprise, to infold, suggest  
 Impois'on, *v. a.* to corrupt with poison  
 Impolite', *a.* unpolite, rude, ungenteel  
 Impolitic', *a.* imprudent, indiscreet  
 Impon'derous, *a.* void of weight, light  
 Impor'tous, *a.* free from pores, compact  
 Impo/rt, *v. a.* to bring commodities from abroad; to signify or denote, to concern  
 Im'port, *s.* importance; things imported  
 Import'ance, *s.* a matter, subject, moment  
 Import'ant, *a.* momentous, of consequence  
 Import'a/tion, *s.* act of bringing from abroad  
 Import'er, *s.* one who brings from abroad  
 Import'less, *a.* trifling, of no consequence  
 Import'unate, *a.* incessant in solicitation  
 Importu'ne, *v. a.* to tease with solicitations  
 Importu'nely, *ad.* incessantly, unseasonably  
 Importu'inity, *s.* incessant solicitation  
 Import'uous, *a.* having no harbour  
 Impo/se, *v. a.* to enjoin as a duty; to deceive  
 Impo/seable, *a.* that may be laid by obligation  
 Impo/ser, *s.* one who imposes, or enjoins  
 Impos'i/tion, *s.* an injunction; a tax or tribute; an oppression; a cheat or fraud  
 Impossibility, *s.* that which cannot be done  
 Impos'sible, *a.* impracticable  
 Im'post, *s.* a tax, a custom to be paid  
 Impos'thume, *v. n.* to form an abscess  
 Impos'thume, *s.* any swelling or gathering of corrupt matter in an abscess  
 Impo'stor, *s.* a false pretender, a cheat  
 Im'potence, Im'potency, *s.* want of power, incapacity, feebleness  
 Im'potent, *a.* weak, feeble, wanting power  
 Im'potently, *ad.* without power, weakly  
 Im'po/und, *v. a.* to shut up in a pinfold  
 Impracticable, *a.* impossible, unattainable  
 Impre'cate, *v. a.* to invoke evil, to curse  
 Impreca'tion, *s.* an invocation of evil  
 Im'precatory, *a.* containing wishes of evil  
 Impreg'nable, *a.* not to be taken, unmoveable  
 Impreg'nate, *v. a.* to make prolific  
 Impreju'dicate, *a.* unprejudiced, impartial  
 Imprepa'retion, *s.* a want of preparation  
 Impre'ss, *v. a.* to print, to stamp; to fix  
 Impres'sible, *a.* what may be impressed  
 Impres'sion, *s.* the print of a stamp or an edition of a book; image fixed in mind, or influence made on it  
 Impres'sure, *s.* a mark made by pressure  
 Impri'mis, *ad.* in the first place  
 Impri'nt, *v. a.* to print, to fix on the mind  
 Impri'son, *v. a.* to confine, to shut up  
 Impri'sonment, *s.* a confinement in prison  
 Improbabil'ity, *s.* unlikelihood  
 Improb'able, *a.* incredible, unlikely  
 Improb'ate, *v. a.* to disapprove, to disallow  
 Improb'a/tion, *s.* the act of disallowing  
 Improb'ity, *s.* dishonesty, baseness  
 Improlific, *v. a.* to make fruitful  
 Improp'er, *a.* unfit, unqualified, not just  
 Improp'riate, *v. a.* to convert to private  
 Impropria/tion, *s.* an ecclesiastical benefit or church lands in the immediate occupation of a layman  
 Impropria/tor, *s.* a layman having church lands wholly at his own disposal  
 Improp'riety, *s.* unfitness, inaccuracy  
 Impros'perous, *a.* unsuccessful, unfortunate  
 Improp'riable, *a.* capable of improvement  
 Improp've, *v.* to raise from good to better  
 Improp'vement, *s.* progress from good to better; education; the act of improving  
 Improv'idence, *s.* a want of forethought  
 Improv'ident, *a.* wanting care to provide  
 Impru'dence, *s.* indiscretion, negligence  
 Impru'dent, *a.* wanting prudence, injudicious  
 Impru'dently, *ad.* indiscretely, carelessly  
 Im'pu'dence, *s.* shamelessness, immodest  
 Im'pu'dent, *a.* shameless, wanting modesty  
 Im'pu'dently, *ad.* shamelessly, saucily  
 Impu'gn, *v. a.* to attack, to assault  
 Impu'sance, *s.* weakness, inability, feebleness  
 Impu'se, *s.* a communicated force; an inward indignation; motive, idea  
 Impul'sive, *a.* having power to impel  
 Impu'nty, *s.* exemption from punishment  
 Impu're, *a.* unholy; unchaste; drossy  
 Impu'rely, *ad.* in an impure manner  
 Impu'ritv, *s.* lewdness, filthiness  
 Impur'ple, *v. a.* to colour as with purple  
 Impu'table, *a.* chargeable upon any one  
 Impu'tation, *s.* an accusation or charge  
 Impu'tative, *a.* that which may be imputed  
 Impu'te, *v. a.* to charge upon, to attribute  
 Impu'tes'ible, *a.* not to be corrupted  
 Inabil'ity, *s.* a want of power, impotency  
 Inacces'sible, *a.* not to be come at

accuracy, *s.* a want of exactness  
accurate, *a.* not exact, not accurate  
action, *s.* a cessation from labour; idleness  
aile, *a.* indolent, sluggish, not diligent  
ailevity, *ad.* without labour, sluggishly  
ailevity, *s.* idleness; rest; sluggishness  
aquate, *a.* defective, disproportionate  
aquatey, *ad.* defectively, imperfectly  
aertence, *s.* negligence, inattention  
aertent, *a.* inconsiderate, careless  
aertently, *ad.* negligently, carelessly  
aenible, *a.* that cannot be alienated  
aental, *a.* affording no nourishment  
aorta, *s.* a lover, a fond person  
aent, *a.* void, empty, useless  
aimate, *a.* void of life, without animation  
aition, *s.* an emptiness of body  
aipetence, *s.* a want of stomach or appetite  
aiplicable, *a.* not to be particularly applied  
aiplication, *s.* inactivity, indolence  
aitable, *a.* not capable of tillage  
aiposite, *a.* unfit, unsuitable, improper  
aipulate, *a.* not uttered distinctly  
aipulately, *ad.* indistinctly, confusedly  
aificial, *a.* done contrarily to art  
aificially, *ad.* immethodically, badly  
aention, *s.* disregard, carelessness  
aentive, *a.* regardless, negligent  
aentively, *ad.* carelessly, heedlessly  
aefule, *a.* not to be heard, void of sound  
aegurate, *v. a.* to invest with solemnities  
aeguration, *s.* investiture with solemnities  
aetation, *s.* the act of covering with gold  
aespicious, *a.* unlucky, unfortunate  
aeting, *s.* inherence, inseparableness  
aorn, *a.* implanted by nature, innate  
aed, *a.* bred, or hatched within  
aience, *s.* an increasing warmth  
aataction, *s.* an enchantment, a charm  
aatactory, *a.* dealing by enchantment  
aanton, *v. a.* to join to a canton  
aability, *s.* a disqualification, inability  
aable, *a.* unable, disqualified, unfit  
aacious, *a.* narrow, of small content  
aacitate, *v. a.* to disable, to disqualify  
aacity, *s.* inability, a want of power  
aerate, *v. a.* to imprison, to confine  
aam, *v.* to cover with or breed flesh  
aandise, *v. a.* to die or tinge with red  
aamate, *a.* clothed or embodied in flesh  
aamation, *s.* the act of assuming a body  
aase, *v. a.* to cover, to enclose, to infold  
aated, *a.* made hollow; bent in  
aentious, *a.* unwary, heedless, careless  
aentiously, *ad.* unwarily, heedlessly  
aendary, *s.* one who sets houses or towns  
a fire; a sower of strife and sedition  
aense, *s.* a perfume offered to images  
aake, *v. a.* to provoke, to enrage, to stir up  
aated, *part.* provoked, exasperated

Incen'sory, *s.* a vessel for burning incense in  
Ince'native, *s.* an incitement or motive  
Incen'tive, *a.* enticing, encouraging  
Incep'tion, *s.* a beginning, a commencing  
Incer'titude, *s.* uncertainty, doubtfulness  
Inces'sant, *a.* continual, unceasing  
Inces'santly, *ad.* without intermission  
In'cest, *s.* unnatural and criminal conjunction  
of persons too nearly related  
Incest'uous, *a.* guilty of unnatural cohabitation  
Inch, *s.* a measure, the twelfth part of a foot  
Inch'ipin, *s.* part of a deer's inside  
Inch'meal, *s.* a piece of an inch long  
In'choate, *v. a.* to begin, to commence  
Inchoa'tion, *s.* a beginning of any work  
Inci'de, *v. a.* to cut, to cut into, to divide  
In'cidence, In'cident, *s.* an accidental cir-  
cumstance, an event, a casualty  
In'cident, Incident'al, *a.* casual, happening  
by chance, fortuitous; occasional  
Incin'erate, *v. a.* to burn to ashes  
Incip'ient, *a.* beginning, arising  
Incircumspec'tion, *s.* a want of caution  
Inci'sed, *a.* cut, made by cutting  
Inci'sion, Inci'sure, *s.* a cut, a wound made  
Inci'sive, *a.* having the quality of cutting  
Inci'sor, *s.* a tooth so called, the cutter  
Incita'tion, Inci'tement, *s.* an incentive  
Inci'te, *v. a.* to stir up, to spur, to animate  
Inci'vility, *s.* rudeness, a want of courtesy  
Inclen'ency, *s.* cruelty, harshness  
Inclen't, *a.* unmerciful, rough, harsh  
Inclu'sible, *a.* favourably disposed, willing  
Inclina'tion, *s.* tendency to a point; affec-  
tion; propension of mind; natural aptness  
Incli'ne, *v.* to bend, to lean; to be disposed  
Incli'p, *v. a.* to grasp, to inclose, to surround  
Inclois'ter, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister  
Inclo'ud, *v. a.* to darken, to obscure  
Inclu'de, *v. a.* to inclose, to shut; to comprise  
Inclu'sion, *s.* the act of including  
Inclu'sive, *a.* comprehending, enclosing  
Incoag'uable, *a.* incapable of concretion  
Incoexist'ence, *s.* the not existing together  
Inco'gitancy, *s.* a want of thought  
Inco'gitative, *a.* wanting power of thought  
Inco'gnito, *ad.* in a state of concealment  
Incohe'rence, *s.* incongruity; want of con-  
nection; inconsequence; want of cohesion  
Incohe'rent, *a.* inconsistent, disagreeing  
Incohe'rently, *ad.* inconsistently, loosely  
Incomb'stible, *a.* not to be consumed by fire  
In'come, *s.* profit, rent, revenue  
Incommen'surable, *a.* not to be measured  
Incommis'cible, *a.* not to be mixed  
Incommo'de, *v. a.* to trouble, to embarrass  
Incommo'dious, *a.* vexatious, unsuitable  
Incommo'diously, *ad.* inconveniently, unfitly  
Incommu'nicable, *a.* not to be communi-  
cated, imparted, or discovered

**Incommutable**, *a.* not to be exchanged  
**Incompa/ct**, *a.* not joined, not adhering  
**Incom'parable**, *a.* excellent, matchless  
**Incom'parably**, *ad.* beyond comparison  
**Incompa/sionate**, *a.* void of pity, cruel  
**Incompat'ible**, *a.* inconsistent with another  
**Incom'petency**, *s.* inability, insufficiency  
**Incom'petent**, *a.* not adequate, unsuitable  
**Incom'petently**, *ad.* unsuitably, unfitly  
**Incomple'te**, *a.* not finished, not perfect  
**Incompli'ance**, *s.* untractableness, refusal  
**Incompo/sed**, *a.* disturbed, discomposed  
**Incompos/te**, *a.* uncompounded, simple  
**Incomprehen'sibility**, *Incomprehen'sibleness*,  
*s.* the quality of being inconceivable  
**Incomprehen'sible**, *a.* not to be conceived  
**Incomprehen'sibly**, *ad.* inconceivably  
**Incompre'sible**, *a.* not capable of being forced  
 into a less space, not to be pressed  
**Inconceal'able**, *a.* not to be hid or kept secret  
**Inconceiv'able**, *Inconcep'tible*, *a.* not to be  
 conceived or imagined, incomprehensible  
**Inconceiv'ably**, *ad.* beyond comprehension  
**Inconclu'dent**, *a.* inferring no consequence  
**Inconclu'sive**, *a.* not conclusive, not con-  
 vincing, not exhibiting cogent evidence  
**Inconclu'siveness**, *s.* a want of rational con-  
 viction, want of proof or cogency  
**Inconco/ct**, *a.* unripened, immature  
**Inconcoction**, *s.* the state of being undigested  
**Inconcur'ring**, *a.* not agreeing or uniting  
**Inconcu'sible**, *a.* not to be shaken  
**Incon'dite**, *a.* irregular, rude, unpolished  
**Incondi'otional**, *Incondi'tionate*, *a.* unlim-  
 ited, unrestrained; without condition  
**Inconfor'mity**, *s.* incompliance with practice  
**Incon'gruence**, *Incongru'ity*, *s.* inconsistency,  
 disagreement, absurdity  
**Incon'gruous**, *a.* inconsistent, not fitting  
**Inconnex'edly**, *ad.* without any connexion  
**Incom'sequence**, *s.* inconclusiveness  
**Incon'sequen't**, *a.* without regular inference  
**Inconsid'erable**, *a.* unworthy of notice  
**Inconsid'erableness**, *s.* small importance  
**Inconsid'erate**, *a.* careless, thoughtless  
**Inconsid'erately**, *ad.* thoughtlessly  
**Inconsid'erateness**, *Inconsidera'tion*, *s.* a want  
 of thought, inattention, rashness  
**Inconsist'ency**, *s.* unsteadiness, incongruity  
**Inconsist'ent**, *a.* contrary, incompatible  
**Inconsist'ing**, *a.* disagreeing with  
**Inconsist'ently**, *ad.* absurdly, incongruously  
**Inconso'lable**, *a.* not to be comforted  
**Inton'sonancy**, *s.* disagreement with itself  
**Inconspic'uous**, *a.* not discernible  
**Incon'stancy**, *s.* unsteadiness, mutability  
**Incon'stant**, *a.* not firm, unsteady, variable  
**Inconsu'mable**, *a.* not to be wasted  
**Incontest'able**, *a.* not to be disputed; certain  
**Incontes'tably**, *ad.* indisputably

**Incontig'uous**, *a.* not joined together  
**Incon'tinence**, *s.* intemperance, unchastity  
**Incon'tinent**, *a.* unchaste, loose; immoral  
**Incon'tinently**, *ad.* unchastely; directly  
**Incontrovert'ible**, *a.* indisputable, certain  
**Incontrovert'ibly**, *ad.* indisputably, certain  
 to a degree beyond controversy  
**Inconve'nience**, *s.* unfitness, disadvantage  
**Inconve'nient**, *a.* incommodious, unfit  
**Inconve'niently**, *ad.* unfitly, unseasonably  
**Inconver'sable**, *a.* stiff, formal, unsocial  
**Inconvert'ible**, *a.* not to be changed  
**Inconv'inably**, *ad.* obstinately  
**Incor'poral**, *Incorpo'real*, *Incor'porate*, *a.* not  
 material, spiritual, distinct from body  
**Incor'porate**, *v.* to form into one body,  
 mix, to unite, to associate, to embody  
**Incorpore'ity**, *s.* immateriality  
**Inco'rpse**, *v. a.* to form into a body  
**Incor're/ct**, *a.* not exact, not accurate  
**Incor'rect'ly**, *ad.* not in a correct manner  
**Incorrect'ness**, *s.* inaccuracy, carelessness  
**Incor'rigible**, *a.* bad beyond amendment  
**Incor'rigibleness**, *s.* hopeless depravity  
**Incor'rigibly**, *ad.* to a degree of depravity  
 beyond all means of amendment  
**Incorr'u/pt**, *a.* honest, free from corruption  
**Incorrupt'ible**, *a.* not admitting decay  
**Incorrup'tion**, *s.* a state of purity  
**Incorrup'tness**, *s.* purity of conduct; integrity  
**Incras'sate**, *v. a.* to thicken, to make thick  
**Incrass'a/tion**, *s.* the act of thickening  
**Incras'sative**, *s.* that which thickens  
**Incre'ase**, *v.* to grow, to make more  
**In'crease**, *s.* augmentation, produce, &c.  
**Incredibil'ity**, *s.* an incredible quality  
**Incred'ible**, *a.* not to be believed  
**Incredul'ity**, *s.* hardness of belief  
**Incred'ulous**, *a.* hard of belief, refusing  
**Incre'bable**, *a.* not consumable by fire  
**In'cremen't**, *s.* an increase, a produce  
**Increpa'tion**, *s.* the act of chiding, reproof  
**Incre'sent**, *Incre'sant*, *a.* increasing  
**Incrim'inate**, *v. a.* to accuse another  
**Incru'st**, *v. a.* to cover with a hard coat  
**Incrusta'tion**, *s.* something superinduced  
**Incu'bate**, *v. n.* to sit upon eggs, to hatch  
**Incuba'tion**, *s.* the act of sitting upon eggs  
**In'eubus**, *s.* a disorder; the night-mair  
**Incul'cate**, *v. a.* to impress by admonition  
**Inculca'tion**, *s.* the act of inculcating  
**Inculp'able**, *a.* unblameable, just, upright  
**Inculp'ably**, *ad.* unblameably  
**Incu'lt**, *a.* uncultivated, untilled, rude  
**Incum'bency**, *s.* the keeping a benefice  
**Incum'bent**, *s.* one who possesses a benefice  
**Incum'bent**, *a.* imposed as a duty; necessi-  
 ty of attention; lying or leaning upon  
**Incu'r**, *v. a.* to become liable to, deserve  
**Incu'able**, *a.* hopeless, not to be cured

Incur'ably, *ad.* without remedy or cure  
 Incur'ious, *a.* inattentive, careless  
 incursion, *s.* an invasion, attack, inroad  
 incur've, *v. a.* to bend, to make crooked  
 incur'vetion, *s.* the act of bending; flexion  
 of the body in token of reverence  
 incur'vety, *s.* crookedness; state of bending  
 in'digate, *v. a.* to search diligently  
 in'digation, *s.* a diligent search, an inquiry  
 in'dagator, *s.* a searcher, an examiner  
 in'dart, *v. a.* to dart in, to strike in  
 in'deb'ted, *a.* in debt; obliged to or by  
 indecency, indecorum, *s.* any thing im-  
 proper or unbecoming; unseemliness  
 indec'ent, *a.* unfit to be known, unbecoming  
 indec'ently, *ad.* without decency  
 indecid'ous, *a.* not falling, not shed  
 indecl'nable, *a.* not varied by terminations  
 indeco'rous, *a.* indecent, unbecoming  
 inde'ed, *ad.* in truth, in reality, in verity  
 indefat'igable, *a.* unwearied with labour, un-  
 exhausted by attention or application  
 indefat'igably, *ad.* without weariness  
 indefe'sible, *a.* not subject to defect  
 indefea'sible, *a.* not to be cut off; irrevocable  
 indefen'sible, *a.* what cannot be defended  
 indefin'ite, *a.* unlimited, undeterminate  
 indefin'itely, *ad.* in an unlimited manner  
 indefin'itudo, *s.* an unlimited quantity  
 indefi'citate, *a.* unpremeditated, rash  
 indefi'ble, *a.* not to be erased, or annulled  
 indefi'cacy, *s.* a want of elegant decency  
 indefi'cate, *a.* wanting decency, rude  
 indefi'ni, *v. a.* to maintain unhurt  
 indefi'ni, *s.* exemption from punishment  
 indefi'nsible, *a.* not to be proved  
 indefi', *v. t.* to scallop; to make a compact  
 indefi', *s.* Indentation, *s.* an inequality  
 indent'ure, *s.* a covenant or deed indented  
 independ'ence, independ'ency, *s.* freedom;  
 an exemption from reliance or control  
 independ'ent, *a.* free, not controllable  
 independ'ents, *s. pl.* a sect of dissenters, who  
 in religious affairs hold that every congrega-  
 tion is a complete church  
 independ'ently, *ad.* without dependance  
 inde'srt, *s.* a want of worth or merit  
 inde'stantly, *ad.* without cessation  
 indestr'uble, *a.* not to be destroyed  
 inde'fir'mable, *a.* not to be fixed or defined  
 inde'fir'mate, *a.* indefinite, not defined  
 inde'fir'med, *a.* unfixed, unsettled  
 inde'vo'tion, *s.* a want of devotion, irreligion  
 inde'vo'ut, *a.* irreligious, not devout  
 inde'x, *s.* a mark or hand thus (☞), to di-  
 rect to something remarkable; table of  
 contents to a book; the pointer out  
 ext'reity, *s.* awkwardness, sluggishness  
 inde'c'ant, *a.* shewing, pointing out  
 inde'cate, *v. a.* to point out, to shew

Indica'tion, *s.* a mark, a sign, a symptom  
 Indic'ative, *a.* shewing, pointing out; in  
 grammar, a certain modification of a verb,  
 expressing affirmation or indication  
 Indic'tion, *s.* a declaration, a proclamation;  
 in chronology, the space of fifteen years,  
 appointed by Constantine the Great, in  
 the room of the Olympiads  
 Indif'ference, *s.* impartiality; negligence  
 Indif'ferent, *a.* of little concern; careless;  
 passable; impartial, unbiased; regardless  
 Indif'ferently, *ad.* impartially, tolerably  
 In'digence, *s.* want, poverty, great need  
 Indi'genous, *a.* native to a country  
 In'digent, *a.* needy, poor, in want; empty  
 Indigest'ed, *a.* not formed, not concocted  
 Indigest'ible, *a.* not to be digested  
 Indigest'ion, *s.* the state of meats unconcocted  
 Indig'itate, *v. a.* to point out, to show  
 Indigita'tion, *s.* the act of pointing out  
 Indi'gn, *a.* unworthy, bringing indignity  
 Indig'nant, *a.* angry, raging, inflamed  
 Indigna'tion, *s.* anger mixed with contempt  
 Indign'ity, *s.* contumely, contemptuous injury  
 In'digo, *s.* a plant used for dying blue  
 Indire'ct, *a.* not straight, not fair, not honest  
 Indirect'ly, *ad.* obliquely, not in express terms  
 Indiscern'ible, *a.* not discernible  
 Indiscrep'ible, *a.* not to be separated  
 Indiscre't, *a.* imprudent, injudicious  
 Indiscre'tly, *ad.* imprudently, foolishly  
 Indiscre'tion, *s.* imprudence, inconsideration  
 Indiscrim'inate, *a.* not separated, confused  
 Indiscrim'inately, *ad.* without distinction  
 Indispen'sable, *a.* not to be remitted  
 Indispen'sably, *ad.* without remission  
 Indispo'se, *v. a.* to make unfit, to disorder  
 Indispo'sed, *part.* disordered, disqualified  
 Indisposi'tion, *s.* a disorder of health; dislike  
 Indis'putable, *a.* uncontroversial  
 Indis'putably, *ad.* without controversy  
 Indissolv'able, *a.* that cannot be dissolved  
 Indissolubil'ity, *s.* firmness, stableness  
 Indis'soluble, *a.* binding for ever; firm, stable  
 Indis'solubly, *ad.* for ever obligatory  
 Indisci'nt, *a.* not plainly marked, confused  
 Indistinct'ly, *ad.* uncertainly, disorderly  
 Indisturb'ance, *s.* calmness, quiet, peace  
 Individ'ual, *a.* undivided; numerically one  
 Individ'ual, *s.* every single person  
 Individ'ually, *ad.* with distinct existence  
 Individual'ity, *s.* separate or distinct existence  
 Indivis'ible, *a.* what cannot be divided  
 Indo'cible, Indo'cile, *a.* unsusceptible of in-  
 struction, stupid, dull, untractable  
 Indoc'il'ity, *s.* untractableness, dulness  
 Indoc'inate, *v. a.* to instruct, to teach  
 Indolence, *s.* laziness, inattention  
 Indol'ent, *a.* lazy, careless, inattentive  
 In'dolently, *ad.* listlessly, inattentively

Indra'ught, *s.* an inlet, a passage inwards  
 Indre'nh, *v. a.* to soak, to drown  
 Indu'bious, Indu'bitable, *a.* not doubtful  
 Indu'bitably, *ad.* unquestionably, certainly  
 Indu'bitate, *a.* undoubted, certain, evident  
 Indu'ce, *v. a.* to persuade, influence, bring on  
 Indu'cement, *s.* motive for doing a thing  
 Indu'ct, *v. a.* to put into actual possession of  
     an ecclesiastical benefice; to bring in  
 Induc'tion, *s.* taking possession, entrance  
 Indu'e, *v. a.* to invest, to furnish with  
 Indu'ge, *v. a.* to favour, to humour, to gratify  
 Indul'gence, *s.* fondness, favour granted, kindness,  
     gentleness, tenderness; forbearance  
 Indul'gent, *a.* kind, gentle, mild, favouring  
 Indul'gently, *ad.* without severity or censure  
 Indul'lt, Indul'lt', *s.* privilege, or exemption  
 Indu'rate, *v.* to make hard, to harden the mind  
 Indura'tion, *s.* obduracy, hardness of heart  
 Indus'trious, *a.* diligent, laborious; designed  
 Indus'triously, *ad.* laboriously, diligently  
 In'dustry, *s.* diligence, assiduity  
 Inebriate, *v.* to intoxicate, to grow drunk  
 Inebria'tion, *s.* drunkenness, intoxication  
 Ineff'a'ble, *a.* unspeakable, inexpressible  
 Ineff'a'bly, *ad.* in a manner not to be expressed  
 Ineffec'tive, *a.* that which produces no effect  
 Ineffec'tual, *a.* without power, weak  
 Ineffec'tually, *ad.* without effect, in vain  
 Ineffic'ious, *a.* ineffectual, feeble, weak  
 Ineffic'acy, *s.* want of power, want of effect  
 Ine'gance, *s.* want of elegance or beauty  
 Ine'gant, *a.* not becoming, mean, despicable  
 Ine'loquent, *a.* not persuasive, not oratorical  
 Ine'pt, *a.* unfit, incapable, useless, foolish  
 Inept'ly, *ad.* triflingly, unskilfully, foolishly  
 Inept'itude, *s.* unfitness, unsuitableness  
 Inequal'ity, *s.* unevenness, disproportion  
 Iner'able, *a.* exempt from error  
 Ine'r', *a.* sluggish, motionless, dull  
 Inert'ly, *ad.* sluggishly, dully, heavily  
 Inesc'a'tion, *s.* the act of baiting  
 Ines'timable, *a.* above all price, invaluable  
 Inev'i'dent, *a.* not plain, obscure  
 Inev'i'table, *a.* unavoidable, not to be escaped  
 Inexcu'sable, *a.* not to be excused or palliated  
 Inexha'able, *a.* that which cannot evaporate  
 Inexhaust'ed, *a.* unemptied, unspent  
 Inexhaust'ible, *a.* not to be drained  
 Inexist'ent, *a.* not in being, not existing  
 Inex'orable, *a.* not to be moved by intreaty  
 Inexpe'dience, *s.* want of fitness or propriety  
 Inexpe'dient, *a.* improper, inconvenient  
 Inexpe'rience, *s.* a want of experience  
 Inexpe'rt, *a.* unskillful, unskilled, unhandy  
 Inex'piable, *a.* not to be atoned for  
 Inex'plicable, *a.* incapable of being explained  
 Inexpress'ible, *a.* not to be told; unutterable  
 Inexpug'nable, *a.* impregnable; not to be  
     taken by assault; not to be subdued

Inextin'guishable, *a.* unquenchable  
 Inex'tricable, *a.* not to be disentangled  
 Inc'ye, *v. n.* to inoculate, to ingraft  
 Infallibil'ity, *s.* exemption from error  
 In'famous, *a.* notoriously bad, shameless  
 In'famously, *ad.* shamefully, scandalously  
 In'famy, *s.* notoriety of bad character  
 In'fancy, *s.* the first part of life; the beginning  
 In'fant, *s.* a child under seven years of age,  
     in law, a person under twenty-one years  
 Infan'ta, *s.* a princess descended from the  
     blood royal of Spain or Portugal  
 Infant'icide, *s.* the murder of infants by Herod  
 Infan'tile, *a.* pertaining to an infant  
 In'fantry, *s.* the foot soldiers of an army  
 Infat'uate, *v. a.* to strike with folly; bewitch  
 Infatua'tion, *s.* the act of striking with folly  
 Infeasible, *a.* impracticable  
 Infe'ct, *v. a.* to taint, to poison, to pollute  
 Infec'tion, *s.* a contagion, a corrupt effluvia  
 Infec'tious, *a.* contagious, apt to infect  
 Infec'tive, *a.* having the quality of contagion  
 Infec'tu'dity, *s.* want of fertility  
 Infeli'city, *s.* misery, calamity, unhappiness  
 Infe'r, *v. a.* to conclude from, to induce  
 Inference, *s.* a conclusion from premises  
 Infer'ible, *a.* deducible from premised ground  
 Infer'ior, *s.* one lower in rank or station  
 Infer'ior, *a.* lower in place, value, or station  
 Inferior'ity, *s.* lower state of dignity or value  
 Infer'nal, *a.* hellish, tartarean, very bad  
 Infer'tile, Infec'nd, *a.* unfruitful, barren  
 Infertil'ity, *s.* unfruitfulness, barrenness  
 Infe'st, *v. a.* to annoy, harass, plague, distract  
 In'fidel, *s.* an unbeliever, a pagan, a miscreant  
 Infidel'ity, *s.* a want of faith, treachery  
 In'finite, *a.* unbounded, immense, unlimited  
 In'finitely, *ad.* without limits, immensely  
 In'finiteness, Infin'itude, *s.* immensity  
 Infin'itive, *a.* in grammar, the *infinitive*  
     mood affirms, or intimates the intention  
     of affirming, but does not do it absolutely  
 Infin'ity, *s.* immensity, endless number  
 Infi'rm, *a.* weak of body or mind, not solid  
 Infirm'ary, *s.* a residence for the sick  
 Infirm'ity, *s.* weakness, failing, disease  
 Infirm'ness, *s.* weakness, feebleness  
 Infi'x, *v. a.* to drive in; to fasten  
 Infla'me, *v. a.* to set on fire; to irritate  
 Inflam'mable, *a.* easy to be set on fire  
 Inflamma'tion, *s.* the state of being in  
     flame; an unnatural heat of the blood  
 Inflam'matory, *a.* having power to inflame  
 Infla'te, *v. a.* to swell or puff up with wind  
 Infla'tion, *s.* act of being swelled; flatulence  
 Infe'ct, *v. a.* to bend, bow, change, vary  
 Inflection, *s.* the act of bending; modulation  
     of the voice; variation of nouns or verbs  
 Inflexibil'ity, *s.* stiffness, obstinacy  
 Inflex'ible, *a.* not to be bent, immovable

inexorably, *ad.* inexorably, invariably  
inflict, *v. a.* to lay a punishment upon  
infliction, *s.* the act of using punishments  
infusive, *a.* that which imposes punishment  
influence, *v. a.* an ascendant power  
influence, *v. a.* to have power over, to bias  
influent, *a.* flowing or running into  
influent, *a.* exerting influence or power  
infection, *s.* an epidemic disease  
infusion, *s.* act of flowing into; infusion; power  
infold, *v. a.* to wrap up, to enclose  
infoliate, *v. a.* to cover with leaves  
inform, *v. a.* to tell, to instruct, to animate  
informal, *a.* irregular, disorderly  
informant, *s.* one who prefers an accusation  
information, *s.* intelligence given; charge of  
accusation preferred; instruction  
inform'er, *s.* one who gives intelligence  
formidable, *a.* not to be feared  
formity, *s.* shapelessness, irregularity  
fortunate, *a.* unhappy, unlucky  
fract', *v. a.* to break in pieces  
fraction, *s.* the act of breaking; violation  
frat'man, *a.* below the world  
frangible, *a.* not to be broken, strong  
frequency, *s.* rarity, uncommonness  
frequent, *a.* rare, uncommon, unusual  
frigidate, *v. a.* to chill, to make cold  
fringe, *v. a.* to violate, to break a contract  
fringement, *s.* a violation, a breach  
fumigate, *v. a.* to dry with smoke  
fusigate, *a.* enraged, raging  
fuscation, *s.* the act of making dark  
fusc'e, *v. a.* to pour in, to instil, to inspire  
fusible, *a.* possible to be infused  
fusion, the act of pouring in or steeping  
fusive, *a.* having the power of infusion  
gannation, *s.* a cheat, a fraud, a juggle  
gathering, *s.* the getting in the harvest  
geminate, *v. a.* to double; to repeat often  
gen'erate, Ingen'reated, *a.* unbegotten  
gen'ious, *a.* witty, inventive  
gen'iously, *ad.* in an ingenious manner  
gen'ite, *a.* inborn, innate, native  
gen'uity, *s.* openness, candour; genius  
gen'uous, *a.* fair, open, generous, noble  
gen'uously, *ad.* openly, fairly, candidly  
gest', *v. a.* to throw into the stomach  
glorious, *a.* dishonourable, mean  
gloriously, *ad.* with ignominy  
g'ot, *s.* a wedge of gold or silver, &c.  
graft, Ingraft, *v. a.* to plant the sprig of  
one tree in the stock of another; to fix deep  
grate, *s.* an ungrateful person  
gratiate, *v. a.* to get into favour, &c.  
gratitating, *s.* the act of getting favour  
gratitude, *s.* unthankfulness  
gradient, *s.* a part of any compound  
gress, *s.* entrance, power of entrance  
g'resion, *s.* the act of entering

In'guinal, *a.* belonging to the groin  
Ingu'lf, *v. a.* to swallow down as a gulf  
Injur'gitate, *v. a.* to swallow greedily  
Ingust'able, *a.* not to be tasted, insipid  
Inhab'it, *v.* to dwell, to occupy  
Inhab'itable, *a.* that may be inhabited  
Inhab'itant, *s.* one who dwells in a place  
Inha'le, *v. a.* to draw in with the air  
Inharmon'ious, *a.* unmusical, not sweet  
Inhe'rence, *s.* quality of that which adheres  
Inhe'rent, *a.* existing in something else; in-  
nate, inborn; cleaving to  
Inher'it, *v. a.* to possess by inheritance  
Inher'itable, *a.* obtainable by succession  
Inher'itance, *s.* an hereditary possession  
Inher'itor, *s.* an heir, one who inherits  
Inher'itress, Inher'itrix, *s.* an heiress  
Inhe'rs'e, *v. a.* to inclose in a monument  
Inhib'it, *v. a.* to prohibit, hinder, repress  
Inhib'ition, *s.* a prohibition, an embargo  
Inhold, *v. a.* to contain in itself  
Inhos'itable, *a.* unkind to strangers  
Inhos'itality, *s.* a want of hospitality  
Inhu'man, *a.* barbarous, savage, cruel  
Inhu'manity, *s.* cruelty, savageness  
Inhu'manly, *ad.* cruelly, barbarously  
Inhu'mate, Inhu'me, *v. a.* to bury, to inter  
Inje'ct, *v. a.* to throw in or up; to dart in  
Injec'tion, *s.* the act of injecting  
Inim'ical, *a.* hostile, adverse, unkind  
Inim'itable, *a.* above imitation  
Inim'itably, *ad.* very excellently  
Ini'quitous, *a.* unjust, wicked, sinful  
Ini'quity, *s.* injustice, wickedness, sin  
Ini'tial, *a.* placed at the beginning  
Ini'tiate, *v. a.* to admit, to instruct  
Initiation, *s.* the act of admitting a person  
into any order or faculty  
Injudi'cial, *a.* not according to law  
Injudi'cious, *a.* void of judgment  
Injuri'ction, *s.* a command, a precept  
Injur', *v. a.* to wrong, to hurt unjustly  
Injurious, *a.* unjust, hurtful, destructive  
In'jury, *s.* mischief, outrage, annoyance  
Injust'ice, *s.* unfair dealing, iniquity  
Ink, *s.* a black liquid for writing, &c.  
Ink'le, *s.* a kind of narrow fillet, a tape  
Ink'ling, *s.* a hint, a whisper, an intimation  
Ink'y, *a.* black as ink, resembling ink  
In'l'and, *a.* remote from the sea, interior  
Inlap'ideate, *v. a.* to turn to stone  
Inla'y, *v. a.* to variegate wood, &c.  
Inla'w, *v. a.* to clear of outlawry  
In'let, *s.* an entrance, a passage into  
In'ly, *ad.* internally, secretly, in the heart  
In'mate, *s.* a lodger, an in-dweller  
In'most, In'nermost, *a.* deepest within  
Inn, *s.* a house of entertainment for travel-  
lers; a college for students, &c.  
Inna'te, *a.* inborn, ingenerate, natural

Innav'igable, *a.* not to be passed by sailing  
 In'ner, *a.* interior, more inward  
 Inn'holder, Inn'keeper, *s.* one who keeps a house of entertainment for travellers  
 In'nocence, *s.* purity, harmlessness, simplicity  
 In'nocent, *a.* pure, harmless, innoxious  
 In'nocently, *ad.* without guilt, harmlessly  
 Innoc'u'ous, *a.* harmless in effects  
 In'novate, *v. a.* to introduce novelties  
 Innova'tion, *s.* the introduction of novelty  
 Innov'a'tor, *s.* one who introduces novelties  
 Innox'i'ous, *a.* not hurtful, harmless  
 Innu'en'do, *s.* an oblique hint  
 Innu'merable, *a.* not to be numbered  
 Inobser'vable, *a.* unworthy of observation  
 Inoc'ulate, *v. a.* to propagate by insertion  
 Inocula'tion, *s.* a grafting in the bud; a method of giving the small-pox, by infusing matter from ripened pustules into the veins of the uninfected  
 Inod'orous, *a.* without the quality of scent  
 Inoffen'sive, *a.* harmless, innocent, hurtless  
 Inoffen'sively, *ad.* innocently, harmlessly  
 Inop'inate, *a.* not expected, sudden  
 Inopportu'ne, *a.* unseasonable, inconvenient  
 Inor'dinate, *a.* irregular, disorderly  
 Inorgan'ical, *a.* without proper organs  
 Inos'culate, *v. n.* to unite by contact  
 Inoscula'tion, *s.* an union; a kiss  
 In'quest, *s.* a judicial inquiry or examination  
 Impromp'tu, *ad.* without study, readily  
 Inqui'etude, *s.* uneasiness, disquiet  
 In'quinate, *v. a.* to pollute, to corrupt, defile  
 Inqua'tion, *s.* a pollution, a corruption  
 Inqui're, *v. a.* to ask about, to seek out  
 Inqui'ry, *s.* an examination, a search  
 Inquisi'tion, *s.* a judicial inquiry; a court in Spain, &c. for the detection of heresy  
 Inquis'i'tive, *a.* prying, curious, &c.  
 Inquis'i'tor, *s.* a judge of the inquisition  
 In'road, *s.* an incursion, a sudden invasion  
 Insalubrious, *a.* unhealthy, bad  
 Insa'nable, *a.* incurable, irremediable  
 Insa'ne, *a.* mad, making mad  
 Insa'nceness, Insan'ity, *s.* madness  
 Insa'tiable, Insa'tiate, *a.* not to be satisfied  
 Insatisfa'ction, *s.* an unsatisfied state  
 Insat'urable, *a.* that cannot be glutted  
 Inscri'be, *v. a.* to write upon; to dedicate  
 Inscripti'on, *s.* a title, name, or character, written or engraved upon any thing  
 Inscrut'a'ble, *a.* unsearchable, hidden  
 Inscu'l'p, *v. a.* to engrave, to cut on  
 Insculp'ture, *s.* any thing engraved  
 Insc'am, *v. a.* to mark by a seam or scar  
 In'sect, *s.* a small creeping or flying animal  
 Insec'tion, *s.* the act of cutting into  
 Insecu're, *a.* not secure, not safe  
 Insecu'rit'y, *s.* unsafety, hazard, danger  
 Insen'sate, *a.* stupid, wanting thought  
 Insensibl'ity, *s.* stupidity, torpor  
 Insen'sible, *a.* void of sense, imperceptible  
 Insep'arable, *a.* not to be disjointed  
 Insep'arably, *ad.* with indissoluble union  
 Inser't, *v. a.* to place among other things  
 Inser'tion, *s.* the act of inserting  
 Inser'vent, *a.* conducive to some end  
 Inshi'p, *v. a.* to shut or stow in a ship  
 Inshri'ne, *v. a.* to inclose in a shrine  
 Insicca'tion, *s.* the act of drying in  
 In'side, *s.* the inward or internal part  
 Insid'i'ous, *a.* treacherous, sly, deceitful  
 Insid'i'ously, *ad.* treacherously, slyly  
 Insid'i'ousness, *s.* craftiness, deceit  
 In'sight, *s.* an inspection; a deep view  
 Insignifi'cance, *s.* a want of meaning  
 Insignifi'cant, *a.* unimportant, trifling  
 Insin'e're, *a.* not hearty, unfaithful  
 Insincer'i'ty, *s.* dissimulation, want of truth  
 Insin'ew, *v. a.* to strengthen, to confirm  
 Insin'u'ant, *a.* able to gain favour  
 Insin'u'ate, *v.* to hint artfully, to wheedle  
 Insinu'a'tion, *s.* the act of insinuating  
 Insi'pid, *a.* without taste; flat, dull  
 Insi'pidi'ty, *s.* want of taste or spirit  
 Insi'pience, *s.* silliness, foolishness  
 Insi'st, *v. n.* to persist in, to urge  
 Insist'ent, *a.* standing or resting upon  
 Insi'tency, *s.* an exemption from thirst  
 Insi'tion, *s.* the act of grafting, a graft  
 In'sitive, *a.* grafted, not natural  
 Insa'ne, *v. a.* to entrap, to inveigle  
 Inso'bri'ety, *s.* drunkenness, intemperance  
 Inso'ciable, *a.* averse from conversation  
 Insola'tion, *s.* exposition to the sun  
 In'solence, *s.* haughtiness, pride  
 In'solent, *a.* haughty, overbearing, proud  
 In'solently, *ad.* haughtily, rudely  
 Insolv'a'ble, *a.* not to be solved or paid  
 Insol'uble, *a.* not to be dissolved or cleared  
 Insolv'ency, *s.* an inability to pay debts  
 Insolv'ent, *a.* not able to pay debts  
 Insom'ni'ous, *a.* troubled with dreams  
 Insom'u'ch, *ad.* so that, to such a degree  
 Inspec't, *v. a.* to look narrowly into, &c.  
 Inspec'tion, *s.* a close examination  
 Inspec'tor, *s.* a superintendent  
 Inspec'sion, *s.* a sprinkling upon  
 Insphe're, *v. a.* to place in an orb  
 Inspira'tion, *s.* a drawing in of the breath; infusing of supernatural ideas  
 Inspi're, *v.* to breathe, or infuse into  
 Inspir'i't, *v. a.* to animate, to encourage  
 Inspis'sate, *v. a.* to thicken, to make thick  
 Inspissa'tion, *s.* the act of thickening liquid  
 Instabil'i'ty, *s.* fickleness, mutability  
 Insta'ble, *a.* inconstant, changing  
 Insta'll, *v. a.* to put into possession, invest  
 Installa'tion, *s.* a putting into possession  
 Instal'ment, *s.* the act of installing

stance, *s.* importunity, earnestness; motive; process of a suit; example instant, *s.* the present moment or month instant, *a.* urgent, immediate, quick instantaneous, *a.* done in an instant instantly, *ad.* immediately, momentarily instate, *v. a.* to place in a certain rank restoration, *s.* a restoration, a renewal instead, *ad.* in place of, equal to step, *s.* the upper part of the foot instigate, *v. a.* to tempt or urge to illigation, *s.* an incitement to a crime instigator, *s.* an inciter to ill will, *v. a.* to infuse by drops; to insinuate instillation, *s.* the act of pouring in by drops; the act of infusing into the mind stimulation, *s.* an urging forward instinct, *a.* moved, animated instinct, *s.* a natural desire or aversion instinctive, *a.* acting without the direction of choice or reason instinctively, *ad.* by the call of nature institute, *v. a.* to fix, to establish, to appoint institute, *s.* an established law, a precept institution, *s.* an establishment, a law institutor, *s.* an establisher; an instructor instruct, *v. a.* to teach, to direct, to train up instructer, *s.* a teacher, an institutor instruction, *s.* the act of teaching; information; mandate, precept instructive, *a.* conveying knowledge instrument, *s.* a tool; a deed or contract instrumental, *a.* conducive to some end insufferable, *a.* insupportable, intolerable sufficiency, *s.* inadequateness, inability sufficient, *a.* inadequate to any purpose sufficiently, *ad.* without skill, unfitly sufflation, *s.* the act of breathing upon insular, *a.* belonging to an island insolated, *a.* not contiguous on any side insult, *s.* act of insolence or contempt insult, *v. a.* to treat with insolence insuperability, *s.* quality of being invincible insuperable, *a.* insurmountable, invincible supportable, *a.* not to be endured supportably, *ad.* beyond endurance surmountable, *a.* unconquerable insurrection, *s.* a rebellion, a sedition insatiable, *a.* not perceptible to the touch intaglio, *s.* what has figures engraved on it insatiable, *a.* not to be tasted, insipid integer, *s.* the whole of any thing integral, *a.* whole, not fractional, complete integrity, *s.* honesty, purity of mind integument, *s.* a covering intelleced, *s.* perception, understanding intellective, *a.* able to understand intellectual, *a.* belonging to the mind intelligence, *s.* notice; spirit; skill

intelligent, *a.* knowing, instructed, skillful intelligible, *a.* easily understood intelligibly, *ad.* clearly, plainly, distinctly intemperance, *s.* excess, irregularity intemperate, *a.* immoderate, ungovernable intemperature, *s.* a disorder in the air, or of the body; excess of some quality intend, *v. a.* to mean, to design, to regard intendant, *s.* an officer who superintends intent, *v. a.* to make tender, to soften intentible, *a.* that which cannot be held intense, *a.* vehement, ardent, attentive intensely, *ad.* to a great or extreme degree intense, *s.* eagerness, closeness intensive, *a.* intent, full of care intent, *a.* anxiously and unceasingly diligent intent, *s.* a design, purpose, drift, view intention, *s.* a design, a purpose intentional, *a.* designed, done by design intensive, *a.* diligently applied, attentive intensively, *ad.* closely inter, *v. a.* to bury, to put under ground intercalary, *a.* inserted out of the common order to preserve the equation of time, as the 29th of February in a leap-year is an intercalary day intercalation, *s.* insertion of a day intercede, *v. n.* to mediate, to pass between intercedent, *a.* mediating, going between interce<sup>pt</sup>, *v. a.* to stop, to seize, to obstruct intercession, *s.* mediation, interposition intercessor, *s.* a mediator, an agent intercha<sup>in</sup>, *v. a.* to chain, to link together interchange, *v. a.* to exchange, &c. interchange, *s.* an exchange, a bargain interchangeable, *a.* given and taken mutually intercept, *a.* that which intercepts interclude, *v. n.* to shut out, to intercept intercolumniation, *s.* the space or distance between the pillars intercostal, *a.* placed between the ribs intercourse, *s.* communication, exchange intercourse, *s.* a passage between intercurrent, *a.* running between interdict, *v. a.* to prohibit, to forbid interdiction, *s.* a prohibition, a curse interdictory, *a.* belonging to an interdiction interest, *v. to concern, affect, influence interest, *s.* a concern, influence; usury interfere, *v. n.* to interpose, to intermeddle interfluent, *a.* flowing between interflgent, *a.* shining between interfused, *a.* poured forth, in, or among interjection, *s.* an intervening, lying between interjection, *s.* a sudden exclamation interterm, *s.* mean time or while interjoin, *v. a.* to join mutually, intermarry interior, *a.* internal, not outward interknowledge, *s.* a mutual knowledge interlace, *v. a.* to intermix, to put together*

**Interla'pse**, *s.* the time between two events  
**Interla'rd**, *v. a.* to insert between; to diversify by mixture; to mix meat with bacon, &c.  
**Interle'ave**, *v. a.* to insert blank leaves  
**Interli'ne**, *v. a.* to write between lines  
**Interlinea'tion**, *s.* a correction made by writing between the lines  
**Interli'nk**, *v. a.* to join chains together  
**Interlocu'tion**, *s.* interchange of speech  
**Interloc'u'tor**, *s.* one that talks with another  
**Interloc'u'tory**, *a.* consisting of a dialogue  
**Interlo'pe**, *v. n.* to intrude in or between  
**Interlo'per**, *s.* one who engages in a trade to which he has no right; an intruder  
**Interlu'cent**, *a.* shining between  
**Interlude**, *s.* a short prelude or farce  
**Interlu'nar**, *a.* between old moon and new  
**Intermar'riage**, *s.* a marriage i. two families, where each takes one, and g. es another  
**Intermed'dle**, *v. n.* to interpose officiously  
**Interme'diacy**, *s.* interposition, intervention  
**Interme'dial**, *Interme'diate*, *a.* intervening, lying between, interventional  
**Interme'dium**, *s.* a distance between  
**Inter'ment**, *s.* sepulture, burial  
**Intermigra'tion**, *s.* an exchange of place  
**Intermin'able**, *Intermin'ate*, *a.* unbounded  
**Intermin'gle**, *v. a.* to mingle, to mix together  
**Intermis'sion**, *s.* a cessation for a time  
**Intermis'sive**, *Intermit'tent*, *a.* not continual; leaving off for a while  
**Intermi't**, *v.* to grow mild between fits  
**Intermi'x**, *v.* to mingle, to join together  
**Intermix'ture**, *s.* a mixture of ingredients  
**Intermun'dane**, *a.* subsisting between worlds, or between orb and orb  
**Intermu'ral**, *a.* lying between walls  
**Intermu'tual**, *a.* mutual, interchanged  
**Intern'al**, *a.* inward, not external, intrinsic  
**Intern'ally**, *ad.* inwardly, mentally  
**Internec'ion**, *s.* massacre, slaughter  
**Internun'cio**, *s.* a messenger passing and re-passing between two parties  
**Interpell'a'tion**, *s.* a summons, a call  
**Inter'polate**, *v. a.* to insert words improperly  
**Interpola'tion**, *s.* something foisted in, or added to the original matter  
**Inter'polator**, *s.* one who falsifies a copy by foisting in counterfeit passages  
**Interpo'sal**, *Interposi'tion*, *s.* intervention, agency between parties, mediation  
**Interpo'se**, *v.* to mediate, to intervene  
**Inter'pret**, *v. a.* to explain, to translate  
**Interpreta'tion**, *s.* an explanation  
**Inter'preter**, *s.* an expositor, a translator  
**Interreg'num**, *Interre'ign*, *s.* the time in which a throne is vacant between the death of one prince and the accession of another  
**Interroga'tion**, *s.* a question, an inquiry; a point marked thus [?] denoting a question

**Inter'rogate**, *v.* to examine by questions  
**Interrog'a'tive**, *s.* a pronoun used in questions, as who? what? which?  
**Interrog'a'tory**, *s.* a question, an inquiry  
**Interru'pt**, *v. a.* to hinder; divide, separate  
**Interrup'tion**, *s.* hinderance, intervention  
**Interse'cant**, *a.* dividing into parts  
**Interse'ct**, *v.* to cut, to cross each other  
**Intersec'tion**, *s.* a point where lines cross  
**Intersem'inate**, *v. a.* to sow between  
**Interse'rt**, *v. a.* to put in between  
**Interser'tion**, *s.* an insertion, a thing interposed  
**Interspe'rse**, *v. a.* to scatter here and there  
**Interstel'lar**, *a.* placed between the stars  
**Interstic'e**, *s.* a space between things  
**Intertex'ture**, *s.* a weaving between  
**Intertw'ne**, *v. a.* to unite by twisting  
**Interv'al**, *s.* interstice, vacuity; time elapsing between two assignable points; remainder of a distemper, or delirium  
**Interve'ne**, *v. n.* to come between persons  
**Interve'nient**, *a.* passing between, intervening  
**Interven'tion**, *s.* interposition, agency  
**Interve'rt**, *v. a.* to turn another way  
**Inter'vew**, *s.* a sight of one another  
**Intervol've**, *v. a.* to involve one in another  
**Interwe'ave**, *v. a.* to mix one with another  
**Intes'table**, *a.* disqualified to make a will  
**Intes'tate**, *a.* dying without a will  
**Intes'tinal**, *a.* belonging to the bowels  
**Intes'tine**, *a.* internal, inward; domestic  
**Intes'tines**, *s.* the bowels, the entrails  
**Inthra'l**, *v. a.* to enslave, to shackle  
**Inthral'ment**, *s.* servitude, slavery, dominion  
**In'timacy**, *s.* close familiarity  
**In'timate**, *v. a.* to hint, to suggest  
**In'timate**, *a.* inmost, inward, familiar  
**In'timate**, *s.* a familiar friend, a confidant  
**In'timately**, *ad.* closely, familiarly, nearly  
**Intima'tion**, *s.* a hint; an obscure or indirect declaration or direction  
**Intim'i'date**, *v. a.* to frighten, to daunt  
**In'to**, *prep.* noting entrance  
**Intol'erable**, *a.* unsufferable, very bad  
**Intol'erable**, *ad.* to a degree beyond sufferance  
**Intol'erable**, *a.* not able to endure  
**Intona'tion**, *s.* the act of thundering  
**Into'rt**, *v. a.* to twist, wreath, wring  
**Intox'icate**, *v. a.* to make drunk, to inebriate  
**Intoxic'a'tion**, *s.* inebriation, ebriety  
**Intract'a'ble**, *a.* unmanageable, unruly  
**Intract'a'bly**, *ad.* ungovernably, stubbornly  
**Intran'sitive**, *a.* not passing into another  
**Intransmu'table**, *a.* unchangeable in substance  
**Intreas'ure**, *v. a.* to lay up as in a treasury  
**Intre'ch**, *v. n.* to fortify with a rampart, to encroach, to break with hollows  
**Intrench'a'tor**, *a.* not to be divided, indivisible  
**Intrench'ment**, *s.* a fortification, with trench, to defend against an attack

repid, *a.* fearless, resolute, brave  
repid'ity, *s.* fearlessness, courage, boldness  
repid'ly, *ad.* boldly, daringly, fearlessly  
rep'licy, *s.* perplexity, difficulty  
rep'licate, *a.* perplexed, involved, obscure  
rep'lique, *s.* a plot, cabal; an amour  
rep'lique, *v. n.* to carry on private designs  
rep'liquely, *ad.* with secret plotting  
rep'lic'sic, Intrin'sical, *a.* inward, true, real,  
natural, not accidental; closely familiar  
rep'ou'ree, *v. a.* to bring or usher in  
rep'ou'retion, *s.* a bringing in; a preface  
rep'ou'retive, Introduct'ory, *a.* previous,  
serving as preparatory to something else  
rep'ou'retion, *s.* the act of entering  
rep'ou'ret, *s.* the beginning of mass, the be-  
ginning of public devotions  
rep'ou'resion, *s.* act of sending in, &c.  
rep'ou'ret, *v. a.* to send or let in, to admit  
rep'ou'resion, *s.* a view of the inside  
rep'ou'rent, *a.* entering, coming in  
rep'ou're, *v. n.* to intermeddle, to thrust one's  
self rudely into company, to encroach  
rep'ou're, *s.* an encroacher, an interloper  
rep'ou're, *s.* the act of intruding  
rep'ou'ret, *v. a.* to put in trust with, &c.  
rep'ou'retion, *s.* immediate knowledge  
rep'ou'retive, *a.* steady; the mind immediately  
without the intervention of reason  
rep'ou'retively, *ad.* without deduction of reason,  
by immediate perception  
rep'ou'rence, *s.* a swelling, a tumour  
rep'ou'rence, *s.* the act or state of swelling  
rep'ou're, *v. a.* to twist or wreath together  
rep'ou're, *v. a.* to enter in a hostile manner  
rep'ou're, *s.* an assailant, intruder, encroacher  
rep'ou'rence, *s.* health; strength  
rep'ou're, *a.* weak, of no force or weight  
rep'ou're, *s.* a soldier or other person disabled  
by sickness or wounds  
rep'ou'ret, *v. a.* to weaken; to make void;  
to deprive of force or efficacy  
rep'ou'ret, *s.* weakness, want of strength  
rep'ou'ret, *a.* precious above estimation  
rep'ou'ret, *a.* unchangeable, constant  
rep'ou'ret, *ad.* constantly, steadfastly  
rep'ou're, *s.* a hostile entrance, an attack  
rep'ou're, *a.* entering in a hostile manner  
rep'ou're, *s.* railing, sharp expressions  
rep'ou'retively, *ad.* satirically, abusively  
rep'ou're, *v. a.* to rail at, declaim against  
rep'ou're, *v. a.* to allure, to entice  
rep'ou're, *s.* a deceiver, an allurer  
rep'ou'ret, *v. a.* to discover, to forge, to feign  
rep'ou'ret, *s.* a fiction, discovery, forgery  
rep'ou'ret, *a.* apt to invent, ingenious  
rep'ou'ret, *s.* a contriver, a finder out  
rep'ou'ret, *s.* a catalogue of goods, &c.  
rep'ou'ret, *a.* inverted, opposed to direct  
rep'ou'ret, *ad.* in an inverted order

Inver'sion, *s.* change of order, time, place, &c.  
Inve'rt, *v. a.* to turn upside down; place the  
last first; turn into another channel  
Inver'tedly, *ad.* in contrary or reversed order  
Inve'st, *v. a.* to confer; to array; to inclose  
Inves'tigable, *a.* that may be searched out  
Invest'igate, *v. a.* to trace or search out  
Investiga'tion, *s.* an examination  
Investiture, *s.* the act of giving possession  
Invest'ment, *s.* clothes, dress, habit  
Invet'eracy, *s.* long continuance of any thing  
bad, as disease, &c.; obstinacy of mind  
Invet'erate, *a.* long established, obstinate  
Invet'erateness, *s.* continuance, obstinacy  
Invetera'tion, *s.* the act of hardening or con-  
firming by long experience  
Invid'ious, *a.* envious, malignant  
Invid'iousness, *s.* quality of provoking envy  
Invid'iously, *ad.* enviously, malignantly  
Invig'orate, *v. a.* to strengthen, to animate  
Invigora'tion, *s.* the act of invigorating  
Invin'cible, *a.* unconquerable  
Invin'cibly, *ad.* insuperably, unconquerably  
Invi'olable, *a.* not to be profaned or broken  
Invi'olate, *a.* uninjured, unbroken  
Invis'cate, *v. a.* to slime, to entangle with  
glutinous matter  
Invisibil'ity, *s.* the state of being invisible  
Invisi'ble, *a.* not to be seen, imperceptible  
Invisib'ly, *ad.* imperceptibly to the sight  
Invita'tion, *s.* an inviting, a bidding  
Invi'te, *v. to bid, call, persuade, entice*  
Invi'ter, *s.* one who invites, or allures others  
Invi'tingly, *ad.* in an enticing manner  
Inum'brate, *v. a.* to cover with shades  
Inunc'tion, *s.* the act of anointing  
Inunda'tion, *s.* an overflow of water, deluge  
In'vocate, *v. a.* to implore, to call upon  
Invoca'tion, *s.* a calling upon in prayer  
In've'oice, *s.* a catalogue of a ship's freight  
Invo'ke, *v. a.* to call upon, to pray to  
Invo'ke, *v. a.* to inwrap; comprise; entangle  
Invol'untarily, *ad.* not by choice  
Invol'untary, *a.* not done willingly  
Involu'tion, *s.* a complication, rolling up  
Inu're, *v. a.* to habituate, to accustom  
Inu'rement, *s.* custom, use, frequency  
Inu'rn, *v. a.* to intomb, to bury  
Inu'stion, *s.* the act of marking by fire  
Inu'tile, *a.* useless, unprofitable  
Inutil'ity, *s.* unprofitableness, uselessness  
Inu'l'nable, *a.* that cannot be wounded  
In'ward, In'wardly, *ad.* within; privately  
In'ward, *a.* placed within; reflecting  
In'wardness, *s.* int'macy, familiarity  
Inwe'ave, *v. a.* to mix in weaving, to entwine  
Inwra'p, *v. a.* to involve, perplex, puzzle  
Inwre'athe, *v. a.* to surround with a wreath  
Inwro'ught, *a.* adorned with work  
Job, *s.* a piece of chance work, &c.

Job, *v.* to buy and sell as a broker; to strike suddenly with a sharp instrument  
 Jobber, *s.* one who does chance work  
 Jobbernowl, *s.* a loggerhead, a dunce  
 Jobe, *v. a.* to rebuke, to reprimand  
 Jock'ey, *s.* one who rides or deals in horses  
 Jock'ey, *v. a.* to jostle, to cheat, to trick  
 Joco'se, Joc'ular, *a.* merry, waggish  
 Joco'seness, Jocos'ity, Jocular'ity, *s.* merriment; disposition to jest  
 Joco'sely, *ad.* waggishly, in jest, in game  
 Joc'und, *a.* merry, blithe, lively, airy  
 Joc'undly, *ad.* merrily, sportfully, gaily  
 Jog, Jog'gle, *v.* to shake, to push  
 Jog'ger, *s.* one who moves heavily and dully  
 Join, *v.* to unite together, combine, close  
 Join'der, *s.* a conjunction, a joining  
 Join'er, *s.* one who makes wooden utensils  
 Joint, *s.* the articulation where bones meet  
 Joint, *v. a.* to divide a joint; to join  
 Joint, *a.* shared among many, combined  
 Joint'ed, *a.* full of joints, knots, &c.  
 Joint'er, *s.* a kind of long plane  
 Joint'ly, *ad.* together, not separately  
 Joint'ress, *s.* she who has a jointure  
 Joint'ure, *s.* an income settled on a wife, to be enjoyed after her husband's decease, in consideration of her dowry  
 Joist, *s.* the secondary beam of a floor  
 Joke, *v. n.* to jest, to be merry—*s.* a jest  
 Jo'ker, *s.* a jester, a merry fellow  
 Joe, *s.* the face or cheek; the head of a fish  
 Jol'lily, *ad.* in a very merry manner  
 Jol'lity, *s.* merriment, festivity, gaiety  
 Jol'ly, *a.* brisk, merry, cheerful, plump, like one in good health  
 Jolt, *v.* to shake or jostle to and fro  
 Jolt'head, *s.* a great head, a blockhead, a dolt  
 Ion'ic, *a.* in architecture, an order so called from *Ionia*, a city of Lesser Asia  
 Jonqui'le, *s.* a species of daffodil  
 Jord'en, *s.* a pot, a chamber pot  
 Jostle, *v. a.* to push with the elbows, &c.  
 Jot, Jo'ta, *s.* a point, a tittle  
 Jo'vial, *a.* jolly, merry, airy, gay  
 Jo'vially, *ad.* merrily, gaily  
 Jo'vialness, *s.* gaiety, merriment, jollity  
 Jour'nal, *s.* a diary, a paper published daily  
 Journ'alist, *s.* a writer of journals  
 Jour'ney, *s.* travel by land or by sea  
 Jour'neyman, *s.* a hired workman  
 Joust, *s.* a tilt, a tournament; mock fight  
 Joy, *s.* gladness, mirth, happiness, festivity  
 Joy, *v.* to rejoice, gladden, exhilarate  
 Joy'ful, *a.* full of joy, merry, exulting  
 Joy'fully, *ad.* merrily, gladly, with joy  
 Joy'fulness, *s.* joy, gladness, exultation  
 Joy'less, *a.* destitute of joy or pleasure  
 Joy'ous, *a.* glad, merry, giving joy  
 Ipecacuan'ha, *s.* an emetic Indian plant

Iras'cible, *a.* apt to be easily provoked  
 Iris'cibleness, *s.* aptness to be angry  
 Ire, *s.* anger, rage, passionate hatred  
 Ir'refut, *a.* very angry, raging, furious  
 Iris, *s.* the rainbow; the circle round the pupil of the eye; the fleur-de-lys  
 Irk'some, *a.* tedious, wearisome  
 I'ron, *s.* a common useful metal—*a.* harsh  
 I'ron, *v. a.* to smooth with a hot iron  
 Iron'ical, *a.* expressing one thing and meaning another; pertaining to irony  
 Iron'ically, *ad.* in an ironical manner  
 I'ronmonger, *s.* a dealer in iron  
 I'ronmould, *s.* a yellow stain in linen  
 I'rony, *s.* a manner of speaking quite contrary to what we mean  
 Irra'diance, Irra'diency, *s.* emission of rays or beams of light upon any object  
 Irra'diate, *v. a.* to brighten, to illuminate  
 Irradia'tion, *s.* an enlightening, &c.  
 Irra'tional, *a.* contrary to reason, absurd  
 Irrational'ity, *s.* want of reason  
 Irra'tionally, *ad.* unreasonably, absurdly  
 Irreclaim'able, *a.* not to be reclaimed  
 Irreconcil'able, *a.* not to be reconciled  
 Irrecov'erable, *a.* not to be regained  
 Irrecov'erably, *ad.* beyond recovery  
 Irredu'cible, *a.* that which cannot be reduced  
 Irrefragabil'ity, *s.* strength of argument not to be refuted; undeniableness  
 Irrefrag'able, *a.* not to be confuted  
 Irrefragably, *ad.* above confutation  
 Irrefu'table, *a.* that which cannot be refuted  
 Irreg'ular, *a.* immethodical, disorderly  
 Irregular'ity, *s.* neglect of method and order  
 Irreg'ularly, *ad.* in an irregular manner  
 Irreg'ulate, *v. a.* to make irregular  
 Irrel'ative, *a.* single, unconnected  
 Irreligion, *s.* contempt of religion, impiety  
 Irrelig'ious, *a.* ungodly, impious  
 Irrelig'iously, *ad.* impiously, with impiety  
 Irre'meable, *a.* admitting no return  
 Irreme'diable, *a.* admitting no cure, incurable  
 Irremis'sible, *a.* not to be pardoned  
 Irremo'veable, *a.* not to be moved  
 Irrep'arable, *a.* not to be repaired or recovered  
 Irrep'arably, *ad.* without recovery or amendment  
 Irreplev'able, *a.* not to be redeemed  
 Irreprehen'sible, *a.* exempt from blame  
 Irrepresent'able, *a.* not to be represented  
 Irreproach'able, *a.* free from reproach  
 Irrepro'veable, *a.* not to be blamed  
 Irresist'ible, *a.* that which cannot be resisted  
 Irresistibil'ity, *s.* force above opposition  
 Irresistib'ly, *ad.* in an irresistible manner  
 Irresoluble, *a.* not to be broken, or dissolved  
 Irre'solute, *a.* not determined, not steady  
 Irre'solutely, *ad.* without firmness of mind  
 Irresolu'tion, *s.* want of firmness of mind  
 Irretriev'able, *a.* irrecoverable, irreparable

reverence, *s.* a want of veneration  
reverent, *a.* not paying due respect  
reverently, *ad.* without due veneration  
rever'sible, *a.* not to be changed or recalled  
revocable, *a.* not to be recalled, &c.  
revocably, *ad.* without recall  
rigate, *v. a.* to moisten, to water, to wet  
riguous, *a.* watery, dewy, moist, wet  
ris'ion, *s.* the act of laughing at another  
ritate, *v. a.* to provoke, fret, agitate  
ritation, *s.* provocation, stimulation  
ruption, *s.* an inroad, entrance by force  
rur'ury, *s.* a stoppage of urine  
ringlass, *s.* a lightish, firm glue, prepared  
from the intestines of certain fish  
Isle, *s.* land surrounded by water  
lander, *s.* an inhabitant of an island  
ochro'nal, *a.* being of equal duration  
osceles, *s.* a triangle with two equal sides  
os'e, *s.* an event; termination; offspring;  
a fontanel; a vent made in a muscle for  
the discharge of some humours  
os'e, *v.* to send out, come out, arise  
os'eless, *a.* without any descendants  
os'mus, *s.* a neck, or jut of land  
os'th, *s.* a disease; a teasing desire  
os'en, *s.* a hint, innuendo, new article  
os'erant, *a.* repeating  
os'erate, *v. a.* to repeat, to do over again  
os'eration, *s.* a recital over again, repetition  
os'erant, *a.* wandering, unsettled  
os'erary, *s.* a diary, or book of travels  
os'elf, pronoun, *it and self*  
os'fiant, *a.* uttering songs of triumph  
os'fitation, *s.* the act of declaring triumph  
os'filee, *s.* a public festivity  
os'finity, *s.* pleasantness, agreeableness  
os'diasm, *s.* the religion of the Jews  
os'daize, *v. n.* to conform to Judaism  
os'dge, *s.* an officer who presides in a court  
of judicature; one who has authority to  
decide upon the merit of any thing  
os'dge, *v. a.* to pass sentence, decide, discern  
os'dgment, *s.* an opinion, sentence, &c.  
os'dicatory, *s.* a court of justice, &c.  
os'dicature, *s.* a power to distribute justice  
os'dicial, os'diciary, *a.* done in due form of  
justice, &c.; passing judgment  
os'dicially, *ad.* in the forms of legal justice;  
in a judiciary manner  
os'dicious, *a.* prudent, wise, skilful  
os'diciously, *ad.* skilfully, wisely  
os'gle, *s.* a large drinking vessel  
os'gated, *a.* yoked or coupled together  
os'gle, *v. n.* to play tricks by slight of hand  
os'gle, *s.* a trick, imposture, deception  
os'glier, *s.* a cheat, one who juggles  
os'gling, *part.* playing tricks, deceiving  
os'gular, *a.* belonging to the throat  
os'gulate, *v. a.* to cut the throat

Jugula'tion, *s.* a cutting of the throat  
Juice, *s.* sap in vegetables; fluid in animals  
Juice'less, *a.* dry, without moisture  
Juiciness, *s.* plenty of juice, succulence  
Juicy, *a.* moist, full of juice, succulent  
Juke, *v. n.* to perch upon any thing, as birds  
Ju'lap, *s.* a pleasant liquid medicine  
July', *s.* the seventh month of the year  
Ju'mart, *s.* the mixture of a bull and a mare  
Jum'ble, *v. a.* to mix confusedly together  
Jum'ble, *s.* a confused mixture  
Ju'ment, *s.* a beast of burden  
Jump, *v. n.* to leap, skip, jolt, leap suddenly  
Junc'ate, *s.* a cheesecake; an entertainment  
Junc'ous, *a.* full of bulrushes  
Junc'tion, *s.* an union; a coalition  
Junc'ture, *s.* a joint; union; critical time  
June, *s.* the sixth month of the year  
Ju'nior, *a.* one younger than another  
Ju'niper, *s.* a plant which produces a berry  
Junk, *s.* a small Chinese ship; an old cable  
Junk'et, *s.* a sweetmeat--*v. n.* to feast secretly  
Jun'to, *s.* a cabal, a faction  
Iv'ory, *s.* the tooth of the elephant  
Ivory-black, *s.* a fine kind of blacking  
Juppo'n, *s.* a short close coat  
Ju'rat, *s.* a magistrate in some corporations  
Ju'ratory, *a.* giving an oath  
Jurid'ical, *a.* used in courts of law, &c.  
Jurid'ically, *ad.* with legal authority  
Ju'risconsult, *s.* one who gives law opinions  
Jurisdic'tion, *s.* legal authority; a district  
Jurispru'dence, *s.* the science of law  
Ju'rist, *s.* a civil lawyer, a civilian  
Ju'ror, Ju'ryman, *s.* one serving on a jury  
Ju'ry, *s.* a certain number of persons sworn  
to declare the truth upon such evidence as  
shall be given before them  
Ju'rymast, *s.* a sea-term for whatever is set  
up instead of a mast lost in fight, &c.  
Just, *a.* upright, honest, regular, virtuous  
Just, *s.* a mock fight on horseback, a tilt  
Just, *ad.* exactly, accurately, nearly  
Just'ice, *s.* equity, right law; an officer  
Just'iceship, *s.* rank or office of a justice  
Justi'ciary, *s.* one who administers justice  
Ju'stifiable, *a.* conformable to justice  
Ju'stifiably, *ad.* in a justifiable manner  
Justifica'tion, *s.* a defence, vindication  
Justifica'tor, *s.* one who justifies  
Just'i'fier, *s.* one who justifies or defends  
Just'i'fy, *v. a.* to clear from guilt, defend  
Just'le, *v.* to encounter, to clash; to push  
Just'ly, *ad.* uprightly, honestly, properly  
Just'ness, *s.* justice, reasonableness  
Jut, *v. n.* to push, or shoot out  
Ju'venile, *a.* youthful, young  
Juvenil'ity, *s.* youthfulness of temper, &c.  
Juxtaposi'tion, *s.* a placing by each other  
I'vy, *s.* a common plant

## K.

**K**AL'ENDAR, *s.* an ephemeris or almanac; an account of time  
**Kali**, *s.* a sea weed, of the ashes of which glass is made, whence the word *Alkali*  
**Kam**, *a.* crooked, thwart, awry  
**Kaw**, *a.* to cry as a raven, crow, or rook  
**Kaw**, *s.* the cry of a raven or crow  
**Kayle**, *s.* ninepin, kettlepins, nine holes  
**Keck**, *v. n.* to retch at vomiting, to heave  
**Keck'le**, *v. a.* to tie a rope round a cable  
**Kecks, Keck'sy**, *s.* dry, hollow stalks  
**Ked'ger**, *s.* a small anchor used in a river  
**Keel**, *s.* the bottom of a ship  
**Keel'fat**, *s.* a vessel for liquor to cool in  
**Keel'hale**, *v. a.* to drag under the keel  
**Keen**, *a.* sharp, eager, acrimonious  
**Keen'ly**, *ad.* sharply, eagerly, bitterly  
**Keen'ness**, *s.* sharpness, asperity, vehemence  
**Keep**, *v. a.* to retain, preserve, maintain  
**Keep**, *s.* custody, restraint, guard  
**Keep'er**, *s.* one who keeps or holds any thing  
**Keep'ing**, *s.* custody, support  
**Keg, or Kag**, *s.* a small barrel for fish, &c.  
**Kell**, *s.* a sort of pottage; the omentum  
**Kelp**, *s.* a salt from calcined sea-weed  
**Keel'son, Keel'son**, *s.* a piece of timber in the ship's hold, lying next the keel  
**Ken**, *v. a.* to see at a distance, descry, know  
**Ken**, *s.* view, the reach of sight  
**Ken'nel**, *s.* a cot for dogs; a watercourse  
**Kept**, *pret. and part. pass.* of to keep  
**Ker'chief**, *s.* a kind of head-dress  
**Kern**, *s.* an Irish foot soldier; a hand-mill  
**Kern**, *v.* to form into grains; to granulate  
**Ker'nel**, *s.* the substance within a shell  
**Ker'sey**, *s.* a kind of coarse stuff  
**Ketch**, *s.* a heavy ship  
**Ket'tle**, *s.* a vessel to boil liquor in  
**Ket'tle-drum**, *s.* a drum with a body of brass  
**Key**, *s.* an instrument to open a lock, &c.; a tone in music; a wharf for goods  
**Key'age**, *s.* money paid for wharfage  
**Key'hole**, *s.* the hole to put a key in  
**Key'stone**, *s.* the middle stone of an arch  
**Kibe**, *s.* a chap in the heel, a chilblain  
**Kick**, *v. a.* to strike with the foot  
**Kick**, *s.* a blow with the foot  
**Kick'shaw**, *s.* a fantastical dish of meat  
**Kid**, *s.* the young of a goat; a bundle of furze  
**Kid**, *v. a.* to bring forth kids  
**Kid'der**, *s.* an ingrosser of corn  
**Kid'nap**, *v. a.* to steal children, &c.  
**Kid'napper**, *s.* one who steals human beings  
**Kid'neybean**, *s.* a garden herb

Kid'neys, *s.* certain parts of an animal which separate the urine from the blood  
**Kil'derkin**, *s.* a beer measure of 18 gallons  
**Kill**, *v. a.* to deprive of life, to destroy  
**Kil'ler**, *s.* one who deprives of life  
**Kil'low**, *s.* a blackish kind of earth  
**Kiln**, *s.* a stove for drying or burning in  
**Kim'bo**, *a.* crooked, bent, arched  
**Kin**, *s.* a relation, kindred, the same kin  
**Kind**, *a.* benevolent, favourable, good  
**Kind**, *s.* general class, particular nature  
**Kin'dle**, *v.* to set on fire; to exasperate  
**Kind'ly**, *ad.* benevolently, with good will  
**Kind'ly**, *a.* homogeneous, mild, softening  
**Kind'ness**, *s.* benevolence, good will, love  
**Kin'dred**, *s.* relation, affinity, relatives  
**Kin'dred**, *a.* congenial, related, allied  
**Kine**, *s.* the plural of Cow  
**King**, *s.* a monarch, a chief ruler  
**King'craft**, *s.* the art or art of governing  
**King'dom**, *s.* the dominion of a king  
**King'fisher**, *s.* a beautiful small bird  
**King'ly**, *a.* royal, august, noble, monarch  
**Kings'evil**, *s.* a scrophulous disease  
**King'ship**, *s.* royalty, monarchy  
**Kins'folk**, *s.* relations, persons related  
**Kins'man**, *s.* a man of the same family  
**Kins'woman**, *s.* a female relation  
**Kirk**, *s.* a church; the church of Scotland  
**Kir'tle**, *s.* an upper garment, a gown  
**Kiss**, *v. a.* to touch with the lips  
**Kiss**, *s.* a salute given by joining lips  
**Kiss'ing-crust**, *s.* a crust formed in the by one loaf touching another  
**Kit**, *s.* a small fiddle; a wooden vessel  
**Kitch'en**, *s.* a room used for cookery, &c.  
**Kitch'en-garden**, *s.* a garden for roots, &c.  
**Kitch'en-maid**, *s.* an under cook maid  
**Kitch'enstuff**, *s.* the fat scummed off pots  
**Kite**, *s.* a bird of prey; a fictitious bird per, serving as a plaything for boys  
**Kit'ten**, *s.* a young cat—*v. n.* to bring young cats  
**Klick**, *v. n.* to make a small sharp noise  
**Klick'ing**, *s.* a regular sharp noise  
**Knab**, *v. a.* to bite with noise  
**Knack**, *s.* dexterity, readiness; a toy  
**Knag**, *s.* a hard knot in wood, a wart  
**Knaggy**, *a.* knotty, set with hard rough  
**Knap**, *s.* prominence upon cloth, &c.  
**Knap**, *v.* to bite, to break in sunder  
**Knap'sack, Ha'versack**, *s.* a soldier's bag  
**Knare, Knur, Knurle**, *s.* a hard knot  
**Knave**, *s.* a petty rascal, a scoundrel

every, *s.* dishonesty, craft, deceit  
wifish, *a.* fraudulent, waggish, wicked  
wifishly, *ad.* fraudulently, mischievously  
wist, *v. a.* to work dough with the fist  
wading-trough, *s.* a trough to knead in  
wain, *s.* a joint between the leg and thigh  
wain, *a.* rising or sunk to the knees  
wain, *s.* a small round bone at the knee,  
wain, *s.* convex on both sides  
wain, *v. n.* to bend or rest on the knee  
wain, *s.* the sound of a funeral bell  
wain, *preterite of to know*  
wain, *s.* a steel utensil to cut with  
wain, *s.* a title next in dignity to a baronet;  
wain, *v. a.* to create a knight  
wain, *s.* a wandering knight  
wain, *s.* the feats, character, or  
manners of a knight-errant  
wain, *s.* the dignity of a knight  
wain, *a.* besetting a knight  
wain, *v. n.* to weave without a loom; close

Knit'ter, *s.* one who knits or weaves  
Knit'ting-needle, *s.* a wire used in knitting  
Knit'tle, *s.* a string that gathers a purse round  
Knob, *s.* the protuberance of a tree, &c.  
Knob'bed, Knob'by, *a.* full of knobs, hard  
Knock, *s.* sudden stroke, a blow  
Knock'er, *s.* a hammer hanging at the door  
Knoll, *v.* to ring or sound as a bell  
Knot, *s.* a part which is tied; a difficulty  
Knot, *v.* to make knots; unite; perplex  
Knot'ted, Knot'ty, *a.* full of knots; hard  
Know, *v.* to understand, to recognize  
Know'ing, *a.* skilful, intelligent, conscious  
Know'ingly, *ad.* with skill; designedly  
Know'ledge, *s.* skill, learning, perception  
Knub'ble, *v. a.* to beat with the knuckles  
Knuck'le, *v. n.* to submit, to bend  
Knuck'led, *a.* jointed; having knuckles  
Knuck'les, *s.* the joints of the fingers  
Knuff, *s.* an awkward person, a lout

## L.

IS used as a numeral for 50; it also  
stands for *libra*, a pound; when  
placed after a name, it signifies *legum*, as  
L.D. *Legum Doctor*, Doctor of Laws  
*interj.* look, behold, see  
danum, *s.* a resin of the softer kind  
dacion, *s.* the act of weakening  
defy, *v. a.* to weaken, to impair  
defl., *s.* a short direction upon any thing  
defl., *a.* sliding, gliding, slipping  
defl., *a.* uttered by or relating to the lips  
defranc, *s.* a chymist  
defractory, *s.* a chymist's work-room  
diligent, *a.* diligent in work; tiresome  
diligently, *ad.* with labour or toil  
dolor, *s.* pain, toil, work; childbirth  
dolor, *v.* to toil, to work; be in travail  
dolor, *s.* one who toils or takes pains  
dolor, *a.* striving with effort  
dolynth, *s.* a maze full of windings  
dolynth, *s.* a platted cord of gold, silver, or thread  
dolynth, *v. a.* to fasten with a lace; to adorn  
dolynth, *s.* one who deals in lace  
dolynth, *a.* that may be rent or torn  
dolynth, *v. a.* to tear in pieces, to rend  
dolynth, *s.* the act of tearing or rending  
dolynth, *a.* generating tears  
dolynth, *a.* containing tears  
dolynth, *s.* a vessel to preserve tears  
dolynth, *a.* adorned with fringe  
dolynth, *v.* to be in want, to need, be without  
dolynth, *s.* one that wants wit

Lack'er, *s.* a kind of yellow varnish  
Lack'er, *v. a.* to cover with lacker  
Lack'ey, *s.* a footboy, an attending servant  
Lack'ey, *v. a.* to attend servilely  
Lack'lustre, *a.* wanting brightness, dull  
Laconic, *a.* short, brief, concise  
Laconically, *ad.* briefly, concisely  
Lac'onism, *s.* a concise, pithy style  
Lac'tant, *a.* suckling, giving milk  
Lac'tary, *a.* milky—*s.* a dairy-house  
Lactation, *s.* the act of giving suck  
Lac'teal, *s.* a vessel that conveys chyle  
Lac'teal, Lac'teous, *a.* conveying chyle  
Lactes'cent, Laftific, *a.* producing milk  
Lad, *s.* a boy, a stripling  
Lad'der, *s.* a frame with steps for climbing  
Lade, *v. a.* to load, freight; throw out  
Lad'ding, *s.* a freight, cargo of a ship  
La'dle, *s.* a large spoon; a vessel; a handle  
La'dy, *s.* a female title of honour; a woman  
La'dybird, La'dycow, *s.* a small red insect  
Ladyda'y, *s.* the 25th of March, the Annun-  
ciation of the blessed Virgin Mary  
La'dylike, *a.* soft, delicate, elegant  
La'dyship, *s.* the title of a lady  
Lag, *a.* coming behind, sluggish, last  
Lag, *v. n.* to loiter, to stay behind  
La'ic, La'ical, *a.* pertaining to the laity  
Laid, *preterite participle of to lay*  
Lain, *preterite participle of to lie*  
Lair, *s.* the couch of a boar or wild beast  
Laird, *s.* a Scotch lord of a manor

**L**a'ity, *s.* the people, as distinguished from the clergy; the state of a layman  
**Lake**, *s.* a large inland water; a colour  
**Lamb**, *s.* the young of a sheep  
**Lam'bative**, *a.* taken by licking  
**Lam'bent**, *a.* playing about, gliding over  
**Lamb'kin**, *s.* a little or young lamb  
**Lamb'like**, *a.* meek, mild, gentle  
**Lamb'swool**, *s.* ale and apple pulps  
**Lame**, *a.* crippled, hobbling, imperfect  
**Lame**, *v. a.* to make lame, to cripple  
**Lam'ellated**, *a.* covered with plates  
**La'mely**, *ad.* like a cripple, imperfectly  
**La'meness**, *s.* the state of a cripple  
**Lame'nt**, *v.* to mourn, grieve, bewail  
**Lam'entable**, *a.* mournful, sorrowful  
**Lam'entably**, *ad.* mournfully, pitifully  
**Lamenta'tion**, *s.* an expression of sorrow  
**Lament'er**, *s.* he who mourns or laments  
**Lam'ina**, *s.* a thin plate or scale  
**Lam'inated**, *a.* plated, covered with plates  
**Lam'mas**, *s.* the first of August  
**Lamp**, *s.* a light made with oil and a wick  
**Lampla'ck**, *s.* a black made by holding a lighted torch under a basin  
**Lampon'**, *s.* a personal satire; abuse, censure  
**Lampoo'n**, *v. a.* to abuse personally  
**Lampon'er**, *s.* a writer of personal satire  
**Lam'prey**, *s.* a fish like an eel  
**Lana'rious**, *a.* pertaining to wool  
**Lance**, *s.* a long spear—*v. a.* to pierce, to cut  
**Lan'ceet**, *s.* a small pointed instrument  
**Lan'cinate**, *v. a.* to tear, to rend  
**Land**, *s.* a country, region, earth, estate  
**Land**, *v.* to set or come on shore  
**Land'ed**, *a.* having a fortune in land  
**Land'fall**, *s.* sudden translation of property in land by the death of a rich man  
**Land'flood**, *s.* inundation by rain  
**Land'grave**, *s.* a German title of dominion  
**Land'holder**, *s.* one who possesses land  
**Land'ing**, *s.* place to land at; the stair top  
**Land'jobber**, *s.* one who buys and sells land  
**Land'lady**, *s.* the mistress of an inn, &c.  
**Land'locked**, *a.* shut in or inclosed by land  
**Land'lord**, *s.* the master of an inn, &c.  
**Land'mark**, *s.* a mark of boundaries  
**Land'scape**, *s.* the prospect of a country  
**Land'tax**, *s.* a tax upon land and houses  
**Land'waiter**, *s.* an officer of the customs, who watches the landing of goods  
**Lane**, *s.* a narrow street or alley  
**Lan'guage**, *s.* human speech in general  
**Lan'guet**, *s.* any thing cut like a tongue  
**Lan'guid**, *a.* weak, faint, heartless  
**Lan'guidness**, *s.* feebleness, weakness  
**Lan'guish**, *v. n.* to grow feeble, to pine  
**Lan'guishingly**, *ad.* weakly, tenderly  
**Lan'guishment**, *s.* a softness of mien  
**Lan'guor**, *s.* want of strength or spirit  
**Lan'ifice**, *s.* a woollen manufacture  
**Lanig'crous**, *a.* bearing wool  
**Lank**, *a.* loose, not fat, slender, languid  
**Lank'ness**, *s.* a want of plumpness  
**Lansquen'e't**, *s.* a game at cards; a foot sold  
**Lan'tern**, *s.* a case for a candle---*a.* thin  
**Lap**, *s.* that part of a person sitting which reaches from the waist to the knees  
**Lap**, *v.* to wrap round, to lick up  
**Lap'dog**, *s.* a little dog for the lap  
**Lap'ful**, *s.* as much as the lap can hold  
**Lap'idity**, *s.* a polisher of precious stones  
**Lap'itate**, *v. a.* to stone, to kill by stoning  
**Lapid'eous**, *a.* stony, of the nature of stone  
**Lapides'cence**, *s.* stony concretion  
**Lapidific**, *a.* forming stones  
**Lap'idist**, *s.* a dealer in stones or gems  
**Lap'per**, *s.* one who wraps up or laps  
**Lap'pet**, *s.* loose part of a head-dress  
**Lapse**, *s.* a small error or mistake; fall  
**Lapse**, *v. n.* to fall from perfection, truth, faith; to glide slowly; to slip by mistake  
**Lap'wing**, *s.* a swift and noisy bird  
**Lar'board**, *s.* the left hand side of a ship  
**Lar'ceny**, *s.* petty theft or robbery  
**Lard**, *s.* the fat of swine melted  
**Lard**, *v. a.* to stuff with bacon; to fatten  
**Lard'er**, *s.* a place where meat is kept  
**Large**, *a.* big, wide, copious, abundant  
**Large'ly**, *ad.* extensively, liberally, widely  
**Large'ness**, *s.* bulk, greatness, extension  
**Lar'gess**, *s.* a present, bounty, gift  
**Lark**, *s.* a small singing bird  
**La'rum**, *s.* an alarm; a machine contrived to make a noise at a certain hour  
**Lasciv'i'ous**, *a.* lewd, lustful, wanton, seductive  
**Lasciv'i'ously**, *ad.* lewdly, wantonly, lasciviously  
**Lasciv'i'ousness**, *s.* wantonness  
**Lash**, *s.* part of a whip; a stroke  
**Lash**, *v. a.* to scourge, to strike, to satire  
**Lass**, *s.* a girl, maid, young woman  
**Las'situde**, *s.* fatigue, weariness, languor  
**Lass'lorn**, *a.* forsaken by a mistress  
**Last**, *a.* latest, hindmost, utmost  
**Last**, *s.* the wooden mould on which are formed; a certain measure or weight  
**—ad.** the last time; in conclusion  
**Last**, *v. n.* to endure, to continue  
**Last'age**, *s.* customs paid for freightage  
**Last'ing**, *part. a.* durable, perpetual  
**Last'ly**, *ad.* in the last time or place  
**Latch**, *s.* a fastening of a door, &c.  
**Latch'et**, *s.* a shoe-string; a fastening  
**Late**, *a.* slow, tardy; deceased  
**Late**, *ad.* far in the day or night; lately  
**La'tely**, *Lat'terly*, *ad.* not long ago  
**La'teness**, *s.* time far advanced  
**La'tent**, *a.* secret, hidden, concealed  
**Lat'eral**, *a.* growing out on the side, &c.  
**Lat'cally**, *ad.* by the side, sidewise

Lan, *s.* the Pope's palace at Rome  
 lath, *s.* a long thin slip of wood; a division  
 of a country, usually containing three and  
 sometimes more hundreds  
 lath, *v. a.* to fit up with laths  
 lathe, *s.* a turner's tool  
 lathe, *s.* the froth of water and soap  
 Latin, *s.* the ancient Roman language  
 Latinism, *s.* an idiom of the Latin tongue  
 Latinist, *s.* one well versed in Latin  
 Latinize, *v. to make or use Latin*  
 latitudine, *s.* removal of a body in a right line  
 latish, *a.* somewhat late  
 latitancy, *s.* the state of lying hid  
 latitant, *a.* concealed, delitescent  
 latitudo, *s.* breadth, width, extent, liberty,  
 diffusion; the distance, north or south,  
 from the equator  
 latitudinarian, *a.* unlimited, not confined  
 latrant, *a.* barking, snarling  
 latr, *s.* the highest kind of worship  
 latton, *s.* brass; iron tinned over  
 latte, *a.* modern; the last of two  
 lattermath, *s.* a second mowing  
 latice, *s.* a window formed of grate work  
 latation, *s.* the act of washing  
 latatory, *s.* a wash; a bathing place  
 lat, *v. a.* to praise; to extol  
 latable, *a.* praiseworthy; salubrious  
 latably, *ad.* deserving praise  
 latanum, *s.* the tincture of opium  
 lat, *v.* to wash, bathe, lade out  
 latender, *s.* a fragrant herb  
 lat, *s.* a washing vessel  
 laug, *v.* to make that noise which sudden  
 mirth excites; to deride, to scorn  
 laughable, *a.* exciting laughter, droll  
 laugh'er, *s.* one who laughs much  
 laugh-stock, *s.* an object of ridicule  
 laugh'er, *s.* a convulsive merry noise  
 lavish, *v. a.* to waste, to scatter profusely  
 lavish, *a.* indiscretely liberal, wild  
 lavishly, *ad.* profusely, prodigally  
 launch, *v.* to put to sea; to dart forward  
 laundry, *s.* a washerwoman  
 laundry, *s.* a room to wash clothes in  
 lavolt, or Lavo'ltta, *s.* an old brisk dance  
 laureat, *s.* the royal poet  
 laureate, *a.* decked with laurel  
 laurel, *s.* an evergreen tree  
 la'reied, *a.* crowned with laurel  
 law, *s.* a rule of action; a decree, edict, or  
 statute; a judicial process  
 lawful, *a.* conformable to law, legal  
 lawfully, *ad.* in a lawful manner  
 lawfulness, *s.* the allowance of law  
 lawgiver, *s.* one who makes laws, legislator  
 lawless, *a.* illegal, unrestrained by law  
 law, *s.* a plain between woods; fine linen  
 law suit, *s.* a process in law, alitigation

Law'yer, *s.* professor of law, an advocate  
 lax, *a.* loose, vague, slack; loose in body  
 lax, *s.* a looseness, a diarrhoea; a fish  
 lax'ative, *a.* relieving costiveness  
 lax'ity, lax'ness, *s.* looseness, openness  
 Lay, *v.* to place along; to beat down; to calm;  
 to settle; to wager; to protrude eggs; impose  
 Lay, *s.* a row; a stratum; grassy ground; a  
 meadow; a song or poem  
 Lay, *a.* not clerical; belonging to the people  
 as distinct from the clergy  
 Lay'er, *s.* a stratum; a sprig of a plant  
 Lay'man, *s.* one of the laity; an image  
 La'zar, *s.* one infected with filthy diseases  
 La'zarhouse, or Lazaret'to, *s.* a house to re-  
 ceive lazars in; an hospital  
 La'zily, *ad.* idly, sluggishly, heavily  
 La'ziness, *s.* idleness, slothfulness  
 La'zy, *a.* idle, sluggish, unwilling to work  
 Lea, Lee, Ley, *s.* ground inclosed  
 Lead, *s.* the heaviest metal, except gold  
 Lead, *v.* to guide, to conduct, to induce  
 Lead'en, *a.* made of lead; heavy, dull  
 Le'a'der, *s.* a conductor, a commander  
 Le'ading, *part. a.* principal, going before  
 Leaf, *s.* the green parts of trees and plants,  
 part of a book, a door, or table  
 Leaf'less, *a.* naked, or stripped of leaves  
 League, *s.* a confederacy; three miles  
 League, *v. n.* to confederate, to unite  
 Leak, *v. n.* to let water in or out, to dro  
 Leak'age, *s.* allowance for loss by leak  
 Leak'y, *a.* letting water in or out  
 Lean, *a.* thin, meagre—*s.* meat without fat  
 Lean, *v. n.* to rest against, tend towards  
 Lean'ness, *s.* a want of flesh, meagerness  
 Leap, *v.* to jump; to bound, to spring  
 Leap, *s.* a bound, jump, sudden transition  
 Leap'frog, *s.* a play of children  
 Leap'year, *s.* every fourth year  
 Learn, *v.* to gain knowledge, to teach  
 Learn'ed, *a.* versed in science, skilled  
 Learn'er, *s.* one who is learning any thing  
 Learn'ing, *s.* skill in any thing, erudition  
 Lease, *s.* a temporary contract for possession  
 of houses or lands; any tenure  
 Lease, *v.* to glean, to gather up  
 Leas'er, *s.* a gleaner  
 Leash, *s.* a leathern thong, a band to tie with  
 Leasing, *s.* lies, falsehood, deceit  
 Least, *a.* superlative of little, the smalle  
 —*ad.* in the lowest degree  
 Leas'y, *a.* flimsy, of weak texture  
 Leath'er, *s.* an animal's hide dressed  
 Leath'ercoat, *s.* an apple with a tough rind  
 Leath'er-dresser, *s.* he who dresses leather  
 Leath'ern, *a.* made of leather  
 Leath'er-seller, *s.* he who deals in leather  
 Leave, *s.* permission, licence; a farewell  
 Leave, *v.* to quit, abandon, bequeath

Lea'ven, or Le'ven, *s.* ferment ; that which being mixed in any body makes it rise and ferment

Lea'ven, *v.* *a.* to ferment, taint, imbue

Le'a'ver, or Le'ver, *s.* a bar for raising a heavy weight ; the second mechanical power

Leaves, *s.* the plural of Leaf

Leav'ings, *s.* a remnant, relics, offals

Lech, *v. a.* to lick over

Lech'rous, *a.* lewd, lustful

Lech'rously, *ad.* lewdly, lustfully

Lech'ery, *s.* lewdness, lust

Lec'tion, *s.* a reading ; a variety in copies

Lec'tionary, *s.* the Romish service-book

Lec'ture, *v.* to read lectures ; to reprimand

Lec'ture, *s.* a discourse on any subject

Lec'turer, *s.* an instructor, a preacher

Led, *part. pret. of to lead*

Ledge, *s.* a small moulding on the edge

Ledg'er, *s.* the chief book of accounts

Lee, *s.* dregs ; the side opposite the wind

Leech, *s.* a small water bloodsucker

Leek, *s.* a common pot herb

Leer, *s.* an oblique cast of the eye

Leer, *v. n.* to look obliquely or archly

Lees, *s.* dregs, sediment

Leet, *s.* a court held by lords of manors

Lee'ward, *ad.* toward the shore or side on which the wind blows

Lee'way, *s.* the lateral movement of a ship to leeward of her course

Left, *part. pret. of to leave*

Left, *a.* opposite to the right ; sinister

Left-handed, *a.* using the left hand

Leg, *s.* the limb between the knee and foot

Leg'acy, *s.* a bequest made by will

Le'gal, *a.* not contrary to law, lawful

Legal'ity, Le'gal'ness, *s.* lawfulness

Le'galize, *v. a.* to make lawful, to authorise

Le'gally, *ad.* lawfully, according to law

Legate, *s.* an ambassador from the Pope

Legate'e, *s.* one who has a legacy left him

Leg'atine, *a.* pertaining to a legate

Leg'a'tion, *s.* a deputation, an embassy

Leg'a'tor, *s.* one who makes a will

Le'gend, *s.* a chronicle, or register ; a fabulous narrative ; an inscription

Le'gendary, *a.* fabulous, unauthentic

Legerde'ma'in, *s.* slight of hand, a juggle

Leger'dity, *s.* lightness, nimbleness

Le'gible, *a.* easy to be read, apparent

Le'gibly, *ad.* in a manner easy to be read

Le'gion, *s.* a body of soldiers ; a military force ; a great number

Legisla'tion, *s.* the act of giving laws

Le'gisla'tive, *a.* lawgiving, making laws

Legisla'tor, *s.* one who makes laws

Legisla'ture, *s.* the power that makes laws

Legi'macy, *s.* a lawful birth, genuineness

Legi'mate, *a.* born in marriage

Legi'mately, *ad.* lawfully, genuinely

Legume, Leg'umen, *s.* seeds or pulse

Legu'minous, *a.* belonging to pulse

Leis'urable, *a.* done at or having leisure

Leis'ure, *s.* freedom from business or hurry

Leis'urely, *a.* not hasty, deliberate, slow

ad. not in a hurry, slowly

Le'man, *s.* a sweetheart, or gallant

Lem'ma, *s.* a proposition previously assumed

Lem'on, *s.* the name of an acid fruit

Lemon'a'de, *s.* water, sugar, and lemon juice

Lend, *v. a.* to grant the use of any thing

Lend'er, *s.* one who lends any thing

Length, *s.* extent from end to end ; distance

Length'en, *v.* to make longer, to protract

Le'nient, *a.* assuasive, mitigating, emollient

Le'nient, *s.* an emollient application

Len'sify, *v. a.* to assuage, mitigate, soften

Len'sitive, *a.* assuasive—*s.* a palliative

Len'tity, *s.* mildness, mercy, tenderness

Lens, *s.* a glass spherically convex

Lent, *s.* the quadragesimal fast ; time of abstinence

Lent'en, *a.* such as is used in Lent ; sparing

Lentic'ular, *a.* doubly convex ; like a lens

Len'til, *s.* a sort of pulse or pea

Len'titude, *s.* sluggishness, slowness

Len'tor, *s.* tenacity, viscosity ; slowness, delay

Len'tous, *a.* viscous, tenacious, glutinous

Le'onine, *a.* belonging to a lion

Leop'ard, *s.* a spotted beast of prey

Lep'er, *s.* one infected with a leprosy

Lep'erous, Lep'rous, *a.* having the leprosy

Lep'o'rean, Lep'o'rine, *a.* belonging to a hare

having the nature of a hare

Lep'rosy, *s.* a distemper of white scales

Less, Les'ser, *ad.* in a smaller degree

Lesse'e, *s.* one who takes a lease of another

Les'en, *v.* to grow less ; degrade ; shrink

Les'son, *s.* a task to learn or read ; a precept

Les'sor, *s.* he who grants a lease to another

Lest, *conj.* that not, in case that

Let, *v. a.* to allow, to permit, to hire out

Let, *s.* an hinderance, obstruction, obstacle

Lethal'gic, *a.* sleepy, drowsy, heavy

Letharg'ic, *s.* a morbid drowsiness, sleepiness

Le'the, *s.* oblivion, a draught of oblivion

Lethiferous, *a.* deadly, fatal

Let'ter, *s.* a written message ; one of the characters of the alphabet ; a printing type

one who lets or permits

Let'tercase, *s.* a case to put letters in

Let'ters, *s.* literature, learning

Let'tered, *a.* learned, educated to learning

marked with letters

Let'terfounder, *s.* one who casts letters

Let'tuce, *s.* a common salad plant

Leva'nt, *a.* eastern

Leva'nt, *s.* eastern parts of the Mediterranean

lie, *s.* a crowd of attendants ; a toilet  
lie, *s.* a plane ; standard ; an instrument  
whereby masons adjust their work  
lie, *a.* even, plain, flat, smooth  
lie, *v.* to make even ; to lay flat ; to aim  
lie, *s.* one who destroys superiority  
lieness, *s.* an equality of surface  
liever. See *Leaver*  
lievet, *s.* a young hare  
lievet, *s.* a blast on the trumpet  
lietable, *a.* that may be levied  
liathan, *s.* by some supposed to mean the  
crocodile, but, in general, the whale  
ligate, *v.* to rub, to grind, to smooth  
liite, *s.* one of the tribe of Levi  
liical, *a.* belonging to the Levites  
liity, *s.* lightness, inconstancy, vanity  
liy, *v. a.* to raise, collect, impose  
liy, *s.* the act of raising money or men  
liwd, *a.* wicked, lustful, not clerical  
liwness, *s.* lustfulness, wickedness  
liographer, *s.* writer of dictionaries  
liicon, *s.* a dictionary, a word-book  
liable, *a.* subject to, not exempt  
liar, *s.* one who tells falsehoods  
liard, *a.* roan—*s.* a French farthing  
liation, *s.* an offering made of wine  
lieler, *s.* a defamatory writer, lampooner  
liellous, *a.* defamatory, abusive  
lieral, *a.* free, bountiful, generous  
lierality, *s.* munificence, bounty  
lierate, *v. a.* to set free, to release  
liertine, *s.* a dissolute liver, a rake  
liertine, *a.* licentious, irreligious  
liertinism, *s.* irreligion, licentiousness  
lierty, *s.* freedom, exemption, leave  
liidinous, *a.* lewd, licentious  
liora, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac  
liorarian, *s.* one who has the care of books  
lioray, *s.* a large collection of books  
liorate, *v. a.* to poise, to balance  
lioration, *s.* the state of being balanced  
liice, *s.* the plural of Louse  
lience, *s.* a permission, liberty  
liense, *v. a.* to grant leave ; to permit by a  
legal grant ; to set at liberty  
lientiate, *s.* one who has a licence to practise  
any art or faculty  
lientious, *a.* unrestrained, disorderly  
lientiousness, *s.* boundless liberty ; con-  
tempt of just restraint  
liick, *v. a.* to touch with the tongue, to lap  
liickerish, *a.* nice, delicate, greedy  
lioice, *s.* a root of a sweet taste  
liector, *s.* a beadle amongst the Romans  
liid, *s.* a cover for a pan, box, &c.  
lie, *s.* a fiction, a falsehood ; any thing im-  
pregnated with another body, as soap, &c.  
lie, *v. n.* to tell a lie ; to lean upon ; to rest

Liege, *s.* a sovereign—*a.* subject ; trusty  
Lieger, *s.* a resident ambassador  
Lieu, *s.* place, room, stead, behalf  
Lieutenancy, *s.* the office of a lieutenant  
Lieuten'ant, *s.* a deputy, a second in rank  
Lieuten'antschip, *s.* the rank of a lieutenant  
Life, *s.* animal being ; conduct, condition  
Li'eguard, *s.* guard of a prince's person  
Lifeless, *a.* dead ; without force or spirit  
Life'time, *s.* the duration of life  
Lift, *v. a.* to raise up, elevate, support  
Lift, *s.* the act of lifting up ; a struggle  
Lig'ament, *s.* a band to tie parts together  
Lig'ature, *s.* a bandage, any thing bound on ;  
the act of binding  
Light, *s.* the transparency of air caused by the  
rays of the sun, &c. ; mental knowledge ;  
situation ; a taper  
Light, *a.* not heavy ; active ; bright ; not dark  
Light, *v.* to kindle, to lighten ; to rest on  
Light'en, *v.* to flash with lightning  
Light'er, *s.* a boat for unloading ships  
Light'erman, *s.* one who manages a lighter  
Lightfin'gered, *a.* thievish, dishonest  
Lightfoot'ed, *a.* nimble, swift, active  
Lighthead'ed, *a.* delirious, thoughtless  
Lightheart'ed, *a.* gay, merry, cheerful  
Lightly, *ad.* without reason ; nimbly  
Light'ness, *s.* a want of weight ; levity  
Light'ning, *s.* the flash before thunder  
Lights, *s.* the lungs ; organs of breathing  
Light'some, *a.* luminous, gay, airy  
Lig'neous, *a.* made of wood, like wood  
Ligure, *s.* a kind of precious stone  
Like, *a.* resembling, equal, likely  
Like, *ad.* in the same manner, probably  
Like, *v.* to chuse ; approve, be pleased with  
Li'kelihoo'd, *s.* appearance, probability  
Li'kely, *ad.* probably—*a.* probable  
Li'ken, *v. a.* to make like, to compare  
Li'keness, *s.* a resemblance, similitude, form  
Li'kewise, *ad.* in like manner, also  
Li'king, *s.* plumpness ; state of trial  
Lilied, *a.* embellished with lilies  
Lil'y, *s.* a beautiful flower  
Lil'y-livered, *a.* whitelivered, cowardly  
Li'mature, *s.* the filings of any metal  
Lima'tion, *s.* the act of filing or polishing  
Limb, *s.* a member, bough, border, edge  
Limb, *v. a.* to tear asunder, dismember  
Lim'bec, *s.* a still ; a vessel to distil  
Limb'ed, *a.* formed with regard to limbs  
Lim'ber, *a.* flexible, easily bent, pliant  
Lim'bo, *s.* a place of restraint, a prison  
Lime, *s.* a stone ; a fruit—*v. a.* to ensnare  
Li'mekiln, *s.* a kiln for burning limestone  
Lim'it, *s.* bound, border, utmost reach  
Lim'it, *v. a.* to restrain, to circumscribe  
Lim'itary, *a.* placed at the boundaries  
Limita'tion, *s.* restriction ; a boundary

Limn, *v. n.* to draw, to paint any thing  
 Lim'ner, *s.* a painter, a picture maker  
 Li'mous, *a.* muddy, slimy, miry  
 Limp, *v. n.* to halt, to walk lamely  
 Limp, *a.* vapid, weak, pliant  
 Lim'pet, *s.* a kind of shell-fish  
 Lim'pid, *a.* clear, pure, transparent  
 Lim'pidness, *s.* clearness, purity  
 Li'my, *a.* viscous; containing lime  
 Linch'pin, *s.* the iron pin of an axletree  
 Linctus, *s.* a medicine to be licked up  
 Lin'den, *s.* the lime tree  
 Line, *v. a.* to guard within; to cover  
 Line, *s.* a string; an angler's string; the equinoctial circle; extension; limit; progeny; lineaments; tenth of an inch  
 Lin'eage, *s.* a family, race, progeny  
 Lin'eal, *a.* descending in a right line  
 Lin'eally, *ad.* in a direct line, duly  
 Lin'eament, *s.* a feature; a discriminating mark in the form  
 Lin'ear, *a.* composed of lines, like lines  
 Line'a'tion, *s.* a draught of a line or lines  
 Lin'en, *s.* cloth made of hemp or flax  
 Lin'en-draper, *s.* one who deals in linen  
 Ling, *s.* a kind of sea fish; heath  
 Lin'ger, *v.* to remain long; pine; hesitate  
 Lin'get, *s.* a small mass of metal; a bird  
 Lin'go, *s.* a language, tongue, speech  
 Lin'guist, *s.* one skilful in languages  
 Lingua'cious, *a.* full of tongue, talkative  
 Lin'ment, *s.* an ointment, a balsam  
 Lin'ning, *s.* that which is within any thing  
 Link, *s.* a ring of a chain; a torch of pitch  
 Link, *v. a.* to unite, to join, to connect  
 Lin'net, *s.* a small singing bird  
 Lin'seed, *s.* the seed of flax  
 Lin'seywoolsey, *a.* made of linen and wool  
 Lin'stock, *s.* a staff with a match at the end  
 Lint, *s.* linen scraped soft; flax  
 Lin'tel, *s.* the upper part of a door frame  
 Li'on, *s.* the most magnanimous of beasts  
 Li'onest, *s.* a she-lion  
 Lip, *s.* the outer part of the mouth; the edge of any thing, &c.  
 Lipoth'y'mous, *a.* swooning, fainting  
 Lipoth'y'my, *s.* a swoon, a fainting fit  
 Lip'titude, *s.* blearedness of eyes  
 Liqua'tion, *s.* art or capacity of melting  
 Liquefa'ction, *s.* state of being melted  
 Li'quefiable, *a.* such as may be melted  
 Li'quefy, *v.* to melt, to dissolve  
 Liques'cent, *a.* melting, dissolving  
 Li'quid, *a.* not solid, fluid, dissolved  
 Li'quid, *s.* a fluid substance, a liquor  
 Li'quids, *s.* these four letters, *l, m, n, r*  
 Li'quidate, *v. a.* to lessen debts, to clear  
 Li'quor, *s.* any thing liquid; any strong drink  
 Lisp, *v. n.* to clip words in pronunciation  
 List, *v.* to chuse; to enlist soldiers; to listen

List, *s.* a roll; a catalogue; place for fighting  
 desire; outer edge of cloth  
 List'ed, *a.* striped, party-coloured  
 List'en, *v.* to hearken, hear, attend to  
 List'less, *a.* careless, heedless, indifferent  
 List'lessly, *ad.* without thought, heedless  
 List'lessness, *s.* inattention  
 Lit, the *preterite* of *to light*  
 Lit'any, *s.* a form of supplicatory prayer  
 Lit'eral, *a.* not figurative, exact  
 Lit'rary, *a.* respecting letters, or learning  
 Liter'a'ti, *s.* men of learning  
 Liter'a'ture, *s.* learning, skill in letters  
 Litha'rgie, *s.* lead vitrified, either alone  
 with a mixture of copper  
 Lith'e, Li'thesome, *a.* limber, flexible  
 Lithog'rphy, *s.* an engraving on stone  
 Litho'mancy, *s.* a prediction by stones  
 Lithot'omist, *s.* one who cuts for the stone  
 Litig'ant, *s.* one engaged in a lawsuit  
 Litig'ate, *v. a.* to contest in law, to debate  
 Litiga'tion, *s.* a judicial contest, lawsuit  
 Litig'ious, *a.* quarrelsome, disputable  
 Litig'iousness, *s.* a wrangling disposition  
 Lit'ter, *s.* a kind of vehicular bed; a bed  
 of animals; things thrown sluttishly about  
 straw laid under animals  
 Lit'ter, *v. a.* to bring forth; to scatter about  
 Lit'tle, *a.* small in quantity, diminutive  
 Lit'tle, *s.* a small space, not much  
 Lit'tle, *ad.* in a small quantity or degree  
 Lit'toral, *a.* belonging to the sea shore  
 Lit'urgy, *s.* the public form of prayer  
 Live, *v. n.* to be in a state of life; to feed  
 Live, *a.* quick, active; not extinguished  
 Li'velihood, *s.* the means of living, support  
 Li'veliness, *s.* sprightliness, vivacity  
 Li'velony, *a.* tedious, lasting, durable  
 Li'vely, *a.* brisk, gay, strong, energetic  
 Liv'er, *s.* one of the entrails; one who lives  
 Liv'ercolour, *s.* a very dark red  
 Liv'ergrown, *a.* having a great liver  
 Liv'ery, *s.* clothes with different trimming  
 worn by servants  
 Liv'ryman, *s.* one who wears a livery;  
 freeman in a company, &c.  
 Liv'ry-stable, *s.* a public stable  
 Lives, *s. plural* of Life  
 Liv'id, *a.* discoloured, as with a blow  
 Livid'ity, *s.* discolouration, as by a blow  
 Liv'ing, *s.* maintenance, support; a benefit  
 Li'vere, *s.* the sum by which the French  
 reckon their money, value 10d. sterling  
 Lixiv'ial, *a.* impregnated with salts  
 Lixiv'iate, *a.* making a lixivium  
 Lixiv'ium, *s.* lie made of ashes, water, &c.  
 Liz'ard, *s.* a small creeping animal, a serpent  
 Lo! *interj.* look, see, behold  
 Load, *s.* a burden; leading vein in a mine  
 Load, *v. a.* to burden, freight; charge a gun

stone, *s.* the magnet, a stone with an attracting and repellent power  
*s.*, *s.* a mass of bread or sugar, &c.  
*m.*, *s.* a fat unctuous earth, marl  
*m'y*, *a.* of the nature of loam, marly  
*m.*, *s.* any thing lent, interest  
*th.*, *a.* unwilling, disliking, not ready  
*the*, *v. a.* to hate, to nauseate  
*th'ful*, *a.* hating, abhorred, odious  
*th'ing*, *s.* hatred, abhorrence, disgust  
*th'some*, *a.* abhorred, causing dislike  
*th'someness*, *s.* the quality of hatred  
*ves*, *s. plural of loaf*  
*v.*, *s.* a clumsy person; a prison; a worm  
*v.*, *s.* an opening before a room  
*v.*, *s.* a part of the lungs; a division  
*v.*, *s.* a crustaceous shell-fish  
*v.*, *a.* relating to or being of a place  
*v.*, *s.* ex'stence or relation of place  
*v.*, *ad.* with respect to place  
*v.*, *s.* the act of placing; a situation  
*v.*, *s.* an instrument to fasten doors, &c.  
*v.*, *v.* to fasten with a lock, to close  
*v.*, *s.* a drawer, a cupboard, &c.  
*v.*, *s.* an ornamental lock, &c.  
*v.*, *s.* a sort of coarse linen  
*v.*, *s.* power of changing place  
*v.*, *a.* able to change place  
*v.*, *s.* a devouring insect  
*v.*, *v.* to place, settle, reside; lie flat  
*v.*, *s.* small house in a park; porter's room  
*v.*, *s.* an encampment; possession of  
the enemy's works  
*v.*, *s.* one who hires a lodging  
*v.*, *s.* a temporary abode; rooms hired  
*v.*, *s.* a floor; the highest floor  
*v.*, *ad.* on high, haughty, sublimely  
*v.*, *s.* height, pride, sublimity  
*v.*, *a.* high, sublime, haughty, proud  
*v.*, *s.* a piece of wood; an Hebrew measure  
*v.*, *s.* a series of artificial numbers  
*v.*, *s.* the expedition of calculation  
*v.*, *s.* journal of a ship's course, &c.  
*v.*, *s.* an old play or game  
*v.*, *s.* a dolt, a thickscull  
*v.*, *s.* the art of using reason well, in our  
inquiries after truth  
*v.*, *a.* of or pertaining to logic  
*v.*, *ad.* by the laws of logic  
*v.*, *s.* one versed in logic  
*v.*, *a.* relating to sexagesimals  
*v.*, *s.* a line to measure a ship's way  
*v.*, *s.* a contention about words  
*v.*, *s.* a wood brought from Campeachy  
*v.*, *s.* used in dying dark colours  
*v.*, *s.* the reins, the back of an animal  
*v.*, *v. n.* to linger, to spend time idly  
*v.*, *s.* a lunger, idler, a lazy wretch  
*v.*, *v.* to lean idly, to hang out  
*v.*, *a.* solitary, single, lonely

Lo'neliness, Lo'neness, *s.* solitude  
Lo'nely, Lo'nesome, *a.* solitary, dismal  
Long, *a.* not short, either as applied to time,  
place, or dimensions; desirous  
Long, *v. n.* to wish or desire earnestly  
Longanim'ity, *s.* forbearance, patience  
Long'boat, *s.* the largest boat of a ship  
Longe, *s.* a thrust or push in fencing  
Longe'veity, *s.* great length of life  
Longe'veous, *a.* long lived, living long  
Longim'anous, *a.* having long hands  
Longim'etry, *s.* art of measuring distances  
Long'ing, *s.* an earnest wish or desire  
Long'ingly, *ad.* with incessant wishes  
Lon'gitude, *s.* length; the distance of any  
part of the earth, east or west from Lon-  
don, or any other given place; the French  
reckon their longitude from Paris  
Longitu'dinal, *a.* running in the longest di-  
rection; extended lengthwise  
Long'some, *a.* tedious, tiresome, long  
Longsuf'fering, *a.* patient—*s.* clemency  
Long'ways, Long'wise, *ad.* in length  
Longwind'ed, *a.* tedious, longbreathed  
Loo, *s.* the name of a game at cards  
Loo'bily, *ad.* awkwardly, clumsily  
Loo'by, *s.* a lubber, a clumsy clown  
Loof, *s.* a part of a ship  
Look, *v.* to seek for, expect, behold  
Look, *s.* the air of the face, mien  
Look! *interj.* see! behold! observe  
Look'ing-glass, *s.* a reflecting mirror  
Loom, *v. n.* to appear indistinctly at sea  
Loom, *s.* a weaver's frame for work  
Loon, *s.* a mean or simple fellow, a scoundrel  
Loop, *s.* a noose in a rope, &c.  
Loop'hole, *s.* an aperture; shift, evasion  
Loose, *v.* to unbind, relax, set free  
Loose, *a.* unbound, wanton—*s.* liberty  
Loose'ly, *ad.* not fast, irregularly, unchastely  
Loos'en, *v.* to relax any thing, to part  
Loose'ness, *s.* a flux; irregularity, unchastity  
Lop, *v. a.* to cut or chop short  
Loqua'cious, *a.* full of talk, babbling  
Loqua'city, *s.* too much talk, prate  
Lord, *s.* a monarch; a supreme person; a  
ruler; a nobleman; a title of honour  
Lord, *v. n.* to domineer, to rule despotically  
Lord'ing, Lord'ling, *s.* a lord, in contempt  
Lord'liness, *s.* dignity, high station, pride  
Lord'ly, *a.* proud, imperious, lofty  
Lord'ship, *s.* dominion; a title given to lords  
Lore, *s.* doctrine, instruction, learning  
Loricate, *v. a.* to plate over  
Lor'imer, Lor'iner, *s.* a bridle-cutter  
Lorn, *a.* forsaken, lost, forlorn  
Lose, *v.* to suffer loss, not to win; to fail  
Los'el, *s.* a mean worthless fellow, a scoundrel  
Lo'ser, *s.* one who has suffered a loss  
Loss, *s.* damage; forfeiture; puzzle

Lost, *part. a.* perished, gone ; imperceptible  
 Lot, *s.* fortune, state assigned, portion  
 Lote, *s.* a tree  
 Lo'tion, *s.* a medicinal wash  
 Lot'tery, *s.* a distribution of prizes by chance ;  
     a game of chance ; a sortilege  
 Loud, *a.* noisy, clamorous, turbulent  
 Loud'ly, *ad.* noisily, clamorously  
 Loud'ness, *s.* noise, clamour, turbulence  
 Love, *v. a.* to regard with affection  
 Love, *s.* the passion between the sexes; good  
     will; courtship; liking, fondness, concord  
 Love-letter, *s.* a letter of courtship  
 Love'ly, *ad.* amably, in a lovely manner  
 Love'liness, *s.* amiableness  
 Love'lyorn, *a.* forsaken by one's love  
 Love'ly, *a.* amiable, exciting love  
 Lover, *s.* one who is in love; a friend  
 Love'sick, *a.* disordered with love, languishing  
 Love'song, *s.* a song expressing love  
 Love'suit, *s.* courtship  
 Love'tale, *s.* narrative of love  
 Love'toy, *s.* a small present made by a lover  
 Love'trick, *s.* the art of expressing love  
 Lough, or Loch, *s.* a lake ; standing water  
 Lov'ing, *part. a.* kind, affectionate  
 Lovingkind'ness, *s.* tenderness, mercy  
 Lov'ingly, *ad.* affectionately, with kindness  
 Louis-d'or, *s.* a French gold coin, the old  
     ones worth 17s. and the new about 11.  
 Lounge, *v. n.* to idle or live lazily  
 Loung'er, *s.* an idler, an indolent man  
 Louse, *s.* a small animal of which different  
     species live on the bodies of men, of  
     beasts, and perhaps of all living animals  
 Lousily, *ad.* in a paltry, mean, scurvy way  
 Lousiness, *s.* the state of being lousy  
 Lous'y, *a.* swarming with lice ; mean  
 Lout, *s.* an awkward fellow, a clown  
 Lout'ish, *a.* clownish, bumpkinly  
 Lou'ver, *s.* an opening for the smoke  
 Low, *a.* not high ; humble, dejected, mean  
 Low, *v.* to sink, to make low ; to bellow  
 Low, *ad.* with a low voice, abjectly  
 Low'er, *s.* cloudiness of look, gloominess  
 Lower, *v.* to humble, depress, sink, fall  
 Low'eringly, *ad.* gloomily, cloudily  
 Low'ermost, *a.* lowest, deepest  
 Low'ing, *s.* the bellowing of oxen, &c.  
 Low'land, *s.* a low country, a marsh  
 Low'liness, *s.* humility, want of dignity  
 Low'ly, *a.* humble, meek, not lofty  
 Low'ness, *s.* absence of height, meanness of  
     condition; want of rank; dejection  
 Low'spirited, *a.* dejected, not lively  
 Lexodrom'ic, *s.* the art of oblique sailing by  
     the rhomb, which always makes an equal  
     angle with every meridian  
 Loy'al, *a.* true to a prince, a lady, or a lover  
 Loy'al'st, *s.* one faithful to his king  
 Loy'ally, *ad.* with fidelity or adherence  
 Loy'alty, *s.* fidelity, adherence  
 Loz'enge, *s.* a medicine made in small pieces  
     to melt gradually in the mouth  
 Lub'ber, Lub'bard, *s.* a lazy idle fellow  
 Lub'berly, *ad.* awkwardly, clumsily  
 Lu'brie, Lu'brious, *a.* slippery, unsteady  
 Lub'ricate, *v.* to make smooth or slippery  
 Lubri'city, *s.* slipperiness; wantonness  
 Luce, *s.* a pike full grown  
 Lu'cent, *a.* shining, bright, splendid  
 Lu'cern, *s.* a remarkably quick growing  
 Lu'cid, *a.* shining, bright, pellucid, clear  
 Lucid'ity, *s.* splendour, brightness  
 Lu'cifer, *s.* the devil; the morning star  
 Lucif'rous, Lucif'ic, *a.* giving light  
 Luck, *s.* chance; fortune, good or bad  
 Luck'ily, *ad.* fortunately, by good hap  
 Luck'ness, *s.* good hap, casual happiness  
 Luck'less, *a.* unfortunate, unhappy  
 Luck'y, *a.* fortunate, happy by chance  
 Lu'crative, *a.* profitable, gainful  
 Lu'cre, *s.* gain, profit, pecuniary advantage  
 Lucta'tion, *s.* a struggle, effort, contest  
 Luctif'rous, Luctif'ic, *a.* causing sorrow  
 Lu'cubrate, *v. n.* to study by night  
 Lucubra'tion, *s.* a nightly study or work  
 Lu'cubratory, *a.* composed by candle-light  
 Lu'culent, *a.* clear, lucid, certain, explicit  
 Lu'dicrous, *a.* sportive, merry, burlesque  
 Lu'dicrously, *ad.* in burlesque, sportive  
 Ludifica'tion, *s.* the act of mocking  
 Luff, *v. n.* to keep close to the wind  
 Lug, *v.* to pull with violence, to drag  
 Lug, *s.* a fish; a pole or perch; an ear  
 Lug'gage, *s.* any cumbersome heavy thing  
 Lug'sail, *s.* a kind of square sail  
 Lu'kewarm, *a.* moderately warm; indifferent  
 Lu'kewarmness, *s.* moderate heat, &c.  
 Lull, *v. a.* to compose to sleep, put to rest  
 Lul'aby, *s.* a song to quiet infants  
 Lumba'go, *s.* pains about the loins  
 Lumber, *s.* old useless furniture, &c.  
 Lu'minary, *s.* any body that gives light  
 Lu'minous, *a.* shining, enlightened, bright  
 Lump, *s.* a shapeless mass; the gross  
 Lump'ing, Lump'ish, *a.* large, gross  
 Lump'ishly, *ad.* with stupidity, heavily  
 Lump'y, *a.* full of lumps; dull, heavy  
 Lu'nacy, *s.* madness in general  
 Lu'nar, Lu'nary, *a.* relating to the moon  
 Lu'natice, *s.* a madman—*a.* mad  
 Lun'a'tion, *s.* the revolution of the moon  
 Lunch, Lunch'eon, *s.* a handful of food  
 Lunette, *s.* a half moon in fortification  
 Lungs, *s.* the parts for respiration  
 Lunt, *s.* a match cord to fire guns with  
 Lu'pine, *s.* a sort of pulse  
 Lurch, *v.* to shift, play tricks, lurk, &c.  
 Lurch, *s.* a forlorn or deserted state

Arch'er, *s.* a hunting dog; a glutton  
are, *s.* an enticement—*v.* to entice  
Arid, *a.* pale, gloomy, dismal  
Arik, *v. n.* to lie in wait, to lie close  
Arker, *s.* a thief that lies in wait  
Arking-place, *s.* hiding place, secret place  
Ascious, *a.* sweet, pleasing, cloying  
Ash, *a.* of a dark, deep colour  
Ash, *a.* idle, lazy, worthless  
Ashiness, *s.* a disposition to laziness  
Ash'ious, Lu'sory, *a.* used in play, sportive  
As, *s.* carnal desire—*v. n.* to long for  
Ast'ful, *a.* having irregular desires  
Ast'ly, *ad.* stoutly, with vigour  
Ast'ness, *s.* stoutness, vigour of body  
Ast're, *v. a.* to cleanse, to purify  
Ast'reation, *s.* a purification by water  
Ast're, *s.* brightness; renown; a sconce with  
lights; the space of five years  
Ast'reng, *s.* a kind of shining silk  
Ast'rous, *a.* bright, shining, luminous  
Ast'y, *a.* stout, healthy, able of body  
Ast'rious, *a.* living in mud, like mud  
Ast'e, *s.* a musical instrument; a clay with  
which chymists close up their vessels  
Ast'e, *v. n.* to close with lute or clay

Lu'theran, *s.* a follower of Luther  
Lu'theranism, *s.* the doctrine of Luther  
Lu'tulent, *a.* muddy, foul, turbid  
Lux, Lux'ate, *v. a.* to put out of joint  
Lux'a'tion, *s.* a disjointing; thing disjointed  
Luxu'riance, Luxu'riancy, *s.* exuberance; abundant plenty or growth  
Luxu'riant, *a.* superfluously plenteous  
Luxu'rious, *a.* voluptuous; softening by pleasure; enervating; exuberant  
Luxu'riously, *ad.* voluptuously, deliciously  
Luxu'riousness, *s.* voluptuousness  
Luxu'ry, *s.* delicious fare; profusion; addic'dness to pleasure  
Lycan'thropy, *s.* a species of madness  
Lydian mood, *s.* in music, a doleful and lamenting kind of it  
Lye, *s.* See *lee* and *lie*  
Ly'ing, *part. of to lie*  
Lymph, *s.* a pure transparent fluid  
Lymph'educt, *s.* a vessel to convey lymph  
Lynx, *s.* a sharp-sighted spotted beast  
Lyre, *s.* a harp, a musical instrument  
Lyric, Lyric'al, *a.* pertaining to an harp, or to odes or poetry sung to an harp  
Lyr'ist, *s.* one who plays on the harp

## M.

M HAS in English one unvaried sound by compression of the lips; as, *mine*; it is a numeral for **1000**; is an abbreviation of *magister*, or master, as **M.A.** Master of Arts; **M.S.** stand for manuscript, and **M.S.S.** for manuscripts  
*Mac*, *s.* an Irish and Scotch word for son  
*Mac'no'hi*, *s.* a fop, a coxcomb  
*Mac'ron'ic*, *s.* a confused mixture  
*Mac'ron'ie*, *s.* a sweet cake or biscuit  
*Macaw*, *s.* a West Indian bird  
*Mac'e*, *s.* an en-sign of authority; a spice  
*Mac'e-bearer*, *s.* one who carries the mace  
*Mac'erate*, *v. a.* to make lean; to steep  
*Mac'eration*, *s.* a making lean; steeping  
*Mac'hinal*, *a.* relating to machines  
*Mac'hinate*, *v. a.* to plan, contrive, invent  
*Mac'hination*, *s.* an artifice, contrivance  
*Mac'hine*, *s.* an engine; a stage coach  
*Mac'hinery*, *s.* enginery; any complicated workmanship; decoration in a poem  
*Mac'hinist*, *s.* a constructor, &c. of engines  
*Mac'kent*, *a.* lean, lank, thin  
*Mac'kerel*, *s.* a small sea fish  
*Macrocosm*, *s.* the whole world, or visible system, opposed to *microcosm*, the world of man

*Macta'tion*, *s.* the act of killing for sacrifice  
*Mac'ula*, *Mac'ula'tion*, *s.* a spot, a stain  
*Mac'ulate*, *Mac'kle*, *v. a.* to stain, to spot  
*Mad*, *a.* disordered in the mind; furious  
*Mad*, *Mad'den*, *v.* to make mad; to enrage  
*Mad'am*, *s.* a term of address to a lady  
*Mad'brained*, *a.* hotheaded, wild, disordered  
*Mad'cap*, *s.* a wild, hotbrained fellow  
*Mad'der*, *s.* a plant much used in dyeing  
*Mad'e*, *part. pret. of to make*  
*Mad'efy*, *v. a.* to moisten, to make wet  
*Mad'house*, *s.* a house for madmen  
*Mad'ly*, *ad.* foolishly, furiously, rashly  
*Mad'man*, *s.* a man deprived of his senses  
*Mad'ness*, *s.* loss of understanding; fury, rage, distraction, wildness  
*Mad'rigal*, *s.* a pastoral air or song  
*Mare*, *a.* famous, great, renowned  
*Ma'flic*, *v. n.* to stammer, to stutter  
*Magazi'ne*, *s.* a storehouse for provisions, &c.; a miscellaneous pamphlet  
*Mag'got*, *s.* a small grub; a whim, caprice  
*Mag'gotty*, *a.* full of maggots; capricious  
*Ma'gi*, *s.* eastern astrologers and priests  
*Ma'gic*, *Ma'gical*, *a.* performed by magic  
*Ma'gic*, *s.* a dealing with spirits, &c.  
*Mag'i'cian*, *s.* one skilled in magic

Magiste'rial, *a.* lofty, arrogant, proud  
 Magiste'rially, *ad.* arrogantly, proudly  
 Ma'gistry, *s.* a fine chemical powder  
 Ma'gistracy, *s.* the office of a magistrate  
 Ma'istrate, *s.* one vested with authority  
 Magnal'ity, *s.* a great thing  
 Magnanim'ity, *s.* greatness of mind  
 Magnan'ious, *a.* great of mind, brave  
 Magne'sia, *s.* a powder gently purgative  
 Mag'net, *s.* a stone that attracts iron  
 Magnet'ic, Magnet'ical, *a.* attractive  
 Magnet'ism, *s.* the power of attraction  
 Magnific', Magnific'al, *a.* illustrious  
 Magnific'ence, *s.* grandeur, splendour  
 Magnificent, *a.* fine, splendid, pompous  
 Magnific'o, *s.* a grande of Venice  
 Mag'nifier, *s.* a glass that increases the bulk  
     of any object; an extoller  
 Mag'nify, *v. a.* to make great, to extol  
 Mag'nitude, *s.* greatness, comparative bulk  
 Mag'pie, *s.* a bird; a talkative person  
 Mahog'any, *s.* a valuable brown wood  
 Maid, *s.* a virgin; a woman servant; a fish  
 Maid'en, *s.* a virgin; an instrument with  
     which criminals are beheaded in Scotland  
 Maid'en, *a.* fresh, new, unpolluted  
 Maid'enhead, *s.* virginity; newness  
 Maid'hood, Maid'enhood, *s.* virginity  
 Maid'marian, *s.* a kind of dance  
 Majes'tic, Majes'tical, *a.* august, grand  
 Ma'jesty, *s.* dignity, grandeur, elevation  
 Mail, *s.* armour; a postman's bag  
 Maim, *v. a.* to hurt, to wound, to cripple  
 Maim, *s.* lameness, injury, defect  
 Main, *a.* principal, chief; forcible; gross  
 Main, *s.* the gross, the whole; the ocean  
 Main'land, *s.* a continent  
 Main'ly, *ad.* chiefly, powerfully  
 Main'mast, *s.* the chief or middle mast  
 Main'prize, *s.* a bail, pledge, or surety  
 Main'sail, *s.* the sail of the mainmast  
 Maintain', *v.* to defend, justify, support  
 Maintain'able, *a.* defensible, justifiable  
 Main'tenance, *s.* sustenance, defence  
 Main'top, *s.* the top of the mainmast  
 Main'yard, *s.* the yard of the mainmast  
 Major, *a.* greater, senior, elder  
 Major, *s.* an officer in the army; In logic,  
     the first proposition of a syllogism  
 Majora'tion, *s.* enlargement, increase  
 Majori'ty, *s.* the greater number; the office  
     of a major; fullage; end of minority  
 Maize, *s.* a sort of Indian wheat  
 Make, *v.* to create, force, gain, reach  
 Make, *s.* form, structure, nature  
 Ma'ker, *s.* the Creator; he who makes  
 Ma'kepeace, *s.* a peace-maker, reconciler  
 Ma'king, *s.* the act of forming  
 Mal'ady, *s.* a distemper, a sickness  
 Mal'apert, *a.* saucy, impudent, bold  
 Malax'a, *v. a.* to make soft, to moisten  
 Male, *s.* the he of any species  
 Malead'ministra'tion, *s.* behaving ill in  
     public employ; bad management  
 Male'content, *a.* discontented—*s.* a rebel  
 Maledic'ted, *a.* accursed or banned  
 Maledic'tion, *s.* a curse, an execration  
 Malefac'tion, *s.* a crime, an offence  
 Malefac'tor, *s.* an offender against law  
 Malefic', *a.* mischievous, hurtful  
 Maleprac'tice, *s.* bad practice or conduct  
 Malev'olence, *s.* ill will, malignity, spite  
 Malev'olent, *a.* illnatured, malignant  
 Mal'ice, *s.* badness of design, ill will  
 Mal'i'cious, *a.* full of malice, malignant  
 Mal'i'ciously, *ad.* with intention of malice  
 Mal'i'cousness, *s.* malice, intention of  
     chief to another  
 Mal'i'gn, *a.* unfavourable, infectious, fatal  
 Malig'nancy, Malig'nty, *s.* malevolence  
 Malig'nant, *a.* malicious, mischievous  
 Mal'kin, *s.* a dirty wench; a mop  
 Mall, *s.* a public walk; a beater or hammer  
 Mall, *v. a.* to strike or beat with a mall  
 Mal'daf, *s.* a wild drake  
 Malleabil'ity, *s.* the quality of enduring  
     a hammer, and spreading without breaking  
 Mal'leable, *a.* capable of being spread  
     by beating: gold is eminently so  
 Mal'leate, *v. a.* to beat with a hammer  
 Mal'let, *s.* a wooden hammer  
 Malm'sey, *s.* a sort of grape; a kind of wine  
 Malt, *s.* barley steeped in water, and dried  
 Malt'floor, *s.* a floor for drying malt on  
 Malt'house, *s.* a house for making malt  
 Malt're'at, *v. a.* to treat ill or amiss  
 Malt'ster, *s.* one who deals in malt  
 Malver'a'tion, *s.* misbehaviour in any office  
     mean artifices or shifts  
 Mam, Mamma', *s.* a fond word for Mother  
 Mam'met, *s.* a puppet; artificial figure  
 Mammil'lary, *a.* belonging to the paps  
 Mam'moc, *v.* to tear or pull in pieces  
 Mam'moc, *s.* a shapeless piece  
 Mam'mon, *s.* riches, wealth  
 Man, *s.* human being; the male; not above  
 Man, *v. a.* to furnish with men, &c.  
 Man'acles, *s.* chains for the hands  
 Man'age, Man'agement, Man'agery, *s.* con-  
     duct, frugality; government of a horse  
 Man'ageable, *a.* governable, tractable  
 Man'ager, *s.* a frugal person; a conductor  
 Mana'tion, *s.* the act of issuing from  
 Manch'et, *s.* a small white loaf  
 Man'cipate, *v. a.* to enslave, bind, tie  
 Man'ciple, *s.* a purveyor, a steward  
 Manda'mus, *s.* a writ in the king's bench  
 Mandari'n, *s.* a Chinese magistrate, or no-  
 man'date, *s.* a command, a precept  
 Man'datory, *a.* preceptive, directory

man/dible, *s.* the jaw—*a.* catale  
 man/dil, *s.* a Persian cap or turban  
 man/drake, *s.* a plant with singular roots  
 man/ducate, *v. a.* to chew, to eat  
 mane, *s.* the hair on the neck of a horse  
 man/eater, *s.* one who eats human flesh  
 man/ies, *s.* a ghost, shade, departed soul  
 man/ful, *a.* bold, stout, daring, valiant  
 man/fully, *ad.* boldly, stoutly, valiantly  
 man/gie, *s.* a filthy disease in cattle  
 man/gier, *s.* a long wooden trough for animals  
 to eat out of  
 man/gle, *v. a.* to lacerate; to cut or tear in  
 pieces; to smooth linen  
 man/gler, *s.* a hacker; one that mangles  
 man/go, *s.* an Indian fruit and pickle  
 man/gy, *a.* infected with the mange  
 man/hood, *s.* courage, bravery, virility  
 man/iac, *a.* affected with madness  
 man/ifest, *a.* plain, evident, clear  
 man/ifest, *v. a.* to shew plainly, &c.  
 man/ifesta/tion, *s.* discovery, publication  
 man/ifestly, *ad.* plainly, evidently  
 man/ifesto, *s.* a public protestation  
 man/ifold, *a.* many in number, divers  
 man/kin, *s.* a little man  
 man/nille, *s.* a ring or bracelet; a card  
 man/tle, *s.* a handful; a band of soldiers  
 man/kind, *s.* the human race  
 man/like, Man/ly, *a.* firm, brave, stout  
 man/liness, *s.* bravery, stoutness, dignity  
 man/na, *s.* a physical drug, &c.  
 man/her, *s.* form, habit, mien, kind  
 man/nerly, *a.* civil, well behaved  
 man/ners, *s.* polite behaviour, morals  
 man/euvre, *s.* skilful management  
 man/or, *s.* a lord's jurisdiction  
 man/se, *s.* a parsonage house  
 man/sion, *s.* a dwelling-house, an abode  
 man/slaughter, *s.* murder without malice  
 man/tel, *s.* raised work over a chimney  
 man/telet, *s.* a kind of short cloak; in for-  
 tification, a pent-house for shelter  
 man/tiger, *s.* a large monkey, or baboon  
 man/tle, *s.* a cloak—*v.* to ferment, to cover  
 man/tology, *s.* the gift of prophecy  
 man/tua, *s.* a woman's gown  
 man/tua-maker, *s.* one who makes gowns  
 man/ual, *a.* performed by the hand  
 man/ual, *s.* a small book of prayer, &c.  
 man/uial, *a.* taken as spoils in war  
 man/uation, *s.* a guidance by the hand  
 manufac/ture, *s.* any thing made by art  
 manufac/ture, *v. a.* to make by art  
 manufac/turer, *s.* an artificer, a workman  
 manumis/sion, *s.* the act of freeing slaves  
 manumit, *v. a.* to release from slavery  
 man/urable, *a.* capable of cultivation  
 man/ure, *v. a.* to enrich—*s.* soil for land  
 man/uscript, *s.* a written book, not printed

Ma/ny, *a.* numerous, several  
 Manycol/oured, *a.* having many colours  
 Manyhead/ed, *a.* having many heads  
 Manylan/guaged, *a.* having many languages  
 Map, *s.* a delineation of countries, &c.  
 Ma/pie, *s.* a tree  
 Map/pery, *s.* the art of planning, &c.  
 Mar, *v. a.* to injure, spoil, damage  
 Marana/tha, *s.* a form of anathematizing  
 Maras/mus, *s.* a consumption  
 Maraud/er, *s.* a plundering soldier  
 Maraud/ing, *s.* ranging in quest of plunder  
 Marave/di, *s.* a small Spanish copper coin  
 Marb/le, *s.* a stone of a fine polish  
 Marb/le, *a.* made of or like marble  
 Mar/blehearted, *a.* cruel, hard-hearted  
 Mar/casite, *s.* a hard, bright fossil  
 Marces/cient, *a.* growing withered  
 Marces/cible, *a.* liable to wither or fade  
 March, *s.* the third month of the year; a  
 journey of soldiers; a solemn procession  
 March/es, *s.* the limits of a country  
 Mar/chioness, *s.* the wife of a marquis  
 March/pane, *s.* a kind of sweet bread  
 Mar/cid, *a.* lean, withered, faded, rotten  
 Mare, *s.* the female of a horse; a kind of  
 torpor or stagnation, called the night-mare  
 Ma/reshchal, *s.* a commander of an army  
 Mar/garite, *s.* a pearl; an herb  
 Mar/gent, Mar/gin, *s.* an edge, a border  
 Marginal, *a.* placed in the margin  
 Mar/grave, *s.* a German title of sovereignty  
 Margravi/ate, *s.* the territory of a margrave  
 Margravi/ne, *s.* the wife of a margrave  
 Mar/gold, *s.* a yellow flower, a pot herb  
 Mar/inate, *v. a.* to preserve fish in oil, &c.  
 Mari/ne, *a.* belonging to the sea  
 Mari/ne, *s.* a sea soldier; sea affairs  
 Mar/iner, *s.* a seaman, a sailor  
 Mar/joram, *s.* a sweet smelling herb  
 Mar/fish, *a.* moorish, fenny, boggy  
 Mar/ital, *a.* pertaining to a husband  
 Maritime, *a.* performed on the sea, relating  
 to the sea, bordering on the sea  
 Mark, *s.* a stamp, an impression, a proof; a  
 silver coin worth 13s. 4d.  
 Mark, *v.* to make a mark, to note  
 Mar/ket, *s.* the place for and time of sale  
 Mar/ketable, *a.* fit for sale at market  
 Marks/man, *s.* one who can hit a mark  
 Marl, *s.* a sort of fat clay or manure  
 Mar/line, *s.* hemp dipped in pitch  
 Mar/lpit, *s.* a pit out of which marl is dug  
 Mar/l'y, *a.* abounding with marl  
 Mar/malade, *s.* quinces boiled with sugar  
 Marmo/rean, *a.* made of marble  
 Mar/moset, *s.* a small kind of monkey  
 Marque, *s.* licence for reprisals  
 Marque/e, *s.* an officer's field tent  
 Marquis, *s.* a title next to a duke

Marquisate, *s.* dignity or power of a marquis  
 Mar'riage, *s.* the act of uniting a man and woman together according to law  
 Mar'riageable, *a.* of age to be married  
 Mar'ried, *part. a.* joined in wedlock  
 Mar'row, *s.* an oily substance in bones  
 Mar'rowfat, *s.* a fine large species of pea  
 Mar'rowless, *a.* void of marrow, dry  
 Mar'ry, *v.* to join in, or enter into marriage  
 Marsh, Ma'rish, *s.* a bog, a fen, a swamp  
 Mar'shal, *s.* the chief officer of arms  
 Mar'shal, *v. a.* to arrange, rank in order  
 Mar'shalsea, *s.* a prison in Southwark  
 Mar'shalship, *s.* the office of a marshal  
 Marshmal'low, *s.* the name of a plant  
 Marshmar'igold, *s.* the name of a flower  
 Marsh'y, *a.* boggy, wet, swampy, fenny  
 Mart, *s.* a place of public sale; a bargain  
 Mar'ten, *s.* a large weazel; a swallow  
 Mar'tial, *a.* warlike, valiant, brave  
 Mar'tialist, *s.* a warrior, a fighter  
 Mart'ingal, *s.* a leathern thong for an horse  
 Mart'ningmas, *s.* the feast of St. Martin  
 Mart'inet, Mart'let, *s.* a kind of swallow  
 Mar'tyr, *s.* one who dies for the truth  
 Mar'tyrdom, *s.* the death of a martyr  
 Martyrol'ogy, *s.* a register of martyrs  
 Mar'vel, *s.* a wonder—*v. n.* to wonder at  
 Mar'velous, *a.* astonishing, strange  
 Mar'velously, *ad.* wonderfully, strangely  
 Mas'ciline, *a.* male, like a man, manly  
 Mash, *s.* a mixture of water, bran, &c. for cattle; space between the threads of a net  
 Mash, *v. a.* to break, bruise, or squeeze  
 Mask, *s.* a disguise; an entertainment  
 Mask'er, *s.* one who revels in a mask  
 Ma'son, *s.* one who works in stone  
 Ma'sonry, *s.* the craft or work of a mason  
 Masquera'de, *s.* an assembly of maskers  
 Masquera'der, *s.* a person in a mask  
 Mass, *s.* a lump; Romish church service  
 Mas'sacre, *s.* butchery, slaughter, murder  
 Mas'sacre, *v. a.* to butcher indiscriminately  
 Mas'siness, Mas'siveness, *s.* weight, bulk  
 Mas'sive, Mas'sy, *a.* weighty, bulky  
 Mast, *s.* the beam raised above the ship to which the sail is fixed; the fruit of beech and oak; two pounds and a half of amber  
 Ma'ster, *s.* the chief of any place or thing; one who teaches; a title in universities  
 Ma'ster, *v. a.* to rule, to govern, to conquer  
 Ma'sterless, *a.* having no master, unruly  
 Ma'sterly, *a.* skilful, artful; imperious  
 Ma'sterpiece, *s.* chief excellence; a performance done with extraordinary skill  
 Ma'stership, *s.* power, pre-eminence, skill  
 Ma'sterstroke, *s.* capital performance  
 Ma'stery, *s.* dominion, superiority, skill  
 Mastication, *s.* the act of chewing  
 Mae'ticatory, *s.* a medicine to be chewed

Mas'tich, *s.* a sweet scented gum; cement  
 Mastiff, *s.* a large, fierce species of dog  
 Mast'less, *a.* bearing no mast  
 Mast'lin, Mes'lin, *s.* mixed corn  
 Mat, *s.* a texture of rushes, sedge, or flag  
 Mat'achin, *s.* an old kind of dance  
 Matador'e, *s.* a term at ombre or quadrille  
 Match, *s.* a contest; an equal; marriage; strip of wood tipped with brimstone  
 Match, *v.* to be equal to; suit; marry  
 Match'able, *a.* suitable, equal, corresponding  
 Match'less, *a.* having no equal  
 Match'maker, *s.* one who makes matches  
 Mate, *s.* a companion; the second in subordination, as, the master's mate  
 Mate'rial, *a.* important, essential; corporeal; consisting of matter, not spiritual  
 Mate'rials, *s.* what any thing is made of  
 Mate'rialist, *s.* one who denies the duality of spiritual substances  
 Material'ity, *s.* material existence, corporeality  
 Mate'rially, *ad.* in the state of matter; essentially, importantly, momentously  
 Mater'nal, *a.* motherly, fond, kind  
 Mathemat'ic, Mathematical, *a.* according to the doctrine of mathematics  
 Mathemat'ically, *ad.* according to the laws or rules of the mathematics  
 Mathemati'cian, *s.* one skilled in, or versed in, the mathematics  
 Mathemati'cs, *s.* that science which teaches to number and measure whatever is capable of it, comprised under lines, numbers, superficies, solids, &c.  
 Mathe'sis, *s.* the doctrine of mathematics  
 Mat'in, *a.* used in the morning  
 Mat'in's, *s.* morning worship  
 Mat'rass, *s.* a chemical glass vessel  
 Ma'trice, or Ma'trix, *s.* the womb; a model that which gives form to what is inclosed  
 Mat'ricide, *s.* the murdering of a mother  
 Matric'ulate, *v. a.* to admit to a member of the universities of England  
 Matricula'tion, *s.* the act of matriculating  
 Matrimo'nial, *s.* a pertaining to marriage  
 Matrimony, *s.* marriage, wedlock  
 Ma'tron, *s.* a prudent, motherly woman  
 Ma'tronly, *a.* elderly, ancient, motherly  
 Matro'ss, *s.* a soldier in the artillery  
 Mat'ter, *s.* body or substance; affair; occasion; subject; purulent running  
 Mat'toc, *s.* a pickaxe, a tool to grub weeds  
 Mat'tress, *s.* a quilted bed to lie on  
 Matura'tion, *s.* suppuration, ripening  
 Matu'ratice, *a.* ripening, digesting  
 Matu're, *a.* ripe, perfect, well disposed  
 Matu'rely, *ad.* with counsel well digested  
 Matu'ri'ty, *s.* ripeness, completion  
 Maud'lin, *a.* drunk, fuddled—*s.* a plant  
 Mau'gre, *ad.* in spite of, notwithstanding

ul, *v. a.* to bruise or beat soundly, &c.  
ul, *s.* a heavy wooden hammer  
und, *s.* a hamper with handles  
und'er, *v. n.* to grumble, to murmur  
und'y - Thursday, *s.* Thursday before  
Good-Friday, when the king's almoner  
distributes benefactions to the poor  
unsole'um, *s.* pompous funeral monument  
un, *s.* the stomach, the craw of birds  
unkish, *a.* apt to cause a loathing, &c.  
un'met, *s.* a puppet, anciently an idol  
un'mish, *a.* foolish, idle, nauseous  
un'worm, *s.* a worm in the stomach  
un'cillary, *a.* pertaining to the jaw-bone  
un'win, *s.* a general principle, an axiom  
un'y, *s.* the fifth month of the year  
un, *v. aux.* to be permitted, to have power  
un'flower, *s.* the name of a flower  
un'fly, *s.* an insect peculiar to May  
un'game, *s.* a sport, diversion, play  
un'giving, *s.* gathering May flowers  
un'lily, *s.* the lily of the valley  
un'or, *s.* chief magistrate of a corporation,  
in London and York called *Lord Mayor*  
un'orality, *s.* the office of a mayor  
un'ores, *s.* the wife of a mayor  
un'pole, *s.* a pole, danced round in May  
un'weed, *s.* a species of chamomile  
un'zard, *s.* a jaw, the jaw-bone  
un'e, *s.* confusion of thought ; a labyrinth  
un'zy, *a.* intricate, confused, perplexed  
un'cock, *a.* tame, timorous, cowardly  
un'd, *s.* a drink made of honey and water  
un'd, *s.* Mead'ow, *s.* pasture land  
un'ager, *a.* lean, poor in flesh, hungry  
un'gerness, *s.* leanness, scantiness, bareness  
un'hook, *s.* a hook with a long handle  
un'ed, *s.* edible part of corn ; a repast  
un'liness, *s.* a mealy quality  
un'man, *s.* one that deals in meal  
un'ly, *a.* of the taste or softness of meal  
un'mouth'ed, *a.* bashful of speech  
un'an, *a.* of low rank, base, contemptible  
un'an, *s.* medium, measure, revenue  
un'an, *v.* to intend, design, signify  
un'winder, *s.* a serpentine winding, maze  
un'wif'y, *ad.* a signification, intention  
un'ness, *s.* lowness of mind, sordidness  
un'part, *part. pass. of to mean*  
un'se, *s.* a measure of 500 herrings  
un'sled, Meas'ly, *a.* spotted with measles  
un'sles, *s.* a kind of fever, attended with  
inflammation, eruptions, &c.  
un'surable, *a.* that may be measured  
un'sure, *v. a.* to compute or allot quantity  
un'sure, *s.* that by which any thing is mea-  
sured ; musical time ; metre ; proportion  
un'lotment, limit, boundary, degree  
un'wreless, *a.* immense, boundless

Mea'surement, *s.* act of measuring  
Mea'surer, *s.* one that measures  
Mea'sures, *s.* ways, means, &c.  
Meat, *s.* flesh to be eaten ; food in general  
Meat'ed, *a.* fed, foddered  
Meat'offering, *s.* an offering to be eaten  
Mechan'ic, *s.* a manufacturer, artificer  
Mechan'ic, Mechan'ical, *a.* skilled in me-  
chanics ; servile ; of mean occupation  
Mechani'cian, *s.* one professing or studying  
the construction of machines  
Mechani'cs, *s.* the geometry of motion  
Mec'hanism, *s.* artificial construction  
Meco'nium, *s.* expressed juice of poppies  
Med'al, *s.* an ancient coin ; a piece stamped  
in honour of some victory, &c.  
Medal'lion, *s.* a large medal or coin  
Medalist, *s.* one curious in medals  
Med'dle, *v.* to interpose, to have to do  
Med'dler, *s.* an officious busybody  
Med'iate, *v.* to interpose as an equal friend to  
both parties ; to be between two  
Media'tion, *s.* an interposition, agency  
Media'tor, *s.* an intercessor, an adviser  
Media'torship, *s.* the office of a mediator  
Media'trix, *s.* a female mediator  
Med'i'cable, *a.* that may be healed  
Medical, Medi'cinal, *a.* physical  
Med'i'cally, Medi'cinally, *ad.* physically  
Med'i'cament, *s.* any thing used in healing  
Med'i'cate, *v. a.* to tincture with medicines  
Med'i'cine, *s.* a remedy in physic  
Med'i'ety, *s.* a middle state ; half  
Med'in, *s.* a small coin ; a measure  
Medioc'rit'y, *s.* a middle state ; small degree  
Med'i'tate, *v.* to plan, scheme, contemplate  
Medita'tion, *s.* deep thought, contemplation  
Me'ditative, *a.* given to meditation, serious  
Mediterra'ncan, Medite'ra'neous, *a.* encir-  
cled with land ; remote from the sea  
Mediterra'nean-Sea, *s.* so called from its si-  
tuation, having Europe on the north, Afri-  
ca on the south, and Asia on the east  
Me'dium, *s.* a mean or middle state  
Med'lar, *s.* the name of a tree and its fruit  
Med'licy, *s.* a mixture, mingled mass  
Medul'lar, *a.* pertaining to marrow  
Meed, *s.* a reward, a recompence, gift  
Meek, *a.* mild of temper, gentle, soft  
Meek'ness, *s.* gentleness, quietness, mildness  
Meer, *s.* a boundary, a lake  
Meet, *v.* to encounter, find, join — *a.* proper  
Meet'ing, *s.* an assembly ; a conventicle  
Meet'ly, *ad.* properly, fitly  
Meet'ness, *s.* fitness, propriety  
Me'grim, *s.* a painful disorder of the head  
Mel'ancholic, Mel'ancholy, *a.* fanciful,  
gloomy, hypochondriacal, dismal  
Mel'ancholy, *s.* sadness, pensiveness  
Me'liorate, *v. q.* to make better, to improve

Melioration, Meliority, *s.* improvement  
 Melliferous, *a.* producing honey  
 Mellification, *s.* the act of making honey  
 Mellifluence, *s.* a flow of sweetness  
 Mellifluent, Mellifluous, *a.* flowing with honey, sweet; eloquent  
 Mellow, *a.* soft in sound; full ripe; drunk  
 Mellowness, *s.* ripeness, maturity  
 Melodious, *a.* harmonious, full of melody  
 Melody, *s.* music, harmony of sound  
 Melon, *s.* a plant and its fruit  
 Melt, *v.* to make or become liquid, to dissolve  
 Melter, *s.* one that melts metals  
 Member, *s.* a limb, part, clause; one  
 Membrane, *s.* a web of many fibres  
 Membraneous, *a.* consisting of membranes  
 Memento, *s.* a hint, notice, memorial  
 Memoir, *s.* a history written by persons interested in, or eye witnesses to, the events  
 Memorable, *a.* worthy of remembrance  
 Memorandum, *s.* a note to help memory  
 Memorial, *s.* a monument; something to preserve memory; a writing about public business by a public minister, &c.  
 Memoalist, *s.* one who writes memorials  
 Memory, *s.* the power of retaining or recollecting things past; that faculty by which we call to mind any past transaction  
 Men, *s.* plural of *Man*  
 Menace, *v. a.* to threaten—*s.* a threat  
 Menage, or Menagerie, *s.* a collection of animals  
 Mend, *v. a.* to repair, correct, improve  
 Menda'city, *s.* a falsehood  
 Mend'er, *s.* one who mends or improves  
 Mendicant, *a.* begging—*s.* a beggar  
 Mendicite, *v. a.* to beg, to ask alms  
 Mendi'city, *s.* the life of a beggar  
 Menial, *s.* a servant—*a.* a domestic  
 Menology, *s.* a register of months  
 Men'strual, *a.* monthly, lasting a month  
 Men'struum, *s.* liquids used in infusions  
 Men'surable, *a.* that may be measured  
 Men'surate, *v. a.* to measure any thing  
 Mensuration, *s.* the act of measuring  
 Mental, *a.* intellectual; in the mind  
 Men'tion, *s.* oral recital of any thing  
 Men'tion, *v. a.* to express in words, &c.  
 Mephit'ical, *a.* ill savoured, stinking  
 Mer'cantile, *a.* trading, commercial  
 Mer'cat, *s.* the time or place of trade  
 Mer'cenary, *s.* a hireling—*a.* venal, selfish  
 Mer'cer, *s.* one who sells silk, &c.  
 Mer'cery, *s.* the trade of mercers  
 Mer'chandise, *s.* trade, commerce, wares  
 Mer'chant, *s.* a dealer by wholesale  
 Mer'chantman, *s.* a ship of trade  
 Mer'ciful, *a.* compassionate, tender, kind  
 Mer'cifully, *ad.* tenderly, with pity  
 Mer'ciless, *a.* void of mercy, pitiless

Mercurial, *a.* consisting of mercury  
 Mer'cury, *s.* quicksilver; sprightliness  
 Mer'cy, *s.* clemency, pardon, mildness  
 Mere, *a.* that or this only, nothing else  
 Me'rely, *ad.* simply, only, in this manner  
 Meretricious, *a.* whorish, lewd, gaudy  
 Meridian, *s.* mid-day; the line drawn from north to south, which the sun crosses at noon; highest point of glory and power  
 Merid'ional, *a.* southern, southerly  
 Mer'it, *s.* desert, due reward, claim, right  
 Merito'rious, *a.* deserving of reward  
 Mer'lin, *s.* a sort of hawk  
 Mer'maid, *s.* a fabulous sea creature, with the upper parts described like those of a woman, and the lower like a fish  
 Mer'rily, *ad.* with gaiety, cheerfully  
 Mer'riment, *s.* cheerfulness, laughter, gaiety  
 Mer'ry, *a.* cheerful, causing laughter  
 Merry-an'drew, *s.* buffoon, a jack-pudding  
 Mer'rythought, *s.* a bone of a fowl  
 Mer'sion, *s.* the act of dipping or plunging  
 Mesenter'ic, *a.* relating to the mesentery  
 Me'sentery, *s.* that membranous part round which the guts are convolved  
 Mesh, *s.* space between the threads of a net  
 Mess, *s.* a dish or portion of food  
 Mess, *v. n.* to eat, to feed together  
 Mes'sage, *s.* an errand, advice sent  
 Mes'senger, *s.* one who carries a message  
 Messi'ah, *s.* the Saviour of the world, Christ  
 Messieurs, *pl.* of monsieur, gentlemen  
 Mess'mate, *s.* one who eats with another  
 Mes'susage, *s.* a dwelling-house, &c.  
 Met, *pret.* and *part.* of *to meet*  
 Met'tage, *s.* the measuring of coals  
 Metal, *s.* metals are 6 in number, viz. gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, and lead; courage  
 Metaleptic, *a.* acting transversely  
 Metal'lic, *a.* pertaining to metal  
 Metal'line, *a.* impregnated with metal  
 Metallist, *s.* a worker in metals  
 Metallurgy, *s.* the act of working metals  
 Metamorphosis, *s.* a transformation  
 Metaphor, *s.* the application of a word to use to which, in its original import, it cannot be put, as, he *bridles* his anger, the *golden* harvest, &c.  
 Metaphor'ical, *a.* figurative, not literal  
 Metaphrase, *s.* a verbal translation  
 Metaphys'ical, *a.* relating to metaphysics  
 Metaphysics, *s.* the science which considers beings as abstracted from all matter, particularly beings purely spiritual, as God, angels, and the human soul  
 Metas'tasis, *s.* a translation or removal  
 Metathesis, *s.* a transposition, change  
 Mete, *v. a.* to measure, &c.  
 Metempsycho'sis, *s.* a transmigration of soul from one body to another at death

Meteor, *s.* a body in the air or sky, of a luminous, transitory nature  
 Meteorological, *a.* relating to meteors  
 Meteorologist, *s.* a man skilled in meteors  
 Meteorology, *s.* the doctrine of meteors  
 Meter, *s.* a measurer  
 Metewand, Mc'teyard, *s.* a staff wherewith measures are taken  
 Metheglin, *s.* a drink made of honey, spices, water, &c. boiled together  
 Metinks, *v. imp.* I think, it seems to me  
 Method, *s.* convenient order, regularity  
 Methodical, *a.* ranged in due order, exact  
 Methodically, *ad.* according to method  
 Methodise, *v. a.* to bring into good order  
 Methodism, *s.* a term of reproach attached to a system of religious opinions, the professors of which are divided into two classes; the one subscribes to the doctrines of Calvin, and the other embraces the tenets of Arminius  
 Methought, *pret. of methinks,* I thought  
 Metonymy, *s.* a figure in rhetoric, when one word is used for another  
 Metopscopy, *s.* the study of physiognomy  
 Metre, *s.* verse, harmonic measure  
 Metrical, *a.* pertaining to metre  
 Metrice, *s.* a musical measure of syllables  
 Metropolis, *s.* the chief city of a country  
 Metropolitan, *s.* an archbishop  
 Mettle, *s.* fire, briskness, spirit, courage  
 Mettled, *a.* sprightly, courageous  
 Metlesome, *a.* lively, brisk, courageous  
 Met, *s.* a cage, inclosure; a sea fowl  
 Met, *v. a.* to cry as a cat; moult; shut up  
 Met, *v. n.* to squall as a young child  
 Metzotint, *s.* a kind of engraving on copper  
 Metam, *s.* such particles or atoms as are supposed to arise from distempered, putrefying, or poisonous bodies  
 Mete, *s. plural of mouse*  
 Michaelmas, *s.* the feast of St. Michael  
 Methe, *v. n.* to skulk, absent one's self  
 Metcher, *s.* a lazy loiterer, a skulker  
 Metching, *part. lying hid, loitering*  
 Microcosm, *s.* the little world: the body of man is so called  
 Micrometer, *s.* an astronomical instrument to measure small spaces  
 Microscope, *s.* an optical instrument, by which the smallest objects are described  
 Mid, Midst, *a.* between two; equally distant  
 Mid-day, *s.* noon, meridian  
 Middle, *a.* equally distant from the two extremes; intermediate  
 Middle-aged, *a.* about the middle of life  
 Middlemost, Mid'most, *a.* in the midst  
 Middle, *a.* of middle rank; moderate  
 Middle, *s.* agnat, an insect  
 Mid'ayen, *s.* the middle of the sky

Mid'land, *a.* surrounded by land  
 Mid'leg, *s.* the middle of the leg  
 Mid'night, *s.* twelve o'clock at night  
 Mid'riff, *s.* the diaphragm; a skin separating the heart, &c. from the lower belly  
 Mid'shipman, *s.* a naval officer next in rank to a lieutenant  
 Mid'stream, *s.* the middle of the stream  
 Mid'summer, *s.* the summer solstice  
 Mid'way, *ad.* in the middle of a passage  
 Mid'wife, *s.* a woman who assists women in childbirth  
 Mid'wifery, *s.* the act of delivering women  
 Mid'winter, *s.* the winter solstice  
 Mien, *s.* air, look, manner, appearance  
 Might, *pret. of may—s.* power, force  
 Mightily, *ad.* powerfully, efficaciously  
 Mightiness, *s.* power, height of dignity  
 Mighty, *a.* powerful—*ad.* in a great degree  
 Mi'grate, *v. n.* to remove, to change place  
 Migrat'ion, *s.* the act of removing  
 Milch, *a.* giving or yielding milk  
 Mild, *a.* kind, gentle, soft, easy, tender  
 Mil'dew, *s.* a disease in plants, &c.; certain spots on cloth, paper, &c.  
 Mil'dewed, *part. a.* damaged with mildew  
 Mild'ly, *ad.* tenderly, not severely  
 Mild'ness, *s.* gentleness, clemency  
 Mile, *s.* a land measure of 1760 yards  
 Mil'estone, *s.* a stone set to mark the miles  
 Mil'foil, *s.* a herb with many leaves  
 Mil'itary, *a.* small, like millet seeds  
 Militant, *a.* fighting; engaged in warfare  
 Military, *a.* warlike, suiting a soldier  
 Mil'itate, *v. n.* to differ from, to oppose  
 Mil'itia, *s.* a national force; trainbands  
 Milk, *s.* the liquor with which females feed their young from the breast or teats  
 Milk, *v. a.* to draw milk from a cow, &c.  
 Milk'en, *a.* consisting of milk  
 Milk'er, *s.* one that milks animals  
 Milk'iness, *s.* softness like that of milk  
 Milk'maid, *s.* woman employed in the dairy  
 Milk'sop, *s.* a soft, feeble-minded man  
 Milk'white, *a.* white as milk  
 Milk'y, *a.* yielding milk; soft, gentle  
 Milk'y-wa'y, *s.* a broad white track in the heavens, caused by the light of an infinity of fixed stars; the galaxy  
 Mill, *s.* an engine to grind corn, &c.  
 Mill, *v. a.* to grind, comminute; stamp  
 Mill'cog, *s.* a tooth of a wheel  
 Millena'rian, *s.* one who holds the doctrine of, or expects the millennium  
 Millenary, *a.* consisting of a thousand  
 Millen'ium, *s.* the space of 1000 years during which some imagine Christ reign on earth after the resurrection  
 Mil'lepedes, *s.* woodlice; insects  
 Miller, *s.* one who attends mills; a fly

Millesimal, *a.* a thousandth  
 Mil'let, *s.* the name of a fish and a plant  
 Mill'horse, *s.* a horse that turns a mill  
 Mill'iner, *s.* one who sells ribands, bonnets, caps, &c. for women  
 Mill'inery, *s.* goods sold by a milliner  
 Mill'ion, *s.* ten hundred thousand  
 Mill'pond, *s.* a bed of water near a mill  
 Mill'stone, *s.* a stone for grinding corn  
 Mill'teeth, *s.* large teeth; the grinders  
 Milre'a, or Milre'e, *s.* a measure containing about 17 gallons; 1000 Portugal rees  
 Milt, *s.* the soft roe of fishes; the spleen  
 Mil'ter, *s.* the male of fishes  
 Mim'ic, *s.* a ludicrous imitator of the gestures or voice of others, a buffoon  
 Mim'ic, Mim'ical, *a.* apish, imitative  
 Mim'icry, *s.* a burlesque copying  
 Mimog'raper, *s.* a writer of farces  
 Mi'nat'ry, *a.* threatening, denouncing  
 Mince, *v. a.* to cut very small; to palliate  
 Min'cingly, *ad.* in small parts, not fully  
 Mind, *s.* intelligence; faculty, opinion  
 Mind, *v. a.* to mark, to attend, to remind  
 Mind'ed, *a.* inclined, affected, disposed  
 Mind'ful, *a.* regardful, attentive  
 Mind'fulness, *s.* attention, watchfulness  
 Mind'less, *a.* regardless, inattentive  
 Mine, *pron. posses.* belonging to me  
 Mine, *s.* a place where minerals are dug; a cavern under a fortification filled with gunpowder—*v.* to sap or ruin by mines  
 Min'er'ial, *s.* matter dug out of mines  
 Min'er'ial, *a.* consisting of fossil bodies  
 Min'er'alist, *s.* one skilled in minerals  
 Mineral'ogist, *s.* a discourser on minerals  
 Mineral'ogy, *s.* the doctrine of minerals  
 Min'gle, *v. a.* to mix, to compound, to unite  
 Min'gle, *s.* mixture, confused mass  
 Min'iature, *s.* a painting in water-colours, very small and delicate  
 Min'kin, *a.* small—*s.* a small pin  
 Min'im, *s.* a dwarf; a note in music  
 Min'imus, *s.* a being of the least size  
 Min'ion, *s.* a favourite; a low, unprincipled dependant; a darling  
 Min'ish, *v. a.* to lessen, lop, impair  
 Min'ister, *s.* an officer of the state, or the church; an agent; a delegate  
 Min'ister, *v.* to give, to supply, to attend on  
 Ministe'rial, *a.* pertaining to a minister of the church or state; attendant  
 Min'istry, *s.* office, service, administration  
 Ministra'tion, *s.* agency, service, office  
 Min'istry, *s.* office; agency of the state  
 Min'now, *s.* a very small fish, a pink  
 Mi'nor, *a.* less, smaller, inconsiderable  
 Mi'nor, *s.* one not of age; in logic, the second proposition in the syllogism  
 Mi'norate, *v. a.* to diminish, to lessen  
 Minora'tion, *s.* the act of lessening  
 Minor'ity, *s.* nonage; state of being young; the smaller number  
 Min'otaur, *s.* a monster, invented by poets, half a man, and half a bull  
 Min'ster, *s.* a cathedral church, a monast'ry  
 Min'strelsy, *s.* music; a band of musicians  
 Mint, *s.* a plant; a place for coining  
 Min'uet, *s.* a stately regular dance  
 Min'um, *s.* a note of slow time  
 Min'ute, *a.* small, little, slender, trifling  
 Min'ute, *s.* the 60th part of an hour  
 Min'ute, *v. a.* to set down in short hints  
 Min'ute-book, *s.* a book of short hints  
 Min'ute-gun, *s.* a gun fired every minute  
 Minutely, *ad.* exactly, to a small point  
 Minx, *s.* a young, pert, wanton girl  
 Mir'acle, *s.* something above human power  
 Mirac'u'los, *a.* done by miracle  
 Mirac'u'losly, *ad.* by miracle; wonderfully  
 Mirado'r, *s.* a balcony, a gallery  
 Mire, *s.* mud, dirt, filth; an ant, a pig  
 Mire, *v. a.* to overwhelm in the mud  
 Mir'ror, *s.* a looking-glass; a pattern  
 Mir'rorstone, *s.* a clear transparent stone  
 Mirth, *s.* jollity, merriment, laughter  
 Mirth'ful, *a.* gay, cheerful, merry  
 Mi'ry, *a.* deep in mud, muddy, filthy  
 Misadven'ture, *s.* mischance, bad fortune  
 Misadvi'se, *v. a.* to give bad counsel  
 Misadvi'sed, *a.* ill-counselled, ill-directed  
 Misaim'ed, *a.* not aimed rightly  
 Mis'anthrope, *s.* a hater of mankind  
 Misan'tropy, *s.* the hatred of mankind  
 Misapply', *v. a.* to apply to wrong purpose  
 Misappreh'e'nd, *v. a.* not to understand rightly, to misunderstand, to mistake  
 Misapprehen'sion, *s.* not right apprehension  
 Misassi'gn, *v. a.* to assign erroneously  
 Misbeco'me, *v. a.* not to become, not to be  
 Misbecom'ing, *part. a.* indecent, unseemly  
 Misbegot'ten, *part. a.* unlawfully begotten  
 Misbeha've, *v. n.* to act improperly or ill  
 Misbeha'veiour, *s.* ill conduct, bad practice  
 Misbelie'f, *s.* a wrong faith or belief  
 Misbelie'ver, *s.* one that holds a false religion  
 Miscal', *v. a.* to name improperly  
 Miscal'culate, *v. a.* to reckon wrong  
 Miscal'riage, *s.* abortion; ill success  
 Miscal'ry, *v. n.* to have an abortion; to miscarry  
 Miscella'neous, *a.* composed of various kinds mixed without order  
 Mis'cellany, *s.* a mass or mixture formed of various kinds  
 Mischa'nce, *s.* ill luck, ill fortune  
 Mis'chief, *s.* harm, hurt, injury  
 Mis'chiefmaker, *s.* one who causes mischief  
 Mis'chievous, *a.* hurtful, malicious  
 Mis'cible, *a.* possible to be mingled  
 Miscta'tion, *s.* a false or unfair quotation

uim, *s.* an improper or mistaken claim  
ception, *s.* a false opinion  
duct, *s.* ill management, ill behaviour  
struction, *s.* a wrong interpretation  
nstrue, *v. a.* to interpret wrong  
unt, *v. a.* to reckon wrong  
rance, *s.* unbelief, suspicion, false faith  
ean, *s.* an infidel, a vile wretch  
ate, Miscrea'ted, *a.* formed unnatu  
y, or illegitimately, ill shapen  
ed, *s.* an evil action, crime  
em, *v. a.* to judge ill of; to mistake  
mean'or, *s.* an offence, ill behaviour  
otion, *s.* mistaken piety  
y, *v. a.* to do wrong, to commit crimes  
ubt, *v. a.* to suspect—*s.* suspicion  
ploy', *v. a.* to use to wrong purposes  
ploy'ment, *s.* improper application  
*s.* a wretch, one covetous to excess  
able, *a.* unhappy, wretched; stingy  
ly, *ad.* unhappily; meanly  
y, *s.* wretchedness, calamity, avarice  
hision, *v. a.* to form wrong  
m, *v. a.* to form badly

Mispro'ud, *a.* vitiously proud  
Misquo'te, *v. a.* to quote falsely  
Misreci'te, *v. a.* to recite or repeat wrong  
Misreck'on, *v. a.* to compute wrong  
Misrela'te, *v. a.* to relate falsely  
Misrepo'rt, *v. a.* to give a false account  
Misrepres'nt, *v. a.* to represent not as it is,  
to falsify to disadvantage  
Misru'le, *s.* tumult, disorder, revel  
Miss, *s.* a young, unmarried woman  
Miss, *v.* not to hit, mistake, fail, omit  
Miss'al, *s.* the Romish mass book  
Mis'sen-gross, *s.* a small Saxon coin  
Missha'pe, *v. a.* to shape ill, to deform  
Mis'sile, *a.* thrown by the hand  
Mis'sion, *s.* a commission, legation  
Mis'sionary, *s.* one sent to preach the gospel,  
and propagate religion  
Mis'sive, *a.* such as may be sent or flung  
Mis'sive, *s.* a leiter sent; a messenger  
Mispe'ak, *v. a.* to speak wrong  
Mist, *s.* a low thin cloud; a fog; dimness  
Mista'ke, *v.* to conceive wrong, to err  
Missta'te, *v. a.* to state wrong or falsely  
Miste'ach, *v. a.* to teach wrong  
Miste'rm, *v. a.* to term erroneously  
Misti'me, *v. a.* not to time right  
Mist'i'ness, *s.* cloudiness, being overcast  
Mis'tion, *s.* the state of being mingled  
Mist'ress, *s.* a woman teacher; a concubine  
Mistrus't, *s.* disidence, suspicion  
Mistrust'ful, *a.* suspicious, doubting  
Mistrust'less, *a.* confident, not suspecting  
Mist'y, *a.* clouded, obscure, not plain  
Misunderstand', *v. a.* to misconceive, to err  
Misunderstanding', *s.* a misconception, error  
Misu'sage, Misu'se, *s.* bad treatment, abuse  
Mite, *s.* a small insect; any small thing  
Mith'ridate, *s.* a medicine against poison  
Mit'igate, *v. a.* to alleviate, to assuage  
Mitiga'tion, *s.* the act of assuaging; abate  
ment of any thing harsh or painful  
Mi'tre, *s.* a kind of episcopal crown  
Mi'tred, *a.* adorned with a mitre  
Mit'tens, *s.* gloves without fingers  
Mit'tent, *a.* sending forth, emitting  
Mit'timus, *s.* a warrant by which a justice  
of peace sends an offender to prison  
Mix, *v. a.* to unite, join, mingle  
Mix'ture, *s.* act of mixing, things mixed  
Miz'maze, *s.* a labyrinth, a maze  
Miz'zen, *s.* the mast in the stern of a ship  
Mnemon'ics, *s.* the art or act of memory  
Moan, *v.* to grieve, deplore—*s.* lamentation  
Moat, *s.* a canal round a castie, &c.  
Mob, *s.* a woman's cap; a crowd, rabble  
Mob, *v. a.* to scold vulgarly, to riot  
Mob'ble, *v. a.* to dress inelegantly  
Mob'by, *s.* a drink made of potatoes  
Mobil'ity, *s.* the populace; activity; fickleness

Mocho-stone, *s.* a stone nearly related to the agate kind, of a clear horny grey, with delineations representing mosses, &c.

Mock, *v. a.* to mimic, ridicule, tantalize

Mock, *a.* false, counterfeit, not real

Mockable, *a.* exposed to mockery

Mocka'does, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff

Mock'ery, *s.* ridicule, scorn, vain show

Mod'al, *a.* relating to the form or mode

Modal'ity, *s.* accidental difference

Mode, *s.* form, state, method, fashion

Mod'el, *s.* a representation, copy, standard

Mod'el, *v. a.* to mould, shape, delineate

Mod'erate, *a.* temperate, mild, sober

Mod'erate, *v. a.* to regulate, to restrain

Mod'erately, *ad.* temperately, mildly

Modera'tion, *s.* calmness of mind, equanimity; keeping the passions, &c. within due bounds; frugality in expense

Modera'tor, *s.* one who rules or restrains

Mod'ern, *a.* late, recent, not ancient, mean

Mod'erns, *s.* persons of late times

Mod'ernise, *v. a.* to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons or things

Mod'est, *a.* diffident, chaste, discreet

Mod'estly, *ad.* not arrogantly, chastely

Mod'esty, *s.* chastity, decency, humility

Mod'icum, *s.* a small portion, a pittance

Mod'ifiable, *a.* that may be diversified

Modifica'tion, *s.* the act of modifying

Mod'ify, *v. a.* to qualify, soften, shape

Modil'lion, *s.* a sort of bracket

Mo'dish, *a.* fashionable, tasty, gay

Mod'ulate, *v. a.* to form sounds to a certain key, or to certain notes

Modula'tion, *s.* an agreeable harmony

Modula'tor, *s.* one who forms sounds to a certain key; a tuner of instruments

Mo'dule, *s.* an empty representation

Mo'dus, *s.* a compensation in lieu of tithes

Mogu'l, *s.* an emperor of India

Mo'hair, *s.* a thread, or stuff made of hair

Mo'hoc, *s.* a barbarous Indian, a ruffian

Moid'ered, *a.* crazed, bewildered

Moid'o're, *s.* a Portugal coin, value 11. 7s.

Mo'ety, *s.* half, one of two equal parts

Moil, *v.* to daub, to toil, drudge, weary

Moist, *a.* wet, not dry, damp, juicy

Moist'en, *v. a.* to make damp, to wet

Moist'ness, *s.* dampness, wettishness

Moist'ure, *s.* a small quantity of water, &c.

Mole, *s.* a natural spot; an animal

Mo'lecatcher, *s.* one who catches moles

Mo'lehill, *s.* a hillock made by a mole

Mole'st, *v. a.* to disturb, vex, disquiet

Molesta'tion, *s.* disturbance, vexation

Mo'lewarp, Mould'warp, *s.* a mole

Mol'lient, *a.* softening, assuaging

Mol'lifiable, *a.* that may be softened

Mollifica'tion, *s.* the act of mollifying

Mol'lify, *v. a.* to soften, assuage, pacify

Molos'ses, or Molas'ses, *s.* treacle; the scum or scum of the juice of the sugar-cane

Molt'en, *part. pass.* from to melt

Molt'ing, or Moul'ting, *part. a.* the falling off, or change of feathers, horns, &c.

Mo'ly, *s.* a kind of wild garlic

Mome, *s.* a dull, blockish person; a person

Mo'ment, *s.* an indivisible part of time; sequence, importance, value

Mo'mentary, *a.* lasting for a moment

Moment'ous, *a.* important, weighty

Mom'ery, *s.* a farcical entertainment

Mon'achal, *a.* monastic, monkish

Mon'achism, *s.* a monastic life

Mon'ad, Mon'ade, *s.* an indivisible thing

Mon'arch, *s.* a sovereign, a king

Monar'chial, *a.* suited a monarch, regal

Monarch'ical, *a.* vested in a single ruler

Mon'archy, *s.* a kingly government; empire

Mon'astery, *s.* a convent, a cloister

Monas'tic, *a.* pertaining to a convent

Monas'tically, *ad.* reclusely

Mon'day, *s.* the second day of the week

Mon'ey, *s.* any metal coined for traffic

Mon'eyed, *a.* rich in money, wealthy

Mon'eyless, *a.* wanting money, poor

Mon'eyscrivener, *s.* one who raises money for others

Mon'ger, *s.* a trader, dealer, seller

Mon'grel, *s.* an animal of a mixed breed

Mon'fish, *v. a.* to admonish, counsel

Mon'isher, *s.* an admonisher, a monitor

Meni'tion, *s.* information, document

Mon'itor, *s.* one who warns of faults, gives necessary hints

Mon'itory, *a.* admonishing—*s.* a warning

Monk, *s.* one who lives in a monastery

Monk'ey, *s.* an ape, a baboon; silly fellow

Monk'ish, *a.* monastic; pertaining to monks

Mon'ochord, *s.* an instrument of one string

Monoc'ular, Monoc'ulous, *a.* one-eyed

Mon'ody, *s.* a poem sung by one person

Monog'ammy, *s.* a marriage of one wife only

Mon'ogram, *s.* a cipher, or character, composed of many letters interwoven

Mon'ologue, *s.* a soliloquy

Mon'omachy, *s.* a single combat, a duel

Monop'etalous, *a.* having but one leaf

Monop'olist, *s.* one who engrosses a trade entirely to himself

Monop'olize, *v. a.* to engross all of a commodity into a person's own hands

Monop'oly, *s.* the sole privilege of selling

Monop'tote, *s.* a noun of but one case

Monosyl'able, *s.* a word of one syllable

Monot'ony, *s.* want of variety in cadence

Monsoo'n, *s.* a periodical trade wind

Mon'ster, *s.* a thing unnatural or horrible

Mon'strous, *a.* unnatural, shocking

Mōrō, *s.* a horseman's cap  
 Mōrēth, *s.* a vessel to wash glasses in  
 Mōrth, *s.* a space of time, four weeks  
 Mōrtly, *a.* happening every month  
 Mōrument, *s.* any thing to perpetuate memory, as a tomb, pillar, statue, &c.  
 Mōrument'āl, *a.* preserving memory  
 Mōrd, *s.* a term in grammar; disposition  
 Mōrdy, *a.* angry, out of humour; mental  
 Mōrth, *s.* the great luminary of the night  
 Mōrbeam, *s.* a ray of lunar light  
 Mōrcalf, *s.* a monster; a stupid fellow  
 Mōreyed, *a.* dim-eyed, purblind  
 Mōrless, *a.* not illuminated by the moon  
 Mōrlight, *s.* light afforded by the moon  
 Mōrshine, *s.* the lustre of the moon  
 Mōrshiny, *a.* enlightened by the moon  
 Mōry, *a.* like the moon, lunaed  
 Mōr, *s.* a negro; a marsh, fen, bog  
 Mōr, *v.* to fasten by anchors, to be fixed  
 Mōren, *s.* name of a water fowl  
 Mōring, *s.* place where a ship anchors  
 Mōrfish, Mōor'y, *a.* marshy, fenny  
 Mōrlānd, *s.* a marsh, watery ground  
 Mōr, *s.* a large American deer  
 Mōr, *v. a.* to exercise in law pleadings  
 Mōr-ate, or Mōr-point, *s.* a disputable point  
 Mōr, *a.* plucked up by the roots  
 Mōr, *s.* an utensil to clean floors, &c.  
 Mōr, *v. n.* to be spiritless or drowsy  
 Mōrpus, *s.* a drone, a dreamer  
 Mōp, *s.* a puppet, a doll  
 Mōr, *a.* relating to human life, as it is  
 Mōrious or criminal, good or bad  
 Mōr, *s.* the instruction of a fable, &c.  
 Mōrist, *s.* one who practises morality  
 Mōrality, *s.* doctrine of the duties of life  
 Mōrize, *v.* to write, &c. on moral subjects  
 Mōrizer, *s.* he who moralizes  
 Mōrally, *ad.* honestly, justly; probably  
 Mōriss, *s.* the practice of moral duties  
 Mōr, *s.* a fen, a bog, a moor, a swamp  
 Mōr, *a.* diseased, corrupted  
 Mōrdness, *s.* the state of being diseased  
 Mōrific, *a.* causing diseases  
 Mōrifice, *a.* proceeding from disease  
 Mōrific, *a.* biting, apt to bite  
 Mōr, *a.* in greater number or degree  
 Mōr, *s.* a kind of cherry; a plant  
 Mōr, *ad.* more than yet mentioned  
 Mōrgerous, *a.* obedient, obsequious  
 Mōr, *s.* armour for the head, a casque  
 Mōr, *s.* a dancer of the morris-dance  
 Mōrn'ing, *s.* first part of the day  
 Mōrse, *a.* cross, peevish, surly, sour  
 Mōrn'ess, *s.* peevishness, sourness  
 Mōrshaw, *s.* a scurf on the face  
 Mōrdance, *s.* an antic dance performed  
 by men with bells on their legs, which  
 was learned from the Moors

Mōr'row, *s.* the day following the present  
 Morse, *s.* an animal called the sea-horse  
 Mōr'sel, *s.* a small piece, a mouthful  
 Mōrt, *s.* a tune at the death of game  
 Mōrtal, *a.* deadly, destructive, violent  
 Mōrtal, *s.* a human being, man  
 Mōrtality, *s.* frequency of death, power of  
 destruction; human nature  
 Mōrtally, *ad.* irrecoverably; deadly  
 Mōrtar, *s.* a cement for building; a vessel  
 to pound in; a bomb cannon  
 Mōrt'gage, *v. a.* to pledge lands, &c.  
 Mōrtgage'e, *s.* one who takes a mortgage  
 Mōrt'gager, *s.* one who gives a mortgage  
 Mōrtiferous, *a.* fatal, deadly, destructive  
 Mōrtifica'tion, *s.* a gangrene; humiliation  
 Mōrtify, *v.* to gangrene; humble, vex  
 Mōrtise, *s.* a hole cut in one piece of wood  
 to admit the tenon of another  
 Mōrt'main, *s.* an unalienable estate  
 Mōrt'ress, *s.* a dish of various meats  
 Mōrt'uary, *s.* a gift left to the church  
 Mōs'aic, *a.* a kind of painting in pebbles,  
 cockles, and other shells  
 Mōsche'to, *s.* a West-Indian stinging gnat  
 Mōsque, *s.* a Mahometan temple  
 Mōss, *s.* a substance growing on trees, &c.  
 Mōss'y, *a.* overgrown with moss  
 Mōst, *a.* greatest in number or quantity  
 Mōst, *s.* the greatest number or value  
 Mōst'ic, *s.* a painter's staff  
 Mōst'ly, *ad.* for the most part  
 Mōtation, *s.* the act of moving  
 Mōte, *s.* a very small particle of matter; a  
 court of judicature  
 Mōtēt'to, *s.* a sort of church music  
 Mōth, *s.* a small insect that eats cloth  
 Mōth'eaten, *part.* eaten by moths  
 Mōther, *s.* a woman that has borne a child;  
 a sort of mouldiness on liquors  
 Mōther, *a.* native, had at the birth  
 Mōtherless, *a.* having lost a mother  
 Mōtherly, *a.* suiting a mother, fond  
 Mōth'ery, *a.* dreggy, concreted, mouldy  
 Mōth'y, *a.* full of moths  
 Mōtion, *s.* the act of moving; a proposal  
 Mōtionless, *a.* being without motion  
 Mōtive, *s.* the reason of an action  
 Mōt'ley, *a.* mingled of various colours  
 Mōt'to, *s.* the sentence added to a device  
 Mōve, *v.* to change place, stir, persuade  
 Mōveable, *a.* that may be moved  
 Mōveables, *s.* personal goods, furniture  
 Mōveless, *a.* fixed, unmoved  
 Mōvement, *s.* motion, manner of moving  
 Mōving, *part. a.* affecting, pathetic  
 Mōuld, *s.* mouldiness, earth, cast, form  
 Mōuld, *v. a.* to knead, to model, to shape  
 Mōuld'er, *v.* to turn to dust; to perish  
 Mōuld'ering, *part. a.* crumbling into dust

Mould'iness, *s.* the state of being mouldy  
 Mould'ing, *s.* ornaments of wood, stone, &c.  
     projections beyond the nakedness of a  
     wall, column, &c.  
 Mould'y, *a.* overgrown with concretions  
 Moul't, *v. n.* to shed or change feathers  
 Mound, *s.* a rampart, a fence  
 Mount, *s.* an artificial hill, a mountain  
 Mount, *v.* to get on horseback, ascend  
 Mount'ain, *s.* a vast bulk of earth  
 Mountaine'er, *s.* a rustic, a highlander  
 Mountainous, *a.* full of mountains, hilly  
 Mount'ebank, *s.* a quack, a stage doctor  
 Mount'er, *s.* one that mounts  
 Mount'y, *s.* the rise of a hawk  
 Mourn, *v.* to grieve, lament, bewail  
 Mourn'er, *s.* one that mourns  
 Mourn'ful, *a.* causing sorrow, sorrowful  
 Mourn'fulness, *s.* sorrow, grief  
 Mourn'ing, *s.* the dress of sorrow, grief  
 Mouse, *s.* a small quadruped  
 Mous'er, *s.* one that catches mice  
 Mouse'trap, *s.* a trap to catch mice with  
 Mouth, *s.* the aperture in the head, at which  
     food is received; an entrance, &c.  
 Mouth, *v.* to vociferate, to grumble  
 Mouth'ful, *s.* what the mouth can hold  
 Mouth'less, *a.* being without a mouth  
 Mow, *s.* a heap of hay or corn  
 Mow, *v.* to cut with a scythe, make mows  
 Mox'a, or Mox'o, *s.* an Indian moss  
 Moyle, *s.* a mule; a graft or cyon  
 Much, *ad.* nearly; often; in a great degree  
 Much, *s.* a great deal; something strange  
 Mu'cid, *a.* hoary, musty, mouldy, slimy  
 Mu'cidness, *s.* sliminess, mustiness  
 Mu'cilage, *s.* a slimy or viscous body  
 Mucila/ginous, *a.* slimy, viscous,ropy  
 Muck, *s.* dung; any thing filthy  
 Muck, *v.* to manure with dung  
 Muck'ender, *s.* a handkerchief  
 Muck'hill, *s.* a dunghill, a heap of dirt  
 Muck'iness, *s.* nastiness, filth, dirtiness  
 Muck'worm, *s.* a worm bred in dung; a cur-  
     mudgeon; a miser  
 Muck'y, *a.* nasty, filthy, dirty  
 Mu'cous, Mu'culent, *a.* slimy, viscous  
 Mu'cronated, *a.* narrowed to a point  
 Mu'cuis, *s.* any slimy liquor or moisture  
 Mud, *s.* filth or mire; wet dirt  
 Mud'dily, *ad.* with foul mixture, dirtily  
 Mud'diness, *s.* state of being muddy  
 Mud'die, *v. a.* to make tipsy; to foul  
 Mud'died, *part. a.* half drunk, tipsy  
 Mud'dy, *a.* turbid, dark, cloudy  
 Mud'dy, *v. a.* to make muddy  
 Mud'sucker, *s.* a sea-fowl  
 Mud'wall, *s.* a wall built with mud  
 Muff, *s.* a cover of fur for the hands  
 Muff'in, *s.* a kind of light spongy cake  
 Muf'fle, *v.* to wrap up, to blindfold, to  
 Muff'ler, *s.* a cover for the face  
 Mu'fti, *s.* the Mahometan high priest  
 Mug, *s.* a cup to drink out of  
 Mug'gish, Mug'gy, *a.* moist, damp, close  
 Mug'house, *s.* an ale-house  
 Mu'gient, *a.* lowing or bellowing  
 Mulat'to, *s.* one born of parents of whom  
     one is black and the other white  
 Mul'berry, *s.* a tree and its fruit  
 Mulct, *v. a.* to punish by fine or forfeiture  
     *s.* a penalty, a pecuniary fine  
 Mule, *s.* an animal generated between  
     horse and an ass, or an ass and a mā  
 Mulie'b'ry, *s.* womanhood, tenderness  
 Mull, *v. a.* to heat and sweeten wine, &c.  
 Mul'lar, *s.* a grinding stone for colours  
 Mul'let, *s.* a sea-fish  
 Mul'ligrubs, *s.* twisting of the guts  
 Mul'lock, *s.* dirt or rubbish  
 Multan'gular, *a.* having many corners  
 Multi'arious, *a.* having great multiplicity  
 Multi'fidous, *a.* divided into many parts  
 Multi'tiform, *a.* having various shapes  
 Multi'parous, *a.* having many at a birth  
 Mu'tipede, *s.* an insect with many feet  
 Mu'tiple, *s.* what contains another se-  
     times  
 Multipli'ca'nd, *s.* number to be multiplied  
 Multipli'ca'tion, *s.* the act of multiplying  
 Multipli'ca'tor, *s.* that which multiplies  
 Multipli'cious, *a.* manifold  
 Multipli'city, *s.* a great variety  
 Mu'tiplier, *s.* the multiplicator  
 Mu'tiply, *v. a.* to increase in number  
 Mu'litude, *s.* many; a crowd or throng  
 Mu'litudinous, *a.* manifold  
 Mu'lture, *s.* a toll for grinding corn  
 Mum, *interj.* hush—*s.* a kind of ale  
 Mum'ble, *v.* to mutter, to chew  
 Mum'bler, *s.* a mutterer, a slow speaker  
 Mum'mer, *s.* a masker, a player  
 Mum'mery, *s.* masking, buffoonery  
 Mum'my, *s.* a dead body preserved by  
     Egyptian art of embalming; a kind of  
 Mump, *v. a.* to nibble, to bite quick; to  
 Mump'er, *s.* a beggar  
 Mump'ish, *a.* sullen, obstinate  
 Mumps, *s.* sullenness, silent anger, *syn.*  
 Munch, Mounch, *v. n.* to chew eagerly  
 Mund, *s.* peace, quiet  
 Mundane, *a.* belonging to the world  
 Munda'tion, *s.* the act of cleansing  
 Mun'datory, *a.* of power to cleanse  
 Mun'dic, *s.* a kind of marcasite  
 Mun'dify, *v. a.* to cleanse or make clean  
 Mundun'gus, *s.* stinking tobacco  
 Mu'nerary, *a.* belonging to a gift  
 Mun'grel, *a.* of a mixed breed, base-born  
 Municip'al, *a.* belonging to a corpora-

nicence, *s.* liberality, generosity  
nificent, *a.* bountiful, liberal  
niment, *s.* a fortification; support  
nition, *s.* fortification; ammunition  
ral, *a.* pertaining to a wall  
der, *s.* act of killing unlawfully  
der, *v. a.* to kill unlawfully, to destroy  
derer, *s.* one who kills unlawfully  
derous, *a.* bloody, guilty of murder  
re, *v. a.* to inclose in walls—*s.* a wall  
ratic, *a.* having the nature of brine  
ricated, *a.* full of sharp points  
rk, *s.* husks of fruit; darkness  
rk, *a.* dark, cloudy, wanting light  
rm, *v. n.* to grumble, to mutter  
rmur, *s.* a complaint, a grumbling  
rmurer, *s.* a grumbler, a repiner  
rain, *s.* a plague amongst cattle  
rey, *a.* darkly red  
audine, *s.* sweet grapes; sweet wine  
yle, *s.* a fleshy fibre; a shell fish  
osiness, Muscosity, *s.* mossiness  
cular, *a.* full of muscles, brawny  
e, *s.* the power of poetry; thought  
e, *v. n.* to study, to ponder, to think close  
sea, or Mu'sia, *s.* mosaic work  
sful, *a.* deep thinking  
eum, *s.* a repository of curiosities  
hroom, *s.* a spungy plant; an upstart  
ie, *s.* the science of sounds; harmony  
ical, *a.* harmonious, sweet sounding  
eian, *s.* one skilled in harmony  
sic-master, *s.* one who teaches music  
k, *s.* a perfume; a flower; a grape  
ket, *s.* a soldier's hand-gun; a hawk  
keteer, or Musqueteer, *s.* a soldier  
med with a musket  
ketoo'n, *s.* a blunderbuss, a short gun  
melon, *s.* a fragrant melon  
rose, *s.* a very fragrant rose  
ky, *a.* sweet of scent, fragrant  
lin, *s.* fine stuff made of cotton  
sick, *s.* a liquor much used in China  
ulman, *s.* a Mahometan believer  
t, verb imperf. to be obliged  
t, *v.* to make or grow mouldy  
ches, Musta'choes, *s.* whiskers  
ard, *s.* a plant, and its seed

Mus'ter, *v.* to assemble, to review, to collect  
Mus'ter, *s.* a review and register of forces  
Mus'ter-master, *s.* one who superintends the  
muster to prevent frauds  
Mus'ter-roll, *s.* a register of forces  
Mustiness, *s.* mould, damp, foulness  
Must'y, *a.* mouldy, spoiled with damp; dull  
Mutabil'ity, *s.* changeableness, inconstancy  
Mu'table, *a.* alterable, inconstant, unsettled  
Mu'tation, *s.* the act of changing, alteration  
Mute, *a.* silent, dumb, not vocal  
Mute, *s.* one that has no power of speech  
Mute, *v. n.* to dung as birds  
Mu'tely, *ad.* with silence, not vocally  
Mu'tilate, *v. a.* to maim, to cut off  
Mu'tilated, *a.* maimed, defective  
Mutila'tion, *s.* deprivation of a limb, &c.  
Mu'tine, Mutinee'r, *s.* a mover of sedition  
Mu'tinous, *a.* seditious, tumultuous  
Mu'tiny, *v. n.* to rise against authority  
Mu'tiny, *s.* sedition, revolt, insurrection  
Mut'ter, *v.* to grumble, to utter imperfectly  
Mut'ton, *s.* the flesh of sheep, a sheep  
Mut'ton-fist, *s.* a hand large and red  
Mu'tual, *a.* reciprocal, acting in return  
Mutual'ity, *s.* reciprocation  
Mu'tually, *ad.* reciprocally, in return  
Muz'zle, *s.* the mouth of any thing  
Muz'zle, *v.* to bind the mouth  
Myog'raphy, *s.* a description of the muscles  
Myol'ogy, *s.* the doctrine of the muscles  
Myriad, *s.* the number of ten thousand  
Myr'midon, *s.* any rude ruffian  
Myrrh, *s.* a strong aromatic gum; it is brought  
from Ethiopia, but the tree which pro-  
duces it is wholly unknown  
Myrrh'ine, *a.* made of myrrhine stone  
Myrtle, *s.* a fragrant kind of shrub  
Myse'lf, *pron.* I myself, not another  
Myst'agogue, *s.* an interpreter of mysteries  
Myste'rious, *a.* full of mystery, obscure  
Myste'riously, *ad.* enigmatically, obscurely  
Mys'terize, *v. a.* to turn to enigmas  
Myst'ery, *s.* something secret or hidden  
Mystic, Mystical, *a.* obscure, secret, dark  
Mytholo'gical, *a.* relating to fables  
Mythol'ogist, *s.* an explainer of fables  
Mythol'ogy, *s.* a system of fables

## N.

THE 13th letter of the alphabet, is  
used as an abbreviation, as N. B.  
ta bene, take notice; N. S. new style  
v. a. to catch unexpectedly  
Na', or Na'ker, *s.* mother of pearl

Na'dir, *s.* the point opposite to the zenith  
Nag, *s.* a small or young horse  
Nail, *s.* horn on fingers and toes; an iron  
spike; the 16th part of a yard; a stud  
Na'kedness, *s.* a want of covering

**Na'ked**, *a.* uncovered, bare; unarmed, defenceless; plain, evident, not hidden  
**Na'maz**, *s.* the Turks' common prayer  
**Name**, *s.* an appellation, reputation, fame  
**Name**, *v. a.* to give a name to, to mention by name, to specify, to nominate, to utter  
**Name'ly**, *ad.* particularly, specially  
**Name'sake**, *s.* one of the same name  
**Nap**, *s.* a short sleep, slumber; down on cloth  
**Nape**, *s.* the joint of the neck behind  
**Naph'tha**, *s.* an unctuous mineral acid of the bituminous kind, extremely ready to take fire. It is principally used externally in paralytic cases  
**Nap'kin**, *s.* a cloth to wipe the hands, &c.  
**Nap'less**, *a.* threadbare, wanting nap  
**Nap'py**, *a.* frothy, spumy; having a nap  
**Narcis'sus**, *s.* the daffodil flower  
**Narcot'ic**, *a.* causing torpor or stupefaction  
**Nard**, *s.* an odorous shrub; an ointment  
**Nare**, *s.* a nostril  
**Nar'able**, *a.* that which may be told  
**Narr'a'tion**, *Nar'ra'tive*, *s.* a history, a relation  
**Narra'tor**, *s.* a relater, a teller, an historian  
**Nar'row**, *a.* of small breadth; near, covetous  
**Nar'rowly**, *ad.* contractedly, nearly  
**Nar'rowminded**, *a.* mean spirited, avaricious  
**Nar'rowness**, *s.* want of breadth; meanness  
**Na'sal**, *a.* belonging to the nose  
**Nas'tily**, *ad.* dirtyly, filthily, grossly  
**Nas'tiness**, *s.* dirt, filth, obscenity, grossness  
**Nas'ty**, *a.* dirty, filthy, sordid, lewd, obscene  
**Na'tal**, *a.* relating to nativity, native  
**Natal'i'tious**, *a.* relating to a birth-day  
**Nata'tion**, *s.* the act of swimming  
**Na'tion**, *s.* a people distinct from others  
**National**, *a.* public, general, not private  
**Na'tive**, *s.* one born in any country, offspring  
 ---*a.* natural, not artificial, original  
**Nativity**, *s.* birth, state or place of birth  
**Nat'ural**, *a.* produced by nature; tender, easy  
**Nat'ural**, *s.* a fool, an idiot; native quality  
**Nat'uralist**, *s.* a student in physics  
**Naturaliza'tion**, *s.* the admission of a foreigner to the privileges of a native  
**Nat'uralize**, *v. a.* to invest with the privileges of native subjects; to make easy  
**Nat'urally**, *ad.* unaffectedly, spontaneously  
**Na'ture**, *s.* the system of the world, or the assemblage of all created beings; the regular course of things; native state of any thing; disposition of mind; compass of natural existence; species; physics  
**Na'veal**, *a.* consisting of, or relating to ships  
**Nave**, *s.* part of a church or a wheel  
**Navel**, *s.* a part of the body; the middle  
**Naught**, *a.* bad, corrupt---*s.* nothing  
**Naught'i'ly**, *ad.* wickedly, corruptly, basely  
**Naught'i'ness**, *s.* baseness, wickedness  
**Naughty**, *a.* bad, wicked, corrupt, vicious  
**Nav'igable**, *a.* passable by ships or boats  
**Nav'igate**, *v. a.* to pass by ships or boats  
**Naviga'tion**, *s.* the act of passing by water  
 the art of conducting a ship at sea  
**Naviga'tor**, *s.* a seaman, a traveller by water  
**Naum'achy**, *s.* a mock sea-fight  
**Nau'sea**, *s.* a propensity to vomit; disgust  
**Nau'seate**, *v.* to grow squeamish, to loath  
**Nau'seous**, *a.* loathsome, disgusting  
**Naut'ical**, *a.* pertaining to ships or sailors  
**Naut'ilus**, *s.* a shell-fish, furnished with something resembling oars and a sail  
**Na'vy**, *s.* a company of ships of war, a fleet  
**Nay**, *ad.* no; not only so, but more  
**Neaf**, *s.* a fist  
**Neal**, *v. a.* to temper by gradual heat  
**Neap**, *a.* low, scanty; used only of the tides  
**Neap'tide**, *s.* low tides in the 2nd and 4th quarters of the moon, not so high or as high as spring tides  
**Near**, *a.* close, not distant; parsimonious  
**Near, Near'ly**, *ad.* at hand; closely; near  
**Near'ness**, *s.* closeness, niggardliness  
**Neat**, *a.* elegant, clean, pure---*s.* oxen  
**Neat'herd**, *s.* a cow-keeper  
**Neat'ly**, *ad.* cleanly, trimly, artfully  
**Neat'ness**, *s.* cleanliness, spruceness  
**Neb**, *s.* the nose, beak, mouth, bill of a bird  
**Neb'ulous**, *a.* misty, cloudy, overcast  
**Ne'cessaries**, *s.* things not only convenient but needful for human life  
**Ne'cessarily**, *ad.* indispensably, inevitably  
**Ne'cessary**, *a.* needful, fatal, unavoidable  
**Necessita'rian**, *s.* one denying free agency  
**Neces'sitate**, *v. a.* to make necessary  
**Neces'sitated**, *part. a.* forced, in want  
**Neces'sitous**, *a.* in want, needy, poor  
**Neces'situde**, *s.* want, need, poverty  
**Neces'sity**, *s.* compulsion; fatality; in-pensableness; want, poverty; cogency  
**Neck**, *s.* part of the body, of land, &c.  
**Neck'cloth**, *s.* a cloth for men's necks  
**Neck'dace**, *s.* a woman's neck ornament  
**Ne'cromancer**, *s.* a conjurer, a wizard  
**Ne'cromancy**, *s.* the art of revealing future events by communicating with the dead  
**Necromani'c**, *a.* relating to necromancy  
**Nectar**, *s.* the feigned drink of the gods  
**Necta'reous**, *Nectarine*, *a.* sweet as nectar  
**Nec'taring**, *s.* a fruit of the plum kind  
**Need**, *Need'i'ness*, *s.* exigency, want  
**Need**, *v.* to want, to lack, to be necessary  
**Need'ful**, *a.* indispensably requisite  
**Need'dle**, *s.* a small instrument for sewing  
 the small steel bar which in the mariner's compass points to the North Pole  
**Need'dlemaker**, *s.* one who makes needles  
**Need'dlework**, *s.* work done with a needle  
**Need'less**, *a.* unnecessary, not requisite  
**Needs**, *ad.* indispensably, inevitably

dy, *a.* distressed by want, poor  
*s.* the body of a church

fa'rious, *a.* heinous, wicked, abominable  
*s.* denial, contrary to affirmation

fa'utive, *s.* a proposition that denies  
*negatively, ad.* in the form of denial

fa'le, *v. a.* to omit by carelessness, slight  
*s.* inattention, negligence

fa'leful, *a.* heedless, careless, inattentive  
*s.* remissness, carelessness

fa'leant, *a.* careless, heedless, inattentive  
*s.* that which may be negotiated

fa'gote, *v. n.* to traffic, to treat with  
*negotiating, a.* trading, managing  
*negotiation, s.* a treaty of business, &c.

fa'gro, *s.* a blackmoor

fa'f, *s.* the fist ; a bond-woman

fa'gh, *s.* the voice of an horse—*v. n.* to make  
 a noise like an horse

fa'gh'bour, *s.* one who lives near another

fa'gh'bourhood, *s.* the people, &c. adjoining

fa'gh'ourly, *a.* friendly, civil, kind

fa'ither, *conj.* not either, no one

fa'ine-contradic'te, *s. part.* no one con-  
 tradicting or opposing, without opposition

fa'moral, *a.* pertaining to a grove

fa'oteric, *a.* modern, novel, late

fa'pen'the, *s.* an herb that drives away sadness  
 also a drug that expels all pains

fa'ph'ew, *s.* the son of a brother or sister

fa'ph'itic, *s.* a medicine for the stone

fa'potism, *s.* a fondness for nephews

fa're, *s.* an organ of sensation

fa'reless, *a.* without strength ; insipid

fa'revous, fa'revy, *a.* sinewy, vigorous ; also  
 having diseased or weak nerves

fa'science, *s.* the state of not knowing

fa'set, *s.* a bed of birds ; drawers ; an abode

fa'segg, *s.* an egg left in the nest

fa'stle, *v.* to settle, to lie close, to cherish

fa'stling, *s.* a bird just hatched

fa'stle, *s.* a texture for catching fish, birds, &c.

fa'ther, *a.* lower, not upper ; infernal

fa'thermost, *a.* lowest

fa'tle, *s.* a common stinging herb

fa'tle, *v. a.* to vex, to provoke, to irritate

fa'ter, *ad.* at no time, in no degree

fa'werhele'ss, *ad.* notwithstanding that

fa'uter, fa'ut'ral, *a.* of neither party

fa'ut'rality, *s.* a state of indifference

fa'w, *a.* fresh, modern, not ancient

fa'wan'gled, *a.* formed with love of novelty

fa'wfash'ioned, *a.* lately come in fashion

fa'jew, *s.* the upright post in a staircase

fa'grown, *part.* lately grown up

fa'jewly, *ad.* lately, freshly

fa'jewness, *s.* freshness, recentness, lateness

fa'jews, *s.* fresh accounts of transactions

fa'jew, *s.* an eft, a small lizard

fa'kit, *a.* nearest in place or gradation

Nib, *s.* a point of a pen ; the bill of a bird

Nib'bed, *a.* having a nib

Nib'ble, *v.* to eat slowly ; to find fault with

Nice, *a.* accurate, scrupulous, delicate

Ni'cely, *ad.* accurately, minutely, delicately

Ni'cety, *s.* minute accuracy, punctilious dis-  
 crimination ; effeminate softness ; a dainty

Niche, *s.* a hollow to place a statue in

Nick, *s.* exact point of time ; a notch ; a score

Nick'name, *s.* a name in scoff or contempt

Nick'name, *v.* to call by an opprobrious name

Nic'tate, *v. n.* to wink

Nide, *s.* a brood, as a brood of pheasants

Ni'dorous, *a.* having the smell of roast fat

Niece, *s.* the daughter of a brother or sister

Nig'gard, *s.* a sordid, covetous person

Nig'gard, Niggardly, *a.* sordid, parsimonious

Niggardly, *ad.* avariciously, meanly

Nigh, *a.* near to, allied closely by blood

Nigh, Nigh'ly, *ad.* nearly, within a little

Night, *s.* time from sun-set to sun-rise

Night'cap, *s.* a cap worn in bed

Night'dew, *s.* dew that falls in the night

Night'ed, *a.* darkened, clouded, black

Night'faring, *a.* travelling in the night

Night'fire, *s.* an ignis fatuus, a vapour

Night'gown, *s.* an undress, a gown

Night'ingale, *s.* a bird that sings at night

Night'ly, *a.* done or acting by night

Night'man, *s.* one who empties privies

Night'mare, *s.* a morbid oppression during  
 sleep, resembling the pressure of weight  
 upon the breast

Night'piece, *s.* a picture so coloured as to be  
 supposed to be seen by candlelight

Night'rail, *s.* a light kind of night-dress

Night'warbling, *a.* singing in the night

Night'-watch, *s.* a period of night as distin-  
 guished by change of the watch

Nig'recent, *a.* growing black

Nihil'ity, *s.* nothingness ; non-existence

Nill, *v. a.* not to will ; to refuse, to reject

Nill'ing, *part. a.* refusing, unwilling

Nim, *v. a.* to steal, to filch

Nim'ble, *a.* quick, active, ready, lively

Nim'blefooted, *a.* active, nimble

Nim'blewitted, *a.* not at a loss for words

Nim'bly, *ad.* quickly, speedily, with agility

Nim'ious, *a.* being too much, vast, huge

Nine, *s.* one more than eight

Nine'fold, *a.* nine times repeated

Nin'ety, *s.* nine times ten

Nin'ny, Nin'nyhammer, *s.* a fool, a simpleton

Ninth, *a.* what precedes the tenth

Nip, *v. a.* to pinch ; to blast ; to ridicule

Nip'per, *s.* one who nips ; a satirist

Nip'pers, *s.* small pincers

Nip'ple, *s.* a teat ; a dug ; an orifice

Nisi-pri'u's, *s.* a law term for civil causes

Nit, *s.* the egg of a louse, bug, &c.  
 Nit'id, *a.* bright, shining, luminous  
 Nit're, *s.* saltpetre  
 Nit'rous, *a.* impregnated with nitre  
 Nit'ty, *a.* abounding with the eggs of lice  
 Ni'val, *a.* abounding with snow  
 Ni'veous, *a.* snowy, resembling snow  
 Ni'zy, *s.* a dunce, a simpleton, a booby  
 No, *ad.* the word of denial—*a.* not any  
 Nob'lity, *s.* persons of high rank; dignity  
 Noble, *a.* illustrious, exalted, generous  
 Noble, *s.* one of high rank; greatly exalted; an ancient gold coin, valued at 6s. 8d.  
 No'bleman, *s.* one who is ennobled  
 No'bleness, *s.* greatness, dignity, splendour  
 Noble'sse, *s.* the body of nobility; dignity  
 Nobly, *ad.* greatly, illustriously, splendidly  
 No'body, *s.* no one, not any one  
 No'cent, No'cive, *a.* criminal, hurtful  
 Noctam'bulist, *s.* one who walks in sleep  
 Noctid'ial, *a.* comprising a day and a night  
 Noctuary, *s.* an account of night affairs  
 Nocturn, *s.* devotion performed by night  
 Nocturn'al, *a.* nightly—*s.* an instrument  
 Nod, *v. n.* to bend the head, to be drowsy  
 Nod'dle, *s.* the head, *in contempt*  
 Nod'dy, Noo'dle, *s.* a simpleton, an idiot  
 Node, *s.* a knob; a swelling; an intersection  
 No'dous, *a.* knotty, full of knots  
 Nogg'in, *s.* a small cup, or mug  
 Noise, *s.* any sound, outcry, clamour  
 Noise'less, *a.* silent, without sound  
 Nois'in, *s.* loudness of sound  
 Nois'ome, *a.* noxious, offensive, stinking  
 Nois'y, *a.* sounding loud, clamorous  
 Nol'tion, *s.* unwillingness, reluctance  
 Nom'bles, *s.* the entrails of a deer  
 Nomencla'tor, *s.* one who gives names  
 Nomencla'ture, *s.* a vocabulary; a naming  
 Nom'inal, *a.* only in name, not real  
 Nom'inally, *ad.* by name, titularly  
 Nom'inate, *v. a.* to name, entitle, appoint  
 Nomina'tion, *s.* the power of appointing  
 Nom'inative, *s.* in grammar, the first case that designates the name of any thing  
 Nop'age, *s.* minority in age, immaturity  
 Non-appear'ance, *s.* a default in not appearing in a court of judicature  
 Nonce, *s.* a purpose, intent, design  
 Nonconform'ist, *s.* one who refuses to join the established worship of the church  
 Nondescrip't, *a.* not yet described  
 None, *a.* not one, not any, not another  
 Nonen'tity, *s.* non-existence, an ideal thing  
 None'such, *s.* an extraordinary person, &c.  
 Nonexist'ence, *s.* state of not existing  
 Nonju'ring, *a.* refusing to swear allegiance  
 Nonju'r'ror, *s.* one who, conceiving a monarch unjustly deposed, refuses to swear allegiance to his successors

Nonnat'urals, *a.* are the more immediate causes of diseases, as air, meat, drink, sleep and watching, &c.  
 Nonpare'il, *s.* a small printing letter; apple of unequalled excellence  
 Non'plus, *s.* a puzzle—*v. a.* to confound  
 Nonregard'ance, *s.* want of due regard  
 Nonres'idence, *s.* a failure of residence  
 Nonres'ident, *s.* one who does not reside  
 Nonresist'ance, *s.* passive obedience  
 Non'sense, *s.* unmeaning language; trifling  
 Nonsense'ical, *a.* unmeaning, foolish  
 Nonsolu'tion, *s.* a failure of solution  
 Non'suit, *v. a.* to quash a legal process  
 Nook, *s.* a corner, a covert; part of land  
 Noon, *s.* the middle of the day  
 Noon'day, Noon'tide, *s.* mid-day  
 Noose, *v. a.* to knot—*s.* a running knot  
 Nor, *conj.* a negative particle  
 Nor'mal, *a.* perpendicular, upright  
 Norroy', *s.* a king at arms, whose office is on the north side of the river Trent. Clarenceux's is on the south side  
 North, *s.* opposite the south; the point opposite to the sun in the meridian  
 North'erly, North'ern, North'ward, *a. ad.* in, or towards the north  
 North'star, *s.* the pole star  
 North'ward, *ad.* towards the north  
 Nose, *s.* part of the face—*v.* to smell  
 No'segay, *s.* a posie, a bunch of flowers  
 Nos'le, *s.* the extremity of any thing  
 Nos'tril, *s.* the cavity in the nose  
 Nos'trum, *s.* a medicine not made public  
 Not, *ad.* the particle of negation  
 Not'able, *a.* remarkable; careful, bustling  
 Not'ableness, *s.* diligence, remarkable  
 Not'ary, *s.* a scrivener that takes notes, makes draughts of obligations, &c.  
 Nota'tion, *s.* the act of noting, significatio  
 Notch, *s.* a nick, a hollow cut in any thing  
 Note, *s.* a mark; notice; written paper; a mark; sound in music; annotation; sym  
 Note, *v. a.* to observe, to remark, set down  
 Not'ed, *part. a.* remarkable; eminent  
 Not'ing, *s.* non-existence, not any thing  
 No'tice, *s.* remark, heed, information  
 Notifica'tion, *s.* the act of making known  
 No'tify, *v. a.* to declare, to make known  
 Not'ion, *s.* a sentiment, opinion, thought  
 Not'ional, *a.* imaginable, ideal, visionary  
 Notori'ety, *s.* public knowledge or exposure  
 Note'rious, *a.* publicly known, manifest  
 Nott, *v. a.* to shear, to crop  
 Notwithstand'ing, *conj.* nevertheless  
 No'tus, *s.* the south wind  
 Nova'tion, *s.* introduction of something new  
 Nov'el, *a.* new, not ancient; unusual  
 Novel, *s.* a feigned story or tale  
 Nov'elist, *s.* an innovator; a writer of new

newty, *s.* newness, innovation  
 member, *s.* the 11th month of the year  
 pert'cal, *a.* pertaining to a step-mother  
 ought, *s.* nothing, not any thing  
 wife, *s.* an unskilful person, &c.  
 initiate, *s.* the state of a novice; the time  
 in which the rudiments are learned  
 newty, *s.* newness, novelty  
 un, *s.* the name of any thing in grammar  
 urish, *v.* to support with food; to foment  
 urishable, *a.* susceptive of nourishment  
 urishment, *s.* food, nutrition, support  
 usel, *v. a.* to nurse up  
 w, *ad.* at this time—*s.* present moment  
 wadays, *ad.* in the present age  
 wed, *a.* knotted, inwreathed  
 wes, *s.* the marriage knot  
 where, *ad.* not in any place  
 wise, *ad.* not in any manner or degree  
 vious, *a.* hurtful, baneful, offensive  
 vible, *v. a.* to bruise with fighting  
 viferous, *a.* bringing clouds  
 vilate, *v. a.* to cloud  
 vible, *a.* marriageable, fit for marriage  
 vilous, *a.* cloudy, overcast  
 viferous, *a.* nut-bearing  
 vleus, *s.* the kernel of a nut; any thing  
 about which matter is gathered  
 vity, *s.* nakedness; a picture  
 vacity, or Nugal'ity, *s.* trifling talk  
 gatory, *a.* trifling, futile, ineffectual  
 ill, *s.* a thing of no force or meaning  
 vity, *s.* want of force or existence  
 vmb, *a.* torpid, chill, benumbing  
 vmb, *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify  
 vumber, *v. a.* to count, to tell, to reckon  
 vumber, *s.* many—*pl.* harmony; poetry  
 vumberer, *s.* he who numbers  
 vumberless, *s.* more than can be reckoned  
 viness, *s.* stupefaction, torpor  
 venerable, *a.* capable to be numbered

Nu'meral, *a.* pertaining to number  
 Nu'merary, *a.* belonging to a number  
 Numera'tion, *s.* the art of numbering  
 Numera'tor, *s.* he that numbers; that number which measures others  
 Numer'ical, *a.* denoting number, numeral  
 Nu'merist, *s.* one who deals in numbers  
 Nu'merous, *a.* containing many; musical  
 Num'mary, *a.* relating to money  
 Num'skull, *s.* a dunce, a dolt, a blockhead  
 Nun, *s.* a religious recluse woman  
 Nunch'ion, *s.* food eaten between meals  
 Nun'cio, *s.* envoy from the Pope; messenger  
 Nun'cupative, *a.* verbally pronounced  
 Nun'cery, *s.* a convent of nuns  
 Nupt'ial, *a.* pertaining to marriage  
 Nupt'ials, *s.* marriage or wedding  
 Nurse, *s.* a woman who has the care of another's child, or of sick persons  
 Nurse, *v. a.* to bring up a child, to feed  
 Nurse'pond, *s.* a pond for young fish  
 Nurs'ery, *s.* a place where children are nursed and brought up; a plot of ground for raising young trees for transplantation  
 Nurs'ling, *s.* one nursed up, a fondling  
 Nur'ture, *s.* food; diet; education, institution  
 Nus'tle, *v. a.* to fondle, to cherish  
 Nut, *s.* a fruit; part of a wheel  
 Nut'a'tion, *s.* a kind of tremulous motion  
 Nut'gall, *s.* the excrescence of an oak  
 Nut'meg, *s.* a warm Indian spice  
 Nutrica'tion, *s.* the manner of feeding  
 Nu'triment, *s.* nourishment, food, aliment  
 Nutriment'al, *a.* having the qualities of food  
 Nutri'tion, *s.* the quality of nourishing  
 Nutri'tious, Nu'tritive, *a.* nourishing  
 Nu'triture, *s.* the power of nourishing  
 Nut'tree, *s.* a tree that bears nuts, a hazel  
 Nuz'le, *v. a.* to hide the head as a child does in its mother's bosom; to nurse, to foster  
 Nymph, *s.* a goddess of the woods; a lady

## O.

IS used as an abbreviation, as, O. S.  
 denotes Old Style, &c.  
 i, a changeling, foolish fellow, an idiot  
 iish, *a.* dull, stupid, dolish  
 i, *s.* a tree, and the wood of it  
 iapple, *s.* a spungy excrescence on oaks  
 ien, *a.* made of, or gathered from, oak  
 ium, *s.* cords untwisted, reduced to hemp  
 i, *s.* an instrument to row with—*v.* to  
 row, to impel by rowing  
 iake, *s.* a cake made of oatmeal  
 ien, *a.* made of, or bearing oats

Oath, *s.* a solemn affirmation, corroborated  
 by the attestation of the Divine Being  
 Oat'malt, *s.* malt made of oats  
 Oat'meal, *s.* flour made by grinding oats  
 Oats, *s.* a grain generally given to horses  
 Obambulation, *s.* the act of walking about  
 Obdu'ce, *v. a.* to draw over, as a covering  
 Obduc'tion, *s.* a covering or overlaying  
 Ob'duracy, *s.* hardness of heart, &c.  
 Ob'durate, *a.* hard-hearted, impenitent  
 Ob'durately, *ad.* inflexibly, stubbornly  
 Obe'dience, *s.* submission, obsequiousness

**Obe'dient**, *a.* submissive to authority  
**Obedien'tial**, *a.* pertaining to obedience  
**Obe'siance**, *s.* an act of reverence, a bow  
**Ob'elisk**, *s.* a pyramid of marble or stone; a marginal mark in a book, &c. thus (+)  
**Oberra'tion**, *s.* the act of wandering about  
**Obe'se**, *a.* fat, gross, loaded with flesh  
**Obe'y**, *v. a.* to pay submission to, comply with  
**Obje'ct**, *s.* that on which we are employed  
**Obje'ct**, *v.* to urge against, to propose  
**Objection**, *s.* an adverse argument; a charge  
**Objective**, *a.* relating to the object  
**Object'or**, *s.* one who objects or opposes  
**Obit**, *s.* funeral obsequies  
**Obit'uary**, *s.* a register of the dead  
**Objura'tion**, *s.* act of binding by oath  
**Objur'gate**, *v. a.* to chide, rebuke, reprove  
**Objurg'ation**, *s.* a chiding, reprehension  
**Oblate**, *a.* flattened at the poles  
**Obla'tion**, *s.* an offering, a sacrifice, a toll  
**Oblection**, *s.* recreation, delight  
**Obliga'tion**, *s.* engagement, contract, bond  
**Oblig'atory**, *a.* binding, imposing obligation  
**Oblige**, *v. a.* to bind, to compel, to gratify  
**Oblige'e**, *s.* one bound by a contract  
**Oblig'ing**, *part. a.* compaisant, binding  
**Obl'que**, *a.* not direct, not perpendicular  
**Obl'queness**, *Obl'quity*, *s.* deviation from moral rectitude; not direct, crookedness  
**Oblit'erate**, *v. a.* to efface, to destroy  
**Oblitera'tion**, *s.* effacement, extinction  
**Obliv'ial**, *a.* causing forgetfulness  
**Obliv'ion**, *s.* forgetfulness; amnesty  
**Obliv'ious**, *a.* causing forgetfulness  
**Ob'mong**, *a.* longer than broad  
**Ob'loquy**, *s.* blame, slander, disgrace  
**Ob'mutes'cence**, *s.* loss of speech  
**Obnox'ious**, *a.* accountable; liable; exposed  
**Obnu'ilate**, *v. a.* to cloud, to obscure  
**Ob'ole**, *s.* in pharmacy, twelve grains  
**Obrep'tion**, *s.* the act of creeping on  
**Obsce'ne**, *a.* immodest, disgusting, offensive  
**Obsce'inely**, *ad.* in an immodest manner  
**Obscen'ity**, *s.* lewdness, unchastity  
**Obscura'tion**, *s.* the act of darkening  
**Obscu're**, *a.* dark, gloomy, abstruse, difficult  
**Obscu're**, *v. a.* to darken, to perplex  
**Obscu'rely**, *ad.* darkly, privately  
**Obscu'reness**, *Obscu'rity*, *s.* darkness, want of light; unnoticed state, privacy  
**Obsecra'tion**, *s.* a supplication, an entreaty  
**Ob'sequies**, *s.* funeral solemnities  
**Obsequ'ious**, *a.* compliant, obedient  
**Observe'able**, *a.* remarkable, eminent  
**Observe'ance**, *s.* respect, attention  
**Observe'ant**, *a.* attentive, diligent, watchful  
**Observe'tion**, *s.* a noting, a remark, a note  
**Observe'tor**, *Observe'er*, *s.* a remarker  
**Observe'tory**, *s.* a place adapted for making astronomical observations

**Obse'rve**, *v.* to watch; note, regard, obey  
**Obses'sion**, *s.* the act of besieging  
**Ob'solete**, *a.* disused, grown out of use  
**Ob'stacle**, *s.* a let, hinderance, obstruction  
**Obstet'ric**, *a.* doing a midwife's office  
**Ob'stinacy**, *s.* stubbornness, persistency  
**Ob'stinate**, *a.* stubborn, contumacious, fixed  
**Ob'stinately**, *ad.* stubbornly, resolutely  
**Obstipa'tion**, *s.* act of stopping chinks, &c.  
**Obstrep'eros**, *a.* noisy, loud, vociferous  
**Obstric'tion**, *s.* an obligation, a bond  
**Obstru'ct**, *v. a.* to hinder, to block up, to  
**Obstruc'tion**, *s.* an hinderance, an obstacle  
**Obstruc'tive**, *a.* hindering, impeding  
**Ob'struent**, *a.* blocking up, hindering  
**Obstupefac'tion**, *s.* act of inducing stupidity  
**Obta'in**, *v.* to gain, to acquire; to prevail  
**Obtain'able**, *a.* that which may be obtained  
**Obtain'ment**, *s.* the act of obtaining  
**Obte'nd**, *v. a.* to oppose; to pretend; to off  
**Obtenebra'tion**, *s.* darkness, making dark  
**Obten'sion**, *s.* opposition, denial  
**Obte'st**, *v.* to beseech, to supplicate  
**Obtesta'tion**, *s.* supplication, entreaty  
**Obtrecta'tion**, *s.* slander, detraction  
**Obtru'de**, *v. a.* to thrust into a place by force  
 to offer with unreasonable importunity  
**Obtru'sion**, *s.* forcing in or upon  
**Obtru'sive**, *a.* inclined to obtrude on others  
**Obtu'nd**, *v. a.* to blunt; to quell; to deaden  
**Obtu'se**, *a.* not pointed, dull, obscure  
**Obtu'sely**, *ad.* without a point, dully  
**Obtu'seness**, *s.* bluntness, stupidity, dulness  
**Obtu'sion**, *s.* the act of dulling  
**Obve'rt**, *v. a.* to turn towards, &c.  
**Ob'viate**, *v. a.* to prevent, to hinder, oppose  
**Ob'venus**, *a.* easily discovered, plain, open  
**Ob'venously**, *ad.* evidently, plainly  
**Ob'venousness**, *s.* the state of being evident  
**Occa'sion**, *s.* a casualty, opportunity, incident  
**Occa'sion**, *v. a.* to cause, to influence  
**Occa'sional**, *a.* incidental, casual  
**Occeca'tion**, *s.* act of blinding or making blind  
**Oc'cident**, *s.* the west---a. western  
**Occident'ial**, *a.* western  
**Oc'ciput**, *s.* the hinder part of the head  
**Occlu'de**, *v. a.* to shut up  
**Occlu'se**, *a.* shut up, closed  
**Occlu'it**, *a.* unknown, hidden, secret  
**Occulta'tion**, *s.* the act of hiding; in astronomy, the time that a star or planet is hid from sight in an eclipse  
**Oc'cupancy**, *s.* the act of taking possession  
**Oc'cupant**, *s.* he that takes possession  
**Oc'cupate**, *v. a.* to possess, hold; take up  
**Occup'a'tion**, *s.* a taking possession; trade  
**Oc'cupier**, *s.* a possessor, one who occupies  
**Oc'cupy**, *v. a.* to possess; to fill or take up; to employ, to use, to expend  
**Occu'r**, *v. n.* to be remembered; to appear

ocurrence, *s.* incident, casual event  
ocur'sion, *s.* a clash, a mutual blow  
ocean, *s.* the main; any immense expanse  
ocel'ated, *a.* resembling the eyes  
ochimy, or Ock'amy, *s.* a mixed base metal  
ochre, *s.* a rough, yellow, or blue earth  
ochreous, *a.* consisting of ochre  
octagon, *s.* a figure of eight sides and angles  
octangular, *a.* having eight angles  
octant, *a.* is when a planet is in such position to another, that their places are only distant an eighth part of a circle, or 45 degrees  
octave, *s.* the eighth day after some festival; the interval of an eighth in music  
octavo, *s.* a sheet folded into eight leaves  
octen'ial, *a.* done or happening every eighth year, lasting eight years  
october, *s.* the tenth month of the year  
ocular, *a.* known by the eye  
oculist, *s.* one who cures distempered eyes  
odd, *a.* not even; particular, strange  
oddly, *ad.* not evenly; strangely, unaccountably, unctuously  
oddness, *s.* particularity, strangeness  
odds, *s.* more than an even wager or number; advantage; superiority; dispute  
ode, *s.* a poem to be sung to music  
odious, *a.* hateful, heinous, abominable  
odium, *s.* iniquity; hatred; blame  
odorifer'ous, *a.* fragrant, perfumed, sweet  
odorous, *a.* fragrant, perfumed  
odour, *s.* scented, good or bad; fragrance  
oeconomy, *s.* See Economy  
oeumen'ical, *a.* general, universal  
oiled, *s.* a wink, token of the eye  
o'er, *ad.* contracted from over  
of, *ad.* signifying distance; from, not toward  
ofal, *s.* waste meat, refuse, carrion  
offence, *s.* a transgression; injury; anger  
offenceless, *a.* unoffending, innocent  
offend, *v.* to make angry, to injure, to attack  
offender, *s.* one who commits an offence  
offensive, *a.* displeasing, injurious, hurtful  
offensively, *ad.* displeasingly, injuriously  
offer, *v.* to present; to attempt; to sacrifice  
offer, *s.* a proposal; endeavour; price bid  
offering, *a.* sacrifice or oblation  
offertory, *s.* act of offering, thing offered; place where offerings are kept; part of the Popish mass  
office, *s.* public employment, agency  
officer, *s.* a commander, one in office  
officered, *a.* supplied with commanders  
official, *a.* pertaining to an office  
official, *s.* an archdeacon's deputy  
officiality, *s.* the charge of an official  
offic'iate, *v.* to perform another's duty  
official, *a.* used in, or relating to shops  
official, *a.* importunately forward; kind

officially, *ad.* with unasked kindness  
officialness, *s.* over-forwardness; service  
off'ing, *s.* the act of steering to a distance from the land  
off'set, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of a plant  
off'spring, *s.* propagation; children  
offus'cate, *v. a.* to darken, to cloud, to dim  
oft, oft'en, Oftentimes, Oft'times, *ad.* frequently, many times, not rarely  
Oge'e, O'give, *s.* a sort of moulding in architecture, consisting of a round and a hollow  
O'gling, *s.* a viewing slyly or obliquely  
O'gio, *s.* a dish of mixed meats, a medley  
Oh! *interj.* denoting sorrow or surprise  
oil, *s.* the expressed juice of olives, &c.  
oiliness, *s.* unctuousness, greasiness  
oil'man, *s.* one who sells oils, pickles, &c.  
oil'y, *a.* consisting of oil, fat, greasy  
oint'ment, *s.* an unguent, a salve  
old, Old'en, *a.* not new, ancient, long used  
oldfash'ioned, *a.* obsolete, out of fashion  
olea/ginous, O'leose, *a.* oily, unctuous  
olfactory, *a.* having the sense of smelling  
oliba/num, *s.* a sweet-scented gum  
oligarchical, *a.* relating to an oligarchy  
oligarchy, *s.* a form of government which places the supreme power in the hands of few; an aristocracy  
olitory, *a.* belonging to a kitchen garden  
olivas'ter, *a.* darkly brown, tawny  
olive, *s.* a plant; its fruit; emblem of peace  
olympiad, *s.* the space of four years, whereby the Greeks reckoned their time, so named from the games celebrated every 4th year in honour of Jupiter Olympus  
om'bre, *s.* a game at cards played by three  
ome'ga, *s.* the last letter of the Greek alphabet, therefore taken in the Holy Scripture for the last  
om'elet, *s.* a pancake made with eggs  
o'men, *s.* a good or bad sign, a prognostic  
o'mer, *s.* an Hebrew measure, containing about three pints and an half English  
om'inous, *a.* foreshowing ill, inauspicious  
omis'sion, Omit'tance, *s.* a neglect of duty  
omi't, *v. a.* to leave out; to neglect  
omni'a'rious, *a.* of all kinds and sorts  
omni'fic, *a.* all-creating  
omnipot'ence, Omnipot'ency, *s.* almighty power  
omnipot'ent, *a.* almighty, all-powerful  
omnipres'ence, *s.* the quality of being everywhere present; ubiquity  
omnipres'ent, *a.* present in every place  
omni'science, *s.* infinite knowledge  
omni'scient, *a.* infinitely wise, all-knowing  
omology, *s.* likeness; agreeableness  
on, *prep.* upon---*ad.* forward, not off  
once, *ad.* one time, a single time; formerly

**Onc**, *a.* one of two, single—*s.* a single person  
**One-eyed**, *a.* having only one eye  
**Oneirocrit'ic**, *s.* an interpreter of dreams  
**On'erary**, *a.* fitted for carriage or burdens  
**On'erate**, *v. a.* to load, to burden  
**On'erous**, *a.* burdensome, oppressive  
**On'ion**, *s.* a plant with a bulbous root  
**On'ly**, *ad.* simply, barely—*a.* single, this only  
**On'omancy**, *s.* divination by names  
**On'set**, *s.* an attack, an assault; a storm  
**Ontol'ogy**, *s.* metaphysics; the science of beings or ideas in general  
**On'ward**, *ad.* progressively; forward  
**Onyx**, *s.* a clear, elegant, and valuable gem  
**Ooze**, *s.* soft mud; slime; soft flow; spring  
**Ooze**, *v. n.* to run gently, to flow by stealth  
**Ooz'y**, *a.* miry, muddy, slimy  
**Opa'cate**, *v. a.* to shade, to cloud, to darken  
**Opa'city**, *s.* darkness, obscureness  
**Opa'cous**, *Opa'que*, *a.* dark, not transparent  
**O'pal**, *s.* a precious stone  
**O'pen**, *v.* to unclose, unlock; divide; begin  
**O'pen**, *a.* unclosed, plain, clear, exposed  
**Open'cy/ed**, *a.* watchful, vigilant, attentive  
**Openhand'ed**, *a.* generous, liberal, bountiful  
**Openheart'ed**, *a.* generous, candid  
**Openheart'edness**, *s.* liberality, munificence  
**O'pening**, *s.* a breach, an aperture; the dawn  
**O'penly**, *ad.* publicly, evidently, plainly  
**Openmouth'ed**, *a.* greedy, clamorous  
**O'penness**, *s.* freedom from disguise  
**Op'era**, *s.* a musical entertainment  
**Op'erant**, *a.* active; able to produce  
**Operate**, *v. n.* to act; to produce effects  
**Operat'ical**, *a.* relating to an operation  
**Opera'tion**, *s.* agency, influence, effect  
**Operative**, *a.* having the power of acting  
**Opera'tor**, *s.* one that performs any act of the hand; one who produces any effect  
**Opero'sce**, *a.* laborious; full of trouble  
**Opera'neous**, *a.* secret, done in secret  
**Ophioph'agous**, *a.* serpent-eating  
**Ophthal'mic**, *a.* relating to the eye  
**O'piate**, *s.* a medicine that causes sleep  
**Opin'iative**, *a.* stubborn; imagined  
**Opin'ion**, *s.* a sentiment; notion  
**Opin'ionative**, *a.* fond of preconceived notions  
**Opip'arous**, *a.* sumptuous  
**Opitula'tion**, *s.* an aiding, a helping  
**O'pium**, *s.* the juice of Turkish poppies  
**Op'pidan**, *s.* a townsman; an appellation given to the youth who belong to the King's college, Westminster  
**Oppig'nerate**, *v. a.* to pledge, to pawn  
**Oppila'tion**, *s.* an obstruction or stoppage  
**Op'pilative**, *a.* obstructive, apt to obstruct  
**Oppo'nent**, *a.* opposite, adverse  
**Oppo'nen't**, *s.* an adversary, an antagonist  
**Opportu'ne**, *a.* seasonable, convenient, fit  
**Opportu'nity**, *s.* fit place; time; convenience

**Oppo'se**, *v.* to act against, to resist, to hinder  
**Oppo'seless**, *a.* irresistible, not to be opposed  
**Op'posite**, *a.* placed in front, adverse  
**Op'posite**, *s.* an adversary, an antagonist  
**Opposi'tion**, *s.* hostile resistance; contrariety of interest, conduct, or meaning  
**Oppo'ress**, *v. a.* to crush by hardships, subdue  
**Oppo'res'sion**, *s.* cruelty, severity; dulness  
**Oppo'ssive**, *a.* cruel, inhuman; heavy  
**Oppo'sor**, *s.* one who harasses others  
**Oppo'brious**, *a.* reproachful, disgraceful  
**Oppo'briousness**, *s.* scurrility, abuse  
**Opu'gn**, *v. a.* to oppose, attack, refute  
**Opu'gnancy**, *s.* opposition, resistance  
**Opsim'athy**, *s.* late education; late erudition  
**Opta'tive**, *a.* expressive of desire  
**Opt'ic**, *a.* visual, relating to vision  
**Opt'ic**, *s.* an instrument or organ of sight  
**Opt'ical**, *a.* relating to the science of optics  
**Opti'cian**, *s.* one skilled in optics  
**Optics**, *s.* the science of vision  
**Opti'macy**, *s.* nobility, the body of nobles  
**Option**, *s.* a choice, power of choosing  
**Op'ulence**, *Opu'leancy*, *s.* wealth, affluence  
**Op'ulent**, *a.* rich, wealthy, affluent  
**Or**, *s.* gold, in heraldry—*conj.* either  
**Or'acle**, *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom; one famed for wisdom  
**Orac'ular**, *Orac'ulous*, *a.* uttering oracles  
**Or'al**, *a.* delivered verbally, not written  
**Or'ange**, *s.* a well-known fruit  
**Or'angery**, *s.* a plantation of orange trees  
**Or'a'tion**, *s.* a public discourse or speech  
**Or'ator**, *s.* an eloquent public speaker  
**Orator'ical**, *a.* rhetorical; befitting an orator  
**Orato'rio**, *s.* a kind of sacred drama  
**Or'atory**, *s.* rhetorical skill; eloquence  
**Orb**, *s.* a sphere; a circle; a wheel; the  
**Or'bate**, *a.* childless, fatherless; poor  
**Orba'tion**, *s.* the act of deprivation  
**Orb'ed**, *a.* circular, formed in a circle  
**Orbic'ular**, *a.* spherical, circular  
**Orbit**, *s.* the path in which a planet moves  
**Or'chard**, *s.* a garden of fruit trees  
**Or'chestra**, or *Or'chestre*, *s.* a gallery or platform for musicians to play in  
**Orda'in**, *v. a.* to appoint, establish, invest  
**Or'deal**, *s.* a trial by fire or water  
**Or'der**, *s.* a method, a mandate, a rule  
**Or'der**, *v. a.* to regulate, command, ordain  
**Or'derless**, *a.* disorderly, out of rule  
**Or'derly**, *a.* methodical, regular  
**Or'ders**, *s.* admission to the priesthood  
**Or'dinable**, *a.* such as may be appointed  
**Or'dinal**, *s.* a ritual—*a.* noting order  
**Or'dinance**, *s.* a law; rule; appointment  
**Or'dinary**, *s.* a judge; a stated chaplain; place for eating, where a certain price paid for each meal; settled establishment  
**Or'dinary**, *a.* common, usual; mean; of

inate, *a.* methodical---*v. a.* to appoint  
ination, *s.* the act of ordaining  
inance, *s.* cannon, heavy artillery  
nnance, *s.* disposition of figures in a  
icture  
ture, *s.* animal dung, filth  
t, *s.* metal yet in its mineral state  
l, *s.* the lees of wine, &c.  
an, *s.* a natural or musical instrument  
anic, Organ'ical, *a.* instrumental  
anism, *s.* organical structure  
anist, *s.* one who plays on the organ  
anization, *s.* a due construction of parts  
anize, *v. a.* to form organically  
an, *s.* a sudden vehemence  
ies, *s.* frantic revels, rites of Bacchus  
llous, *a.* proud, haughty, lofty  
ent, *a.* rising as the sun; eastern; bright  
ental, *a.* eastern, placed in the east  
ice, *s.* an opening or perforation  
gin, *s.* beginning, source, descent  
ginal, *s.* first copy---*a.* pristine  
ginally, *ad.* primarily, at first  
ginary, *a.* productive, primitive  
gnate, *v. a.* to bring into existence  
son, or Or'aison, *s.* a prayer, verbal  
application, or oral worship  
p, *s.* the lowest deck of a ship  
ament, *s.* decoration, embellishment  
ament, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish  
ament'al, *a.* giving embellishment  
amented, *a.* embellished, decorated  
ate, *a.* bedecked, decorated, fine  
ithology, *s.* a discourse on birds  
han, *s.* a child bereaved of father or  
other, or both---*a.* bereft of parents  
iment, *s.* a mineral, yellow arsenic  
ery, *s.* an instrument which represents  
the revolutions of the heavenly bodies  
is, *s.* gold and silver lace; a plant  
hodox, *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine  
hodoxy, *s.* soundness in doctrine, &c.  
hogon, *s.* a rectangled figure  
ograph, *s.* one who spells rightly  
ograph'ical, *a.* rightly spelled  
ograph'ically, *ad.* according to rule  
ograph'y, *s.* the part of grammar which  
teaches how words should be spelled; the  
elevation of a building delineated  
ave, *s.* rising of a planet or star  
alan, *s.* a delicate small bird  
e, *s.* fragments, mere refuse  
lation, *s.* the moving like a pendulum  
tancy, Oscita'tion, *s.* the act of yawning;   
usual sleepiness; carelessness  
tant, *a.* yawning, sleepy, sluggish  
lation, *s.* the act of kissing  
r, *s.* a tree of the willow kind  
ous, *a.* bony, like bone; hard  
le, *s.* a small bone

Ossifica'tion, *s.* a change into bony substance  
Os'sifrage, *s.* a kind of eagle  
Os'sify, *v. a.* to change to bone  
Ossiv'orous, *a.* devouring bones  
Os'suary, *a.* a charnel-house  
Ost, or Oust, *s.* a vessel to dry malt on  
Osten'sible, *a.* that may be shown, apparent  
Osten'sive, *a.* showing, betokening  
Oste'nt, *s.* air, manner, show; a portent  
Ostenta'tion, *s.* an outward or vain show  
Ostenta'tious, *a.* boastful, vain, fond of  
show, fond to expose to view  
Osteol'ogy, *s.* a description of the bones  
Osti'ary, *s.* the mouth of a river  
Ost'ler, *s.* one who takes care of horses  
Os'tracism, *s.* a passing sentence by ballot;  
banishment; public censure by shells  
Ost'reich, *s.* a very large African fowl  
Otacoustic, *s.* an instrument to facilitate or  
improve the sense of hearing  
O'ther, *pron.* not the same; not I, nor he  
Otherwise, *ad.* in a different manner  
Ot'ter, *s.* an amphibious animal  
Ot'toman, *a.* belonging to the Turks  
O'val, *a.* oblong, shaped like an egg  
Ova'rious, *a.* consisting of, or like eggs  
Ovary, *s.* the seat of eggs, or impregnation  
Ovation, *s.* a lesser kind of Roman triumph  
Oven, *s.* an arched place for baking in  
O'ver, *prep. and ad.* above; across  
Overa'ct, *v. a.* to act more than enough  
Overan'xious, *a.* too careful  
Overa'rch, *v. a.* to cover as with an arch  
Overa've, *v. a.* to keep in awe, to terrify  
Overbal'ance, *v. a.* to preponderate  
Overbe'ar, *v. a.* to subdue, to bear down  
Overbi'd, *v. a.* to offer more than the value  
Overboard, *ad.* off or out of the ship  
Overbo'il, *v. a.* to boil too much  
Overbold, *a.* impudent, daring, audacious  
Overbur'den, *v. a.* to load too much  
Overcar'fy, *v. a.* to hurry too far  
Overca'st, *a.* clouded---*v. a.* to darken  
Overcha'rged, *v. a.* to charge too high; to  
cloy; to crowd too much; to burden  
Overclo'ud, *v. a.* to cover with clouds  
Overco'me, *v. a.* to subdue, to vanquish  
Overco'unt, *v. a.* to rate above the true value  
Overdol', *v. a.* to do more than enough  
Overdri've, *v. a.* to drive too hard or fast  
Overe'ye, *v. a.* to superintend; to remark  
Overfe'ed, *v. a.* to feed too much, to cram  
Overflow', *v.* to be full; to deluge  
O'verflowing, *s.* exuberance, copiousness  
O'vergrown, part. *a.* grown too big  
O'vergrowth, *s.* exuberant growth  
O'verhol'e, *v. a.* to examine over again  
Overhead, *ad.* aloft, above in the zenith  
Overhe'ar, *v. a.* to hear privately, or by chance  
Overhe'at, *v. a.* to heat too much

Overjoy', *v. a.* to transport---*s.* ecstasy  
 Overla'de, *v. a.* to overburden, to overload  
 Overla'y, *v. a.* to smother, to cover over  
 Overle'ap, *v. a.* to leap or jump over  
 Overlo'ad, *v. a.* to burden with too much  
 Overlo'ng, *a.* too long, longer than is meet  
 Overloo'k, *v. a.* to superintend; view from a  
     higher place; pass by indulgently; peruse  
 Overmaste'd, *a.* having too much mast  
 Overmatch, *v. a.* to be too powerful  
 Overmu'ch, *a.* too much, more than enough  
 Overnight, *s.* night before bed time  
 Overpa'ss, *v. a.* to omit, overlook, cross  
 Overpa'y, *v. a.* to pay more than the price  
 Overpe'er, *v. a.* to overlook; hover above  
 Overplus, *s.* what is more than sufficient  
 Overpoise, *v. a.* to outweigh, preponderate  
 Overpow'er, *v. a.* to oppress by power  
 Overpre'ss, *v. a.* to crush, to overwhelm  
 Overpri'ze, *v. a.* to value at too high a price  
 Overra'nk, *a.* too rank  
 Overra'te, *v. a.* to rate too much  
 Overre'ach, *v.* to deceive; to go beyond  
 Overri'pen, *v.* to make too ripe  
 Overro'ast, *v. a.* to roast too much  
 Overru'le, *v. a.* to superintend, to supersede  
 Overru'n, *v. a.* to ravage; outrun; overspread  
 Overse'e, *v. a.* to superintend, to overlook  
 Overse'er, *s.* one who overlooks; a parish-  
     officer who has the care of the poor  
 Overse't, *v.* to turn the bottom upwards, to  
     throw off the basis, to overturn, to subvert  
 Oversha'de, *v. a.* to cover with darkness  
 Overshad'ow, *v. a.* to shelter, cover, to protect  
 Overshoot', *v. n.* to fly beyond the mark  
 Oversight, *s.* mistake; superintendence  
 Oversi'ze, *v. a.* to surpass in bulk; to plaster  
 Overski'p, *v. a.* to pass by leaping; to neglect  
 Oversle'ep, *v. a.* to sleep too long  
 Oversli'p, *v. a.* to pass undone, to neglect  
 Overspre'a'd, *v. a.* to cover over, scatter over  
 Oversta'nd, *v. a.* to stand too much upon terms  
 Oversto'ck, *v. a.* to fill too full, to crowd  
 Overstra'fin, *v.* to stretch too far  
 Overswa'y, *v. a.* to overrule, to bear down  
 Oversw'e'll, *v. a.* to rise above  
 O'vert, *a.* open, manifest, public, apparent  
 Overta'ke, *v. a.* to come up with in a pursuit  
 Overthro'w, *v. a.* to ruin, defeat, overturn  
 Overthwa'rt, *a.* opposite, perverse, adverse  
 Overthwar'tness, *s.* perversity, perverseness  
 O'vertly, *ad.* openly, publicly, manifestly  
 Overtoo'k, *pret. and part. pass. of to overtake*  
 Overto'p, *v. a.* to rise above; excel, surpass  
 Overtri'p, *v. a.* to walk lightly over  
 O'verture, *s.* an opening, disclosure, discov-  
     ery, proposal; a flourish of music before  
     the scenes are opened in a play  
 Overtu'ren, *v. a.* to throw down; overpower  
 Overval'ue, *v. a.* to rate at too high a price  
 Overve'il, *v. a.* to veil or cover over  
 Overwe'ak, *a.* too weak, too feeble  
 Overwe'en, *v. n.* to think too highly  
 O'verweight, *s.* more than weight  
 Overwhe'l'm, *v.* to crush; to fill too much  
 Overwi'se, *a.* wise to affectation  
 Overwo'ught, *part.* laboured too much  
 Overwo'r'n, *part.* worn out, spoiled by time  
 Ought, *s.* any thing, something. This  
     is more properly written, *aught*  
 Ought, *pret. of to owe*; should; to be fit  
 Ovip'a'rous, *a.* bringing forth eggs  
 Ounce, *s.* a weight; a lynx, a panther  
 Our, *pron. poss.* pertaining to us  
 Ourselves, *pron. recip. we*, us, not other  
 Oust, *v. a.* to vacate; take away; to cast  
 Out, *ad.* not within, not at home; not  
     affairs; to the end; loudly; at a loss  
 Outa'ct, *v. a.* to do beyond, to exceed  
 Outbal'ance, *v. a.* to outweigh, preponderate  
 Outbi'd, *v. a.* to bid more than another  
 Outbound, *a.* destined to a distant voyage  
 Outbra've, *v. a.* to silence or outdo by a  
     splendid or insolent appearance  
 Outbra'zen, *v. a.* to bear down by impudence  
 Outbreak', *s.* an eruption, a breaking out  
 Out'cast, *s.* an exile, one rejected  
 Outcraft, *v. a.* to excel in cunning  
 Out'cry, *s.* a cry of distress, noise, clamor  
 Outda're, *v. a.* to venture or dare beyond  
 Outdo', *v. a.* to excel, to surpass, to go beyond  
 Out'er, *a.* that which is without, outward  
 Out'ermost, *a.* remotest from the midst  
 Outfa'ce, *v. a.* to brave, or stare down  
 Out'fal, *s.* a canal; a fall of water; a quarry  
 Outfly', *v. a.* to leave behind; to fly beyond  
 Out'gate, *s.* an outlet, a passage outward  
 Outgi've, *v. a.* to surpass in giving  
 Outgo', *v. a.* to surpass, to excel, circumvent  
 Outgro'w, *v. a.* to surpass in growth  
 Out'guard, *s.* the advanced guard  
 Outkna've, *v. a.* to surpass in knavery  
 Outland'ish, *a.* foreign, not native  
 Out'law, *s.* one excluded from the benefit  
     of the law; a plunderer, a robber, a bandit  
 Out'lawry, *s.* a decree by which a man is  
     expelled from the community, the law, &c.  
 Outle'ap, *v. a.* to surpass in leaping  
 Out'let, *s.* a passage or discharge outward  
 Out'line, *s.* the line by which any figure  
     is defined; contour; extremity  
 Outli've, *v. a.* to survive, to live beyond  
 Outlo'ok, *v. a.* to face down, to browbeat  
 Outly'ing, *part. a.* not in the course of  
 Outma'rch, *v. a.* to march quicker  
 Outmeas'ure, *v. a.* to exceed in measure  
 Out'most, *a.* the most outward  
 Outnum'ber, *v. a.* to exceed in number  
 Outpa'ce, *v. a.* to outgo, to leave behind  
 Out'parish, *s.* a parish without the walls

aprice, *v. a.* to prize or value too highly  
rage, *s.* violence, tumultuous mischief  
rage, *v.* to commit exorbitancies; to insult roughly and contumeliously  
rageous, *a.* violent, furious, excessive  
re'ach, *v. a.* to go beyond, exceed; cheat  
re'ach, *v. a.* to pass by riding  
right, *ad.* immediately; completely  
roar, *v. a.* to exceed in roaring  
rode, *s.* an excursion  
root, *v. a.* to root up, to eradicate  
run, *v. a.* to leave behind in running  
sail, *v. a.* to leave behind in sailing  
scorn, *v. a.* to bear down by contempt  
sell, *v. a.* to sell for a higher price  
shine, *v. a.* to emit lustre, excel in lustre  
shoot, *v. a.* to exceed in shooting  
side, *s.* external part, outer part; show  
sit, *v. a.* to sit beyond the due time  
sleep, *v.* to sleep beyond proper time  
spread, *v. a.* to extend, to diffuse  
stare, *v. a.* to browbeat, to face down  
stretch, *v. a.* to extend, to spread out  
strip, *v. a.* to cutgo, to leave behind  
swear, *v. a.* to overpower by swearing  
talk, *v. a.* to overpower by talk  
tongue, *v. a.* to bear down by noise  
transcend, *v. a.* to exceed in price  
trivie, *v. a.* to exceed, to surpass, to excel  
vote, *v. a.* to conquer by plurality of votes

Outwa'lk, *v. a.* to leave one in walking  
Out'wall, *s.* outward part of a building  
Out'ward, *a.* external, foreign, apparent  
Out'ward, *ad.* to foreign or outer parts  
Out'wardly, *ad.* in appearance, not sincerely; externally, opposed to inwardly  
Out'wards, *ad.* towards the out parts  
Outwe'ar, *v. a.* to pass tediously  
Outwe'igh, *v. a.* to exceed in weight, &c.  
Outwi't, *v. a.* to overcome by stratagem  
Out'works, *s.* externals of a fortification  
Outwo'rn, *part.* destroyed by use or age  
Owe, *v. a.* to be indebted; to be obliged  
Owl, Owl'et, *s.* a bird that flies by night  
Owl'er, *s.* one who exports wool or other goods contrary to the law of the land  
Own, *pron.* my own, his own  
Own'er, *s.* one to whom a thing belongs  
Ow'nership, *s.* property, rightful possession  
Ow'se, *s.* bark of young oak beaten small  
Ows'er, *s.* bark and water mixed in a tanpit  
Ox, *s. pl.* Ox'en, a castrated bull or bulls  
Ox'gang of land, *s.* twenty acres  
Ox'lip, *s.* the cowslip, a vernal flower  
Ox'ycrate, *s.* mixture of vinegar and water  
Ox'ymel, *s.* mixture of vinegar and honey  
Oy'er, *v. n.* to hear--s. a court, a commission  
Oye's, *s.* hear ye  
Oy'ster, *s.* a bivalve shell-fish

## P.

IS used as an abbreviation; in physical recipes it signifies, *pugil*, or the eighth part of an handful, P. M. with astronomers, for *post meridiem*, afternoon, P. in music books, for *piano*, soft, P. P. for *pianissimo*, a little more soft than *piano*, P. P. P. for *pianississimo*, extremely soft or slow  
abular, Pab'ulous, *a.* affording provender  
pacated, *a.* appeased, made placable  
pace, *s.* step, gait; measure of five feet  
pace, *v.* to move slowly; to measure by steps  
pace, *s.* one who paces, a horse  
pacifc, *a.* mild, gentle, appeasing  
pacification, *s.* the act of making peace  
pacifcator, *s.* a mediator, or peacemaker  
pacififer, *s.* one who pacifies or appeases  
pacify, *v. a.* to appease, to compose  
pack, *s.* a bundle tied up for carriage; a set of cards; a number of hounds, &c.  
pack, *v.* to bind or tie up goods; to sort cards  
package, *s.* a charge, or wrapper for packing  
pack'cloth, *s.* cloth in which goods are tied

Pack'er, *s.* one who binds up bales, &c.  
Pack'et, *s.* a small pack; a mail of letters  
Pack'horse, *s.* a horse of burden  
Pack'saddle, *s.* a saddle to carry burdens  
Pack'thread, *s.* a thread used in packing  
Pact, Paction, *s.* a bargain, a covenant  
Pad, *s.* an easy-paced horse; a foot robber  
Pad, *v. n.* to travel gently; to rob on foot  
Pad'ar, *s.* grouts, coarse flour  
Pad'dle, *v. n.* to play in the water; to row  
Pad'dle, *s.* an oar used by a single rower  
Pad'dock, *s.* a toad or frog; small inclosure  
Pad'lock, *s.* a pendent or hanging lock  
Pad'lock, *v. a.* to fasten with a padlock  
Pae'an, *s.* a song of triumph or praise  
Pædobaptism, *s.* infant baptism  
Pagan, *s.* a heathen--a, heathenish  
Paganism, *s.* heathenism  
Page, *s.* one side of the leaf of a book; a boy attending on a great person  
Page, *v. a.* to mark the pages of a book  
Pageant, *s.* any show; a spectacle of entertainment; a statue in a show

Pa'geant, *a.* showy, pompous, ostentatious  
 Pa'geantry, *s.* pomp, ostentation, show  
 Pa'ginal, *a.* consisting of pages  
 Pa'god, *s.* an Indian idol, or its temple  
 Paid, *pret.* and *part.* *pass.* of *to pay*  
 Pail, *s.* a wooden vessel for water, &c.  
 Pain, *s.* sensation of uneasiness, punishment  
 Pain, *v. a.* to afflict, torment, make uneasy  
 Pain'ful, *a.* full of pain, afflictive, difficult  
 Pain'ful'y, *ad.* with great pain, laboriously  
 Pain'fulness, *a.* affliction, laboriousness  
 Pain'im, *s.* an infidel, a pagan  
 Pain'less, *a.* without pain or trouble  
 Pains'taker, *s.* a laborious person  
 Pains'taking, *a.* laborious, industrious  
 Paint, *s.* colours for painting  
 Paint, *v. a.* to represent, colour, describe  
 Paint'er, *s.* one who professes painting  
 Painting, *s.* the art of representing objects  
     by delineation and colours; a picture  
 Pair, *s.* two things suiting one another  
 Pair, *v. a.* to join in couples, to suit, to unite  
 Pal'ace, *s.* a royal or splendid house  
 Pala'cious, *a.* royal, noble, grand  
 Palanqui'n, *s.* an Indian sedan or chair  
 Pal'atable, *a.* pleasing to the taste  
 Pal'ate, *s.* instrument of taste, mental relish  
 Palat'ic, *a.* belonging to the palate  
 Palat'inate, *s.* a large province of Germany,  
     divided into the upper and lower; the up-  
     per is called the palatinate of Bavaria,  
     and the lower the palatinate of the Rhine;  
     the jurisdiction of a Count Palatine  
 Pal'atines, *s.* the inhabitants of a palatine  
 Pale, *a.* wan, whitish—*s.* a jurisdiction; an  
     inclosure; a flat stake stuck in the ground;  
     the third and middle part of a scutcheon  
 Pale, *v. a.* to enclose with pales, encompass  
 Pa'lefaced, *a.* having the face wan, pale  
 Pal'endar, *s.* a kind of coasting vessel  
 Pa'leous, *a.* husky, chaffy  
 Pa'leness, *s.* wanness, want of colour  
 Pal'ette, *s.* a light board for painters' colours  
 Pal'frey, *s.* a small horse trained for ladies  
 Pal'freyyed, *a.* riding on a palfrey  
 Pal'inode, Pal'inody, *s.* a recitation  
 Palisa'de, Palisa'do, *s.* pales set for enclosure  
 Pa'llish, *a.* somewhat pale, sickly  
 Pall, *s.* a cloak or mantle of state; a covering  
     thrown over the dead  
 Pall, *v. a.* to become insipid, to cloy; weaken  
 Pal'lat, *s.* a nut of a watch  
 Pal'let, *s.* a small or mean bed  
 Pal'liament, *s.* a robe, a dress, a garment  
 Pal'liate, *v. a.* to excuse, to extenuate, ease  
 Pallia'tion, *s.* a mitigating, imperfect cure  
 Pal'iative, *a.* extenuating, mitigating  
 Pal'lid, *a.* pale, not high coloured  
 Pallma'll, *s.* a game with a ball and mallet  
 Palm, *s.* a tree; triumph; part of the hand

Palm, *v. a.* to hide in the hand, cheat, imp-  
 Palm'ar, *a.* relating to a hand's breadth  
 Palm'er, *s.* a pilgrim; deer's crown; che-  
 Palmet'to, *s.* a species of the palm-tree  
 Palmiferous, *a.* bearing palms  
 Pal'mipede, *a.* webfooted, as swans, &c.  
 Palm'istry, *s.* the cheat of fortune-telling  
     lines in the palm of the hand  
 Palm'y, *a.* bearing or having palms  
 Palpabil'ity, *s.* a palpable quality  
 Pal'pable, *a.* that may be felt; plain; evi-  
 Pal'pably, *ad.* plainly, evidently  
 Palpit'ate, *v. a.* to beat as the heart, flut-  
 Palpit'ation, *s.* a throbbing of the heart  
 Pals'grave, *s.* a German title of honour  
 Pal'sical, Pal'sied, *a.* afflicted with the pa-  
 Pal'sy, *s.* a privation of the sense of feel-  
 Pal'ter, *v.* to shift, to dodge, to squander  
 Pam, *s.* the knave of clubs  
 Pam'per, *v. a.* to feed luxuriously, to g-  
 Pam'phlet, *s.* a small stitched book  
 Pamphlete'er, *s.* a writer of pamphlets  
 Pan, *s.* a vessel of various metals, &c.  
 Panace'a, *s.* an universal medicine; an he-  
 Pana'da, Pana'do, *s.* bread boiled in water  
 Pan'cake, *s.* thin batter fried in a pan  
 Pancrat'ical, *a.* excelling in all the gym-  
     tic exercises  
 Pan'creas, *s.* the sweetbread of an animal  
 Pan'cy, or Pan'sy, *s.* a kind of violet  
 Pan'dect, *s.* a complete treatise on any sci-  
 Pandemo'nium, *s.* the great hall, or cou-  
     chamber of devils  
 Pandem'ic, *a.* incident to a whole people  
 Pan'der, *s.* a pimp, a male bawd, a procurer  
 Pandicula'tion, *s.* a yawning and stretch-  
 Pan'durated, *a.* having furrowed stalks  
 Pane, *s.* a square of glass, wainscot, &c.  
 Panegy'ric, *s.* an eulogy, encomium, pra-  
 Panegy'rical, *a.* bestowing praise  
 Panegy'rist, *s.* a writer of panegyrics  
 Pan'el, *s.* a square of wainscot, &c. a roll  
     jurors' names provided by the sheriff  
 Pang, *s.* violent and sudden pain  
 Pan'ic, *a.* violent fright without cause  
 Pan'ic, *s.* sudden, causeless consternation  
 Panna'de, *s.* the curvet of a horse  
 Pan'nel, *s.* a kind of rustic saddle  
 Pan'nier, *s.* a basket carried on horses  
 Pan'oply, *s.* complete armour or harness  
 Pant, *v. n.* to beat as the heart; wish earnestly  
 Pantalo'n, *s.* a man's garment; a buffoon  
 Panthe'on, *s.* a temple of all the gods  
 Pan'ther, *s.* a spotted wild beast, a pard  
 Pan'tile, or Pen'tile, *s.* a gutter tile  
 Pant'ler, *s.* one who, in a great family, keeps the bread  
 Pan'tomime, *s.* a tale exhibited only in pic-  
     ture and dumb show; a scene  
 Pan'tofle, *s.* a slipper

Par'try, *s.* a room, &c. for provisions  
 Pap', *s.* the nipple; food for infants; pulp  
 Pap'a, *s.* a fond name for father  
 Pap'acy, *s.* the popedom, popish dignity  
 Pap'al, *a.* belonging to the pope, popish  
 Pap'erous, *a.* resembling poppies  
 Pap'er, *s.* a substance made from rags  
 Pap'er, *v. a.* to hang a place with paper  
 Pap'erma'ker, *s.* one who makes paper  
 Pap'ermill, *s.* a mill to make paper in  
 Pap'erstain'er, *s.* one who colours paper  
 Pap'ilio, *s.* a moth of various colours  
 Pap'ilary, Pap'ilous, *a.* resembling paps  
 Pap'ist, *s.* one who adheres to popery  
 Pap'istical, *a.* popish, adhering to popery  
 Pap'py, *a.* soft, succulent, easily divided  
 Par', *s.* a state of equality, equivalence  
 Par'able, *s.* a similitude; figurative speech  
 Par'abola, *s.* one of the conic sections  
 Parabol'ical, *a.* expressed by a parable, &c.  
 Parabol'ically, *ad.* allusively  
 Parabol'ism, *s.* in algebra, the division of the  
 terms of an equation, by a known quan-  
 tity involved or multiplied in the first term  
 Paracent'rical, *a.* deviating from circularity  
 Parachron'ism, *s.* an error in chronology  
 Paraclete, *s.* a comforter, an intercessor  
 Parade, *s.* military order, guard, show  
 Paradise, *s.* the blissful regions, heaven  
 Paradi'sical, *a.* suiting, or making paradise  
 Parado'x, *s.* a proposition seemingly wrong  
 or absurd, but not really so; an assertion  
 contrary to appearance  
 Parado'xical, *a.* inclined to new tenets, &c.  
 Parado'xism, *s.* an open gallery or passage  
 Paragon, *s.* something supremely excellent;  
 a model, pattern; companion, fellow  
 Par'agraph, *s.* a distinct part of a discourse  
 Parall'actic, *a.* pertaining to a parallax  
 Parallax, *s.* the distance between the true  
 and apparent place of any star, &c.  
 Parallel, *s.* lines continuing their course  
 and still preserving the same distance from  
 each other; resemblance; conformity  
 Parallel, *a.* in the same direction, equal  
 Parallelism, *s.* state of being parallel  
 Paral'ogram, *s.* a right lined quadrilateral  
 figure, whose opposite sides are parallel  
 and equal  
 Paralog'ism, Par'alog'y, *s.* false argument  
 Paralysis, *s.* a palsy  
 Paralytic, *a.* palsied, inclined to palsy  
 Paramount, *s.* the chief—*a.* superior  
 Par'amour, *s.* a lover or mistress  
 Par'ymph, *s.* a brideman; a supporter  
 Parapet, *s.* a wall breast high  
 Paraphernal'ia, *s.* goods in a wife's disposal  
 Paraphrase, *s.* an explanation in many  
 words—*v. a.* to translate loosely  
 Paraphras't, *s.* a lax or loose interpreter

Paraphras'tical, *a.* not literal, not verbal  
 Par'asang, *s.* a Persian measure of length  
 Par'asite, *s.* a flatterer of rich men  
 Parasit'ical, *a.* flattering, wheedling  
 Par'asol, *s.* a small canopy carried over the  
 head to guard against the sun  
 Parboil, *v. a.* to half boil  
 Par'cel, *s.* a small bundle, lot, quantity  
 Par'cel, *v. a.* to divide into portions  
 Par'ceny, *s.* a joint tenure or inheritance  
 Parch, *v.* to burn slightly, to scorch, dry up  
 Parch'ment, *s.* skins dressed for writing on  
 Pard, Par'dale, *s.* a leopard, a spotted beast  
 Par'don, *s.* forgiveness, remission  
 Par'don, *v. a.* to excuse, to forgive, to remit  
 Par'donable, *a.* that may be pardoned  
 Par'donably, *ad.* excusably, venially  
 Pare, *v. a.* to cut off the surface, to cut off  
 by little and little, to diminish  
 Paregor'ic, or Paragor'ic, *a.* having the power  
 in medicine to mollify, assuage, &c.  
 Parenchym'atous, *a.* spongy, soft  
 Pa'rent, *s.* a father or mother  
 Pa'rentage, *s.* birth, extraction, descent  
 Parent'al, *a.* pertaining to parents  
 Paren'thesis, *s.* the marks thus ( ), that in-  
 clude a clause that is put into a sentence,  
 which may be left out in reading, and the  
 sense remain entire  
 Parent'icide, *s.* a killing a father or mother  
 Pa'rer, *s.* a tool to cut away the surface  
 Par'ergy, *s.* something unimportant  
 Par'get, *s.* a plaster—*v. a.* to plaster  
 Parhe'lon, *s.* a mock sun  
 Pa'rian-marble, *s.* an excellent white marble  
 Pari'etal, *a.* constituting sides or walls  
 Paril'ity, *s.* resemblance, proportion  
 Par'ring, *s.* what is pared off, the rind  
 Par'ish, *s.* a district or division of land under  
 a priest having the cure of souls  
 Parish'ioner, *s.* one that belongs to the parish  
 Paris'ian, *s.* a native or inhabitant of Paris  
 Parisyllab'ical, *a.* having equal syllables  
 Parity, *s.* equality, resemblance, likeness  
 Park, *s.* an inclosure for beasts of chase  
 Parley, or Parle, *s.* conversation, oral treaty  
 Par'ley, *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth  
 Parliament, *s.* the assembly of the three  
 estates, the King, Lords, and Commons  
 Parliament'ary, *a.* enacted by parliament,  
 suiting or pertaining to parliament  
 Parlour, *s.* a lower room for entertainments  
 Parlous, *a.* shrewd, subtle, waggish  
 Paro'chial, *a.* pertaining to a parish  
 Par'o'dy, *s.* change of another's words  
 Par'o'dy, *v. a.* to copy by way of parody  
 Parole, *s.* word given as an assurance  
 Paron'ymous, *a.* resembling another word  
 Paroquet', *s.* a small species of parrot  
 Parot'id, *a.* salivary; near the ears

Par'oysm, *s.* periodical return of a fit, &c.  
 Parricidal, *a.* relating to parricide  
 Par'icide, *s.* one who murders his father  
 Par'rot, *s.* a well-known bird  
 Par'ry, *v. n.* to put by thrusts, to ward off  
 Parse, *v. a.* to resolve by grammar rules  
 Parsimo'nous, *a.* covetous, saving, frugal  
 Parsimo'niously, *ad.* frugally, covetously  
 Par'simony, *s.* niggardliness, covetousness  
 Par'sley, *s.* a well-known herb  
 Par'snip, *s.* an edible root  
 Par'son, *s.* a clergyman, priest, minister  
 Par'sonage, *s.* a parson's benefice or house  
 Part, *s.* a portion, something less than the whole, share, concern, party, member  
 Part, *v.* to separate, keep asunder; go away  
 Part'age, *s.* division, act of sharing  
 Partake, *v.* to participate, have part in  
 Parta'ker, *s.* an associate, a sharer  
 Parte're, *s.* a level ground; a flower garden  
 Part'ial, *a.* inclined to favour one party more than the other; affecting only one part  
 Partial'ity, *s.* an unequal judgment  
 Part'ialize, *v. a.* to make partial  
 Part'ially, *ad.* with unjust favour  
 Parti'cipant, *a.* having share or part  
 Parti'cipate, *v.* to partake, to share  
 Particip'ion, *s.* a sharing of something  
 Particip'ial, *a.* of the nature of a participle  
 Participle, *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and a verb  
 Particle, *s.* a small portion of a great substance; a small undeclinable word  
 Particular, *a.* individual, singular, odd  
 Partic'ular, *s.* a single instance or point  
 Particular'ity, *s.* something particular  
 Partic'ularize, *v. a.* to mention distinctly  
 Partic'ularly, *ad.* distinctly, peculiarly  
 Partisa'n, *s.* an adherent to a party; a pike  
 Partition, *s.* the act of dividing, division  
 Partition, *v. a.* to divide into distinct parts  
 Part'let, *s.* a hen; a ruff or hand  
 Part'ly, *ad.* in part, in some measure  
 Part'ner, *s.* a sharer; a dancing mate, &c.  
 Part'nership, *s.* joint interest or property  
 Partoo'k, *pret. of to partake*  
 Par'tridge, *s.* a bird of game  
 Parts, *s.* qualities, faculties, districts  
 Partu'rient, *a.* about to bring forth  
 Parturi'ion, *s.* a parturient state  
 Par'ty, *s.* an assembly; cause; detachment  
 Par'tycoloured, *a.* having different colours  
 Par'ty-jury, *s.* a jury in some trials, half foreigners and half natives  
 Par'vitute, Par'vity, *s.* minuteness  
 Pas, *s.* the right of precedence or priority  
 Paschal, *a.* relating to the passover  
 Pas'quin, Pasquina'de, *s.* a lampoon  
 Pass, *v.* to go beyond; to vanish; to enact a law; to omit; to thrust; to be current

Pass, *s.* a narrow entrance; licence to go  
 Pass'a'ble, *a.* possible to be passed, tolerable  
 Passa'de, Passa'do, *s.* a push, a thrust  
 Pass'age, *s.* act of passing; journey; incident road; narrow street; part of a book  
 Pass'enger, *s.* a traveller, a wayfarer, one who hires a place in a carriage  
 Passibili'ty, *s.* the quality of receiving impressions from external agents  
 Pas'sible, *a.* that may be impressed  
 Pass'ing, *part. a.* supreme, eminent  
 Passing-be'll, *s.* the death bell for a person  
 Pas'sion, *s.* anger, love, ardour, suffering  
 Pas'sion-week, *s.* the week before Easter  
 Pas'sionate, *a.* easily moved to anger  
 Pas'sionately, *ad.* with desire, angrily  
 Pas'sive, *a.* unresisting, suffering  
 Pas'siveness, Passiv'ity, *s.* possibility  
 Pass'over, *s.* a solemn festival of the Jews  
 Pass'port, *s.* permission, in writing, to pass  
 Past, *part. a.* not present, not to come, a dergone, gone through, spent  
 Paste, *s.* any viscous, tenacious mixture  
 Pa'steboard, *s.* a thick kind of paper  
 Pas'tern, *s.* the knee of a horse, the leg  
 Pas'til, *s.* a roll of paste, a crayon  
 Pas'time, *s.* sport, recreation, diversion  
 Pas'tinate, *v. n.* to dig in a garden  
 Pas'tor, *s.* a shepherd, a clergyman who the care of a flock  
 Pas'toral, *a.* rural, rustic, like shepherd  
 Pas'toral, *s.* a rural poem, a bucolic  
 Pa'stry, *s.* pies or baked paste  
 Pa'strycook, *s.* one who makes pastry  
 Pas'turable, *a.* fit for pasture  
 Pas'turage, *s.* grounds grazed by cattle  
 Pas'ture, *s.* land on which cattle feed  
 Pas'ty, *s.* a pie of crust raised without a  
 Pat, *a.* fit, convenient, exactly suitable  
 Pat, *v. a.* to strike lightly—*s.* a light blow  
 Pataco'on, *s.* a Spanish coin value 4s. 0d.  
 Patch, *v.* to mend, to piece, put on patch  
 Patch'work, *s.* small pieces of different  
 lours sewed interchangeably together  
 Pate, *s.* the head  
 Pat'efac'tion, *s.* the act or state of opening  
 Pat'en, *s.* a plate used for bread at the  
 Pat'ent, *a.* open to the perusal of all  
 Pat'ent, *s.* an exclusive right or privilege  
 Patentee', *s.* one who has a patent  
 Pater'nal, *a.* fatherly; hereditary  
 Pater-nos'ter, *s.* the Lord's prayer  
 Path, Path'way, *s.* way, road, tract  
 Pathet'ic, Pathet'ical, *a.* moving the passions, or affections, passionate  
 Pathet'ically, *ad.* in a moving manner  
 Path'less, *a.* untrdden, not known  
 Pathol'ogy, *s.* a part of physic which considers diseases, their natures, causes, symptoms, &c.

Patoos, *s.* warmth, passion, feeling  
 Patable, *a.* sufferable, tolerable  
 Patience, *s.* calmness of mind, endurance  
 Patient, *a.* not easily moved or provoked  
 Patient, *s.* a diseased person, under the  
 care of another  
 Patiently, *ad.* with patience, quietly  
 Patine, *s.* the cover of a chalice  
 Patily, *ad.* fitly, opportunely, suitably  
 Patriarch, *s.* a head of a family or church  
 Patriarchal, *a.* pertaining to patriarchs  
 Patriarchate, *s.* jurisdiction of a patriarch  
 Patriarchian, *a.* senatorial—*v.* a nobleman  
 Patriarchal, *a.* possessed by inheritance  
 Patrimony, *s.* an estate, &c. possessed by  
 inheritance from a father or mother  
 Patriot, *s.* a real lover of his country  
 Patriotic, *a.* having patriotism  
 Patriotism, *s.* love or zeal for one's country  
 Patronize, *v. a.* to patronise, to protect  
 Patron, *s.* a guard to walk the streets  
 Patron, *s.* an advocate, a supporter  
 Patronage, *s.* protection, support, defence  
 Patronal, *a.* protecting, supporting  
 Patroness, *s.* a female patron  
 Patronize, *v. a.* to support, to defend  
 Patronymic, *s.* a name from father, &c.  
 Paten, *s.* a clog shod with an iron ring  
 Patepan, *s.* a pan to bake small pies in  
 Pate, *v. n.* to make a noise like hail  
 Pate, *s.* a specimen, archetype, model  
 Pavin, or Pavin, *s.* a kind of light dance  
 Peccy, *s.* smallness of number, &c.  
 Peccy, *v. a.* to floor with stones, &c.  
 Peccy, *s.* a stone or brick floor, &c.  
 Peccy, or Pa'vier, *s.* one who lays stones  
 Peccy, *s.* a tent, a temporary house  
 Peccy, *s.* the belly, abdominal regions  
 Peccy, *s.* a poor person who receives alms  
 Peccy, *s.* a stop, a break—*v. n.* to consider  
 Peccy, *s.* the foot of a beast; hand  
 Peccy, *v. a.* to handle roughly, fawn, flatter  
 Peccy, *v. a.* to pledge, to give in pledge  
 Peccy-broker, *s.* one who lends on pawns  
 Peccy, *s.* wages, hire, money for services  
 Peccy, *v. a.* to discharge a debt, reward, beat  
 Peccyable, *a.* due, that ought to be paid  
 Peccyment, *s.* the act of payment; a reward  
 Peccy, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse  
 Peccy, *s.* respite from war, rest, silence  
 Peccy, *interj.* silence, stop  
 Peccyable, *a.* not turbulent, free from war  
 Peccyableness, *s.* a quiet disposition  
 Peccyably, *ad.* without tumult or war  
 Peccyful, *a.* pacific, mild, undisturbed  
 Peccyfully, *ad.* quietly, mildly, gently  
 Peccy, *s.* a delicious fruit—*v. n.* to accuse  
 Peccycoloured, *a.* of a colour like a peach  
 Peccy-chick, *s.* the chicken of a peacock  
 Peccy-stock, *s.* a fowl of beautiful plumage

Peahen, *s.* the female of the peacock  
 Peak, *s.* the top of an hill; any thing pointed; the fore part of an head-dress  
 Peak, *v. n.* to look sickly or weakly; to sneak  
 Peak'ing, *part. a.* sickly, poorly; sneaking  
 Peal, *s.* a loud sound, as of bells, &c.  
 Pear, *s.* a fruit of 84 different species  
 Pearl, *s.* a precious gem; a film on the eye  
 Pearl'y, *a.* abounding with or like pearls  
 Pear'main, *s.* a kind of apple  
 Pear'tree, *s.* the tree that bears pears  
 Peas'ant, *s.* one who lives by rural labour  
 Peas'antry, *s.* peasants, country people  
 Pease, or Peas, *s.* plural of pea  
 Pease'-cod, *s.* the shell or husk of peas  
 Peat, *s.* a species of turf for firing  
 Peb'bly, Peb'blestone, *s.* a sort of stone  
 Peb'bly, *a.* full of pebbles  
 Peccabili'ty, *s.* a being subject to sin  
 Peccable, *a.* incident or liable to sin  
 Peccadil'lo, *s.* a small fault, a crime  
 Peccancy, *s.* bad quality  
 Pecc'cant, *a.* criminal, ill-disposed, bad  
 Pecca'vi, *s.* acknowledging a fault  
 Peck, *s.* the fourth part of a bushel  
 Peck, *v. a.* to pick up food with the beak  
 Pecker, *s.* one that pecks; a bird  
 Pectinated, *a.* formed like a comb  
 Pectoral, *a.* pertaining to the breast  
 Pectoral, *s.* a medicine proper to strengthen  
     the stomach, &c.; a breastplate  
 Pec'ulate, *v. n.* to defraud the public  
 Pecula'tion, *s.* theft of public money  
 Peculiar, *s.* the exclusive property  
 Peculiar, *a.* particular, proper, appropriate  
 Peculiar'ity, *s.* particularity, oddness  
 Pecu'niary, *a.* pertaining to money  
 Ped, *s.* a small pack-saddle, hamper, basket  
 Ped'agogue, *s.* a schoolmaster, a pedant  
 Pe'dal, *a.* pertaining to a foot  
 Pe'dals, *s.* the large pipes of an organ  
 Ped'ant, *s.* one awkwardly ostentatious of  
     literature, one vain of low knowledge  
 Pedant'ic, *a.* like a pedant, conceited  
 Ped'antry, *s.* ostentation of shewing needless  
     literature, pedanticness  
 Ped'dle, *v. n.* to be busy about trifles  
 Pedere'ro, Patere'ro, *s.* a small ship gun  
 Ped'estal, *s.* the basis or foot of a statue  
 Pedes'trial, Pedes'trious, *a.* going on foot  
 Pedicle, *s.* the footstalk of fruit, &c.  
 Pedic'ular, Pedic'ulous, *a.* lousy  
 Pedigree, *s.* genealogy, lineage, descent  
 Pediment, *s.* an ornamental projection, &c.  
 Ped'ler, *s.* one who travels about the coun-  
     try to sell petty commodities  
 Ped'lery, *s.* wares sold by pedlers  
 Ped'ling, *s.* trifling, petty or paltry dealing  
 Peel, *v. a.* to pare, take the rind off; to rob

Peel, *s.* the rind; *a.* board used by bakers  
 Peep, *s.* a sly look, first faint appearance  
 Peer, *s.* an equal, fellow; nobleman  
 Peer, *v. n.* to come just in sight, to peep  
 Peer'age, Peer'dom, *s.* dignity of a peer  
 Peer'ess, *s.* wife of a peer, a lady ennobled  
 Peer'lessness, *s.* universal superiority  
 Peer'less, *a.* unequalled, having no peer  
 Pee'vish, *a.* irritable, easily offended  
 Pee'vishly, *ad.* angrily, querulously, morosely  
 Pee'vishness, *s.* irascibility, fretfulness  
 Peg, *s.* a wooden pin or fastener  
 Peg, *v. a.* to fasten with a peg  
 Pelf, *s.* money, riches, paltry stuff  
 Pelican, *s.* there are two sorts of pelicans; one lives upon fish, and the other keeps in deserts, and feeds upon serpents; the pelican is supposed to admit its young to suck blood from its breast  
 Pell, *s.* the skin of a beast  
 Pel'let, *s.* a little ball, a bullet  
 Pel'licle, *s.* a thin skin, a film  
 Pel'me'll, *ad.* confusedly, tumultuously  
 Pells, *s.* an office in the Exchequer  
 Pelli'cid, *a.* transparent, clear, bright  
 Pelt, *s.* a skin, a hide—*v. a.* to throw at  
 Pelt'ing, *part. a.* throwingstones, &c.; paltry  
 Pelt'monger, *s.* a dealer in new hides  
 Pen, *s.* an instrument for writing; a fold  
 Pen, *v. a.* to coop, to shut up; to write  
 Pe'nal, *a.* enacting punishment, vindictive  
 Pe'nalty, *s.* a punishment, forfeiture  
 Pe'nance, *s.* an atonement, a mortification  
 Pence, *s.* the plural of penny  
 Pen'cil, *s.* a tool for drawing and painting  
 Pen'dant, *s.* an ear-ring, ornament, flag  
 Pen'dence, *s.* slopeness, inclination  
 Pen'dency, *s.* suspense, delay of decision  
 Pen'dent, *a.* hanging, jutting over  
 Pend'ing, *a.* depending, undecided  
 Pen'dulous, *a.* hanging, not supported below  
 Pen'dulum, *s.* any weight hung to swing backwards and forwards, &c.  
 Pen'etrable, *a.* that which may be penetrated  
 Pen'etrail, *s.* interior parts; the entrails  
 Pen'etrant, *a.* having power to pierce  
 Pen'etrate, *v.* to pierce, affect, understand  
 Penetra'tion, *s.* sagacity, a piercing through  
 Pen'etrative, *a.* piercing, acute, discerning  
 Pen'guin, *s.* a bird like a goose; a fruit  
 Penin'sula, *s.* land almost surrounded by water, but joined by a neck of land to the main continent  
 Pen'i'tence, *s.* repentance, sorrow for sin  
 Pen'i'tent, *a.* repentant, contrite for sin  
 Pen'i'tent, *s.* one sorrowful for sin  
 Peniten'tial, *a.* expressing penitence  
 Peniten'tial, *s.* a book directing penance  
 Peniten'tiary, *s.* a confessor, one who does penance; a place for hearing confession

Pen'knife, *s.* a knife used to cut pens  
 Pen'man, *s.* an author, a writer  
 Pen'manship, *s.* the act or art of writing  
 Pen'nated, *a.* having wings  
 Pen'nant, *s.* a rope to which a tackle is attached to hoist up boats, &c.; a flag  
 Pen'iless, *a.* moneyless, poor, distressed  
 Pen'non, *s.* a small flag or banner  
 Pen'ny, *s.* the 12th part of a shilling  
 Pen'nyweight, *s.* 24 grains troy weight  
 Pen'nyworth, *s.* a good purchase, &c.  
 Pen'sile, *a.* hanging, supported above ground  
 Pen'sion, *s.* a settled annual allowance  
 Pen'sionary, *s.* a magistrate in Dutch cities  
 Pen'sioner, *a.* maintained by a pension  
 Pen'sioner, *s.* one who receives a pension  
 Pen'sive, *a.* sorrowfully thoughtful, serious  
 Pen'siveness, *s.* gloomy thoughtfulness  
 Pent, *part. pass. of to pen*, shut up  
 Pentac'pular, *a.* having five cavities  
 Pentachord, *s.* a five-stringed instrument  
 Pentae'drous, *a.* having five sides  
 Pen'tagon, *s.* a figure with five angles  
 Pentagonal, *a.* having five angles  
 Pentam'eter, *s.* a verse of five feet  
 Pentan'gular, *a.* five cornered  
 Pentap'tote, *s.* a noun that has five cases  
 Pen'tateuch, *s.* the five books of Moses  
 Pen'tecost, *s.* a feast of the Jews, so called from its being 50 days after Easter, transferred among Christians to the feast of Whitsuntide  
 Pentecos'tal, *a.* belonging to Whitsuntide  
 Pen'thouse, *s.* a sloping shed or roof  
 Penul'tima, *s.* the last syllable but one  
 Penum'bra, *s.* an imperfect shadow  
 Pen'u'rious, *a.* sordidly mean, scanty  
 Pen'u'riousness, *s.* niggardliness, parsimony  
 Pen'ury, *s.* poverty, indigence  
 Pe'ople, *s.* a nation, persons in general  
 Pe'ople, *v. a.* to stock with inhabitants  
 Pepas'tic, *s.* a medicine to help digestion  
 Pep'per, *s.* an aromatic warm spice  
 Pep'percorn, *s.* any thing of trifling value  
 Pep'permint, *s.* mint eminently hot  
 Pep'tic, *a.* serving to concoct or digest  
 Peracu'te, *a.* very sharp, very violent  
 Peradven'ture, *ad.* perhaps, maybe  
 Per'agrate, *v. a.* to wander over  
 Perambu'late, *v. a.* to walk through  
 Perambula'tion, *s.* a wandering survey  
 Perceiv'able, *a.* that may be perceived  
 Perceiv'e, *v. a.* to discover, know, observe  
 Percep'tibil'ity, *s.* the power of perceiving  
 Percep'tible, *a.* that may be observed  
 Percep'tion, *s.* the power of perceiving  
 Percep'tive, *a.* able or tending to perceive  
 Perch, *s.* a fish; a measure of 5 yards and an half; a bird's roost  
 Perch, *v.* to sit or roost, as a bird

Perseu'nce, *ad.* perhaps, peradventure  
 Percep'tion, *a.* perceiving, having the faculty  
 or power of perception  
 Percolate, *v. a.* to strain through a sieve  
 Perfora'tion, *s.* the act of straining  
 Perfor'ss, *v. a.* to strike  
 Perfora'tion, *s.* the act of striking; stroke;  
 effect of sound in the ear  
 Perfor'tant, *a.* striking, able to strike  
 Perfora'tion, *s.* destruction, ruin, death  
 Perfor'tude, *ad.* close, lying in ambush  
 Perfor'tuous, *a.* lost, thrown away  
 Perfor'a'tion, *s.* long continuance  
 Perfor'inate, *v. n.* to travel into far countries  
 Perfor'ination, *s.* a travel to foreign lands  
 Perfor'ine, *a.* foreign, not domestic  
 Perfor'mpt, *v. a.* to kill, to crush  
 Perfor'mption, *s.* crush, extinction; law term  
 Perfor'mptarily, *ad.* absolutely, positively  
 Perfor'mptary, *a.* dogmatical, absolute  
 Perfor'mtial, *a.* lasting a year; perpetual  
 Perfor'mtity, *s.* perpetuity, lastingness  
 Perfor'mt, *a.* complete, pure, immaculate  
 Perfor'mt, *v. a.* to finish, complete, instruct  
 Perfor'mt, *s.* the state of being perfect  
 Perfor'mtive, *a.* conducing to perfection  
 Perfor'mtly, *ad.* totally, exactly, accurately  
 Perfor'mtess, *s.* completeness, goodness  
 Perfor'mtious, *a.* treacherous, false to trust  
 Perfor'mtiously, *ad.* by breach of faith  
 Perfor'mtiousness, *s.* perfidy, *s.* treachery  
 Perfor'me, *v. a.* to blow through  
 Perfor'me, *v. a.* to pierce through, to bore  
 Perfor'mation, *s.* the act of piercing; a hole  
 Perfor'mator, *s.* the instrument of boring  
 Perfor'me, *ad.* by force, violently  
 Perfor'me, *v. to execute, to do, to achieve*  
 an undertaking, to succeed in an attempt  
 Perfor'mance, *s.* completion of something  
 designed, composition, action  
 Perfor'mer, *s.* one who performs or plays  
 Perfor'me, *v. n.* to rub over  
 Perfor'me, *s.* a sweet odour, fragrance  
 Perfor'mer, *s.* one who sells perfumes  
 Perfor'mtory, *a.* slight, careless, negligent  
 Perfor'mse, *v. a.* to tincture, to overspread  
 Perfor'mt, *ad.* peradventure, it may be  
 Perfor'mnum, *s.* the pericranium is the  
 membrane that covers the skull  
 Perige'e, Perige'um, *s.* that point of the  
 heaven wherein the sun or any planet is  
 nearest the centre of the earth  
 Perihelium, *s.* that point of a planet's orbit  
 wherein it is nearest the sun  
 Peril, *s.* danger, hazard, denunciation  
 Perilous, *a.* hazardous, dangerous  
 Perimeter, *s.* circumference of a figure  
 Perfor'm, *s.* a circuit; epocha; full stop  
 Perfor'mical, *a.* regular, at stated times  
 Perfor'mically, *ad.* at stated periods

Peripatet'ic, *a.* relating to Aristotle  
 Periph'ery, *s.* circumference  
 Periph'asis, *s.* circumlocution; the use of  
 many words to express the sense of one  
 Peripneu'mony, *s.* inflammation of the lungs  
 Perish, *v.* to die, to be destroyed, to decay  
 Perishable, *a.* subject to decay or perish  
 Peristal'tic, *a.* worm-like, spiral  
 Peristyle, *s.* a circular range of pillars  
 Perjur'e, Perjur'er, *s.* a forsworn person  
 Perjur'y, *s.* the act of swearing falsely  
 Periwig, *s.* a wig, covering for the head  
 Periwinkle, *s.* a kind of fish-snail  
 Perk, *v.* to hold up the head affectedly  
 Per'manence, Perman'sion, *s.* duration  
 Per'manent, *a.* lasting, unchanged  
 Per'manently, *ad.* durably, lastingly  
 Per'meable, *a.* that may be passed through  
 Per'meant, *a.* passing through  
 Permis'cible, *a.* such as may be mingled  
 Permis'sible, *a.* what may be permitted  
 Permis'sion, *s.* grant of leave or liberty  
 Permis'sive, *a.* granting mere liberty  
 Permit', *v. a.* to allow, to suffer, to give up  
 Permit', *s.* a warrant from officers of excise  
 for the removal of tea, spirits, &c.  
 Permuta'tion, *s.* an exchange, a barter  
 Perni'cious, *a.* destructive, very hurtful  
 Perni'ciously, *ad.* hurtfully, destructively  
 Perni'city, *s.* swiftness, celerity  
 Perora'tion, *s.* the close of an oration, &c.  
 Perpe'nd, *v. a.* to consider attentively  
 Perpendic'ular, *a.* that falls, hangs, or is  
 directly downwards  
 Perpendic'ular, *s.* a level or plumb-line  
 Perpen'sion, *s.* consideration  
 Perpetrate, *v. a.* to commit a crime  
 Perpetra'tion, *s.* the commission of a crime  
 Perpet'u'al, *a.* never ceasing, continual  
 Perpet'u'ally, *ad.* continually, incessantly  
 Perpet'u'ate, *v. a.* to make perpetual  
 Perpet'u'ity, *s.* duration to all futurity  
 Perple'x, *v. a.* to disturb with doubts, vex  
 Perple'x, *a.* intricate, difficult  
 Perplex'ed, *part. a.* confused, difficult  
 Perplex'ity, *s.* anxiety, intricacy  
 Per'quisite, *s.* a gift free of office, &c.  
 Per'ry, *s.* wine or drink made of pears  
 Persecute, *v. a.* to oppress, vex, trouble  
 Persecu'tion, *s.* the act of persecuting  
 Persecutor, *s.* an oppressor  
 Perseve'ranc, *s.* firmness, resolution  
 Perseve're, *v. n.* to be stedfast, to persist  
 Per'sian, *a.* of, from, or like Persia  
 Persi'st, *v. n.* to persevere, to continue firm  
 Persist'ence, *s.* obstinacy, contumacy  
 Person, *s.* an individual; human being; the  
 shape of the body; exterior appearance  
 Person'able, *a.* handsome, graceful  
 Person'age, *s.* a considerable person

Per'sonal, *a.* pertaining to a person  
 Personal'ity, *s.* individuality of any one  
 Per'sonally, *ad.* in person, particularly  
 Per'sonate, *v. a.* to counterfeit, to represent  
 Personifica'tion, *s.* prosopopœia, the change  
     of things to persons  
 Perspec'tive, *a.* relating to vision, optical  
 Perspec'tive, *s.* a spying-glass, view, visto  
 Perspic'a'cious, *a.* quick-sighted, sharp  
 Perspic'a'city, *s.* quickness of sight, &c.  
 Per'spicil, *s.* a glass through which things are  
     viewed; an optic glass  
 Perspicu'ity, *s.* clearness, transparency  
 Perspic'u'ous, *a.* transparent, not ambiguous  
 Perspi'cible, *a.* emitted by the pores  
 Perspira'tion, *s.* excretion by the pores  
 Perspi're, *v. n.* to sweat or steem  
 Persua'de, *v. a.* to bring to an opinion  
 Persua'sible, *a.* that may be persuaded  
 Persua'sion, *s.* the act of persuading  
 Persua'sive, Persua'sory, *a.* able to persuade  
 Persulta'tion, *s.* an eruption of the blood  
 Pert, *a.* brisk, lively, saucy, petulant  
 Perta'in, *v. n.* to belong, to relate  
 Pertina'cious, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, wilful  
 Pertina'ciously, *ad.* obstinately, stubbornly  
 Pertina'city, *s.* obstinacy, resolution  
 Pertinence, *s.* fitness, appositeness  
 Pertin'ent, *a.* apt to the purpose, fit  
 Pertin'gent, *a.* reaching to, touching  
 Pertly, *ad.* briskly; lively, saucily  
 Pert'n'ess, *s.* brisk folly, sauciness, petulance  
 Perturb'ate, *v. a.* to disturb, to disorder  
 Perturba'tion, *s.* a disquiet of mind  
 Perturbed, *a.* disturbed, disquieted  
 Pertu'sed, *a.* punched, pierced with holes  
 Pertu'sion, *s.* the act of piercing  
 Perva'de, *v. a.* to pass through, permeate  
 Perva'sion, *s.* the act of passing through  
 Perva're, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, petulant  
 Perverse'ly, *ad.* vexatiously, crossly  
 Perverse'ness, *s.* petulance, perversion  
 Perver'sion, *s.* turning to a wrong sense  
 Perve'rt, *v. a.* to distort, corrupt, mislead  
 Perver'sible, *a.* that may be perverted  
 Pervica'cious, *a.* spitefully obstinate  
 Per'vious, *a.* admitting passage  
 Per'uke, *s.* a cap of false hair, a wig  
 Per'ukemaker, *s.* a wig maker  
 Peru'sal, *s.* the act of reading over  
 Peru'se, *v. a.* to read over, to observe  
 Pesa'de, *s.* motion of a horse in rearing  
 Pest, *s.* a plague, pestilence, mischief  
 Pest'er, *v. a.* to plague, to disturb, to harass  
 Pest'house, *s.* a plague-hospital  
 Pestiferous, *a.* deadly, malignant, infectious  
 Pestilence, *s.* plague, contagious distemper  
 Pestilent, *a.* producing plagues, malignant  
 Pestilential, *a.* infectious, contagious  
 Pe'sile, *s.* a tool to beat in a mortar  
 Pet, *s.* a slight displeasure; a fondling  
 Pet'al, *s.* the leaves of flowers  
 Pet'a'rd, *s.* an engine to blow up places  
 Pete'chial, *a.* pestilentially spotted  
 Pet'it, *a.* small, inconsiderable  
 Peti'tion, *s.* a request, prayer, entreaty  
 Peti'tion, *v. a.* to supplicate, to solicit  
 Peti'tionary, *a.* supplicatory, petitioning  
 Peti'tioner, *s.* one who offers a petition  
 Petres'cent, *a.* becoming stone, hardening  
 Petrifica'tion, *s.* act of turning to stone  
 Petrifica'tive, *a.* able to turn to stone  
 Pet'rify, *v.* to change to or become stone  
 Pet'ronal, *s.* a pistol or small gun  
 Pet'ticoat, *s.* a woman's lower vestment  
 Pet'tifogger, *s.* a petty small rate lawyer  
 Pet'tifogging, *a.* low, mean  
 Pet'tish, *a.* apt to be peevish, froward  
 Pet'tishness, *s.* fretfulness, peevishness  
 Pet'titoes, *s.* the feet of a sucking pig  
 Pet'to, *s.* the breast; figuratively, privacy  
 Pet'ty, *a.* small, inconsiderable, little  
 Pet'ulance, *s.* sauciness, peevishness  
 Pet'ulant, *a.* saucy, perverse, wanton  
 Pew, *s.* a seat inclosed in a church  
 Pew'et, *s.* a water-fowl, the lapwing  
 Pew'ter, *s.* a compound of metals  
 Pew'terer, *s.* one who works in pewter  
 Pha'eton, *s.* a high open carriage  
 Phagede'na, *s.* an ulcer, where the sharp  
     of the humours eats away the flesh  
 Phal'anx, *s.* a troop of men closely embodied  
 Phan'tasm, *s.* vain imagination, a vision  
 Phan'tom, *s.* a spectre, a fancied vision  
 Pharisa'ical, *a.* externally religious, &c.  
 Pharmacol'ogy, *s.* the knowledge of drugs  
 Pharmacope'ia, *s.* a dispensatory  
 Pharmacop'olist, *s.* an apothecary  
 Phar'macy, *s.* the trade of an apothecary  
 Pha'ros, *s.* a light-house, a watch-tower  
 Pha'sels, *s.* French beans  
 Pha'ses, *s.* appearances of the moon, &c.  
 Pheas'ant, *s.* a kind of wild cock or hen  
 Pheese, *v. a.* to comb, to fleece, to curvify  
 Phe'nix, *s.* the bird which is supposed  
     to exist single, and to rise again from  
     its own ashes  
 Phenom'enon, *s.* an extraordinary appear  
     ance in the works of nature  
 Phi'al, *s.* a small bottle  
 Philan'thropy, *s.* love of mankind, kindness  
 Phil'ibeg, *s.* a kind of short petticoat  
 Philip'pic, *s.* any invective, declamation  
 Philol'oger, Philol'ogist, *s.* a grammarian  
 Philolo'gical, *a.* critical, grammatical  
 Philol'ogy, *s.* grammatical learning, criticism  
 Phi'lomath, *s.* a lover of learning  
 Phil'omel, *s.* the nightingale  
 Phil'omot, *a.* coloured like a dead leaf  
 Philos'opheme, *s.* a principle of reasoning

philosopher, *s.* a man deep in knowledge  
philosopher's-stone, *s.* a stone dreamed of  
by alchymists, which, it is pretended, by  
its touch transmutes metals into gold  
philosophical, *a.* belonging to philosophy  
philosophy, *s.* knowledge natural or moral,  
the hypothesis upon which natural effects  
are explained  
philletter, *s.* something to cause love  
phiz, *s.* the face, the countenance  
phlebotomise, *v. a.* to let blood  
phlebotomy, *s.* the act of blood-letting  
phlegm, *s.* a watery humour of the body  
phlegmatic, *a.* troubled with phlegm, dull  
phlegmon, *s.* a tumour, an inflammation  
phlegmonous, *a.* inflammatory; burning  
phleme, *s.* an instrument to bleed cattle  
phlogistic, *a.* inflammatory, hot  
phlogiston, *s.* chymical liquor very inflammable;  
the inflammable part of the body  
phenix. See Phenix  
phonocamptic, *a.* able to alter sounds  
phosphorus, *s.* a chemical substance which,  
exposed to air, takes fire; morning star  
phrase, *s.* an idiom or mode of speech  
phraseology, *s.* style, diction, phrase-book  
phrenetic, *a.* inflamed in the brain, frantic  
phrenitis, *s.* inflammation of the brain  
phrensy, *s.* madness, franticness  
phthisic, *s.* a consumption of the body  
phthisical, *a.* wasting by disease  
phylactery, *s.* a bandage on which was inscribed some memorable sentence  
physic, *s.* the art of curing diseases; medicines, remedies, a purge  
physical, *a.* relating to natural philosophy,  
not moral, medicinal  
physician, *s.* one who professes physic  
physics, *s.* natural philosophy  
physiognomist, *s.* a judge of faces  
physiognomy, *s.* the art of discovering the  
temper, &c. by the features of the face;  
the face, the cast of the look  
physiological, *a.* relating to physiology  
physiolog, *s.* the doctrine of nature  
phytivorous, *a.* that eats grass, or vegetables  
phytology, *s.* the doctrine of plants  
piae, *s.* an enormous crime  
pacular, *a.* expiatory, criminal  
pama-ter, *s.* a skin covering the brain  
panet, *s.* a magpie; the lesser woodpecker  
paster, *s.* a foreign coin, value about 5s.  
pazza, *s.* a walk under a roof supported by  
pillars  
pata, *s.* a kind of printing letter  
pardoon, *s.* a robber, a plunderer  
pax, *v.* to choose, select, take up, clean,  
peck, rob, open a lock, eat slowly  
pax'pack, *ad.* in manner of a pack  
pax'axe, *s.* an axe with a sharp point

Pick'back, *a.* on the back  
Pick'ed, or Pi'ked, *a.* sharp, smart, pointed  
Pick'er, *s.* one who picks, a pickaxe  
Pic'kle, *s.* a salt liquor, a thing pickled  
Pic'kle, *v. a.* to preserve in pickle  
Pic'kle-herring, *s.* a jack-pudding, a zany  
Pic'lock, *s.* a tool to pick locks with  
Pic'pocket, *s.* one that steals from pockets  
Pic'thank, *s.* a tale-bearer, a flatterer  
Picts, *s.* a colony of Scythians or Germans  
who settled in Scotland, called *Picts*, from  
the custom of painting their bodies  
Pic'torial, *a.* produced by a painter  
Pic'ture, *s.* resemblance of things in colours  
Pi'dle, *v. n.* to feed squeamishly, to trifle  
Pie, *s.* a crust baked with something in it  
Pi'ebald, *a.* of various colours, diversified  
Piece, *s.* a patch, fragment, gun, coin, &c.  
Piece, *v.* to enlarge, to join, to unite  
Piece'meal, *a.* separate---*ad.* in pieces  
Pi'ed, *a.* partycoloured, variegated  
Pier, *s.* the column or support of an arch  
Pierce, *v.* to penetrate, to affect; to bore  
Piercer, *s.* who or what pierceth  
Piercingly, *ad.* sharply  
Pi'etism, *s.* an affectation of piety  
Pi'ety, *s.* discharge of duty to God  
Pig, *s.* a young sow or boar; mass of lead, &c.  
Pi'geon, *s.* a well-known bird  
Pi'geon-livered, *a.* mild, soft, gentle  
Pig'gin, *s.* a small wooden vessel  
Pight, *part. pass. of to pitch*, pitched, fixed  
Pig'ment, *s.* paint, colours for painting  
Pig'my, *s.* a very little person, a dwarf  
Pignora'tion, *s.* the act of pledging  
Pig'nut, *s.* an earth nut  
Pike, *s.* a fish, a lance used by soldiers  
Pi'kestaff, *s.* the wooden handle of a pike  
Pilas'ter, *s.* a small square column  
Pilch'er, *s.* a cloak lined w'th fur; a fish  
Pile, *s.* an heap, edifice, piece of wood  
Pile, *v.* to heap or lay upon  
Pil'fer, *v. a.* to steal, practise petty theft  
Pil'ferer, *s.* one who steals petty things  
Pilgar'lic, *s.* a name of ridicule  
Pil'grim, *s.* a traveller, a wanderer, one who  
travels to sacred places for devotion  
Pi'grimage, *s.* a journey for devotion  
Pill, *s.* a small round ball of physic  
Pil'lage, *s.* plunder---*v. a.* to plunder, spoil  
Pil'lar, *s.* a column, supporter, maintainer  
Pil'lared, *a.* supported by or like pillars  
Pil'lion, *s.* a woman's saddle, a pad  
Pil'lory, *s.* an instrument of punishment  
Pil'low, *s.* a bag of feathers to sleep on  
Pillowbee'r, *s.* the cover of a pillow  
Pilos'ity, *s.* hairiness, roughness  
Pi'lot, *s.* one who directs a ship's course  
Pi'lottage, *s.* the pay or office of a pilot  
Piment'a, *s.* all-spice, Jamaica pepper

Pimp, *s.* a procurer, a he-bawd  
 Pimp'ing, *a.* little, small, petty  
 Pim'ple, *s.* a small red pustule on the skin  
 Pin, *s.* a short pointed wire, a peg, a bolt  
 Pin'cers, *s.* an instrument to draw nails, &c.  
 Pinch, *v.* to squeeze, gripe, be frugal  
 Pinch, *s.* a painful squeeze with the fingers  
 Pinchbeck, *s.* a kind of yellow metal  
 Pin'cushion, *s.* a stuffed bag to stick pins in  
 Pindar'ic, *a.* like Pindar, lofty, sublime  
 Pine, *v.* to languish, grieve for—*s.* a tree  
 Pi'neapple, *s.* a fruit, the anana  
 Pin'fold, *s.* a place to pen cattle in  
 Pin'guid, *a.* fat, unctuous, greasy, plump  
 Pin'ion, *s.* the wing of a fowl; fetters  
 Pin'ion, *v. a.* to bind the wings, to shack'e  
 Pink, *s.* a flower; any thing supremely  
 eminent; a fish, the minnow  
 Pink, *s.* a stamp with small holes  
 Pin'maker, *s.* one who makes pins  
 Pin'money, *s.* a wife's pocket money  
 Pin'nace, *s.* a man of war's boat  
 Pin'nacle, *s.* a turret, a high spiring point  
 Pin'ner, *s.* part of a head-dress; a pinmaker  
 Pint, *s.* half a quart, twelve ounces  
 Pionee'r, *s.* a soldier to level roads, &c.  
 Pi'ous, *a.* devout, godly, religious  
 Pi'ously, *ad.* in a pious manner  
 Pip, *s.* a spot on cards; a disease of fowls  
 Pip, *v. n.* to chirp or cry as a bird  
 Pipe, *s.* a musical instrument; a tube; a li-  
 quid measure containing two hogsheads;  
 the key of the voice, &c.  
 Pipe, *v. n.* to play on a pipe, to whine  
 Pi'per, *s.* one who plays on a pipe  
 Pi'ping, *a.* weak, sickly, feeble; hot  
 Pip'kin, *s.* a small earthen boiler  
 Pip'pin, *s.* a small apple  
 Pi'quant, *a.* stimulating, sharp, pungent  
 Pique, *s.* ill-will, petty malice, grudge  
 Pique, *v. a.* to offend, to irritate  
 Pique't, *s.* a game at cards  
 Pi'racy, *s.* the act of robbing on the sea  
 Pi'rate, *s.* a sea robber; a plagiary  
 Piratical, *a.* predatory, robbing  
 Pis'cary, *s.* a privilege of fishing  
 Pisca'tion, *s.* the act or practice of fishing  
 Pis'catory, *a.* relating to fish or fishing  
 Pisciv'orous, *a.* fish-eating, living on fish  
 Fish! *interj.* of slighting or contemning  
 Pis'mire, *s.* an ant or emmet  
 Pis'sburnt, *a.* stained with urine  
 Pista'chio, *s.* a fragrant Syrian nut  
 Pis'tol, *s.* the smallest of fire-arms  
 Pisto'le, *s.* a foreign coin, value 17s.  
 Pis'ton, *s.* part of a pump, or a syringe  
 Pit, *s.* a hole; abyss; the grave; hollow part  
 Pit'apat, *s.* a flutter, a palpitation  
 Pitch, *s.* the resin of the pine; size; rate  
 Pitch, *v.* to fix; light; smear with pitch  
 Pitch'er, *s.* an earthen pot; an iron bar  
 Pitch'fork, *s.* a fork to load dung, &c.  
 Pitch'y, *a.* black, dark, dismal; smeared  
 Pit'coal, *s.* fossile coal  
 Pit'eous, *a.* sorrowful; tender; mean  
 Pit'eously, *ad.* after a piteous manner  
 Pit'fal, *s.* a pit dug and covered over  
 Pith, *s.* the marrow of a plant; energy  
 Pith'iness, *s.* energy, strength, force  
 Pith'less, *a.* wanting pith, wanting energy  
 Pith'y, *a.* consisting of pith; forcible  
 Pit'iable, *a.* deserving pity  
 Pit'iful, *a.* tender, melancholy, mean; pitiful  
 Pit'ifully, *ad.* mournfully, despicably  
 Pit'iless, *a.* wanting compassion, merciless  
 Pit'man, *s.* one who works in a pit  
 Pit'saw, *s.* a large saw for two men  
 Pit'ance, *s.* an allowance, a small portion  
 Pit'u'itous, *a.* consisting of phlegm  
 Pit'y, *s.* sympathy with misery or pain  
 Pit'y, *v. a.* to compassionate misery  
 Piv'ot, *s.* a pin on which any thing turns  
 Pix, *s.* the box for the consecrated host  
 Pla'cable, *a.* that which may be appeased  
 Placa'rd, Placa'rt, *s.* an edict, a manifesto  
 Pla'cate, *v. a.* to appease, to reconcile  
 Place, *s.* locality, space in general; a man-  
 sion, existence, rank, priority, office  
 Place, *n. a.* to put in a place, fix, settle  
 Pla'cid, *a.* gentle, quiet, kind, mild, soft  
 Pla'cidness, *s.* peaceableness, quietness  
 Pla'cit, *s.* decree, determination  
 Plack'et, *s.* the open part of a petticoat  
 Pla'giarism, *s.* literary theft, adoption  
 the thoughts or works of another  
 Pla'giary, *s.* a thief in literature  
 Plague, *s.* a pestilence, trouble, vexation  
 Plague, *v. a.* to infect with pestilence; tax  
 Pla'guily, *ad.* vexatiously, horribly  
 Pla'guy, *a.* vexatious, troublesome, harassing  
 Plaice, *s.* a common kind of flat fish  
 Plaid, *s.* a variegated stuff, a Scotch de-  
 Plain, *a.* smooth; artless, clear, simple  
 Plain, Plain'ly, *ad.* distinctly, flatly, fair  
 Plaindeal'ing, *s.* acting without art  
 Plain'ness, *s.* levelness, want of show  
 Plaint, *s.* a lamentation, a complaint  
 Plaint'if, *s.* he that commences a suit  
 Plaint'ive, *a.* expressive of sorrow, lamenting  
 Plain'work, *s.* common needle-work  
 Plais'er, *s.* a salve spread on linen, &c.  
 Plait, *s.* a fold, a double—*v. a.* to fold  
 Plan, *s.* a scheme, form, draught, model  
 Plan, *v. a.* to scheme, to form in design  
 Planch'ed, *a.* made of boards  
 Planch'er, *s.* a board, a plank  
 Plane, *s.* a level, a tool—*v. to level*  
 Plan'et, *s.* an erratic or wandering star  
 Plan'etary, *a.* pertaining to the planets  
 Plan'etstruck, *a.* blasted, amazed

fish, *v. a.* to polish, to smooth  
isphere, *s.* a sphere projected on a plane  
it, *s.* a board—*v. a.* to lay with planks  
monoclonial, *a.* level on one side and con-  
ical on the other  
monconvex, *a.* flat on the one side and  
convex on the other  
mon, *s.* any vegetable production  
mon, *v. a.* to set, cultivate, fix, settle  
mon, *s.* an herb, a tree and its fruit  
monal, *a.* pertaining to plants  
monation, *s.* a colony, a place planted  
moned, *a.* settled, established  
moner, *s.* one who sows or cultivates  
mon, *s.* a small puddle of water  
mon, *v. a.* to dash with water  
monly, *a.* watery, filled with puddles  
mon, *s.* a mould, a matrix for metals  
moner, *s.* lime to cover walls; a salve  
moner, *v. a.* to cover with plaster, &c.  
moner, *s.* one who plasters walls, &c.  
monic, *a.* having power to give form  
mon, *s.* a piece of stuffed leather  
mon, *s.* a small piece of ground—*v.* to inter-  
weave  
mon, *s.* wrought metal, a dish to eat on  
mon, *s.* part of a printing press  
mon, *s.* an horizontal plane, a level  
monic, *a.* relating to Plato, pure  
mon, *s.* a square body of musqueteers  
moner, *s.* a large earthen or wooden dish  
monit, *s.* applause, approbation  
monitory, *a.* praising, commending  
monibility, *s.* appearance of right  
monible, *a.* superficially pleasing, specious  
monibly, *ad.* speciously, seemingly fair  
monive, *a.* applauding, plausible  
mon, *s.* amusement, sport, game; a drama  
mon, *v.* to sport, game, trifle, perform  
moner, *s.* one who plays or performs  
monfellow, *s.* a companion in youth  
monful, *a.* sportive, full of levity  
mongame, *s.* play of children  
monhouse, *s.* a house for acting plays in  
monthing, *s.* a toy, a thing to play with  
monwright, *s.* a maker or writer of plays  
mon, *s.* a form of pleading, an apology  
mon, *v. a.* to bend, to interweave  
mon, *v. a.* to defend, to discuss, to argue  
monable, *a.* that which may be pleaded  
moner, *s.* one who speaks for or against  
moning, *s.* the act or form of pleading  
monant, *a.* delightful, cheerful, merry  
monantly, *ad.* merrily, in good humour  
monantness, *s.* delightfulness, gaiety  
montry, *s.* gaiety, merriment, lively talk  
mon, *v.* to delight, content, like, chuse  
moningly, *ad.* so as to give delight  
monurable, *a.* delightful, pleasant  
monure, *s.* delight, gratification, choice

Plebeian, *a.* popular, vulgar, low, common  
Plebeian, *s.* one of the lower people  
Pledge, *s.* a pawn—*v. a.* to invite to drink  
Pledget, *s.* a small mass of lint  
Pleiades, *s.* a northern constellation  
Pleiarily, *ad.* fully, entirely, perfectly  
Pleinary, *a.* full, entire, perfect  
Plenilunary, *a.* relating to the full moon  
Plenipotence, *s.* fulness of power  
Plenipotency, *a.* invested with full power  
Plenipotentiary, *s.* a negotiator for a prince  
or state, invested with power to treat, &c.  
Pleinist, *s.* a philosopher who holds that all  
space is full of matter  
Plenitude, *s.* fulness, repletion, abundance  
Plenteous, *a.* copious, abundant, fruitful  
Plenteously, *ad.* copiously, abundantly  
Plentiful, *a.* copious, exuberant, fruitful  
Plenty, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness  
Pleonasim, *s.* a redundancy of words  
Plethora, Plethora, *s.* a fulness of habit  
Plevin, *s.* in law, a warrant or assurance  
Pleur'a, *s.* a skin that covers the chest  
Pleurisy, *s.* an inflammation of the pleura  
Pleuritic, *a.* diseased with a pleurisy  
Pliable, *a.* flexible, apt to bend  
Pliableness, *s.* easiness to be bent  
Pliant, *a.* flexible; easily persuaded  
Pliantness, *s.* flexibility, toughness  
Pliers, *s.* a kind of small pincers  
Plight, *s.* condition, state, good case, gage  
Plight, *v. a.* to pledge, give as surety, weave  
Plinth, *s.* the lowermost part of a pillar  
Plod, *v. n.* to toil, to drudge, to study dully  
Plod'der, *s.* a dull, heavy, laborious man  
Plod'ding, *s.* close drudgery or study  
Plot, *s.* a small extent of ground, a scheme,  
conspiracy, stratagem, contrivance  
Plot, *v.* to scheme mischief, plan, contrive  
Plover, *s.* the name of a bird, a lapwing  
Plough, *s.* an instrument of husbandry  
Plough, *v. a.* to turn up with a plough  
Plough'man, *s.* one that attends the plough  
Ploughmon/day, *s.* the Monday after Twelfth  
Day; in the north of England the plough-  
men draw a plough from door to door, and  
beg money to spend in rural festivity  
Plough'share, *s.* the iron of a plough  
Pluck, *s.* a pull; the liver and lights, &c.  
Pluck, *v. a.* to snatch, draw, strip feathers  
Plug, *s.* a stopple—*v. a.* to stop with a plug  
Plum, *s.* a fruit; dried grapes; 100,000.  
Plumage, *s.* feathers, a suit of feathers  
Plumb, *s.* a leaden weight on a line  
Plumb, *v. a.* to sound, to regulate  
Plumb, *ad.* perpendicularly to the horizon  
Plumber, *s.* one who works upon lead  
Plume, *s.* a feather; pride, towering mien  
Plume, *v. a.* to pick and adjust feathers,  
to adorn, to make proud; to strip

Plum'gerous, *a.* having feathers  
 Plum'met, *s.* a leaden weight or pencil  
 Plum'mous, *a.* feathery, like feathers  
 Plump, *a.* somewhat fat, not lean, sleek  
 Plump, *v.* to fall like a stone in water; to fatten, to swell, to make large  
 Plum'cr, *s.* sudden stroke, what plumps out  
 Plum'ness, *s.* fulness, comeliness  
 Plumpu'ding, *s.* pudding made with plums  
 Plum'my, *a.* covered with feathers  
 Plum'der, *s.* pillage, spoils gotten in war  
 Plum'der, *v. a.* to pillage, to rob by force  
 Plum'derer, *s.* an hostile pillager, a thief  
 Plunge, *v.* to put or sink suddenly under water; to fall into any hazard or distress  
 Plunge, *s.* the act of putting under water  
 Plunk'et, *s.* a kind of blue colour  
 Plu'ral, *a.* implying more than one  
 Plu'rist, *s.* a clergyman who holds more benefices than one, with cure of souls  
 Plural'ity, *s.* a number more than one  
 Plush, *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth  
 Plu'vial, Plu'vious, *a.* rainy, wet  
 Plu'vial, *s.* a priest's vestment or cope  
 Ply, *v.* to work closely; to solicit; to bend  
 Ply, *s.* bent, turn, form, bias, fold  
 Pneumat'ic, *a.* relative to wind  
 Pneumat'ics, *s.* the doctrine of the air  
 Poach, *v.* to boil slightly; to steal game  
 Poach'er, *s.* one who steals game  
 Poach'y, *a.* damp, marshy, moist  
 Pock, *s.* a pustule of the small pox  
 Pock'et, *s.* a small bag inserted into clothes  
 ---*v. a.* to put in the pocket  
 Pock'etglass, *s.* a glass for the pocket  
 Pock'hole, *s.* a scar made by the small pox  
 Poc'ulent, *a.* fit for drink, drinkable  
 Pod, *s.* the husk or shell of pulse, seeds, &c.  
 Pod'der, *s.* a gatherer of peasecods  
 Podge, *s.* a puddle, a plash, a watery place  
 Po'cm, *s.* a composition in verse  
 Po'esy, *s.* the art of writing poems  
 Po'et, *s.* a writer of poems, an inventor  
 Poetas'ter, *s.* a vile petty poet  
 Po'etess, Po'etress, *s.* a female poet  
 Poet'ical, *a.* pertaining to poetry  
 Poet'ically, *ad.* by the fiction of poetry  
 Po'etry, *s.* metrical composition, poems  
 Poign'ancy, *s.* sharpness, asperity  
 Poign'ant, *a.* sharp, irritating, satirical  
 Point, *s.* a sharp end; indivisible part of time or space; punctilio; degree; aim; instance; a cape; a stop  
 Point, *v.* to sharpen, direct, note, level  
 Point'ed, *part. a.* sharp, epigrammatical  
 Point'el, *s.* any thing on a point  
 Point'er, *s.* any thing that points; a dog  
 Point'less, *a.* blunt, not sharp, obtuse  
 Pois'on, *s.* what destroys life, venom  
 Pois'on, *v. a.* to infect with poison, corrupt  
 Pois'onous, *a.* venomous, destructive  
 Poit'rel, *s.* a graving tool, a breast-plate  
 Poize, *s.* a weight, balance, equipolize  
 Poize, *v. a.* to balance, to weigh mentally  
 Poke, *s.* a small bag or pocket  
 Poke, *v. a.* to feel in the dark, search  
 Po'ker, *s.* an iron bar used to stir the fire  
 Po'lar, *a.* pertaining to the poles  
 Polar'ity, *s.* tendency to the pole  
 Pole, *s.* either extremity of the axis of earth; a staff; a measure of five yards  
 an half; a piece of timber erected  
 Po'leaxe, *s.* an axe fixed to a long pole  
 Po'lecat, *s.* a stinking animal, the fitch  
 Po'ledavies, *s.* a sort of coarse canvas  
 Polem'ic, *a.* controversial, disputative  
 Polem'ic, *s.* a disputant, a controversialist  
 Po'lest, *s.* a star near the pole; any general  
 Poli'ce, *s.* the regulation of a city, &c.  
 Poli'cy, *s.* art of government; prudence  
 Poli'sh, *s.* artificial gloss, elegance  
 Poli'sh, *v.* to smooth, brighten; to civilise  
 Poli'sher, *s.* what refines or polishes  
 Poli'te, *a.* elegant of manners, glossy  
 Poli'teness, *s.* gentility, good breeding  
 Poli'tic, Poli'tical, *a.* relating to policy; prudent, cunning, artful, skilful  
 Polit'ically, *ad.* with policy, artfully  
 Polit'ician, *s.* one skilled in politics  
 Poli'tics, *s.* the science of government  
 Poli'ture, *s.* the gloss given by polishing  
 Poli'ture, *s.* form of government of any country or commonwealth, civil constitution  
 Poll, *s.* the head, list of those that vote  
 Poll, *v. a.* to lop the tops of trees; to make  
 take a list of voters; to shear, clip sheep  
 Poll'ard, *s.* a tree lopped, a fine sort of timber  
 Poll'en, *s.* brushwood  
 Pollu'te, *v. a.* to defile, to taint, to contaminate  
 Pollution, *s.* act of defiling, desecration  
 Poitroo'n, *s.* a coward, dastard, scoundrel  
 Polyacous'tic, *a.* multiplying sound  
 Polyan'thus, *s.* the name of a flower  
 Polycar'pous, *a.* bearing much fruit  
 Polye'drous, *a.* having many sides  
 Polyg'am, *s.* a plurality of wives  
 Pol'yglot, *a.* that is in many languages  
 Pol'yon, *s.* a figure of many angles  
 Polyg'onal, *a.* having many angles  
 Polyg'ram, *s.* a figure of many lines  
 Polyg'raphy, *s.* art of writing in ciphers  
 Polyph'onis'm, *s.* a multiplicity of sound  
 Pol'ypus, *s.* a sea animal with many feet  
 disease or swelling in the nostrils  
 Polysyl'lable, *s.* a word of many syllables  
 Polytheism, *s.* belief of a plurality of gods  
 Poma'ceous, *a.* consisting of apples  
 Poma'de, *s.* a fragrant ointment  
 Poma'tum, *s.* an ointment made of lard, sheep's suet, &c.

Polder, *s.* a perfumed ball or powder  
 Gran'ate, *s.* a tree, and its fruit  
 Prouy, *s.* a large kind of apple  
 Pherous, *a.* bearing apples  
 Piel, *s.* a knob on a sword or saddle  
 Piel, *v. a.* to beat, to bruise, to punch  
 Pion, *s.* splendour, pride, ostentation  
 Pion, Pump'kin, *s.* a kind of melon  
 Pious, *a.* stately, magnificent, grand  
 Piously, *ad.* magnificently, splendidly  
 Pion, *s.* a small pool or lake of water  
 Pier, *v.* to weigh mentally, to muse  
 Pierable, *a.* capable to be weighed  
 Pinal, *a.* estimated by weight  
 Pierosity, *s.* weight, gravity, heaviness  
 Pierous, *a.* heavy, momentous, forcible  
 Pierent, *a.* western  
 Pierard, *s.* a small pointed dagger  
 Pierag, *s.* bridge duties for repairs  
 Pierif, *s.* a high priest, the Pope  
 Pierifical, *a.* belonging to a high priest  
 Pierifical, *s.* a book of ecclesiastical rites  
 Pierificate, *s.* papacy, the popedom  
 Pierifice, *s.* bridge work, edifice of a bridge  
 Pieriton, *s.* a floating bridge of boats  
 Pieroy, *s.* a small horse  
 Pieroy, *s.* a standing water; a term at cards  
 Pieroy, *s.* the hindmost part of a ship  
 Pieroy, *a.* not rich; trifling; mean; dejected  
 Pieroy, *ad.* without spirit, indisposed  
 Pieroy, *s.* a small, smart, quick sound  
 Pieroy, *v.* to move or enter quickly or slyly  
 Pieroy, *s.* the bishop of Rome; a fish  
 Pieredom, *s.* jurisdiction of the Pope  
 Pierery, Pa'stry, *s.* the popish religion  
 Pierese, *s.* a part of the thigh  
 Piergun, Pot'gun, *s.* a child's gun  
 Pierin, *s.* a frequenting of taverns  
 Pierjay, *s.* a parrot, woodpecker; a fop  
 Pierish, *a.* taught by the Pope, Romish  
 Pierlar, *s.* a tree  
 Pierly, *s.* the name of a plant  
 Pierluse, *s.* the multitude, the vulgar  
 Pierular, *a.* pleasing to the people, vulgar  
 Pierularity, *s.* the favour of the people  
 Pierulate, *v. n.* to breed people  
 Pierulation, *s.* the number of people  
 Pierulous, *a.* full of people, well inhabited  
 Pierlain, *s.* China ware; an herb  
 Pierch, *s.* a portico, an entrance with a roof  
 Pierpine, *s.* a sort of large hedgehog  
 Pierse, *v. n.* to look close to, or intensely  
 Pierse, *s.* certain imperceptible holes in the  
 Pierse, where the hairs grow, and through  
 Pierse sweat and humours evaporate  
 Pierse, *s.* a general theorem or rule  
 Pierse, swine's flesh unsalted  
 Pierse, Pork'ling, *s.* a young pig  
 Pierosity, *s.* quality of having pores  
 Pierous, P/ry, *a.* full of pores

Pierpoise, Pier'pus, *s.* the sea-hog  
 Pierra/ceous, *a.* greenish, like a leek  
 Pierret, *s.* a scallion, a leek  
 Pierridge, Pot'tage, *s.* a kind of broth  
 Pierringer, *s.* a vessel for spoon meat  
 Pierrt, *s.* an harbour, aperture; air, mien  
 Pieritable, *a.* that which may be carried  
 Piertage, *s.* price of carriage, a porthole  
 Piertal, *s.* a gate, the arch of a gate  
 Piertance, *s.* air, mien, port, demeanour  
 Pierce/lis, *s.* a sort of drawbridge  
 Pierce, *s.* the court of the Turkish emperor  
 Pierced, *a.* borne in a regular order  
 Pierce/nd, *v. a.* to forebode, to foreshow  
 Piercen'sion, *s.* the act of foretelling  
 Piercen't, *s.* an omen, or foretelling of ill  
 Piercen'tous, *a.* monstrous, ominous  
 Piercer, *s.* one who has charge of a gate; a  
 Piercer; a kind of strong beer  
 Pier'erage, *s.* the hire of a porter  
 Pier/glaive, Pier'glaive, *s.* a sword-bearer  
 Pier/hole, *s.* a hole to point cannon through  
 Pier/ico, *s.* a covered walk, a piazza  
 Pier/tion, *s.* part, allotment; wife's fortune  
 Pier/liness, *s.* grandeur of demeanour  
 Pier/ly, *a.* majestic, grand of mien  
 Pierman'teau, *s.* a bag to carry clothes in  
 Piertrait, *s.* a picture drawn from the life  
 Piertral, *v. a.* to paint, to adorn  
 Pierress, *s.* the female guardian of a gate  
 Pierse, *v. a.* to puzzle, appose, interrogate  
 Pierstid, *s.* placed, ranged, put  
 Pierstion, *s.* a situation; an assertion  
 Pierstional, *a.* respecting position  
 Pierstive, *a.* absolute, assured, certain  
 Pierstively, *ad.* certainly, peremptorily  
 Pierse, *s.* an armed power, a large body  
 Pierse'ss, *v. a.* to have as an owner, to obtain  
 Pierse'ssion, *s.* a having in one's own power  
 Pierse'ssive, Pierse'ssory, *a.* having possession  
 Pierse'ssor, *s.* an owner, master, proprietor  
 Pierse'st, *s.* milk curdled with wine, &c.  
 Pierssibility, *s.* the power of being or doing  
 Pierseable, *a.* having the power to be or do  
 Pierseably, *ad.* by any power, perhaps  
 Pierst, *s.* a messenger, piece of timber, office  
 Pierst, *v.* to travel with speed, to place, to fix  
 Pierstage, *s.* money paid for letter  
 Pierstchaisc, *s.* a light body-carriage  
 Pierstda/te, *v. a.* to date later than the real time  
 Pierstdilu/vian, *a.* living since the flood  
 Pierster, *s.* a courier, one that travels hastily  
 Pierstrior, *a.* happening after, backward  
 Pierstriority, *s.* the state of being after  
 Pierstriors, *s.* the hinder parts, the breech  
 Pierstivity, *s.* succeeding generations  
 Pierstern, *s.* a small gate, a little door  
 Pierstexist/ence, *s.* a future existence  
 Pierstha/ste, *ad.* very fast or quick  
 Piersthous, *s.* a house to take in letters

Po'sthumous, *a.* done, had, or published after one's decease

Postil'lion, *s.* one who guides a chaise, or the first pair of a set of six in a coach

Postmerid'ian, *a.* being in the afternoon

Po'st-office, *s.* a posthouse, place for letters

Postpo'ne, *v. a.* to put off, delay, undervalue

Po'stscript, *s.* a writing added to a letter

Postulat', *s.* a position assumed or supposed without proof—*v. a.* to assume

Postula'tion, *s.* a supposing without proof

Postula'tum, *s.* an assumed position

Pos'ture, *s.* position, place, disposition

Pos'turemaster, *s.* one who practises, &c. artificial contortions of the body

Po'sy, *s.* a motto on a ring; a nosegay

Pot, *s.* a vessel to hold liquids or meat

Pot, *v. a.* to preserve seasoned in pots

Po'table, Pot'ulent, *a.* fit to drink

Potar'go, *s.* a West-Indian pickle

Pot'ash, *s.* ashes from burnt vegetables

Pota'tion, *s.* a drinking-bout, a draught

Pota'toe, *s.* an esculent root

Pot'bellied, *a.* having a swoln paunch

Potch, *v. a.* to thrust, to push, to poach

Pot'companion, *s.* a fellow-drinker

Po'tency, *s.* power, influence, efficacy

Po'tent, *a.* powerful, efficacious, mighty

Po'tentate, *s.* a monarch, sovereign, prince

Poten'tial, *a.* existing in possibility, not in act; powerful, efficacious

Po'tently, *ad.* powerfully, forcibly

Po'ther, *s.* a bustle, stir, tumult

Pot'hook, *s.* a hook to hang pots, &c. on

Po'tion, *s.* a draught, commonly in physic

Pot'sherd, *s.* a fragment of a broken pot

Pot'ter, *s.* a maker of earthen vessels

Pot'tery, *s.* the work, &c. of a potter

Pot'tle, *s.* a measure of four pints

Potval'iant, *a.* heated to courage by liquor

Pouch, *s.* a small bag, pocket, purse

Pov'erty, *s.* indigence, meanness, defect

Poul', *s.* a young chicken

Poul'er'er, *s.* one who sells fowls

Poul'tice, *s.* a mollifying application

Poul'try, *s.* all kinds of domestic fowls

Pounce, *s.* the talon of a bird of prey; the powder of gum sandarach for paper

Poun'cet-box, *s.* a small box perforated

Pound, *s.* a weight; 20 shillings; a pinfoold

Pound, *v. a.* to beat with a pestle

Pound'age, *s.* an allowance of so much in the pound; payment rated by weight; fees paid to the keeper of a pound

Pound'er, *s.* a cannon of a certain bore

Pour, *v.* to empty liquids out of any vessel; to flow; to rush tumultuously

Pout, *s.* a kind of fish; a kind of bird

Pout, *v. n.* to look sullen, to frown

Pow'der, *s.* dust; dust of starch; gunpowder

Pow'der-box, *s.* a box for hair-powder

Pow'der-horn, *s.* a horn for gunpowder

Pow'deringtub, *s.* a vessel for salting meat

Pow'der-mill, *s.* a mill to make gunpowder

Pow'dery, *a.* dusty, friable, soft

Pow'er, *s.* command, authority, abu strength, force, influence, military force

Pow'erful, *a.* potent, mighty, efficacious

Pow'erfully, *ad.* potently, efficaciously

Pow'erless, *a.* weak, impotent, helpless

Poy, *s.* a rope-dancer's or waterman's pipe

Prac'ticable, *a.* performable; assailable

Practical, *a.* relating to action, &c.

Practically, *ad.* by practice, in real fact

Practice, *s.* habit, use, dexterity, method

Practise, *v. a.* to do, to exercise, to trans

Practitioner, *s.* one engaged in any art

Præcipe, *s.* a writ, a command

Præcog'nita, *s.* things previously known

Pragmat'ic-sandion, *s.* a settlement

Charles VI. emperor of Germany, w. in the year 1722, having no sons, set his hereditary dominions on his eldest daughter, the archduchess Maria Theresa

Pragmat'ical, *a.* meddling, impertinent

Pragmat'ically, *ad.* impertinently

Praise, *s.* renown, laud, commendation

Praise, *v. a.* to commend, to applaud

Praise'worthy, *a.* deserving praise

Prame, *s.* a flat-bottomed boat

Prance, *v. n.* to spring or bound

Prank, *s.* a frolic, trick, wicked act

Prate, *v. n.* to talk carelessly, to chatter

Prat'ique, *s.* a licence for a ship to trade the ports of Italy, &c. upon a certificate that the place she sailed from is not infested with any infectious disease

Prat'tle, *v. n.* to talk lightly, to chatter

Prat'tler, *s.* a trifling talker, a chatterer

Prav'ity, *s.* corruption, badness, malignity

Prawn, *s.* a shell-fish like a shrimp

Pray, *v.* to entreat, to supplicate, to implore

Pray'er, *s.* a petition to heaven; entreaty

Pray'erbook, *s.* a book of prayers

Preach, *v. n.* to pronounce a public discourse on religious subjects—*s.* a discourse

Preach'er, *s.* one who preaches, a minister

Pream'ble, *s.* an introduction, a preface

Preb'end, *s.* a stipend in cathedrals

Preb'endary, *s.* a stipendiary of a cathedral

Preca'rious, *a.* dependant, uncertain

Preca'riously, *ad.* uncertainly, by dependence; at the pleasure of others

Precau'tion, *s.* a preservative caution

Preced'a'neous, *a.* previous, antecedent

Prece'de, *v. a.* to go before in rank or time

Prece'dence, *s.* priority, the foremost place

Prece'dent, *a.* going before; former

Pre'cedent, *s.* example, thing done before

Precent'or, *s.* he that leads the choir

cept, *s.* a command, injunction, mandate  
cept'ial, *a.* consisting of precepts  
cept'ive, *a.* containing or giving precepts  
ceptor, *s.* a teacher, a tutor  
cession, *s.* the act of going before  
cinct, *s.* an outward limit, boundary  
cious, *a.* valuable, costly, of great price  
ciple, *s.* a perpendicular declivity  
cipation, *s.* rash haste, headlong hurry  
cipitant, *a.* falling headlong, hasty  
cipitancy, *s.* corrosive mercurial medicine  
cipitate, *v.* to cast down; to hurry  
cipitate, *a.* headlong, hasty, violent  
cipitately, *ad.* hastily; in blind fury  
cipitation, *s.* hurry, blind, rash haste  
cise, *a.* formal, affected, finical, exact  
cisely, *ad.* exactly, nicely, formally  
cision, *s.* exact limitation, nicety  
cise, *a.* exactly limiting  
clude, *v. a.* to shut out or hinder by  
some anticipation  
cocious, *a.* ripe before the time  
co'cinity, *s.* ripeness before the time  
co'cipation, *s.* previous consideration  
cognition, *s.* previous knowledge  
conceit, *s.* opinion antecedently formed  
conceive, *v. a.* to form an opinion be-  
forehand; to imagine beforehand  
conception, *s.* a previous opinion  
contract, *s.* a previous contract  
couse, *s.* a forerunning; going before  
cursor, *s.* a forerunner; an harbinger  
caceous, *a.* living by prey or plunder  
cral, *a.* robbing; practising robbery  
cipation, *s.* the act of plundering  
cacious, *a.* plundering, rapacious  
catory, *a.* practising rapine; ravenous  
cessor, *s.* one going before  
destina'tion, *s.* one who  
maintains the doctrine of predestination  
desti'nate, *v.* to decree beforehand  
destina'tion, *s.* according to the opinions  
of some, is a judgment of God, whereby  
he has determined, from all eternity, to  
have a certain number of persons, hence  
called elect; it is also used to signify a  
supposed decree of Providence, by means  
whereof things are brought to pass by a  
real necessity, and maugre all opposition  
destine, *v. a.* to decree beforehand  
determina'tion, *s.* previous resolution  
dial, *a.* consisting of farms  
dicable, *s.* a logical term of affirmation  
dicable, *a.* such as may be affirmed  
dicament, *s.* a class, arrangement, kind-  
sificant, *s.* one that affirms any thing  
dicate, *s.* what is affirmed of a subject  
dicate, *v. a.* to affirm or declare  
diction, *s.* affirmation, declaration

Predi'ct, *v. a.* to foretel; to foreshow  
Predic'tion, *s.* a prophecy; a foretelling  
Predic'tor, *s.* one who foretels or prophesies  
Predilec'tion, *s.* a prepossession in favour of  
any particular person or thing  
Predispo'se, *v. a.* to dispose beforehand  
Predisposi'tion, *s.* previous adaptation  
Predomi'nance, *s.* prevalence, superiority  
Predomi'nant, *a.* prevalent, ascendant  
Predomi'nate, *v. n.* to prevail in, or over  
Pre-el'st, *v. a.* to chuse beforehand  
Pre-em'inence, *s.* superiority, precedence  
Pre-em'inent, *a.* excellent above others  
Pre-emp'tion, *s.* right of buying before others  
Preen, *v. a.* See Preening  
Pre-engag'e, *v. a.* to engage beforehand  
Pre-engag'ement, *s.* precedent obligation  
Preen'ing, *s.* the action of birds in cleaning  
and trimming their feathers  
Pre-establish, *v. a.* to settle beforehand  
Pre-exi'st, *v. a.* to exist beforehand  
Pre-exist'ence, *s.* existence beforehand  
Pre-exist'ent, *a.* preceding in existence  
Preface, *s.* an introduction to a book, &c.  
Preface, *v.* to say something introductory  
Prefatory, *a.* introductory  
Prefect, *s.* a governor, a commander  
Prefect'ure, *s.* the office of government  
Prefe'r, *v. a.* to regard more; advance, raise  
Prefe'able, *a.* eligible before another  
Preference, *s.* estimation above another  
Prefer'ment, *s.* advancement, preference  
Préfigura'tion, *s.* antecedent representation  
Prefigure, *v. a.* to exhibit beforehand  
Prefi'ne, *v. a.* to limit beforehand  
Prefi'x, *v. a.* to appoint beforehand; settle  
Prefi'x, *s.* a particle placed before a word  
Prefo'rm, *v. a.* to form beforehand  
Preg'nancy, *s.* the state of being with young;  
fertility; power; acuteness  
Preg'nant, *a.* breeding, teeming, fruitful  
Pregusta'tion, *s.* the act of tasting first  
Preju'dge, *v. a.* to judge beforehand; gene-  
rally, to condemn beforehand  
Preju'dicate, *a.* formed by prejudice  
Prejudica'tion, *s.* a judging beforehand  
Prejudice, *s.* prepossession, mischief, hurt  
Prejudice, *v.* to fill with prejudice; hurt  
Prejudi'cial, *a.* hurtful, injurious; opposite  
Prel'acy, *s.* the dignity or office of a prelate  
Prel'ate, *s.* a bishop; a high ecclesiastic  
Prelat'ical, *a.* relating to prelates or prelacy  
Prela'tion, *s.* a preference; a setting above  
Prelec'tion, *s.* reading; lecture  
Prelim'inary, *a.* previous, introductory, an-  
tecedently preparatory  
Prel'ude, *s.* a flourish of music before a full  
concert; something introductory  
Prelu'de, *v. n.* to serve as an introduction  
Prelu'sive, *a.* introductory, proemial

Prematu're, *a.* ripe too soon; too soon said or done; too early; too hasty

Premed'itate, *v. a.* to think beforehand

Premedita'tion, *s.* a meditating beforehand

Premer'it, *v. a.* to deserve before another

Pre'mier, *a.* first, chief, principal

Pre'mier, *s.* a chief person; a first minister

Premi'se, *v. a.* to explain previously

Premises, *s.* lands, &c. before mentioned in a lease, &c.; in logic, the two first propositions of a syllogism; in law, houses, &c.

Premiss, *s.* an antecedent proposition

Pre'mium, *s.* something given to invite a loan or a bargain

Premon'ish, *v. a.* to warn beforehand

Premoni'tion, *s.* previous intelligence

Premon'itory, *a.* previously advising

Premon'strate, *v. a.* to show beforehand

Premuni're, *s.* a writ, a penalty, a distress

Premom'inate, *v. a.* to forename

Prenunci'ation, *s.* act of telling before

Preoc'cupancy, *s.* taking possession before

Preoc'cupate, *v. a.* to anticipate, prepossess

Preoc'cupy, *v. a.* to seize before another

Preop'inion, *s.* prepossession, prejudice

Preorda'in, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand

Preor'dinance, *s.* antecedent decree

Prepara'tion, *s.* act of preparing any thing to any purpose; previous measures; any thing made by process; accomplishment

Prepar'ative, *a.* serving to prepare

Prepar'atory, *a.* introductory, antecedent

Prepa're, *v.* to make ready, qualify, form

Prepa're, *s.* preparation, previous measures

Prepe'nse, *a.* forethought, preconceived

Prepon'der, Prepon'derate, *v. a.* to outweigh; to exceed by influence

Prepon'derance, *s.* superiority of weight

Preposi'tion, *s.* in grammar, a particle set before a noun, and governing a case

Preposse'ss, *v. a.* to prejudice, to bias

Preposse'sion, *s.* first possession; prejudice; preconceived opinion

Prepos'terous, *a.* wrong, absurd, perverted

Prepos'terously, *ad.* absurdly, strangely, &c.

Pre'potency, *s.* predominance; superiority

Pre'puce, *s.* the foreskin of the glans

Prerequi're, *v. a.* to demand beforehand

Prere'quisite, *a.* that is previously necessary

Prerog'ative, *s.* exclusive privilege or right

Prerog'ative, *a.* having an exclusive privilege or right; having prerogative

Pres'age, Pres'agement, *s.* a prognostic

Presage, *v. a.* to forebode, to foreshow

Pres'byter, *s.* a priest, a presbyterian

Presbyte'rial, *a.* pertaining to a presbyter

Presbyte'rian, *s.* a follower of Calvin

Pres'bytery, *s.* eldership; priesthood; also church government by lay elders

Presci'ence, *s.* a knowledge of futurity

Pres'cient, *a.* foreknowing, prophetic

Presci'nd, *v. a.* to cut off, to abstract

Presci'dent, *a.* abstracting; cutting off

Prescri'be, *v.* to order; to direct medie

Pre'script, *s.* a direction, precept, order

Prescrip'tion, *s.* a rule produced and ant

rised by long custom till it has the force of law; a medical receipt

Pres'eance, *s.* priority of place

Pres'ence, *s.* a being present; mien; meanour; quickness at expedients

Pres'ent, *a.* not absent; not past; ready

Pres'ent, *s.* a gift, a donative; a mand

Pres'ent, *v. a.* to exhibit, to give, to pro

to offer, to favour with gifts

Present'able, *a.* what may be presented

Presenta'neous, *a.* ready, immediate

Presenta'tion, *s.* the gift of a benefice

Present'e, *s.* one presented to a benefice

Presen'tial, *a.* supposing actual presence

Present'ial'ity, *s.* state of being present

Present'ly, *ad.* at present, soon after

Present'ment, *s.* the act of presenting

Preserva'tion, *s.* the act of preserving

Preser'vative, *s.* that has power to pres

Preser've, *v.* to save, keep, season fruits

Preser've, *s.* fruit preserved in sugar

Preser'ver, *s.* one who preserves or keeps

Presi'de, *v. n.* to be set over, direct, manage

Presi'dency, *s.* superintendence

Presi'dent, *s.* one at the head of a society

Press, *v.* to squeeze; distress; urge, imp

Press, *s.* an instrument for pressing; a com

case for clothes; instrument for printin

a forcing of men to military service

Press'gang, *s.* a gang of sailors that go about to press men into naval service

Press'ing, part. *a.* very urgent; squeezin

Press'ingly, *ad.* with force; closely

Press'man, *s.* a printer who works at

press; one who forces away

Press'money, *s.* money for pressed soldiers

Press'ure, *s.* force; affliction; an impress

Prest, *a.* ready—part. pressed—*s.* a loan

Pres'to, *s.* in music, quick; without delay

Presu'mable, *a.* that may be presumed

Presu'mably, *ad.* without examination

Presu'me, *v. n.* to suppose; affirm; vent

Presu'ming, part. *a.* supposing; confident

Presump'tion, Presump'tuousness, *s.* a con

jecture; confidence; supposition previously formed; arrogance; pride

Presump'tive, *a.* presumed; supposed,

the presumptive heir; confident, arrogant

Presump'tuous, *a.* haughty; irreverent

Presump'tuously, *ad.* haughtily; proudly

Presuppo'sal, *s.* supposal previously formed

Presuppo'se, *v. a.* to suppose beforehand

Presurmi'se, *s.* surmise previously formed

Prete'nce, *s.* a pretext; an assumption

end, *v.* to allege falsely; to shew hypocritically; to claim; to presume  
 end'er, *s.* one who claims or arrogates  
 himself what does not belong to him  
 en'sion, *s.* a claim; a false appearance  
 imperf'ect, *a.* in grammar, denotes the  
 sense not perfectly past  
 perf'it, *a.* in grammar, is the past tense  
 rela'sed, *a.* past and gone  
 remit't, *v. a.* to pass by, omit, neglect  
 remis'sion, *s.* the act of omitting  
 nat'ural, *a.* not natural; irregular  
 per'fect, *a.* absolutely past  
 pluperf'ect, *a.* time relatively past, or  
 at before some other past time  
 pret'ence, *s.* a pretence, false allegation  
 pret'or, *s.* a Roman judge; a mayor  
 pri'or, *a.* judicial; exercised by a pretor  
 tly, *ad.* neatly, elegantly, agreeably  
 ness, *s.* beauty without dignity  
 ty, *a.* neat, elegant, handsome  
 ty, *ad.* in some degree, nearly  
 till, *v. a.* to be in force, overcome, per-  
 hance, *a.* having most influence  
 valence, *s.* superiority; influence  
 alent, *a.* powerful, predominant  
 cative, *v. n.* to cavil; to quibble  
 carica'tion, *s.* double dealing; shuffle  
 carica'tor, *s.* a cavalier, a shuffler  
 cent, *a.* preceding; preventive  
 cent, *v.* to hinder, to obstruct; to guide  
 cention, *s.* act of going before; anticipa-  
 tion, hindrance, prejudice  
 centive, *a.* preservative, hindering  
 vious, *a.* antecedent; going before  
 viously, *ad.* beforehand; antecedently  
 et, *s.* something to be devoured; spoil  
 v. to feed by violence; plunder; corrode  
 pism, *s.* a preternatural tension  
 e, *s.* value; estimation; rate; reward  
 k, *v.* to pierce, to spur—*s.* a puncture  
 ket, *s.* a buck in his 2d year; a basket  
 kly, *a.* full of sharp points  
 te, *s.* inordinate self-esteem; haughti-  
 ness; insolent exultation; ostentation  
 e, *v. a.* to rate himself high; make proud  
 et, *s.* one who officiates at the altar  
 at'craft, *s.* religious fraud  
 etless, *s.* a female priest  
 et'hood, *s.* the office of a priest  
 et'ness, *s.* the manner, &c. of a priest  
 et'ly, *a.* belonging to a priest; sacerdotal  
 et'hidden, *a.* managed by priests  
 et, *s.* a pert, conceited, little fellow  
 et, *a.* formal, precise, affectedly nice  
 etacy, *s.* dignity or office of a primate  
 etage, *s.* a duty paid to a master of a ship  
 or the use of his stores, &c.

Pri'marily, *ad.* in the first intention  
 Pri'mary, *a.* first in order, chief, principal  
 Pri'mate, *s.* the chief ecclesiastic  
 Prime, Pri'mal, *a.* early; first rate; first  
 Prime, *s.* the dawn; the morning; best part; spring of life; the flower or choice; height of health, beauty, or perfection  
 Prime, *v. a.* to put powder into the touch pan or hole of a gun, &c.; to lay the first colours on in painting  
 Pri'mely, *ad.* originally, excellently, well  
 Pri'mateship, *s.* dignity, &c. of a primate  
 Prim'er, *s.* a small book for children  
 Prime'ro, *s.* an ancient game at cards  
 Pri'mest, *a.* best, most excellent  
 Prime'val, *a.* original; such as was at first  
 Prim'itive, *a.* ancient, original, formal  
 Prime'ness, *s.* state of being first; excellence  
 Prim'itively, *ad.* originally, primarily, at first  
 Prim'ness, *s.* formality, demureness  
 Primoge'nal, *a.* first-born; original  
 Primogen'i'ture, *s.* state of being first born  
 Primor'dial, *a.* existing from the beginning  
 Prim'rose, *s.* the name of a flower  
 Prince, *s.* a sovereign; a king's son; chief  
 Prince'dom, *s.* the rank, estate, &c. of a prince; sovereignty  
 Prince'like, *a.* becoming a prince  
 Prince'ly, *a.* royal, august, generous  
 Prince'ess, *s.* a sovereign lady; the daughter of a king; a prince's consort  
 Prin'cipal, *a.* chief, capital, essential  
 Prin'cipal, *s.* a head, a chief; one primarily engaged; a sum placed out at interest  
 Principality, *s.* a prince's domain  
 Prin'cipally, *ad.* chiefly; above the rest  
 Principia'tion, *s.* analysis into constituent or elemental parts  
 Prin'ciple, *s.* primordial substance; constituent part; original cause, motive; opinion  
 Print, *s.* mark made by impression; form, size, &c. of the types used in printing; formal method—*v.* to mark by impression  
 Print'er, *s.* one who prints books, &c.  
 Print'less, *a.* that leaves no impression  
 Pri'or, *a.* former, antecedent, anterior  
 Pri'or, *s.* the head of a priory of monks  
 Pri'ores, *s.* superior of a convent of nuns  
 Prior'ity, *s.* precedence in time or place  
 Pri'orship, *s.* office or dignity of a prior  
 Pri'ory, *s.* a convent inferior to an abbey  
 Pri'sage, *s.* duty of atenth upon lawful prize  
 Prism, *s.* a kind of mathematical glass  
 Prismat'ic, *a.* formed like a prism  
 Prismat'ically, *ad.* in the form of a prism  
 Prism'o'id, *s.* a solid body like a prism  
 Pris'on, *s.* a gaol, place of confinement  
 Prisonba'se, *s.* a kind of rural play  
 Pris'oned, *part.* shut up in prison  
 Pris'oner, *s.* a captive, one under arrest

Pris'tine, *a.* first, ancient, original  
 Pri'thee, *abbrev.* for *I pray thee*  
 Priv'acy, *s.* secrecy, retreat, taciturnity  
 Priva'do, *s.* a secret or intimate friend  
 Private, *a.* secret, alone, particular, not relating to the public, not open  
 Private'e'r, *s.* a private ship of war  
 Pri'vetely, *ad.* secretly, not openly  
 Priv'a'tion, *s.* absence or loss of any thing; obstruction, &c.  
 Priv'a'tive, *a.* causing privation, negative  
 Priv'ilege, *s.* immunity, public right  
 Priv'ilege, *v. a.* to grant a privilege, exempt  
 Priv'ily, *ad.* privately, secretly  
 Priv'ity, *s.* private concurrence  
 Priv'y, *a.* private, secret, acquainted with  
 Prize, *s.* a reward gained, booty  
 Prize, *v. a.* to rate, to esteem, value highly  
 Probabil'ity, *s.* likelihood, appearance of truth, evidence of argument  
 Prob'able, *a.* likely, or like to be  
 Prob'ably, *ad.* likely, in all likelihood  
 Probat, or Pro'bate, *s.* the proof of wills, &c.  
 Proba'tion, *s.* a proof, trial, novitiate  
 Proba'tioner, *s.* one upon trial; a novice  
 Proba'tum-est, *Lat.* tried and proved  
 Probe, *s.* a surgeon's instrument  
 Probe, *v. a.* to search, to try with a probe  
 Prob'ity, *s.* uprightness, honesty, veracity  
 Prob'lem, *s.* a question proposed for solution  
 Problemat'ical, *a.* uncertain, disputable  
 Probos'cis, *s.* the trunk of an elephant, &c.  
 Proca'city, *s.* sauciness, petulance  
 Procatarc'tic, *a.* forerunning, antecedent  
 Proce'dure, *s.* manner of proceeding  
 Proce'ed, *v. n.* to go on; to arise from; to prosecute; to make progress, to advance  
 Proceed'ing, *s.* a transaction, legal process  
 Procer'ity, *s.* tallness, length of stature  
 Pro'cess, *s.* course of law; order of things  
 Proces'sion, *s.* a train marching in solemnity  
 Pro'chronism, *s.* an error in chronology  
 Procla'im, *v.* to publish solemnly, to tell openly, to outlaw by public denunciation  
 Proclama'tion, *s.* a public notice given by authority, a declaration of the king's will  
 Proc'ivity, *s.* propensity, readiness  
 Procli'veous, *a.* inclined downwards  
 Procon'sul, *s.* a Roman governor  
 Procon'sulship, *s.* the office of a proconsul  
 Procras'tinate, *v.* to defer, delay, put off  
 Procrastina'tion, *s.* delay, dilatoriness  
 Pro'creant, *a.* productive, pregnant  
 Pro'create, *v. a.* to generate, to produce  
 Procrea'tion, *s.* generation, production  
 Pro'creative, *a.* generative, productive  
 Procrea'tor, *s.* a generator, begetter  
 Proc'tor, *s.* an advocate in the civil law; an attorney in the spiritual court; the magistrate of the university

Proc'torship, *s.* the office of a proctor  
 Procum'ber, *a.* lying down, prone  
 Procu'able, *a.* obtainable, acquirable  
 Procura'tor, *s.* a manager, agent, factotum  
 Procu're, *v.* to obtain, to manage, to procure  
 Procu'rer, *s.* an obtainer, pimp, pandancer, &c.  
 Procu'ress, *s.* a bawd, a seducing woman  
 Prod'igal, *a.* profuse, wasteful, lavish  
 Prod'igal, *s.* a spendthrift, a waster  
 Prodigi'aty, *s.* extravagance, profusion  
 Prodigi'ous, *a.* amazing, monstrous, wondrous  
 Prodigi'ously, *ad.* amazingly, enormously  
 Prodigi'y, *s.* a preternatural thing; a wonder; any thing astonishing  
 Prodigi'tion, *s.* treason, treachery  
 Produ'ce, *v. a.* to bring forth, yield, generate  
 Produce, *s.* amount, profit, product  
 Prod'u'cent, *s.* one who exhibits or offers  
 Prod'uct, *s.* the thing produced, work, product  
 Production, *s.* whatever is produced  
 Product'ive, *a.* fertile, generative, fruitful  
 Pro'fem, *s.* a preface, an introduction  
 Profana'tion, *s.* the act of profaning, polluting, or violating any thing sacred  
 Prof'a'ne, *a.* not sacred; irreverent; profane  
 Prof'a'ne, *v. a.* to violate, to pollute, to use to wrong use, to misapply  
 Prof'a'inely, *ad.* irreverently, wickedly  
 Prof'a'neness, *s.* irreverence, impiety  
 Prof'a'ner, *s.* one who profanes or pollutes  
 Prof'e'ss, *v.* to declare openly and plainly  
 Profess'edly, *ad.* openly, avowedly  
 Profes'sion, *s.* a vocation, known employment, calling; declaration, opinion  
 Profes'sional, *a.* relating to a particular profession  
 Profes'sor, *s.* a public teacher of some science  
 Profes'sorship, *s.* the office of a public teacher  
 Prof'er, *v. a.* to propose, offer, attempt  
 Prof'er, *s.* an offer made, essay, attempt  
 Profi'cence, *s.* improvement gained, advancement  
 Profi'cient, *s.* one who has made good advancement in any study or business  
 Profi'le, *s.* the side-face, a half face  
 Profit, *s.* gain, advantage, improvement  
 Profi'it, *v.* to gain advantage, improve  
 Profit'able, *a.* lucrative, beneficial  
 Profit'ableness, *s.* gainfulness, usefulness  
 Profit'ably, *ad.* advantageously, gainfully  
 Profit'less, *a.* void of gain or advantage  
 Profi'ligacy, *s.* profligate behaviour  
 Profi'igate, *a.* wicked, abandoned, debauched, lost to virtue and decency, shameless  
 Profi'igate, *s.* an abandoned wretch  
 Proflu'ence, *s.* progress, course  
 Proflu'ent, *a.* flowing forward, or plentiful  
 Profou'nd, *a.* deep, learned, humble, lowly  
 Profun'dity, *s.* depth of place or knowledge  
 Profu'se, *a.* lavish, wasteful, overabundant  
 Profu'seness, *s.* lavishness, prodigality

prodigal, *s.* prodigality, exuberance, plenty  
 prodigal, *a.* vicious, provisions of any kind  
 prodigal, *v. n.* to shift meanly for provisions  
 progenitor, *s.* an ancestor in a direct line  
 progeny, *s.* offspring, issue, generation  
 portent, *s.* a prediction, a token fore-  
 running—a foretelling  
 portend, *v. a.* to foretel, to foreshow  
 portent, *s.* the act of foretelling  
 portentor, *s.* one who foretels  
 progress, *s.* a course; improvement  
 progression, *s.* regular advance, course  
 progressive, *a.* advancing, increasing  
 progressive, *a.* going forward, advancing  
 progressively, *ad.* by a regular course  
 prohibit, *v. a.* to forbid, debar, hinder  
 prohibition, *s.* an interdiction, &c.  
 prohibitory, *a.* implying prohibition  
 project, *s.* a scheme, contrivance, design  
 project, *v.* to scheme, contrive; put out  
 projectile, *s.* a body put in motion  
 projection, *s.* act of shooting forwards; de-  
 signation; scheme, plan  
 projector, *s.* one who forms schemes, &c.  
 projecture, *s.* a jutting out  
 prope, *v. a.* to extend out too much  
 propound, *v. a.* to pronounce, to utter  
 propound, *a.* oblate, flat  
 pronunciation, *s.* pronunciation, delay  
 propound, *s.* an anticipation of objections  
 propound, *a.* previous, antecedent  
 propound, *a.* wretched, vile, vulgar  
 propound, *a.* fruitful, generative  
 propound, *a.* tedious, not concise, dilatory  
 propound, *a.* tediousness, want of brevity  
 propounder, *s.* the speaker of a convocation  
 procul, *a.* the office of prolocutor  
 prologue, *s.* a speech before a stage play  
 prolong, *v. a.* to lengthen out, to put off  
 prolongation, *s.* a delay to a longer time  
 prouision, *s.* a diverting performance  
 prouide, *s.* a walk, walking  
 prouidence, *s.* a jutting out, protuberance  
 prouident, *a.* jutting or standing out  
 prouiduously, *ad.* with confused mixture  
 prouious, *a.* mingled, confused  
 prouise, *v.* to give one's word, to assure  
 prouiser, *s.* one who promises  
 prouising, *part. a.* giving hopes  
 prouisory, *a.* containing a promise  
 prouonty, *s.* a headland, a cape  
 prouote, *v. a.* to forward, advance, exalt  
 prouoter, *s.* an advancer, encourager  
 prouotion, *s.* encouragement, preferment  
 prouoke, *v. a.* to forward, to promote  
 prouip, *a.* quick, ready, propense, acute  
 prouiper, *v. a.* to assist, to incite, to remind  
 prouiper, *s.* one who helps a public speaker,  
 suggesting the word to him, &c.  
 prouitude, *s.* readiness, quickness

promptuary, *s.* a magazine, a repository  
 promulgate, *v. a.* to publish, to teach openly  
 promulgation, *s.* publication, exhibition  
 promulgator, *s.* a publisher, open teacher  
 prone, *a.* bending downward, inclined  
 proneness, *s.* an inclination; a descent  
 prong, *s.* a fork, a pitch-fork  
 pronominal, *a.* belonging to a pronoun  
 pronomoun, *s.* a word used for a noun  
 pronounce, *v.* to speak, to utter, to pass  
 judgment, to utter sentence  
 pronouncer, *s.* one who pronounces  
 pronunciation, *s.* the mode of utterance  
 proof, *s.* trial, test, evidence; impenetra-  
 bility; a rough sheet of print to be corrected  
 proof, *a.* impenetrable, able to resist  
 proofless, *a.* wanting evidence, unproved  
 prop, *s.* a support, that which holds up  
 prop, *v. a.* to support, to sustain, to keep up  
 propagate, *v.* to generate, increase, extend  
 propagation, *s.* a generation, production  
 propell, *v. a.* to drive forward  
 propend, *v. n.* to incline to any part or side  
 propendancy, *s.* inclination of desire  
 propense, *a.* inclined, disposed, prone to  
 propensit, *s.* inclination, tendency  
 proper, *a.* peculiar, fit, exact; one's own  
 properly, *ad.* fitly; in a strict sense  
 property, *s.* peculiar quality; possession  
 prophecy, *s.* a prediction, declaration  
 prophesy, *v. n.* to predict, to foretel  
 prophet, *s.* a foreteller of future events  
 prophetess, *s.* a female prophet  
 prophetic, *a.* foretelling future events  
 prophylactic, *a.* preventive, preservative  
 propinquity, *s.* proximity, kindred  
 propitiate, *v. a.* to induce to favour, to gain  
 propitiation, *s.* an atonement for a crime  
 propitiatory, *a.* serving to propitiate  
 propitious, *a.* favourable, kind, merciful  
 propitiously, *ad.* favourably, kindly  
 proplysm, *s.* a mould, a matrix  
 propnent, *s.* one who makes a proposal  
 proportion, *s.* an equal part, ratio, size  
 proportion, *v. a.* to adjust parts, to fit  
 proportionable, *a.* adjusted, such as is fit  
 proportional, *a.* having due proportion  
 proportional, *s.* a quantity in proportion  
 proportionally, *ad.* in a stated degree  
 proportionate, *a.* adjusted to something else  
 that is according to a certain rate  
 proposal, *s.* a proposition or design pro-  
 pounded to consideration or acceptance  
 propose, *v. a.* to offer to the consideration  
 proposition, *s.* a thing proposed; a sentence  
 in which any thing is affirmed or decreed  
 propositional, *a.* considered as a proposition  
 propound, *v. a.* to propose, offer, exhibit  
 proprietary, *s.* an owner in his own right

Proprietary, *s.* an exclusive right, accuracy  
 Proprietor, *s.* a possessor in his own right  
 Propugn, *v. a.* to defend, to vindicate  
 Propulsion, *s.* the act of driving forward  
 Prore, *s.* the prow or fore part of a ship  
 Prorogation, *s.* a prolongation, continuance  
 Prorogue, *v. a.* to protract, put off, delay  
 Proruption, *s.* the act of bursting out  
 Prosaic, *a.* belonging to or like prose  
 Proscribe, *v. a.* to censure capitally  
 Proscription, *s.* a doom to destruction, outlawry; confiscation of property  
 Prose, *s.* the usual way of speaking or writing, in opposition to verse  
 Prosecute, *v. a.* to pursue, continue, sue  
 Prosecution, *s.* a pursuit; a criminal suit  
 Prosector, *s.* one who pursues any purpose  
 Proselyte, *s.* a convert to a new opinion  
 Prosemination, *s.* propagation by seed  
 Prosodian, *s.* one skilled in prosody  
 Prosody, *s.* that part of grammar that teaches the sound and quantity of syllables, and the measures of verse  
 Prosopopœia, *s.* a figure in rhetoric, by which things are made persons; personification  
 Prospect, *s.* a view, an object of view  
 Prospective, *a.* viewing at a distance  
 Prosper, *v.* to be successful, to thrive  
 Prosperity, *s.* good success, good fortune  
 Prosperous, *a.* successful, fortunate  
 Prospection, *s.* the act of looking forward  
 Prosternation, *s.* dejection, depression  
 Prostitute, *a.* vicious for hire  
 Prostitute, *s.* a public strumpet, an hireling  
 Prostituton, *s.* the act of prostituting  
 Prostrate, *a.* laid flat along, lying at mercy  
 Prostrate, *v. a.* to throw down, to lay flat, to cast one's self at the feet of another  
 Prostration, *s.* the act of falling down in adoration; dejection, depression  
 Protect, *v. a.* to defend, to save, to shield  
 Protection, *s.* a defence, a shelter  
 Protective, *a.* defensive, sheltering  
 Protectör, *s.* a defender, supporter, regent  
 Protect, *v. a.* to hold out, to stretch forth  
 Protest, *v.* to give a solemn declaration, &c.  
 Protest, *s.* a declaration against a thing  
 Protestant, *s.* one of the reformed religion, who protests against popery  
 Protestantion, *s.* a solemn declaration, a vow  
 Prothonotary, *s.* a head register or notary  
 Protocol, *s.* the original copy of a writing  
 Protomartyr, *s.* the first martyr, St. Stephen  
 Prototype, *s.* the original of a copy  
 Protract, *v. a.* to draw out, delay, lengthen  
 Protraction, *s.* a delay, a lengthening out  
 Protractive, *a.* dilatory, delaying  
 Protrude, *v.* to thrust forward  
 Protrusion, *s.* the act of thrusting forward  
 Protuberance, *s.* a swelling above the rest  
 Protuberant, *a.* prominent, swelling  
 Proud, *a.* elated, arrogant, lofty, grand  
 Proudly, *ad.* arrogantly, ostentatiously  
 Prove, *v.* to evince; to try; to experience  
 Proveable, *a.* that may be proved  
 Proveditor, Provedore, *s.* one who undertakes to procure supplies for an army  
 Provender, *s.* food for brutes, hay, corn, &c.  
 Proverb, *s.* a maxim; a common saying  
 Proverbial, *a.* mentioned in a proverb  
 Provide, *v.* to prepare; supply; stipulate  
 Providence, *s.* the care of God over creatures; divine superintendence; prudence, frugality, foresight  
 Provident, *a.* forecasting; cautious; prudent with respect to futurity  
 Providence, *a.* effected by Providence  
 Providentially, *ad.* by the care of Providence  
 Province, *s.* a conquered country; a country governed by a delegate; office; business; region; tract  
 Provincial, *a.* relating to a province; rural  
 Provincial, *s.* a spiritual or chief government  
 Provinciate, *v. a.* to turn to a province  
 Provision, *s.* a providing beforehand; supplies, food; measures taken; terms settled  
 Provisional, *a.* temporarily established  
 Provision, *s.* a stipulation; a caution  
 Provocation, *s.* a cause of anger  
 Provocative, *s.* any thing which revives decayed or cloyed appetite  
 Provoke, *v. a.* to rouse, enrage, chaff  
 Provokingly, *ad.* so as to raise anger  
 Provost, *s.* the chief of any corporate body; a military executioner  
 Prow, *s.* the head or fore part of a ship  
 Prowess, *s.* bravery, military courage  
 Prowl, *v.* to rove over; wander for  
 Proximate, *a.* next, near; immediate  
 Proxime, *a.* immediate, next  
 Proximity, *s.* nearness; neighbourhood  
 Prox'y, *s.* a substitute or agent for another  
 Pruce, *s.* Prussian leather  
 Prude, *s.* a woman over-nice and scrupulous  
 Prudence, *s.* wisdom applied to practice  
 Prudent, *a.* practically wise, discreet  
 Prudential, *a.* upon principles of prudence  
 Prudentials, *s.* maxims of prudence  
 Prudently, *ad.* wisely, discreetly  
 Prudery, *s.* overmuch nicety in conduct  
 Prudish, *a.* affectedly grave  
 Prune, *s.* a dried plum---*v.* to lop trees, &c.  
 Prunello, *s.* a kind of silken stuff; a paper  
 Prurience, *s.* an itching or great desire  
 Prurient, *a.* itching, hot, eager  
 Pry, *v. n.* to inspect officiously, &c.  
 Psalm, *s.* a holy song, a sacred hymn  
 Psalmist, *s.* a writer, &c. of psalms  
 Psalmody, *s.* a singing of psalms

psalter, *s.* a psalm book, book of psalms  
 psaltery, *s.* a kind of harp for psalms  
 pseud/o, *a.* false, counterfeit, pretended  
 pseud/o/gy, *s.* false speaking, lying  
 shaw! *interj.* expressing contempt, &c.  
 psisan, *s.* a cooling medical drink made of  
 barley, decocted with raisins, &c.  
 puberty, *s.* ripeness of age, time of life in  
 which the two sexes begin first to be ac-  
 quainted  
 pubescent, *a.* arriving at puberty  
 public, *a.* common, not private, manifest  
 public, *s.* the body of a nation; the people  
 publican, *s.* a toll-gatherer; a victualler  
 publication, *s.* the act of publishing  
 publicly, *ad.* openly, in full view  
 publish, *v. a.* to make known, to set forth  
 publisher, *s.* one who publishes a book  
 veileage, *s.* a state of virginity  
 puck, *s.* a supposed sprite, or fairy  
 pucker, *v. a.* to gather into plaits or folds  
 rudder, *s.* a noise, bustle, tumult  
 rudding, *s.* a sort of food; a gut  
 ruddle, *s.* a small dirty lake, a dirty plash  
 ruddency, Pudi/city, *s.* modesty, chastity  
 verile, *a.* childish, boyish, trifling  
 verility, *s.* childishness, boyishness  
 ret, *s.* a kind of water fowl  
 ruff, *s.* a small blast or breath of wind; an  
 utensil used in powdering the hair; any  
 thing light or porous; undeserved praise  
 ruff, *v. a.* to swell with wind; to pant  
 ruffin, *s.* a water fowl; a fish  
 ruffy, *a.* windy; flatulent; tumid; turgid  
 rug, *s.* a small Dutch dog; a monkey  
 rugh! *interj.* denoting contempt  
 rugl, *s.* a small handful  
 ruisse, *a.* young, younger; later in time;  
 petty, small, inconsiderable  
 rissance, *s.* power, force, might  
 rissant, *a.* powerful, mighty, forcible  
 ruke, Pu'ker, *s.* a medicine causing a vomit  
 rulchritude, *s.* beauty, grace, comeliness  
 rule, *v. n.* to whine, to cry, to whimper  
 rulka', *s.* a Laplander's travelling sledge  
 rull, *s.* the act of pulling, a pluck  
 rull, *v. a.* to draw violently, to pluck, to tear  
 rullen, *s.* a young hen  
 rulley, *s.* a small wheel for a running cord  
 rululate, *v. n.* to germinate; to bud  
 rulmonary, *a.* pertaining to the lungs  
 rulp, *s.* any soft mass, soft part of fruit  
 rulpit, *s.* an exalted place to speak in  
 rulpy, *a.* soft, pappy, full of pulp  
 rulation, *s.* act of beating or moving with  
 quick strokes against any thing opposing;  
 also the beating of the pulse or arteries  
 rulse, *s.* motion of the blood; all sorts of  
 grain contained in pods  
 rulion, *s.* the act of drivin forward

Pul'verize, *v. a.* to reduce to powder or dust  
 Pul'vil, *s.* sweet scents—*v. a.* to perfume  
 Pum'ice, *s.* a spungy stone, full of pores  
 Pump, *s.* a water engine; a sort of shoe  
 Pump, *v.* to work a pump, to throw out  
 water by a pump; to examine artfully  
 Pun, *s.* an equivocation, a quibble  
 Pun, *v. n.* to quibble, to play upon words  
 Punch, *s.* an instrument; a buffoon; liquor  
 Punch, *v. a.* to bore a hole with a punch  
 Punch/bowl, *s.* a bowl to make punch in  
 Pun/cheon, *s.* a tool; a cask of 84 gallons  
 Punchinel/lo, *s.* a buffoon; a puppet  
 Punctil'io, *s.* a nicety of behaviour  
 Punctil'ious, *a.* exact, nice, ceremonious  
 Puncto, *s.* ceremony; the point in fencing  
 Punct'ual, *a.* exact, nice, punctilious  
 Punct'ulity, Punc'tualness, *s.* exactness  
 Punc'tually, *ad.* exactly, scrupulously  
 Punctua'tion, *s.* the method of pointing  
 Punctu'late, *v.* to mark with small spots  
 Punc'ture, *s.* a hole made with a sharp point  
 Pun'dle, *s.* a short and fat woman  
 Pun'gency, *s.* power of pricking; acridness  
 Pun'gent, *a.* pricking, sharp, acrimonious  
 Pu'nic, *a.* false; treacherous  
 Pu'niness, *s.* smallness, tenderness  
 Pun'ish, *v. a.* to chastise, to correct, to afflict  
 Pun'ishable, *a.* worthy of punishment  
 Pun'ishment, *s.* any infliction imposed in  
 vengeance of a crime; chastisement  
 Puni'tion, *s.* punishment  
 Punk, *s.* a strumpet; a prostitute  
 Pun'ster, *s.* one who is fond of puns  
 Punt, *v. n.* to play at basset or ombre  
 Pu'ny, *a.* young; inferior; peaking; weakly  
 Pup, *v. n.* to bring forth puppies  
 Fu'pil, *s.* the apple of the eye; a scholar  
 Fu'pilage, *s.* minority; wardship; the state  
 of being a scholar  
 Pu'pillary, *a.* pertaining to a pupil  
 Pup'pet, *s.* a small doll; a wooden image  
 Pup'petshow, *s.* a mock play by images  
 Pup'py, *s.* a whelp; a saucy, ignorant fellow  
 Purblind, *a.* short-sighted, near-sighted  
 Pur'chase, *s.* any thing bought for a price  
 Pur'chase, *v. a.* to buy, to obtain at an ex-  
 pense; to expiate by a fine, &c.  
 Pur'chaser, *s.* one who makes a purchase  
 Pure, *a.* not sullied; chaste; unmingled  
 Pu'rely, *ad.* in a pure manner; merely  
 Purga'tion, *s.* the act of cleansing, &c.  
 Pur'gative, *a.* cleaning downwards  
 Pur'gatory, *s.* a place in which the Papists  
 suppose that souls are purged by fire from  
 carnal impurities, before they are received  
 into heaven  
 Purge, *s.* a medicine causing stools  
 Purge, *v.* to cleanse, clear, evacuate by stool  
 Pur'ging, *s.* a cleansing; a looseness

Purification, *s.* the act of purifying, &c.  
 Purifier, *s.* a cleanser, a refiner  
 Purify, *v.* to make or grow pure; to clear  
 Puritan, *s.* a sectary pretending to eminent  
 sanctity of religion  
 Puritanical, *a.* relating to puritans  
 Puritanism, *s.* the doctrine of the puritans  
 Purity, *s.* cleanness, chastity, innocence  
 Purl, *s.* a kind of lace; a bitter malt liquor  
 Purl, *v. n.* to flow with a gentle noise  
 Purlieu, *s.* an inclosure, district, border  
 Purling, *part. a.* running with a murmuring  
 noise, as a stream or brook does  
 Purllins, *s.* inside braces to rafters  
 Purloin, *v. a.* to steal, to pilfer, to filch  
 Purparty, *s.* a share, a part in a division  
 Purple, *a.* red tinctured with blue  
 Purples, *s.* purple spots in a fever  
 Purplish, *s.* somewhat purple; like purple  
 Purport, *s.* a design, tendency, meaning  
 Purport, *v. a.* to intend, to tend to shew  
 Purpose, *s.* intention, design, effect  
 Purpose, *v. a.* to design, intend, resolve  
 Purr, *v. n.* to murmur as a cat or leopard  
 Purse, *s.* a small bag to contain money, &c.  
 Purser, *s.* an officer on board a ship who has  
 the care of the provisions, &c.  
 Pursuable, *a.* what may be pursued  
 Pursuance, *s.* in process; in consequence  
 Pursuant, *a.* done in consequence or prosecu-  
 tion of any thing  
 Pursue, *v.* to chase, to continue, to proceed  
 Pursuit, *s.* the act of following; a chase  
 Pur'suivant, *s.* an attendant on heralds  
 Pur'sy, *a.* short-breathed and fat  
 Pur'tenance, *s.* the pluck of an animal  
 Purvey, *v.* to buy in provisions; to procure  
 Purvey'ance, *s.* providing victuals, corn, &c.  
 Purvey'or, *s.* one who provides victuals  
 Purview, *s.* a proviso; a providing clause

Purulence, *s.* generation of pus or matter  
 Purulent, *a.* full of corrupt matter or pus  
 Pus, *s.* corruption, or thick matter issuing  
 from a wound or sore  
 Push, *v.* to thrust, to push forward, to urge  
 Push, *s.* a thrust; attack; trial; pimple  
 Push'ing, *a.* enterprising; vigorous  
 Pusillanim'ity, *s.* cowardice, timidity  
 Pusillanim'ous, *a.* mean-spirited, cowardly  
 Puss, *s.* the term for a hare or cat  
 Pus'tule, *s.* a little pimple or wheal; a push  
 Pustulous, *a.* full of pustules, pimply  
 Put, *v.* to lay, place; repose; urge; stat-  
 unite; propose; form; regulate  
 Put, *s.* an action of distress; a game  
 Put'tative, *a.* supposed; reputed  
 Put'tid, *a.* mean, low, worthless  
 Putrefac'tion, *s.* rottenness  
 Putrefac'tive, *a.* making rotten  
 Putrefy, *v.* to rot, to make rotten  
 Putrescent, *a.* growing rotten  
 Put'rid, *a.* rotten, corrupt, offensive  
 Put'toc, *s.* a bird, the buzzard  
 Putty, *s.* a cement used by glaziers  
 Puz'le, *v. a.* to embarrass, to perplex  
 Pyg'my, *s.* a dwarf; a fabulous person  
 Pyr'anid, *s.* a pillar ending in a point  
 Pyramid'ical, *a.* in the form of a pyramid  
 Pyre, *s.* a pile on which the dead are bur-  
 Pyret'ics, *s.* medicines which cure fevers  
 Pyrites, *s.* a marcasite; a firestone  
 Py'romancy, *s.* a divination by fire  
 Pyrotech'nic, *a.* relating to fireworks  
 Pyrotech'ny, *s.* the art of making fireworks  
 Pyr'rhonism, *s.* scepticism; universal doubt  
 Pythagore'an, *a.* relating to the doctrines of  
 Pythagoras, on the transmigration of souls  
 and the situation of the heavenly bodies  
 Pyx, *s.* the box in which the Roman Catho-  
 lic's keep the host

## Q.

**Q** IS frequently used as an abbreviation  
 for question, queen, and quere  
 Quack, *v. n.* to cry like a duck; to brag  
 Quack, *s.* a tricking practitioner in physic  
 Quack'ery, *s.* mean or bad acts in physic  
 Quadrages'inal, *a.* pertaining to Lent  
 Quadrangle, *s.* a figure that has four right  
 sides, and as many angles  
 Quadrangular, *a.* having four right angles  
 Quadrant, *s.* the fourth part; an instrument  
 with which altitudes are taken  
 Quadrant'al, *a.* in the fourth part of a circle  
 Quadrat'e, *a.* having four equal sides  
 Quadrat'ic, *a.* belonging to a square

Quadren'nal, *a.* comprising four years  
 Quadri'ble, *a.* that may be squared  
 Quadrif'id, *a.* cloven into four divisions  
 Quadrilat'eral, *a.* having four sides  
 Quadrille, *s.* a game at cards  
 Quadrupartite, *a.* divided into four parts  
 Quad'ruped, *s.* a four-footed animal  
 Quadru'ple, *a.* fourfold, four times told  
 Quaff, *v.* to drink luxuriously, or largely  
 Quag'gy, *a.* boggy, soft, not solid  
 Quag'mire, *s.* a shaking marsh, a bog  
 Quail, *s.* a bird of game  
 Quail'pipe, *s.* a pipe to allure quails with  
 Quaint, *a.* nice, superfluously exact

quaintly, *ad.* nicely, exactly; artfully  
 quake, *v. n.* to shake with cold or fear  
 qualification, *s.* an accomplishment, &c.  
 qualify, *v. a.* to make fit; soften, modify  
 quality, *s.* nature relatively considered;  
 property; temper; rank; qualification  
 qualm, *s.* a sudden fit of sickness; a temporary  
 rising of the conscience  
 qualmish, *a.* seized with sickly languor  
 quand'ry, *s.* a doubt; a difficulty  
 quantity, *s.* bulk; weight; portion; measure of time in pronouncing syllables  
 quantum, *s.* the quantity, the amount  
 quarantine, *s.* the space of 40 days, during  
 which a ship, suspected of infection, is  
 obliged to forbear intercourse or commerce  
 quarrel, *s.* a brawl, scuffle, contest  
 quarrel, *v. n.* to debate; scuffle; find fault  
 quarrelsome, *a.* inclined to quarrels  
 quarry, *s.* an arrow; game; stone-mine  
 quarry, *v. n.* to prey upon, to feed on  
 quart, *s.* the fourth part of a gallon  
 quart'an-ague, *s.* an ague whose fit returns  
 every fourth day  
 quartation, *s.* a chymical operation  
 quarter, *s.* a fourth part; mercy; station; region; a measure of eight bushels  
 quarter, *v. a.* to divide into four parts; to station soldiers; diet; to bear as an appendage to the hereditary arms  
 quarterage, *s.* a quarterly allowance  
 quarterdeck, *s.* the short upper deck  
 quarterly, *a.* once in a quarter of a year  
 quartermaster, *s.* an officer who regulates the quarters for soldiers  
 quartern, *s.* the fourth part of a pint  
 quartstaff, *s.* an ancient staff of defence  
 quarto, *s.* a book, of which every leaf is a quarter of a sheet  
 quash, *v.* to crush, to squeeze; to subdue suddenly; to annul, to make void  
 quash, *s.* a pompon, a kind of melon  
 quatern, *s.* the number four  
 quattrain, *s.* four lines rhyming alternately  
 quaver, *v. n.* to shake the voice; to vibrate  
 quay, *s.* a key for landing goods  
 queen, *s.* a worthless woman, a strumpet  
 queasy, *s.* fastidious, squeamish, sick  
 queek, *v. n.* to shrink; to show pain  
 queen, *s.* the wife of a king  
 queer, *a.* odd, strange; original; awkward  
 queerly, *ad.* particularly; oddly; strangely  
 quell, *v.* to crush; subdue; appease; kill  
 quench, *v.* to extinguish fire, allay, cool  
 quenchless, *a.* unextinguishable  
 querel, *s.* a complaint to a court  
 querist, *s.* an asker of questions  
 querpo, *s.* a dress close to the body  
 querulous, *a.* habitually complaining  
 query, *s.* a question, an inquiry

Quest, *s.* a search; an empannelled jury  
 Question, *s.* interrogatory, dispute, doubt  
 Question, *v.* to inquire, examine, doubt  
 Questionable, *a.* doubtful, suspicious  
 Questionless, *ad.* without doubt, certainly  
 Quest'man, *s.* a starter of lawsuits; an inquirer into misdemeanours, &c.  
 Quest'or, *s.* a Roman public treasurer  
 Quest'uary, *a.* studious of profit, greedy  
 Quib, *s.* a sarcasm, a bitter taunt  
 Quibble, *v. n.* to equivocate, to pun  
 Quibbler, *s.* a punster, an equivocator  
 Quick, *a.* living; swift, speedy, ready  
 Quick, *s.* living flesh; any sensible part  
 Quick'en, *v.* to make or become alive; excite  
 Quicklime, *s.* lime unslaked  
 Quick'ly, *ad.* speedily, actively, nimbly  
 Quick'ness, *s.* speed, activity, sharpness  
 Quick'sand, *s.* a shifting or shaking sand  
 Quick'set, *s.* a sort of thorn of which hedges are made; a living plant, set to grow  
 Quicksight'ed, *a.* having a sharp sight  
 Quick'silver, *s.* mercury, a fluid mineral  
 Quid'dany, *s.* marmalade, confection of quinces  
 Quid'dity, *s.* a quirk, cavil; essence  
 Quies'cence, Quies'cency, *s.* rest, repose  
 Quies'cent, *a.* resting, lying at repose  
 Qui'et, *a.* still; smooth---*s.* rest, repose  
 Qui'et, *v. a.* to calm, pacify, put to rest  
 Qui'etist, *s.* one who places religion in quiet  
 Qui'etism, *s.* tranquillity of mind  
 Qui'etly, *ad.* calmly, peaceably, at rest  
 Qui'etude, *s.* rest, repose, tranquillity  
 Qui'etus, *s.* a full discharge; rest, death  
 Quill, *s.* the strong feather of the wing  
 Quillet, *s.* a subtlety; nicety; quibble  
 Quilt, *s.* the cover of a bed---*v. a.* to stitch one cloth upon another with something soft between them  
 Quince, *s.* a tree and its fruit  
 Quin'cunx, *s.* a plantation; a measure  
 Quinquages'ima, *s.* Shrove-Sunday  
 Quinqui'na, *s.* the drug Jesuit's bark  
 Quin'sey, *s.* a disease in the throat  
 Quint, *s.* a set or sequence of five  
 Quint'al, *s.* an hundred pound weight  
 Quint'sence, *s.* the spirit, chief force, or virtue of any thing; a fifth being  
 Quin'tuple, *a.* five-fold, five times told  
 Quip, *s.* a jest, a taunt---*v. a.* to rally  
 Quire, *s.* twenty-four sheets of paper  
 Quir'ister, *s.* a choirister  
 Quirk, *s.* a subtlety; pun, smart taunt  
 Quit, *v. a.* to discharge, requite, give  
 Quite, *ad.* completely, perfectly  
 Quit'rent, *s.* a small reserved rent  
 Quits, *ad.* even in bet, upon equal terms  
 Quit'tance, *s.* a receipt, a recompence  
 Quiv'er, *s.* a case for arrows---*v. n.* to quake  
 Quod'labet, *s.* a subtlety; a nice point

Quoif, Quoif'fure *s.* a cap, a head-dress  
Quoin, *s.* a corner; wedge; instrument  
Quoit, *s.* an iron to pitch at a mark  
Quon'dam, *a.* having been formerly  
Quo'rum, *s.* a special commission of justices  
of the peace, &c. before whom all mat-  
ters of importance must be transacted  
Quo'ta, *s.* a share, rate, proportion

Quota'tion, *s.* a citation, a passage quoted  
Quote, *v.* to cite an author, to adduce  
words of another  
Quoth, *v. imperf.* for say or said  
Quotid'ian, *a.* daily, happening every day  
Quo'tient, *s.* in arithmetic, is the number  
produced by the division of the two given  
numbers the one by the other

## R.

**R** IS frequently used as an abbreviation;  
in physicians bills it stands for *re-  
cipe*; it is also put for *Rex*, the king; and  
*Regina*, the queen  
**Raba'te**, *v. n.* to recover a hawk to the fist  
**Rab'bet**, *s.* a joint in carpentry, a groove  
**Rab'bi**, or **Rab'bin**—*s.* a Jewish doctor  
**Rabbin'ical**, *a.* relating to rabbies  
**Rab'bit**, *s.* a four-footed furry animal  
**Rab'ble**, *s.* an assemblage of low people  
**Rab'id**, *a.* mad, furious, raging  
**Race**, *s.* a family, generation; particu-  
lar breed; running match, course; train  
**Raciness**, *s.* the state of being racy  
**Rack**, *s.* an engine to torture with; extreme  
pain; a frame for hay, bottles, &c.  
**Rack**, *v. a.* to torment, harass; defecate  
**Rack'tent**, *s.* rent raised to the utmost  
**Rack'et**, *s.* a noise; a thing to strike a ball  
**Raccoon**, *s.* an American animal  
**Ra'cy**, *a.* strong, flavorful; also, what by  
age has lost its luscious quality  
**Ra'diance**, *s.* a sparkling lustre, glitter  
**Ra'diant**, *a.* shining, brightly sparkling  
**Ra'diate**, *v. n.* to emit rays; to shine  
**Ra'diated**, *a.* adorned with rays  
**Radi'a'tion**, *s.* an emission of rays  
**Rad'i'cal**, *a.* primitive; implanted by nature  
**Rad'i'cally**, *ad.* originally, primitively  
**Rad'icate**, *v. a.* to root, plant deeply and firmly  
**Rad'ish**, *s.* a root which is eaten raw  
**Ra'dius**, *s.* the semidiameter of a circle  
**Raff**, *v. a.* to sweep, to huddle  
**Raffle**, *v. n.* to cast dice for a prize  
**Raf'fe**, *s.* a casting dice for prizes  
**Raft**, *s.* a float of timber  
**Raft'er**, *s.* the roof timber of a house  
**Rag**, *s.* worn out clothes, a tatter  
**Ragamuf'fin**, *s.* a paltry, mean fellow  
**Rage**, *s.* violent anger, fury, passion  
**Rag'ged**, *a.* rent into, or dressed in rags; rugged  
**Re'gion'ally**, *ad.* with vehement fury  
**Ragou't**, *s.* meat stewed and high seasoned  
**Rail**, *s.* a sort of wooden or iron fence  
**Rail**, *v.* to inclose with rails; to insult

**Rail'ery**, *s.* slight satire, satirical mirth  
**Raiment**, *s.* vesture, garment, dress  
**Rain**, *s.* water falling from the clouds  
**Rain'bow**, *s.* an arch of various colors  
which appears in showery weather, formed  
by the refraction of the sun-beams  
**Rain'deer**, *s.* a large northern deer  
**Rain'y**, *a.* showery, wet  
**Raise**, *v. a.* to lift, to erect, to exalt, to let  
**Rais'in**, *s.* a dried grape  
**Rake**, *s.* a tool with teeth; a loose man  
**Ra'ke**, *v.* to gather or clear with a rake  
to scour; to heap together; to search  
**Ra'ker**, *s.* one who rakes, a scavenger  
**Ra'kish**, *a.* loose, lewd, dissolute  
**Ra'kehell**, *s.* a wild, worthless, debauched  
fellow  
**Rai'ly**, *v.* to treat with satirical merriment  
to put disordered forces into order  
**Ram**, *s.* a male sheep  
**Ram**, *v. a.* to drive with violence  
**Ram'ble**, *s.* an irregular excursion  
**Ram'ble**, *v. n.* to rove loosely, to wander  
**Ram'bler**, *s.* a rover, a wanderer  
**Ram'bling**, *s.* the act of rambling  
**Ramifica'tion**, *s.* division or separation into  
branches; a branching out  
**Ram'ify**, *v.* to separate into branches  
**Ram'mer**, *s.* an instrument to force the  
charge into a gun, or drive piles, &c. into  
the ground  
**Ra'mous**, *a.* consisting, or full of branches  
**Ramp**, *s.* a leap, spring  
**Ramp**, *v. n.* to climb; to leap about  
**Ramp'ant**, *a.* exuberant, frisky, wanton  
**Ramp'art**, *Ram'pire*, *s.* the wall round fort-  
ified places; platform behind the parapet  
**Ran**, *preterite of to run*  
**Ran'cid**, *a.* strong scented; stinking  
**Ran'corous**, *a.* malignant, malicious in the  
utmost degree  
**Ran'cour**, *s.* inveterate malignity  
**Ran'dom**, *a.* done by chance, without plan  
**Ran'dom**, *s.* want of direction, rule, or method; chance, hazard, roving motion

and, *s.* a border; the seam of a shoe  
ing, *preterite of to ring*  
nge, *s.* a rank; excursion; kitchen grate  
nge, *v.* to place in order or ranks; rove  
ager, *s.* a rover, a forest officer  
rank, *a.* rancid; coarse; high grown  
rank, *s.* a line of men; class; dignity  
rank, *v.* to place in a row, to arrange  
rankle, *v. n.* to fester, to be inflamed  
rask, *v. a.* to plunder, to search  
ansom, *s.* a price paid for liberty  
ant, *s.* an extravagant flight of words  
ant, *v. n.* to rave in high sounding language  
antipole, *a.* wild, roving, rakish  
anunculus, *s.* the flower crowfoot  
ant, *s.* a quick, smart blow  
nacious, *a.* seizing by violence, greedy  
nacity, *s.* addiction to plunder  
ape, *s.* a violent defloration of chastity; snatching away; a plant  
apid, *a.* quick, swift, violent  
apidity, *s.* celerity, velocity, swiftness  
apier, *s.* a small sword for thrusting  
apier-fish, *s.* the fish called ziphias  
apine, *s.* act of plundering, violence  
apt, *v. n.* to ravish, to put in ecstasy  
apture, *s.* ecstasy, transport; rapidity  
apturous, *a.* ecstatic, transporting  
aptre, *a.* scarce; excellent; subtle; raw  
apreshow, *s.* a show carried in a box  
aprefaction, *s.* an extension of the parts of any body  
aprefy, *v.* to make or become thin  
aptely, *ad.* seldom; finely; accurately  
apremess, Ra'ritiy, *s.* uncommonness  
apcal, *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel  
apcalion, *s.* one of the lowest people  
apscality, *s.* the scum of the people  
apstically, *a.* mean, worthless  
apse, *v.* to skim, to root up, to erase  
apse, *a.* precipitate—*s.* a breaking out  
apster, *s.* a thin slice of bacon  
apstly, *ad.* violently, without thought  
apthiness, *s.* a foolish contempt of danger  
ap, *s.* a berry; a large rough file  
ap, *v.* to rub or file with a rasp  
apulatory, *s.* a surgeon's rasp  
apberry, *s.* a berry of a pleasant flavour  
apsure, *s.* scraping out of writing  
ap, *s.* an animal of the mouse kind  
aptable, *a.* set at a certain value  
apata, *s.* a delicious cordial liquor  
apin, *s.* a small Indian cane  
apte, *s.* a price; degree; quota; parish tax  
apte, *v. a.* to value; to chide hastily  
apth, *a.* early, before the time—*s.* a hill  
apther, *ad.* more willingly; especially  
apification, *s.* a confirmation  
apify, *v. a.* to confirm, settle, establish  
apio, *s.* a proportion, a rate

Ratiocina'tion, *s.* a reasoning, a debate  
Rational, *a.* agreeable to reason; endowed with reason, wise; judicious  
Rational'ity, *s.* the power of reasoning  
Rational'ly, *ad.* reasonably, with reason  
Rats'bane, *s.* arsenic, poison for rats  
Rat'tle, *s.* empty talk; a child's plaything  
Rat'tle, *v.* to rail, to scold, to make a noise  
Rat'tleheaded, *a.* giddy, not steady  
Rat'tlesnake, *s.* a kind of serpent  
Rattoon', *s.* a West-Indian fox  
Ravage, *v. a.* to lay waste, ransack, pillage  
Rau'city, *s.* hoarseness, a harsh noise  
Rave, *v. n.* to be delirious; to be very fond  
Ravel', *v. a.* to entangle; to untwist  
Ravel'lin, *s.* a half moon, in fortification  
Ra'ven, *s.* a large, black carrion fowl  
Ravenous, *a.* voracious, hungry to rage  
Ravin, *s.* prey, rapine, rapaciousness  
Ra'veingly, *ad.* with distraction, or frenzy  
Ravish, *v. a.* to violate, to deflower by force; to delight, to rapture, to transport  
Ravisher, *s.* he who ravishes  
Ravishment, *s.* violation; transport  
Raw, *a.* not subdued by fire; sore; chill  
Raw'boned, *a.* having large or strong bones  
Ray, *s.* a beam of light; a fish; an herb  
Raze, *s.* a root of ginger  
Raze, *v. a.* to overthrow; efface; extirpate  
Ra'zor, *s.* a tool used in shaving  
Ra'zure, *s.* the act of erasing  
Reac'e'ss, *s.* readmittance  
Reach, *s.* power, ability, extent, fetch  
Reach, *v.* to arrive at, extend to; vomit  
Reaction, *s.* the reciprocation of any impulse, or force impressed  
Read, *v.* to peruse, to learn or know fully  
Read, *part. a.* skilful by reading  
Readep'tion, *s.* act of regaining, recovery  
Read'er, *s.* one who reads; a studious man  
Read'ily, *ad.* with speed; expeditely  
Read'inness, *s.* promptitude; facility  
Read'ing, *s.* study, a lecture, a public lecture, prelection; variation of copies  
Readmis'sion, *s.* the act of admitting again  
Readmi't, *v. a.* to admit or let in again  
Read'y, *a.* prompt, willing; near, at hand  
Reaffirm'ance, *s.* a second confirmation  
Re'al, *a.* true, certain, genuine  
Real'ity, *s.* truth, verity, real existence  
Re'alize, *v. a.* to bring into being or act  
Re'allly, *ad.* with actual existence, truly  
Realm, *s.* a kingdom, a state  
Ream, *s.* twenty quires of paper  
Reanim'ate, *v. a.* to restore to life  
Reanne'x, *v. a.* to annex or join again  
Reap, *v. a.* to cut down corn; to obtain  
Reap'er, *s.* one who reaps and gathers corn  
Rear, *s.* the hinder troop, last class  
Rear, *v. a.* to raise up, to elevate, to rouse

Rear-ad'miral, *s.* the admiral who carries his flag at the mizen topmast head  
 Rear'mouse, Ra'remouse, *s.* a bat  
 Reasce'nd, *v.* to climb or mount up again  
 Reas'on, *s.* a faculty, or power of the soul, whereby it distinguisheth good from evil; cause, principle, motive  
 Reas'on, *v.* to argue or examine rationally  
 Reas'onable, *a.* endued with reason; just  
 Rea'sonableness, *s.* moderation, fairness, equity  
 Reas'oning, *s.* argument  
 Reassem'ble, *v. a.* to collect anew  
 Reassu'me, *v. a.* to resume, to take again  
 Reassump'tion, *s.* act of reassuming  
 Reave, *v. a.* to take by stealth or violence  
 Rebapti'ze, *v. a.* to baptize again  
 Rebate, *v.* to blunt; lessen—*s.* discount  
 Re'bec, *s.* a three-stringed fiddle  
 Rebel, *s.* one who opposes lawful authority  
 Rebel'liion, *s.* an insurrection or taking up arms against lawful authority  
 Rebel'lious, *a.* opposing lawful authority  
 Rebo'ation, *s.* the return of a loud bellowing sound  
 Rebo'und, *v.* to spring back, to reverberate  
 Rebuff, *s.* a quick and sudden resistance  
 Rebuff, *v. a.* to beat back, to disencourage  
 Rebu'ld, *v. a.* to build again; to repair  
 Rebuk'e, *v. a.* to reprehend; to chide  
 Rebus, *s.* a word represented by a picture, &c.  
 Recal', *s.* a calling over or back again  
 Recal'v, *v. a.* to retract an opinion  
 Recanta'tion, *s.* a retracting an opinion  
 Recapit'ulate, *v. a.* to repeat again distinctly  
 Recapitula'tion, *s.* a detail repeated  
 Recap'tion, *s.* a second distress or seizure  
 Rec'e, *v. n.* to fall back, retreat, desist  
 Rec'ept, *s.* a reception; an acquittance  
 Rec'eiv'able, *a.* capable of being received  
 Rec'eive, *v. a.* to take, to admit, to allow, to entertain; to embrace intellectually  
 Rec'eiver, *s.* one who receives  
 Recen'sion, *s.* an enumeration, review  
 Rec'ent, *a.* new, late, not long passed  
 Rec'ently, *ad.* newly, freshly, lately  
 Recept'acle, *s.* a place to receive things in  
 Recept'ary, *s.* the thing received  
 Receptibili'ty, *s.* possibility of receiving  
 Recept'ion, *s.* act of receiving, admission; treatment; welcome; entertainment  
 Recept'ive, *a.* capable of receiving  
 Rec'e'ss, *s.* a retirement; departure; privacy  
 Reces'sion, *s.* the act of retreating  
 Recha'nge, *v. a.* to change again  
 Rechar'ge, *v. a.* to accuse in return, reattack  
 Reche'at, *s.* recalling hounds by winding a horn when they are on a wrong scent  
 Rec'epte, *s.* a medical prescription  
 Reci'pient, *s.* a receiver; a vessel to receive  
 Recip'rocal, *a.* mutual, alternate

Recip'rocate, *v. n.* to act interchangeably  
 Reciproca'tion, *s.* action interchanged  
 Reci'sion, *s.* a cutting off, a making void  
 Reci'tal, Recita'tion, *s.* rehearsal, repetition, enumeration  
 Recitati've, Recitati'vo, *s.* a kind of tune, pronunciation more musical than common speech, and less than song  
 Reci'te, *v. a.* to repeat, to enumerate  
 Reck', *v.* to heed, to mind, to care for  
 Reck'less, *a.* heedless, careless, mindless  
 Reck'on, *v.* to number; esteem; compute  
 Reck'oning, *s.* an estimation, calculation  
 Recla'm, *v. a.* to reform, correct, recall  
 Recli'ne, *v. n.* to lean sideways or back  
 Reclo'se, *v. a.* to close again  
 Reclu'de, *v. a.* to open, unlock  
 Reclu'se, *a.* shut up, retired  
 Recoagula'tion, *s.* a second coagulation  
 Recog'nance, *s.* a bond of record; a bond  
 Rec'ognise, *v. a.* to acknowledge; to review  
 Recogni'tion, *s.* acknowledgment  
 Reco'sil, *v. n.* to rush back, fall back, shrink  
 Recoin'age, *s.* the act of coining anew  
 Recolle'ct, *v. a.* to recover to memory, &c.  
 Recollec'tion, *s.* a revival in the memory of former ideas; recovery of notion  
 Recomme'nce, *v.* to begin anew  
 Recomme'nd, *v. a.* to commend to another  
 Recommen'da'tion, *s.* the act of recommending; the terms used to recommend  
 Recommen'datory, *a.* recommending  
 Recommi't, *v. a.* to commit anew  
 Recompence, *s.* a requital, an amends  
 Recompense, *v. a.* to repay, to requite  
 Recompi'lement, *s.* a new compilation  
 Recompo'se, *v. a.* to settle or adjust amicably  
 Reconcile, *v. a.* to make things agree, &c.  
 Reconci'leable, *a.* that may be reconciled  
 Reconcile'ment, *s.* a reconciliation  
 Reconci'lation, *s.* renewal of friendship  
 Reconci'atory, *a.* tending to reconcile  
 Reconde'nce, *v. a.* to condense anew  
 Recon'dite, *a.* profound, abstruse; secret  
 Recon'ditory, *s.* a storehouse, a repository  
 Recondu'ct, *v. a.* to conduct back again  
 Reconnoi'tre, *v. a.* to view, to examine  
 Reconve'ne, *v. a.* to assemble anew  
 Rec'o'rd, *v. a.* to register; to celebrate  
 Rec'ord, *s.* an authentic enrolment  
 Record'er, *s.* a law officer; a sort of flute  
 Recov'er, *v.* to regain; to grow well again  
 Recov'erable, *a.* that may be restored, &c.  
 Recov'ery, *s.* a restoration from sickness  
 Recou'nt, *v. a.* to relate in detail  
 Recou'rs, *s.* an application for help, &c.  
 Rec'reant, *a.* cowardly, mean-spirited  
 Rec'reate, *v. a.* to refresh, delight, revivify  
 Recre'a'tion, *s.* relief after toil, diversion  
 Rec'rement, *s.* dross, filth, spume

scriminate, *v. a.* to accuse in return  
scrimina'tion, *s.* an accusation retorted  
scrud'escent, *a.* growing painful again  
scrut'it, *v. a.* to repair, replace, supply  
scrut'angle, *s.* a right angle made by the  
falling of one line perpendicularly upon  
another, and which consists exactly of 90  
degrees  
scrutin'gular, *a.* having right angles  
scrutin'able, *a.* capable of being set right  
scrutin'ifier, *s.* one who rectifies  
scrutin'ify, *v. a.* to make right, reform; to  
exalt and improve by repeated distillation  
scrutin'inear, *a.* consisting of right lines  
scrutin'itude, *s.* straightness; uprightness  
scrutin'or, *s.* a minister of a parish; a ruler  
scrutin'orship, *s.* the office of a rector  
scrutin'or, *s.* a parish church, or spiritual liv-  
ing, &c. with all its rights, glebes, &c.  
scrutin'osity, *s.* a lying down, repose  
scrutin'ous, *a.* lying down, leaning  
scrutin'ous, *v. n.* to have recourse to, &c.  
scrutin'ence, Recur'rency, *s.* a return  
scrutin'ent, *a.* returning from time to time  
scrutin'ation, *s.* a bending backwards  
scrutin'ant, *s.* one that refuses any terms of  
communion or society  
scrutin'ise, *v. a.* to refuse, to reject  
scrutin'is, *a.* of the colour of blood  
scrutin'ission, *s.* the act of beating back  
scrutin'gue, *v. a.* to refute  
scrutin'ibrest, *s.* a small bird, a robin  
scrutin'ishen, *v.* to make or grow red, to blush  
scrutin'ishness, *s.* a tendency to redness  
scrutin'ition, *s.* restitution  
scrutin'ite, *s.* a sort of mineral; red chalk  
scrutin'ise, *s.* counsel, advice—*v. a.* to advise  
scrutin'om, *v. a.* to ransom, to relieve from  
any thing by paying a price, to recover,  
to atone for  
scrutin'able, *a.* capable of redemption  
scrutin'emer, *s.* one who ransoms or redeems,  
in particular, the Saviour of the world  
scrutin'eliver, *v. a.* to deliver or give back  
scrutin'omption, *s.* a ransom, the purchase of  
God's favour by the death of Christ  
scrutin'omptory, *a.* paid for ransom  
scrutin'olad, *s.* a kind of coarse red mineral  
scrutin'olence, Redol'ency, *s.* a sweet scent  
scrutin'olent, *a.* sweet of scent, fragrant  
scrutin'able, *v. a.* to double again  
scrutin'olab, *s.* the outwork of a fortification  
scrutin'olab'le, *a.* formidable, much feared  
scrutin'olab'ed, *a.* much feared, awful, dread  
scrutin'olab'und, *v. n.* to be sent back by reaction  
scrutin'olab's, *v. a.* to set right, amend; to relieve  
scrutin'olab's, *s.* amendment; relief; remedy  
scrutin'olab'reak, *s.* a sort of apple, and cider  
scrutin'olab'e, *v. a.* to make less, degrade; subdue

scrutin'olab'ement, *s.* a subduing; a diminishing  
scrutin'olab'le, *a.* possible to be reduced  
scrutin'olab'ion, *s.* the act of reducing  
scrutin'olab'ive, *a.* having the power to reduce  
scrutin'olab'ance, Redun'dancy, *s.* a superfluity,  
superabundance, &c.  
scrutin'olab'ant, *a.* overflowing, superfluous  
scrutin'olab'icate, *v. a.* to double over again  
scrutin'olab'ication, *s.* the act of doubling  
scrutin'olab'ivative, *a.* doubling again  
scrutin'olab', *v. a.* to sift, to riddle—*s.* a small coin  
scrutin'olab', *s.* a hollow, knotted stalk; a pipe  
scrutin'olab'ify, *v. a.* to rebuild, to build again  
scrutin'olab'y, *a.* abounding with reeds  
scrutin'olab', *v. a.* to reduce the sails of a ship  
scrutin'olab', *s.* smoke, vapour—*v. n.* to smoke  
scrutin'olab', *s.* a frame on which yarn is wound  
scrutin'olab', *v.* to wind on a reel; to stagger  
scrutin'olab'ection, *s.* a fresh or repeated election  
scrutin'olab'erk, *v. a.* to take shipping again  
scrutin'olab'orce, *v. a.* to send fresh forces  
scrutin'olab'orment, *s.* fresh assistance  
scrutin'olab'oy, *v. a.* to enjoy again or anew  
scrutin'olab'enter, *v. a.* to enter again or anew  
scrutin'olab'ablish, *v. a.* to establish anew  
scrutin'olab'e, or Reve, *s.* a steward  
scrutin'olab'amine, *v. a.* to examine anew  
scrutin'olab'ction, *s.* refreshment after hunger, &c.  
scrutin'olab'ory, *s.* an eating-room  
scrutin'olab', *v. a.* to refute, to repress  
scrutin'olab', *v. a.* to yield to another's judgment  
scrutin'olab'ence, *s.* relation; view toward; a lusion  
to arbitration; mark referring to the bottom of a page  
scrutin'olab'ne, *v. a.* to purify, to clear from dross  
scrutin'olab'nement, *s.* an improvement, &c.  
scrutin'olab'ner, *s.* a purifier, one who refines  
scrutin'olab', *v. a.* to repair, to fit up again  
scrutin'olab'et, *v. a.* to throw back; to reproach  
scrutin'olab'ection, *s.* attentive consideration; cen-  
sure; the act of throwing back  
scrutin'olab'ive, *a.* considering things past  
scrutin'olab'or, *s.* one who reflects  
scrutin'olab', *s.* reflection—*a.* directed backward  
scrutin'olab'ility, *s.* quality of being reflexive  
scrutin'olab'le, *a.* capable of being thrown back  
scrutin'olab'ive, *a.* respecting something past  
scrutin'olab'ish, *v. n.* to flourish anew  
scrutin'olab'w, *v. n.* to flow back, to flow again  
scrutin'olab'uent, *a.* reflowing, flowing back  
scrutin'olab'flux, *s.* a flowing back, ebb of the tide  
scrutin'olab'm, *v.* to change from worse to better  
scrutin'olab'm, *s.* a reformation  
scrutin'olab'ation, *s.* change from worse to better  
scrutin'olab'et, *v. a.* to break the course of rays  
scrutin'olab'ction, *s.* variation of a ray of light  
scrutin'olab'ive, *a.* having power of refraction  
scrutin'olab'oriness, *s.* a sullen obstinacy  
scrutin'olab'ory, *a.* obstinate, contumacious  
scrutin'olab'rage, *a.* capable of confutation, &c.

Refrain', *v.* to hold back, forbear, abstain  
 Refran'gible, *a.* such as may be turned out of its course  
 Refre'sh, *v. a.* to recreate, improve, cool  
 Refresh'ment, *s.* food, rest, relief after pain  
 Refri'gerant, *a.* cooling, refreshing  
 Refri'gerant, *v. a.* to cool, to mitigate heat  
 Refri'gerative, *a.* able to make cool  
 Refuge, *s.* shelter from danger or distress  
 Refugee', *s.* one who flies for protection  
 Reful'gence, *s.* splendour, brightness  
 Reful'gent, *a.* bright, shining, glittering  
 Refu'nd, *v. n.* to pour back, repay, restore  
 Refu'sal, *s.* a denial; right of choice; option  
 Refu'se, *v.* to deny, to reject, not to accept  
 Refuse, *s.* worthless remains; dross  
 Refu'ser, *s.* he who refuses or rejects  
 Refuta'tion, *s.* a refuting of an assertion  
 Refu'te, *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous  
 Rega'in, *v. a.* to recover, to gain anew  
 Re'gal, *a.* royal, kingly  
 Regale, *v. a.* to refresh, to gratify, to feast  
 Rega'lement, *s.* entertainment, refreshment  
 Regalia, *s.* the ensigns of royalty  
 Regal'ity, *s.* royalty, sovereignty, kingship  
 Rega'rd, *v. a.* to value, to observe, to respect  
 Rega'rd, *s.* attention, respect, reverence  
 Regard'ful, *a.* attentive, taking notice of  
 Regard'less, *a.* negligent, inattentive  
 Re'gency, *s.* the government of a kingdom during the minority, &c. of a prince  
 Regen'erate, *v. a.* to reproduce, to produce anew, to make to be born anew  
 Regen'erate, *a.* born anew by grace  
 Regeneration, *s.* a new birth by grace  
 Regen'erateness, *s.* state of being regenerate  
 Re'gent, *s.* a governor, a deputed ruler  
 Re'gent, *a.* governing, ruling  
 Regermina'tion, *s.* a budding out again  
 Re'gicide, *s.* the murderer, or murder of a king  
 Regi'men, *s.* a diet in time of sickness  
 Re'giment, *s.* a body of soldiers; rule, polity  
 Regiment'al, *a.* belonging to a regiment  
 Re'gion, *s.* a country; tract of land; space; place; rank; part of the body  
 Re'gister, *s.* a list, a record  
 Re'gister, *v. a.* to record in a register  
 Reg'nant, *a.* predominant, prevalent  
 Rego'rage, *v. a.* to vomit up, to swallow back  
 Regre'ss, *v. n.* to go back, to return  
 Regres'sion, *s.* a returning or going back  
 Regre't, *v. a.* to repent, to be sorry for  
 Regre't, *s.* vexation at something past  
 Regular, *a.* orderly, agreeable to rule  
 Regular'ity, *s.* a certain order; a method  
 Reg'ularly, *ad.* constantly, methodically  
 Regu'late, *v. a.* to adjust by rule; to direct  
 Regula'tion, *s.* a method; order, rule  
 Regula'tor, *s.* that part of a machine which makes the motion equal  
 Reg'u'lus, *s.* the finest part of metals  
 Regur'gitate, *v.* to throw or be poured back  
 Rehe'ar, *v. a.* to hear again  
 Rehears'al, *s.* a previous recital  
 Rehe'arse, *v. a.* to recite previously, to repeat  
 Reje'ct, *v. a.* to refuse, to discard, to cast off  
 Rejec'tion, *s.* the act of casting off, or as  
 Reign, *s.* the time of a king's government  
 Reign, *v. n.* to rule as a king; to prevail  
 Reimbo'dy, *v.* to embody again  
 Reimbu'rse, *v. n.* to pay back again, to repay  
 Reimpres'sion, *s.* a repeated impression  
 Rein, *s.* part of a bridle—*v. a.* to curb  
 Reins, *s.* the kidnies; the lower back  
 Reinse'rt, *v. a.* to insert a second time  
 Reinspi're, *v. a.* to inspire anew  
 Reinstal', *v. a.* to put again in possession  
 Reinsta'te, *v. a.* to restore to its former state  
 Reinve'st, *v. a.* to invest anew  
 Rejo'ice, *v.* to be glad, exult; exhilarate  
 Rejo'in, *v.* to join again; to meet one again to answer to an answer  
 Rejoin'der, *s.* reply to an answer, reply  
 Reit'erate, *v. a.* to repeat again and again  
 Reitera'tion, *s.* a repetition  
 Reju'dge, *v. a.* to re-examine, to review  
 Rekin'dle, *v. a.* to set on fire again  
 Rela'pse, *v. n.* to fall back into sickness, &c.  
 Rela'pse, *s.* a fall into vice or error, & once forsaken; regression from a state of recovery to sickness  
 Rela'te, *v.* to recite; to have reference  
 Rela'tion, *s.* a narration; kindred; reference  
 Rela'tive, *s.* a relation, a kinsman  
 Rela'tive, *a.* having relation; respecting  
 Rela'tively, *ad.* as it respects something  
 Rela'x, *v.* to be remiss, to slacken, to relax  
 Rela'x, *Relax'ed, part.* loosened, slackened  
 Relaxa'tion, *s.* remission, diminution  
 Rela'y, *s.* horses placed to relieve others  
 Relea'se, *v. a.* to set free from restraint, &c.  
 Rel'e'gate, *v. a.* to banish, to exile  
 Relega'tion, *s.* exile, judicial banishment  
 Relen't, *v.* to feel compassion; to mollify  
 Relent'less, *a.* unpitying, unmerciful  
 Rel'e'vant, *a.* relieving; relative  
 Reli'ance, *s.* trust, dependence, confidence  
 Reli'ics, *s.* the remains of dead bodies  
 Reli'ict, *s.* a widow  
 Relie'f, *s.* succour, alleviation; relief  
 Relie've, *v. a.* to succour; to change a gun  
 Relie'vo, *s.* the prominence of a figure, &c.  
 Reli'gion, *s.* a system of faith and worship  
 Reli'gionist, *s.* a bigot to any religion  
 Reli'gious, *a.* pious, devout, holy, exact  
 Relin'quish, *v. a.* to forsake, quit, depart from  
 Relin'quishment, *s.* the act of forsaking  
 Reli'sh, *s.* a taste; liking; delight  
 Reli'sh, *v.* to season, to have a flavour  
 Relu'cent, *a.* shining, transparent

slack'ance, *s.* unwillingness, repugnance  
 slack'ant, *a.* unwilling, averse to  
 slay, *v. n.* to put trust in, to depend upon  
 slay, *v. n.* to continue; await; to be left  
 remain'der, *s.* what is left, remains  
 remains, *s.* relics; a dead body  
 send, *v. a.* to send, or call back  
 senta'ment, *s.* observation, note, notice  
 senta'mark, *v. a.* to note, distinguish, mark  
 senta'markable, *a.* observable, worthy of note  
 senta'markably, *ad.* observably, uncommonly  
 senta'mendable, *a.* capable of remedy  
 senta'mendless, *a.* not admitting remedy  
 senta'medy, *s.* a medicine; reparation; cure  
 senta'medy, *v. a.* to cure, to heal; to repair  
 senta'member, *v. a.* to bear in, or call to mind  
 senta'memberer, *s.* one who remembers  
 senta'membrance, *s.* retention in memory  
 senta'mbrancer, *s.* one who reminds  
 emigrate, *v. n.* to remove back again  
 emigration, *s.* a removal back again  
 emin'd, *v. a.* to put in mind  
 emin'scence, *s.* the power of recollecting  
 emis's, *a.* slothful, slack, careless  
 emis'sible, *a.* admitting forgiveness  
 emis'sion, *s.* abatement, forgiveness, pardon  
 emis'sly, *ad.* carelessly, negligently  
 emit, *v.* to relax; pardon a fault; send  
 money to a distant place; slacken, abate  
 emittance, *s.* a sum sent to a distant place  
 em'nant, *s.* a residue; what is left  
 emon'strance, *s.* a strong representation  
 emon'strate, *v. n.* to show reason against  
 emora, *s.* an obstacle; a let; a fish  
 emorse, *s.* sorrow for a fault, tenderness  
 emorse'ful, *a.* tender, compassionate  
 emorse'less, *a.* cruel, savage, un pitying  
 emot'e, *a.* distant in time, place, or kin; foreign; not closely connected  
 emot'eness, *s.* distance, not nearness  
 emot'ion, *s.* the act of removing  
 emot'able, *a.* such as may be removed  
 emot'val, *s.* a dismission from a post, &c.  
 emot've, *v.* to put from its place, to change place; to place at a distance; to go from place to place  
 emot'ved, *part. a.* separate from others  
 emot'vant, *v. n.* to mount again  
 emot'herable, *a.* fit to be rewarded  
 emot'herate, *v. a.* to reward, requite, repay  
 emot'herative, *a.* giving rewards, &c.  
 emot'mur, *v.* to utter back in murmurs  
 emard, *s.* the name of a fox  
 emas'cent, *a.* rising or springing anew  
 emas'cible, *a.* possible to be produced again  
 emon'counter, *s.* a personal opposition; sudden combat; casual engagement, &c.  
 emend, *v. a.* to tear with violence; lacerate  
 emender, *v. a.* to return, repay; to translate

Ren'dezvous, *s.* a meeting appointed  
 Rendi'tion, *s.* the act of yielding  
 Ren'egade, Renega'do, *s.* an apostate  
 Ren'e'w, *v. a.* to renovate, repeat, begin again  
 Renew'able, *a.* capable to be renewed  
 Renew'al, *s.* act<sup>o</sup> of renewing, renovation  
 Ren'itency, *s.* resistance, opposition  
 Ren'itent, *a.* resisting, opposing, repelling  
 Ren'net, *s.* an apple; the juice of a calf's maw, used in turning milk into curds  
 Ren'ovate, *v. a.* to renew, to restore  
 Renova'tion, *s.* the act of renewing  
 Reno'unce, *v.* to disown; to abnegate  
 Reno'wn, *s.* fame, celebrity, merit  
 Renown'ed, *part. a.* famous, eminent  
 Rent, *s.* a laceration; annual payment  
 Rent, *v. a.* to tear, to hold by paying rent  
 Rent'al, *s.* schedule or account of rents  
 Rent'charge, *s.* a charge on an estate  
 Rent'er, *s.* he that holds by paying rent  
 Renu'merate, *v. a.* to pay back; to recount  
 Renuncia'tion, *s.* the act of renouncing  
 Reorda'in, *v. a.* to ordain again, or anew  
 Reorda'in'ion, *s.* a being ordained again  
 Repa'id, *part. of to repay*  
 Repa'ir, *v.* to amend, to refit; to go unto  
 Repa'ir, *s.* a reparation, a supply of loss  
 Repair'able, or Rep'arable, *a.* capable of being amended or retrieved  
 Repan'dous, *a.* bent upwards  
 Repara'tion, *s.* act of repairing; amends  
 Repartee', *s.* a smart or witty reply  
 Repa'ss, *v.* to pass again, to pass back  
 Repa'st, *s.* the act of taking food; a meal  
 Repa'y, *v. a.* to recompense, to requite  
 Repe'al, *v. a.* to recal, to abrogate, to revoke  
 Repe'al, *s.* revocation, recal from exile  
 Repe'at, *v. a.* to recite, to do again  
 Repeat'edly, *ad.* over and over, frequently  
 Repeat'er, *s.* one who repeats; a watch  
 Repel', *v.* to drive back; to act with force  
 Repel'ent, *s.* an application that has a repelling power  
 Rep'e'nt, *v.* to be sincerely sorry  
 Repent'ance, *s.* a penitent sorrow for sins  
 Repent'ant, *a.* sorrowful for sin  
 Repercu'ss, *v. a.* to beat or drive back  
 Repercu'sion, *s.* the act of driving back  
 Repercu'sive, *a.* rebounding, driven back  
 Reperti'ous, *a.* found, gained by finding  
 Rep'ertory, *s.* a book of records; a treasury  
 Repeti'tion, *s.* a recital; repeating  
 Repi'ne, *v. n.* to fret, to be discontented  
 Repi'ner, *s.* one that frets or murmurs  
 Repla'ce, *v. a.* to put again in place  
 Repla'nt, *v. a.* to plant anew  
 Replen'ish, *v. a.* to stock, to fill; to finish  
 Replete', *a.* full, completely filled  
 Repletion, *s.* the state of being too full  
 Replev'iable, *a.* what may be replevied

Replevin, Replev'y, *v. a.* to set at liberty any thing seized, upon security given  
 Replication, *s.* a repercussion; a reply  
 Reply', *v. a.* to answer, to rejoin  
 Reply', *s.* an answer, return to an answer  
 Repolish, *v. a.* to polish again  
 Repo'rt, *s.* a rumour, account; loud noise  
 Repo'rt, *v. a.* to tell, relate, noise abfoad  
 Repo'se, *s.* rest, sleep, quiet, peace  
 Repo'se, *v.* to lay to rest, to lodge, to lay up  
 Repo'site, *v. a.* to lodge in a place of safety  
 Reposition, *s.* the act of replacing  
 Repository, *s.* a storehouse, or place where any thing is safely laid up; a warehouse  
 Reposse'ss, *v. a.* to possess again  
 Reprehe'nd, *v. a.* to reprove, to blame, chide  
 Reprehen'sible, *a.* culpable, censurable  
 Reprehen'sion, *s.* reproof, open blame  
 Reprehen'sive, *a.* given to reproof  
 Repre'sent, *v. a.* to exhibit; describe; appear for another; tell respectfully  
 Representa'tion, *s.* an image; description  
 Represen'tative, *s.* a substitute in power  
 Represent'ment, *s.* an image; a likeness  
 Repress', Repres'sion, *s.* the act of crushing  
 Repress', *v. a.* to crush, subdue, compress  
 Repress'ive, *a.* able or tending to repress  
 Reprie've, *s.* a respite after sentence of death  
 Reprie've, *v. a.* to respite from punishment  
 Reprima'nd, *s.* a rebuke, reprehension  
 Reprima'nd, *v. a.* to chide, check, reprove  
 Reprin't, *v. a.* to print a new edition  
 Repris'al, *s.* seizure by way of retaliation  
 Repro'ach, *v. a.* to censure, to upbraid  
 Repro'ach, *s.* censure, shame, disgrace  
 Re'roach'able, *a.* deserving reproach  
 Reproach'ful, *a.* scurrilous, shameful, vile  
 Reprobate, *a.* lost to virtue, abandoned  
 Reprobate, *s.* one abandoned to wickedness; a man lost to virtue  
 Rep'robate, *v. a.* to disallow, to reject  
 Reprodu'ce, *v. a.* to produce again, or anew  
 Reproduction, *s.* the act of producing anew  
 Reproof', *s.* blame to one's face; rebuke  
 Repro'veable, *a.* deserving reproof or blame  
 Repro've, *v. a.* to blame, to chide, to check  
 Repru'ne, *v. a.* to prune a second time  
 Rep'tile, *s.* a creeping thing; a mean person  
 Repub'lic, *s.* a commonwealth  
 Repub'lican, *s.* one who thinks a commonwealth without monarchy the best government  
 Repub'lican, *a.* placing the government in the people  
 Repu'diate, *v. a.* to divorce, to put away  
 Repudia'tion, *s.* a divorce, rejection  
 Re'ug'nance, *s.* reluctance; contrariety  
 Repug'nant, *a.* disobedient; contrary  
 Repul'lulate, *v. n.* to bud again or anew  
 Repu'ise, *s.* a being driven off, or put aside

Repu'lse, *v. a.* to beat back, to drive off  
 Repul'sion, *s.* act of driving off from its  
 Repul'sive, *a.* having power to beat back  
 Repur'chase, *v. a.* to buy again  
 Repu'table, *a.* honourable; of good reputa'tion  
 Reputa'tion, *s.* honour; character of good  
 Repute, *v. a.* to account, to think, to have  
 Repute, *s.* character, reputation, credit  
 Reque'st, *s.* an entreaty, demand; request  
 Reque'st, *v. a.* to ask, solicit, entreat  
 Re'qui'm, *s.* a hymn or prayer for the dead  
 Requi're, *v. a.* to demand, to ask a thing  
 of right; to make necessary; to need  
 Re'quisite, *a.* necessary, needful, proper  
 Re'quisite, *s.* any thing necessary  
 Requital, *s.* a retaliation, a recompence  
 Requi'te, *v. a.* to repay, to recompense  
 Rere'ward, *s.* the last troop of an army  
 Re'sale, *s.* the second or subsequent sale  
 Resalu'te, *v. a.* to salute or greet anew  
 Rescl'nd, *v. a.* to cut off; to abrogate  
 Rescisi'on, *s.* an abrogation, a cutting off  
 Rescri'be, *v. a.* to write back or over again  
 Re'script, *s.* the edict of an emperor  
 Res'cue, *v. a.* to set free from danger, violence, or confinement  
 Res'cue, *s.* a deliverance from restraint, &c.  
 Resca'rch, *s.* an inquiry, strict search  
 Resem'blance, *s.* a similitude, a likeness  
 Resem'ble, *v. a.* to be like; to compare  
 Resen't, *v. a.* to take as an affront, &c.  
 Resen'tful, *a.* malignant, easily provoked  
 Resen'tment, *s.* a deep sense of injury  
 Reserva'tion, *s.* something kept back  
 Reser've, *s.* a store untouched; an except  
 Reser've, *v. a.* to keep in store, retain, lay by  
 Reserved, *a.* modest, sullen, not frank  
 Reser've, *s.* a conservatory of water; a station  
 Reset'tlement, *s.* the act of settling again  
 Resi'de, *v. n.* to live in a place; to reside  
 Resi'dence, Resi'ance, *s.* place of abode  
 Resi'dent, Resi'ant, *a.* dwelling in a place  
 Resi'dent, *s.* an agent, a public minister  
 Residen'tiary, *a.* holding residence  
 Resid'ual, *a.* relating to the residue  
 Residu'ary, *a.* entitled to the residue of property, as a residuary legatee  
 Resi'due, *s.* the remaining part, what is left  
 Resi'gn, *v. a.* to give or yield up, to submit  
 Resigna'tion, *s.* a resigning, a submission  
 Resign'ment, *s.* the act of resigning  
 Resi'tah, *s.* an ancient patriarchal coin  
 Resil'ience, *s.* a starting or leaping back  
 Resil'ient, *a.* starting or springing back  
 Res'in, or Ros'in, *s.* the fat sulphureous resin of some vegetable, &c. which is either natural, or procured by art  
 Res'inous, *a.* containing resin, or like resin  
 Resi'st, *v. a.* to oppose, to act against  
 Resist'ance, *s.* the act of resisting, opposition

resistible, *a.* that which may be resisted  
resistless, *a.* that cannot be resisted  
resolvable, *a.* that may be analysed  
soluble, *a.* that which may be melted  
solve, *v.* to inform; to solve; to melt;  
to analyze; to determine; to confirm  
solve, *s.* fixed determination, resolution  
sol vedly, *ad.* with firmness and constancy  
solvent, *a.* having power to dissolve  
solute, *a.* determined, firm, steady  
solution, *s.* a fixed determination; constancy;  
act of clearing difficulties  
sonant, *a.* resounding, echoing  
so/it, *v. n.* to have recourse; to repair  
so/it, *s.* a meeting, assembly, concourse  
sound, *v.* to echo, to sound; to celebrate  
source, *s.* a resort, an expedient  
spect, *v. a.* to regard; to have relation to  
spect, *s.* regard, reverence; motive  
spectable, *a.* deserving of respect  
spectful, *a.* full of outward civility  
spectfully, *ad.* with a degree of reverence  
spective, *a.* particular, relative  
sensation, *s.* the act of sprinkling  
spiration, *s.* the act of breathing, relief  
spire, *v. n.* to breathe; to rest from toil  
spite, *s.* a reprieve, pause, interval  
splendence, *s.* lustre, brightness  
splendid, *a.* bright, shining  
splendidly, *ad.* brightly, splendidly  
spond, *v. n.* to correspond, to answer  
spondent, *s.* one who answers in a suit  
sponse, *s.* an alternate answer, a reply  
sponsible, *a.* answerable, accountable  
sponsion, *s.* the act of answering  
sponsive, Respon'sory, *a.* answering  
spt, *a.* sleep, repose, quiet, peace; support  
spt, *a.* others, those not included  
spt, *v.* to sleep; die; be still; lean; remain  
stagnant, *a.* remaining without flow, &c.  
stagnate, *v. n.* to stand without flow  
staura'tion, *s.* the act of recovering to the  
former state  
stern, *v. a.* to force against the current  
stif, Rest'ive, Rest'y, *a.* unwilling to stir  
stiffness, *s.* obstinate reluctance  
stitution, *s.* the act of restoring  
stless, *a.* without sleep, unquiet, unsettled  
stor'able, *a.* what may be restored  
stora'tion, *s.* replacing in a former state  
stor'ative, *a.* able to recruit life, &c.  
stori', *v. a.* to relieve; to give back  
strain', *v. a.* to withhold, repress, limit  
strain'able, *a.* capable to be restrained  
strain't, *s.* an abridgment of liberty, &c.  
strict', *v. a.* to limit, to confine  
striction, *s.* confinement, limitation  
strictive, *a.* expressing limitation  
strin'gent, *a.* having power to bind  
stifl, *v. n.* to fly back; to arise from

Resu'l, *s.* act of flying back; consequence  
Resu'mable, *a.* what may be taken back  
Resu'me, *v. a.* to take back; to begin again  
Resump'tion, *s.* the act of resuming  
Resump'tive, *a.* taking back  
Resurrec'tion, *s.* revival from the dead  
Resurve'y, *v. a.* to review, or survey again  
Resuscitate, *v. a.* to raise up again, renew  
Resuscita'tion, *s.* the act of raising up again  
from either sleep or death, &c.  
Reta'il, *v. a.* to divide into, or sell, in small  
quantities, or at second hand---*s.* sale by  
small quantities  
Retail'er, *s.* one who sells by small quantities  
Reta'in, *v.* to keep, to hire, to continue  
Reta'ke, *v. a.* to take again  
Retali'ate, *v. a.* to return, repay, requite  
Retali'ation, *s.* return of like for like  
Reta'rd, *v.* to hinder, to delay, to stay back  
Retch, *v. n.* to strain, to vomit  
Reten'tion, *s.* act of retaining, memory  
Retent'ive, *a.* having power to retain  
Retic'ular, Reti'form, *a.* in form of a net  
Retic'ulated, *a.* made of net-work  
Reti'nue, *s.* a train of attendants, a meiny  
Reti're, *v.* to retreat, to withdraw  
Reti'red, part. *a.* secret, solitary, private  
Reti'rement, *s.* a private abode, or habitation  
Retol'd, part. related or told again  
Reto'rt, *s.* a glass vessel; a censure returned  
Reto'rt, *v. a.* to throw back; to return  
Reto'ss, *v. a.* to toss or throw back again  
Retou'ch, *v. a.* to improve by new touches  
Retra'ce, *v. a.* to trace back, or over again  
Retra'ct, *v. a.* to recal, recant, resume  
Retracta'tion, *s.* a recantation; change of  
opinion  
Retraction, *s.* a withdrawing a question  
Retre'at, *s.* a place of retirement, or security  
Retre'at, *v. n.* to retire, to take shelter  
Retre'ech, *v.* to cut off, confine, reduce  
Retrench'ment, *s.* a reduction of expense  
Retrib'ute, *v. a.* to pay back, make repayment  
Retribu'tion, *s.* a repayment, a requital  
Retrie've, *v. a.* to recover, repair, regain  
Retriev'able, *a.* that may be retrieved  
Retrocess'ion, *s.* the act of going back  
Retroduc'tion, *s.* a leading back, &c.  
Ret'rograde, *a.* going backwards; contrary  
Retrogres'sion, *s.* the act of going back  
Retrospect, *s.* a looking on things past  
Retrospect'ion, *s.* a looking backwards  
Retrospect'ive, *a.* looking backwards  
Retu'nd, *v. a.* to blunt, to turn the edge  
Retu'rn, *v.* to come, or go back; to return  
to repay; to send back; to transmit  
Retu'rn, *s.* the act of coming back; profit;  
repayment, restitution, relapse  
Return'able, *a.* allowed to be returned  
Reve'al, *v. a.* to disclose, lay open, impart

**Rev'el**, *v. n.* to carouse—*s.* a noisy feast

**Revel'**, *v. a.* to retract, to draw back

**Revelation**, *s.* a communication of sacred truths, &c. by a teacher from heaven

**Reveller**, *s.* one who feasts with jollity

**Rev'elout**, *s.* a mob, an unlawful assembly

**Rev'elry**, *s.* loose jollity, festive mirth

**Revenge**, *s.* return of an injury or affront

**Revenge**, *v. a.* to return an injury, &c.

**Revenge'ful**, *a.* vindictive, given to revenge

**Revenue**, *s.* an income; annual profits

**Rever'b**, *v. a.* to reverberate, to resound

**Reverberate**, *v.* to be driven back; to bound back; to resound

**Reverbera'tion**, *s.* a beating or driving back

**Rever'crary**, *a.* returning; beating back

**Revere**, *v. a.* to reverence, to venerate, to honour with an awful respect

**Reverence**, *s.* veneration, respect; a bow

**Reverence**, *v. a.* to regard with respect

**Reverend**, *a.* venerable; deserving reverence; the honorary title of the clergy

**Rever'ent**, *a.* humble; testifying veneration

**Reverential**, *a.* expressing reverence

**Reverie**, *Revery*, *s.* irregular thought

**Rever'sal**, *s.* a change of sentence

**Rever'se**, *v.* to subvert, repeal, contradict

**Rever'se**, *s.* the opposite side, contrary

**Revers'ed**, *part. a.* repealed, inverted

**Revers'ible**, *a.* that which may be reversed

**Rever'sion**, *s.* succession, right of succession

**Rever'sionary**, *a.* to be enjoyed in succession

**Rever't**, *v.* to change, to return

**Revert'ible**, *a.* that may be returned

**Reve'st**, *v. a.* to put again in possession

**Revest'ary**, *s.* a place for vestments

**Revi'brate**, *v. n.* to vibrate back

**Revict'ual**, *v. a.* to stock with victuals again

**Revic'w**, *v. a.* to look back, survey, examine

**Revic'w**, *s.* a survey, re-examination

**Review'er**, *s.* one who reviews

**Revi'le**, *v. a.* to reproach, to abuse, to vilify

**Revi'sal**, *Revision*, *s.* a re-examination

**Revi'se**, *v. a.* to review, to overlook

**Revi'se**, *s.* a proof of a sheet corrected

**Revis'it**, *v. a.* to visit again

**Revi'val**, *s.* recal from obscurity, &c.

**Revi've**, *v.* to return to life; renew; rouse

**Revi'ving**, *part.* comforting, recovering

**Revi'ficate**, *v. a.* to recal to life

**Reu'nion**, *s.* reuniting; a rejoining; cohesion

**Reunite**, *v. a.* to join again, to reconcile

**Revoc'able**, *a.* that may be recalled

**Revoc'ate**, *v. a.* to recal, to call back

**Revoca'tion**, *s.* act of recalling; a repeal

**Rev'oke**, *v. a.* to repeal, reverse, draw back

**Revo'it**, *v. n.* to fall off from one to another; to rise against a prince or state

**Revolve**, *v.* to perform a revolution; to consider, to meditate on

**Revolution**, *s.* a returning motion; a change of government in a state or country

**Revul'sion**, *s.* the turning of a flux of mucus from one part of the body to another

**Rewa'rd**, *v. a.* to recompense, to repay

**Rewa'rd**, *s.* recompence given for good

**Rewo'rd**, *v. a.* to repeat in the same words

**Rhab'domancy**, *s.* divination by a wand

**Rhap'sodist**, *s.* one who writes rhapsody

**Rhap'sody**, *s.* irregular writings, &c.

**Rhet'oric**, *s.* oratory, the art of speaking

**Rhetor'ical**, *a.* pertaining to rhetoric

**Rhetor'ically**, *ad.* figuratively; like an oration

**Rhetori'cian**, *s.* one who teaches rhetoric

**Rheum**, *s.* a thin, watery humour, occasionally oozing out of the glands of mouth, &c.

**Rheumat'ic**, *a.* relating to the rheumatism

**Rheu'matism**, *s.* a painful distemper

**Rheu'my**, *a.* full of sharp moisture

**Rhino'ceros**, *s.* a large beast in the Indies, armed with a horn on his nose

**Rhomb**, *s.* a quadrangular figure

**Rhom'bic**, *a.* shaped like a rhomb

**Rhombo'id**, *s.* a figure approaching to a rhomb; a kind of muscle fish

**Rhu'barb**, *s.* a medicinal purgative root

**Rhumb**, *s.* a kind of spiral line

**Rhyme**, *s.* the consonance of verses, poetical

**Rhyme**, *v. n.* to agree in sound; make rhyme

**Rhyth'mical**, *a.* harmonical, musical

**Rib**, *s.* a bone; a piece of timber in shipbuilding

**Rib'ald**, *s.* a loose, rough, mean wretch

**Rib'aldry**, *s.* mean, brutal, obscene talk

**Rib'and**, or **Rib'bond**, *s.* a fillet of silk

**Rice**, *s.* a kind of esculent grain

**Rich**, *a.* wealthy; precious; fertile; copious

**Rich'es**, *s.* plenty of money or possessions

**Rich'ly**, *ad.* wealthily, splendidly

**Rich'ness**, *s.* opulence, splendour; fertility

**Rick**, *s.* a pile, or heap of corn, hay, &c.

**Rick'ets**, *s.* a distemper in children

**Rick'ety**, *a.* diseased with the rickets

**Rid**, *v. a.* to set free, clear, drive away

**Rid'dance**, *s.* a deliverance, disengagement

**Rid'den**, *part. of to ride*

**Rid'dle**, *s.* an enigma, any thing puzzling; a dark problem; a coarse or open sieve

**Rid'dle**, *v.* to solve; to sift by a coarse sieve

**Ride**, *v.* to travel on horseback, &c.

**Ri'der**, *s.* one who rides a horse, &c.

**Ridge**, *s.* the upper part of a slope, &c.

**Ridge'l**, *Ridg'ling*, *s.* a ram half castrated

**Ridg'y**, *a.* rising in a ridge

**Ridic'ule**, *s.* wit that provokes laughter

**Ridic'ule**, *v. a.* to expose to laughter

**Ridic'ulous**, *a.* fit to be laughed at

**Rid'ing**, *s.* a district visited by an officer

**Rid'inghood**, *s.* a woman's riding-coat

**Ridot'to**, *s.* an entertainment of music, &c.

ife, *a.* prevalent; abounding  
ife, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to plunder  
ifh, *i.* a cleft, a breach---*v.* to split  
ifh, *a.* to dress; to fit with tackling  
igadoon, *s.* a kind of French dance  
igging, *s.* the tackling, &c. of a ship  
igish, *a.* wanton, lewd, whorish  
ight, *a.* fit, suitable; straight; true  
ight, *ad.* properly, justly, in truth, very  
ight, *s.* justice; just claim; privilege  
ight, *v. a.* to relieve from wrong  
ighteous, *a.* just, virtuous, equitable  
ightful, *a.* having a just claim; honest  
ightly, *ad.* properly, honestly, exactly  
igid, *a.* stiff; severe, sharp, cruel  
igidity, *i.* stiffness, want of easy elegance  
igidness, *s.* severity, inflexibility  
iglet, *s.* a flat, thin piece of wood com-  
monly used by printers  
igour, *i.* cold; severity; strictness; rage  
igorous, *a.* severe, over-harsh  
igorously, *ad.* severely, without mitigation  
ill, Rill, *s.* a small brook or stream  
im, *i.* a border, a margin, an edge  
ime, *s.* a hoar frost; a hole, a chink  
imy, *a.* steamy, foggy, misty  
ind, *s.* bark, husk---*v. n.* to husk, to bark  
indle, *i.* a small watercourse or gutter  
ing, *s.* a circle; a sound, as of a bell  
ing, *v. a.* to strike bells, &c.; fit with rings  
ing-dove, *s.* a kind of pigeon  
inger, *s.* one who rings  
ingleader, *s.* the head of a mob or riot  
inglet, *s.* a small ring; a circle; a curl  
ing-streaked, *a.* circularly streaked  
ingtail, *s.* a kind of kite  
ingworm, *s.* a circular tetter; a disease  
inse, *v. a.* to cleanse by washing, &c.  
riot, *i.* an uproar, sedition, tumult  
riot, *v. n.* to revel, to raise an uproar  
rioter, *s.* one who makes a riot  
notous, *a.* licentious, turbulent  
rip, *v. a.* to tear, to lacerate; to disclose  
ripe, *a.* complete, mature, finished  
ripe, Ripe, *v. n.* to grow ripe; be matured  
ripeness, *s.* maturity, perfection, fitness  
riple, *v. n.* to lave or wash lightly over  
ript, *part. pass.* unsewed, cut open  
rise, *v. n.* to get up, ascend; grow; increase  
rise, *i.* a beginning; ascent; increase  
risibility, *s.* the quality of laughing  
risible, *a.* exciting laughter; ridiculous  
risk, *i.* hazard, danger, chance of harm  
risk, *v. a.* to hazard, to put to chance  
rite, *i.* a solemn act of religion  
ritual, *s.* a book of religious ceremonies  
ritual, *a.* solemnly ceremonious  
rival, *s.* a competitor, opponent  
rival, *v. a.* to emulate; to oppose  
rivalry, *s.* competition; emulation

Rive, *v.* to split, to cleave, to be divided  
Rivel, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles  
River, *s.* a land current of water bigger  
than a brook  
Riverdragon, *s.* a crocodile  
Rivergod, *s.* the tutelar deity of a river  
Riverhorse, *s.* the hippopotamus  
Riveret, *s.* a fastening pin that is clenched  
Riveret, *v. a.* to fasten strongly with rivets  
Riverulet, *s.* a small river, a brook  
Rixdollar, *s.* a German coin, value 4s. 6d.  
Roach, *s.* the name of a fish  
Road, *s.* a large way for travelling; path  
Roam, *v.* to wander, ramble, rove  
Roan, *a.* bay, sorrel, or black spotted  
Roar, *v. n.* to make a loud noise  
Roar, *s.* the cry of a wild beast, &c.  
Roast, *v. a.* to dress meat; to banter  
Roast, *s.* any thing roasted  
Rob, *v. a.* to steal, to plunder  
Robber, *s.* a thief, a plunderer  
Robbery, *s.* theft by force or with privity  
Robe, *s.* a dress of dignity  
Robe, *v. a.* to dress pompously; to invest  
Robust, *a.* strong, sinewy, violent  
Roc'ambole, *s.* a kind of wild garlic  
Roche-al'um, *s.* a pure sort of alum  
Roch'et, *s.* a surplice; a fish  
Rock, *s.* a vast mass of stone; a defence  
Rock, *v.* to shake; to move a cradle  
Rock'et, *s.* an artificial firework; a plant  
Rockrby, *s.* a sort of garnet  
Rock'salt, *s.* a mineral salt  
Rock'work, *s.* a building imitating rocks  
Rock'y, *a.* full of rocks; hard, stony  
Rod, *s.* a twig, instrument of correction  
Rode, *pret. of to ride*  
Rodomontz'de, *s.* an empty, noisy bluster  
Roe, *s.* the female of the hart; eggs of fish  
Rogation, *s.* the litany; supplication  
Rogation-week, *s.* the week preceding  
Whitsunday  
Rogue, *s.* a vagabond, a knave, a wag  
Roguery, *s.* villainy, knavery, waggery  
Roguish, *a.* fraudulent, knavish, waggish  
Roist, *v. n.* to act at discretion; to bluster  
Roll, *v.* to move in a circle; to enwrap  
Roll, *s.* the act of rolling; mass made round;  
a register; catalogue, warrant  
Roll'er, *s.* any thing turning on its own  
axis; a bandage; a fillet  
Roll'ingpin, *s.* a round, smooth piece of  
wood to mould paste, &c.  
Roll'ingpress, *s.* a press for printing pictures,  
&c. on copper plates  
Romage, *s.* a tumult, a bustle  
Roman, *s.* a native of Rome  
Roman, *a.* pertaining to the Romans  
Roma'nce, *s.* a fable, a fiction, a lie  
Roman'cer, *s.* a forger of tales, a liar

Ro'manist, *s.* one who professes popery  
 Ro'manize, *v. a.* to latinize  
 Roman'tic, *a.* wild, improbable, fanciful  
 Ro'mish, *a.* Popish; belonging to Rome  
 Romp, *s.* a rude, untaught girl; rude play  
 Romp, *v. n.* to play rudely and noisily  
 Romp'ing, *s.* rude, noisy play  
 Rondeau, *s.* a kind of ancient poetry; a name applied to all songs and tunes which end with the first part or strain repeated  
 Ron'ion, *s.* a fat, bulky woman  
 Ront, *s.* an animal stunted in growth  
 Rood, *s.* the fourth part of an acre, containing 220 yards; a pole; an old name for the holy cross  
 Roof, *s.* the cover of a house; the inside of the arch that covers a building; the palate  
 Roof, *v. a.* to cover with a roof  
 Rook, *s.* a bird; a cheat; a piece at chess  
 Rook'ery, *s.* a nursery of rooks  
 Room, *s.* space, extent; stead; chamber  
 Room'age, *s.* space, place  
 Room'y, *a.* spacious, wide, large  
 Roost, *s.* a perch on which birds rest  
 Roost, *v. n.* to sleep as a bird; to lodge  
 Root, *s.* that part of the plant, &c. which rests in the ground, and supplies the stems with nourishment; the first cause  
 Root, *v.* to take root; radicate; destroy  
 Root'ed, *a.* fixed, deep, radical  
 Root'edly, *ad.* deeply, strongly  
 Rope, *s.* a thick hempen cord, string, halter  
 Rope, *v. n.* to concrete into filaments  
 Ro'pedancer, *s.* one who dances on ropes  
 Ro'pemaker, *s.* one who makes ropes  
 Ro'pewalk, *s.* a place where ropes are made  
 Ro'piness, *s.* aropy or glutinous quality  
 Ro'py, *a.* viscous, glutinous, tenacious  
 Ro'quelaure, Ro'quelo, *s.* a man's cloak  
 Ro'sary, *s.* a set of beads, containing 15 avaries, and 15 pater-nosters; a particular devotion addressed to the Virgin Mary  
 Ros'cid, *a.* abounding with dew  
 Rose, *s.* a fragrant flower  
 Ro'seate, *a.* rosy, blooming, fragrant  
 Ro'semary, *s.* a plant  
 Ro'set, *s.* a red colour used by painters  
 Ro'sewater, *s.* water distilled from roses  
 Ros'in, *s.* inspissated turpentine  
 Ros'trum, *s.* the beak of a bird; a pulpit  
 Ro'sy, *a.* like a rose in bloom, fragrance, &c.  
 Rot, *v.* to putrefy, to make putrid  
 Rot, *s.* a distemper in sheep; putrefaction  
 Rot'ary, *a.* whirling as a wheel  
 Ro'tated, *a.* whirled round  
 Rot'a'tion, *s.* a turning round; succession  
 Rote, *s.* words uttered by mere memory; a harp, lyre---*v. a.* to fix in the memory  
 Rot'oco, *s.* an eastern weight of 5lb.

Rot'ten, *a.* putrid, not firm, not sound  
 Rotu'nd, *a.* round, circular, spherical  
 Rotund'ity, *s.* roundness, circularity  
 Rotund'o, or Rotond'o, *s.* a round building  
 Rove, *v.* to ramble, to range, to wander  
 Ro'ver, *s.* a wanderer, pirate; fickle person  
 Rouge, *s.* a red paint  
 Rough, *a.* not smooth, harsh, severe, stormy  
 Rough'cast, *s.* a form in its first rudiment  
 Rough'draw, *v. a.* to draw or trace coarsely  
 Rough'en, *v.* to make or grow rough  
 Rough'ly, *ad.* rudely, severely, boisterously  
 Rough'ness, *s.* unevenness, harshness  
 Roun'ceval, *s.* a kind of pea  
 Round, *a.* circular; plain; smooth; brisk  
 Round, *s.* a circle, sphere, district; rundle  
 Round'about, *a.* ample; indirect; loose  
 Round'clay, *s.* a kind of ancient pottery  
 Round'house, *s.* the constable's prison  
 Round'ly, *ad.* in a round form, plainly  
 Rouse, *v.* to wake from slumber; excite  
 Rout, *s.* a multitude, a rabble, tumultuous crowd; the confusion of an army defeated  
 Rout, *v.* to defeat; assemble in crowds  
 Route, *s.* a road, way; march, journey  
 Row, *s.* a range of men or things  
 Row, *v.* to impel a vessel in the water with oars  
 Row'el, *s.* the point of a spur; an issue  
 Row'el, *v. a.* to keep open with a rowel  
 Row'er, *s.* one who manages an oar  
 Roy'al, *a.* kingly, becoming a king, regal  
 Roy'alist, *s.* an adherent to a king  
 Roy'ally, *ad.* in a kingly manner, regally  
 Roy'alty, *s.* the office or state of a king  
 Rub, *v.* to scour, polish; fret; get through  
 Rub, *s.* friction; hinderance; difficulty  
 Rubber, *s.* one that rubs; a coarse file  
 two games out of three, a whetstone  
 Rub'bish, *s.* ruins of buildings; refuse  
 Rub'bify, *v. a.* to make red  
 Rub'ric, *s.* directions printed in prayer-book and books of law  
 Ru'by, *s.* a precious red stone; a blotch  
 Ru'ctation, *s.* a breaking wind upwards  
 Rud'er, *s.* the part that steers a ship  
 Rud'diness, *s.* approaching to redness  
 Rud'dy, *a.* approaching to red; yellow  
 Rude, *a.* rough, harsh; ignorant, artless  
 Ru'dely, *ad.* in a rude manner, violently  
 Ru'deness, *s.* incivility, boisterousness  
 Ru'diment, *s.* the first elements of a science  
 the first part of education  
 Rudiment'al, *a.* relating to first principle  
 Rue, *v. a.* to grieve for, lament---*s.* an herb  
 Rue'ful, *a.* mournful, woful, sorrowful  
 Rue'le, *s.* an assembly at a private house  
 a circle; a street  
 Ruff, *s.* a puckered linen ornament; a falcon  
 Ruff, *v. a.* to trump at cards

ffian, *a.* brutal, savagely boisterous  
ffian, *s.* a brutal fellow, a robber  
ffe, *v.* to disorder, to fret; to plait  
ffe, *s.* an ornament for the wrists  
ff, *s.* a coarse, rappy, woollen cloth  
ggged, *a.* rough; brutal, surly; shaggy  
ggedly, *ad.* in a rugged manner  
ggedness, *s.* roughness; asperity  
gine, *s.* a surgeon's rasp  
gise, *a.* full of wrinkles  
fin, *s.* fall, destruction, overthrow  
fin, *v.* to subvert, destroy, impoverish  
finate, *v. a.* to bring to poverty, &c.  
fination, *s.* subversion; demolition  
famous, *a.* fallen to ruin; mischievous  
famously, *ad.* with ruin, destructively  
fie, *s.* government; sway; regularity  
fie, *v.* to govern, to control, to settle  
fier, *s.* a governor; an instrument by  
which lines are drawn  
fim, *s.* a spirit drawn from sugar  
fimble, *v. n.* to make a hoarse low noise  
fiminate, *a.* chewing the cud  
fiminate, *v.* to chew the cud; to muse  
fimation, *s.* a chewing the cud; meditation, reflection  
fim'mage, *v.* to search places, plunder  
fim'mer, *s.* a large glass, a drinking cup  
fimour, *s.* flying or popular report  
fimour, *v. a.* to report abroad; to bruit  
fimp, *s.* the buttock, end of the back bone  
fim'ple, *s.* a rough plait; a wrinkle  
fim, *v.* to move swiftly, flee, go away, vanish; melt; smuggle  
fim, *s.* cadence; course, continued success  
fim'gate, *s.* a fugitive, a coward

Run'dle, *s.* the step of a ladder; a round  
Rund'let, or Run'let, *s.* a small barrel  
Rung, *pret.* and *part.* of to ring  
Run'nel, *s.* a rivulet, a small brook  
Run'her, *s.* one who runs; a shoot  
Run'nion, *s.* a paltry, scurvy wretch  
Runt, *s.* a dwarf animal; a small cow  
Rupe'e, *s.* an Indian coin, value 2s. 3d.  
Rupt'ion, *s.* breach; solution of continuity  
Rupt'ure, *s.* a breach of peace; eruption  
Ru'ral, *a.* belonging to the country  
Rush, *s.* a plant; a worthless thing  
Rush, *v. n.* to enter or move with violence  
Rush'light, *s.* a candle with a rush wick  
Rusk, *s.* a kind of biscuit or hard bread  
Rus'set, *a.* reddish brown; coarse; rustic  
Rus'set, *s.* a country dress  
Rus'seting, *s.* a rough kind of apple  
Rust, *s.* a red crust grown upon iron, &c.  
Rus'tic, *a.* rural, rude, simple, plain  
Rus'tical, *a.* rough, savage, brutal, rude  
Rus'ticate, *v.* to banish into the country  
Rusti'city, *s.* rural appearance, simplicity  
Rusti'ly, *ad.* in a rusty manner; shabbily  
Rus'tle, *v. n.* to make a low rattling noise  
Rust'y, *a.* covered with rust, impaired  
Rut, *s.* the track of a cart-wheel, &c.; the copulation of deer, wild boars, &c.  
Ruth, *s.* mercy, pity, tenderness  
Ruth'ful, *a.* rueful, woful, compassionate  
Ruth'less, *a.* cruel, pitiless, barbarous  
Rut'tish, *a.* wanton, libidinous, lustful  
Ry'al, *s.* a Spanish coin worth sixpence three farthings  
Rye, *s.* a coarse kind of bread corn  
Ry'egrass, *s.* a kind of strong grass

## S.

IS an abbreviation, as S. W. south  
west; S. S. S. stratum super stratum, layer upon layer; S. (in music) solo, alone; S. N. secundum naturam, according to nature; S. N. Salvator noster, our Saviour; and S. for Societas, of the society, as F. R. S. Fellow 'of the Royal Society  
sloth, *s.* hosts or armies  
sabbath, *s.* the day of rest and worship  
sabbatical, *a.* resembling the sabbath  
sable, *s.* a dark fur---a. black, dark  
sabre, *s.* a cymetar, short broad sword  
sabulosity, *s.* grittiness, sandiness  
sacharine, *a.* gritty, sandy, gravelly  
sacerdotal, *a.* having the taste, &c. of sugar

Sa'chem, *s.* the chief of an Indian tribe  
Sack, *s.* a bag containing three bushels; a woman's loose robe; plunder, pillage; Canary wine  
Sack, *v. a.* to take by storm; pillage, plunder  
Sack'but, *s.* a kind of pipe  
Sack'cloth, *s.* a cloth for sacks  
Sackpos'set, *s.* a posset made of milk, sack, and some other ingredients  
Sac'rament, *s.* an oath; the Lord's supper  
Sacramental, *a.* constituting or pertaining to a sacrament  
Sa'cred, *a.* holy, consecrated, inviolable  
Sa'credness, *s.* holiness, sanctity  
Sac'rifice, *v. a.* to offer up; destroy; devote  
Sac'rifice, *s.* an offering made to God; any thing destroyed or finally quitted

Sacrificial, *a.* pertaining to sacrifice  
 Sac'rilege, *s.* the robbery of a church  
 Sacrile'gious, *a.* violating things sacred  
 Sacrile'giously, *ad.* with sacrilege  
 Sa'crying-bell, *s.* a bell rung before the host  
 Sa'crist, Sa'cristan, *s.* a sexton; a vestry-  
 keeper; a church officer  
 Sa'cristy, *s.* the vestry room of a church  
 Sad, *a.* sorrowful, heavy, gloomy; bad  
 Sad'den, *v. a.* to make sad or gloomy  
 Sad'dle, *s.* a seat to put on a horse's back  
 Sad'dle, *v. a.* to put on a saddle; to load  
 Sad'dler, *s.* one who makes saddles  
 Sad'ly, *ad.* sorrowfully, miserably  
 Sad'ness, *s.* mournfulness, melancholy  
 Safe, *a.* free from danger—*s.* a buttery  
 Safecon'duct, *s.* a convoy, passport, guard  
 Sa'feguard, *s.* a defence, convoy, passport  
 Sa'fely, *ad.* without danger, without hurt  
 Sa'fety, *s.* freedom from danger; custody  
 Saffron, *s.* a plant—*a.* yellow  
 Sag, *v.* to hang heavy; to load, to burden  
 Saga'cious, *a.* quick of thought or scent  
 Saga'city, *s.* acuteness, keenness  
 Sage, *s.* a plant; a man of wisdom—*a.* wise  
 Sa'gely, *ad.* wisely, prudently  
 Sa'gittary, *s.* a centaur  
 Sa'go, *s.* a nourishing sort of grain  
 Saick, *s.* a kind of Turkish vessel  
 Said, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to say*; afore-  
 said, declared, shewed  
 Sail, *s.* a canvass sheet; ship; wing  
 Sail, *v.* to move with sails; pass by sea  
 Sail'or, *s.* a seaman, one used to the sea  
 Sail'yard, *s.* a pole to extend a sail with  
 Saim, *s.* hog's lard  
 Sain'foin, *s.* a sort of herb, trefoil  
 Saint, *s.* a person eminent for piety, &c.  
 Saint, *v.* to canonize; to appear very pious  
 Saint'ed, *a.* holy, pious; canonized  
 Saint'ly, Saint'like, *a.* holy, devout  
 Sake, *s.* final cause; purpose; account  
 Sa'ker, *s.* a kind of cannon; a hawk  
 Sala'cious, *a.* lustful, lecherous, wanton  
 Sala'city, *s.* lechery, wantonness  
 Sal'ad, *s.* a food composed of raw herbs  
 Sal'amander, *s.* an animal like a lizard  
 Salaman'drine, *a.* like a salamander  
 Sal'ary, *s.* annual or periodical payment  
 Sale, *s.* the act of selling, vent, market  
 Sa'leable, *a.* fit for sale, marketable  
 Sa'lesman, *s.* one who sells made clothes  
 Sale'work, *s.* work for sale; careless work  
 Salient, *a.* leaping; panting; springing  
 Sali'ne, Sali'nos, *a.* consisting of salt, brinny  
 Salique-law, *s.* a law by which females were  
     excluded from the crown of France  
 Sali'va, *s.* spittle separated by the glands  
 Sal'ivate, *v. a.* to cause a spitting, &c.  
 Saliva'tion, *s.* a curing by spitting

Sal'low, *a.* sickly; yellow—*s.* a willow  
 Sal'ly, *s.* a frolic; flight; an eruption  
 Sal'y, *v. n.* to make an eruption; issue  
 Sal'lyport, *s.* a port to make sallies from  
 Salmagun'di, *s.* a mixture of chopped me-  
     pickled herrings, oil, onions, vinegar, &c.  
 Sal'mon, *s.* a delicious well-known fish  
 Salmontrou't, *s.* a trout of the salmon kind  
 Saloo'n, *s.* an elegant, lofty hall  
 Salt, *s.* a well-known seasoning; wit  
 Salt, *a.* having the taste of salt  
 Salt'cellar, *s.* a sort of cup to hold salt  
 Salt'er, *s.* one who salts, or sells salt  
 Salt'ern, *s.* a place where salt is made  
 Salt'ish, *a.* somewhat salt, brinny  
 Saltpe'tre, *s.* a mineral salt, nitre  
 Salvabil'ity, *s.* possibility to be saved  
 Sal'veable, *a.* possible to be saved  
 Sal'veage, *s.* a reward allowed for saving goods  
     out of a wreck—*a.* wild; cruel  
 Salva'tion, *s.* reception to the happiness  
     heaven, preservation from eternal damnation  
 Salvatory, *s.* a place where any thing is preserved, a repository  
 Salu'brious, *a.* wholesome, promoting health  
 Salu'brity, *s.* wholesomeness, healthfulness  
 Salve, *s.* an emplaster; remedy, cure  
 Sal'ver, *s.* a piece of plate with a foot  
 Sal've, *s.* an exception; reservation; except  
 Salu'tary, *a.* wholesome; healthful; safe  
 Salu'tation, *s.* act of saluting, greeting  
 Salu'te, *v. a.* to greet, to hail, to kiss  
 Salu'te, *s.* a salutation, greeting, a kiss  
 Salutiferous, *a.* bringing health, healthy  
 Same, *a.* identical, of the like kind, &c.  
 Sa'meness, *s.* identity, not different  
 Sam'let, *s.* a little salmon  
 Sam'phire, *s.* a plant preserved in pickle  
 Sam'ple, *s.* a specimen; part of a whole  
 Sam'pler, *s.* a piece of girl's needle work  
 San'able, *a.* remediable, curable  
 San'ative, *a.* of a healing quality, &c.  
 Sanctifica'tion, *s.* the act of making holy  
 Sanctify, *v. a.* to make holy or virtuous  
 Sanctimo'nius, *a.* saintly, appearing holy  
 Sancti'mony, *s.* holiness, devoutness  
 Sancti'on, *s.* ratification; confirmation  
 Sancti'tude, Sancti'ty, *s.* holiness, goodness  
 Sanctu'ry, *s.* a holy place, an asylum  
 Sand, *s.* gravelly earth; barren land  
 Sand'dal, *s.* a sort of slipper or loose shoe  
 Sand'ers, *s.* a precious kind of Indian wood  
 Sand'ever, *s.* the superfluous salt or re-  
     ment cast up in making glass  
 Sand'stone, *s.* a stone easily crumbled  
 Sand'y, *a.* full of sand, gritty; unsolid  
 Sane, *a.* sound in mind; healthy  
 Sang, *pret. of to sing*  
 Sanguifica'tion, *s.* production of blood; conversion of the chyle into blood

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guiferous, *a.* conveying blood  
guifer, *s.* a producer of blood  
guifluous, *a.* flowing with blood  
guinary, *a.* bloody, cruel, murderous  
guine, *a.* blood red; warm, ardent  
guineous, *a.* full of blood  
guinity, *s.* ardour, heat, confidence  
hedrim, *s.* the chief council among the  
ews, consisting of 70 elders  
mies, *s.* a watery, serous excretion  
mious, *a.* running with thin matter  
mity, *s.* soundness of mind or body  
k, *prep.* of to sink  
s, *prep.* without, destitute of  
s, *s.* the vital juice of plants  
v, *v.* to undermine, subvert, destroy  
d, *a.* tasteful, palatable, savoury  
ience, *s.* wisdom, knowledge, sagacious  
ient, *a.* wise, sage, prudent  
less, *a.* wanting sap; dry; old; husky  
ling, *s.* a young tree full of sap  
nae'cous, Sap'onary, *a.* soapy, like soap  
or, *s.* taste; a stimulating quality  
sphire, *s.* a precious blue stone  
sphrine, *a.* made of, or like sapphire  
spiness, *s.* succulence; simpleness  
pp, *a.* juicy, succulent; weak  
land, *s.* a Spanish dance  
casm, *s.* a keen reproach, taunt, gibe  
astic, Sarcast'ical, *a.* keen, taunting  
neet, *s.* fine, thin woven silk  
le, *v.* *a.* to weed corn  
ophagous, *a.* eating or feeding on flesh  
ophag'us, *s.* a tomb  
otic, *a.* producing new flesh  
tine, Sardon'yx, *s.* a precious stone  
parella, *s.* the name of a plant  
e, *s.* a sort of fine lawn sieve  
t, *s.* a silk belt; a window that lets up  
and down by pulleys  
lon, *s.* a leather stuffing in a boot  
safra, *s.* a tree used in physic  
the preferite of to sit  
an, *s.* the prince of hell, the devil  
nic, Satan'ical, *a.* devilish, infernal  
stiel, *s.* a small bag used by schoolboys  
st, *v.* *a.* to glut, to satisfy  
elite, *s.* a small or secondary planet re-  
olving round a larger, as the moon round  
the earth  
ellitious, *a.* consisting of satellites  
iate, *a.* glutted, full to satiety  
ety, *s.* the state of being filled, fulness  
in, *s.* a soft, close, and shining silk  
re, *s.* a poem censuring vice, folly, &c.  
tic, Satir'ical, *a.* belonging to satire  
rist, *s.* one who writes satires  
frize, *v.* *a.* to censure as in a satire  
faction, *s.* the state of being pleased or  
satisfied, atonement, amends

Satisfactive, *a.* giving satisfaction  
Satisfac'torily, *ad.* to satisfaction  
Satisfactory, *a.* giving satisfaction or content  
Sat'isfy, *v.* to content, please; convince  
Sat'urant, *a.* impregnating to the full  
Sat'urate, *v. a.* to impregnate till no more can  
be received or imbibed  
Sat'urday, *s.* the last day in the week  
Satu'ritv, *s.* fulness, repletion  
Sat'urn, *s.* a planet; in chymistry, lead  
Saturn'ian, *a.* happy; golden  
Sat'urnine, *a.* gloomy, grave; severe  
Sa'tyr, *s.* a silvan god; a lustful man  
Sav'age, *a.* wild, cruel, uncivilized  
Sav'age, *s.* a barbarian, a man uncivilized  
Sav'agely, *ad.* barbarously, cruelly  
Savan'na, *s.* an open meadow without wood  
Sauce, *s.* something to give relish to food  
Sauce'box, *s.* an impudent fellow  
Sauce'pan, *s.* a pan to make sauce, &c. in  
Sau'cer, *s.* a small plate for a teacup, &c.  
Sau'cily, *ad.* impudently, petulantly  
Sau'ciness, *s.* impudence, petulance  
Sau'cy, *a.* pert, petulant, insolent  
Save, *v.* to preserve from danger or ruin; to  
keep frugally---*ad.* except  
Sa'veall, *s.* a pan to save candle-ends on  
Sa'veing, *a.* frugal---*ad.* excepting  
Sa'veiour, *s.* the Redeemer; he who saves  
Saun'ter, *v. n.* to wander about idly, loiter  
Sa'very, *s.* the name of a plant  
Sa'veour, *s.* a scent, odour, taste  
Sa'veour, *v.* to have a smell or taste; to like  
Sa'veoury, *a.* pleasing to the smell or taste  
Savoy', *s.* a sort of colewort  
Saus'age, *s.* a composition of meat, spice, &c.  
Saw, *s.* an instrument with teeth, for cut-  
ting boards or timber; a saying, a proverb  
Saw, *v. a.* to cut timber, &c. with a saw  
Saw'dust, *s.* a dust arising from sawing  
Saw'pit, *s.* a pit where wood is sawed  
Saw'yer, *s.* one who saws timber  
Sax'ifrage, *s.* a plant good against the stone  
Saxif'ragous, *a.* dissolvent of the stone  
Say, *v.* to speak, utter, allege, tell  
Say'ing, *s.* an expression; an opinion  
Scab, *s.* an incrustation over a sore  
Scab'bard, *s.* the sheath of a sword  
Scab'by, *a.* diseased with scabs  
Sca'brous, *a.* rough, rugged, harsh  
Scaf'fold, *s.* a temporary gallery, a kind of  
stage erected on certain occasions  
Scaffolding, *s.* a support for workmen  
Scala'de, Scala'do, *s.* storming a place by  
raising ladders against the walls  
Scald, *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor  
Scale, *s.* a balance; the sign *Libra* in the  
zodiac; part of the covering of a fish; a  
ladder; means of ascent; line of distances;  
the gamut; a scalade

Scale, *v. a.* to mount ; scrape off scales  
 Sca'led, *a.* having scales like a fish ; squamous  
 Sca'liness, *s.* the state of being scaly  
 Scall, *s.* leprosy ; morbid baldness  
 Scal'lion, *s.* a kind of onion  
 Scal'lop, *s.* a shellfish ; indentation  
 Scal'lop, *v. a.* to indent the edge, &c.  
 Scalp, *s.* the integuments of the head  
 Sca'ly, *a.* covered with scales  
 Scamble, *v.* to scramble ; shift awkwardly  
 Scam'mony, *s.* a concreted, resinous juice  
 Scam'per, *v. n.* to run with fear and speed  
 Scan, *v. a.* to examine nicely ; to canvass  
 Scan'dal, *s.* a reproachful assertion, infamy  
 Stan'dalize, *v. a.* to disgrace, reproach, defame ; offend by some action  
 Scan'dalous, *a.* opprobrious, shameful, vile  
 Scan'dent, *a.* climbing, creeping  
 Scan'ning, *s.* in poetry, is the measuring a verse to ascertain its number of feet, &c.  
 Scant, *a.* parsimonious ; scarce, not enough  
 Scant'iness, *s.* want of space, compass, &c.  
 Scant'let, *s.* a small quantity or piece  
 Scant'ling, *s.* timber cut to a small size  
 Scan'ty, *a.* narrow, small ; poor, niggardly  
 Scape, *v.* to escape---s. a flight, evasion  
 Scap'ular, *a.* relating to the shoulders  
 Scar, *s.* the mark of a cut ; a cicatrix  
 Scar'famouch, *s.* a buffoon in motley dress  
 Scarce, *a.* not plentiful, rare, uncommon  
 Scarce, Scarce'ly, *ad.* hardly, scantily  
 Sca'reness, Sca'reculty, *s.* want of plenty  
 Scare, *v. a.* to frighten, affright, terrify  
 Sca'recrow, *s.* an image set to frighten birds  
 Scarf, *s.* a loose covering for the shoulders  
 Scarf'skin, *s.* the outer skin of the body  
 Scarifica'tion, *s.* an incision of the skin  
 Scarify, *v. a.* to lance or cut the skin  
 Scarlet, *s.* a deep red colour  
 Scarlet, *a.* of the colour of scarlet  
 Scarletbe'an, *s.* a garden plant  
 Scarp, *s.* the slope on that side of a ditch which is next to a fortified place  
 Scate, *s.* an iron to slide with ; a flat fish  
 Scath, *v. a.* to waste, damage, destroy  
 Scath'ful, *a.* mischievous, destructive  
 Scat'ter, *v.* to spread thinly, to disperse  
 Scav'enger, *s.* a cleaner of the streets  
 Scel'erat, *s.* a villain, a wicked wretch  
 Scene, *s.* part of a play ; an appearance  
 Sce'nic, *a.* dramatic, theatrical  
 Scenog'raphy, *s.* the art of perspective  
 Scent, *s.* smell, odour ; chase by smell  
 Scep'tic, *s.* one who doubts of all things  
 Scep'tical, *a.* doubting every thing  
 Scep'ticism, *s.* universal doubt  
 Scep'tre, *s.* the ensign of royalty borne in the hand  
 Scep'tred, *a.* bearing a sceptre  
 Sched'ule, *s.* a small scroll ; an invent  
 Scheme, *s.* a plan, project, design  
 Sche'mer, *s.* a projector, a contriver  
 Schism, *s.* a division in the church  
 Schismat'ic, *s.* one guilty of schism  
 Schismat'ical, *a.* implying schism  
 Schismat'ically, *ad.* in a schismat  
 Schol'ar, *s.* a disciple, a man of letters  
 Schol'arship, *s.* learning, literature  
 Scholas'tic, *a.* pertaining to the school  
 Scholas'tically, *ad.* according to the school  
 Scho'liast, *s.* one who makes notes upon an author, a commentator  
 Scho'lium, *s.* an explanatory note  
 Scho'ly, *v. n.* to write expositions  
 School, *s.* a place for education  
 Schoolfellow, *s.* a fellow student  
 School'man, *s.* one skilled in the nice academical disputation, and in divi  
 School'master, *s.* he who teaches in a school  
 School'mistress, *s.* she who keeps a school  
 Scia'graphy, *s.* the section of a building  
 the inside thereof ; the art of dialling  
 Scia'ther'ic, *a.* belonging to a sun-dial  
 Scia'tical, *a.* troubled with the hiccough  
 Sci'ence, *s.* knowledge, art attained by  
 concepts ; the seven liberal arts are grammar, rhetoric, logic, arithmetic, music, metry, astronomy  
 Scien'tial, *a.* of, or pertaining to science  
 Scientific, *a.* what promotes knowledge  
 Scim'itar, *s.* a sword with a convex edge  
 Scin'tillate, *v. n.* to sparkle, to emit light  
 Scin'tillation, *s.* the act of sparkling  
 Sci'olist, *s.* one of superficial knowledge  
 Sci'olous, *a.* knowing superficially  
 Sciom'achy, *s.* a battle with a shadow  
 Sci'on, *s.* a small twig or shoot ; a sprout  
 Scirrhos'ity, *s.* an induration of the glands  
 Scir'rhou, *a.* having an indurated gall  
 Scis'sible, Scis'sile, *a.* that may be divided  
 Scis'sion, *s.* the act of cutting  
 Scis'sars, *s.* a small pair of shears  
 Scis'sure, *s.* a crack, rent ; fissure  
 Sclerot'ic, *a.* hard ; rough  
 Scoat, *v. n.* to stop the wheel of a cart  
 Scoff, *v. n.* to deride or mock, to ridicule  
 Scoff'ingly, *ad.* in contempt, in ridicule  
 Scold, *v. n.* to chide ; quarrel clamorously  
 Scol'lop, *s.* a fish ; an indenting  
 Sconce, *s.* a branched candlestick ; a  
 fort ; a bulwark ; the head  
 Sconce, *v. a.* to mulct, to fine  
 Scoop, *s.* a large ladle ; a sweep  
 Scoop, *v. a.* to lade out ; to cut hollow  
 Scope, *s.* intention ; drift ; aim ; space  
 Scorbuc'ic, *a.* diseased with the scurvy  
 Scorch, *v.* to burn, to be dried up  
 Score, *s.* a long incision ; line drawn  
 count ; motive ; the number twenty

rious, *a.* drossy, foul, worthless  
contempt—*v.* to scoff, to despise  
contemptuous, *a.* contemptuous, insolent, proud  
contemptuously, *ad.* contemptuously, insolently  
corpion, *s.* a reptile with a very venomous  
sting; a sign of the zodiac  
crotch, *s.* a Scotchman; shot; payment  
crotch, *v. a.* to cut slightly  
crotchet, *a.* of, or belonging to Scotland  
crotchet, *a.* excused from paying his scot  
crotomy, *s.* a swimming in the head  
crottel, *s.* mops for sweeping an oven  
cudgel, *s.* a mean rascal, a villain  
cure, *v.* to cleanse; scamper; purge  
curther, *s.* one who scours; a purge  
cunge, *s.* a whip, a lash; punishment  
cunge, *v. a.* to whip, punish, chastise  
cunt, *s.* one who is sent privily to observe  
the motions of an enemy  
cut, *v. n.* to go out privately to observe  
cut, *v. n.* to frown, to look angry or sullen  
cut, *s.* any thing lean or thin; the neck  
cut, *a.* lean, thin; rough, rugged  
cumble, *v. n.* to catch eagerly; to climb  
cumble, *s.* eager contest for any thing  
cunch, *v. a.* to grind between the teeth  
cunnel, *a.* vile, worthless, grating  
cuny, *s.* a small particle, fragment, bit  
cup, *v.* to pare lightly; erase; shave  
cup, *s.* difficulty, perplexity, distress  
cupper, *s.* an iron utensil; a vile fiddler  
cutch, *v. a.* to tear with the nails; to wound  
lightly; to draw awkwardly  
cudchies, *s.* a disease in horses  
caw, *s.* the surface or scurf  
cawl, *v. a.* to draw or write badly  
caw, *v. n.* to make a loud, shrill noise  
cram, *v. n.* to cry out, as in terror, &c.  
creech, *v. n.* to shriek, to cry as an owl  
creech/owl, *s.* an owl that hoots by night  
coven, *v. a.* to shelter, hide, sift, riddle  
cow, *s.* one of the mechanical powers  
cubble, *s.* worthless, bad writing  
cubler, *s.* a petty author, a bad writer  
cuke, *s.* a writer; secretary; public notary  
cune, *s.* a repository for writings  
cup, *s.* a small bag; schedule; small writing  
cup/tory, *a.* written; not delivered orally  
cup/turnal, *a.* contained in the bible  
cup/ture, *s.* the bible, the sacred writings  
cuvener, *s.* one who draws contracts, &c.  
cufula, *s.* the disease commonly called the  
king's-evil  
cufulous, *a.* diseased with the scrofula  
cull, *s.* a writing wrapped up  
culum, *s.* the membrane which contains  
the seminal organs  
cub, *s.* a mean fellow---*v. a.* to rub hard  
cubbed, Scrub/by, *a.* mean, vile, sorry  
ciple, *s.* a doubt, a weight of 20 grains

Scru'ples, *v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate  
Scru'pulous, *a.* nicely doubtful; vigilant  
Scru'table, *a.* that may be searched  
Scrutineer, *s.* an examiner, an inquirer  
Scrutinize, *v. a.* to examine thoroughly  
Scrutinous, *a.* captious; full of inquiries  
Scrutiny, *s.* a strict search or inquiry  
Scruto'ire, *s.* a case of drawers for papers  
Scud, *v. n.* to sail before a hard gale, &c.  
Scufile, *s.* a confused quarrel or broil  
Sculk, *v. n.* to lurk secretly; to lie close  
Scull, *s.* the brain-pan; a small oar  
Scul'ler, *s.* a small boat with one rower  
Scullery, *s.* a place to clean and keep dishes  
Scullion, *s.* a kitchen drudge  
Sculp, *v. a.* to carve; to engrave---*s.* a print  
Sculp/tile, *a.* made by engraving  
Sculp/tor, *s.* a carver or engraver  
Sculpture, *s.* art of carving, carved work  
Scum, *s.* what rises to the top of any liquor  
Scum, *v. a.* to clear off the scum  
Scurf, *s.* a dry scab; scale; adherent stain  
Scurf'y, *a.* full of, or having scurf  
Scurrility, *s.* grossness of reproach, opprobrious language, lewdness of jocularity  
Scur/rious, *a.* railing, saucy, abusive  
Scurvily, *ad.* vilely, basely, coarsely  
Scurviness, *s.* meanness, sorriness, baseness  
Scurv'y, *s.* a disease---*a.* scabbed, vile  
Scurv'y-grass, *s.* a plant; spoonwort  
Scut, *s.* the tail of an hare or rabbit, &c.  
Scutch/eon, *s.* the field or ground on which  
a coat of arms is painted; pieces of brass  
placed over locks  
Scut/le, *s.* a wide, shallow basket for coals;  
a small grate; a quick pace  
Scythe, *s.* instrument for mowing grass, &c.  
Sea, *s.* the ocean, a large lake  
Sea/beat, *a.* dashed by the waves of the sea  
Sea/born, *a.* produced by the sea  
Sea/boy, *s.* a boy employed on shipboard  
Sea/beach, *s.* the sea shore  
Sea/calf, *s.* the seal, a sea animal  
Sea/chart, *s.* a map of the sea-coast  
Sea/coal, *s.* pit-coal, brought by sea  
Sea/compass, *s.* the mariner's compass  
Seafaring, *a.* employed or living at sea  
Sea/girt, *a.* encircled by the sea  
Sea/gull, *s.* a waterfowl  
Seal, *s.* the sea-calf; a stamp; a confirmation  
Seal, *v.* to fasten with a seal, ratify, close  
Seal/ing-wax, *s.* wax used to seal letters, &c.  
Seam, *s.* what joins two pieces together; a  
measure of eight bushels; a scar; tallow  
Seam, *v. a.* to join together; mark, scar  
Sea/maid, *s.* the mermaid  
Sea/man, *s.* a sailor, mariner; merman  
Sea/mew, *s.* a fowl that frequents the sea  
Seam/less, *a.* having no seam  
Seam/stress, *s.* one who lives by sewing

Sean, or Seine, *s.* a kind of large fishing net  
 Sea'nymph, *s.* a goddess of the sea  
 Sea'piece, *s.* representation of any thing at sea  
 Sea'port, *s.* an harbour or port for ships  
 Sear, *v. a.* to burn---*a.* dry; no longer green  
 Scarce, *v. a.* to sift finely---*s.* a fine sieve  
 Search, *s.* an inquiry, quest, pursuit  
 Search, *v.* to examine, to inquire, to seek  
 Sear'cloth, *s.* a large strengthening plaster  
 Sea'room, *s.* room at sea; far from the shore  
 Sea'rover, *s.* a pirate  
 Sea'service, *s.* duty at sea  
 Sea'shore, *s.* the coast of the sea  
 Sea'sick, *a.* sick by the motion of the sea  
 Sea'son, *s.* one of the four parts of the year, spring, summer, autumn, winter; a fit time; a time not very long  
 Sea'son, *v.* to give a relish to; to mature  
 Sea'sonable, *a.* opportune, at a proper time  
 Sea'soning, *s.* that which gives relish to  
 Seat, *s.* a chair; mansion; situation  
 Seat, *v. a.* to place on seats; fix; place firm  
 Sea'ward, *ad.* towards the sea  
 Se'cant, *a.* dividing into two parts---*s.* a line  
 Sece'de, *v. n.* to withdraw from; to leave  
 Sece'ssion, *s.* the act of withdrawing from  
 Se'cle, *s.* a century, an age  
 Sech'u'de, *v. a.* to shut up apart, to exclude  
 Seclu'sion, *s.* a secluding, a separating  
 Sec'ond, *a.* the next to the first; inferior  
 Sec'ond, *s.* one who accompanies another in a duel; supporter; 60th part of a minute  
 Sec'ond, *v. a.* to support; to follow next  
 Sec'ondarily, *ad.* in the second order or degree; not primarily or originally  
 Sec'ondary, *a.* not primary---*s.* a delegate  
 Sec'ondhand, *a.* not original; not primary  
 Sec'ondly, *ad.* in the second place  
 Sec'ondrate, *s.* the second order in dignity, value, or strength  
 Se'crecy, *s.* privacy, solitude, close silence  
 Se'cret, *a.* concealed, private, unknown  
 Se'cret, *s.* a thing unknown, privacy  
 Sec'retariship, *s.* the office of a secretary  
 Sec'retary, *s.* one who writes for another  
 Sec'rete, *v. a.* to hide, conceal; separate  
 Sec'retion, *s.* a separation of animal fluids  
 Secret'i'tious, *a.* parted by animal secretion  
 Se'cretly, *ad.* privately, in secret  
 Se'cretness, *s.* quality of keeping a secret  
 Sec'retory, *a.* performing the office of secretion  
 Sect, *s.* men united in certain tenets  
 Sect'ary, *s.* a follower of a particular sect  
 Secta'tor, *s.* a follower; an imitator  
 Sec'tion, *s.* a distinct part of a writing or book; act of cutting; the part divided  
 Sect'or, *s.* a geometrical instrument  
 Sec'ular, *a.* not bound by rules, worldly  
 Sec'ularize, *v. a.* to convert to common use

Sec'ularly, *ad.* in a worldly manner  
 Sec'undine, *s.* the after-birth  
 Secu're, *a.* free from fear or danger, safe  
 Secu're, *v. a.* to make certain, protect, insure  
 Secu'rely, *ad.* without danger; careless  
 Secu'rity, *s.* protection, defence, pledge  
 Seda'n, *s.* a neat, close chair for carriage  
 Seda'te, *a.* calm, quiet, still, serene  
 Seda'tely, *ad.* calmly, without disturbance  
 Seda'teness, *s.* calmness, tranquillity  
 Seda'ntary, *a.* sitting much, inactive  
 Sedge, *s.* a growth of narrow flags  
 Sedg'y, *a.* overgrown with narrow flags  
 Sed'i'ment, *s.* what settles at the bottom  
 Sed'i'tion, *s.* a tumult, an insurrection  
 Sedi'tious, *a.* factious, mutinous, turbulent  
 Sedu'ce, *v. a.* to tempt, corrupt, mislead  
 Sedu'cement, *s.* the act of seducing  
 Sedu'cible, *a.* capable of being deceived  
 Sedu'ction, *s.* the act of seducing  
 Sedu'ility, *s.* assiduity, application, industry  
 Sed'u'rous, *a.* assiduous, industrious; pains-taking  
 See, *s.* the diocese of a bishop  
 See, *v.* to perceive by the eye, to detect; to behold, to attend; to converse with  
 Seed, *s.* the organised particle produced by plants and animals, from which new plants are generated; original; race  
 Seed, *v. n.* to bring forth seed  
 Seed'cake, *s.* a kind of sweet seedly cake  
 Seed'ling, *s.* a plant just risen from the seed  
 Seed'pearl, *s.* small grains of pearl  
 Seeds'man, *s.* a sower, he who sells seeds  
 Seed'time, *s.* the season for sowing  
 Seed'y, *a.* abounding with seed  
 See'ing, *s.* sight; vision---*ad.* since that  
 Seek, *v.* to look for; solicit; make search  
 Seal, *v. a.* to close the eyes  
 Seem, *v. n.* to appear, to have semblance  
 Seem'ing, *s.* appearance, show, opinion  
 Seem'ingly, *ad.* in appearance, in semblance  
 Seem'liness, *s.* decency, grace, beauty  
 Seem'ly, *a.* decent, becoming, proper  
 Seen, *part. a.* perceived, skilled, versed  
 Seer, *s.* one who foresees events; a prophet  
 See'saw, *s.* a reciprocating motion  
 Seeth, *v.* to boil; to stew; to decoct in liquor; to be hot  
 Seg'ment, *s.* a part of a circle comprehended between an arch and a chord thereof  
 Seg'regate, *v. a.* to separate, or to set apart  
 Segrega'tion, *s.* a separation from others  
 Seigneu'rial, *a.* invested with large powers  
 Seign'ior, *s.* an Italian title for lord  
 Seign'iority, *s.* a lordship; a jurisdiction  
 Sein'er, *s.* a fisher with nets  
 Seiz'able, *a.* that is liable to be seized  
 Seize, *v.* to take by force; to fasten on  
 Seiz'in, *s.* the act of taking possession  
 Seiz'ure, *s.* act of seizing, the thing seized

dom, *ad.* rarely, not frequently  
choose, *v. a.* to choose in preference to others  
choice, *a.* nicely chosen; culled out  
choice, *n.* the act of choosing  
chronography, *s.* a description of the moon  
choose, *pron.* one's self, the individual  
choose, *a.* void of regard for others  
choose, *n.* numerically the same  
choose, *s.* a ridge of land between furrows  
choose, *v. a.* to part with for a price  
choose, *s.* a scab in a horse's pastern  
choose, *s.* one who sells, a vender  
choose, *s.* the edge of cloth, &c.  
choose, *s.* the plural of self  
choose, *s.* resemblance, appearance  
choose, *v. n.* to represent, to make a likeness  
choose, *a.* in composition, signifies half  
choose, *a.* half round; a ring  
choose, *s.* a note in music  
choose, *s.* half a circle  
choose, *a.* half round  
choose, *s.* a point made thus [;]  
choose, *s.* half a diameter  
choose, *s.* half transparency  
choose, *a.* half transparent  
choose, *a.* imperfectly fluid  
choose, *a.* resembling a half moon  
choose, *a.* belonging to seed; radical  
choose, *s.* a seed plot; original; school  
choose, *s.* the act of sowing  
choose, *a.* productive of seed  
choose, *a.* imperfectly clear  
choose, *a.* not quite plain  
choose, *s.* in music, a note containing  
half the quantity of a quaver  
choose, *s.* half a tone or note in music  
choose, *s.* a consonant which makes an  
imperfect sound; semivowels are six in  
number, f, l, m, n, r, s  
choose, *a.* everlasting, perpetual  
choose, *s.* duration without end  
choose, *a.* containing the number six  
choose, *s.* an assembly of counsellors who  
share in the government, a parliament  
choose, *s.* a member of the senate  
choose, *v. a.* to despatch; to commission  
choose, *s.* old age, ancientness  
choose, *s.* a growing old; decay  
choose, *s.* a steward; high bailiff  
choose, *a.* older than another  
choose, *s.* priority of birth, eldership  
choose, *s.* a physical purge  
choose, *s.* perception by the senses  
choose, *s.* faculty of perceiving; meaning  
choose, *a.* wanting sense, stupid  
choose, *s.* quickness of sensation  
choose, *a.* having quick intellectual feel-  
ing; convinced, persuaded; of good sense  
choose, *ad.* with sense; judiciously  
choose, *a.* having sense, but not reason

choose, *a.* pleasing to the senses; carnal  
choose, *s.* the seat of sense,  
the organ of sensation  
choose, *s.* addiction to carnal pleasures  
choose, *v. a.* to render sensual  
choose, *ad.* in a sensual manner  
choose, *part. pass.* of to send  
choose, *s.* a determination; a period  
choose, *v. a.* to condemn, to judge  
choose, *a.* short and energetic  
choose, *ad.* by witty or pithy sentences  
choose, *a.* perceiving—*s.* one perceiving  
choose, *s.* thought, notion, opinion  
choose, *a.* reflecting, thoughtful  
choose, *s.* a soldier on guard  
choose, *a.* that may be separated  
choose, *v. a.* to break, disunite  
choose, *a.* divided, disunited from  
choose, *ad.* apart, singly, distinctly  
choose, *s.* a disjunction, divorce  
choose, *s.* a clan, race, generation  
choose, *s.* the ninth month of the year  
choose, *a.* consisting of seven  
choose, *s.* lasting seven years  
choose, *s.* the north; Charles's-wain  
choose, *a.* relating to the north  
choose, *v. n.* to tend northerly  
choose, *a.* tending to produce putrefaction  
choose, *a.* having seven sides  
choose, *s.* Septuagesimal, *a.* consisting  
of seventy  
choose, *s.* the old Greek version of the  
Old Testament, so called, as being sup-  
posed the work of 72 interpreters  
choose, *a.* seven times as much  
choose, *a.* relating to burial, &c.  
choose, *s.* a tomb, grave, monument  
choose, *s.* interment, burial  
choose, *a.* following; attendant; ductile  
choose, *s.* ductility; toughness  
choose, *s.* a conclusion; consequence  
choose, *s.* a following order  
choose, *a.* following; consequential  
choose, *v. a.* to put aside; deprive of  
choose, *a.* that may be separated  
choose, *s.* deprivation of profits  
choose, *s.* he into whose custody the  
thing in dispute is committed  
choose, *s.* the house where the eastern con-  
cubines, &c. are kept  
choose, *s.* one of the orders of angels  
choose, *a.* angelic, angelical  
choose, *s.* one of the orders of angels  
choose, *s.* withered; no longer green  
choose, *s.* music by lovers in the night  
choose, *a.* calm, placid, quiet, unruffled  
choose, *ad.* calmly, quietly, coolly  
choose, *s.* calmness, peace  
choose, *s.* calmness, coolness of mind  
choose, *s.* a slave employed in husbandry

Serge, *s.* a kind of thin woollen cloth  
 Ser'geant, *s.* a petty officer in the army; a degree in law next below a judge  
 Se'ties, *s.* sequence, succession, order  
 Se'rious, *a.* grave, solemn, important  
 Se'riously, *ad.* gravely, solemnly, in earnest  
 Ser'mon, *s.* a pious, instructive discourse  
 Ser'monize, *v. n.* to preach a sermon  
 Serosity, *s.* thin, watery part of the blood  
 Se'rous, *a.* thin, watery, adapted to serum  
 Ser'pent, *s.* a snake; a musical instrument  
 Ser'pentine, *a.* winding like a serpent  
 Serpi'ginous, *a.* diseased with a tetter  
 Serpi'go, *s.* a kind of tetter  
 Serr'ate, Serr'ated, *a.* jagged like a saw  
 Ser'ring, *s.* the act of driving close  
 Ser'vant, *s.* one who serves another  
 Serve, *v.* to attend at command, to assist  
 Ser'veice, *s.* an office; obedience, favour  
 Ser'veicable, *a.* active, diligent, useful  
 Ser'vile, *a.* slavish, mean, fawning  
 Ser'vilely, *ad.* meanly, slavishly, pitifully  
 Servil'ity, *s.* slavishness, meanness  
 Ser'vingman, *s.* a menial servant  
 Ser'vitor, *s.* the lowest rank in a college  
 Ser'veitude, *s.* slavery, dependance  
 Ser'rum, *s.* the watery part of the blood  
 Sesquial'feral, *a.* one and a half more  
 Sess, *s.* a rate, a tax; cess charged  
 Ses'sion, *s.* a sitting of magistrates  
 Set, *v.* to place, to fix, to frame, to plant  
 Set, *part.* *a.* regular, in a formal manner  
 Set, *s.* a complete suit or assortment  
 Set'couds, *a.* bristly, set with strong hairs  
 Set'on, *s.* an issue, or rowel  
 Sette'e, *s.* a long seat with a back  
 Set'ter, *s.* one who sets; a kind of dog  
 Set'tle, *s.* a seat, a bench with a seat  
 Set'tle, *v.* to fix, confirm, determine, sink  
 Set'tled, *a.* confirmed, determined  
 Set'tlement, *s.* act of settling; legal possession; subsidence; a colony; a jointure  
 Sev'en, *a.* four and three, one more than six  
 Sev'enfold, *a.* repeated seven times  
 Sev'ennight, or Sen'night, *s.* a week  
 Sev'ente'en, *a.* ten and seven  
 Sev'enthly, *ad.* in the seventh place  
 Sev'enty, *a.* seven times ten  
 Sev'er, *v.* to force asunder, divide, disjoin  
 Sev'eral, *a.* divers, many, distinct  
 Sev'erally, *ad.* distinctly, separately  
 Sev're, *a.* sharp, austere, cruel, painful  
 Sev'rely, *ad.* painfully, afflictively, horribly  
 Sev'ery, *s.* cruel treatment, rigour  
 Sew, *v. a.* to join with a needle and thread  
 Sew'er, *s.* an officer; passage for water  
 Sex, *s.* the distinction of male and female  
 Sexagen'ary, *a.* aged sixty years  
 Sexagesima, *s.* second Sunday before Lent  
 Sexagesimal, *a.* numbered by sixties

Sexan'gular, *a.* having six angles  
 Sexen'nial, *a.* lasting six years  
 Sex'iant, *s.* the sixth part of a circle  
 Sex'tile, *s.* the distance of 60 degrees  
 Sex'ton, *s.* an under officer of the church  
 Sex'tonship, *s.* the office of a sexton  
 Sex'tupie, *a.* sixfold, six times told  
 Shab'bily, *ad.* meanly, reproachfully  
 Shab'biness, *s.* meanness, raggedness  
 Shab'by, *a.* ragged, mean, slovenly, pale  
 Shac'kle, *v. a.* to chain, to fetter, to ligate  
 Shac'kles, *s.* fetters, chains, gyves  
 Shade, *s.* a shadow; screen, shelter  
 Shade, *v. a.* to cover from light or heat  
 Shad'ow, *s.* a shade, faint representation  
 Shad'ow, *v. a.* to cloud, darken; repress  
 Shad'owy, *a.* full of shade; gloomy  
 Sha'dy, *a.* secure from light or heat; covered  
 Shaft, *s.* an arrow; narrow, deep pit; a spout  
 Shag, *s.* rough hair; rough cloth; a bird  
 Shagged, Shag'gy, *a.* rough, rugged, hairy  
 Shagre'en, *s.* a fish-skin remarkably rough  
 Shagre'en, *v. a.* to provoke, to irritate  
 Shake, *v.* to tremble, to totter, to be agitated  
 Shake, *s.* a vibratory motion; concussion  
 Shall, *v. defective*, it has no tenses but *shall*  
 future, and *should*, imperfect  
 Shalloo'n, *s.* a slight woollen stuff  
 Shal'lop, or Shalloo'p, *s.* a small vessel  
 Shan'low, *a.* not deep; futile; silly  
 Shan'low, *s.* a sand; a flat; a shoal  
 Shan'lowness, *s.* a want of depth or thought  
 Shalo't, *s.* a kind of small onion  
 Shalt, second person of *shall*  
 Sham, *v. n.* to counterfeit, trick, cheat  
 Sham, *s.* a delusion, imposture, trick  
 Sham, *a.* false, counterfeit, fictitious  
 Sham'bles, *s.* a butchery, place to sell meat  
 Sham'bling, *a.* moving awkwardly  
 Shame, *s.* reproach, ignominy, disgrace  
 Shame, *v.* to make ashamed, to disgrace  
 Sha'mefaced, *a.* modest, bashful, sheepish  
 Sha'meful, *a.* disgraceful, ignominious  
 Sha'mefully, *ad.* disgracefully, infamously  
 Sha'meless, *a.* impudent, audacious  
 Sham'ois, or Cham'ois, *s.* a wild goat  
 Sham'rock, *s.* a three-leaved Irish grass  
 Shank, *s.* middle joint of the leg; the hand  
 Shape, *v. a.* to form, mould, image, create  
 Shape, *s.* a form, make, proportion  
 Sha'peless, *a.* wanting regularity of form  
 Sha'peliness, *s.* beauty of proportion or form  
 Sha'pely, *a.* well-formed, symmetrical  
 Shard, *s.* a piece of a pot; plant; fish; fruit  
 Shard'ed, *a.* inhabiting shards  
 Share, *s.* a portion; dividend, plough land  
 Share, *v. a.* to divide, partake of, cut  
 Sha'rer, *s.* one who divides, a partaker  
 Shark, *s.* a voracious sea-fish; a sharper  
 Sharp, *a.* keen, piercing, acute, sour

Sharp'en, *v. a.* to make keen; make quick  
 Sharp'er, *s.* a cheating, tricking fellow  
 Sharp'ly, *ad.* severely, keenly, afflictively  
 Sharp'ness, *s.* keenness; ingenuity; severity  
 Sharp'set, *a.* eager, vehemently desirous  
 Sharp'sighted, *a.* having quick sight  
 Shatter, *v.* to break into pieces; to impair  
 Shatter-brained, *a.* inattentive, giddy  
 Shave, *v. a.* to pare close with a razor, &c.  
 Shaver, *s.* one who shaves; a sharp dealer  
 Shaving, *s.* a thin slice pared off any thing  
 Shaw, *s.* a thicket, a small wood  
 She, the female *pronoun* personal  
 Sheaf, *s.* a bundle of new cut corn; a heap  
 Shear, *v. a.* to strip or cut off with shears  
 Shearer, *s.* one that shears sheep, &c.  
 Shears, *s.* an instrument with two blades  
 Shear'man, *s.* he that shears  
 Sheath, *s.* a scabbard, the case of any thing  
 Sheath, or Sheathe, *v. a.* to put into a sheath  
 Sheathy, *a.* forming a sheath  
 Shed, *s.* a shelter made of boards, &c.  
 Shed, *v.* to spill, to scatter, to let fall  
 Sheen, *s.* brightness, splendour—a. bright  
 Sheep, *s.* a well-known animal  
 Sheep'cot, Sheep'fold, *s.* an inclosure to pen  
 sheep in  
 Sheepish, *a.* over-modest, bashful, timorous  
 Sheep'shearing, *s.* the time of shearing  
 sheep; a feast made when sheep are shorn  
 Sheep's-eye, *s.* a loving, sly look  
 Sheep'walk, *s.* a pasture for sheep  
 Sheep, *a.* clear, pure, unmingled  
 Sheet, *s.* linen for a bed; a sail; paper, &c.  
 Sheet-anch'or, *s.* the largest anchor  
 Shekel, *s.* a Jewish coin, value 2s. 6d.  
 Shelf, *s.* a board fastened against a wall, &c.  
 to place things on; a sand bank in the  
 sea; a rock under shallow water  
 Shell, *s.* the hard covering of any thing, &c.  
 Shell, *v.* to strip off, or cast the shell  
 Shell-fish, *s.* a fish covered with a shell  
 Shell'y, *a.* abounding with shells  
 Shelter, *s.* a cover from injury; protection  
 Shelter, *v.* to defend, protect, give shelter  
 Shelving, *a.* sloping, slanting  
 Shelly, *a.* shallow; full of banks; rocky  
 Sheep'herd, *s.* one who tends sheep  
 Sheep'herdess, *s.* a lass that tends sheep  
 Sheep'herdy, *s.* the work of a shepherd  
 Sherbet', *s.* mixture of acid, water, and sugar  
 Sheriff, *s.* a chief annual county officer  
 Sheriffalty, *s.* the office of the sheriff  
 Sher'ry, *s.* a kind of Spanish white wine  
 Shield, *s.* a buckler, defence, protection  
 Shield, *v. a.* to cover, to defend, to secure  
 Shift, *s.* an evasion; a woman's body linen  
 Shift, *v.* to change, alter, practise evasions  
 Shift'er, *s.* an artful person, a trickster  
 Shift'less, *a.* wanting expedients to act, &c.

Shil'ling, *s.* a silver coin, value 12d.  
 Shil'lishalli, *a.* wavering, hesitating  
 Shil'ly, *ad.* not frankly, not familiarly  
 Shin, *s.* the fore part of the leg  
 Shine, *v. n.* to glisten, glitter, to be con-  
     spicuous, to be glossy, be gay, be splendid  
 Shine, *s.* fair weather; lustre, splendour  
 Shi'ness, *s.* unwillingness, reservedness  
 Shin'gles, *s.* a disease; a kind of tetter;  
     thin boards, &c. to cover houses  
 Shi'ny, *a.* bright, luminous, splendid  
 Ship, *s.* a large vessel to sail on the sea  
 Ship, *v. a.* to put on board a ship  
 Ship'board, *ad.* on board or in a ship  
 Ship'man, *s.* a sailor, a seafaring man  
 Ship'ping, *s.* vessels for navigation  
 Ship'wreck, *s.* loss of a ship by rocks, &c.  
 Ship'wright, *s.* a ship carpenter or builder  
 Shire, *s.* a division of the kingdom, a county  
 Shirt, *s.* a man's under linen garment  
 Shirt'less, *a.* wanting a shirt  
 Shit'tlecock, *s.* a plaything for children  
 Shive, *s.* a slice of bread; a thick splinter  
 Shiv'er, *v.* to quake, to tremble, to shatter  
 Shoal, *s.* a crowd; shallow; sand bank  
 Shoal'y, *a.* full of shoals or shallows  
 Shock, *s.* a conflict, a concussion; an offence  
 Shock, *v.* to shake violently; to disgust;  
     to offend, to be offensive  
 Shock'ing, *a.* disgusting, dreadful, violent  
 Shod, *pret. and part. pass. of to shoe*  
 Shoe, *s.* the outer cover of the foot  
 Shoe'boy, *s.* a boy that cleans shoes  
 Shoe'inghorn, *s.* a horn to draw on shoes  
 Shoe'maker, *s.* one who makes shoes  
 Shoe'string, *s.* a riband, &c. to tie the shocs  
 Shone, the *pret. of to shine*  
 Shook, the *pret. of to shake*  
 Shoot, *v.* to discharge a gun, &c.; to germinate;  
     to push forward; to jet out; to move swiftly; to feel a quick pain  
 Shoot'er, *s.* one that shoots, an archer  
 Shop, *s.* a place for sale or for work  
 Shop'board, *s.* a bench or table to work on  
 Shop'keeper, *s.* one who sells in a shop  
 Shop'man, *s.* a foreman, &c. in a shop  
 Shore, Shorn, *pret. of to shear*  
 Shore, *s.* coast of the sea, &c. a drain; buttress  
 Sho'reless, *a.* having no shore  
 Short, *a.* not long; scanty; brittle  
 Short'en, *v. a.* to make short, contract, lop  
 Short'hand, *s.* a writing in characters, &c.  
 Short'lived, *a.* not living or lasting long  
 Short'ly, *ad.* quickly, soon; concisely, briefly  
 Short'ness, *a.* the quality of being short  
 Shortsight'ed, *a.* defective in the sight  
 Shot, *pret. and part. pass. of to shoot*  
 Shot, *s.* balls for guns, &c.; a reckoning  
 Shot'free, *a.* clear of the reckoning  
 Shot'ten, *a.* having ejected the spawn

**Shove**, *v.* to push by main strength, to push  
**Shove**, *s.* the act of shoving, a push  
**Shov'el**, *s.* an instrument for digging, &c.  
**Shov'elboard**, *s.* a game and table to play on  
**Shough**, *s.* a species of shaggy dog  
**Should**, *verb auxiliary in s.* mood  
**Should'er**, *s.* the joint that connects the arm to the body; a prominence  
**Should'er**, *v. a.* to put on the shoulder; jostle  
**Should'erbelt**, *s.* a belt for the shoulder  
**Should'erknot**, *s.* a knot of lace, &c. worn on the shoulders of footmen, &c.  
**Shout**, *s.* a loud huzza of triumph, &c.  
**Shout**, *v. n.* to cry in triumph, &c.  
**Show**, *v.* to exhibit; prove; direct; teach  
**Show**, *s.* an exhibition; semblance; pomp  
**Show'er**, *s.* rain, moderate or violent  
**Show'er**, *v. a.* to wet; scatter with liberality  
**Show'ery**, *a.* rainy, inclinable to showers  
**Shown**, *pret. and part. pass. of to show*  
**Show'y**, *a.* splendid, gaudy, ostentatious  
**Shrank**, *pret. of to shrink*  
**Shred**, *s.* a small piece, a fragment  
**Shrew**, *s.* a peevish, clamorous woman  
**Shrewd**, *a.* cunning, smart, turbulent  
**Shrewd'ly**, *ad.* cunningly, wittily, slyly, with strong suspicion  
**Shriek**, *v. n.* to scream—*s.* an inarticulate cry of anguish or horror  
**Shrift**, *s.* confession made to a priest  
**Shrill**, *a.* sounding with an acute, tremulous, or vibrating sound  
**Shril'ness**, *s.* sharpness of sound  
**Shrimp**, *s.* a small sea shellfish; a dwarf  
**Shrine**, *s.* a cabinet or case to hold relics, &c.  
**Shrink**, *v.* to contract itself; to express fear, pain, &c. by contracting the body  
**Shrive**, *v. a.* to hear at confession  
**Shriv'el**, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles  
**Shroud**, *s.* dress of the dead; a shelter  
**Shroud**, *v.* to shelter, to conceal, to harbour  
**Shro'vetide**, *s.* the Tuesday before Lent  
**Shroud**, *s.* a shelter, a cover—*v.* to cover  
**Shrouds**, *s.* large ropes extended from the mast-head to the sides of a ship, to support the masts, and enable them to carry sail  
**Shrub**, *s.* a bush; spirit with acid and sugar  
**Shrub'by**, *a.* full of, or like shrubs  
**Shrug**, *v. a.* to contract or draw up  
**Shrug**, *s.* a contracting of the shoulders to signify contempt, pity, or aversion  
**Shrunk**, *Shrunk'en*, *part. of to shrink*  
**Shud'er**, *v. n.* to quake with fear, &c.  
**Shuff'le**, *v.* to dodge; to shift; to play mean tricks; to change the position of the cards; to move with an irregular gait  
**Shuff'le**, *s.* a disordering of things; a trick  
**Shuff'lecap**, *s.* a kind of play or game  
**Shuff'lier**, *s.* he who plays tricks or shuffles  
**Shun**, *v. a.* to avoid, to endeavour to escape  
**Shut**, *v.* to close, confine, exclude, contr.  
**Shut'ter**, *s.* a cover for a window, &c.  
**Shut'tle**, *s.* an instrument used in weaving  
**Shy**, *a.* reserved, cautious, suspicious  
**Sib'ilant**, *a.* hissing  
**Sibilation**, *s.* a hissing sound  
**Siccation**, *s.* the act of drying  
**Sic'city**, *s.* dryness, want of moisture  
**Sice**, *s.* the number six at dice  
**Sick**, *a.* afflicted with disease; disgusted  
**Sick**, *v. n.* to sicken; to take a disease  
**Sick'en**, *v.* to make sick; disgust; decay  
**Sickle**, *s.* a hook for reaping corn  
**Sick'ly**, *a.* not healthy, faint, weak  
**Sick'ness**, *s.* a disease, disorder of the body  
**Side**, *s.* the rib part of animals; the end  
**Side**, *a.* not direct—*v. n.* to join with  
**Si'deboard**, *s.* a side table on which conveniences are placed  
**Si'delong**, *a.* lateral, oblique, not direct  
**Si'deral**, *Si'deal*, *Si'deal*, *Si'deal*, *a.* starry  
**Si'derated**, *a.* planet-struck; blasted  
**Sidera'tion**, *s.* a mortification; a blast  
**Si'desaddle**, *s.* a woman's seat on horseback  
**Si'desman**, *s.* an assistant to a churchwarden  
**Si'deways**, *Si'dewise*, *ad.* on one side  
**Si'dle**, *v. n.* to go the narrowest way  
**Siege**, *s.* the besieging a fortified place  
**Sieve**, *s.* hair or lawn strained on a hoop  
**Sift**, *v. a.* to put through a sieve; to examine  
**Sift'er**, *s.* he who sifts; a sieve  
**Sigh**, *s.* a mournful breathing, a sob  
**Sight**, *s.* the sense of seeing; a show  
**Sight'less**, *a.* blind, not sightly; offensive  
**Sight'liness**, *s.* handsomeness, seemliness  
**Sight'ly**, *a.* comely, seemly  
**Si'gil**, *s.* a seal; a kind of charm  
**Sign**, *s.* a token, miracle, symbol, device  
**Sign**, *v. a.* to mark, to ratify by writing  
**Sign'al**, *s.* a sign that gives notice, mark  
**Sign'al**, *a.* memorable, remarkable  
**Sign'alize**, *v. a.* to make remarkable  
**Sign'ally**, *ad.* remarkably, memorably  
**Sign'ature**, *s.* a mark, sign; among printers a letter to distinguish different sheets  
**Sign'net**, *s.* a seal, especially the king's  
**Sign'ificancy**, *s.* meaning, force, energy  
**Significant**, *a.* expressive, important  
**Significant'y**, *ad.* with force of expression  
**Significa'tion**, *s.* a meaning by sign or word  
**Signif'icative**, *a.* strongly expressive  
**Sign'ify**, *v.* to declare, to mean, to import  
**Si'leness**, *s.* stillness, taciturnity, secrecy  
**Si'leness**, *interj.* commanding silence  
**Si'lent**, *a.* mute, still, quiet, not speaking  
**Si'lently**, *ad.* without speech or noise  
**Sili'cious**, *a.* made of hair; flinty  
**Sili'quose**, *Sili'quous*, *a.* having a pod  
**Silk**, *s.* a fine soft thread, spun by silkworms; any thing made of it

Sin, *a.* made of silk; soft; tender  
 Sin'cer, *s.* a dealer in silk  
 Si'ne'er, *s.* a weaver of silken stuffs  
 Si'ne'er, *s.* the worm that spins silk  
 Si'ne, *a.* made of silk, soft, pliant  
 Si'ne, *s.* the foot of a door-case, &c.  
 Si'ne, or Si'ne'bub, *s.* a liquor made of  
 milk, cider or wine, sugar, &c.  
 Si'ne, *s.* simplicity; weakness  
 Si'ne, *a.* harmless, weak, simple, foolish  
 Si'ne, *a.* woody, full of woods  
 Si'ne, *s.* a white, hard metal  
 Si'ne, *a.* made of, or like silver  
 Si'ne'mith, *s.* one who deals in silver, &c.  
 Si'ma're, *s.* a woman's loose robe  
 Si'milar, *a.* of a like form or quality  
 Si'milar, *s.* likeness, resemblance  
 Si'mile, *s.* a comparison for illustration  
 Si'mi'tude, *s.* likeness, comparison  
 Si'miner, *v. n.* to boil gently or slowly  
 Si'mnel, *s.* a kind of sweet bread or cake  
 Si'mony, *s.* the crime of buying or selling  
 church preferments  
 Si'mous, *a.* having a flat or snubbed nose  
 Si'mper, *v. n.* to smile or look pleasantly  
 Si'mper, *s.* a kind of pleasant smile  
 Si'mple, *a.* plain, artless; unmingled; silly  
 Si'mple, *s.* a single ingredient; an herb, &c.  
 Si'mple, *v. n.* to gather simples  
 Si'mpler, Si'mpli'st, *s.* an herbalist  
 Si'mpli'ton, *s.* a silly or simple person  
 Si'mplicity, *s.* plainness, weakness  
 Si'mply, *ad.* without art, foolishly  
 Si'mular, *s.* one that counterfeits  
 Si'mulation, *s.* a dissembling, feigning  
 Si'mul'aneous, *a.* acting together  
 Si'mon, *s.* a violation of the laws of God  
 Si'mon, *v. n.* to violate the laws of God  
 Si'more, *ad.* because that, before this; ago  
 Si'more, *a.* pure, honest, uncorrupt  
 Si'mosity, *s.* purity of mind, honesty  
 Si'mon, *s.* a fold, a wrapp'r  
 Si'me, *s.* a kind of geometrical line  
 Si'me, *s.* an office which has revenue  
 without any employment  
 Si'mew, *s.* a tendon, muscle, or nerve  
 Si'mew, *s.* furnished with sinews, strong,  
 firm, vigorous  
 Si'mewy, *a.* nervous, strong, forcible  
 Si'mew, *a.* not holy, wicked, profane  
 Si'me, *v.* to form the voice to melody; to  
 celebrate; give praises to; to tell in poetry  
 Si'me, *v. a.* to scorch, to burn slightly  
 Si'me, *s.* one skilled in singing  
 Si'me, *a.* alone, unmarried, individual  
 Si'me, *s.* not duplicity; sincerity  
 Si'me, *ad.* individually, only, by himself  
 Si'me, *a.* only one; particular; rare  
 Si'me, *s.* any thing remarkable; a cu-  
 linity; a distinguished character

Si'ngular, *ad.* particularly; strangely  
 Si'ngult, *s.* a sigh  
 Si'ngister, *a.* on the left hand; bad; unlucky  
 Si'ng, *v.* to fall gradually, settle, decline  
 Si'ng, *s.* a drain, jakes, place of filth  
 Si'ng'less, *a.* exempt from sin, innocent  
 Si'ng'er, *s.* an offender, a criminal  
 Si'ng'offering, *s.* an expiation for sin  
 Si'ng'oper, Si'ng'ople, *s.* a kind of red earth  
 Si'ng'ous, *a.* bending in and out  
 Si'ngus, *s.* a bay of the sea; gulf; opening  
 Si'ng, *v.* to drink by small draughts  
 Si'ng, *s.* a small draught, small mouthful  
 Si'ng'phon, *s.* a pipe to convey liquors thro', &c.  
 Si'ng'pet, *s.* a small sop  
 Si'ng, *s.* a word of respect to men; a title  
 Si're, *s.* a father; a male  
 Si'rens, *s.* sea-monsters who enticed men by  
 singing, and then devoured them  
 Si'ng'ius, *s.* the great dog-star  
 Si'rename, *s.* the family name  
 Si'roc'co, *s.* the south-east, or Syrian wind  
 Si'rah, *s.* a name of reproach and insult  
 Si'up, *s.* vegetable juice boiled with sugar  
 Si'ster, *s.* a woman born of one's parents  
 Si'sterhood, *s.* women of the same society  
 Si'sterly, *a.* like or becoming a sister  
 Si't, *v.* to repose on a seat, to incubate  
 Si'te, *s.* situation, local position  
 Si'th, *ad.* since; seeing that  
 Si't'ing, *s.* the act of resting on a seat  
 Si'tuate, Si'tuated, *a.* placed; lying  
 Si'tuation, *s.* a position; condition; state  
 Si'x, *a.* twice three, one more than five  
 Si'x'pence, *s.* half a shilling  
 Si'x-sco're, *a.* six times twenty  
 Si'xte'en, *a.* six and ten  
 Si'xth, *a.* the next after the fifth  
 Si'xth'ly, *ad.* in the sixth place  
 Si'x'tieth, *a.* the tenth six times repeated  
 Si'x'ty, *a.* six times ten  
 Si'ze, *s.* bulk; a glutinous substance  
 Si'ze'able, *a.* reasonably bulky  
 Si'zer, *s.* a student of the lowest rank at the  
 university of Cambridge  
 Si'zy, *a.* glutinous, viscous, ropy  
 Skat, *s.* a flat sea-fish; a sliding shoe  
 Skate, *v. n.* to slide on ice with skates  
 Skean, *s.* a short sword; a knife  
 Skein, *s.* a hank of silk, thread, &c.  
 Skel'eton, *s.* the bones of the body preserved  
 as in their natural situation  
 Skel'lum, *s.* a villain, a scoundrel  
 Sketch, *s.* an outline; rough draught  
 Sketch, *v. n.* to trace the outlines; to plan  
 Skew, *v. n.* to squint; to look disdainfully  
 Skew'er, *s.* a sort of pin to truss meat  
 Skiff, *s.* a small light boat  
 Skil'ful, *a.* knowing, experienced  
 Skil'fully, *ad.* with skill, dexterously

Skill, *s.* knowledge, experience, dexterity  
 Skil'led, *a.* knowing, acquainted with  
 Skillet, *s.* a small kettle or boiler  
 Skim, *v.* to take off the scum; pass lightly  
 Skim'mer, *s.* a ladle to take off the scum  
 Skim'milk, *s.* milk deprived of its cream  
 Skin, *s.* the hide, pelt; rind of fruit  
 Skin, *v. a.* to flay; to uncover; to heal  
 Skink'er, *s.* one that serves drink  
 Skin'ner, *s.* a dealer in skins  
 Skin'ny, *a.* wanting flesh, thin, lean  
 Skip, *v.* to pass by quick leaps; to miss  
 Skip, *s.* a light leap or bound  
 Skip'jack, *s.* an upstart; a lackey  
 Skip'per, *s.* a ship-master, or ship-boy  
 Skirmish, *s.* a slight fight, a contest  
 Skirt, *s.* the edge, margin, extreme part  
 Skit, *s.* a whim; lampoon; insinuation  
 Skit'tish, *a.* easily frightened; wanton; fickle  
 Skreen, *s.* a coarse sieve; a shelter  
 Skreen, *v. a.* to sift; to shade; to shelter  
 Skue, *a.* oblique, sidelong  
 Skulk, *v. n.* to hide; lurk in fear or malice  
 Skull, *s.* the bone that incloses the head  
 Sky, *s.* the heavens, the firmament  
 Sky'lark, *s.* a bird that soars and sings  
 Skylight, *s.* a window in the roof  
 Sky'rocket, *s.* a kind of rising firework  
 Slab, *s.* a plane of stone; a puddle  
 Slab'ber, *v.* to drivel, to shed; to spill  
 Slab'by, *a.* plashy, dirty, thick, viscous  
 Slack, *a.* not tense, loose, remiss, relaxed  
 Slack, Slack'en, *v.* to be remiss, abate, flag  
 Slack, *s.* coal broken into small parts  
 Slack'ness, *s.* looseness; negligence  
 Slag, *s.* the dross or recrement of metals  
 Slain, *part. pass.* of to slay  
 Slake, *v.* to quench, extinguish, be relaxed  
 Slam, *s.* winning all the tricks at cards  
 Slam, *v. a.* to win all the tricks; shut hard  
 Slan'der, *s.* false invective; reproach  
 Slan'der, *v. a.* to backbite, to scandalize  
 Slan'derer, *s.* one who belies another  
 Slan'derous, *a.* falsely abusive  
 Slant, *v. a.* to cast obliquely or sideways  
 Slant, Slant'ing, *s.* oblique, sloping  
 Slap, *v. a.* to strike with the open hand  
 Slap'dash, *ad.* all at once, suddenly  
 Slash, *v.* to cut; lash; strike at random  
 Slash, *s.* a wound; cut in cloth, &c.  
 Slate, *s.* a grey fossile stone---*v. a.* to cover  
     the roof  
 Slat'er, *s.* one who covers with slates  
 Slat'tern, *s.* a negligent, careless woman  
 Slave, *s.* one deprived of freedom  
 Slave, *v. n.* to drudge, to moil, to toil  
 Slaver, *s.* to emit, or smear with spittle  
 Sla'very, *s.* the condition, &c. of a slave  
 Slaug'her, *s.* destruction with a sword  
 Slaug'her, *v. a.* to massacre, to slay

Slaug'herhouse, *s.* a house in which  
     are killed by the butcher  
 Slaug'herman, *s.* one employed in killing  
 Sla'vish, *a.* servile, mean, base, dependent  
 Sla'vishness, *s.* servility, meanness  
 Slay, *v. a.* to kill, butcher, put to death  
 Sleaz'y, *a.* thin, slight, wanting substance  
 Sled, or Sledge, *s.* a carriage without wheels  
     a smith's large hammer  
 Sleek, *a.* smooth, glossy, delicate, nitid  
 Sleek'ness, *s.* smoothness, glossiness  
 Sleep, *s.* repose, rest, slumber---*v. n.* to  
 Sleep'ness, *s.* drowsiness, heaviness  
 Sleep'ing, *s.* the act of taking rest in sleep  
 Sleep'less, *a.* without sleep; watchful  
 Sleep'y, *a.* drowsy, sluggish, causing sleep  
 Sleet, *s.* a kind of smooth, small snow, &c.  
 Sleet'y, *a.* bringing sleet  
 Sleeve, *s.* the dress covering the arm  
 Sleeve'button, *s.* a button for the sleeve  
 Sleeve'less, *a.* having no sleeves  
 Sleight, *s.* dexterous practice, art, trick  
 Slen'der, *a.* thin, small, not bulky, spare  
 Slept, *pret. of to sleep*  
 Slew, *pret. of to slay*  
 Slice, *v.* to cut into thin pieces, to divide  
 Slide, *v.* to glide on ice; pass unnoticed  
 Slide, *s.* a frozen place to slide on  
 Slight, *a.* small; worthless; not strong  
 Slight, *s.* neglect; contempt; artifice; scurrilous  
 Slight, *v. a.* to neglect, to disregard  
 Slight'ingly, *ad.* with disdain, negligently  
 Slight'ly, *ad.* negligently, scornfully; weak  
 Slight'ness, *s.* weakness; negligence  
 Slim, *a.* slender, thin of shape  
 Slime, *s.* any glutinous substance, mud  
 Slim'ness, *s.* slenderness, thinness of shape  
 Sli'my, *a.* viscous, glutinous, ropy  
 Sli'ness, *s.* low cunning, craftiness, artifice  
 Sling, *s.* a missile weapon for stones; a strap  
 Sling, *v. a.* to throw by a sling, &c.  
 Slink, *v.* to sneak away; to cast its eyes  
 Slip, *v.* to slide; fall into error; to fall  
     of the memory; convey secretly  
 Slip, *s.* a false step; mistake; twig; escape  
 Slip'board, *s.* a board sliding in grooves  
 Slip'knot, *s.* a bow-knot, a knot easily untied  
 Slip'per, *s.* a morning shoe, a loose shoe  
 Slip'pery, Slip'py, *a.* glib; uncertain  
 Slip'shod, *a.* not having the shoe pulled  
 Slip'slop, *s.* bad or insipid liquor  
 Slit, *v. a.* to cut any thing lengthwise  
 Slit, *s.* a long cut or narrow opening  
 Sli'ver, *v. a.* to split---*s.* a branch torn  
 Sloats, *s.* the under parts of a cart  
 Slob'ber, *v.* to slaver, to wet with spittle  
 Sloe, *s.* the fruit of the blackthorn  
 Sloop, *s.* a small sea-vessel  
 Stop, *v. a.* to dash with water; drink hastily  
 Slope, *s.* a declivity, an oblique direction

lope, *a.* oblique, not perpendicular  
lope, *slo'pewise*, *Slo'pingly*, *ad.* obliquely  
loopy, *a.* miry and wet, splashy  
loth, *s.* slowness, idleness; an animal  
lothful, *a.* idle, lazy, sluggish, inactive  
lothfully, *ad.* with sloth, lazily  
louth, *s.* a downcast look; a man who looks  
heavy and clownish  
louching, *a.* walking awkwardly  
loven, *s.* one dirtily or carelessly dressed  
lovenly, *a.* negligent, not neat; dirty  
lovenly, *ad.* in a coarse, inelegant manner  
lough, *s.* a deep, miry place; the skin  
which a serpent casts off periodically  
loughly, *a.* miry, boggy, muddy  
low, *a.* not swift; late; dull; tardy  
lowly, *ad.* not speedily, not rashly  
lowness, *s.* want of velocity; deliberation  
lowworm, *s.* a small worm or viper  
lubber, *v. a.* to do a thing lazily; to daub  
lubberdegl'lion, *s.* a mean, dirty wretch  
lodge, *s.* mire, dirt mixed with water  
lodger, *s.* an idler, a drone; a slow snail  
loggard, *s.* a drone, an idle, lazy fellow  
logish, *a.* dull, drowsy, lazy, slothful  
logishly, *ad.* dully, not nimbly, idly  
louise, *s.* a water-gate, a flood-gate  
louise, *v. a.* to emit by flood-gates  
lumber, *v.* to sleep lightly, to doze  
lumber, *s.* light sleep, repose  
lumberous, *a.* causing sleep, sleepy  
lung, *pret.* and *part.* of *to sling*  
lunk, *pret.* and *part.* of *to slink*  
lun, *s.* a slight disgrace—*v. a.* to sully, soil  
lun, *s.* a dirty woman; a word of contempt  
lunish, *a.* nasty, not cleanly, dirty  
luntness, *s.* nastiness; dirtiness  
lun, *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious  
lun, *ad.* with secret artifice, insidiously  
lunk, *s.* taste, savour; a loud kiss  
lun, *a.* little, slender; minute; petty  
lun'coal, *s.* small wood coals used in light-  
ing fires  
lun'craft, *s.* vessels less than ships  
lun'ness, *s.* minuteness; weakness  
lun'pox, *s.* an eruptive malignant dis-  
temper, very contagious  
lun't, *s.* a beautiful blue substance  
lun'g'dine, *a.* made of, or like emerald  
lun'art, *a.* pungent, quick, acute, brisk  
lun'art, *v. n.* to feel quick, lively pain  
lun'art, *ad.* sharply, briskly, wittily  
lun'artness, *s.* quickness; liveliness; vigour  
lun'atch, *s.* a taste; tincture; a bird  
lun'mer, *s.* superficial knowledge  
lun'mering, *s.* a slight knowledge  
lun'mear, *v. a.* to soil, to daub, to contaminate  
lun'mey, *a.* dauby; adhesive  
lun'meth, *v. a.* to blacken with smoke  
lun'mell, *v.* to perceive by the nose, &c.

Smell, *s.* the power of smelling, scent  
Smelt, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to smell*  
Smelt, *s.* a small sea-fish  
Smelt, *v. a.* to extract metal from ore  
Smelt'er, *s.* one who melts ore  
Smerk, *v. n.* to smile amorously, &c.  
Smerk, Smirk, *a.* nice, smart, jaunty, gay  
Smick'et, *s.* a woman's under garment  
Smile, *v. n.* to look gay, &c. be propitious  
Smile, *s.* a look of pleasure or of kindness  
Smil'ingly, *ad.* with a look of pleasure  
Smit, Smit'en, *part. pass.* of *to smite*  
Smite, *v.* to strike; kill; destroy; blast  
Smith, *s.* one who works in metals  
Smith'ery, Smith'y, *s.* a smith's shop  
Smock, *s.* the under garment of a woman  
Smock-faced, *a.* beardless, maidenly, pale  
Smoke, *s.* a sooty exhalation; a steam  
Smoke, *v.* to emit smoke; to burn; dis-  
cover; use tobacco; dry in smoke; sneer  
or ridicule; smell out, find out  
Smo'kedry, *v. a.* to dry in the smoke  
Smo'ky, *a.* emitting, or full of smoke, fumed  
Smooth, *a.* even; plain; bland; mild  
Smooth, *v. a.* to level; make easy; soften  
Smooth'en, *v. a.* to make even and smooth  
Smooth'ly, *ad.* evenly; easily; calmly  
Smooth'ness, *s.* evenness of surface; mildness  
Smote, *pret. of to smite*  
Smooth'er, *v.* to suffocate; to suppress  
Smooth'er, *s.* a smoke, thick dust; suppression  
Smug, *a.* nice, spruce, neat  
Smug'gle, *v. a.* to import or export goods  
without paying the customs  
Smug'ler, *s.* one who cheats the revenue  
Smugly, *ad.* neatly sprucely, nicely  
Smug'ness, *s.* spruceness, neatness  
Smut, *s.* spot with soot; mildew; obscenity  
Smutch, *v. a.* to black with smoke  
Smut'tily, *ad.* smokily, blackly; obscenely  
Smut'ty, *a.* black with smoke; obscene  
Snack, *s.* a share, a part taken by compact  
Snaf'fle, *s.* a bridle that crosses the nose  
Snag, *s.* a jagg; a protuberance; a tooth  
Snag'ged, Snag'gy, *a.* full of jagg's  
Snail, *s.* a testaceous animal; a drone  
Snake, *s.* a serpent of the oviparous kind  
Sna'keroot, *s.* the name of a medicinal root  
Sna'ky, *a.* serpentine; having serpents  
Snap, *v.* to break at once, break short; bite  
Snap'dragon, *s.* a plant; a kind of play  
Snap'per, *s.* one who snaps  
Snap'fish, *a.* eager to bite, surly, cross  
Snap'ishly, *ad.* crossly, peevishly, tartly  
Snap'sack, *s.* a soldier's bag, a knapsack  
Snare, *s.* a gin, net, trap, engine  
Snare, *v. a.* to entrap, to entangle  
Snarl, *v.* to growl like a dog, &c.; to speak  
roughly; to entangle  
Snarl'er, *s.* a surly, captious fellow

Snatch, *v.* to seize hastily---*s.* a hasty catch  
 Snatch/block, *s.* a kind of pulley in a ship  
 Snatch'er, *s.* one who snatches hastily  
 Sneak, *v. n.* to creep slyly, to crouch  
 Sneak'er, *s.* a large vessel of drink  
 Sneak'ing, *a.* servile, mean, niggardly  
 Sneak'up, *s.* a cowardly, creeping scoundrel  
 Sneap, *s.* a reprimand---*v. a.* to check; nip  
 Sneck, *s.* a latch, or fastening to a door  
 Snear, *s.* contempt---*v. n.* to show contempt  
 Sneeze, *s.* emission of wind audibly by the nose, occasioned by an irritation of the nostrils---*v. n.* to emit wind by the nose  
 Snick and Snee, *s.* a combat with knives  
 Snick'er, *v. n.* to laugh wantonly or slyly  
 Sniff, *v. n.* to draw breath by the nose  
 Snig'gle, *v. n.* to fish for eels with a bait  
 Snip, *v. a.* to cut at once with scissars, &c.  
 Snipe, *s.* a small fen-fowl; a fool  
 Snip'pet, *s.* a small part, a share  
 Snip'snap, *s.* tart dialogue  
 Sniv'el, *v. n.* to run at the nose; cry childishly  
 Sniv'elling, *a.* peaking, whining, pitiful  
 Snore, *s.* a noise through the nose in sleep  
 Snort, *v. n.* to blow through the nose as a high-mettled horse  
 Snout, *s.* the nose of a beast, the nozel  
 Snow, *s.* water frozen in flakes; a small ship  
 Snow'ball, *s.* a lump of congealed snow  
 Snow'drop, *s.* a small white spring flower  
 Snow'y, *a.* white as snow, full of snow  
 Snub, *s.* a knot in wood; a jagg, a snag  
 Snub, *v. a.* to check, to reprimand; to nip  
 Snuff, *s.* the burnt wick of a candle; powdered tobacco taken up the nose  
 Snuff, *v.* to crop; to scent; to draw breath  
 Snuff'box, *s.* a box in which snuff is carried  
 Snuff'ers, *s.* an utensil to snuff candles  
 Snuf'fie, *v. n.* to speak through the nose  
 Snug, *a.* close, hidden, concealed, sly  
 Snug'gle, *v. n.* to lie close; to lie warm  
 So, *ad.* in like manner; thus; provided that  
 Soak, *v.* to steep in any liquid; to imbibe; to drain; to exhaust  
 Soap, *s.* a substance used in washing  
 Soap'boiler, *s.* one who makes soap  
 Soar, *v. n.* to fly aloft, to rise high, to aim high, to be aspiring  
 Sob, *v. n.* to sigh convulsively in weeping, &c.---*s.* a convulsive sigh  
 Sober, *a.* temperate, regular, serious  
 Soberly, *ad.* temperately, moderately, coolly, calmly; gravely, seriously  
 Sobri'ety, *s.* temperance in drink; calmness  
 Soc'age, *s.* an ancient tenure of lands  
 So'ciable, *a.* inclined to company; familiar  
 So'ciableness, *s.* inclination to company, &c.  
 So'cial, *a.* familiar, fit for society  
 Soci'ety, *s.* fraternity; company; partnership  
 Socin'ian, *s.* a follower of Socinus

Socin'ianism, *s.* the opinions of Faustus Socinus, who asserted, that Christ had a pre-existent state before his being born; and that original sin, predication, and reprobation, were mere chimeras. Sock, *s.* something put between the shoe and stocking; the shoe of the ancient *shoemakers*. Sock'et, *s.* any hollow that receives a thing inserted; the receptacle of the Sod, *s.* a turf, a clod  
 Sodal'ity, *s.* fellowship, fraternity  
 Sod'den, *part. pass.* of to seeth; boiled  
 So'der, or Sol'der, *s.* a metallic cemer  
 Sod'omite, *s.* one guilty of sodomy  
 Sod'omy, *s.* a very unnatural crime  
 So'fa, *s.* a splendid seat covered  
 Soft, *a.* not hard, or rough, simple, gentle  
 Soft, *interj.* hold, stop, not so fast  
 Soft'en, *v.* to make soft or easy, to mollify  
 Soft'ly, *ad.* gently, slowly, mildly, tenderly  
 Soft'ness, *s.* quality of being soft; effeminate  
 Soho! *interj.* form of calling to one far  
 Soil, *s.* dung, compost; earth, dirt  
 So'journer, *v. n.* to dwell awhile in some place  
 Sojourner, *s.* a temporary dweller  
 Sol'ace, *s.* comfort, pleasure; alleviation  
 Solar, Sol'ary, *a.* pertaining to the sun  
 Sold, *pret. and part. pass.* of to sell  
 Sol'dan, *s.* a Mahometan prince, or soldier  
 Sol'dier, *s.* one who fights for pay; a warrior  
 Sol'diery, *s.* a body of soldiers, soldiery  
 Sole, *s.* the bottom of the foot or shoe; a sole  
 Sole, *v. a.* to furnish shoes with new soles  
 Sole, *a.* single, alone; in law, unmarried  
 Sol'ecism, *s.* an impropriety of speech  
 So'lely, *ad.* singly; only; separately  
 Sol'eman, *a.* awful; religiously grave; solemn  
 Solem'nity, *s.* a ceremony; affected gravity  
 Solemnia'tion, *s.* the act of celebrating  
 Sol'emanize, *v. a.* to dignify by formalities  
 Solem'nly, *ad.* in a solemn manner  
 Sol'icit, *v. a.* to excite; implore, ask  
 Solici'ta'tion, *s.* importunity, an entreaty  
 Solici'tor, *s.* one who acts for another  
 Solici'tous, *a.* anxious; careful; concerned  
 Solici'tress, *s.* a woman who solicits  
 Solici'tude, *s.* anxiety; carefulness  
 Sol'iid, *a.* not fluid, firm, true, compact  
 Solid'ity, *s.* fulness of matter, firmness  
 Solifid'ian, *s.* one who holds faith only, works, necessary to salvation  
 Soliloquy, *s.* a discourse, &c. to one's self  
 Solita'ire, *s.* a neck ornament; a hem  
 Solita'ry, *a.* retired; gloomy; single  
 Soli'tude, *s.* a lonely life or place; a desert  
 Sol'o, *s.* a tune played by one person  
 Sol'stice, *s.* the tropical point of the sun  
 Solsti'tial, *a.* belonging to the solstice  
 Solv'able, *a.* possible to be cleared by son or inquiry; able to pay

able, *a.* capable of dissolution  
ability, *s.* susceptiveness of separation  
able, *v. a.* to clear, explain, resolve  
ability, *s.* an ability to pay debts  
able, *a.* able to pay debts; dissolving  
able, *a.* loosened; disengaged; fluent  
able, *s.* a separation; explanation  
able, *a.* laxative, causing relaxation  
able, *s.* the doctrine of bodies  
able, *a.* more or less; certain persons  
able, *s.* an indiscriminate person  
able, *s.* a leap from a beam, &c.  
able, *ad.* one way or other  
able, *s.* not nothing, part  
able, *ad.* once, formerly  
able, *ad.* now and then, not never  
able, *s.* something, more or less  
able, *ad.* in one place or other  
able, *s.* a male child, native, descendant  
able, *s.* sleepiness, drowsiness  
able, *s.* one married to one's daughter  
able, *s.* a tune for instruments only  
able, *s.* a composition in verse to be sung  
able, *s.* a singer of songs  
able, *s.* a female singer  
able, *s.* a short poem of 14 lines only  
able, *s.* a small or petty poet  
able, *a.* giving, or bringing sound  
able, *a.* giving sound  
able, *a.* loud, or high sounding  
able, *ad.* before long, early, readily  
able, *s.* condensed or embodied smoke  
able, *a.* smeared or covered with soot  
able, *s.* a kind of false birth, fabled  
able, *s.* to be produced by Dutch women from sit-  
ting over their stoves  
able, *s.* truth, reality---*a.* pleasing  
able, *v. a.* to flatter, to calm, to gratify  
able, *v. n.* to predict, to foretel  
able, *s.* a foreteller, predictor  
able, *s.* foretelling future events  
able, *s.* smeared with soot, black, dark  
able, *s.* any thing steeped in liquor  
able, *v. a.* to steep in liquor  
able, *s.* an under graduate of two years  
able, *s.* the emperor of Persia  
able, *s.* a fallacious argument  
able, *s.* a subtle, cavilling disputant  
able, *s.* a fallacious disputant  
able, *a.* fallacious, deceitful  
able, *ad.* with fallacious subtlety  
able, *v. a.* to adulterate, to debase  
able, *s.* a fallacious reasoning  
able, *s.* Soporific, *a.* causing sleep  
able, *s.* a conjurer, magician, wizard  
able, *s.* a female magician, enchantress  
able, *s.* magic, enchantment, conjuration  
able, *s.* turf, grassy ground  
able, *s.* foulness, dregs

Sor'did, *a.* foul, dirty, base, mean, covetous  
Sor'didly, *ad.* meanly, poorly, covetously  
Sore, *s.* a place tender and painful, an ulcer  
Sorel, *s.* a buck of the third year  
Sorely, *ad.* with great pain or vehemence  
Sor'rel, *s.* an acid plant; a reddish colour  
Sor'rily, *ad.* meanly, poorly, despicably  
Sor'row, *s.* grief, sadness, mourning  
Sor'rowful, *a.* mournful, grieving, sad  
Sor'ry, *a.* grieved; vile, worthless  
Sort, *s.* a kind, species, manner; class;  
degree of any quality; lot; set; suit  
Sort, *v.* to separate, cull; suit, conjoin, fit  
Sort'ance, *s.* suitableness; agreement  
Sort'ilege, *s.* the act of drawing lots  
Sort'ment, *s.* distribution, a parcel sorted  
Soss, *v. n.* to fall plump into; to sit lazily  
Sot, *s.* a drunkard; dolt, blockhead  
Sot'tish, *a.* addicted to liquor; doltish  
Sov'reign, *a.* supreme in power or efficacy  
—*s.* a monarch, a king, supreme lord  
Sov'reignty, *s.* state, &c. of a sovereign  
prince, supremacy, highest place  
Sought, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to seek*  
Soul, *s.* the immaterial, immortal part of  
man; spirit; essence; vital principle  
Sound, *a.* healthy; right; stout, hearty  
Sound, *s.* any thing audible; a shallow sea  
Sound, *v.* to try depth with a plummet; exa-  
mine; celebrate by sound; make a noise  
Sound'ing, *a.* of a loud or magnificent sound  
Sound'ings, *s.* places fathomable at sea  
Sound'ly, *ad.* heartily; stoutly; rightly  
Soup, *s.* a decoction of flesh for the table  
Sour, *a.* acid; austere; painful; cross  
Source, *s.* a spring; head; original cause  
Sourish, *a.* somewhat sour  
Sourly, *ad.* with acidity, or acrimony  
Sous, *s.* a small French coin, value 1d.  
Souse, *s.* a pickle made of salt and water  
Souse, *ad.* all at once, with sudden violence  
Souse, *v.* to steep in pickle; to plunge into  
water; to fall, as a bird on its prey  
South, *s.* one of the four cardinal points; the  
part where the sun is to us at noon; the  
southern regions; the south wind  
South, *a.* southern---*ad.* toward the south  
South'ing, *a.* approaching to the south  
South'ly, *a.* from or toward the south  
South'ernwood, *s.* a plant  
South'ward, *ad.* toward the south  
Sow, *s.* a female pig; a large mass of lead  
Sow, *v.* to scatter, to spread; to propagate  
Sow'ins, *s.* flummery; oatmeal soured  
Sown, *part. of to sow*  
Space, *s.* extension; quantity of time  
Spa'cious, *a.* wide, extensive, roomy  
Spade, *s.* a sort of shovel; suit of cards  
Spadi'ceous, *a.* of a light red  
Spadi'lle, *s.* ace of spades at quadrille, &c.

Spa'gyric, Spagy'rical, *a.* chymical  
 Spa'gyrist, *s.* one who professes chymistry  
 Spake, the *pret.* of to speak  
 Spall, *s.* the shoulder  
 Span, *s.* nine inches; any short duration  
 Span, *v. a.* to measure with the hand extended  
 Span'gle, *s.* a small plate of shining metal  
 Span'gle, *v. a.* to besprinkle with spangles  
 Spaniel, *s.* a dog for sport; a sycophant  
 Span'ish, *a.* of, or pertaining to Spain  
 Span'ish, *s.* a kind of earth used in bricks  
 Spank, *v. a.* to slap with the open hand  
 Spank'er, *s.* a small coin  
 Spank'ing, *a.* large; jolly; strong; fine  
 Span'ner, *s.* the lock of a fusee or carabine  
 Spar, *s.* marcasite; a small beam; a bar  
 Spar, *v.* to shut, close; fight; quarrel  
 Spar'able, *s.* a small nail used in shoe-heels  
 Spare, *v.* to be frugal; to forbear, to forgive  
 Spare, *a.* scanty; lean; superfluous  
 Spa'rerib, *s.* ribs of pork with little flesh  
 Spa'ring, *a.* frugal, scanty, parsimonious  
 Spark, *s.* a small particle of fire; a gay man  
 Spark'le, *s.* a small particle of fire or light  
 Spark'le, *v. n.* to emit sparks, shine, glitter  
 Spar'row, *s.* a small kind of bird  
 Spar'rowhawk, *s.* a kind of small hawk  
 Spasm, *s.* a convulsion; a cramp  
 Spasmod'ic, Spasmoid'cal, *a.* convulsive  
 Spat, *s.* the young of shellfish--the *pret.* of  
     *to spit*  
 Spat'tiate, *v. n.* to range, to ramble at large  
 Spat'ter, *v.* to sprinkle; asperse; spit  
 Spat'terdashes, *s.* covering for the legs  
 Spat'ula, *s.* an instrument used by apothecaries for spreading plasters  
 Spav'in, *s.* a disease in horses  
 Spaw, *s.* a place famous for mineral water  
 Spawl, *s.* spittle, saliva  
 Spawn, *s.* the eggs of fish, &c.; an offspring  
 Spay, *v. a.* to castrate female animals  
 Speak, *v.* to talk; celebrate; pronounce  
 Speak'able, *a.* having power, or fit to speak  
 Speak'er, *s.* one who speaks, or proclaims  
 Speaking, *part. a.* talking, uttering words  
 Spear, *s.* a long pointed weapon, a lance  
 Spear'mint, *s.* a plant, a species of mint  
 Spec'cial, *a.* particular; uncommon; chief  
 Spec'ies, *s.* a kind, sort; class of nature  
 Specific, *a.* that which distinguishes one sort  
     from another; a particular quality  
 Specific, *s.* a remedy for one disease  
 Specifically, *ad.* according to the species  
 Spec'ify, *v. a.* to particularize, to express in  
     particular, to mention in express terms  
 Spe'cimen, *s.* an example, pattern; essay  
 Spe'cious, *a.* showy; plausible; striking  
 Spe'ciously, *ad.* with fair appearance  
 Speck, *s.* a spot of dirt, &c.--*v. a.* to spot  
 Spec'le, *v. a.* to mark with small spots  
 Speck'led, *a.* full of small spots  
 Spec'tacle, *s.* a show, a gazing-stock, exhibition; glasses to help the sight  
 Specta'tor, *s.* a looker on, a beholder  
 Specta'torship, *s.* the act of beholding  
 Spec'tre, *s.* a frightful apparition, a ghost  
 Spec'ulate, *v.* to meditate, to contemplate  
 Spec'ulation, *s.* view; contemplation; mental scheme not reduced to practice  
 Spec'ulative, *a.* contemplative; ideal  
 Spec'ulator, *s.* one who forms theories  
 Spec'ulum, *s.* a mirror, a looking glass  
 Sped, *pret. and part. pass.* of to speed  
 Speech, *s.* articulate utterance, talk  
 Speech'less, *a.* deprived of speech, dumb  
 Speed, *s.* quickness, celerity, haste--*v.* make haste; to have success; to hasten  
 Speed'ily, *ad.* quickly, hastily, readily  
 Speed'y, *a.* quick, swift, nimble, ready  
 Spell, *s.* a charm; a turn at work  
 Spell, *v.* to form words of letters; charm  
 Spel'ter, *s.* a kind of semi-metal  
 Spend, *v.* to consume, to expend, to waste  
 Spend'thrift, *s.* a prodigal, a lavish  
 Sperm, *s.* the seed of animals  
 Spermace'ti, *s.* an unctuous substance drawn from the oil of large whales  
 Spermat'ic, *a.* seminal, consisting of seed  
 Spew, *v.* to vomit, to eject, to cast forth  
 Spha'celus, *s.* a mortification, a gangrene  
 Sphere, *s.* a globe, orb; circuit, province  
 Spher'ic, Spherical, *a.* round, globular  
 Spher'icalness, Spher'icity, *s.* roundness  
 Spher'oid, *s.* a body approaching to the form of a sphere, but not exactly round  
 Spheroid'cal, *a.* of the form of a spheroid  
 Spher'ule, *s.* a small globe or sphere  
 Spice, *s.* an aromatic substance, as nutmeg, mace, pepper, ginger, &c.  
 Spi'cery, *s.* a repository of spices  
 Spick and Span, *ad.* quite fresh, quite neat  
 Spi'cy, *a.* producing spice, aromatic  
 Spider, *s.* a well-known spinning insect  
 Spig'ot, *s.* a peg put into the faucet  
 Spike, *s.* an ear of corn; a great nail  
 Spike, *v. a.* to fasten or set with spikes, &c.  
 Spiken'ard, *s.* a fragrant Indian plant  
 Spill, *s.* a small quantity; thin bar, &c.  
 Spill, *v.* to shed, destroy, waste, lavish  
 Spil'ler, *s.* a kind of fishing-line  
 Spin, *v.* to make yarn, thread, &c. by twisting any filamentous matter; to protract, draw out tediously, exercise the art of spinning  
 Spin'ach, or Spin'age, *s.* a garden plant  
 Spi'nal, *a.* belonging to the back bone  
 Spin'dle, *s.* an instrument used in spinning any thing long and slender  
 Spin'dle-shanked, *a.* having slender legs  
 Spine, *s.* the back bone; a thorn  
 Spin'ct', *s.* a small harpsichord

ferous, *a.* bearing thorns, thorny  
 fer, *i.* one that spins, a spider  
 fosity, *i.* crabbedness, thorny perplexity  
 ous, *a.* thorny, full of thorns  
 fer, *i.* a woman that has not been  
 married; a woman that spins  
 y, *a.* thorny, briary; perplexed  
 hole, *a.* a breathing-hole, a vent  
 al, *a.* turning round like a screw  
 ally, *ad.* in a spiral form  
 , *i.* a curve line; a wreath; a steeple  
 , *v. n.* to shoot up pyramidaliter  
 , *i.* the soul; a ghost; ardour; genius  
 , *v. a.* to animate, to excite  
 ed, *a.* lively, vivacious, full of fire  
 is, *i.* inflammable liquors, as brandy,  
 &c.; liveliness, gaiety  
 less, *a.* dejected, depressed, low  
 ous, *a.* refined, fine, ardent, active  
 ual, *a.* incorporeal; ecclesiastical  
 mality, *i.* incorporeity; devotion  
 malization, *s.* act of spiritualizing  
 malize, *v. a.* to apply to a religious sense  
 uality, *s.* ecclesiastical body  
 ous, *a.* vivid, airy, gay; distilled  
 to stream; to throw out in a jet  
 , *a.* pyramidal; wreathed, curled  
 ed, *a.* thickened, firm, gross  
 tude, *s.* grossness; thickness; firmness  
 an utensil to roast meat with  
 to put upon a spit; to thrust thro';  
 eet from the mouth  
 eet, *s.* an eel cut up and roasted  
 malice, rancour, malignity  
 to, *a.* to mischief, to vex, to offend  
 ful, *a.* malicious, malignant, cross  
 ally, *ad.* maliciously, malignantly  
 e, *i.* the moisture of the mouth  
 , *v. a.* to daub with water or dirt  
 y, *a.* wet; dirty, apt to daub  
 foot, *a.* having the foot turned inward  
 , *i.* the milt; spite, ill humour  
 ed, *a.* deprived of the spleen  
 ful, *a.* angry, fretful, peevish  
 dent, *a.* shining, glossy  
 id, *a.* showy, magnificent, sumptuous  
 our, *s.* lustre, magnificence, pomp  
 etic, *a.* fretful, peevish, angry  
 tive, *a.* hot, fiery, passionate  
 , *v. a.* to join ropes without a knot  
 , *i.* a thin wood used by surgeons  
 er, *i.* a thin piece of wood, bone, &c.  
 v. a. to cleave, divide, part; crack  
 ter, *i.* bustle, tumult  
 e, *i.* pillage, plunder, booty  
 v. to rob, to plunder; to corrupt  
 x, *i.* a robber, a plunderer, a pillager  
 , *i.* the bar of a wheel—*pret. of to speak*  
 m, *part. pass. of to speak*  
 man, *i.* he who speaks for another

Spolia/tion, *s.* act of robbery or privation  
 Spon/dee, *s.* a foot of two long syllables  
 Spon/sal, *a.* relating to marriage  
 Spon/sion, *s.* a becoming surety for another  
 Spon/sor, *i.* a surety; godfather, proxy  
 Sponta/neous, *a.* voluntary, not compelled  
 Sponta/neously, *ad.* voluntarily, freely  
 Spool, *s.* a weaver's quill—*v. to wind yarn, &c.*  
 Spoom, *v. n.* to pass swiftly  
 Spoon, *s.* a vessel used in eating liquids, &c.  
 Spoon/ing, *s.* scudding: a sea phrase  
 Spoon/ful, *s.* as much as a spoon can hold  
 Sport, *s.* diversion of the field, as hunting,  
 &c.; merriment, mock, mirth, play  
 Sport, *v.* to divert, frolic, game, trifle  
 Sport/ful, *a.* merry, ludicrous, done in jest  
 Sports/man, *s.* one who loves hunting, &c.  
 Spot, *s.* a blot; taint, disgrace; certain place  
 Spot, *v. a.* to corrupt, disgrace; maculate  
 Spot/less, *a.* pure, holy, immaculate, spotless  
 Spous/al, *a.* nuptial, bridal, conjugal  
 Spouse, *s.* a husband or wife, married person  
 Spout, *s.* a wooden gutter, pipe, cataract  
 Spout, *v.* to pour or issue out with force  
 Sprain, *s.* a violent extension of the ligaments without dislocation of the joint  
 Sprang, the *preterite* of to spring  
 Sprat, *s.* a small sea-fish  
 Sprawl, *v. n.* to struggle; to tumble, or creep  
 Spray, *s.* the extremity of a branch; foam of the sea, commonly written spiry  
 Spread, *v.* to extend; cover over; stretch; disseminate, divulge  
 Spread, *s.* extent, compass; expansion  
 Sprent, *part.* sprinkled  
 Sprig, *s.* a small branch, or spray  
 Spright, *s.* a spirit, shade, apparition; arrow  
 Spright/liness, *s.* liveliness, gaiety, vivacity  
 Spright/ly, *a.* gay, lively, vivacious  
 Spring, *v.* to grow; start; bound; fire a mine  
 Spring, *s.* a season of the year; elastic force; bound; fountain; cause; original  
 Springe, *s.* a gin, a noose to catch by a jerk  
 Spring/halt, *s.* a lameness by which a horse twitches up his legs  
 Spring/gle, *s.* a spring, an elastic noose  
 Spring-tide, *s.* high tide at the new moon  
 Sprin/kle, *v.* to scatter in small drops, to scatter in small masses, to wash, to wet  
 Sprit, *s.* a shoot, a sprout  
 Sprite, *s.* a spirit, an incorporeal agent  
 Sprit/sail, *s.* the sail on a ship's bowsprit  
 Sprout, *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation  
 Sprout, *s.* a shoot of a vegetable  
 Spruce, *a.* neat, trim—*i.* a kind of fir  
 Sprucebe'er, *s.* a kind of physical beer  
 Spru/ceness, *s.* neatness without elegance  
 Sprung, *pret. and part. of to spring*  
 Spud, *s.* a short knife

Spume, *s.* foam, froth---*v. n.* to foam  
 Spu'mous, Spu'my, *a.* frothy, foamy  
 Spun, *pret. and part. pass of to spin*  
 Spunge, *s.* a soft, porous substance, remarkable for sucking up water  
 Spun'ging-house, *s.* a bailiff's house  
 Spun'gy, *a.* soft and porous like a sponge  
 Spunk, *s.* touchwood, rotten wood  
 Spur, *v.* to prick with a spur; to incite  
 Spur, *s.* a sharp point fixed to the heel; stimulus, incitement, instigation  
 Spu'rious, *a.* counterfeit, not legitimate  
 Spur'ling, *s.* a small sea-fish  
 Spurn, *v.* to kick; reject, treat with contempt---*s.* kick, insolent treatment  
 Spur'rier, *s.* one who makes spurs  
 Spurt, *v. n.* to fly out with a quick stream  
 Spurt, *s.* a start or sudden fit, a hurry  
 Sputa'tion, *s.* the act of spitting  
 Sput'ter, *v.* to speak hastily; to spit much  
 Spy, *s.* one who watches another's motions  
 Spy, *v.* to discover at a distance; search  
 Spy'boat, *s.* a boat sent out for intelligence  
 Squab, *s.* a kind of sofa or couch  
 Squab, *a.* unfeathered; thick and short  
 Squab'bish, Squab'by, *a.* heavy; fleshy  
 Squab'ble, *s.* a low brawl, a petty quarrel  
 Squad'ron, *s.* a part of an army or fleet  
 Squal'id, *a.* foul, nasty, filthy; ill-favoured  
 Squall, *s.* sudden gust of wind; loud scream  
 Squall, Squeal, *v. n.* to scream suddenly  
 Squall'y, *a.* windy, gusty, stormy  
 Squa'mose, Squa'mous, *a.* scaly; rough  
 Squan'der, *v. a.* to spend profusely; scatter  
 Square, *a.* having right angles, cornered; strong; stout; equal; honest; fair, &c.  
 Square, *s.* a regular figure; an instrument  
 Square, *v.* to form with right angles; fit  
 Squash, *s.* any thing soft; a sudden fall  
 Squat, *v. n.* to sit close to the ground  
 Squat, *a.* cowering down; thick and short  
 Squeak, *v. n.* to make a shrill noise, cry out  
 Squeak, *s.* a shrill, quick cry  
 Squeam'fish, *a.* weak-stomached; nice  
 Squeeze, *v. a.* to press, crush, oppress  
 Squelch, *s.* a heavy fall  
 Squib, *s.* a small paper pipe with wild-fire  
 Squill, *s.* a sea-onion; a fish; an insect  
 Squi'nancy, *s.* inflammation in the throat  
 Squint, *v. n.* to look obliquely or awry  
 Squire, *v. a.* to conduct a person---*s.* a title  
 Squir'rel, *s.* a small active animal  
 Squirt, *s.* a pipe to eject liquor  
 Squirt, *v.* to throw out in a quick stream  
 Stab, *v. a.* to pierce with a pointed weapon; to wound mentally by calumny  
 Stab, *s.* a wound with a sharp weapon; a blow  
 Stabil'ity, *s.* steadiness, fixedness, firmness  
 Stable, *a.* fixed, constant; strong, firm  
 Stable, *s.* a house for horses, &c.

Stack, *s.* a pile of hay, corn, or wood; of chimnies, or funnels  
 Sta'dle, *s.* a staff, a crutch; a young  
 Stadt'holder, *s.* the chief magistrate of united provinces of Holland  
 Staff, *s.* a stick; a prop; an ensign of  
 Stag, *s.* a red male deer, five years old  
 Stage, *s.* a theatre, place where any public is transacted; that part of a  
 ney where a person takes fresh horses  
 Sta/ge-coach, *s.* a coach that travels by  
 Stag'gard, *s.* a four year old stag  
 Stag'ger, *v.* to reel; faint; hesitate;  
 Stag'gers, *s.* vertigo in horses; madnes  
 Stag'nant, *a.* not flowing, or agitated  
 Stag'nate, *v. n.* to have no course or st  
 Stagna'tion, *s.* a stop of course, or m  
 Staid, *part. a.* sober, grave, regular  
 Stain, *v. a.* to blot, maculate; disgrac  
 Stain, *s.* a blot, taint of guilt, shame  
 Stair, *s.* a step to ascend a house, &c  
 Stair'case, *s.* a whole set of stairs  
 Stake, *s.* a post; wager; pledge; haz  
 Stake, *v. a.* to defend with stakes;  
 Stalac'tites, *s.* spar in the form of icicle  
 Stalac'tical, *a.* resembling an icicle  
 Stale, *a.* not fresh, old, worn out of  
 Stale, *v. n.* to make water  
 Sta'leness, *s.* oldness, not freshness  
 Stalk, *v. n.* to walk stately---*s.* a st  
 Stalk'inghorse, *s.* a horse used by fowl  
 conceal themselves from the game  
 Stall, *s.* a crib for horses, &c.; a bo  
 Stal'lion, *s.* a horse not castrated  
 Stam'ina, *s.* first principles of any t  
 solids of a human body, threads of p  
 Stamin'eous, *a.* consisting of threads  
 Stam'mer, *v. n.* to faulter in one's sp  
 Stam'mering, *s.* an impediment in spe  
 Stamp, *s.* any instrument to make an  
 pressure; character, good or bad; a  
 set upon things that pay customs  
 Stamp, *v.* to strike with the foot; to  
 Stanch, *a.* sound, firm; trusty; heart  
 Stanch, *v. a.* to stop blood, &c. runn  
 Stanch'ion, *s.* a prop, a support  
 Stanch'less, *a.* that cannot be stopped  
 Stand, *v.* to be upon the feet, remain a  
 halt; offer as a candidate; persist;  
 Stand, *s.* a station, post; halt; perple  
 Stand'ard, *s.* an ensign in war; a  
 weight; a measure; undoubted auth  
 Stand'el, *s.* a tree of long standing  
 Stan'ding, *s.* continuance; station; ra  
 Stand'ing, *part. a.* established, settled,  
 ing; stagnant; not transitory  
 Stand'ish, *s.* a case for pen and ink  
 Stang, *s.* a measure of land, a perch  
 Stan'gary, *s.* the mines and places wh  
 is digged and refined

ste, *s.* a set of verses  
ste, *s.* a settled mart, an established emporium; a loop of iron  
ste, *a.* settled, established in commerce  
ste, *s.* a luminous globe in the heavens  
steard, *s.* the right side of a ship, &c.  
ste, *s.* a substance made of flour or potatos, to stiffen linen with  
ste, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch  
steched, *a.* stiffened with starch; formal  
steckly, *ad.* stiffly; precisely  
ste, *v. n.* to look with wonder, &c.  
steazer, *s.* an astronomer, or astrologer  
ste, *a.* stiff; strong; full; simple, plain  
ste, *ad.* stiffly, strongly  
steless, *a.* having no light of stars  
steight, *s.* lustre of the stars  
steike, *a.* bright; pointed as a star  
steeling, *s.* a bird; a defence to the piers of bridges in a river  
steined, *a.* decorated with stars  
steiry, *a.* consisting of, or like stars  
ste, *v.* to rise or move suddenly; propose  
ste, *s.* a motion of terror, quick spring  
steer, *s.* one that shrinks from his purpose  
steish, Start'lsh, *a.* apt to start  
stele, *v.* to start by surprise or fright, to fright, shock, impress with sudden terror  
steve, *v.* to kill with hunger or cold  
steving, *part.* dying with hunger  
stevling, *s.* a lean meagre person  
steary, *a.* fixed, settled, determined  
ste, *s.* a condition, dignity; a republic  
ste, *v. a.* to settle, separate, represent  
steeliness, *s.* grandeur, dignity, pride  
steately, *a.* pompous, august, elevated  
steately, *ad.* majestically, proudly  
steeman, *s.* one employed in public affairs, one versed in the arts of government  
staf, Stat'ical, *a.* relating to weighing  
stafics, *s.* the science of weighing bodies  
stafion, *s.* act of standing, post, rank  
stafion, *v. a.* to place in a certain post, &c.  
stafioner, *s.* a dealer in paper, &c.  
stafist, *s.* a statesman, a politician  
stafuary, *s.* a carver of images  
stafue, *s.* an image of metal, stone, &c.  
stafure, *s.* the height of any animal  
stafutable, *a.* acting according to statute  
stafute, *s.* an act of parliament, law, edict  
stave, *v.* to break in pieces; push off; fight  
staves, *s.* the plural of *staff*  
stav, *v.* to continue in a place; stop; prop  
stav, *s.* continuance in a place; stop; prop  
stayed, *a.* settled, fixed, serious, grave  
stays, *s.* bodice for women; any support, &c.  
stead, *s.* place, room; use; help; frame  
stead, *v. a.* to help, to support, to assist  
steadfast, *a.* firm, fixed, constant, resolute

Stead'fastly, *ad.* firmly, constantly  
Stead'iness, *s.* firmness, unvaried conduct  
Stead'y, *a.* firm, not fickle, not wavering  
Steak, Stake, *s.* a slice of flesh, a collop  
Steal, *v.* to take by theft; to pass silently  
Stealth, *s.* the act of stealing, secret act  
Steam, *s.* the vapour of hot liquor, &c.  
Steed, *s.* a horse, horse for state, war, &c.  
Steel, *s.* iron refined by fire; a weapon  
Steel, *v. a.* to point with steel; to harden  
Steel'y, *a.* made of steel, hard, firm  
Steel'yard, *s.* a kind of balance for weighing  
Steen, *s.* a fictitious vessel of clay or stone  
Steep, *a.* rising or descending with great inclination; of a difficult ascent  
Steep, *s.* a precipice—*v. a.* to soak in liquor  
Stee'ple, *s.* a turret of a church, a spire  
Steep'y, *a.* steep, perpendicular, inclining  
Steer, *s.* a young ox—*v.* to guide a ship  
Steer'age, *s.* the act of steering; an apartment before the great cabin of a ship, from which it is separated by a partition  
Steers'man, *s.* he who steers ship  
Steganog'rphy, *s.* the art of secret writing  
Stegnot'ic, *a.* binding, making costive  
Stel'lar, Stel'lary, *a.* relating to the stars  
Stel'lare, Stel'lated, *a.* pointed as a star  
Stelliferous, *a.* having stars  
Stel'lion, *s.* a newt; a spotted lizard  
Stem, *s.* a stalk; twig; family, race, generation; a ship's prow or fore part  
Stem, *v. a.* to oppose a current, to stop  
Stench, *s.* a stink, a bad smell  
Stenog'rphy, *s.* short-hand writing  
Stentorophon'ic-tube, *s.* a speaking trumpet  
Step, *v. n.* to move with the feet, to walk  
Step, *s.* footstep; action; round of a ladder  
Step'dame, Step'mother, *s.* a mother-in-law  
Step'daughter, *s.* a daughter-in-law  
Stereora'tion, *s.* the act of dunging  
Stereog'rphy, *s.* the art of drawing the forms of solids upon a plane  
Stereom'etry, *s.* the art of measuring solid bodies to find their contents  
Ster'il, *a.* barren, unfruitful, dry  
Steril'ity, *s.* barrenness, unfruitfulness  
Sterling, *s.* English coin; standard rate  
Sterling, *a.* genuine; lawful English coin  
Stern, *a.* severe of look or manners, harsh  
Stern, *s.* the hindermost part of a ship  
Stern'ly, *ad.* severely, harshly, rigidly  
Stern'on, or Stern'um, *s.* the breast bone  
Sternu'tion, *s.* the act of sneezing  
Sternu'tive, *a.* apt to cause sneezing  
Stew, *v.* to seeth slowly—*s.* a hot-house  
Stew'ard, *s.* a manager of another's affairs  
Stew'ardship, *s.* the office of a steward  
Stib'ial, *a.* antimonial  
Stick, *s.* a small piece of wood, a staff  
Stick, *v.* to fasten on; adhere; scruple; stab

Stic'kle, *v. n.* to contend with obstinacy, &c.  
 Stick'ler, *s.* a busybody; a zealot in any  
     public affair; an obstinate contender  
 Stick'y, *a.* viscous, adhesive, glutinous  
 Stiff, *a.* inflexible, harsh, formal, strong  
 Stiff'en, *v.* to make or grow stiff, be hard-  
     ened, grow obstinate, become unpliant  
 Stiffly, *ad.* rigidly, inflexibly, stubbornly  
 Stiff-necked, *a.* stubborn, contumacious  
 Stiff'ness, *s.* obstinacy, inflexibility  
 Stif'le, *v.* to suffocate, suppress, extinguish  
 Stig'ma, *s.* a brand, a mark of infamy  
 Stig'matize, *v. a.* to mark with infamy  
 Stil'lar, *a.* belonging to the stile of a dial  
 Stile, *s.* steps into a field; pin of a sun-dial  
 Stilet'to, *s.* a small dagger, or tuck  
 Still, *v. a.* to silence, quiet, appease, distil  
 Still, *a.* silent, calm—*ad.* nevertheless  
 Still, *s.* a vessel for distillation; silence  
 Stillati'tious, *a.* drawn by a still  
 Still'atory, *s.* a still; a laboratory  
 Still'born, *a.* dead in the birth, born lifeless  
 Still'ness, *s.* calmness, quietness, silence  
 Stilts, *s.* walking supports used by boys  
 Stim'uлатe, *v. a.* to excite, egg on, spur on  
 Stimula'tion, *s.* an excitement, pungency  
 Sting, *v. a.* to pierce or wound with a sting  
 Sting, *s.* a sharp point with which some ani-  
     mals are armed; any thing that gives  
     pain; the point in the last verse  
 Stin'giness, *s.* covetousness, niggardliness  
 Stin'go, *s.* fine old strong beer  
 Stin'gy, *a.* covetous, niggardly, avaricious  
 Stink, *s.* an offensive smell, a stench  
 Stink'pot, *s.* a kind of hand grenade, filled  
     with a stinking composition  
 Stint, *v. a.* to bound, to limit, to restrain  
 Sti'pend, *s.* wages, salary, settled pay  
 Stipend'ary, *s.* one who serves for a stipend  
 Stip'tic, *a.* apt to stop blood; astringent  
 Stip'uлатe, *v. n.* to contract, to settle terms  
 Stipula'tion, *s.* a bargain, a contract  
 Stir, *v.* to move, agitate, incite, rise  
 Stir, *s.* tumult, bustle, commotion  
 Stir'ious, *a.* resembling icicles  
 Stir'rer, *s.* one in motion; an early riser  
 Stir'rup, *s.* an iron for a horseman's foot  
 Stitch, *v.* to sew with a needle; join, unite  
 Stitch, *s.* a sharp pain in the side, &c.  
 Stive, *v. a.* to puff up close; to make hot  
 Stocca'do, *s.* a thrust with a rapier  
 Stock, *s.* the trunk or body of a plant; a  
     log; linen for the neck; lineage; quan-  
     tity; fund of money; frame of a gun, &c.  
 Stock, *v. a.* to store, to lay in store  
 Stock'dove, *s.* a kind of wild pigeon  
 Stock'fish, *s.* a cod dried without salt  
 Stock'ing, *s.* a covering for the leg  
 Stock'jobber, *s.* one who deals in stock  
 Stock'lock, *s.* a lock fixed in wood

Stocks, *s.* a prison for the legs; a fram-  
     timber, &c. on which ships are built  
 Sto'ic, *s.* a philosopher of the sect of  
 Sto'ical, *a.* pertaining to the Stoicks  
 Sto'icism, *s.* the opinion, &c. of the Stoicks  
 Stole, *s.* a long vest, a royal robe  
 Sto'len, *part. pass.* of *to steal*  
 Stom'ach, *s.* the ventricles of digestion  
     petite; anger; sullenness; pride  
 Stom'ach, *v.* to resent, to be violently a-  
 Stom'acher, *s.* an ornament for the bre-  
 Stomach'ic, *a.* relating to the stomach  
 Stone, *s.* a mineral not ductile or malle-  
     a gem; a concretion in the bladder  
     kidneys; a weight of 14lb. &c.; the  
     which contains the seeds of some fruit  
 Stone, *a.* made of or like stone  
 Stone, *v. a.* to pelt or kill with stones  
 Sto'necutter, *s.* a hewer of stones  
 Sto'nefruit, *s.* plums, apricots, peaches,  
 Sto'nehorse, *s.* a horse not castrated  
 Sto'nepit, *s.* a quarry where stones are  
 Sto'nepitch, *s.* hard, inspissated pitch  
 Sto'ny, *a.* made of, or full of stones, &c.  
 Stood, *preterite* of *to stand*  
 Stool, *s.* a seat without a back; an evacua-  
 Stool'ball, *s.* a kind of game with balls  
 Stoop, *v. n.* to bend, to yield, to submit  
 Stoop, *s.* a measure of two quarts  
 Stop, *v. a.* to hinder, to close up, to ob-  
 Stop, *s.* a pause or stand; prohibition; pa-  
     in writing; regulation in music, &c.  
 Stop'cock, *s.* a pipe made to let out liquid  
     stopped by turning a cock  
 Stop'page, *s.* an obstruction, hinderance  
 Stop'ple, or Stop'per, *s.* that by which  
     mouth or hole of a vessel is stopped  
 Sto'rax, *s.* the name of a tree, and its g-  
 Store, *s.* plenty, abundance; a warehou-  
 Store, *v. a.* to furnish, replenish, lay up  
 Sto'rehouse, *s.* a magazine, a treasury  
 Stork, *s.* a bird of passage  
 Storm, *s.* a tempest; assault; sedition  
 Storm, *v.* to attack by open force, to ra-  
 Storm'y, *a.* violent, tempestuous  
 Sto'ry, *s.* a narrative, a tale; flight of roo-  
 Stove, *s.* a hot-house; a place to make fire  
 Stout, *a.* strong, brave, firm, intrepid, lu-  
 Stout'ly, *ad.* boldly, lustily, obstinately  
 Stout'ness, *s.* strength, fortitude, obstina-  
 Stow, *v. a.* to lay up in order, and close  
 Stow'age, *s.* a place where goods may  
     stowed or laid up; a being laid up  
 Stra'bism, *s.* a squinting; act of looking ask-  
 Strad'dle, *v. n.* to walk wide and awkwardly  
 Straggle, *v. n.* to wander dispersedly;  
     rove, to ramble; to exuberate  
 Straight, *a.* not crooked; right; narrow  
 Straight, Straight'ways, *ad.* immediately  
 Straight'en, *v. a.* to make straight

win, *v.* to squeeze through something ;  
grain ; make ; turn ; tendency  
style, *n.* style of speaking ; song ; note ;  
character ; turn ; tendency  
strainer, *n.* an instrument for filtration  
narrow, *a.* narrow, close, difficult, not wide  
narrow pass, *n.* a narrow pass or frith ; difficulty  
narrow, *v. a.* to make narrow, to confine  
narrowly, *ad.* narrowly, strictly, rigorously  
narrowness, *n.* narrowness, rigour, distress  
nake, *n.* a plate of iron ; seam ; breadth  
nand, *n.* the sea-beach, verge of any river  
nand, *v.* to drive or force on the shallows  
nange, *a.* foreign, wonderful, odd  
nangely, *ad.* wonderfully, uncommonly  
nager, *n.* a foreigner, one unacquainted  
nangle, *v. a.* to choke, suffocate, suppress  
nangles, *n.* a disease in horses  
nangury, *n.* difficulty of urine with pain  
nang, *n.* a long, narrow thong of leather  
nappado, *n.* chastisement with a strap  
napping, *a.* large, vast, well-grown  
nangta, *n.* beds, or layers of different matter  
nanggem, *n.* an artifice in war ; a trick  
natum, *n.* a bed or layer of earth, &c.  
naw, *n.* the stalk on which corn grows  
nawberry, *n.* a fine summer fruit  
naw-colour, *a.* of a light yellow colour  
nay, *v. n.* to wander, rove, err, deviate  
nay, *n.* any creature, &c. lost by wandering  
nreak, *n.* a line of colour, stripe, track  
nreak, *v. a.* to stripe, variegate, dapple  
nreaky, *a.* striped, variegated by lines  
nream, *n.* a running water, a current  
nream, *v.* to flow, issue continually, streak  
nream'er, *n.* an ensign, flag, pennon  
nreet, *n.* a paved way between houses  
nrength, *n.* force, vigour, armament  
nrength'en, *v.* to make strong, to confirm  
nrengthener, *n.* that which makes strong  
nrouous, *a.* bold, active, brave, zealous  
nrouously, *ad.* vigorously, zealously  
nrepent, *a.* making a loud hoarse noise  
nreperous, *a.* noisy, jarring, hoarse  
nress, *n.* importance ; violence, force  
nstretch, *v. a.* to extend, expand, draw out  
nstretch, *n.* extension, reach, struggle  
nstretch'er, *n.* any thing used for extension ;  
the wood against which rowers set their  
feet ; one who stretches ; a support  
nrew, *v. a.* to spread by scattering  
nritz, *n.* small channels in cockle-shells, &c.  
nstrate, *n.* striated, *a.* formed in striæ  
nchicken, *part.* beaten, smitten, advanced  
nrickle, *n.* that which strikes the corn in  
a measure to level it  
nrid, *a.* exact, rigorous, severe, confined  
nridly, *ad.* exactly, rigorously, accurately  
nicture, *n.* a contraction ; a slight touch

Stride, *n.* a long step—*v.* to make long steps  
Strife, *n.* contention, contest, discord  
Strig'ment, *n.* scrapings, dross, filth  
Strike, *v.* to hit with a blow ; impress ; stamp ;  
lower ; make a bargain ; be stranded  
Strike, *n.* a bushel ; a dry measure  
Stri'king, *part. a.* affecting, surprising  
String, *n.* a slender rope ; cord ; series  
String, *v. a.* to furnish with strings ; to file  
String'ed, *a.* having, or produced by strings  
Strin'gent, *a.* binding, contracting  
String'halt, *n.* a disorder in horses  
Strin'gy, *a.* fibrous, consisting of threads  
Strip, *v. a.* to make naked, to rob, to divest  
Strip, *n.* a narrow shred, a slip  
Stripe, *n.* a streak in silk, cloth, &c. ; a lash  
with a whip ; a blow—*v. a.* to variegate  
with lines of different colours  
Strip'ling, *n.* a youth  
Strive, *v. n.* to struggle, labour, contend, vie  
Stroke, *n.* a blow, knock ; sound of a clock  
Stroke, *v. a.* to rub gently or tenderly  
Stroll, *v. n.* to wander, to rove, to gad idly  
Stroll'er, *n.* a vagrant, wanderer, vagabond  
Strong, *a.* vigorous, hale, potent, cogent  
Strongly, *ad.* powerfully, vehemently  
Stro'phe, *n.* the first stanza of a poem  
Strove, *pret. of to strive*  
Struck, *pret. and part. pass. of to strike*  
Struc'ture, *n.* an edifice, building ; form  
Strug'gle, *v. n.* to labour, to strive, to contest  
Strug'gle, *n.* labour, effort, contest, agony  
Stru'mous, *a.* having swellings in the glands ;  
relating to the king's evil  
Strum'pet, *n.* a prostitute, a harlot  
Strung, *pret. and part. pass. of to string*  
Strut, *v. n.* to walk affectedly, to swell  
Stub, *n.* a log, a block—*v. a.* to root up  
Stub'bed, *a.* short and thick ; truncated  
Stub'ble, *n.* stalks of corn after reaping  
Stub'born, *a.* obstinate, inflexible ; rugged  
Stub'bornly, *ad.* obstinately, contumaciously  
Stub'nail, *n.* a nail broken off  
Stuc'co, *n.* a fine plaster for walls  
Stuck, *pret. and part. pass. of to stick*  
Stud, *n.* a stock of breeding mares ; a button  
Stu'dent, *n.* a scholar, a bookish man  
Stud'ied, *a.* learned, versed in any study  
Stu'dious, *a.* diligent, contemplative  
Stu'diously, *ad.* diligently, carefully  
Stud'y, *n.* application to books and learning ;  
deep thought ; an apartment for books  
Stud'y, *v.* to muse, to contrive, to consider  
Stuff, *n.* furniture, goods ; medicine ; cloth  
Stuff, *v.* to fill, to swell, to feed glutonously  
Stuff'ing, *n.* that by which any thing is filled ;  
relishing ingredients put into meat  
Stultil'oquence, *n.* foolish talk  
Stul'tify, *v. a.* to make foolish  
Stumble, *v.* to trip in walking, to err, to slip

**Stum**, *s.* new wines used to raise fermentation in dead and vapid wines  
**Stum'bler**, *s.* one that stumbles or mistakes  
**Stump**, *s.* the part of any solid body remaining after the rest is taken away  
**Stump'y**, *a.* full of stumps, hard, strong  
**Stun**, *v. a.* to render stupid by a noise or blow  
**Stung**, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to sting*  
**Stunk**, *pret. of to stink*  
**Stunt**, *v. a.* to hinder from growth  
**Stape**, *s.* warm medicaments for a sore, &c.  
**Stupe**, *v. a.* to foment; to dress with stupes  
**Stupefac'tion**, *s.* insensibility, stupidness  
**Stupefac'tive**, *a.* causing insensibility  
**Stupen'dous**, *a.* prodigious, wonderful  
**Stu'pid**, *a.* dull, heavy, sluggish  
**Stupid'ity**, *s.* heaviness of mind, dulness  
**Stu'pify**, *v. a.* to make stupid, to benumb  
**Stu'por**, *s.* a suspension of sensibility  
**Stu'prate**, *v. a.* to violate, to ravish, deflower  
**Stur'diness**, *s.* stoutness, hardiness  
**Stur'dy**, *a.* hardy, obstinate, strong, stout  
**Stur'geon**, *s.* the name of a fish  
**Sturk**, *s.* a young ox or heifer  
**Stut'er**, *v. n.* to stammer, to speak badly  
**Stut'terer**, *s.* one that stutters  
**Sty**, *s.* a hovel for hogs  
**Sty'gian**, *a.* hellish, infernal  
**Style**, *s.* manner of writing, or speaking; title; method of reckoning the year, &c.  
**Style**, *v. a.* to call, to term, to name  
**Styptic**, *s.* an astringent medicine or lotion  
**Styptic**, *a.* astringent; able to stop blood  
**Sua'sible**, *a.* easy to be persuaded  
**Sua'sive**, *a.* having power to persuade  
**Suav'ity**, *s.* sweetness, pleasantness  
**Sub'a'cid**, *s.* sour in a small degree  
**Subac'rid**, *a.* pungent in a small degree  
**Subac'tion**, *s.* the act of reducing  
**Sub'altern**, *a.* subordinate, inferior  
**Sub'altern**, *s.* an inferior officer or judge  
**Subaltern'ate**, *a.* succeeding by turns  
**Subchant'er**, *s.* the deputy of a precentor  
**Subcla'vian**, *a.* lying under the arm-pit  
**Subcut'a'neous**, *a.* lying under the skin  
**Subdea'con**, *s.* in the Romish church, is the deacon's servant  
**Subde'an**, *s.* the vicegerent of a dean  
**Subde'cuple**, *a.* containing one part of ten  
**Subdive'rify**, *v. a.* to diversify over again  
**Subdi've**, *v. a.* to divide again  
**Sub'dolous**, *a.* cunning, artful, sly  
**Subdu'ce**, *Subdu'ct*, *v. a.* to withdraw, to take away, to subtract  
**Subduc'tion**, *s.* the act of taking away  
**Subdu'e**, *v. a.* to conquer, to crush, to tame  
**Subdu'ple**, *Subdu'plicate*, *a.* half, one in two  
**Subja'cent**, *a.* lying under  
**Subje'ct**, *v. a.* to reduce to submission, to enslave, to make liable, to expose  
**Sub'ject**, *a.* placed under; liable, apt  
**Sub'ject**, *s.* one who is under the dominion of another; the matter treated of  
**Subjec'tion**, *s.* state of being under a super  
**Subject'ive**, *a.* relating to the subject  
**Subingress'ion**, *s.* secret entrance  
**Subjo'in**, *v. a.* to add at the end, or after  
**Subita'neous**, *a.* sudden, hasty  
**Subjugate**, *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue  
**Subjugation**, *s.* a taming, or subduing  
**Subjunction**, *s.* the act of subjoining  
**Subjunc'tive**, *a.* subjoined to something  
**Sublap'sary**, *a.* done after the fall of man  
**Subli'mable**, *a.* that may be sublimed  
**Subli'mate**, *v. a.* to raise by chymical fire  
**Subli'mate**, *s.* quicksilver sublimated  
**Sublima'tion**, *s.* chymical operation which raises bodies in the vessel by force of fire  
**Subli'me**, *a.* high in place or style, lofty  
**Subli'me**, *s.* the grand or lofty style  
**Subli'mely**, *ad.* in a lofty manner, grandly  
**Sublim'i'ty**, *s.* height of place, style, or excellency; loftiness of style or sentiment  
**Sublin'gual**, *a.* placed under the tongue  
**Sublu'nar**, *Sub'lunary*, *a.* under the orb of the moon, terrestrial, earthly  
**Submar'i'ne**, *a.* lying or acting under the sea  
**Submer'sion**, *s.* the act of drowning  
**Submis's**, *Submis'sive*, *a.* humble, obsequious  
**Submis'sion**, *s.* a yielding to, obedience  
**Submis'sively**, *ad.* humbly, &c.  
**Submi't**, *v.* to refer to judgment, to yield to, to resign to authority; to let down, to submit  
**Submul'tiple**, *s.* an even part  
**Subnas'cent**, *a.* growing out underneath  
**Suboc'tave**, *Suboc'tuple*, *a.* one part of eight  
**Subor'dinacy**, *Subor'dinancy*, *s.* the state of being subject; series of subordination  
**Subor'dinate**, *a.* inferior in order, subject  
**Subor'dinately**, *ad.* in a series regularly descending; in an inferior degree  
**Subordina'tion**, *s.* a state of being inferior  
**Subo'r'n**, *v. a.* to procure by false means  
**Suborn'a'tion**, *s.* the crime of procuring any one to do a bad action  
**Subpœ'na**, *s.* a writ commanding attendance  
**Subquad'uple**, *a.* containing a fourth part  
**Subquin'tuple**, *a.* containing a fifth part  
**Subrept'i'tious**, *a.* fraudulently obtained  
**Subscri'be**, *v.* to sign, to attest, to consent  
**Subscri'ber**, *s.* one who subscribes, &c.  
**Subscrip'tion**, *s.* any thing underwritten; a testament or consent by underwriting the name; money, &c. subscribed for carrying on any undertaking; submission  
**Subsec'utive**, *a.* following in train  
**Subse'quence**, *s.* the state of following  
**Subsequ'ent**, *a.* following, not preceding  
**Subsequ'ently**, *ad.* so as to follow in train  
**Subse'rve**, *v. a.* to promote, to help forward

Ser'ven'ty, *s.* instrumental fitness or use  
 Ser'vent, *a.* instrumental; serviceable  
 Ser'vide, *v. n.* to sink or tend downwards  
 Ser'vency, *s.* tendency downward  
 Ser'v'it'ary, *a.* assistant; brought in aid  
 Ser'v'ity, *s.* an aid, tax, or tribute  
 Ser'v'ise, *v. a.* to sign under  
 Ser'vise, *v. n.* to continue; have means of living  
 Ser'v'is'e, *s.* real being; competence  
 Ser'v'is'ent, *a.* having real being, existent  
 Ser'v'is'ce, *s.* something existing; essential  
 part; something real; body; wealth  
 Ser'v'is'ial, *a.* real, solid, corporeal, strong  
 Ser'v'is'it'ly, *s.* corporeity, materiality  
 Ser'v'is'it'ialize, *v. a.* to reduce to reality  
 Ser'v'is'it'ially, *ad.* strongly, solidly, truly  
 Ser'v'is'it'ate, *v. a.* to make to exist  
 Ser'v'is'it'antive, *s.* a noun betokening a thing  
 Ser'v'is'it'antive, *a.* solid; denoting existence  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *v. a.* to put in the place of another  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *s.* one acting for another  
 Ser'v'is'it'um, *s.* a layer of earth, or any other  
 thing that lies under another  
 Ser'v'is'it'ion, *s.* an under building  
 Ser'v'is'it'ive, Sub'sert'ory, *a.* moving by starts  
 Ser'v'is'it'nd, *v. a.* to extend underneath  
 Ser'v'is'it'ne, *s.* the chord of an arch  
 Ser'v'is'it'uent, *a.* running under  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* an evasion, shift, trick  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, Subterra'nean, Subterra'neous, *a.* lying under  
 the earth, placed below the surface  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* a place under ground  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *a.* thin; nice, acute, cunning  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *ad.* finely, artfully, cunningly  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* fineness, rareness; cunning  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *v. a.* to make thin  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *s.* the act of making thin  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* thinness; cunningness, slyness  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *v.* to make thin, to refine  
 Ser'v'is'it'ute, *s.* superfluous acuteness  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *a.* sly, artful, cunning  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *v. a.* to take away part  
 Ser'v'is'it'ion, *s.* a taking part from the whole  
 Ser'v'is'it'ion, *s.* a supply, aid, relief  
 Ser'v'is'it'ion, *s.* overthrow, ruin, destruction  
 Ser'v'is'it'sive, *a.* tending to overturn  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *v. a.* to overthrow, overturn, ruin  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* buildings, &c. belonging to a  
 city, but without the walls  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *a.* in the room of another  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* that which is put to serve  
 for something else  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *v.* to follow in order; to prosper  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *s.* happy termination of any affair  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *a.* prosperous, fortunate  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *ad.* prosperously, luckily  
 Ser'v'is'it'ion, *s.* a series of things or persons  
 following one another; lineage; inheritance;  
 order of descendants  
 Ser'v'is'it'ue, *a.* following in order

Success'ively, *ad.* in uninterrupted order  
 Suc'cess'or, *s.* one who succeeds to another  
 Succ'i'net, *a.* tucked up; concise, brief  
 Succinct'ly, *ad.* briefly, concisely  
 Suc'cory, *s.* a plant, wild endive  
 Suc'cour, *v. a.* to relieve, assist in distress  
 Suc'cour, *s.* aid, assistance, relief  
 Suc'cul'ent, *a.* juicy, moist, full of juice  
 Suc'cu'mb, *v. n.* to sink under difficulty, yield  
 Succus'sion, *s.* the act of shaking  
 Such, *pron.* of that, or the like kind  
 Suck, *v.* to draw in; to extract moisture  
 Suck'er, *s.* any thing that draws; part of a  
 pump; a young twig or shoot  
 Suck'et, *s.* a sweetmeat, a conserve  
 Suc'kle, *v. a.* to nurse at the breast  
 Suck'ling, *s.* a sucking child, lamb, &c.  
 Suc'tion, *s.* the act of sucking up  
 Suda'tion, *s.* sweating  
 Sud'atory, *a.* sweating—*s.* a sweating bath  
 Sud'en, *a.* without notice, hasty, violent  
 Sud'den, *s.* any unexpected occurrence  
 Sud'denly, *ad.* in an unexpected manner  
 Sudorific, *a.* provoking or causing sweat  
 Suds, *s.* a lixivium of soap and water  
 Sue, *v.* to prosecute by law; beg, entreat  
 Su'et, *s.* fat, hard fat about the kidneys  
 Su'et'y, *a.* consisting of, or like suet  
 Suff'er, *v.* to bear, endure, permit, undergo  
 Suff'erable, *a.* that may be borne  
 Suff'erance, *s.* pain, patience, permission  
 Suff'ferer, *s.* one who endures or suffers  
 Suff'fering, *s.* pain suffered  
 Suff'ice, *v.* to be enough, or sufficient  
 Suff'i'ciency, *s.* a being sufficient, competency,  
 supply equal to want  
 Suff'i'cient, *a.* equal to; qualified for  
 Suff'i'ciently, *ad.* enough; tolerably  
 Suff'focate, *v. a.* to smother, stifle, choke  
 Suff'ocation, *s.* the act of choking  
 Suff'ragan, *s.* a term applied to a bishop, as  
 subject to his metropolitan  
 Suff'rage, *s.* a vote, voice, approbation  
 Suff'u'migate, *v.* to smoak underneath  
 Suffumiga'tion, *s.* fume raised by fire  
 Suffu'mige, *s.* a medical fume  
 Suffu'se, *v. a.* to spread over with a tincture  
 Suffu'sion, *s.* a spreading over; a dimness  
 Su'gar, *s.* the native salt of the sugar-cane  
 Su'garplum, *s.* a kind of sweetmeat  
 Su'gary, *a.* sweet, tasting of sugar  
 Sugges't, *v. a.* to hint, to prompt, to put in  
 one's mind, to inform secretly  
 Sugges'tion, *s.* a hint, intimation, notice  
 Sug'glate, *v. a.* to beat black and blue  
 Su'icide, *s.* self-murder; a self-murderer  
 Su'ilage, *s.* a drain of filth  
 Su'ing, *s.* the act of soaking through  
 Suit, *s.* a petition; set; courtship; retinue  
 Suit, *v.* to fit, to become, to agree, to accord

Suit'able, *a.* agreeable to, according with  
 Suit'ably, *ad.* agreeably, according to  
 Suit'er, Suit'or, *s.* a petitioner; a wooer  
 Suit'ress, *s.* a female petitioner  
 Sul'len, *a.* gloomy, dismal; obstinate  
 Sul'lenly, *ad.* gloomily, angrily, intractably  
 Sul'lenness, *s.* moroseness, malignity  
 Sul'ly, *v. a.* to soil, to tarnish, to dirt, to spot  
 Sul'phur, *s.* brimstone, a fat, unctuous, mineral substance, inflammable by fire  
 Sulphu'reous, *a.* containing, or like sulphur  
 Sulphury, *a.* partaking of sulphur  
 Sul'tan, *s.* the Turkish emperor  
 Sulta'na, Sul'taness, *s.* the Grand Seignor's consort  
 Sul'try, *a.* hot and close, hot and cloudy  
 Sum, *s.* the whole of any thing; a certain quantity of money; a compendium  
 Sum, *v. a.* to compute, to comprise; collect  
 Sum'less, *a.* not to be computed  
 Sum'marily, *ad.* briefly, the shortest way  
 Sum'mary, *a.* concise—*s.* an abridgment  
 Sum'mer, *s.* the second season  
 Sum'mer-house, *s.* a pleasure-house or arbour in a garden, used in the summer  
 Sum'merset, *s.* a leap heels over head  
 Sum'mit, *s.* the top, the utmost height  
 Sum'mon, *v. a.* to call with authority, cite  
 Sum'moner, *s.* one who summons or cites  
 Sum'mons, *s.* a call of authority, citation  
 Sump'ter, *s.* a horse of state; a packhorse  
 Sump'tion, *s.* the act of taking  
 Sump'tuary, *a.* of or pertaining to expenses  
 Sump'tuous, *a.* costly, expensive, splendid  
 Sump'tuously, *ad.* expensively, splendidly  
 Sump'tuousness, *s.* expensiveness  
 Sun, *s.* the luminary that makes the day  
 Sun'beam, *s.* a ray of the sun  
 Sun'burnt, *a.* tanned by the sun  
 Sun'day, *s.* the christian sabbath  
 Sun'der, *v. a.* to divide or part asunder  
 Sun'dial, *s.* a marked plate on which the shadow points the hour  
 Sun'dry, *a.* several, various, more than one  
 Sun'flower, *s.* a large yellow flower  
 Sung, *pret. and part. pass. of to sing*  
 Sunk, *pret. and part. pass. of to sink*  
 Sun'less, *a.* wanting sun, wanting warmth  
 Sun'ny, *a.* bright, clear, exposed to the sun  
 Sun'rise, *s.* the begining of morning  
 Sun'set, *s.* the close of the day, evening  
 Sun'shine, *s.* the radiant light of the sun  
 Sun'shiny, *a.* bright with, or like the sun  
 Sup, *v.* to drink by sups; to eat supper  
 Sup, *s.* a small draught of liquor  
 Su'perable, *a.* that may be conquered  
 Superabu'nd, *v. n.* to be exuberant  
 Superabun'dance, *s.* more than enough  
 Superabun'dant, *a.* being more than enough  
 Superadd'd, *v. n.* to add over and above

Superaddi'tion, *s.* act of adding to something  
 Superadve'nient, *a.* coming unexpected  
 Superan'nuate, *v.* to impair by age, &c.  
 Superan'uated, *a.* disqualified by age  
 Supe'rb, *a.* grand, pompous, stately  
 Superb'ly, *ad.* in a superb manner, proudly  
 Supercar'go, *s.* a sea-officer to manage the  
 Supercer'e'tial, *a.* above the firmament  
 Supercil'ious, *a.* proud, haughty, arbitrary  
 Supercil'iously, *ad.* contemptuously  
 Superem'inence, *s.* superior excellence  
 Superem'inent, *a.* eminent in a high degree  
 Superer'ogate, *v. n.* to do more than duty  
 Supereroga'tion, *s.* doing more than duty  
 Superex'cellent, *a.* uncommonly excellent  
 Su'perfic'e, *s.* the surface, the outside  
 Superfi'cial, *a.* lying on the surface; contrived to cover something; shallow  
 Superfi'cies, *s.* the outside, or surface  
 Superfi'ne, *a.* eminently fine  
 Superfluitant, *a.* floating on the top  
 Superflui'ty, *s.* more than enough  
 Superflu'ous, *a.* exuberant, unnecessary  
 Su'perflux, *s.* what is more than is wanted  
 Superincum'bent, *a.* lying or leaning on the top of something else  
 Superindu'ce, *v. a.* to bring in as an addition  
 Superinte'nd, *v. a.* to oversee; to manage  
 Superintend'ency, *s.* the act of overseeing  
 Superintend'ent, *s.* a chief overseer  
 Superior'ity, *s.* a being greater, or higher, &c.  
 Superior, *a.* higher, greater, preferable  
 Superla'tion, *s.* an exaggeration, excess  
 Superlative, *a.* implying the highest degree  
 Superlu'nar, *a.* placed above the moon  
 Super'nal, *a.* coming from above; celestial  
 Superna'tant, *a.* swimming above  
 Supernat'ural, *a.* above nature; miraculous  
 Supernu'merary, *a.* above a stated number  
 Superpurga'tion, *s.* an over-purging  
 Superscri'be, *v. a.* to write over, or on the outside of a letter, deed, writing, &c.  
 Superscrip'tion, *s.* a writing on the outside  
 Superse'de, *v. a.* to make void; to suspend  
 Supersti'tion, *s.* false devotion, or religion  
 Supersti'tious, *a.* addicted to superstition  
 Superstra'in, *v. a.* to overstrain  
 Superstru'ct, *v. a.* to build upon any thing  
 Superstruc'tion, *s.* edifice raised on anything  
 Superstruc'ture, *s.* what is built on another  
 Supervacu'neous, *a.* needless; superfluous  
 Superve'ne, *v. n.* to come unexpectedly  
 Superve'nient, *a.* added, additional  
 Superven'i'tion, *s.* a coming on a sudden  
 Supervi'se, *v. a.* to overlook, to oversee  
 Supervi'sor, *s.* an overseer, an inspector  
 Supi'ne, *a.* lying with the face upwards  
 Supi'ne, *s.* a verbal noun, in grammar  
 Supi'nelly, *ad.* drowsily, indolently  
 Supi'ness, *s.* drowsiness, indolence

supper, *s.* evening repast, last meal of the day  
superless, *a.* without a supper  
superlant, *v. a.* to displace by stratagem  
supple, *a.* pliant, yielding, fawning  
supplement, *s.* an addition to supply defects  
supplemental, Supplement'ary, *a.* additional; such as may supply the place of  
what is lost  
suppleness, *s.* pliancy, flexibility  
suppletory, *s.* what fills up deficiencies  
suppliant, *a.* entreating, submissive  
suppliant, Sup'plicant, *s.* a petitioner  
supplicate, *v. n.* to implore, to entreat  
supplication, *s.* an humble petition  
supp'ly, *v. a.* to relieve, serve instead of  
supp'ly, *s.* a relief of want, aid, support  
supp'ort, *v. a.* to sustain, endure, maintain  
supp'ort, *s.* a prop, maintenance, supply  
supp'ortable, *a.* tolerable; moderate  
supp'orter, *s.* one that supports; a prop  
suppose, *v. a.* to imagine or believe without examination; to lay down without proof; to admit without proof  
supposition, *s.* position laid down; hypothesis; imagination yet unproved  
suppositious, *a.* counterfeit, not genuine  
suppositiousness, *s.* a being counterfeit  
suppository, *s.* a kind of solid ointment  
supp'ress, *v. a.* to crush, subdue; conceal  
suppression, *s.* the act of suppressing  
suppurate, *v. a.* to generate pus or matter  
suppuration, *s.* a ripening to pus or matter  
suppurative, *a.* digestive; generating matter  
supputation, *s.* a reckoning, calculation  
suppute, *v. a.* to reckon, to calculate  
superior, *a.* above the world  
superi'acy, *s.* the height of authority, &c.  
superine, *a.* highest in dignity, &c.  
superinely, *ad.* in the highest degree  
superl, *a.* being in the calf of the leg  
superance, *s.* a warrant, a security  
superase, *v.* to stop, to cease, to leave off  
supercharge, *v. a.* to overburden, &c.  
super'cingle, *s.* a girth, a girdle of a cassock  
super'cile, *s.* a shoot, a twig, a sucker  
super'coat, *s.* a short coat worn over the dress  
super'd, *a.* deaf, unheard; incommensurable  
super'dly, *s.* deafness; dulness, heaviness  
super'e, *a.* certain, confident; safe; firm  
super'e, Su'rely, *ad.* certainly, undoubtedly  
super'e, *s.* certainty, security, hostage, bail  
super'face, *s.* the superficies; the outside  
super'feit, *v.* to make sick with eating, &c.  
super'ge, *s.* a swelling sea---*v. n.* to rise high  
super'geon, *s.* one who professes surgery  
super'gy, *s.* curing by manual operation  
super'ly, *a.* rising in billows; swelling  
super'ness, *s.* gloomy moroseness, sour anger  
super'ly, *a.* morose, rough, uncivil, sour  
super'mise, *s.* an imperfect notion, a suspicion

surmo'unt, *v. a.* to rise above; to conquer, to overcome, to surpass, to exceed  
surmount'able, *a.* conquerable; superable  
sur'name, *s.* a family name, appellation  
surpass', *v. a.* to excel, exceed, go beyond  
surpass'ing, *part. a.* excellent in a degree  
surplice, *s.* a clergyman's white garment  
surplus, *s.* an overplus, a remainder  
surpri'se, *s.* a sudden confusion or perplexity  
surpri'se, *v. a.* to take unawares, astonish  
surpri'sing, *part. a.* wonderful, astonishing  
surren'der, *v.* to yield, to give one's self up  
surren'der, *s.* the act of yielding, or resigning  
surrep'tion, *s.* a surprise, sudden invasion  
surrept'i'tious, *a.* done by stealth or fraud  
sur'rogate, *s.* a deputy; a delegate  
surro'und, *v. a.* to encompass, to enclose  
sursol'iid, *s.* the fourth power of any root  
surtou't, *s.* a large upper coat, a great coat  
surve'ne, *v. a.* to supervene, to be added  
Survey', *v. a.* to overlook, to oversee, view  
Survey', *s.* a view, a prospect; measure  
Survey'or, *s.* an overseer; a measurer  
survi've, *v.* to live after, to remain alive  
survi'ver, Survi'veor, *s.* the longest liver  
survi'vership, *s.* the state of a survivor  
suscep'tibil'ity, *s.* the quality of admitting  
suscep'tible, Suscep'tive, *a.* apt to take an impression; capable of admitting  
suscep'tion, *s.* the act of taking, or admitting  
suscep'tency, *s.* reception, admission  
suscep'tient, *s.* one who admits or receives  
sus'citate, *v. n.* to grieve, to excite  
suspe'ct, *v.* to fear, mistrust, think guilty  
suspe'nd, *v. a.* to hang, to delay, to put off, to debar, to make to stop for a time  
suspe'nse, *s.* an uncertainty, doubt; stop  
suspen'sion, *s.* a hanging up; a being suspended from an office; ceasing for a time  
suspen'sory, *a.* suspended, hanging by  
suspi'cion, *s.* the act of suspecting  
suspi'cious, *a.* inclined to suspect, liable to suspicion; giving reason to imagine ill  
suspira'tion, *s.* a sigh, a breathing deep  
suspi're, *v. n.* to sigh, to breathe hard or deep  
susta'in, *v. a.* to bear, to support, to maintain, to help; to defend a position  
sus'tenance, *s.* maintenance; victuals  
susur'rate, *v. n.* to whisper, to speak low  
susurra'tion, *s.* a whisper, a soft murmur  
sut'ler, *s.* one who sells victuals, liquors, &c.  
sut'tle, *s.* the neat weight of commodities  
su'ture, *s.* a sewing of wounds; a joining  
swab, *s.* a kind of mop---*v. a.* to mop  
swab'ber, *s.* a cleaner of a ship's deck, &c.  
swad'dle, *v. a.* to swathe, to bind in clothes  
swad'le, *s.* clothes bound round the body  
swag, *v. n.* to sink down by its weight  
swag'ger, *v. n.* to bluster, to bully, to brag  
swain, *s.* a country servant, a clown

Swal'low, *s.* a small bird; the throat  
 Swal'low, *v. a.* to take down the throat  
 Swam, the *pret.* of *to swim*  
 Swamp, *s.* a marsh, a fen, watery ground  
 Swamp'y, *a.* boggy, fenny, marshy  
 Swan, *s.* the name of a large water fowl  
 Swan'skin, *s.* a kind of fine soft flannel  
 Swap, *ad.* hastily—*v. a.* to exchange  
 Sward, *s.* a green turf; the skin of bacon  
 Sware, the *pret.* of *to swear*  
 Swarm, *s.* a great number of bees, &c.; a  
     crowd—*v. n.* to breed multitudes  
 Swarth'y, *a.* dark of complexion, tawny  
 Swash, *v. n.* to make a clutter or great noise  
 Swathe, *v. a.* to bind with rollers or bands  
 Sway, *v.* to bias, to govern, to have weight  
 Sway, *s.* power, rule, influence, direction  
 Sweal, Swale, *v. a.* to waste away, to melt  
 Swear, *v.* to utter an oath, declare upon oath  
 Sweat, *v.* to emit moisture; toil, labour  
 Sweat'y, *a.* moist with sweat, toilsome  
 Sweep, *v.* to clean with a besom; to carry  
     with pomp; to carry off with violence  
 Sweep, *s.* the compass of any motion  
 Sweep'ings, *s.* what is swept away  
 Sweep'net, *s.* a large kind of net  
 Sweep'stak, *s.* a man that wins all  
 Sweet, *a.* luscious to the taste, mild, soft,  
     grateful, not stale, pleasing to any sense  
 Sweet'bread, *s.* the pancreas of a calf  
 Sweet'briar, *s.* a fragrant shrub  
 Sweet'en, *v.* to make or grow sweet  
 Sweet/her, *s.* one who palliates, &c.  
 Sweet'heart, *s.* a lover, or mistress  
 Sweet'ing, *s.* a word of endearment  
 Sweet'ish, *a.* somewhat sweet  
 Sweet'meat, *s.* fruits, &c. preserved with sugar  
 Sweet'scented, *a.* having a sweet smell  
 Sweetwil'iam, *s.* a garden flower  
 Sweetwil'low, *s.* gale or Dutch myrtle  
 Swell, *v.* to grow bigger, look big; heighten  
 Swell, *s.* extension of bulk; anger  
 Swell'ing, *s.* protuberance, prominence  
 Swel't'er, *v.* to be pained or dried with heat  
 Swel'try, *a.* suffocating with heat  
 Swept, *pret.* and *part.* of *to sweep*  
 Swerve, *v. n.* to wander, to rove, to deviate  
 Swift, *a.* quick, nimble, ready, prompt  
 Swift'ness, *s.* speed, rapidity, quickness  
 Swig, *v. n.* to drink by large draughts  
 Swill, *v. a.* to drink luxuriously, inebriate  
 Swim, *v.* to float on water; to glide along  
 Swim'ming, *s.* moving on water; dizziness  
 Swim'mingly, *ad.* smoothly, unobstructedly  
 Swine, *s.* a hog, a pig  
 Swi'ncherd, *s.* a keeper of hogs  
 Swing, *v.* to wave loosely in the air  
 Swing, *s.* motion of any thing hanging  
     loosely; unrestrained liberty  
 Swinge, *v. a.* to whip, bastinade, punish

Swing'ing, *a.* great, huge  
 Swin'gle, *v. n.* to dangle; swing; bea  
 Swi'nish, *a.* resembling swine; gross  
 Switch, *s.* a small flexible twig  
 Swiv'el, *s.* a thing to run upon; a gun  
 Sweb'ber, *s.* a sweeper of a ship's deck  
 Swol'en, Swole, *part. pass.* of *to swoon*  
 Swoon, *v. n.* to faint—*s.* a fainting fit  
 Swoop, *v. a.* to fly down hastily, like a hawk on its prey; prey upon, catch  
 Swoop, or Swap, *v. a.* to exchange for another  
 Sword, *s.* a well-known military weapon  
 Sword'cutler, *s.* one who deals in swords  
 Sword'law, *s.* violence, force  
 Sword'man, *s.* a soldier, a fighting man  
 Sword'player, *s.* a gladiator, a fencer  
 Swore, the *pret.* of *to swear*  
 Sworn, *part. pass.* of *to swear*  
 Swum, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to swim*  
 Swung, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *to swing*  
 Syc'ophant, *s.* a parasite, a flatterer  
 Syl'lable, *s.* as much of a word as is uttered by the help of one vowel, or one articulation; any thing proverbially concise  
 Syl'abus, *s.* the heads of a discourse  
 Syl'logism, *s.* an argument of three propositions; as, every animal has life, God is an animal, therefore George has life  
 Syllogistical, *a.* consisting of a syllogism  
 Sylphs, *s.* a kind of fairy nymphs, elves  
 Syl'ven, (better *Silvan*), *a.* woody, shaded  
 Syl'ven, *s.* a wood-god, a satyr  
 Sym'bol, *s.* an abstract; compendium; representative, typical  
 Symbol'ical, *a.* representative, typical  
 Sym'bolize, *v.* to represent, to resemble  
 Symmet'rian, *s.* one studious of proportion  
 Symmet'rical, Sym'metral, *a.* proportionate  
 Sym'metry, *s.* a due proportion or relation of parts to the whole; harmony  
 Sympathet'ic, *a.* having mutual sensation  
 Sympathize, *v. n.* to feel with or for another  
 Sympathy, *s.* mutual sensibility, fellow-feeling, compassion  
 Sympho'nious, *a.* harmonious, musical  
 Sym'phony, *s.* harmony of mingled sounds  
 Symp'tom, *s.* a sign, a token, an indication  
 Symptomat'ic, *a.* happening concurrently  
 Syn'agogue, *s.* a place of Jewish worship  
 Synal'pha, *s.* a contraction, &c. of a syllable  
 Syn'chronism, *s.* a concurrence of events  
 Syn'cope, *s.* a fainting fit; a contraction  
 Syn'copist, *s.* a contractor of words  
 Syn'dic, *s.* a deputy; magistrate, alderman  
 Syn'dicate, *v. n.* to pass sentence on, to judge  
 Syn'drome, *s.* a concurrent action  
 Synec'doche, *s.* a figure of rhetoric, in which part is taken for the whole, the whole for a part  
 Syn'od, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly  
 Synod'ical, *a.* pertaining to a synod

onymous, *a.* of the same signification  
ysis, *s.* a short view, or epitome; an  
judgment; a general view  
stax, *s.* a system; that part of grammar  
which teaches the construction of words  
age, *s.* a pipe to squirt liquor with

Syr'tis, *s.* a quicksand, a bog  
Sys'tem, *s.* a method, theory, scheme  
Systemat'ic, *s.* one who observes system  
Systemat'ical, *a.* methodical, connected  
Sys'tole, *s.* the contraction of the heart; the  
shortening of a long syllable

## T.

IS used as an abbreviation, as T. D.  
*Theologic Doctor*, Doctor of Divinity;  
T. P. *Sandæ Theologia Professor*, Pro-  
fessor of Divinity; in music, T. denotes  
Tenor, and is also an abbreviation for  
tutti, or all together  
aby, *s.* a kind of silk—*a.* brindled  
ward, Tab'erd, *s.* a herald's coat  
wefy, *v. n.* to waste; be extenuated  
vernacle, *s.* a sacred place, a place of  
worship; a temporary habitation  
vid, *a.* consumptive, wasted by disease  
viture, *s.* painting on walls or ceilings  
vile, *s.* any flat surface; an index  
vile, *v.* to board; to set down regularly  
vilecloth, *s.* linen spread on a table  
vileman, *s.* a man at draughts  
viles, *s.* boards used for backgammon  
vlet, *s.* a small table; a small level sur-  
face; a medicine in a square form  
vhour, *s.* a small drum, a drum beaten  
with one stick, to accompany a pipe  
vular, *a.* formed in squares or laminæ  
vulated, *a.* having a flat surface  
vigraphy, *s.* the art of quick writing  
vit, *a.* silent; implied, or meant, tho'  
not expressed by words  
vitily, *ad.* silently; by implication  
viturity, *s.* habitual silence  
vit, *v.* to join, to unite; to turn a ship  
vit, *s.* a small nail; rope; turn of a ship  
vinkle, *s.* ropes of a ship; an arrow  
vckling, *s.* ropes and furniture of ships;  
instruments of action  
vetic, *a.* relating to the art of war  
vetics, *s.* the art of disposing any number  
of men into a proper form of battle  
veticile, *a.* that which may be felt  
vipole, *s.* a young shapeless frog  
vifeta, or Taf'fety, *s.* a sort of thin silk  
vile, *s.* a metal at the end of lace, &c.  
vize, *v. a.* to fix on a tag; to join together  
vinder, *s.* the hinder or lower part, end  
vifor, *s.* one who makes men's clothes  
vaint, *v.* to stain, sully, infect, corrupt  
vaint, *s.* a tincture, stain, soil, infection  
vainture, *s.* tinge, taint, defilement

Take, *v.* to receive; seize; surprise; catch;  
exact; procure; suppose; captivate  
Ta'ken, *part. pass.* of to take  
Ta'king, *s.* seizure; distress, calamity  
Tal'bot, *s.* a kind of spotted dog  
Tale, *s.* a story, narrative, fable; reckoning  
Talebearer, *s.* a malignant, officious telltale  
Tal'ent, *s.* a certain weight or sum; faculty  
Tal'isman, *s.* a magical character  
Talk, *v. n.* to speak, prattle, reason; confer  
Talk'ative, *a.* full of prate; loquacious  
Talk'ativeness, *s.* loquacity; garrulity  
Talk'er, *s.* one who talks, a prattler, a  
boaster; a loquacious fellow  
Talk'ing, *s.* the act or power of speaking  
Tall, *a.* high in stature, lofty; lusty  
Tal'low, *s.* the fat of beasts melted, suet  
Tal'lowlchandler, *s.* one who makes and sells  
tallow candles  
Tal'lowlish, *a.* having the nature of tallow  
Tal'ly, *s.* two sticks equally notched  
Tal'ly, *v.* to fit; to conform, to be suitable  
Tal'lyman, *s.* one who sells clothes, &c. to  
be paid by weekly payments  
Tal'mud, or Thal'mud, *s.* the book contain-  
ing the Jewish traditions  
Tal'ness, *s.* height of stature; procerity  
Tal'on, *s.* the claw of a bird of prey  
Tam'arind, *s.* an acid Indian fruit  
Tambari'ne, *s.* a tambour; a fine sieve  
Tame, *a.* not wild; depressed, spiritless  
Tame, *v. a.* to subdue; make gentle; crush  
Ta'mely, *ad.* not wildly; meanly  
Ta'meness, *s.* gentleness, want of spirit  
Tam'my, Tam'my, *s.* a sort of worsted stuff  
Tam'per, *v. a.* to meddle with; to practise  
Tan, *v.* to prepare skins; become tawny  
Tang, *s.* a strong taste, relish; sound; tone  
Tang'gent, *s.* a line perpendicular to a radius  
Tang'ible, *a.* perceptible to the touch  
Tang'le, *v.* to knit together; entrap, em-  
broil, embarrass, ensnare  
Tank, *s.* a reservoir of water; a large basin  
Tank'ard, *s.* a drinking vessel with a lid  
Tan'ner, *s.* one who tans hides for leather  
Tan'-pit, *s.* a pit for a tanner's work  
Tan'sy, *s.* the name of a plant

Tan'talize, *v. a.* to torment with false hopes  
 Tant'amount, *a.* equivalent, worth as much  
 Tantiv'y, *ad.* with haste, with full speed  
 Tap, *s.* a gentle blow; a small pipe  
 Tap, *v. a.* to touch lightly, pierce, broach  
 Tape, *s.* a sort of riband made of linen and  
     yarn; a narrow fillet or band  
 Ta'per, *s.* a wax candle—*a.* sloping  
 Ta'per, *v. n.* to grow smaller  
 Tap'estry, *s.* cloth woven with figures  
 Tap'ster, *s.* one who draws beer, &c.  
 Tar, *s.* the juice of pines or firs; a sailor  
 Tarante'la, *s.* a vulgar Italian dance  
 Tarant'ula, *s.* a venomous insect, whose bite  
     is cured only by music  
 Tar'digradous, *a.* moving slowly  
 Tar'dily, *ad.* slowly, sluggishly, heavily  
 Tar'diness, *s.* slowness, sluggishness  
 Tar'dy, *a.* slow; late; unwary; criminal  
 Tare, *s.* a weed; an allowance in weight  
 Tar'get, *s.* a kind of buckler or shield  
 Tar'gum, *s.* a paraphrase on the Pentateuch,  
     in the Chaldee language  
 Tar'iff, *s.* a cartel of commerce  
 Tar'nish, *v.* to sully, soil, lose brightness  
 Tarpaul'ing, *s.* tarred canvass; a sailor  
 Tar'riance, *s.* stay, delay; sojourn  
 Tar'rier, *s.* a small dog; one that tarries  
 Tar'ry, *v.* to stay, to loiter, to wait for  
 Tart, *a.* sour; severe—*s.* a small fruit pie  
 Tar'tan, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff  
 Tar'tane, *s.* a small, single-masted ship  
 Tar'tar, *s.* a native of Tartary; wine lees  
 Tarta'rean, Tarta'reous, *a.* hellish, infernal  
 Tarta'reous, *a.* consisting of tartar; hellish  
 Tart'ly, *ad.* sharply, sourly, severely  
 Task, *s.* employment; business imposed  
 Tart'ness, *s.* sharpness, acidity; ill-nature  
 Tas'sel, *s.* an ornamental bunch of silk, &c.;  
     a male hawk; an herb  
 Tas'ses, Ta'ces, *s.* armour for the thighs  
 Taste, *v.* to try the relish; to feel; to enjoy  
 Taste, *s.* the act of tasting; discernment;  
     experiment; intellectual discernment  
 Ta'steless, *a.* insipid, having no taste  
 Ta'ster, *s.* one who tastes; a dram cup  
 Tat'ter, *v. a.* to tear, to rend—*s.* a rag  
 Tatterdemal'ion, *s.* a ragged fellow  
 Tat'tle, *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly  
 Tatt'ler, *s.* an idle talker, a prater  
 Tattoo', *s.* beat of drum by which soldiers  
     are warned to quarters  
 Tavern, *s.* a house where wine is sold  
 Taught, *pret.* and *part. pass.* of to teach  
 Taunt, *v. a.* to reproach, insult, revile  
 Taunt, *s.* an insult, scoff, reproach  
 Taunt'ingly, *ad.* in a reproachful manner  
 Tautolo'gical, *a.* repeating the same thing  
 Tautolo'gic, *s.* a repetition of the same words  
 Taw', *v. a.* to dress white leather—*s.* a marble

Taw'dry, *a.* ridiculously or meanly showy  
 Taw'ny, *a.* yellow, like things tanned  
 Tax, *s.* an impost, tribute, charge; cent  
 Tax, *v. a.* to lay a tax; censure; charge  
 Tax'able, *a.* that which may be taxed  
 Taxa'tion, *s.* the act of loading with taxes  
 Tea, *s.* a Chinese shrub, liquor made there  
 Tea'board, *s.* a board for teacups, &c.  
 Teach, *v.* to instruct, to inform, to show  
 Teach'er, *s.* an instructor; a preacher  
 Tea'cup, *s.* a small cup to drink tea from  
 Tead, or Tede, *s.* a torch, a flambeau  
 Teague, *s.* name of contempt for an Irishman  
 Teal, *s.* a wild fowl of the duck kind  
 Team, *s.* a farmer's waggon; flock, number  
 Tear, *s.* water from the eye; rent; fissure  
 Tear, *v.* to rend in pieces; to rave, to fury  
 Tear'ful, *a.* weeping, full of tears  
 Tease, *v. a.* to comb wool; to scratch  
 Teas'el, *s.* a plant useful in dressing cloth  
 Teat, *s.* the dug of an animal  
 Tech'nic, *a.* belonging to arts, not common  
 Tech'y, or Tetch'y, *a.* peevish, captious  
 Techton'ic, *a.* pertaining to building  
 Ted, *v. a.* to lay newly-mown grass in rows  
 Te Deum, *s.* a hymn used in the liturgy  
 Te'dious, *a.* wearisome, irksome; slow  
 Te'diously, *ad.* in a slow, irksome manner  
 Teem, *v.* to bring forth young; to abound  
 Teem'ful, *a.* pregnant, prolific, brimful  
 Teem'less, *a.* unfruitful, not prolific  
 Teens, *s.* the years between 12 and 20  
 Teeth, *s. plural* of Tooth—*v. a.* to breed teeth  
 Teg'u'ment, *s.* a cover, the outward part  
 Teint, *s.* colour; shade; touch of a pen  
 Te'lary, *a.* spinning webs  
 Tel'graph, *s.* a machine invented by a Frenchman, for the rapid conveyance of intelligence by signals  
 Tel'oscope, *s.* a glass used for distant viewing  
 Tell, *v.* to utter, relate, count, betray  
 Tel'ler, *s.* one who tells or counts, or relates  
 Tell'tale, *s.* an officious talebearer  
 Temera'rious, *a.* rash, careless, heedless  
 Temer'ity, *s.* rashness, unadvisedness, or unreasonable contempt of danger  
 Tem'per, *s.* calmness of mind, moderation, due mixture of contrary qualities  
 Tem'per, *v. a.* to soften, to mingle, make  
 Tem'perament, *s.* constitution; a medium  
 Tem'perance, *s.* moderation, patience  
 Tem'perate, *a.* moderate, calm, not excessive  
 Tem'perately, *ad.* moderately, calmly  
 Tem'perature, *s.* constitution of nature, moderation, mediocrity, temperament  
 Tem'pest, *s.* a violent wind; a commotion  
 Temp'est-tost, *a.* driven about by storms  
 Tempest'uous, *a.* stormy, boisterous  
 Tem'plar, *s.* a student in the law  
 Tem'ple, *s.* a church; the side of the head

temporal, *a.* measured by time; not eternal; secular; not spiritual  
 temporally, *ad.* with respect to this life  
 temporality, *s.* the laity; secular possessions  
 temporary, *a.* lasting only for a time  
 temporize, *v. n.* to delay, to procrastinate; to comply with the times or occasions  
 tempt, *v. a.* to entice to ill; to provoke  
 temptation, *s.* the act of tempting to ill  
 tempter, *s.* one who tempts, an enticer  
 temulent, *a.* intoxicated, inebriated  
 tem, *s.* the decimal number; twice five  
 temnable, *a.* that which may be held or kept  
 temarious, *a.* retentive; cohesive; grasping  
 temard, holding fast an opinion or privilege  
 temaciously, *ad.* in a tenacious manner  
 temacity, *s.* a stiffness in opinion  
 temancy, *s.* any temporary possession of  
 what belongs to another  
 tenant, *s.* one who rents of another  
 tenantable, *a.* fit to be inhabited  
 tenantless, *a.* unoccupied, unpossessed  
 tench, *s.* a river or pond fish  
 tend, *v.* to watch; move towards; to aim at  
 tendance, *s.* attendance, a waiting upon  
 tendence, Tend'ency, *s.* a course; a drift  
 tender, *a.* soft; easily pained; kind  
 tender, *v. a.* to offer, to exhibit; to esteem  
 tender, *s.* a proposal for acceptance  
 tenderhearted, *a.* compassionate, kind  
 tenderling, *s.* the first horns of a deer  
 tenderly, *ad.* gently, mildly, kindly  
 tenderness, *s.* susceptibility of impression; kind attention; scrupulousness; caution  
 tendinous, *a.* sinewy, containing tendons  
 tendon, *s.* a sinew, a ligature of joints  
 tendril, *s.* the clasper of a vine, &c.  
 tedious, *a.* dark, gloomy  
 tenant, *s.* any thing held by a tenant  
 tenet, *s.* continual need to go to stool  
 net, *s.* a position; principle; opinion  
 tennis, *s.* a play with a racket and ball  
 tenon, *s.* a term in carpentry  
 tensor, or Ten'our, *s.* continuity of state; sense contained; purport; sound in music  
 tense, *s.* a variation of the verb to signify time—a stretched, not lax  
 tenseness, *s.* contraction, tension  
 tensile, Ten'sile, *a.* capable of extension  
 tension, *s.* the act of stretching; not laxity  
 tensive, *a.* giving a sensation of stiffness  
 tent, *s.* a pavilion, moveable habitation; roll of lint put into a sore; a red wine  
 tentation, *s.* trial, temptation  
 tentative, *a.* essaying, experimental  
 tented, *a.* covered with tents  
 tentier, *s.* an iron hook to stretch things on  
 tenth, *s.* a yearly tribute from clergymen to the king; ecclesiastical tithes  
 tenuity, *s.* thinness, slenderness, exility

Ten'uous, *a.* thin, small, minute  
 Ten'ure, *s.* the manner or condition whereby tenements are holden  
 Tep'id, *a.* lukewarm, warm in a small degree; not zealous  
 Terce, *s.* a vessel containing 42 gallons  
 Tercema'jor, *s.* a sequence of three best cards  
 Tergem'inous, *a.* threefold  
 Tergiversa'tion, *s.* a shift, evasion; change  
 Term, *s.* a boundary, limit; a limited or set time; word by which any thing is expressed; stipulation; time for seats of justice, and exercises at an university; word; language—*v. a.* to name, to call  
 Ter'magant, *s.* a scolding, brawling woman  
 Ter'minable, *a.* admitting of bounds or limits  
 Ter'minate, *v.* to bound, to limit, to end  
 Termina'tion, *s.* a limit, bound, conclusion  
 Ter'miner, *s.* a trial for malefactors  
 Termi'less, *a.* boundless, unlimited, undefined  
 Ter'race, *s.* a small grassy mount  
 Terra'queous, *a.* composed of land and water  
 Terre'ne, Terres'trial, *a.* earthly; worldly  
 Ter'reous, Terres'trious, *a.* earthy  
 Ter'rible, *a.* dreadful, formidable, frightful  
 Ter'ribly, *ad.* dreadfully, violently  
 Ter'rier, *s.* a survey of lands; a dog; auger  
 Terrific, *a.* dreadful, causing terror  
 Ter'rify, *v. a.* to fright, to make afraid  
 Territo'rial, *a.* belonging to a territory  
 Ter'ri'tory, *s.* land, country, dominion  
 Ter'r-or, *s.* great fear, dread, cause of fear  
 Terse, *a.* smooth; cleanly written; neat  
 Ter'tian, *a.* returning every third day  
 Tes'cinated, *a.* variegated by squares  
 Test, *s.* a vessel to try metals; examination  
 Testa'ceous, *a.* consisting of shells  
 Tes'tament, *s.* a will; each of the volumes of the scriptures, as, the *old* and *new* testament  
 Testament'ary, *a.* relating to a will  
 Testate, *a.* having made a will  
 Testa'tor, *s.* one who leaves a will  
 Testa'trix, *s.* a woman who leaves a will  
 Test'ed, *a.* tried by a test; witnessed  
 Test'er, *s.* a sixpence; the cover of a bed  
 Test'icle, *s.* stone  
 Testifier, *s.* one who testifies  
 Testify, *v.* to witness, to certify, to prove  
 Testily, *ad.* fretfully, peevishly, morosely  
 Testimo'nia, *s.* a certificate or attestation  
 Testimony, *s.* evidence, proof; profession  
 Testiness, *s.* moroseness, peevishness  
 Test'y, *a.* fretful, peevish, apt to be angry  
 Tete, *s.* a woman's false hair for the head  
 Tete-a-Tete, *s.* face to face; a private conversation between two  
 Teth'er, *s.* a restraint for horses at pasture  
 Tetra'gon, *s.* a square; a four-sided figure  
 Te'trarch, *s.* a Roman governor

Tetrarch'ate, *s.* a fourth part of a province  
 Tetras'tic, *s.* an epigram or stanza of 4 verses  
 Tet'rical, *a.* froward, perverse, sour  
 Tet'ter, *s.* a scab, a scurf; a ring-worm  
 Tew'el, *s.* a pipe at the back of a forge  
 Tew'taw, or Tow'tow, *v. a.* to beat, break  
 Text, *s.* a sentence of scripture; original writing; that on which a comment is written  
 Text'hand, *s.* a large kind of writing  
 Text'ile, *a.* woven, that may be woven  
 Text'uary, *s.* a divine well versed in scripture; one ready in the text of scripture  
 Text'ure, *s.* a web; manner of weaving  
 Than, *ad.* a particle used in comparison  
 Thane, *s.* an old title of honour  
 Thank, *v. a.* to return acknowledgments for any favour or kindness  
 Thank'ful, *a.* full of gratitude, grateful  
 Thanks, *s.* acknowledgment paid for favours  
 Thank'less, *a.* ungrateful, unthankful  
 Thanksgiv'ing, *s.* a celebration of mercy  
 That, *pron.* which; who; the thing—*conj.* because  
 Thatch, *s.* straw, &c. laid on the tops of houses to keep out the weather  
 Thatch'er, *s.* one who covers with straw  
 Thaw, *v.* to melt, to dissolve  
 Thaw, *s.* the dissolution of a frost  
 The, *article*, denoting a particular thing  
 The'atre, *s.* a place in which shows are exhibited; a play-house  
 Theat'ric, Theat'rical, *a.* suiting a theatre  
 Thee, the oblique case singular of *thou*  
 Theft, *s.* the act of stealing; thing stolen  
 Their, *pron. possessive of they*  
 Thelyph'thura, *s.* seduction of women  
 Them, *pron. pl.* the oblique case of *they*  
 Theme, *s.* a subject, short dissertation, talk  
 Themselves, *pron. pl.* these very persons  
 Then, *ad.* at that time, in that case  
 Thence, *ad.* from that place, for that reason  
 Thencefo'rth, *ad.* from that time  
 Thencefor'ward, *ad.* on from that time  
 Theoc'racy, *s.* divine government  
 Theocratical, *a.* relating to theocracy  
 Theod'olite, *a.* a mathematical instrument used in surveying, taking heights, &c.  
 Theog'ony, *s.* the generation of the gods  
 Theolo'gian, *s.* a professor of divinity  
 Theolo'gical, *a.* relating to theology  
 Theolo'gist, Theolo'gue, *s.* a divine  
 Theol'ogy, *s.* the science of divinity  
 Theor'bo, *s.* a large lute, used by the Italians  
 The'orem, *s.* a position laid down as an established truth; a given principle  
 Theoret'ic, Theoret'ical, *a.* speculative  
 The'orist, *s.* one given to speculation  
 The'ory, *s.* a speculation, a scheme, a plan  
 Therapeu'tic, *a.* teaching the cure of diseases  
 There, *ad.* in that place; at that time  
 Thereabo'ut, *ad.* near that place, nearly  
 Thereaf'ter, *ad.* according to that  
 Therea't, *ad.* at that, at that place  
 Thereby', *ad.* by that, by means of that  
 The'refore, *ad.* for this reason, in consequence; in recompence for this or that  
 Therefro'm, *ad.* from that, from this  
 There'in, *ad.* in that, in this  
 Thereinto', *ad.* into that, into this  
 Thereo'f, *ad.* of that, of this  
 Thereo'n, Thereupo'n, *ad.* on that, on  
 Thereto', Thereunto', *ad.* to that or this  
 Therewith', *ad.* with that; immediately  
 Therewith'a, *ad.* over and above; also  
 Ther'iaca, *a.* medicinal, physical  
 Thermom'eter, *s.* an instrument for measuring the heat of the air, &c.  
 These, *pron. plural of this*  
 The'sis, *s.* a position; proposition; subject  
 The'urgy, *s.* the power of doing supernatural things by lawful means, as by power to God  
 They, *pron.* men, women, persons  
 Thick, *a.* not thin; gross, muddy, close  
 Thick, *ad.* frequently, closely, deeply  
 Thick'en, *v.* to make or grow thick; to concretate, to condense, to be consolidated  
 Thick'et, *s.* a close knot or tuft of trees  
 Thick'ish, *a.* somewhat thick, dull  
 Thick'ness, *s.* density, closeness, dulness  
 Thick'set, *a.* close planted  
 Thief, *s.* one who steals another's property  
 Thief'catcher, *s.* one who takes thieves  
 Thieve, *v. n.* to steal, to practise theft  
 Thiev'ery, *s.* the practice of stealing  
 Thiev'ish, *a.* given to stealing; secret  
 Thigh, *s.* a limb of the body, including between the groin and the knee  
 Thill, *s.* the shafts of a waggon or cart  
 Thill'horse, *s.* a horse between the shafts  
 Thim'ble, *s.* a cap for the needle-finger  
 Thin, *a.* not thick; lean, slim, rare, slender  
 Thinc, *pronoun*, relating to thee  
 Thing, *s.* whatever is; not a person  
 Think, *v.* to have ideas, to fancy, to suppose  
 Think'ing, *s.* imagination, judgment  
 Thin'ly, *ad.* not thickly, not numerous  
 Thin'ness, *s.* tenuity, scarcity, rareness  
 Third, *a.* the first after the second  
 Third'ly, *ad.* in the third place  
 Thirl, *v. a.* to pierce, to perforate  
 Thirst, *s.* the pain suffered for want of drink; eagerness, vehement desire, drought  
 Thirst, *v.* to feel want of drink, to be thirsty  
 Thirst'y, *a.* suffering want of drink  
 Thirte'en, *a.* ten and three added  
 Thirte'enth, *a.* the third after the tenth  
 Thir'ty, *a.* thrice ten, twenty and ten  
 This, *pron.* that which is present

thistle, *s.* a prickly weed growing in fields  
 thistly, *a.* overgrown with thistles  
 thither, *ad.* to that place, point, or end  
 thithereto, *ad.* to that end, so far  
 thitherward, *ad.* toward that place  
 thit, *v. n.* to wait a while  
 thomists, *s.* divines who follow the doctrines of *Thomas Aquinas*, but chiefly with respect to his opinion as to predestination and grace  
 thong, *s.* a strap or string of leather  
 thoracic, *a.* belonging to the breast  
 thoral, *a.* relating to the bed  
 thorax, *s.* the inward part of the breast  
 thorn, *s.* a prickly tree; a difficult point  
 thornback, *s.* a sea fish  
 thorny, *a.* full of thorns; perplexing  
 thorough, *a.* complete; passing through  
 thoroughfare, *s.* a passage through a place  
 thoroughly, *ad.* completely, fully  
 thoroughpaced, *a.* perfect, complete  
 thoroughstitch, *ad.* completely, fully  
 thorp, *s.* signifies a village  
 those, *pron. plural of that*  
 those, the second *pron.* personal  
 though, *conj.* although, however  
 thought, *pret. and part. pass. of to think*  
 thought, *s.* the act of thinking; idea, sentiment, reflection, solicitude, concern  
 thoughtful, *a.* contemplative, careful  
 thoughtless, *a.* airy, gay, careless; dull  
 thought'sick, *a.* uneasy with reflection  
 thousand, *s.* or *a.* the number ten hundred  
 thowl, *s.* a place or pin for oars to turn in  
 thralldom, *s.* slavery, servitude  
 thral, *s.* a slave; slavery, bondage  
 thapple, *s.* the windpipe of any animal  
 thash, *v.* to beat corn; to beat or drub  
 thasher, *s.* one who thrashes; a fish  
 thasonical, *a.* boastful, bragging  
 thead, *s.* a small line or twist of silk, flax, etc.; uniform tenour  
 thad, *v.* to pass through with a thread  
 thadbare, *a.* deprived of the nap; trite  
 thaden, *a.* made of thread  
 thad, *v. a.* to argue much, to contend  
 that, *s.* a menace, denunciation of ill  
 thaten, *v. a.* to menace, denounce evil  
 thate, *a.* two and one added  
 thecornered, *a.* having three corners  
 tefold, *a.* thrice repeated  
 te-pile, *s.* an old name for good velvet  
 te-score, *a.* thrice twenty, sixty  
 ten'ody, *s.* a song of lamentation  
 threshold, *s.* an entrance, a gate, a door  
 threw, *pref. of to throw*  
 three, *ad.* three times, at three times  
 theft, *s.* profit, gain, parsimony  
 theftly, *ad.* frugally, parsimoniously  
 theftless, *a.* profuse, extravagant  
 Thrift'y, *a.* frugal, sparing, not profuse  
 Thrill, *v.* to pierce, to penetrate; to tingle  
 Thrive, *v. n.* to prosper, to grow rich  
 Throat, *s.* the fore part of the neck  
 Throb, *v. n.* to heave, to beat, to palpitate  
 Throe, *s.* the pain of travail, &c.  
 Throne, *s.* the seat of a king or bishop  
 Throng, *s.* a multitude, a crowd  
 Throng, *v. n.* to crowd, press close together  
 Thros'tle, *s.* the thrush; a singing bird  
 Throt'tle, *s.* the wind-pipe  
 Throt'tle, *v. a.* to choak, to suffocate  
 Throve, *preterite of to thrive*  
 Through, *prep.* from end to end  
 Througho'ut, *ad.* quite through, in every part  
 Throw, *v.* to fling, to cast, to toss; repose  
 Throw'ster, *s.* one who twists or winds silk  
 Thrum, *s.* the ends of a weaver's thread  
 Thrum, *v. a.* to grate; to play coarsely  
 Thrush, *s.* a singing bird; a disorder  
 Thrust, *v.* to push, intrude, drive, stab  
 Thrust, *s.* an assault, hostile attack, a push  
 Thry'fallow, *v. a.* to plough a third time  
 Thumb, *s.* the first finger of the hand  
 Thumb, *v. n.* to handle awkwardly  
 Thumb'stal, *s.* a cover for the thumb; thimble  
 Thump, *s.* a dull, hard, heavy blow  
 Thump'er, *s.* the person, &c. who thumps  
 Thump'ing, *s.* beating—a. large  
 Thun'der, *s.* a loud noise in the air, &c.  
 Thun'der, *v.* to emit with noise and terror; to make thunder; to publish any threat  
 Thun'derbolt, *s.* lightning; fulmination  
 Thun'derclap, *s.* an explosion of thunder  
 Thun'derer, *s.* the power that thunders  
 Thun'dering, *a.* loud, noisy, terrible  
 Thun'derstruck, *a.* hurt or blasted by lightning; amazed, suddenly alarmed  
 Thuriferous, *a.* bearing frankincense  
 Thurs'day, *s.* the fifth day of the week  
 Thus, *ad.* in this manner, to this degree  
 Thwack, *v. a.* to strike, to thrash, to bang  
 Thwack, *s.* a heavy, hard blow  
 Thwart, *a.* transverse, perverse, inconvenient  
 Thwart, *v. a.* to cross, traverse, oppose  
 Thy, *pron. of thee*; belonging to thee  
 Thyself, *pron. recip.* belonging to thee only  
 Thyme, *s.* a fragrant plant  
 Ti'ar, Tia'ra, *s.* a diadem, dress for the head  
 Tib'ial, *a.* relating to a pipe or the shin  
 Tice, *v. a.* to draw, to allure, to tempt  
 Tick, *s.* a score, account, trust; bed-case  
 Tick, *v. n.* to run on score, to trust  
 Tick'en, Tick'ing, *s.* a cloth for bed-cases  
 Tick'et, *s.* a token of right, on the delivery of which admission is granted; a voucher  
 Tick'le, *v.* to cause to laugh by titillation  
 Tick'lish, *a.* easily tickled; unfixed; nice  
 Tick'tack, *s.* a game at tables; a noise

Tid, *a.* tender, soft, nice, delicate  
 Tid'dle, *v. a.* to use tenderly, to fondle  
 Tide, *s.* ebb and flow of the sea; season  
 Ti'dewaiter, *s.* a custom-house officer  
 Ti'dily, *ad.* neatly, readily  
 Ti'diness, *s.* neatness, readiness, spruceness  
 Ti'dings, *s.* news, intelligence, information  
 Ti'dy, *a.* seasonable; neat, clever, spruce  
 Tie, *s.* a knot, fastening; obligation  
 Tie, *v. a.* to bind, to fasten, to hinder  
 Tier, *s.* a row or rank; a set  
 Tierce, *s.* a third part of a pipe; a thrust  
 Tiff, *s.* liquor, drink; a pet, a quarrel  
 Ti'fany, *s.* a very thin kind of silk  
 Ti'ger, *s.* a fierce beast of the lion kind  
 Tight, *a.* tense, close, not loose  
 Tight'en, *v. a.* to straighten; to make close  
 Tight'ly, *ad.* closely, neatly; not idly  
 Tight'ness, *s.* closeness, not looseness  
 Ti'gress, *s.* the female of the tiger  
 Tike, *s.* a clown's name; a dog; a bullock  
 Tile, *s.* burnt clay to cover houses with  
 Ti'ler, *s.* one whose trade is to cover houses  
     with tiles; a freemasons' porter  
 Ti'ling, *s.* the roof covered with tiles  
 Till, *s.* the money-box in a shop  
 Till, *conj.* to the time, to the degree that  
 Till, *prep.* to the time of  
 Till, *v. a.* to cultivate, to plough, husband  
 Till'able, *a.* arable; fit for the plough  
 Till'age, *s.* the art of ploughing, or culture  
 Til'ler, *s.* a ploughman; handle of a rudder  
 Tilt, *s.* a cover of a boat; a military game  
 Tilt, *v.* to cover; turn up; fight; lift up  
 Tim'ber, *s.* wood fit for building  
 Tim'bered, *a.* built, formed, contrived  
 Tim'ber-yard, *s.* a place for timber  
 Tim'brel, *s.* a kind of musical instrument  
 Time, *s.* the measure of duration, an age  
 Time, *v. & n.* to regulate, to measure, to adapt  
 Ti'meful, *a.* seasonable, timely, early  
 Ti'mekeeper, *s.* a clock or watch  
 Ti'meless, *a.* unseasonable, immature  
 Ti'mely, *a.* early, soon  
 Ti'mely, *ad.* seasonably, sufficiently early  
 Ti'meserving, *a.* meanly complying with  
     present power, mean, servile, obsequious  
 Tim'id, *a.* fearful, wanting courage  
 Timid'ity, *s.* fearfulness, timorousness  
 Tim'orous, *a.* fearful, bashful; nice  
 Tim'orously, *ad.* fearfully, with much fear  
 Tin, *s.* a kind of common white metal  
 Tin'cal, or Tin'car, *s.* a kind of mineral  
 Tin'd, *s.* a colour, stain, spot, die  
 Tinc'ture, *s.* a colour; extract of drugs  
 Tinc'ture, *v. a.* to imbue, tinge, colour  
 Tin'der, *s.* any thing very inflammable  
 Tine, *s.* the tooth of an harrow; trouble  
 Tine, *v.* to kindle, to rage, to fight  
 Ti'neman, *s.* a night officer of a forest

Tinge, *v. a.* to impregnate with a colour  
 Tin'gent, *a.* able to tinge or colour  
 Tin'gle, *v. n.* to feel a sharp pain; to tin  
 Tink'er, *s.* a mender of old brass, &c.  
 Tin'kle, *v. n.* to make a sharp, quick noise  
 Tink'ling, *s.* a kind of sharp, quick noise  
 Tin'man, *s.* a manufacturer of tin  
 Tin'ner, *s.* one who works in tin mimes  
 Tin'sel, *s.* a sort of shining silk or cloth  
 Tint, *s.* a die, colour, hue, stain  
 Ti'ny, *a.* little, small, puny, diminutive  
 Tip, *s.* the top, end, point, extremity  
 Tip, *v. a.* to cover on the end, to top  
 Tip'pet, *s.* something worn about the neck  
 Tip'ple, *v.* to drink in luxury or excess  
 Tip'pler, *s.* a sottish drunkard  
 Tip'pling, *s.* frequent drinking, muddling  
 Tip'staff, *s.* an officer and his staff of just  
 Tip'sy, *a.* drunk, fuddled, muddled  
 Tip'toe, *s.* the end of the toe  
 Tire, *s.* a rank, row; furniture; apparatus  
 Tire, *v.* to fatigue, to harass; to dress  
 Ti'resome, *a.* wearisome, fatiguing  
 Ti'rewoman, *s.* a woman whose business  
     to make dresses for the head  
 Ti'ring-room, *s.* the room in which players  
     dress for the stage  
 Ti'sue, *s.* cloth interwoven with gold, &c.  
 Tit, *s.* a small horse; a woman; a bird  
 Tit'bit, *s.* a nice bit, nice food, delicate morsel  
 Tithe, *s.* the tenth part; the part assigned  
     to the maintenance of the ministry  
 Ti'theable, *a.* subject to payment of tithe  
 Ti'ther, *s.* one who gathers or collects tithes  
 Ti'thing, *s.* a part of a parish, a district  
 Ti'thingman, *s.* a petty peace officer  
 Tit'illate, *v. n.* to tickle  
 Tit'ilation, *s.* the act of tickling  
 Ti'tle, *s.* an appellation, claim of right  
     the first page of a book, telling its name  
     and its subject; name of honour  
 Ti'tle, *v. a.* to name, to entitle, to call  
 Ti'tlepage, *s.* the page containing the title  
     of a book  
 Tit'mouse, or Tit, *s.* a small species of mouse  
 Tit'er, *v. n.* to laugh with restraint  
 Tit'le, *s.* a small particle; a point, a dot  
 Tit'letattle, *s.* idle talk, prattle, gabble  
 Tituba'tion, *s.* the act of stumbling  
 Tit'ular, *a.* nominal, having only the name  
 Tiv'y, *a.* a cant word expressing speed, &c.  
 Tant'ry, the note of a hunting horn  
 To, *prep.* noting motion towards, &c.  
 Toad, *s.* an animal resembling a frog,  
     the frog leaps, the toad crawls  
 Toad'stome, *s.* a concretion supposed to  
     be found in the head of a toad  
 Toad'stool, *s.* a plant like a mushroom  
 Toast, *v. a.* to dry at the fire; propose a health  
 Toast, *s.* bread toasted; a health proposed

toast'er, *s.* he who toasts; an utensil  
 tobacco, *s.* a plant used for smoking  
 tobacco'conist, *s.* a vender of tobacco  
 bush, *s.* a bush; a weight of 28lb. of wool  
 feet, *s.* the divided extremities of the feet  
 messuage, *s.* a place where a messuage has stood  
 together, *ad.* not apart, in company  
 labour, *v.* to labour, to work at, to weary  
 dressing-table, *s.* a dressing-table  
 laborious, *a.* laborious, weary, heavy  
 weariness, *s.* weariness, laboriousness  
 mark, *s.* a mark, a sign, a remembrance  
 mentioned, *ad.* mentioned, related  
 supportable, *a.* supportable, passable  
 supportably, *ad.* supportably; neither well nor  
 ill; passably; moderately well  
 endurance, *s.* the act or power of enduring  
 tolerate, *v. a.* to allow, to permit, suffer  
 sufferance, *s.* sufferance, permission  
 toll, *v.* to pay toll; to sound a bell; to an-  
 nounce; an excise of goods  
 booth, *s.* a market; a prison  
 ambling, *s.* the act of ambling or pacing  
 hatchet, *s.* an Indian hatchet  
 sepulchre, *s.* a sepulchre for the dead, a vault  
 tomb, *a.* wanting a tomb, unburied  
 romping, *s.* a romping girl; a mean fellow  
 stone, *s.* a stone laid over the dead  
 volume, *s.* one volume of many; a book  
 titmouse, *s.* a titmouse; a small bird  
 hogshead, *s.* a measure of four hogsheads; a  
 weight of two thousand pounds  
 note, *s.* a note; accent; whine; elasticity  
 buckle, *s.* the catch of a buckle  
 utensil, *s.* an utensil to take up fire, &c.  
 organ, *s.* the organ of speech; language  
 defect, *a.* having a defect in speech  
 elastic, *a.* elastic; relating to sounds  
 shag, *s.* a duty upon every ton  
 salivary, *s.* two round glands placed on the  
 sides of the basis of the tongue  
 clippings, *s.* act of clipping or shaving hair  
 annuities, *s.* a raising of money on annuities  
 overmuch, *ad.* overmuch, more than enough; also  
 preterite of to take  
 instrument, *s.* any instrument; a hireling  
 bone, *s.* a bone in the jaw; taste; prong  
 toothache, *s.* a pain in the teeth  
 toothless, *a.* wanting or deprived of teeth  
 palatable, *a.* palatable; grateful to taste  
 highest, *s.* the highest part or place; surface  
 rise, *v.* to rise above, to tip, to outgo  
 yellow, *s.* a precious yellow gem  
 hard, *v.* to drink hard, or to excess  
 drinker, *s.* a hard drinker, a sot, a drunkard  
 brim, *a.* full to the brim or top  
 gallant, *s.* the highest mast and sail  
 gritty, *a.* gritty, stony, sandy  
 upper, *a.* having the upper part too  
 weighty for the lower; drunk

general head; something to  
 which other things are referred  
 local, *a.* local, confined to some place  
 knot, *s.* a knot worn on the head  
 uppermost, *a.* uppermost, highest  
 description of particular  
 places, as of a parish, town, manor, &c.  
 fine, *a.* fine, noble, gallant; wealthy  
 fall forward, *v.* to fall forward, tumble down  
 sail below the topgallant sail  
 with the bottom upwards  
 tower, *s.* a tower, turret, high pointed hill  
 tear, *pret.* and sometimes *part. pass.* of tear  
 wax light larger than a candle  
 to put to pain, vex, harass  
 misery, anguish, torture  
 gives pain to others  
 pain, *part. pass.* of to tear  
 hurricane, a whirlwind  
 fish whose touch benumbs  
 motionless, not active, numbed  
 numb, *a.* numb, sluggish, inactive  
 state of being numb  
 dulness, inability to move  
 the act of drying by the fire  
 to dry by the fire, to scorch  
 rapid stream, violent current  
 violently hot, parched  
 any thing in a twisted form  
 mischief, injury, wrong, calamity  
 twisted, wreathed  
 animal covered with a hard  
 shell, of which many curious toys are man-  
 ufactured

wreath, *s.* a wreath, flexure  
 twisted, winding; injurious  
 pain, judicial torments, anguish  
 one who adheres to the ancient  
 constitution of the state, and the apostolic  
 hierarchy of the church of England  
 to throw, to agitate, to fling  
 toper, *s.* a toper, a drunken fellow  
 complete, *a.* complete---s. the whole  
 wholly, fully, completely  
 to shake so as to threaten a fall  
 to join; to affect; mark out; try  
 sense of feeling; test, proof  
 small hole in fire-arms  
 stone to prove metals; test  
 rotten wood that easily fires  
 peevish, irritable, cross  
 stiff; not brittle; viscous,ropy  
 to grow tough  
 kind of periuke; an  
 artificial lock of hair; a curl  
 journey, travel; a revolution  
 tilt, a mock encounter  
 bandage used in amputation  
 to haul, to drag, to pull, to tear  
 combed flax or hemp

Tow, *v. a.* to draw by a rope, particularly through the water

To'ward, *a.* ready to do; not froward

To'ward, *ad.* near; in a state of preparation

To'wards, *prep.* in a direction to; regarding

Tow'el, *s.* a cloth to wipe hands, &c. on

Tow'er, *s.* a high building; a fortress

Tow'er, *v. n.* to soar; to fly or rise high

Tow'ery, *a.* adorned or guarded with towers

Town, *s.* any large collection of houses

Town'clerk, *s.* an officer who manages the public business of a corporate town

Town'house, *s.* a hall for public business

Town'sman, *s.* one of the same town

Tox'ical, *a.* poisonous, containing poison

Toy, *s.* a plaything, a bauble; folly, sport

Toy, *v. n.* to play, trifle; dally amorously

Toy'shop, *s.* a shop where toys are sold

Trace, *v. a.* to follow by the footsteps; to mark out; to follow with exactness

Traces, *s.* the harness of draught animals

Track, *s.* a mark left; a road; beaten path

Track'ingscout, *s.* a vessel drawn by a rope

Track'less, *a.* untrodden; not marked out

Tract, *s.* a region; quantity of land; continuity; course; treatise; small book

Tract'able, *a.* manageable, docile

Tract'ate, *s.* a small book; treatise; tract

Tract'le, *a.* that may be drawn out; ductile

Trade, *s.* traffic, commerce; occupation

Trade, *v.* to traffic, to deal, to sell

Tra'der, *s.* a merchant, a dealer

Tra'desman, *s.* a shopkeeper, a dealer

Tra'dewind, *s.* the monsoon; the periodical wind between the tropics, which at certain times blows regularly one way at sea, and is of great service to navigators

Trad'i'tion, *s.* oral account from age to age

Trad'i'tional, Trad'i'tionary, *a.* descending by oral communication; unwritten

Tradu'ce, *v. a.* to censure, to condemn, to calumniate, to represent as blameable

Tradu'cement, *s.* obloquy; censure, scandal

Tradu'cent, *a.* traducing; censuring

Tradu'cer, *s.* a slanderer, a calumniator

Tradu'cible, *a.* such as may be derived

Traduc'tion, *s.* derivation; tradition

Traffic, *s.* commerce, merchandising

Traffic, *v. n.* to practise commerce, to trade

Trag'acanth, *s.* a sort of plant or gum

Trage'dian, *s.* a writer, or actor of tragedy

Trage'dy, *s.* a dramatic representation of any serious action; any dreadful event

Tra'gic, Tra'gical, *a.* mournful, sorrowful

Tragicom'edy, *s.* a drama compounded of serious and humourous events

Tragieom'ical, *a.* relating to tragicomedy

Traje'ct, *v. a.* to cast through; to throw

Tra'ject, *s.* a ferry, a passage over

Tra'jection, *s.* the act of darting through

Trail, *v.* to draw along; to hunt by track

Trail, *s.* any thing drawn behind, or length; the track of a hunter

Train, *v. a.* to educate; entice; breed; draw

Train, *s.* an artifice; the tail of a bird; retinue; a series; a procession; part of garment that drags behind on the ground a line of gunpowder

Train of artillery, *s.* the cannon and warlike stores accompanying an army

Trainba'nds, *s.* the militia; the part of community instructed in martial exercise

Train'oil, *s.* oil drawn from fat of whale

Traipse, *s.* a sluttish woman, a slattern

Trait, *s.* a stroke, a touch; the outline

Trait'or, *s.* one who betrays his trust

Trait'orly, Trait'orous, *a.* perfidious, deceitful

Trait'ress, *s.* a woman who betrays

Tralin'iate, *v. n.* to deviate, to turn aside

Tram'mel, *v. a.* to catch; to intercept

Tram'mel, *s.* any kind of net; shackles for a horse; an iron to hang pots on

Tram'ple, *v.* to tread under foot, &c.

Tran'sition, *s.* the act of swimming over

Trance, or Transe, *s.* an ecstacy; a rapture

Tran'ced, *a.* lying in a trance or ecstacy

Tran'quil, *a.* quiet; undisturbed

Tranquil'li'ty, *s.* peace of mind; stillness

Transa'ct, *v. q.* to manage, to conduct; negotiate, to perform, to carry on

Transac'tion, *s.* negotiation; dealing between man and man; affairs in hand

Transc'nd, *v.* to exceed, to outgo, to exceed

Transcend'ence, Transcend'ency, *s.* unusual excellence; supereminence

Transcend'ent, *a.* supremely excellent

Transcend'ently, *ad.* supremely

Transcribe, *v. a.* to write from an exemplar

Transcrip'tion, *s.* a copy from an original

Transc'ription, *s.* a ramble; passage through

Transfe'r, *v. a.* to make over; to convey to move; to transport

Transfigura'tion, *s.* change of form; the miraculous change of Christ's appearance on the mount

Transfig'ure, *v. a.* to change the figure

Transfi'x, *v. a.* to pierce through

Transfor'ate, *v. a.* to make a hole through

Transfo'rm, *v.* to metamorphose, to change

Transforma'tion, *s.* a change of form, &c.

Transfret'a'tion, *s.* a passage over the sea

Transfu'se, *v. a.* to pour into another

Transgre'ss, *v.* to violate; pass over; offend

Transgres'sion, *s.* a violation; crime, fault

Transgres'sor, *s.* an offender; a law-breaker

Tran'sient, *a.* not lasting, momentary

Transil'vence, *s.* a leap from thing to thing

Tran'sit, *s.* the passing of a planet, &c.

Transi'tion, *s.* a change; removal; passing

Tran'sitory, *a.* passing away speedily

Transla'te, *v.* to remove; convey; interpret  
 Transla'tion, *s.* removal; change; version  
 Transla'tor, *s.* one that turns any thing out  
 of one language into another  
 Translu'cency, *s.* transparency; clearness  
 Translu'cent, Translu'cid, *s.* diaphanous  
 Transmar'i'ne, *a.* lying beyond sea; foreign  
 Transme'w, *v.* *a.* to transmute, to change  
 Transmigrate, *v.* *n.* to pass from one coun-  
 try to another; to travel  
 Transmigra'tion, *s.* passage from one state,  
 place, or body, into another  
 Transmis'sion, *s.* the act of transmitting  
 Transmis'sive, *a.* transmitted; sent  
 Transmit, *v. a.* to convey; to make over to  
 another; to send from one place to another  
 Transmit'tal, *s.* the act of transmitting  
 Transmu'table, *a.* capable of being changed  
 Transmuta'tion, *s.* the changing of metals,  
 &c. into another nature or substance  
 Transmu'te, *v. a.* to change from one nature  
 or substance to another  
 Tran'som, *s.* a beam over a door or window  
 Transpa'rency, *s.* translucence; clearness  
 Transpa'rent, *a.* clear; pellucid; pervious  
 to the light; translucent; not opaque  
 Transpic'u'ous, *a.* pervious to the sight  
 Transpic'e're, *v. a.* to pierce through  
 Transpi're, *v.* to emit in vapour; to escape  
 from secrecy to notice  
 Transpla'ce, *v. a.* to remove to another place  
 Transplant, *v. a.* to plant in a new place  
 Transpo'rt, *v. a.* to banish; put into ecstasy  
 Transport, *s.* a vessel of carriage; rapture;  
 ecstasy; conveyance; transportation  
 Transporta'tion, *s.* conveyance; carriage  
 Transporta'tion, *s.* banishment for felony  
 Transport'er, *s.* one that transports  
 Transpo'sal, *s.* a misplacing, a changing  
 Transpo'se, *v. a.* to put out of place, to  
 change as to order  
 Transposi'tion, *s.* the act of misplacing  
 Transsubstan'tiate, *v. a.* to change substance  
 Transsubstan'tion, *s.* change of substance  
 Transu'de, *v. n.* to pass through in vapour, &c.  
 Transver'sal, *a.* running crosswise  
 Transver'se, *a.* being in a cross direction  
 Trap, *s.* a snare; ambush; plaything; play  
 Trap, *v. a.* to ensnare; to catch; to adorn  
 Trapdoor, *s.* door in the floor or roof  
 Trap'pings, *s.* ornament, dress, finery  
 Trap'stik, *s.* a boy's plaything; a small leg  
 trap, *s.* dross; dress; a worthless thing, &c.  
 Travail, *v.* to toil, to be in labour, to harass  
 Travail, *s.* labour, toil, fatigue, labour in  
 childbirth  
 Travel, *v. n.* to make journeys, travel, go  
 Travel, *s.* a journey; labour; toil  
 Traveller, *s.* one who goes journeys  
 Trav'e're, *ad.* and *prep.* athwart, crosswise  
 Trav'e're, *a.* lying across, athwart  
 Trav'e're, *v.* to sail across, to wander over, to  
 use a posture of opposition; to examine  
 Trav'esty, *a.* ridiculous; burlesqued  
 Traumat'ic, *a.* useful to wounds; vulnerary  
 Tray, *s.* a shallow trough of wood  
 Tray'trip, *s.* a kind of play, game, pastime  
 Treach'rous, *a.* faithless, perfidious, false  
 Treach'ery, *s.* perfidy, a breach of faith  
 Tre'a'cle, *s.* a sort of medicine; molasses  
 Tread, *s.* a step with the foot; track, way  
 Tread, *v.* to set the foot; walk; cover; beat  
 Tre'dles, *s.* pieces of wood belonging to  
 looms, &c. moved with the feet  
 Tre'a'son, *s.* disloyalty; treachery, rebellion  
 Tre'a'sonable, *a.* of the nature of treason  
 Tre'a'sure, *s.* hoarded wealth, riches  
 Tre'a'sure, *v. a.* to hoard, to lay up  
 Treasurer, *s.* one who has charge of the  
 money of a prince, state, corporation, &c.  
 Treas'ury, *s.* a place for money, &c.  
 Treat, *v.* to negotiate; handle; maintain  
 Treat, *s.* an entertainment given; pleasure  
 Treatise, *s.* a discourse, a written discourse  
 Treat'ment, *s.* usage, good or bad  
 Treat'y, *s.* a negotiation, contract of parties  
 Treble, *a.* a threefold---*s.* a sharp sound  
 Tree, *s.* a large vegetable, rising, with one  
 woody stem, to a considerable height  
 Tre'en, *s.* trees---*a.* made of wood  
 Tre'foil, *s.* a three-leaved grass; clover  
 Treil'lage, *s.* pales to support espaliers  
 Trellis, *s.* a lattice-work of wood, &c.  
 Trem'ble, *v. n.* to shake, quake, shudder  
 Tremen'dous, *a.* dreadful, awful, horrible  
 Tre'mour, *s.* a quivering or shaking motion  
 Trem'ulous, *a.* fearful, trembling, vibrating  
 Tren, *s.* a spear to strike fish with  
 Trench, *s.* a ditch; a defence for soldiers  
 Trench'ant, *a.* sharp, cutting, keen  
 Trench'er, *s.* a wooden platter  
 Trent'als, *s.* thirty masses for the dead  
 Trep'a'n, *s.* a snare; a surgeon's instrument  
 Trep'a'n, *v. a.* to cut with a trepan; to per-  
 forate; to catch, to ensnare  
 Tre'phine, *s.* a small trepan for one hand  
 Trep'id, *a.* fearful, trembling; quaking  
 Trepida'tion, *s.* the state of trembling  
 Tres'pass, *s.* a sin, offence; unlawful entry  
 Tress'es, *s.* knots or curls of hair  
 Trestle, *s.* a frame to support any thing on  
 Tret, *s.* an allowance in weight for waste  
 Trew'et, *s.* an iron with three legs  
 Trey, *s.* the three at cards or dice  
 Tri'able, *a.* capable of trial or examination  
 Tri'ad, *s.* three united; the number three  
 Trial, *s.* a test of virtue; examination  
 Tri'angle, Tri'gon, *s.* a figure of three angles  
 Trian'gular, *a.* having three angles  
 Tribe, *s.* a certain generation of people

Trib'let, *s.* a tool for making rings with  
 Tribula'tion, *s.* vexation, distress  
 Tribu'nal, *s.* a court of justice; judge's seat  
 Tribu'ne, *s.* a Roman officer  
 Tribu'tary, *a.* paying tribute; subject unto  
 Tribu'te, *s.* a payment made in acknowledgment of dependence, a tax  
 Trice, *s.* a short time, moment, instant  
 Trick, *v. a.* to deceive; cheat; dress; adorn  
 Trick'ing, *s.* dress; ornaments; a cheating  
 Trick'le, *v. n.* to fall or run down in drops  
 Tride, *a.* short; ready; swift; quick  
 Tri'dent, *s.* a three-forked sceptre; a curve  
 Trien'nial, *a.* happening every three years  
 Tri'fallow, *v. a.* to plough the land three times  
 Tri'fle, *v. n.* to act with levity; be foolish  
 Tri'fle, *s.* a thing of no moment or value  
 Tri'sler, *s.* one who acts or talks foolishly  
 Tri'fling, *a.* worthless, mean, shuffling  
 Tri'form, *a.* having a triple form or shape  
 Trig'ger, *s.* a catch of a wheel or gun  
 Trigonomet'rical, *a.* relating or pertaining to trigonometry, or measuring triangles  
 Trigonom'etry, *s.* the art of measuring triangles, &c. either plain or spherical  
 Trilater'al, *a.* having three sides  
 Trill, *s.* a quaver---*v. n.* to quaver, to trill  
 Trill'ion, *s.* a million of millions of millions  
 Trim, *a.* nice; neatly dressed up; spruce  
 Trim, *v. a.* to dress; shave; balance, &c.  
 Trim, *s.* dress; condition; ornaments  
 Trim'mer, *s.* a turncoat; a piece of wood  
 Trim'ming, *s.* lace, &c. on clothes  
 Trine, *a.* belonging to the number three  
 Trine, *s.* an aspect of two planets distant a hundred and twenty degrees  
 Trin'ity, *s.* three persons in one GOD  
 Trink'et, *s.* a toy; thing of small value  
 Trip, *v.* to supplant; err; stumble; detect  
 Trip, *s.* a stumble; mistake; short voyage  
 Trip'artite, *a.* divided into three parts  
 Tripe, *s.* the intestines, the guts  
 Triph'thong, *s.* a coalition of three vowels  
 Tri'ple, *a.* treble, three times repeated  
 Triplet, *s.* three of a kind, three lines  
 Triplicate, *a.* thrice as much, trebled  
 Tripli'city, *s.* trebleness, a threefold state  
 Trip'od, *s.* a seat or stool with three feet  
 Trip'oly, *s.* sharp cutting sand or stone  
 Trip'ping, *a.* nimble, passing quickly  
 Trip'tote, *s.* a noun used only in three cases  
 Trip'diary, *a.* performed by dancing  
 Trisection, *s.* division into three equal parts  
 Trist'ful, *a.* sad, melancholy, gloomy  
 Trisyll'able, *a.* consisting of three syllables  
 Trite, *a.* stale, worn out, common  
 Tri'theism, *s.* the worship of three gods  
 Trit'urable, *a.* possible to be pounded, &c.  
 Tritura'tion, *s.* a rubbing to powder  
 Trivial, *a.* inconsiderable; worthless

Tri'umph, *s.* joy or pomp for success; victory; conquest; state of being victorious  
 Tri'umph, *v. n.* to rejoice for victory, obtain victory, celebrate a victory with pomp  
 Triumph'al, *a.* used in celebrating victory  
 Triumph'ant, *a.* celebrating victory  
 Trium'vir, *s.* one of three in the same office  
 Trium'vrate, *s.* a government by three men  
 Tri'u'ne, *a.* three joined in one  
 Trout, *v. n.* to cry like rutting bucks  
 Tro'car, *s.* a chirurgical instrument  
 Trocha'ic, *a.* consisting of trochees  
 Troche'e, *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, consisting of a long and short syllable  
 Troch'ings, *s.* branches on a deer's head  
 Tro'chisch, Tro'chisk, *s.* a kind of lozenge  
 Trod, Trod'den, *part. pass.* of to tread  
 Troll, *v.* to fish for pike, barbel, &c. with a rod which has a pulley near the bottom  
 Troll'lop, *s.* a slattern, a slovenly woman  
 Troop, *s.* a body of soldiers; a company  
 Troop, *v. n.* to march in a body or in haste  
 Troop'er, *s.* a horse soldier, a horseman  
 Trope, *s.* a figure in speech; turn; change  
 Trophied, *a.* adorned with trophies  
 Trophy, *s.* something taken in battle  
 Trop'ic, *s.* an astronomical line of the sun  
 Tropical, *a.* figurative; near the tropics  
 Trot, *v. n.* to ride in a trot, to walk fast  
 Troth, *s.* truth, faithfulness; a petty oath  
 Troth'plight, *a.* betrothed, espoused  
 Trouble, *v. a.* to perplex, to afflict, to sue  
 Trouble, *s.* disturbance; calamity, affliction  
 Troublesome, *a.* vexatious, tiresome  
 Tro'ver, *s.* an action for goods found and not delivered to the owner on demand  
 Trough, *s.* any long thing hollowed  
 Troul, *v. n.* to move or utter quickly  
 Trounce, *v. a.* to punish, beat; sue; cheat  
 Trouser's, *s.* breeches; hose; sailors breeches  
 Trout, *s.* a fish; an honest silly fellow  
 Trow, *v. n.* to imagine, to think, to trust  
 Trow, *interj.* denoting inquiry  
 Trow'el, *s.* a tool used by bricklayers  
 Troy'weight, *s.* a weight of 12 oz. to the lb.  
 Tru'ant, *s.* an absenter from school, &c.  
 Tru'ant, *a.* idle, lazy, loitering, careless  
 Truce, *s.* a temporary cessation of war  
 Trucida'tion, *s.* the act of killing  
 Truck, *s.* traffic by exchange  
 Truck, *v. a.* to give in exchange  
 Truckle, *v. n.* to be in subjection; to creep  
 Truck'lebed, *s.* a bed with wheels to run under another; a bed for children  
 Truc'ulent, *a.* savage, terrible of aspect  
 Trudge, *v. n.* to jog on heavily, to labour  
 True, *a.* not false, certain, genuine; steady  
 Trueheart'ed, *a.* honest, faithful, just  
 Truelovekno't, *s.* a particular kind of knot  
 True'penny, *s.* a worthy honest fellow

Tum'ble, *s.* a subterraneous mushroom  
 Tum'by, *t.* a tray, hod, ancient measure  
 Tum'blism, *s.* an undoubted truth, a certainty  
 Tum'bler, *s.* a vagrant dirty strumpet  
 Tum'blily, *ad.* certainly, exactly, really  
 Tum'p, *s.* a trumpet; the turn-up card  
 Tum'p, *v. a.* to win with a trump, devise  
 Tum'perry, *s.* trifles, trash; idle talk  
 Tum'pet, *s.* a kind of musical instrument  
 Tum'pet, *v. a.* to sound one's praise, to proclaim  
 Tum'pet'er, *s.* one who sounds a trumpet  
 Tum'puncate, *v. a.* to cut short, to maim  
 Tum'cheon, *s.* a staff of command; a cudgel  
 Tum'cheon, *v. a.* to beat with a truncheon  
 Tum'ble, *v. n.* to roll, to bowl along  
 Tum'ble, *s.* a round rolling thing  
 Tum'detail, *s.* a round-tailed dog  
 Tum'k, *s.* the body of any thing; a sort of chest; the proboscis of an elephant, &c.  
 Tum'k'hole, *s.* a kind of large breeches  
 Tum'ions, *s.* the knobs on cannon, by which they are supported on carriages  
 Tum'pus, *s.* a bandage for ruptures; a bundle of hay, of 56 pounds weight  
 Tum'ps, *v. a.* to pack close together  
 Tum'pt, *s.* confidence, charge, care, credit  
 Tum'pt, *v.* to confide in, to believe  
 Tum'stice, *s.* one entrusted with any thing  
 Tum'stly, *ad.* honest, true, faithful, strong  
 Tum'th, *s.* honesty, reality, faithfulness  
 Tum'y, *v.* to examine, to essay, to attempt  
 Tum', *s.* a vessel of wood of various sizes  
 Tum'ble, *s.* a pipe; siphon; a long hollow body  
 Tum'ble, *s.* a small swelling, a pimple  
 Tum'bose, *s.* a sweet-smelling flower  
 Tum'rous, *a.* full of knobs or swellings  
 Tum'ular, Tum'ulated, Tum'ulous, *a.* long and hollow, like a cylinder; fistular  
 Tum'uck, *s.* a long narrow sword; a net  
 Tum'uck, *v. a.* to lay close; to inclose under  
 Tum'cker, *s.* a small piece of linen that shades the breast of a woman  
 Tum'cket, *s.* a voluntary in music  
 Tum'day, *s.* the third day of the week  
 Tum'ft, *s.* a cluster of grass, hair, &c.  
 Tum'faffety, *s.* a shaggy kind of silk  
 Tum'fy, *a.* adorned with, or having tufts  
 Tum'g, *v.* to pull along, to draw; to contend  
 Tum'g, *s.* a pull with force, a great effort  
 Tum'ion, *s.* guardianship; instruction  
 Tum'lip, *s.* the name of a flower  
 Tum'ble, *s.* a fall, downfall, accident  
 Tum'bler, *s.* one who shows feats of activity  
 Tum'breli, *s.* a dunghill; a dungcart  
 Tum'faction, *s.* a swelling  
 Tum'fy, *v. a.* to swell, to make to swell  
 Tum'id, *a.* puffed up, swelled; pompous  
 Tum'mour, *s.* morbid swelling; affected pomp  
 Tum'uit, *s.* a riot, bustle, wild commotion

Tumult'uous, *a.* turbulent, full of riot  
 Tun, *s.* a cask of four hogsheads, two pipes  
 Tu'nable, *a.* harmonious, musical, sweet  
 Tun'bellied, *a.* having a large belly, fat  
 Tune, *s.* harmony; an air; order; fit temper  
 Tune, *v. a.* to put into a musical state  
 Tu'neful, *a.* musical, harmonious, pleasing  
 Tu'ner, *s.* one who tunes, one who sings  
 Tu'nic, *s.* a child's upper garment  
 Tu'nicle, *s.* a cover, integument, skin  
 Tun'nage, *s.* contents of a vessel measured by the tun; a duty of so much per tun  
 Tun'nel, *s.* the shaft of a chimney; a funnel to bottle liquor; net to catch partridges  
 Tun'ny, *s.* the name of a sea-fish  
 Tup, *s.* a ram—*v. n.* to butt like a ram  
 Tur'ban, *s.* a Turkish cap made of fine linen wreathed about the head  
 Tur'bary, *s.* a right of digging turf  
 Tur'bid, *a.* thick, muddy, not clear  
 Tur'binated, *a.* twisted, spiral  
 Tur'birth, *s.* yellow precipitate; an herb  
 Tur'bot, *s.* the name of a delicate sea-fish  
 Tur'bulence, *s.* tumult, confusion  
 Tur'bulent, *a.* tumultuous, violent  
 Turf, *s.* a clod covered with grass  
 Turf'y, *a.* full of or like turfs; green  
 Tur'gent, *a.* swelling, protuberant, tumid  
 Tur'gid, *a.* tumid, swelled, bloated  
 Turk, *s.* a native or inhabitant of Turkey  
 Tur'key, *s.* a large fowl well known  
 Tur'kois, or Tur'cois, *s.* a kind of blue stone  
 Tur'meric, *s.* an Indian root which makes a yellow die  
 Tur'moil, *v. a.* to labour hard, toil, weary  
 Turn, *v.* to transform, to change, to alter  
 Turn, *s.* the act of moving about, change  
 Turn'coat, *s.* a renegade, an apostate  
 Turn'er, *s.* one who turns in a lathe  
 Turn'ing, *s.* a winding, bending, curling  
 Turn'ip, *s.* a well-known esculent root  
 Turn'pike, *s.* a toll-gate on a road  
 Turn'spit, *s.* one who turns a spit, a dog  
 Turn'stile, *s.* a kind of whirling stile  
 Tur'pentine, *s.* a gum from the pine, &c.  
 Tur'pitude, *s.* inherent vileness, badness  
 Tur'ret, *s.* a small tower or eminence  
 Turtle, *s.* the turtle-dove; a tortoise  
 Turtle-dove, *s.* a species of dove or pigeon  
 Tush, Tut, *interj.* expressing contempt  
 Tusk, *s.* a fish; fang, very large tooth  
 Tu'telage, *s.* guardianship, protection, care  
 Tu'telar, Tu'telary, *a.* guarding, protecting, defensive, having guardianship  
 Tu'tor, *s.* one who instructs, a preceptor  
 Tu'torage, *s.* the office of a tutor, education  
 Tu'toress, *s.* a governess, an instructress  
 Tut'ty, *s.* a recrement of *lapis calaminaris* which sublimes to the top of the furnace in the manufacturing of brass

Tuz, or Tuzz, *s.* a lock or tuft of hair  
 Twain, *a.* two, both—*ad.* in two, asunder  
 Twang, *s.* a sharp quick sound, an accent  
 Twang, *v. n.* to make to sound sharply  
 Twat'tle, *v. n.* to prate, to gabble, to chatter  
 Tweak, *v. a.* to pinch, to squeeze  
 Twee'dle, *v. a.* to handle lightly or softly  
 Twee'zers, *s.* nippers, small pincers  
 Twelfth, *a.* the second after the tenth  
 Twelfth/tide, *s.* the Epiphany or twelfth day  
 Twelve, *a.* two and ten, twice six  
 Twelve'month, *s.* a year of solar months  
 Twen'ty, *a.* twice ten, a proverbial number  
 Twi'bill, *s.* a halbert; a pavior's tool  
 Twice, *ad.* two times, doubly  
 Twid'dle, *v. a.* to touch lightly  
 Twig, *s.* a small branch, switch, sprout  
 Twi'light, *s.* the dubious or faint light before  
 sun-rise, and after sun-set  
 Twi'light, *a.* deeply shaded; obscure  
 Twin, *s.* one of two produced together  
 Twin'born, *a.* born at the same birth  
 Twine, *v.* to twist, wrap about, wind  
 Twine, *s.* a twist, twisted thread; embrace  
 Twinge, *v. a.* to pinch, tweak, torment  
 Twink'le, *v. n.* to open and shut the eye  
 Twink'ling, *s.* a motion of the eye; a light  
 that seems every moment in and out  
 Twin'ling, *s.* the name of a twin-lamb

Twirl, *v. a.* to turn round quick  
 Twirl, *s.* circular motion, rotation, twist  
 Twist, *v. a.* to form by complication  
 Twist, *s.* a thread made by winding two together; a single string of cord; twitch; twit  
 Twit, *v. a.* to reproach, to upbraid, to snub  
 Twitch, *v. a.* to snatch, to pluck forcibly  
 Twit'ter, *v. n.* to make a noise like swallow  
 Twit'ter, *s.* a disorder of passion, laughter  
 Two'fold, *a.* double—*ad.* doubly, twice  
 Two'anded, *a.* big, bulky, enormous  
 Two'pence, *s.* a penny twice told, small coin  
 Tym'bal, *s.* a kind of kettle-drum  
 Tym'pan, *s.* a printer's frame; a pannel  
 Tym'panum, *s.* a drum; part of the ear  
 Tym'pany, *s.* a dry windy dropsy  
 Type, *s.* an emblem; printing letter, stamp  
 Typ'ical, *a.* emblematical, figurative  
 Typ'ically, *ad.* in a figurative manner  
 Typog'rapher, *s.* a printer, one who prints  
 Typograph'ical, *a.* belonging to printing  
 Typograph'y, *s.* the art of printing  
 Tyran'nic, Tyran'rical, *a.* like a tyrant  
 Tyran'nicide, *s.* the act of killing a tyrant  
 Tyr'annise, *v. n.* to play or act the tyrant  
 Tyr'annous, *a.* arbitrary, cruel, despotic  
 Tyr'anny, *s.* cruel government; severity  
 Ty'rant, *s.* a cruel despotic ruler or master  
 Ty'ro, *s.* a beginner; student; novice

## V.

V A'CANCY, *s.* a vacuity; relaxation  
 Va'cant, *a.* empty, free, disengaged  
 Va'cate, *v. a.* to annul, to make vacant  
 Vaca'tion, *s.* leisure, intermission, a recess  
 Vacua'tion, *s.* an emptying, an evacuation  
 Vacu'ity, *s.* an emptiness, space unfilled  
 Vac'uuum, *s.* space unoccupied by matter  
 Va'de-me'cum, *s.* the title of a little book  
 Vag'abond, *s.* a vagrant, a wanderer  
 Vaga'ry, *s.* a wild sudden frolic, a freak  
 Va'grant, *s.* an idle strolling person  
 Va'grant, *a.* wandering, unsettled, vagabond  
 Vague, *a.* wandering, unmeaning, unsettled  
 Vail, *s.* a covering; a perquisite  
 Vail, *v.* to cover; to let fall; to yield  
 Vain, *a.* fruitless; meanly proud; idle  
 Vainglo'rious, *a.* vain without merit  
 Vainglo'ry, *s.* empty pride, vanity, folly  
 Vain'ly, *ad.* without effect; foolishly  
 Val'ance, *s.* the hanging of a bed tester  
 Vale, *s.* a valley; money given to servants  
 Val'entine, *s.* a choice on Valentine's day  
 Vale'rian, *s.* the name of a plant

Val'et, *s.* a waiting servant, a footman  
 Valetudina'rian, *s.* a weak, sickly person  
 Val'iant, *a.* brave, stout, courageous, bold  
 Val'iantly, *ad.* with personal strength  
 Val'id, *a.* conclusive, prevalent, efficacious  
 Valid'ity, *s.* certainty; value; force  
 Val'ley, *s.* a low ground between two hills  
 Val'our, *s.* personal bravery, prowess  
 Val'orous, *a.* brave, stout, valiant, heroic  
 Val'uable, *a.* precious, worthy of value  
 Valua'tion, *s.* an estimate of the value of  
 thing; appraisement; a set value  
 Val'ue, *s.* a price, worth, rate, high rate  
 Val'ue, *v. a.* to fix a price, to appraise  
 Valve, *s.* any thing that opens over the mouth  
 of a tube, &c.; a folding door  
 Vamp, *s.* the upper leather of a shoe, &c.  
 Vamp, *v. a.* to mend old things, to piece  
 Van, *s.* the front line of an army; a fan  
 Vane, *s.* a plate turned with the wind  
 Van'guard, *s.* the first line of an army  
 Vanil'la, *s.* the name of a plant and nut  
 Van'ish, *v. n.* to disappear, to pass away

Velti<sup>ty</sup>, *s.* emptiness; arrogance; falsehood  
 v. *a.* to winnow, to fan, to sift, to clean  
 Viquish, *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue  
 Viquisher, *s.* a conqueror, a subduer  
 Vantage, *s.* gain, profit, superiority, parti-  
 cular convenience, opportunity, &c.  
 Vairbras, *s.* armour for the arms  
 Vaid, *a.* spiritless, dead, flat, paled  
 Vairous, *a.* full of vapours, windy, fumy  
 Vairour, *s.* fume, spleen, wind, steam  
 Vairous, *s.* hysterick fits, fits, whims  
 Vairiable, *a.* changeable, inconstant, fickle  
 Vairiably, *ad.* incofstantly, changeably  
 Vairiance, *s.* disagreement, dissension  
 Vairiation, *s.* a change, difference, deviation  
 Vairigate, *v. a.* to diversify with colours  
 Vairigation, *s.* a diversity of colours  
 Vairety, *s.* an intermixture; change  
 Vairious, *a.* different, manifold, changeable  
 Vairiet, *s.* a rascal, anciently a footman  
 Vairnish, *s.* a shining liquid substance  
 Vairnish, *v. a.* to set a gloss; to palliate  
 Vairy, *v.* to diversify, to deviate, to change  
 Vairy, *s.* a change, alteration, deviation  
 Vairicular, *a.* consisting of vessels  
 Vairessel, *s.* a vessel with a foot; an ornament  
 Vairal, *s.* a subject, dependant, slave  
 Vairalage, *s.* the state of a vassal, slavery  
 Vair, or Vast<sup>y</sup>, *a.* very great, enormous  
 Vair, *s.* an empty waste, an empty space  
 Vairily, *ad.* to a great degree, greatly  
 Vair, *s.* a brewer's working tub, a fat  
 Vairicide, *s.* a murderer of poets  
 Vairinate, *v. n.* to prophesy, to foretel  
 Vairour, *s.* a lord next in rank to a baron  
 Vair, *s.* a cellar; an arch; a cave; a grave  
 Vair, *v.* to leap, to jump, to tumble; to arch  
 Vairage, *s.* an arched cellar, &c.  
 Vairited, Vairit<sup>y</sup>, *s.* arched, like an arch  
 Vairmure, *s.* a false wall, breastwork  
 Vair, *v.* to boast, to brag, to talk largely  
 Vair, *s.* a boast, vain ostentation  
 Vairation, Ubi<sup>ty</sup>, *s.* a relation to place  
 Vairuity, *s.* omnipresence; a being in all  
 places  
 Vair, *s.* the dugs of a cow  
 Vair, *s.* the flesh of a calf killed  
 Vairure, *s.* carriage, conveyance, removal  
 Vair, *v.* to turn about, to turn, to change  
 Vairtable, *s.* all sorts of plants  
 Vairate, *v. n.* to grow as plants  
 Vairation, *s.* growing like plants  
 Vairative, *a.* growing without life  
 Vairence, *s.* violence, eagerness, ardour  
 Vairement, *a.* forcible, eager, earnest  
 Vairicle, *s.* a carriage, a conveyance  
 Vair, *v. a.* to cover, invest, hide, conceal  
 Vair, *s.* a cover to conceal the face; disguise  
 Vair, *s.* a tube in the flesh; course of me-  
 in mines; current; turn of mind

Velle<sup>ty</sup>, *s.* the lowest degree of desire  
 Vellicate, *v. a.* to twitch, pluck, stimulate  
 Vellica<sup>tion</sup>, *s.* a twitching or stimulating  
 Vellum, *s.* a fine kind of parchment  
 Velo<sup>city</sup>, *s.* speed, swiftness of motion  
 Vel<sup>v</sup>et, *s.* a silk with a fur or pile upon it  
 Vel<sup>v</sup>et, *a.* made of velvet, soft, delicate  
 Ven<sup>al</sup>, *a.* mercenary, base; in the veins  
 Venal<sup>ity</sup>, *s.* sordidness, prostitution  
 Venatic, *a.* relating to hunting or chasing  
 Vend, *v. a.* to sell; to set, or offer to sale  
 Vende<sup>e</sup>, *s.* one to whom any thing is sold  
 Vend<sup>er</sup>, *s.* one who sells or puts off goods  
 Vendible, *a.* saleable, that may be sold  
 Vendition, *s.* a sale, the act of selling  
 Vene<sup>er</sup>, *v. a.* to cover with thin wood, &c.  
 Venefi<sup>cial</sup>, *a.* poisonous; bewitching  
 Ven<sup>emous</sup>, *a.* poisonous; malignant  
 Ven<sup>en</sup>ate, *v. a.* to poison, to kill by poison  
 Ven<sup>er</sup>able, *a.* worthy of reverence  
 Ven<sup>er</sup>ate, *v. a.* to treat with veneration  
 Venera<sup>tion</sup>, *s.* a reverend or awful regard  
 Vene<sup>real</sup>, *a.* relating to love, &c.  
 Ven<sup>er</sup>ey, *s.* the sport of hunting; the plea-  
 sures of the bed  
 Venesec<sup>tion</sup>, *s.* blood-letting, a bleeding  
 Ve<sup>n</sup>ey, *s.* a bout, turn, push, thrust  
 Venge, *v. a.* to avenge, punish, chastise  
 Venge<sup>ance</sup>, *s.* punishment, revenge  
 Venge<sup>ful</sup>, *a.* vindictive, revengeful, spiteful  
 Ven<sup>ie</sup>nable, Ve<sup>n</sup>ial, *a.* pardonable, allowed  
 Ven<sup>ison</sup>, *s.* beast of chase; flesh of deer  
 Ven<sup>om</sup>, *s.* poison, poison, matter  
 Ven<sup>omous</sup>. See Ven<sup>omous</sup>  
 Vent, *s.* a hole; passage; sale; discharge  
 Vent, *v. a.* to publish, sell, emit, let off  
 Ven<sup>tiduct</sup>, *s.* a passage for the wind  
 Ven<sup>tilate</sup>, *v. a.* to fan; examine, discuss  
 Ventilation, *s.* the act of fanning or cool-  
 ing; vent, utterance, refrigeration  
 Ventila<sup>tor</sup>, *s.* an engine to supply air with  
 Ven<sup>tricle</sup>, *s.* the stomach; any small cavity  
 in an animal body, or of the heart  
 Ventriloquist, *s.* one who speaks so, as that  
 the sound seems to issue from his belly  
 Ven<sup>ture</sup>, *v.* to dare, expose, send on a venture  
 Ven<sup>ture</sup>, *s.* a hazard, hap, chance  
 Ven<sup>turesome</sup>, Ven<sup>tu</sup>rous, *a.* daring, bold  
 Vera<sup>city</sup>, *s.* honesty of report, truth  
 Verb, *s.* one of the parts of speech, which  
 signifies doing, suffering, or being  
 Verbal, *a.* spoken, oral; verbose; literal  
 Verba<sup>tim</sup>, *ad.* word for word, literally  
 Verberate, *v. a.* to beat, strike, chastise  
 Verbera<sup>tion</sup>, *s.* the act of beating, blows  
 Verbose, *a.* prolix, tedious  
 Ver<sup>d</sup>ant, *a.* green; flourishing; beautiful  
 Ver<sup>d</sup>erer, or Ver<sup>d</sup>eror, *s.* a forest officer  
 Ver<sup>d</sup>ict, *s.* a determination by a jury, &c.  
 Ver<sup>d</sup>igrease, *s.* the green rust of brass

Ver'diture, *s.* a kind of pale-green colour  
 Ver'dure, *s.* a green colour, greenness  
 Verge, *s.* a rod; a dean's mace; brink  
 Verge, *v. n.* to bend downwards, to tend  
 Ver'ger, *s.* a mace-bearer in cathedrals, &c.  
 Ver'ify, *v. a.* to justify, confirm, prove true  
 Ver'ily, *ad.* in truth, certainly, really  
 Verisim'ilar, *a.* likely, probable  
 Veritable, *a.* agreeable to fact, true  
 Ver'ity, *s.* truth, certainty, a true assertion  
 Ver'juice, *s.* the liquor of crab-apples  
 Vermicel'li, *s.* a paste spun like threads  
 Vermicul'ar, *a.* acting like a worm; spiral  
 Vermic'ulate, *v. a.* to inlay wood, &c.  
 Ver'micule, *s.* a little grub or worm  
 Vermic'ulous, *a.* full of worms or grubs  
 Vermil'ion, *s.* a beautiful red colour  
 Vermina'tion, *s.* a breeding vermine  
 Ver'mine, *s.* any noxious animal  
 Vernac'ular, *a.* of one's own country  
 Ver'nal, *a.* belonging to the spring  
 Vernil'ity, *s.* servile behaviour, meanness  
 Ver'satile, *a.* turning round, variable  
 Versatil'ity, *s.* the quality of being versatile  
 Verse, *s.* a piece of poetry; lays; paragraph  
 Ver'sed, *a.* skilled, well practised  
 Versifica'tion, *s.* the art of making verses  
 Ver'sifier, *s.* a maker of verses  
 Ver'sify, *v.* to make or relate in verse  
 Ver'sion, *s.* the act of translating, translation  
 Vert, *s.* every green tree in a forest  
 Ver'tebral, *a.* relating to the back-bone  
 Ver'tebré, *s.* a joint in the back-bone  
 Ver'tex, *s.* the zenith; the point over head; the summit, or upper part of any thing  
 Ver'tible, *a.* capable of being turned  
 Ver'tical, *a.* relating to the vertex  
 Ver'ticity, *s.* the act of turning about  
 Ver'tiginous, *a.* turning round, giddy  
 Ver'tigo, *s.* a giddiness; a whirling motion  
 Ver'vain, *s.* the name of a plant  
 Ver'vel, *s.* a label tied to a hawk  
 Ver'y, *a.* real, true—*ad.* in a great degree  
 Vesicate, *v. a.* to blister; to puff up; to swell  
 Vesicatory, *s.* a blistering medicine  
 Vesicle, *s.* a small cuticle inflated; blister  
 Vesper, *s.* the evening star; the evening  
 Vespers, *s.* evening service, or prayers  
 Vessel, *s.* any utensil made to contain liquors; a ship, bark, &c.; a pipe for the blood or humours in any animal body  
 Vest, *s.* an outer garment, a kind of coat  
 Vest, *v. a.* to dress, deck, invest, admit  
 Vestal, *s.* a pure virgin, a sacred virgin  
 Vest'al, *a.* denoting pure virginity  
 Vestibule, *s.* the entrance of a house  
 Vestige, *s.* a footprint, trace, mark, sign  
 Vest'ment, *s.* a garment, part of dress  
 Vest'ry, *s.* a room adjoining to a church; people legally assembled in it; meeting  
 Vest'ure, *s.* a garment, habit, dress  
 Vetch, *s.* a leguminous plant; a kind of  
 Vet'eran, *s.* old soldier; man long practised  
 Veterina'rian, *s.* one skilled in the disease of cattle  
 Vex, *v. a.* to plague, to disquiet, to torment  
 Vexa'tion, *s.* the act or cause of plaguing  
 Vexa'tious, *a.* afflictive, troublesome  
 Ug'liness, *s.* deformity, moral depravity  
 Ug'ly, *a.* deformed, offensive to the sight  
 Vi'al, *s.* a small bottle—*v. a.* to bottle  
 Vi'and, *s.* meat dressed, meat, food  
 Viat'ic, *a.* relating to a journey  
 Viat'icum, *s.* provision for a journey; a  
 Vi'brate, *v.* to brandish, move to and fro  
 Vibra'tion, *s.* a moving with quick return  
 Vic'ar, *s.* a minister of a parish where tithes are impropriated; a substitute  
 Vic'arage, *s.* the benefice of a vicar  
 Vica'rial, *a.* pertaining or relating to a vicar  
 Vice, *s.* wickedness, offence; an iron vice  
 Vice, in composition, signifies second in  
 Vice-ad'miral, *s.* the second in command  
 Vice-ag'ent, *s.* one who acts for another  
 Vicege'rency, *s.* the office of a vicegerent  
 Vicege'rent, *s.* one who is intrusted with  
     power of the superior; a lieutenant  
 Vicechan'cellor, *s.* a second magistrate  
     the universities of Oxford and Cambridge  
 Vi'croy, *s.* one who governs a kingdom with regal authority, and is  
     countable only to the king his master  
 Vici'nal, Vici'ne, *a.* near, adjoining to  
 Vicin'ity, *s.* neighbourhood, nearness  
 Vi'cious, *a.* addicted to vice, wicked, *etc.*  
 Vicis'situde, *s.* a change, revolution  
 Vic'tim, *s.* a sacrifice; something destroyed  
 Victor, *s.* a conqueror, a vanquisher  
 Victo'rious, *a.* conquering, vanquishing,  
     ing obtained conquest  
 Victo'riously, *ad.* triumphantly, victoriously  
 Vic'tory, *s.* conquest, success, triumph  
 Victu'als, *s.* provision of food, meat, &c.  
 Victu'al, *v. a.* to provide with food  
 Victu'aller, *s.* a provider of victuals, &c.  
 Vide'licet, *ad.* to wit; that is; generally,  
     written, *viz.*  
 Vie, *v. n.* to contend, contest, strive  
 View, *v. a.* to survey, to examine, to  
 View, *s.* a prospect, sight, show, survey  
 Vi'gil, *s.* the eve of a holiday; watch  
 Vi'gilance, Vi'gilancy, *s.* watchfulness  
 Vi'gilant, *a.* watchful, circumspect, diligent  
 Vig'orous, *a.* full of strength and life  
 Vig'our, *s.* force, strength, energy, *etc.*  
 Vile, *a.* sordid, wicked, worthless, mean  
 Vil'ely, *ad.* shamefully, meanly, basely  
 Vil'ify, *v. a.* to debase, to defame, to  
 Vill, or Vill'a, *s.* a country seat, a villa  
 Vill'age, *s.* a small collection of houses

Vager, *s.* an inhabitant of a village  
 Vain, *t.* a wicked wretch ; a servant  
 Vainly, *t.* base, vile, wicked, sorry  
 Vainly, *ad.* wickedly, basely  
 Vainness, *t.* wickedness, baseness, a crime  
 Vapour, *t.* shaggy, rough, hairy  
 Vaporous, *a.* made of, or like twigs  
 Vaporous, *a.* conquerable, tameable  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to justify, to revenge, clear  
 Vaporous, *s.* a defence, justification  
 Vaporous, *a.* revengeful, malicious  
 Vaporous, *a.* revengeful, given to revenge  
 Vaporous, *t.* the name of a tree bearing grapes  
 Vaporous, *s.* any real or metaphorical sour  
 Vaporous, *t.* a ground planted with vines  
 Vaporous, *a.* having the quality of wine  
 Vaporous, *t.* the time of making wine  
 Vaporous, *t.* one who gathers the vintage  
 Vaporous, *s.* one who sells wine, &c.  
 Vaporous, *s.* the place for selling wine  
 Vaporous, *t.* a stringed musical instrument  
 Vaporous, *a.* that may be violated or hurt  
 Vaporous, *a.* resembling or like violets  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to injure, to infringe, ravish  
 Vaporous, *s.* infringement ; a deflowering  
 Vaporous, *t.* force, outrage, injury  
 Vaporous, *a.* forcible, extorted, outrageous  
 Vaporous, *t.* the name of a sweet flower  
 Vaporous, *t.* a fiddle, a musical instrument  
 Vaporous, *t.* a player on the viol or violin  
 Vaporous, *s.* a musical instrument  
 Vaporous, *t.* a serpent ; a mischievous person  
 Vaporous, *s.* a bold, resolute woman  
 Vaporous, *a.* green ; not faded, unfaded  
 Vaporous, *t.* a dean's mace, mace, rod  
 Vaporous, *t.* a maid, a woman not a mother  
 Vaporous, *a.* befitting a virgin ; maidenly  
 Vaporous, *s.* a stringed musical instrument  
 Vaporous, *a.* maidenly, pertaining to a maiden  
 Vaporous, *t.* maidenhood, purity  
 Vaporous, *a.* manly, bold, courageous  
 Vaporous, *t.* character of manhood ; the  
 Vaporous, *s.* of procreating the species  
 Vaporous, *a.* effectual ; powerful ; prevalent  
 Vaporous, *ad.* effectually, not formally  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to make efficacious  
 Vaporous, *s.* moral goodness, valour, efficacy  
 Vaporous, *s.* one skilled in curiosities, &c.  
 Vaporous, *a.* morally good, efficacious, de-  
 Vaporous, *t.* having medicinal qualities  
 Vaporous, *s.* poison, venom, malignity, simony of temper, bitterness  
 Vaporous, *t.* malignant, poisonous, venomous  
 Vaporous, *t.* stinking matter from ulcer  
 Vaporous, *t.* the face, countenance, look  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to take out the boyles  
 Vaporous, *s.* degree of nobility next an earl  
 Vaporous, *s.* the lady of a viscount  
 Vaporous, *a.* clammy, glutinous, ropy, sticky  
 Vaporous, *s.* a visible state  
 Vaporous, *a.* apparent, open, conspicuous  
 Vaporous, *ad.* openly, conspicuously, clearly  
 Vaporous, *s.* sight, a dream, a phantom  
 Vaporous, *a.* imaginary, seen in a dream  
 Vaporous, *s.* one disturbed in thought  
 Vaporous, *s.* the act of going to see another  
 Vaporous, *s.* one who visits another  
 Vaporous, *s.* a judicial visit ; the act of vi-  
 siting ; a judgment from heaven  
 Vaporous, *s.* one who visits a neighbour or  
 friend ; an occasional judge  
 Vaporous, *s.* a kind of brandy or wine  
 Vaporous, *s.* a mask, disguise, concealment  
 Vaporous, *s.* a long view or prospect  
 Vaporous, *s.* between two rows of trees ; an avenue  
 Vaporous, *a.* used in sight, exercising sight  
 Vaporous, *a.* necessary to life, essential  
 Vaporous, *s.* the power of subsisting in life  
 Vaporous, *s.* parts essential to life ; essence  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to deprive ; spoil, corrupt  
 Vaporous, *s.* depravation, corruption  
 Vaporous, *a.* corrupt, wicked, depraved  
 Vaporous, *a.* glassy, resembling glass  
 Vaporous, *v.* to change into or become glass  
 Vaporous, *s.* a kind of mineral salt  
 Vaporous, *a.* impregnated with vitriol  
 Vaporous, *s.* containing or resembling vitriol  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to censure, to blame  
 Vaporous, *a.* sprightly, gay, active  
 Vaporous, *s.* sprightliness, liveliness  
 Vaporous, *s.* manner of supporting life  
 Vaporous, *s.* a distemper among horses  
 Vaporous, *a.* quick, active, lively, sprightly  
 Vaporous, *a.* giving life, making alive  
 Vaporous, *v. a.* to make alive, to animate  
 Vaporous, *a.* bringing the young alive  
 Vaporous, *s.* she fox ; a scolding woman  
 Vaporous, *ad.* to wit, that is. See Videlicet  
 Vaporous, *s.* a mask to cover the face  
 Vaporous, *s.* the Ottoman prime minister  
 Vaporous, *s.* a dangerous running sore  
 Vaporous, *s.* a breaking into sores  
 Vaporous, *a.* afflicted with sores  
 Vaporous, *a.* grown to be an ulcer  
 Vaporous, *a.* slimy, muddy, fenny  
 Vaporous, *a.* the very last, final, ending  
 Vaporous, *ad.* in the last consequence  
 Vaporous, *s.* the final resolution  
 Vaporous, *s.* a very fine blue  
 Vaporous, *a.* foreign, beyond the sea  
 Vaporous, *s.* a yellow colour ; a fish  
 Vaporous, *s.* the entrails of a deer  
 Vaporous, *s.* the point or top of a buckler  
 Vaporous, *s.* shadow ; offence, resentment  
 Vaporous, *s.* Umbra'geous, Umbro'se, *a.* shady  
 Vaporous, *s.* a cover from the sun or rain  
 Vaporous, *s.* one who decides disputes  
 Vaporous, *a.* not humbled, not abated  
 Vaporous, *a.* not ashamed, undaunted  
 Vaporous, *a.* not able, weak, impotent

Unabolished, *a.* remaining still in force  
 Unac'ceptable, *a.* disagreeable, displeasing  
 Unaccept'ed, *a.* not accepted, not received  
 Unaccom'panied, *a.* not attended, alone  
 Unaccom'plished, *a.* unfinished; awkward  
 Unaccount'able, *a.* not to be accounted for,  
     not subject, not controlled, not explicable  
 Unaccount'ably, *ad.* strangely, oddly  
 Unac'curate, *a.* not exact, incorrect  
 Unaccus'tomed, *a.* new, not usual, strange  
 Unacquaint'ed, *a.* not known, unusual  
 Unadim'red, *a.* not regarded with honour  
 Unado'red, *a.* not worshipped; neglected  
 Unadvi'sed, *a.* indiscreet, imprudent  
 Unaf'fable, *a.* haughty, proud, unsociable  
 Unaffec'ted, *a.* not moved, open, real  
 Unaid'ed, *a.* not assisted, not helped  
 Una'tienable, *a.* that cannot be alienated  
 Unalli'ed, *a.* having no powerful relation  
 Unal'terable, *a.* that cannot be altered  
 Unamu'sing, *a.* displeasing; uninstructive  
 Unanim'i'ty, *s.* agreement in mind, &c.  
 Unan'ious, *a.* being of one mind  
 Unan'swerable, *a.* not to be refuted  
 Unappal'led, *a.* not daunted, not dismayed  
 Unappeas'able, *a.* not to be pacified  
 Una'pt, *a.* dull, unfit, improper, not qualified  
 Unar'gued, *a.* not disputed, not censured  
 Unarm'ed, *a.* having no armour, or weapons  
 Unart'ful, *a.* wanting skill or cunning  
 Unask'ed, *a.* not asked, not desired  
 Unaspi'ring, *a.* not ambitious, humble  
 Unassail'able, *a.* not to be assaulted  
 Unassist'ed, *a.* not assisted, not helped  
 Unattain'able, *a.* not to be gained or attained  
 Unattempt'ed, *a.* untried, not assayed  
 Unattend'ed, *a.* having no retinue, alone  
 Unavail'able, Unavail'ing, *a.* useless, vain  
 Unavoid'able, *a.* inevitable, not to be shunned  
 Unauth'orised, *a.* without authority  
 Unawa're, or Unawa'res, *ad.* suddenly  
 Unaw'ed, *a.* having no fear or dread  
 Unba'r, *v. a.* to unbolt, to remove a bar  
 Unbar'ed, *a.* unshaved, bare; relieved  
 Unbat'ered, *a.* not injured by blows  
 Unbeat'en, *a.* not trodden, not beaten  
 Unbecom'ing, *a.* indecent, unsuitable  
 Unbefit'ing, *a.* unbecoming, unsuitable  
 Unbegot'ten, *a.* not generated, eternal  
 Unbelie'f, *s.* infidelity, incredulity, irreligion  
 Unbeliev'er, *s.* an infidel, a wicked person  
 Unben'e'ficed, *a.* not enjoying a benefice  
 Unbene'volent, *a.* not kind, unmerciful  
 Unbeni'gn, *a.* malevolent, malignant  
 Unbe'nt, *a.* relaxed, unshrunk, unsubdued  
 Unbesee'ming, *a.* unbecoming, unfit  
 Unbewail'ed, *a.* not lamented  
 Unbi'as, *v. a.* to remove prejudice  
 Unbid'den, *a.* uninvited, not bidden  
 Unbig'otted, *a.* free from bigotry

Unbi'nd, *v. a.* to loose, untie, separate  
 Unbla'mable, *a.* not blamable, innocent  
 Unblem'ished, *a.* free from blemish, &c.  
 Unble'st, *a.* wretched, unhappy, accursed  
 Unblo'wn, *a.* not yet blown, unopened  
 Unbed'ied, *a.* freed from the body, incorporated  
 Unbolt'it, *v. a.* to open or remove bolts  
 Unbolt'ed, *a.* coarse, not refined or sifted  
 Unbon'netted, *a.* having no hat or bonnet  
 Unbo'rn, *a.* not yet brought into life  
 Unbor'rowed, *a.* not borrowed, genuine  
 Unbos'om, *v. a.* to reveal in confidence  
 Unbo'ught, *a.* obtained without money  
 Unbo'und, *a.* wanting a cover; not bound  
 Unbound'ed, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained  
 Unbra'ce, *v. a.* to loose, relax, unfold  
 Unbre'd, *a.* not taught, ill-educated  
 Unbr'died, *a.* not restrained, licentious  
 Unbro'ke, *a.* not tamed or subdued  
 Unbroth'ery, *a.* not like a brother  
 Unbuck'le, *v. a.* to loose a buckle  
 Unbu'l'd, *v. a.* to raze, destroy, pull down  
 Unbu'l't, *a.* not yet erected, unfinished  
 Unbu'rd, *a.* not put into a grave, not interred  
 Unbu'rnt, *a.* not consumed by fire  
 Unbur'then, *v. a.* to rid of a load, throw  
 Unbut'ton, *v. a.* to loose any thing buttoned  
 Uncanon'ical, *a.* not canonical  
 Uncar'se, *v. a.* to uncover; take out; uncover  
 Uncar'ught, *a.* not yet caught, not taken  
 Uncer'tain, *a.* not certain, doubtful  
 Uncer'tainty, *s.* dubiousness, contingency  
 Unchai'n, *v. a.* to free from chains  
 Uncha'ngable, *a.* not to be changed, fixed  
 Unchar'itable, *a.* having no mercy or charity  
 Unchar'itableness, *s.* a want of charity  
 Uncha'ste, *a.* lewd, lustful, impure  
 Unchast'ity, *s.* lewdness, incontinence  
 Unchew'ed, *a.* not chewed, not eaten  
 Uncir'cumcised, *a.* not circumcised  
 Uncircumci'sion, *s.* a want of circumcision  
 Uncircumspect, *a.* not cautious, careless  
 Uncircumstan'tial, *a.* not important  
 Unciv'il, *a.* unpolite, rude, unkind  
 Unciv'illy, *ad.* unpolitely, not complaisant  
 Unciv'ilized, *a.* barbarous; indecent, unpolished  
 Unclar'ified, *a.* not purified, not refined  
 Unclas'sic, Unclas'sical, *a.* not classical  
 Uncle', *s.* a father's or mother's brother  
 Uncle'an, *a.* not clean; wicked, lewd  
 Unclean'liness, *s.* want of cleanness; uncleanness  
 Unclean'ly, *a.* filthy, dirty, unchaste  
 Uncleans'ed, *a.* not cleansed or purified  
 Uncle'nch, *v. a.* to open the hand  
 Unclo'ath, *v. a.* to strip, to make naked  
 Unclo'g, *v. a.* to disencumber, exonerate  
 Unclo'se, *v. a.* to open, set open, disclose  
 Uncloud'ed, *a.* free from clouds, not dark  
 Unclu'tch, *v. a.* to open the closed hand  
 Unco'il, *v. a.* to unfold, unravel, open

collect'ed, *a.* not collected, not recollected  
combed, *a.* not parted with a comb  
comely, *a.* not comely, not graceful  
comfortable, *a.* dismal, gloomy  
common, *a.* not frequent, unusual  
compact, *a.* not compact, not close  
communicated, *a.* not communicated  
compel'led, *a.* not forced, not obliged  
compound'ed, *a.* simple; not intricate  
compressed, *a.* not compressed, loose  
conceiv'able, *a.* not to be understood  
conceiv'ed, *a.* not thought, not imagined  
conce'r'n, *s.* negligence, indifference  
concern'ed, *a.* not anxious; easy  
conform', *a.* not conformable, unlike  
con'sciousable, *a.* unreasonable; unjust  
con'sciously, *ad.* unreasonably  
control'able, *a.* not to be controlled  
cou'ple, *v. a.* to separate, to let loose  
court'ous, *a.* uncivil, unpolite, rude  
courtly, *a.* unpolished, awkward  
couth, *a.* strange, unusual, odd  
creat'e, *a.* not created; everlasting  
creat'ed, *a.* not yet created, not yet born  
cropp'ed, *a.* not cropped, not gathered  
crowd'ed, *a.* not crowded; at liberty  
crown, *v. a.* to deprive of a crown  
crown', *s.* an ointment; an anointing  
crous', *a.* fat, oily, clammy, greasy  
cul'led, *a.* not gathered, not selected  
cul'pable, *a.* not deserving blame  
cultivated, *a.* not cultivated, not civilized  
curb'ed, *a.* not restrained, licentious  
curl, *v. a.* to loose from ringlets  
curtail'ed, *a.* not curtailed, not shortened  
cut, *a.* not cut, whole, entire  
cut', *v. a.* to open banks; to loose  
daunt'ed, *a.* not daunted, not depressed  
daunt'edly, *ad.* boldly, without fear  
dazzl'ed, *a.* not dazzled, unaffected  
debauch'ed, *a.* not corrupted, pure  
decagon, *s.* a figure of eleven sides  
decay'ed, *a.* not decayed, not worn  
deceive, *v. a.* to inform justly; set right  
deceiv'able, *a.* not to be deceived  
decid'ed, *a.* not determined, not settled  
deck, *v. a.* to undress, strip, divest of  
defaced, *a.* not disfigured, not blotted out  
defeasible, *a.* not defeasible, true  
defiled, *a.* not polluted, pure; not vitiated  
defin'able, *a.* not to be marked out  
defin'ed, *a.* not defined, unlimited  
deliber'ated, *a.* not carefully considered  
delight'ed, *a.* not pleased, unfeeling  
deni'able, *a.* that cannot be denied  
deplo'red, *a.* not lamented or bewailed  
deprav'ed, *a.* not corrupted, innocent  
der', *ad.* and *prep.* beneath, below  
derid'ed, *v. a.* to offer less than the worth  
derid', *v. n.* to do less than is requisite

Undergo', *v. a.* to suffer, to endure, to bear  
Undergro'und, *s.* a subterraneous place  
Un'derhand, *a.* sly, cunning, private  
Underi'ved, *a.* not borrowed, original  
Underla'bou'rer, *s.* a petty workman  
Underla'y, *v. a.* to lay under; to support  
Underli'ne, *v. a.* to draw a line under  
Un'derling, *s.* an inferior agent; sorry fellow  
Undermi'ne, *v. a.* to sap; to injure secretly  
Under'dermost, *a.* lowest, meanest, basest  
Underne'ath, *ad.* below, beneath  
Underrog'atory, *a.* not derogatory  
Un'derpart, *s.* subordinate or unessential part  
Un'derplot, *s.* a series of events proceeding  
collaterally with the main story of a dramatic representation, and subservient to  
it; a clandestine scheme  
Underra'te, *v. a.* to rate or value too low  
Un'derrate, *s.* a price less than the value  
Underse'll, *v. a.* to sell cheaper than another  
Underso'ng, *s.* chorus, burden of a song  
Understa'nd, *v.* to comprehend fully  
Understand'ing, *s.* intellectual powers; skill  
Understood', *part. from to understand*  
Un'derstrapper, *s.* an inferior agent  
Underta'ke, *v.* to engage in, to promise  
Underta'ker, *s.* one who undertakes; a manager; one who provides necessities for  
the interment of the dead  
Underta'king, *s.* an enterprise; business  
Underten'ant, *s.* a secondary tenant  
Undertoo'k, *part. pass. of to undertake*  
Underval'ue, *v. a.* to rate too low  
Underwe'nt, *pret. of to undergo*  
Un'derwood, *s.* bushes under timber trees  
Un'derwork, *s.* petty affairs; a base design  
Underwri'te, *v. a.* to write under another  
Underwri'ter, *s.* an insurer, a subscriber  
Undescri'bed, *a.* not described, confused  
Undescri'ed, *a.* undiscovered, not seen  
Undeserv'ed, *a.* not merited, not incurred  
Undeserv'ing, *a.* not deserving, worthless  
Undesign'ed, *a.* not designed, not intended  
Undesign'ing, *a.* sincere, honest, upright  
Undestroy'ed, *a.* not destroyed, not wasted  
Undeter'mined, *a.* unsettled, undecided  
Undevo'ted, *a.* not devoted, not given up  
Undiaph'anus, *a.* dull, not transparent  
Undi'd, *pret. of to undo*  
Undigest'ed, *a.* not concocted, not digested  
Undimin'ished, *a.* not lessened, entire  
Undip'ped, *a.* not dipped; not plunged; dry  
Undirec'ted, *a.* not directed, not set right  
Undiscern'ed, *a.* not discerned, unseen  
Undiscern'ible, *a.* not to be discerned  
Undiscern'ing, *a.* injudicious, silly  
Undisciplined, *a.* uninstructed, untaught  
Undiscov'erable, *a.* not to be found out  
Undiscov'ered, *a.* not seen, unknown

Undisgui'sed, *a.* open, artless, sincere  
 Undisturb'ed, *a.* not disturbed, quiet  
 Undo', *v. a.* to ruin ; to take to pieces  
 Undo'ne, *a.* ruined, destroyed, not performed  
 Undo'ubtedly, *ad.* without question or doubt  
 Undre'ss, *v. a.* to take off the clothes  
 Und'ulate, *v. a.* to roll as waves  
 Undula'tion, *s.* a motion like waves  
 Undu'tiful, *a.* disobedient, perverse  
 Uneas'iness, *s.* trouble, care, perplexity  
 Uneas'y, *a.* not easy, disturbed, painful  
 Uneat'en, *a.* not devoured or eaten  
 Unedify'ing, *a.* not improving  
 Unelect'ed, *a.* not elected, not chosen  
 UneMig'le, *a.* not worthy to be chosen  
 Unemploy'ed, *a.* not employed in work  
 Unendow'ed, *a.* not endowed, not graced  
 Unenjoy'ed, *a.* not enjoyed, not possessed  
 Unenlar'ged, *a.* not enlarged, contracted  
 Unenlight'ened, *a.* not enlightened  
 Uncertain'ing, *a.* giving no delight  
 Unen'veied, *a.* exempt from envy  
 Une'qual, *a.* not even ; not equal ; partial  
 Une'quitable, *a.* not just, partial, unfair  
 Unequiv'o'cal, *a.* not equivocal, plain  
 Unerr'ing, *a.* certain, not mistaking  
 Unessen'tial, *a.* not essential; void of life  
 Unestablis'hd, *a.* not established, uncertain  
 Une'ven, *a.* not level, not even, not equal  
 Une'venness, *s.* inequality, changeableness  
 Unexact'ed, *a.* not exacted, not forced  
 Unexam'ined, *a.* not examined, not tried  
 Unexam'pled, *a.* without example  
 Unexcep'tionable, *a.* not liable to objection  
 Unexec'uted, *a.* not performed, not executed  
 Unexam'plified, *a.* not known by example  
 Unexerc'ised, *a.* not exercised or practised  
 Unexe'empt, *a.* not privileged, not free  
 Unexhaus'ted, *a.* not spent, not drained  
 Unex'orcised, *a.* not exorcised, not cast out  
 Unexpand'ed, *a.* not spread out ; confused  
 Unexpect'ed, *a.* not expected ; sudden  
 Unexpe'rienced, *a.* not versed or experienced  
 Unexp'e'dient, *a.* not fit, inconvenient  
 Unexp'e'rt, *a.* wanting skill, awkward  
 Unexplo'red, *a.* not searched out, not tried  
 Unexpress'ible, *a.* unutterable, ineffable  
 Unextend'ed, *a.* having no dimensions  
 Unextin'uishable, *a.* not to be put out  
 Unextin'guished, *a.* not quenched or put out  
 Unextir'pated, *a.* not rooted out  
 Unfa'ded, *a.* not withered, not decayed  
 Unfa'ding, *a.* not liable to change colour  
 Unfa'ir, *a.* not fair, dishonest, disingenuous  
 Unfaith'ful, *a.* treacherous, dishonest  
 Unfal'lowed, *a.* not followed  
 Unfash'ionable, *a.* not modish, obsolete  
 Unfa'sten, *s. a.* to unloose, unfix, open  
 Unfath'omable, *a.* not to be sounded  
 Unfath'omed, *a.* not fathomed, not sounded

Unfati'gued, *a.* not fatigued, unwearied  
 Unfa'vourable, *a.* not favourable, unkind  
 Unfeard'ed, *a.* not feared ; despised  
 Unfeas'ible, *a.* impracticable, not to be done  
 Unfeath'ered, *a.* naked of feathers, bare  
 Unfeat'ured, *a.* wanting regular features  
 Unfe'd, *a.* not supplied with food  
 Unfeelin'g, *a.* insensible, without feeling  
 Unfeign'ed, *a.* real, sincere, not pretended  
 Unfe'l't, *a.* not felt ; not perceived  
 Unfert'ile, *a.* not fruitful, barren, bare  
 Unfet'ter, *v. a.* to free from shackles  
 Unfil'ial, *a.* unsuitable to a son, disobedient  
 Unfil'ed, *a.* not filled, not supplied  
 Unfin'ished, *a.* wanting the last hand  
 Unfir'm, *a.* infirm, weak, not stable  
 Unfir't, *a.* improper, unqualified, unsuitable  
 Unfix'v, *v. a.* to loosen, separate, make  
 Unfix'ed, *a.* wandering, not settled, vagrant  
 Unfledg'ed, *a.* not covered with feathers  
 Unfoil'ed, *a.* not subdued, not conquered  
 Unfo'l'd, *v. a.* to expand, discover, display  
 Unforbid'den, *a.* not forbidden, allowed  
 Unforebo'ding, *a.* giving no omens or signs  
 Unfor'ced, *a.* not compelled, not feigned  
 Unforese'en, *a.* not seen or known before  
 Unforfeited, *a.* not forfeited ; preserved  
 Unforgiv'ing, *a.* implacable, inexorable  
 Unform'ed, *a.* not shaped, not modified  
 Unfor'saken, *a.* not deserted ; supported  
 Unfor'tified, *a.* not fortified, defences  
 Unfor'tunate, *a.* unprosperous, unlucky  
 Unfor'tunately, *ad.* without good luck  
 Unfo'ught, *a.* not fought ; not determined  
 Unfo'und, *a.* not found, not met with  
 Unfra'med, *a.* not formed, not fashioned  
 Unfre'quent, *a.* not common, unusual  
 Unfrequent'ed, *a.* rarely visited, rarely tered  
 Unfriend'ed, *a.* wanting friends, destitute  
 Unfriend'ly, *a.* not benevolent, not kind  
 Unfro'zen, *a.* not frozen, not congealed  
 Unfruit'ful, *a.* not fruitful, barren, unproductive  
 Unfu'rl, *v. a.* to expand, unfold, spread  
 Unfur'nish, *v. a.* to deprive, strip, divest  
 Unfur'nished, *a.* without furniture, &c.  
 Unga'in, Unga'in'y, *a.* awkward, uncoordinated  
 Ungar'nished, *a.* not garnished, unadorned  
 Ungar'tered, *a.* without garters; slovenly  
 Ungath'ered, *a.* not picked, not pulled  
 Ungen'erative, *a.* begetting nothing  
 Ungen'rous, *a.* niggardly, mean, not liberal  
 Unge'niial, *a.* not favourable to nature  
 Ugent'e'el, *a.* not genteel; unbecoming  
 Ugen'tle, *a.* harsh, rude, rugged  
 Ugen'tlemanlike, *a.* mean, illiberal  
 Ugen'tleness, *s.* incivility ; harshness  
 Ugen'tly, *ad.* harshly, rudely, severely  
 Ungeom'rical, *a.* not geometrical  
 Ungild'ed, *a.* not overlaid with gold, &c.

gird', *v. a.* to loose a girdle or girth  
 girt, *a.* loosely dressed, loose, free  
 glorified, *a.* not honoured, not praised  
 godlily, *a.* wickedly, impiously  
 godliness, *s.* impiety, wickedness  
 godly, *a.* wicked, irreligious, profane  
 gorged, *a.* not filled, not sated  
 governable, *a.* not to be ruled; wild  
 governed, *a.* licentious, unbridled  
 graceful, *a.* wanting beauty or air  
 gracious, *a.* wicked, unacceptable  
 grateful, *a.* unthankful, unpleasing  
 gratefully, *ad.* with ingratitude  
 ground'ed, *a.* having no foundation  
 guard'ed, *a.* careless, inattentive, negligent  
 guent, *s.* an ointment; a liquid salve  
 hand'some, *a.* ungraceful, illiberal  
 hand'y, *a.* awkward, not dexterous  
 hap'py, *a.* unfortunate, miserable  
 harm'ed, *a.* unhurt, uninjured, safe  
 harmo'nious, *a.* unmusical, harsh  
 harshness, *v. a.* to untrace, to set loose  
 hatch'ed, *a.* not brought forth  
 health'ful, Unhealth'y, *a.* sickly, morbid  
 beard, *a.* not heard, unknown  
 heed'ed, *a.* disregarded, not minded  
 heed'ful, *a.* careless, inattentive  
 hewn, *a.* not hewn, not shaped  
 hinge, *v. a.* to throw from the hinges  
 holiness, *s.* profaneness, wickedness  
 holy, *a.* profane, impious, wicked  
 honoured, *a.* not treated with respect  
 hoop, *v. a.* to divest or strip of hoops  
 hope'ful, *a.* having no room to hope  
 hospitable, *a.* not kind to strangers  
 house, *v. a.* to drive out of habitation  
 housed, *a.* homeless, driven out  
 hous'ed, *a.* without the sacrament  
 humbled, *a.* not humbled, haughty  
 hurt, *a.* not hurt, free from harm  
 hurtful, *a.* doing no harm; innocent  
 hurt'fully, *ad.* without any harm  
 husk, *v. a.* to take off the husk  
 unicorn, *s.* a beast like a horse, said to  
 have one horn; there is also a fish called  
 sea unicorn, about 18 or 20 feet long,  
 with a head like a horse, and a horn in  
 the middle of the forehead  
 uniform, *a.* similar to itself; regular  
 uniformity, *s.* regularity; similitude  
 uniformly, *ad.* in an uniform manner  
 imaginable, *a.* not to be imagined  
 imitable, *a.* not to be imitated  
 immort'al, *a.* not immortal; frail  
 impair'able, *a.* not liable to be impaired  
 impeach'ed, *a.* not impeached, not accused  
 import'ant, *a.* not important, trifling  
 importu'ned, *a.* not solicited, not asked  
 impro'ved, *a.* not taught, not improved  
 infla'med, *a.* not set on fire, not burnt

Uninform'ed, *a.* uninstructed, ignorant  
 Uningen'uous, *a.* illiberal, not honest  
 Uninhabit'able, *a.* not fit to be inhabited  
 uninhabit'ed, *a.* not inhabited, empty  
 Uninjured, *a.* not injured, unhurt, safe  
 Uninspi'red, *a.* not canonical; not inspired  
 Uninstruct'ed, *a.* not instructed, not taught  
 Unintel'ligent, *a.* not knowing, not skilful  
 Unintel'ligible, *a.* not to be understood  
 Unintention'nal, *a.* not designed or intended  
 Uninteres'ted, *a.* not having interest  
 Unintermix'ed, *a.* not mingled, separate  
 Uninterrupt'ed, *a.* not interrupted  
 Unintrench'ed, *a.* not intrenched, exposed  
 Uninvestig'able, *a.* not to be searched out  
 Uninvit'ed, *a.* not invited, not asked  
 Unjoint'ed, *a.* disjointed, having no joint  
 U'nion, *s.* the act of joining; concord  
 U'nison, *a.* sounding alone or the same  
 U'nison, *s.* a string of the same sound  
 U'nit, *s.* one; the least number, or the root  
 of numbers  
 Uni'te, *v.* to join; agree; grow into one  
 Uni'tedly, *ad.* with union or consent  
 Uni'tion, *s.* the act or power of uniting  
 U'nity, *a.* the being in concord; tenour  
 Unjudg'ed, *a.* not judicially determined  
 Univer'sal, *a.* general, total, all—*s.* the whole  
 Universal'ity, *s.* an universal state; generality  
 Univer'sally, *ad.* without exception  
 U'niverse, *s.* the general system of things  
 Univer'sity, *s.* a general school of liberal arts  
 Unju'st, *a.* partial, contrary to justice  
 Unjust'ifiable, *a.* not to be justified  
 Unken'nel, *v. a.* to drive from a kennel  
 Unke'pt, *a.* not kept, not observed  
 Unki'nd, *a.* not kind, not obliging  
 Unkind'ly, *ad.* without kindness, &c.  
 Unkind'ly, *a.* unnatural, unfavourable  
 Unkind'ness, *s.* want of good will; ill will  
 Unknight'ly, *a.* not becoming a knight  
 Unknit', *v. a.* to unweave; open; separate  
 Unknot', *v. a.* to free from knots, to untie  
 Unknow'ing, *a.* ignorant, not qualified  
 Unkno'wn, *a.* not discovered, not known  
 Unla'beored, *a.* not considered; spontaneous  
 Unla'ce, *v. a.* to loose a thing laced up  
 Unla'de, *v. a.* to unload, empty, put out  
 Unla'id, *a.* not placed, not fixed  
 Unlament'ed, *a.* not lamented  
 Unla'tch, *v. a.* to open a latch, to lift up  
 Unlaw'ful, *a.* contrary to law, unjust  
 Unlaw'fully, *ad.* in an unlawful manner  
 Unclearn'ed, *a.* ignorant, not learned  
 Unleav'ened, *a.* not fermented, not leavened  
 Unles's, *conj.* except; if not; but  
 Unles'soned, *a.* not instructed, not taught  
 Unlet'ered, *a.* unlearned, ignorant  
 Unlev'elled, *a.* not cut or made even  
 Unlibid'inous, *a.* not lustful, chaste, pure

Unli'censed, *a.* having no licence or leave  
 Unlick'ed, *a.* not licked ; shapeless  
 Unli'ke, *a.* improbable, unlikely, not like  
 Unli'kelihood, *s.* improbability  
 Unli'kely, *a.* improbable—*ad.* improbably  
 Unlim'ited, *a.* having no bounds, unconfined  
 Unli'nk, *v. a.* to untwist ; open ; break  
 Unlo'ad, *v. a.* to disburden, to exonerate  
 Unlo'ck, *v. a.* to open a lock ; to solve  
 Unlock'ed-for, *a.* not expected, not foreseen  
 Unloose', *v.* to set loose ; to fall in pieces  
 Unlove'liness, *s.* unamiableness ; ugliness  
 Unlove'ly, *a.* unable to excite love  
 Unluck'ily, *ad.* unfortunately, by ill luck  
 Unluck'y, *a.* unfortunate ; mischievous  
 Unma'de, *a.* not created, deprived of form  
 Unmaim'ed, *a.* complete, not maimed  
 Unma'ke, *v. a.* to deprive of qualities  
 Unma'n, *v.* to deject ; to act unbecomingly  
 Unman'ageable, *a.* not manageable, rude  
 Unman'aged, *a.* not broken, not tutored  
 Unman'ly, *a.* unbecoming a man, effeminate  
 Unman'nered, *a.* rude, gross, uncivil  
 Unman'nerly, *a.* ill-bred, uncivil  
 Unmanu'red, *a.* not cultivated ; poor  
 Unmark'ed, *a.* not regarded, unobserved  
 Unmar'ried, *a.* not married, single  
 Unma'sk, *v.* to take or put off a mask  
 Unmask'ed, *a.* not masked, open to view  
 Unma'stered, *a.* not conquered, not subdued  
 Unmatch'ed, *a.* having no equal, matchless  
 Unmean'ing, *a.* having no meaning  
 Unmeas'urable, *a.* unbounded, infinite  
 Unmeas'ured, *a.* not measured ; plentiful  
 Unme'et, *a.* not worthy, unfit, improper  
 Unmelt'ed, *a.* not melted, not dissolved  
 Unmer'ciful, *a.* cruel, unconscionable  
 Unmer'cifully, *ad.* without mercy  
 Unmer'itable, *a.* having no merit, worthless  
 Unmer'ited, *a.* not deserved, unjust, cruel  
 Unmind'ed, *a.* not heeded, disregarded  
 Unmind'ful, *a.* negligent, inattentive  
 Unmix'ed, *a.* not mixed, pure, separate  
 Unmix'ed, *a.* pure, not mingled with any thing  
 Unmoan'ed, *a.* not lamented  
 Unmolest'ed, *a.* free from disturbance  
 Unmoo'r, *v. a.* to heave up an anchor  
 Unmort'gaged, *a.* not mortgaged ; clear  
 Unmo'veable, *a.* not to be removed, fixed  
 Unmo'ved, *a.* not moved, not affected  
 Unmourn'ed, *a.* not mourned for  
 Unmuffle, *v. a.* to take off a covering  
 Unmu'sical, *a.* not harmonious ; harsh  
 Unmuz'zle, *v. a.* to take off a muzzle  
 Un'named, *a.* not mentioned, not spoken of  
 Unnat'ural, *a.* forced, contrary to nature  
 Unnat'urally, *ad.* in opposition to nature  
 Unnav'igable, *a.* not to be navigated  
 Unne'cessarily, *ad.* without necessity  
 Unne'cessary, *s.* needless, use'less, trifling

Unneigh'bourly, *a.* not neighbourly  
 Unner'vate, Unner'ved, *a.* weak, feeble  
 Unne'rve, *v. a.* to weaken, to enfeeble  
 Unnum'bered, *a.* innumerable, not numbered  
 Unobey'ed, *a.* not obeyed ; resisted  
 Unobnox'ious, *a.* not liable, not exposed  
 Unobser'vable, *a.* not to be observed  
 Unobser'vant, *a.* inattentive, not observant  
 Unobser'ved, *a.* not regarded, not attended  
 Unobstruct'ed, *a.* not hindered, not stopped  
 Unobtain'ed, *a.* not acquired, not gained  
 Unoc'cupied, *a.* not inhabited, unpossessed  
 Unoffend'ing, *a.* harmless, innocent  
 Uno'pened, *a.* not opened, closely shut  
 Unop'erative, *a.* producing no effect  
 Unoppo'sed, *a.* not opposed, not withstand  
 Unor'ganized, *a.* without organs or parts  
 proper or instrumental to nourish the body  
 Unor'thodox, *a.* not holding pure doctrine  
 Unpa'ck, *v. a.* to open things packed up  
 Unpack'ed, *a.* not packed, not collected  
 Unpa'id, *a.* not paid, not discharged  
 Unpain'ful, *a.* not painful, giving no pain  
 Unpal'atable, *a.* nauseous, disgusting  
 Unpar'agoned, *a.* unequalled, unmatched  
 Unpar'alleled, *a.* having no equal, &c.  
 Unpar'donable, *a.* not to be forgiven  
 Unpar'donably, *ad.* beyond forgiveness  
 Unpar'doned, *a.* not forgiven ; not discharged  
 Unparliament'ary, *a.* contrary to the established regulation of a parliament  
 Unpass'able, *a.* admitting no passage  
 Unpawn'ed, *a.* not laid in pawn  
 Unpeace'able, *a.* quarrelsome, troublesome  
 Unpeg', *v. a.* to pull or let out a peg  
 Unpen'sioned, *a.* not pensioned ; neglected  
 Unpe'ople, *v. a.* to deprive of inhabitants  
 to depopulate  
 Unperceiv'able, *a.* that cannot be perceived  
 Unperceiv'ed, *a.* not observed, not seen  
 Unper'fect, *a.* incomplete, imperfect  
 Unperform'ed, *a.* not performed, not done  
 Unper'ishable, *a.* lasting, not perishable  
 Unper'jured, *a.* free from perjury  
 Unperplex'ed, *a.* not embarrassed, eas  
 Unpet'rified, *a.* not turned to stone  
 Unphilosoph'ical, *a.* not conformable to the rules of philosophy or right reason  
 Unpier'ced, *a.* not pierced ; sound, whole  
 Unpill'owed, *a.* wanting a pillow  
 Unpi'n, *v. a.* to open what is pinned or fastened  
 Unpink'ed, *a.* not pinked, not set off  
 Unpit'ied, *a.* not pitied, not lamented  
 Unpit'ying, *a.* having no compassion  
 Unpleas'ant, *a.* not pleasant, uneasy  
 Unpleas'antly, *ad.* uneasily, uncivilly  
 Unpleas'ed, *a.* not pleased, not delighted  
 Unpleas'ing, *a.* offensive, not pleasing  
 Unpli'ant, *a.* not bending to another's will  
 Unplough'ed, *a.* not ploughed, not prepared

poet'ical, *a.* not according to the rules of poetry ; not becoming a poet  
 pol'ished, *a.* uncivilized ; not smoothed  
 polite, *a.* not elegant, unrefined, not civil  
 pollu'ted, *a.* not defiled or corrupted  
 pop'ular, *a.* not popular, disliked  
 practis'ed, *a.* not skilled by use  
 prais'ed, *a.* not celebrated, not praised  
 pre'cedent, *a.* not having a precedent  
 prefer'red, *a.* not advanced or promoted  
 preju'dicate, *a.* not prepossessed  
 prejudic'd, *a.* free from prejudice  
 prelat'ical, *a.* not becoming a prelate  
 premied'itatem, *a.* not studied beforehand  
 prepa'red, *a.* not prepared, not fitted  
 prepossess'ed, *a.* not prepossessed  
 press'ed, *a.* not pressed, not forced  
 pretend'ing, *a.* not claiming distinction  
 prevent'ed, *a.* not previously hindered  
 prevail'ing, *a.* being of no force, vain  
 prince'ly, *a.* unsuitable to a prince  
 prin'cipled, *a.* not instructed ; wicked  
 print'ed, *a.* not printed, not published  
 profa'ned, *a.* not profaned or violated  
 profit'able, *a.* serving no purpose, useless  
 profit'ably, *ad.* uselessly, to no purpose  
 prohibit'ed, *a.* not forbidden, lawful  
 proflif'ic, *a.* not fruitful, barren  
 pronoun'ced, *a.* not spoken, not uttered  
 propitious, *a.* not favourable, inauspicious  
 proportion'ed, *a.* not proportioned  
 prop'ped, *a.* not supported by props  
 pros'perous, *a.* unsuccessful, unfortunate  
 protec'ted, *a.* not protected, unsupported  
 provi'ded, *a.* not secured ; not furnished  
 provo'ked, *a.* not provoked or incited  
 publis'hed, *a.* not given to the public  
 punis'hed, *a.* not punished ; free  
 purifi'ed, *a.* not cleansed, not purified  
 pursu'ed, *a.* not pursued, not followed  
 qualif'ied, *a.* not qualified, not fit  
 qualif'y, *v. a.* to divest of qualification  
 quell'ed, *a.* not quelled, not subdued  
 quench'able, *a.* not to be quenched  
 quench'ed, *a.* not extinguished  
 ques'tionable, *a.* not to be doubted  
 unquestionably, *ad.* without doubt  
 inquestioned, *a.* not asked, not doubted  
 inqui'et, *a.* disturbed, restless, dissatisfied  
 barack'ed, *a.* not poured off the lees  
 baraked, *a.* not thrown together  
 baran'sacked, *a.* not plundered or pillaged  
 baravel, *v. a.* to disentangle ; to explain  
 baraz'ored, *a.* not shaven ; rough ; filthy  
 breach'ed, *a.* not reached, not attained to  
 area', *a.* not read, not learned, untaught  
 aready', *a.* ungainly ; awkward ; not fit  
 areal, *a.* not real, unsubstantial  
 area'sonable, *a.* exorbitant, immoderate  
 area'sonably, *ad.* not reasonably

Unre'ave, *v. a.* to disentangle, to let loose  
 Unreba'ted, *a.* not blunted ; continued  
 Unrebu'kable, *a.* not blameable, innocent  
 Unreceiv'ed, *a.* not received, not admitted  
 Unreclaim'ed, *a.* not reformed, not turned  
 Unrec'ompensed, *a.* not recompensed  
 Unrec'ondled, *a.* not reconciled  
 Unrecord'ed, *a.* not recorded or registered  
 Unrecount'ed, *a.* not related, not told  
 Unrecruit'able, *a.* not to be recruited ; lost  
 Unredeem'ed, *a.* not redeemed  
 Unreduc'ed, *a.* not reduced, not lessened  
 Unrefract'ed, *a.* not refracted, not broken  
 Unrefresh'ed, *a.* not cheered or relieved  
 Unregard'ed, *a.* not heeded, not respected  
 Unregener'ate, *a.* not regenerate ; wicked  
 Unrein'ed, *a.* not restrained by the bridle  
 Unrelent'ing, *a.* cruel, feeling no pity  
 Unreliev'ed, *a.* not succoured, not eased  
 Unreme'diable, *a.* admitting of no remedy  
 Unremit'ed, *a.* not remitted, not abated  
 Unrepent'ed, *a.* not repented of  
 Unrepent'ing, *a.* not penitent  
 Unreplen'ished, *a.* not filled again  
 Unreproach'ed, *a.* not censured or upbraided  
 Unreprov'ed, *a.* not censured, not blamed  
 Unrequest'ed, *a.* not asked, not desired  
 Unrequi'table, *a.* not to be required  
 Unresent'ed, *a.* not resented, forgiven  
 Unreserv'ed, *a.* frank, open, free  
 Unresist'ed, *a.* not opposed ; obeyed  
 Unresist'ing, *a.* not making resistance  
 Unresolv'ed, *a.* not determined, not solved  
 Unrespective, *a.* taking little notice  
 Unre'st, *s.* disquiet, want of tranquillity  
 Unresto'red, *a.* not restored, kept  
 Unrestrai'ed, *a.* not confined, loose  
 Unreveal'ed, *a.* not revealed, not told  
 Unreveng'ed, *a.* not revenged, forgiven  
 Unrev'rend, *a.* irreverent, disrespectful  
 Unrevers'ed, *a.* not revoked ; not repealed  
 Unrevo'ked, *a.* not revoked, not recalled  
 Unreward'ed, *a.* not rewarded, unpaid  
 Unrid'dle, *v. a.* to solve a difficulty  
 Unri'g, *v. a.* to strip off the tackle  
 Unright'eous, *a.* unjust, wicked  
 Unright'ful, *a.* not just or right, unjust  
 Unri'p, *v. a.* to cut open, to rip open  
 Unri'pe, *a.* too early ; not ripe ; sour  
 Unri'valled, *a.* having no rival or equal  
 Unriv'et, *v. a.* to free from rivets, to loosen  
 Unrol', *v. a.* to open or unfurl a roll  
 Unroman'tic, *a.* not romantic  
 Unroo'f, *v. a.* to strip off the roofs or coverings of houses  
 Unroot', *v. a.* to tear from the root ; extirpate  
 Unround'ed, *a.* not made round ; uneven  
 Unruf'le, *v. n.* to cease from commotion  
 Unru'ly, *a.* ungovernable, licentious  
 Unsa'fe, *a.* not safe, hazardous, dangerous

Unsaid, *a.* not uttered, not mentioned  
 Unsalt'ed, *a.* not salted, fresh, insipid  
 Unsanc'tified, *a.* unholy, not consecrated  
 Unsat'isfied, *a.* not contented; not filled  
 Unsatisf'able, *a.* not to be satisfied or pleased  
 Unsatisfactory, *a.* not clearing the difficulty, not giving satisfaction  
 Unsav'oury, *a.* tasteless, disgusting, insipid  
 Unsa'y, *v. a.* to retract, to recal, to recant  
 Unschola'stic, *a.* not bred to literature  
 Unschool'ed, *a.* not learned, uneducated  
 Unscorch'ed, *a.* not touched by fire  
 Unscreen'ed, *a.* not protected; uncovered  
 Unscr'w, *v. a.* to turn back a screw  
 Unse'al, *v. a.* to open any thing sealed  
 Unseal'ed, *a.* not sealed, wanting a seal  
 Unse'am, *v. a.* to rip or cut open a seam  
 Unseas'onable, *a.* untimely, unfit, late  
 Unseas'oned, *a.* ill-timed; not salted  
 Unsec'onded, *a.* not supported; left alone  
 Unsecu're, *a.* not secure, not safe  
 Unseem'ly, *a.* indecent, uncomely  
 Unse'en, *a.* not seen, invisible; unskilled  
 Unser'veicable, *a.* of no advantage or use  
 Unset'tle, *v. a.* to make uncertain  
 Unset'tled, *a.* not steady, not fixed  
 Unsev'ered, *a.* not divided, not parted  
 Unshac'kle, *v. a.* to loose from chains  
 Unsha'keable, *a.* not to be shaken, firm  
 Unsha'ken, *a.* not moved, not shaken  
 Unsha'pen, *a.* deformed, mishaped, ugly  
 Unshe'ath, *v. a.* to draw from a scabbard  
 Unshel'tered, *a.* wanting protection  
 Unshi'p, *v. a.* to take out of a ship  
 Unshock'ed, *a.* not frightened, unshaken  
 Unsho'd, *a.* having no shoes, barefoot  
 Unsho'rn, *a.* not shaven, not clipped  
 Unshow'ered, *a.* not watered by showers  
 Unsift'ed, *a.* not tried; not parted by a sieve  
 Unsight'liness, *s.* disagreeableness; deformity  
 Unsight'ly, *a.* disagreeable to the sight  
 Unsin'ew, *v. a.* to deprive of strength  
 Unsin'ning, *a.* having no sin; perfect  
 Unskil'ful, *a.* wanting art or knowledge  
 Unskil'fulness, *s.* want of art or knowledge  
 Unskil'led, *a.* wanting skill or knowledge  
 Unsla'ked, *a.* not quenched, not put out  
 Unso'ciable, *a.* not sociable, not kind  
 Unsoil'ed, *a.* not polluted, not stained  
 Unso'ld, *a.* not sold, not disposed of  
 Unsol'dierlike, *a.* unbecoming a soldier  
 Unsol'i'citous, *a.* not solicitous, not anxious  
 Unsol'fid, *a.* not coherent or firm  
 Unso'phisticated, *a.* not adulterated  
 Unsort'ed, *a.* not properly separated  
 Unso'ught, *a.* not seen; not searched  
 Unsou'nd, *a.* not sound; corrupted; dishonest; erroneous; not true; sickly  
 Unsour'ed, *a.* not made sour, not morose  
 Unso'wn, *a.* not sown, having no seed

Unspeak'able, *a.* not to be expressed  
 Unspeak'ably, *ad.* inexpressibly, ineffably  
 Unspe'd, *a.* not despatched; unsuccessful  
 Unspe'nt, *a.* not wasted, not diminished  
 Unspe'h're, *v. a.* to remove from its orb  
 Unspilt, *a.* not spilt, not shed; preserved  
 Unspoiled, *a.* not plundered, not marred  
 Unspot'ted, *a.* not stained or spotted  
 Unsta'ble, *a.* inconstant, not fixed  
 Unsta'id, *a.* not steady, changeable  
 Unstain'ed, *a.* not stained, not dyed  
 Unstat'utable, *a.* contrary to statute  
 Unstaunch'ed, *a.* not staunched or stopped  
 Unstead'ily, *ad.* inconsistently, inconsistently  
 Unstead'y, *a.* irresolute, variable, inconstant  
 Unsted'fast, *a.* not fixed, not fast  
 Unstint'ed, *a.* not limited, not confined  
 Unstir'red, *a.* not stirred, not shaken  
 Unstrain'ed, *a.* easy, not forced; natural  
 Unstri'ng, *v. a.* to untie, to relax strings  
 Unstuff'ed, *a.* unfilled, unfurnished  
 Unsubdu'ed, *a.* not subdued, not conquered  
 Unsubstan'tial, *a.* not solid, not real  
 Unsuccess'ful, *a.* not successful, unlucky  
 Unsu'gared, *a.* not sweetened with sugar  
 Unsuit'able, *a.* not fit, not proportionate  
 Unsuit'ableness, *s.* unfitness, incongruity  
 Unsuit'ing, *a.* not fitting, not becoming  
 Unsu'lied, *a.* not fouled, not disgraced  
 Unsu'ng, *a.* not recited in verse or song  
 Unsun'ned, *a.* not exposed to the sun  
 Unsupport'ed, *a.* not sustained, not assisted  
 Unsuscep'tible, *a.* not liable to admit  
 Unsuspect'ed, *a.* not doubted or suspected  
 Unsuspect'ing, *a.* not suspecting  
 Unsuspi'cious, *a.* having no suspicion  
 Unsustain'ed, *a.* not supported or propped  
 Unsway'ed, *a.* not wielded, not swayed  
 Unsw'o'rn, *a.* not bound by any oath  
 Untaint'ed, *a.* not sullied, not tainted  
 Unta'med, *a.* not tamed, not subdued  
 Untan'gle, *v. a.* to loose from intricacy  
 Unta'sted, *a.* not tried by the palate, &c.  
 Unta'ught, *a.* not taught, uninstructed  
 Untem'pered, *a.* not tempered or hardened  
 Unte'nable, *a.* not capable of defence, &c.  
 Unten'anted, *a.* having no tenant, empty  
 Untend'ed, *a.* without attendance, alone  
 Unter'rifled, *a.* not affrighted, daunted  
 Unthank'ful, *a.* ungrateful; displeasing  
 Unthank'fully, *ad.* without thanks  
 Unthaw'ed, *a.* not thawed, not dissolved  
 Unthink'ing, *a.* thoughtless, careless  
 Unthorn'y, *a.* not obstructed by prickles  
 Untho'ught-of, *a.* not regarded, not heeded  
 Unthreat'ened, *a.* not threatened or menaced  
 Unthri'ft, *s.* a prodigal—a. wasteful  
 Unthrift'y, *a.* extravagant, lavish  
 Unthri'ving, *a.* not thriving, not prospering  
 Unti'c, *v. s.* to unbind, to loosen

Untid, *a.* not bound, not fastened  
Until, *ad.* to the time that, &c.  
Untill'd, *a.* not tilled, not cultivated  
Untimely, *a.* happening before proper time  
Untinged, *a.* not stained, not infected  
Untitled, *a.* having no title  
Unto, *prep.* the old word for *to*  
Untold, *a.* not related, not revealed  
Untouch'd, *a.* not touched, not affected  
Untoward, *a.* froward; vexatious  
Untrain'd, *a.* not properly instructed  
Untransparent, *a.* not transparent, cloudy  
Untried, *a.* not attempted, not tried  
Untrim'med, *a.* not trimmed, plain  
Untrodden, *a.* not trodden down by the foot  
Untroubled, *a.* not disturbed; clear  
Untrue, *a.* not true, false, not faithful  
Untruly, *ad.* falsely, not according to truth  
Untruth, *s.* a falsehood, a false assertion  
Untunable, *a.* not musical, unharmonious  
Unturn'd, *a.* not turned, not changed  
Untutored, *a.* uninstructed, untaught  
Untwine, Untwi'st, *v. a.* to separate things  
Involved; to open what is wrapped  
Untwail, *v. a.* to throw off a vail, uncover  
Untwanished, *a.* not conquered or overcome  
Untwisted, *a.* not changed, not varied  
Untwisted, *a.* not covered with varnish  
Untwile, *v. a.* to disclose, show, discover  
Untwritable, *a.* not true, false, deceitful  
Untwolated, *a.* not injured, not broken  
Untwised, *a.* not put to use, unemployed  
Untwseful, *a.* useless, serving no purpose  
Untwual, *a.* not common, rare, unfrequent  
Untwritable, *a.* inexpressible, ineffable  
Untwall'd, *a.* not having walls; open, bare  
Untwarily, *ad.* without caution, carelessly  
Untwarlike, *a.* not like, or fit for war  
Untwarn'd, *a.* not warned, not cautioned  
Untwar'rable, *a.* not defensible, not allowed  
Untwar'ranted, *a.* not ascertained, uncertain  
Untwary, *a.* wanting caution; precipitate  
Untwash'd, *a.* not washed; unclean  
Untwasted, *a.* not diminished, not lessened  
Untwearied, *a.* not tired, indefatigable  
Untwear'y, *v. a.* to refresh after weariness  
Untweigh'd, *a.* not weighed; not considered  
Untwel'come, *a.* not pleasing, not grateful  
Untwep't, *a.* not lamented or grieved for  
Untwhipt, *a.* not whipped, not corrected  
Untwholesome, *a.* corrupt, not wholesome  
Untwield'y, *a.* unmanageable; bulky  
Untwilling, *a.* not willing, loth, not inclined  
Untwil'd, *v. a.* to untwist, to untwine  
Untwise, *a.* defective in wisdom, weak  
Untwitt, *v. a.* to deprive of understanding  
Untwittingly, *ad.* without knowledge, without consciousness  
Untwitty, *a.* destitute of wit; coarse  
Untwont'd, *a.* uncommon, unusual

Unworf'thily, *ad.* without due regard  
Unworf'thy, *a.* not deserving; mean  
Unwre'ath, *v. a.* to untwine, to untwist  
Unwrit'en, *a.* not written; traditional  
Unwro'ught, *a.* not manufactured  
Unwru'ng, *a.* not wrung, not pinched  
Unyield'ed, *a.* not yielded, not given up  
Unyo'ke, *v. a.* to loose from a yoke  
Vocab'ulary, *s.* a small dictionary or lexicon  
Vo'cal, *a.* of or belonging to the voice  
Vo'cally, *ad.* articulately; in words  
Voca'tion, *s.* a summons; employment  
Voc'a'tive, *s.* the case of nouns in grammar  
used in calling or speaking to  
Vocif'rous, *a.* clamorous, noisy, loud  
Vogue, *s.* fashion, mode; esteem, repute  
Voice, *s.* a vote; suffrage; sound emitted by  
the mouth; opinion expressed  
Void, *a.* empty, vain; null; unoccupied  
Void, *s.* an empty space, emptiness  
Void, *v. a.* to quit; emit; evacuate; annul  
Vol'ant, *a.* flying; active; passing through air  
Vol'atile, *a.* flying; evaporating; lively  
Vole, *s.* a deal at quadrille, that draws the  
whole tricks to one party  
Volca'no, or Vulca'no, *s.* a burning moun-  
tain that emits flames, stones, &c.  
Vol'ery, or Vol'ary, *s.* a flight of birds  
Volita'tion, *s.* the act and power of flying  
Voliti'on, *s.* the act of willing or determin-  
ing any particular action by choice  
Vol'ley, *s.* a burst of shot—*v. n.* to throw out  
Volt, *s.* a certain tread of a horse; a round  
Volubil'ity, *s.* fluency of speech; mutability  
Vol'uble, *a.* fluent in words; active, nimble  
Volume, *s.* a book; any compact matter  
Vol'minous, *a.* consisting of many volumes  
Vol'un'tarily, *ad.* of one's own accord  
Vol'un'tary, *a.* acting by choice, willing  
Vol'un'tary, *s.* music played at will; volunteer  
Voluntee'r, *s.* a soldier of his own accord  
Volup'tuary, *s.* one given up to luxury  
Volup'tuous, *a.* luxuriant, extravagant  
Vom'it, *v. a.* to cast out of the stomach  
Vom'it, *s.* a medicine to cause to vomit  
Vora'cious, *a.* ravenous, greedy to eat  
Vor'tex, *s.* a whirlpool; a whirlwind  
Vort'ical, *a.* having a whirling motion  
Vo'taress, Vo'tress, *s.* a female votary  
Vo'tary, *s.* one devoted to any service, &c.  
Vote, *v. a.* to choose, or give by vote  
Vo'ter, *s.* one who has a right to vote  
Vo'tive, *a.* given or done by vote; vowed  
Vouch, *v.* to bear witness, to attest; to war-  
rant; to maintain; to appear as a witness  
Vouch, *s.* a warrant, attestation  
Vouch'er, *s.* who or what witnesseth  
Vouchsa'fe, *v.* to condescend, to grant  
Vow, *s.* a solemn and religious promise  
Vow, *v.* to make a vow; to protest

**Vow'el**, *s.* a letter utterable by itself  
**Voy'age**, *s.* a travel by sea; a course; attempt  
**Voy'ager**, *s.* one who travels by sea  
**Up**, *ad.* aloft; out of bed; above; not down  
**Up**, *prep.* from a lower to a higher part  
**Upbrai'd**, *v. a.* to chide, reproach, charge  
**Upbraid'ingly**, *ad.* by way of reproach  
**Uphe'ld**, *part.* maintained, sustained  
**Up'hill**, *a.* difficult, laborious, troublesome  
**Uphol'd**, *v. a.* to lift on high, to support  
**Uphol'der**, *s.* a supporter; an undertaker  
**Uphol'sterer**, *s.* one who furnishes houses  
**Up'land**, *s.* higher ground—*a.* higher  
**Up'lay**, *v. a.* to lay up, hoard up, preserve  
**Uplift**, *v. a.* to raise aloft, lift up on high  
**Up'most**, *a.* highest, topmost, uppermost  
**Up'o'n**, *prep.* not under; with respect to  
**Up'per**, *a.* higher in place, superior to  
**Up'permast**, *a.* highest in place, power, &c.  
**Up'raise**, *v. a.* to raise up, exalt, advance  
**Up'right**, *a.* straight up, erected; honest  
**Upri'se**, *v. n.* to rise from a seat, to ascend  
**Up'roar**, *s.* tumult, confusion, bustle  
**Up'shot**, *s.* a conclusion, end; event  
**Up'side**, *s.* the upper side, the upper part  
**Up'star't**, *s.* one suddenly raised to wealth,  
 honour, &c. and who becomes proud and  
 insolent—*v. n.* to spring up suddenly  
**Up'ward**, *a.* directed higher; more than  
**Urban'ity**, *s.* civility; elegance; politeness  
**Ur'chin**, *s.* a hedgehog; a brat; a child  
**Ur'rethra**, *s.* the passage of the urine  
**Urge**, *v. a.* to incite, to provoke, to press  
**Ur'gency**, *s.* a pressure of difficulty  
**Ur'gent**, *a.* pressing, earnest, importunate  
**Ur'ger**, *s.* one who urges, one who incites  
**Ur'inal**, *s.* a bottle to keep urine for inspection  
**Ur'ine**, *s.* water coming from animals  
**Urn**, *s.* a vessel used for the ashes of the  
 dead; a Roman measure of 4 gallons  
**Uroscopy**, *s.* an examination, &c. of urine  
**Us, oblique case of we**  
**U'sage**, *s.* treatment; custom, fashion  
**U'sance**, *s.* use, usury, interest for money  
**Use**, *s.* usage, habit, custom, advantage  
**Use**, *v.* to employ; to frequent; to treat  
**U'seful**, *a.* convenient, serviceable, profitable  
**Use'less**, *a.* answering no end or purpose

**Use'lessness**, *s.* unfitness to any end  
**Ush'er**, *s.* an under-teacher; an introducer  
**Ush'er**, *v. a.* to introduce, to bring in  
**Usqueba'ugh**, *s.* an Irish compound distilled  
 spirit, drawn from aromatics; the Highland  
 sort, by corruption, is called whisky  
**Ustion**, *s.* in surgery, a burning or searing  
 with a hot iron; in pharmacy, preparing  
 ingredients by burning them  
**Usto'rious**, *a.* having the quality of burning  
**U'sual**, *a.* common, customary, frequent  
**U'sually**, *ad.* commonly, customarily  
**U'surer**, *s.* one who practises usury  
**Usu'rious**, *a.* exorbitantly greedy, grasping  
**Usur'p**, *v. a.* to hold without right  
**Usurpa'tion**, *s.* an illegal possession  
**Usurp'er**, *s.* one who is in possession of a  
 thing that is another's right  
**U'sury**, *s.* money paid for the use of monies  
**U'tensil**, *s.* an instrument for any use  
**U'terine**, *a.* belonging to the womb  
**Util'ity**, *s.* usefulness; profit; convenience  
**U'tis**, *s.* a bustle, stir, noise, prodigy  
**U'tmost**, *a.* highest, most extreme  
**Uto'pian**, *a.* chimerical; imaginary  
**U'ter**, *a.* outward; extreme; complete  
**U'ter**, *v. a.* to speak; to vend, to publish  
**U'terable**, *a.* that may be uttered or told  
**U'terance**, *s.* pronunciation; an extremity  
**U'terly**, *ad.* perfectly, completely, fully  
**U'termost**, *a.* extreme; most remote  
**U'termost**, *s.* the greatest degree or part  
**Vul'gar**, *a.* mean, low, common, ordinary  
**Vul'gar**, *s.* the common or lower people  
**Vulgar'ity**, *s.* meanness, rudeness  
**Vul'gate**, *s.* a Latin version of the Bible  
 authorised by the church of Rome  
**Vul'nerable**, *a.* that which may be wounded  
**Vul'nerary**, *a.* useful in curing wounds  
**Vul'pinary**, *a.* cunning, crafty, sly, subtle  
**Vul'pine**, *a.* belonging to a fox, crafty  
**Vul'ture**, *s.* the name of a bird of prey  
**U'vula**, *s.* the little piece of red spung flesh  
 suspended from the palate, between the  
 two glandules, and serving to cover the  
 entrance of the windpipe  
**Uxo'rious**, *a.* submissively fond of a wife  
**Uxo'riousness**, *s.* connubial dotage

## W.

**W** IS sometimes used as an abbreviation  
 of West, as N. W. north west  
**Wab'ble**, *v. n.* to move from side to side  
**Wab'blingly**, *ad.* totteringly  
**Wad'ding**, *s.* a coarse woollen stuff

**Wad**, *s.* paper, tow, &c. to stop a gun-charge  
 a bundle of straw thrust close together  
**Wad'dle**, *v. n.* to walk like a duck  
**Wade**, *v. n.* to walk through water, &c.  
**Wa'fer**, *s.* a thin dried paste, for several us

st, v. to beckon; to carry over; to float  
affage, *s.* carriage by water or air  
affure, *s.* the act of waving or floating  
a, *s.* a merry, droll fellow, a low wit  
age, *v. a.* to lay a wager, to engage in  
ager, *s.* a bett; an offer upon oath  
ages, *s.* hire or reward given for service  
aggery, *s.* wantonness, merry pranks  
aggish, *a.* frolicsome, sportive, merry  
agggle, *v. n.* to move up and down  
agggon, *s.* a four-wheeled carriage  
aggoner, *s.* one who drives a waggon  
agtail, *s.* the name of a small bird  
aif, *s.* goods found and not claimed  
ail, *v.* to lament, to bewail, to grieve  
ail, Wailing, *s.* lamentation, grief  
ailful, *a.* mournful, sorrowful  
ain, *s.* a sort of cart or waggon  
ain'scot, *s.* a lining for rooms  
aist, *s.* the middle part of the body  
aist'coat, *s.* a part of a man's dress  
ait, *v.* to expect, attend, stay, watch  
aifer, *s.* an attendant, one in waiting  
aifing, *part.* attending, serving  
aifts, *s.* nightly musicians, nightly music  
aife, *v.* to watch, not sleep, rouse  
aife, *s.* a watch; merriment; track  
aifeful, *a.* not sleeping, watchful  
aiken, *v.* to wake, to rouse from sleep  
aile, *s.* a rising part in cloth, &c.; the outer  
timber in the sides of a ship  
alk, *v.* to go on foot, to pass, to travel  
alk, *s.* the act of walking, gait; a path  
alk'er, *s.* one that walks; an officer  
alk'ingstick, *s.* a staff to walk with  
alk'mill, *s.* a fulling-mill  
all, *s.* a partition of brick or stone, &c.  
all, *v. a.* to inclose with a wall  
all'et, *s.* a bag, knapsack, double pouch  
all'eyed, *a.* having white eyes  
all'lop, *v. n.* to boil, to boil violently  
all'mow, *v. n.* to roll in the mire, &c.  
all'nut, *s.* a large kind of nut  
all'tron, *s.* the sea-horse; the morse  
amble, *v. n.* to roll with sickness  
an, *a.* pale, sickly, languid of look  
and, *s.* a small stick, a long slender staff  
ander, *v.* to rove, to go astray, to ramble  
ander'er, *s.* a rover, rambler, traveller  
ane, *v. n.* to diminish, to decrease  
ant, *v.* to be without, to need; to fail  
ant, *s.* lack, need, deficiency; poverty  
anton, *a.* licentious, sportive, jocund  
anton, *s.* a strumpet, a lascivious person  
anton, *v. n.* to play lasciviously; to revel  
anton'ly, *ad.* in a lascivious manner  
anty, *s.* a surcingle; a leathern girth  
anted, *a.* dejected, crushed, borne down  
antake, *s.* a division of a county, the  
same as an hundred, or 10 hundreds

War, *s.* hostility, fighting, combat  
War, *v. n.* to make or carry on war  
Warble, *v.* to quaver any sound; to sing  
Warbler, *s.* a songster, a singing bird  
Ward, *s.* a garrison; district of a town; cus-  
tody; one under a guardian, &c.  
Ward, *v.* to act on the defensive; guard  
Ward'en, *s.* a head officer; guardian  
Ward'er, *s.* a keeper, guard, beadle  
Ward'mote, *s.* a ward-meeting  
Ward'robe, *s.* a place where apparel is kept  
Ward'ship, *s.* guardianship; pupillage  
Wa'rehouse, *s.* a house for merchandise  
Wares, *s.* goods or property to be sold  
Warfare, *s.* military service and life  
Warfare, *v. n.* to lead a military life  
Wa'rily, *ad.* cautiously, with wise forethought  
Warlike, *a.* military, fit for war  
Warm, *a.* a little hot, zealous, furious  
Warm, *v. a.* to heat moderately  
Warm'ingpan, *s.* a pan to warm a bed  
Warmth, *s.* gentle heat, zeal, passion  
Warn, *v. a.* to caution, to give notice, to tell  
Warn'ing, *s.* previous notice, a caution  
Warp, *s.* the thread that crosses the woof  
Warp, *v.* to turn; to contract; to shrivel  
War'rant, *s.* a writ of caption, authority  
War'rant, *v. n.* to justify; authorise; attest  
War'rable, *a.* justifiable, defensible  
War'rantly, *ad.* justifiably, properly  
War'rancy, *s.* a deed of security for the per-  
formance of a contract; authority  
War'ren, *s.* a park or inclosure for rabbits  
War'rener, *s.* a keeper of a warren  
War'rior, *s.* a soldier, a military man  
Wart, *s.* a cornaceous excrescence; a small  
protuberance on the flesh  
Wart'y, *a.* grown over with or like warts  
War'worn, *a.* worn with war, battered  
Wa'ry, *a.* cautious, scrupulous, nice  
Was, *pret of to be*  
Wash, *v. a.* to cleanse with water  
Wash, *s.* the act of washing linen; dish-water,  
&c. given to hogs; a watery place  
Wash'ball, *s.* a ball made of soap, &c.  
Wash'erwoman, *s.* a woman who washes  
Wash'y, *a.* watery, damp; weak  
Wasp, *s.* a brisk stinging insect like a bee  
Wasp'fish, *a.* peevish, cross, touchy, fretful  
Was'sail, *s.* drink made of roasted apples,  
sugar, and ale; a drunken bout  
Was'sailer, *s.* a toper, a drunkard  
Wast, *second person singular of to be*  
Waste, *v.* to diminish; spend; dwindle  
Waste, *a.* desolate, uncultivated, ruined  
Waste, *s.* a desolate uncultivated ground  
Wa'steful, *a.* destructive, lavish; profligate  
Watch, *s.* a night-guard; a pocket-clock;  
the time a seaman, &c. is upon guard  
Watch, *v.* to keep guard, to observe

Watch'et, *a.* blue, pale or light blue  
 Watch'ful, *a.* attentive, careful, vigilant  
 Watch-house, *s.* a place where the night-watch is set; a place of confinement  
 Watch'maker, *s.* one who makes watches  
 Watch'man, *s.* a night-guard, a sentinel  
 Watch'word, *s.* a sentinel's night-word  
 Wa'ter, *s.* one of the elements; urine; lustre of a diamond; gloss on died silk  
 Wa'ter, *v.* to supply with water; to take in water; to shed moisture; to irrigate  
 Wa'terage, *s.* money paid for a journey taken by water or for water-carriage  
 Wa'tercolours, *s.* colours of a soft consistency used with gum-water  
 Wa'tercourse, *s.* a channel for water  
 Wa'terresses, *s.* a plant of five species  
 Wa'terfall, *s.* a cascade, a cataract  
 Wa'terfowl, *s.* a fowl that swims in the water, and lives or breeds near it  
 Watergruel, *s.* food of oatmeal and water  
 Wa'terman, *s.* a boatman, a ferryman  
 Wa'termark, *s.* the mark of the flood  
 Wa'termill, *s.* a mill turned by water  
 Watersapph'ire, *s.* a precious stone  
 Wa'terwork, *s.* an hydraulic performance  
 Wa'tery, *a.* thin; abounding with water  
 Wat'tle, *v. a.* to bind or make firm with twigs  
 Wat'tles, *s.* hurdles made of willows; the barbs or red flesh below a cock's bill  
 Wave, *v.* to play loosely; put off; beckon  
 Wave, *s.* a billow at sea; inequality  
 Wa'ved, *a.* moved loosely; variegated  
 Wa'ver, *v. n.* to be unsettled, to move loosely  
 Wa'vy, *a.* rising in waves; undulating  
 Wax, *s.* a thick tenacious substance extracted from the honeycomb of bees  
 Wax, *v.* to smear with wax; to grow  
 Wax'ed, or Wax'en, *a.* made of wax; grown; become  
 Way, *s.* a road, passage; means, method  
 Way'farer, *s.* a passenger, a traveller  
 Way'faring, *a.* travelling, journeying  
 Way'lay, *v. a.* to beset by ambush  
 Way'ward, *a.* froward, unruly; peevish  
 We, *pronoun plural of I*  
 Weak, *a.* feeble; pliant; unfortified  
 Weak'en, *v. a.* to make weak, to unfeebly  
 Weak'ness, *s.* a defect, feebleness, failing  
 Weal, *s.* republic; happiness; prosperity; public interest; mark of a stripe  
 Weald, Wald, or Walt, *s.* a wood or grove  
 Wealth, *s.* riches, money; goods, &c.  
 Wealth'y, *a.* opulent, rich, abundant  
 Wean, *v. a.* to deprive of the breast, &c.  
 Weap'on, *s.* an instrument of offence  
 Wear, *v.* to waste; to have on; to hold out  
 Wear, *s.* the act of wearing; a dam of water  
 Wear'er, *s.* one who wears any thing  
 Wear'ness, *s.* fatigue, lassitude, tediousness

Wear'ing, *s.* clothes; the act of wasting  
 Wear'isome, *a.* tedious, tiresome  
 Wear'y, *v. a.* to tire, to harass—*a.* tired  
 Weas'and, Weas'on, *s.* the windpipe  
 Weas'el, *s.* the name of a small animal  
 Weath'er, *s.* the state of the air; a storm  
 Weath'er, *v. a.* to pass with difficulty  
 Weath'erbeaten, *a.* grown rough or tarnished, or harassed by bad weather  
 Weath'erclock, *s.* a vane on a spire  
 Weath'ergeage, *s.* the advantage of the wind  
 a thing that shows the weather  
 Weath'erglass, *s.* See Barometer  
 Weath'erwise, *a.* foretelling the weather  
 Weave, *v. a.* to form by texture; to inter  
 Weav'er, *s.* one who weaves cloth, &c.  
 Web, *s.* any thing woven; a film on the eye  
 Web'footed, *a.* palmipedous; having film between the toes, as swans, geese, &c.  
 Web'ster, *s.* a weaver, one who weaves  
 Wed, *v. a.* to marry, to join in marriage  
 Wed'ded, *a.* married, attached to  
 Wed'ding, *s.* the marriage ceremony  
 Wedge, *s.* a body with a sharp edge  
 Wedge, *v. a.* to fasten with wedges  
 Wed'lock, *s.* the married state, matrimony  
 Wee, *a.* little, small, diminutive, puny  
 Wed'nnesday, *s.* the fourth day of the week  
 Weed, *s.* a wild herb; a mourning habit  
 Weed'er, *s.* one who weeds or takes away  
 Weed'hook, *s.* a hook to root up weeds  
 Wee'dy, *a.* abounding with weeds  
 Week, *s.* the space of seven days  
 Week'day, *s.* any day except Sunday  
 Week'ly, *a.* done, &c. every week  
 Weel, *s.* a whirlpool; a kind of trap for fish  
 Ween, *v. n.* to think, to suppose, to imagine  
 Weep, *v.* to shed tears, to bewail, lament  
 Weep'er, *s.* a mourner; a white border  
 linen on the sleeve of a mourning dress  
 Weer'ish, *a.* insipid; watery; sour; surly  
 Weet, *v. n.* to know, to be sensible of  
 Wee'vil, *s.* a grub injurious to corn  
 Weft, *s.* a thing woven; the woof of cloth  
 goods which have no owner; gentle blast  
 Weft'age, *s.* a texture; the thing woven  
 Weigh, *v.* to try the weight of any thing  
 to heave up, to examine nicely; to judge  
 Weigh, Wey, *s.* a measure; weight; way  
 Weigh'ed, *a.* examined by weight, &c.  
 Weight, *s.* the heaviness of any thing; importance; mass by which bodies are weighed; gravity; pressure, &c.  
 Weight'ily, *ad.* heavily; solidly; important  
 Weight'iness, *s.* heaviness; importance  
 Weight'less, *a.* light; having no gravity  
 Weight'y, *a.* heavy; important; strong  
 Weird, *a.* fatal; predicting; witchlike  
 Wel'come, *a.* received with gladness  
 Wel'come, *s.* kind reception—*v. a.* to receive

come, *interj.* used to a visitor  
comeness, *s.* the act of making welcome,  
kind reception; gratefulness  
comer, *s.* one who bids welcome  
Would, *s.* a dyer's weed for yellow  
Would, *v. a.* to beat one mass into another  
fare, *s.* happiness, prosperity, success  
kin, *s.* the visible regions of the air  
king, *a.* clouding; weak, languishing  
hill, *s.* a spring, a source; a cavity.  
ill, *a.* not sick; happy; convenient  
ill, *ad.* not amiss; rightly, properly  
illaday, *interj.* denoting grief, &c.  
illibing, *s.* prosperity, happiness  
illiborn, *a.* not meanly descended  
illibred, *a.* polite, elegant of manners  
illidone, *interj.* denoting praise, &c.  
illfavoured, *a.* beautiful, handsome  
illmet, *interj.* denoting salutation, &c.  
illnight, *ad.* almost, nearly, adjacent  
illset, *a.* well-made; stout built  
illspent, *a.* spent with virtue  
illspring, *s.* spring, fountain; source  
illwill'er, *s.* one who means well  
illwish, *s.* a wish of happiness, &c.  
illwisher, *s.* one who wishes good  
ill, *s.* a border; a selvage; an edging  
illter, *v. n.* to roll in blood, mire, &c.  
ill, *s.* a spot; scar; fault; the belly  
illness, *a.* unspotted, innocent  
ill, *s.* a dangerous fleshy excrescence  
illch, *s.* a young woman, & strumpet  
illcher, *s.* a fornicator  
illchings, *s.* following of bad women  
ill, *v. n.* to go; turn round; to pass from  
ill, *a.* having the nature of a wen  
ill, *pret. and part. of to go*  
ill, *pret. and part. of to weep*  
ill, *pret. of the verb to be*  
ill, *second per. sing. of the pret. of to be*  
ill, *s.* the region where the sun sets  
ill, *ad.* to the west of any place  
illering, *a.* tending towards the west  
illterly, *a.* towards the west  
illern, *a.* westerly, from the west  
illward, *ad.* towards the west  
ill, *a.* rainy, moist—*s.* water, rain  
illber, *s.* a ram that is castrated  
illness, *s.* the state of being wet, rain  
illish, *a.* rather wet, rather moist  
ill, *v. a.* to grow, increase, grow large  
ill, *s.* the largest of all fish  
illarf, *s.* a place to land goods at  
illorage, *s.* rates for landing at a wharf  
illfing, *s.* a keeper of a wharf  
ill, *pron.* that which; which part  
illever, What'soever, *pron.* this or that  
ill, *s.* a pustule; body of matter; insect  
ill, *s.* bread-corn, the finest of grains

Wheat'ear, *s.* the name of a small bird  
Wheat'en, *a.* made of wheat corn  
Whee'dle, *v. a.* to entice by soft words  
Wheel, *s.* a circular body for various uses, that turns round upon an axis; revolution  
Wheel, *v.* to move on wheels; to turn round  
Wheel'barrow, *s.* a carriage of one wheel  
Wheel'wright, *s.* a maker of wheels  
Wheeze, *v. n.* to breathe with a noise  
Whelk, *s.* a protuberance; a shellfish  
Whelm, *v. a.* to cover; turn down; bury  
Whelp, *s.* the young of a dog, lion, &c.  
When, *ad.* at the time that, &c.  
Whence, *ad.* from what place, &c.  
Whence'soever, *ad.* from what place soever  
Whenev'er, *ad.* at whatsoever time  
Where, *ad.* at which place, at what place  
Whereabo'uts, *ad.* near what place  
Wherea's, *ad.* when on the contrary; at which place; the thing being so that  
Wherea't, *ad.* at which  
Whereby', *ad.* by which  
Wherev'er, *ad.* at whatever place  
Where'fore, *ad.* for what or which reason  
Wherei'n, *ad.* in which  
Wherein'to, *ad.* into which  
Whereo'f, *ad.* of which; concerning which  
Wheresoev'er, *ad.* in what place soever  
Whereunto, *ad.* to or unto which  
Whereupo'n, *ad.* on or upon which  
Wherewitha'l, *ad.* with which, with what  
Wher'ret, *v. a.* to hurry, to tease, &c.  
Wher'ry, *s.* a light river boat  
Wher'ry, *v. a.* to convey over in a boat  
Whet, *v. a.* to sharpen, to edge; to provoke  
Whet, *s.* the act of sharpening  
Wheth'er, *pron.* which of the two  
Whet'stone, *s.* a sharpening stone  
Whet'ter, *s.* a sharpener of knives, &c.  
Whey, *s.* the serous part of milk  
Whey'ey, Whey'ish, *a.* like whey; waterish  
Which, *pronoun relative*, that  
Whichev'er, *pron.* one or the other  
Whiff, *s.* a puff, blast, breath  
Whiffle, *v. n.* to prevaricate, shuffle, play  
Whif'fler, *s.* a shuffler; fifer; marcher  
Whig, *s.* a partyman opposed to a tory; an appellation given to those who were against the court interest in the times of king Charles II. and James II. and to such as were for it in the succeeding reign  
Whig'gish, *a.* inclined to whiggism  
Whig'gism, *s.* the principles of the whigs  
While, *s.* time; a space of time  
While, Whiles, Whilst, *ad.* as long as  
While'ere, *ad.* a little while ago  
Whil'om, *ad.* formerly, since, of old  
Whim, Whim'sey, *s.* an odd fancy; caprice  
Whim'per, *v. n.* to cry lowly as a child  
Whimp'led, *a.* distorted with crying

Whim'sical, *a.* capricious, freakish, fanciful  
 Whim'wham, *s.* a gewgaw, toy, trifle  
 Whin, *s.* furze, a shrub, a prickly bush  
 Whine, *v. n.* to lament in low murmurs ; to make a plaintive noise ; to moan effeminately  
 Whin'ny, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse  
 Whin'yard, *s.* a large crooked sword  
 Whip, *s.* an instrument of correction  
 Whip, *v.* to cut with a whip ; to lash, &c.  
 Whip'cord, *s.* a cord for whiplashes  
 Whip'hand, *s.* an advantage over another  
 Whip'lash, *s.* the small end of a whip  
 Whip'per, *s.* one who uses the whip  
 Whip'saw, *s.* a large saw for two persons  
 Whip'ster, *s.* a nimble fellow ; a sharper  
 Whipt, *par.* and *pret.* for *whipped*  
 Whirl, *v.* to turn or run round rapidly  
 Whirl, *s.* a rapid turning or circumvolution  
 Whirl'igig, *s.* a whirling plaything  
 Whirl'pool, *s.* water moving circularly  
 Whirl'wind, *s.* a storm moving circularly  
 Whir'ring, *s.* a noise made by a bird's wing  
 Whisk, *s.* a small besom ; a child's tippet  
 Whisk, *v. a.* to brush with a whisk ; to run  
 Whisk'er, *s.* hair on the lips ; a mustachio  
 Whisk'ing, *part. a.* brushing ; passing quick  
 Whis'per, *v. n.* to speak with a low voice  
 Whis'perer, *s.* a low voice ; a speaking softly  
 Whis'perer, *s.* one who speaks low  
 Whist, *s.* a game at cards—*a.* silent, still  
 Whistle, *v.* to form a kind of musical modulation of the breath ; to blow a whistle  
 Whis'tle, *s.* an inarticulate musical sound  
 Whit, *s.* a point, jot, tittle  
 White, *a.* snowy, pale ; pure—*s.* a colour  
 Whi'telivered, *a.* envious, malicious  
 Whi'ten, *v.* to make or grow white  
 Whi'teness, *s.* the state of being white  
 Whi'tepot, *s.* a kind of food from milk, eggs, white bread, sugar, spice, &c.  
 Whi'tethorn, *s.* a species of thorn  
 Whi'tewash, *v. a.* to make white ; clear  
 Whi'tewash, *s.* a kind of liquid plaster to whiten the walls of houses ; a wash to make the skin seem fair  
 Whith'er, *ad.* to what place or degree  
 Whi'ting, *s.* a small fish ; a soft chalk  
 Whi'tish, *a.* somewhat or rather white  
 Whit'leather, *s.* a leather drest with alum  
 Whit'low, *s.* a swelling at the finger's end  
 Whit'ster, *s.* a bleacher of linen, &c.  
 Whit'suntide, *s.* the feast of Pentecost  
 Whit'tle, *s.* a white dress for a woman ; a knife  
 Whiz, *v. n.* to make a loud humming noise  
 Who, *pron. relative,* which person  
 Whoev'er, *pron.* any one ; whatever person  
 Whole, *s.* a solid ; the total ; all of a thing  
 Whole, *a.* all, total ; restored to health  
 Who'lesale, *s.* the sale of a considerable quantity at once ; not in small parcels  
 Who'lesome, *a.* contributing to health  
 Whom, *accus. of who,* sing. and plural  
 Whomsoev'er, *pron.* any person whatever  
 Whoop, *s.* a shout of pursuit ; a bird  
 Whore, *s.* a prostitute ; a fornicatress  
 Who'redom, *s.* playing the whore, adulterer  
 Who'remaster, *s.* one who keeps whores  
 Who'reson, *s.* a bastard—*a.* spurious  
 Who'rish, *a.* unchaste, incontinent, loose  
 Whor'leberry, Whurt, *s.* bilberry, a plant  
 Whose, *pron. poss.* of *who* and *which*  
 Whosoev'er, *pron.* any without exception  
 Why, *ad.* for what reason or cause  
 Wick, *s.* the cotton of a candle or lamp  
 Wick'ed, *a.* given to vice, cursed  
 Wick'edness, *s.* guilt, moral ill, vice  
 Wick'er, *a.* made of small willows or sticks  
 Wick'et, *s.* a small door ; a small gate  
 Wide, *a.* broad, remote, extended  
 Wide, Wi'dely, *ad.* remotely, at a distance  
 Wi'd'en, *v.* to make or grow wide  
 Wid'geon, *s.* the name of a water fowl  
 Wid'ow, *s.* a woman whose husband is dead  
 Wid'ower, *s.* a man whose wife is dead  
 Wid'owhood, *s.* the state of a widow  
 Width, *s.* breadth or wideness  
 Wield, *v. a.* to use with full power  
 Wield'y, *a.* capable of being managed  
 Wi'ery, *a.* made or drawn into wire  
 Wife, *s.* a woman that is married  
 Wig, *s.* a light cake ; a periwig  
 Wight, *s.* a man or woman—*a.* swift  
 Wig'wam, *s.* an Indian cabin  
 Wild, *a.* not tame ; desert ; savage, uncultivated  
 Wild, *s.* a desert, an uninhabited country  
 Wil'der, *v. a.* to close in a wilderness, &c.  
 Wil'derness, *s.* a wild uninhabited tract of land ; a savage country ; a desert  
 Wild'fire, *s.* gunpowder rolled up wet  
 Wild'goosechase, *s.* a vain foolish pursuit  
 Wild'ing, *s.* the name of a wild sour apple  
 Wile, *s.* a deceit, fraud, trick, shift  
 Wil'ful, *a.* stubborn, tenacious, designing  
 Wil'fully, *ad.* obstinately, on purpose  
 Will, *s.* a choice, command, bequest  
 Will, *v. a.* to command, direct, desire  
 Wil'ling, *a.* inclined to any thing ; desirous  
 Wil'low, *s.* the name of a tree  
 Will-with-a-wisp, *s.* a fiery vapour appearing in the night ; an ignis fatuus  
 Wil'ly, *a.* sly, cunning, full of stratagem  
 Wim'ble, *s.* a tool for boring holes—*a.* a wimble  
 Wim'ple, *s.* a hood, a veil—*v. a.* to draw  
 Win, *v.* to gain by conquest or play  
 Wince, or Winch, *v. n.* to shrink from  
 Winch, *s.* a handle to turn a mill or screw  
 Wind, *s.* a flowing wave of air ; breath  
 Wind'egg, *s.* an imperfect egg

Wind'er, *s.* who or what winds; a plant  
Wind'fal, *s.* fruit blown down by the wind;  
an advantage coming unexpectedly  
Wind'flower, *s.* a flower; the anemone  
Wind'gun, *s.* a gun to discharge a bullet, by  
letting loose the air pent up within  
Wind'ing, *s.* a turning about; a following  
Wind'-sheet, *s.* a sheet in which the dead  
are enwrapped, serving for a shroud  
Wind'lass, *s.* a machine for raising weights  
Wind'le, *s.* a spindle, reel, machine  
Wind'mill, *s.* a mill turned by the wind  
Wind'dow, *s.* an opening in a house for light  
and air; the glass it contains  
Wind'pipe, *s.* the passage for the breath  
Wind'ward, *ad.* towards the wind  
Wind'y, *a.* breeding wind; swelled; stormy  
Wine, *s.* the fermented juice of grapes, &c.  
Wing, *s.* that part of a bird used in flying;  
the side of an army; a fan to a winnowing  
Wing, *v.* to furnish with wings; to fly  
Winged, *a.* having wings; swift; wounded  
Wink, *v. n.* to shut the eyes; connive, hint  
Win'ner, *s.* one who wins, one who gains  
Win'ning, *a.* attractive—*s.* the sum won  
Win'now, *v.* to fan, to sift, to examine  
Win'ter, *s.* the cold season of the year  
Win'terly, Win'try, *a.* suitable to winter  
Wine, *a.* having the taste of, or like wine  
Wipe, *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing; to clear  
Wipe, *s.* an act of cleansing; a blow; a  
reproof, a rub; a stroke; a bird  
Wire, *s.* a metal drawn out into threads  
Wredrawer, *s.* one who makes wire  
Wise, *v. n.* to know—*ad.* verily, truly  
Wisdom, *s.* knowledge and judgment conducted by wisdom and discretion  
Wise, *a.* judging right; prudent, grave  
Wise, *s.* manner; way of being or acting  
Wseacre, *s.* a fool, dunce, simpleton  
Wseely, *ad.* judiciously, prudently, gravely  
Wish, *s.* a longing desire, a thing desired  
Wish, *v.* to have a strong desire, to long for  
Wisher, *s.* one who longs or wishes  
Wish'ful, *a.* showing desire, longing, eager  
Wish'fully, *ad.* earnestly, with longing  
Wish'ket, or Whis'ket, *s.* a basket, a scuttle  
Wisp, *s.* a small bundle of straw or hay  
Wist, *pret. and part. pass. of to wis*  
Wist'ful, *a.* attentive, full of thought  
Wist'fully, Wist'ly, *ad.* attentively  
Wit, *s.* quickness of fancy; a man of genius; understanding, judgment, sense  
Wit, *ad.* namely, or that is  
Witch, *s.* a woman given to unlawful arts  
Witch'craft, *s.* the practice of witches  
Wit'craft, *s.* invention, contrivance  
With'a'l, *ad.* along with the rest; besides  
Withdra'w, *v.* to draw back, retire, retreat

Withdra'wing-room, *s.* a room near another to retire to, usually called a drawing room  
Withe, *s.* a willow twig; a band of twigs  
With'er, *v.* to fade, to pine or die away  
With'ers, *s.* the joint uniting the neck and shoulders of a horse; the forehand  
Withho'ld, *v. a.* to keep back, to refuse  
Withi'n, *prep.* in the inner part  
Within'side, *ad.* in the inward parts  
Witho'ut, *prep.* not within compass of  
Withsta'nd, *v. a.* to oppose, resist, restrain  
With'y, *s.* a willow, the shoot of a willow  
Wit'less, *a.* wanting understanding  
Wit'ling, *s.* a petty pretender to wit  
Wit'ness, *s.* testimony; an evidence  
Wit'ness, *v.* to bear testimony, to attest  
Wit'ness, *interj.* denoting an exclamation  
Wit'ticism, *s.* a mean attempt at wit  
Wit'tily, *ad.* ingeniously, cunningly, artfully  
Wit'tingly, *ad.* knowingly, by design  
Wit'tol, Wit'tal, *s.* a contented cuckold  
Wit'tolly, *a.* cuckoldly, low, despicable  
Wit'ty, *a.* ingenious, sarcastic, smart  
Wive, *v.* to marry, to take a wife  
Wives, *s. plural of wife*  
Wiz'ard, *s.* a conjurer, a cunning man  
Woe, *s.* grief, sorrow, misery, calamity  
Woad, *s.* a plant used in dyeing blue  
Wo'ful, *a.* sorrowful, calamitous  
Wold, *s.* a plain open country; a down  
Wolf, *s.* a fierce beast; an eating ulcer  
Wolf'dog, *s.* a large dog to guard sheep  
Wolfish, or Wolv'ish, *a.* fierce like a wolf  
Wolfs'bane, *s.* a poisonous plant  
Wom'i'an, *s.* the female of the human race  
Wom'anhater, *s.* one who hates women  
Wom'anhood, *s.* the qualities of a woman  
Wom'anish, *a.* suitable to a woman  
Wom'ankind, *s.* female sex; race of women  
Wom'anly, *a.* becoming a woman, not girlish  
Womb, *s.* place of generation—*v. a.* to enclose  
Wom'en, *s. plural of woman*  
Won, *pret. and part. pass. of to win*  
Won'der, *v. n.* to be astonished  
Won'der, *s.* amazement, admiration  
Won'derful, *a.* admirable, strange  
Won'derfully, *ad.* in a wonderful manner  
Won'derstruck, *a.* amazed, astonished  
Won'drous, *a.* marvellous, strange, surprising  
Wont, *v. n.* to be accustomed or used to  
Wont'ed, *part. a.* accustomed, usual, used  
Woo, *v.* to court, to make love, to sue  
Wood, *s.* a forest; a place filled with timber-trees; the substance of trees  
Wood'ashes, *s.* ashes of burnt wood  
Wood'bine, *s.* the honeysuckle  
Wood'cock, *s.* a bird of passage  
Wood'ed, *a.* supplied or thick with wood  
Wood'en, *a.* made of wood; clumsy  
Wood'hole, *s.* a place where wood is laid

Wood'land, *s.* land covered with woods  
 Wood'louse, *s.* vermin about old wood  
 Wood'man, *s.* a sportsman, a hunter, &c.  
 Wood'note, *s.* a wild note; wild music  
 Wood'nymph, *s.* a nymph of the woods  
 Wood'offering, *s.* wood burnt on an altar  
 Wood'pecker, *s.* the name of a bird  
 Wood'pigeon, *s.* a wild pigeon  
 Wood'sare, *s.* the froth on herbs  
 Wood'y, *a.* abounding with woods; ligneous  
 Woo'er, *s.* one who courts women  
 Woof, *s.* the set of threads that crosses the  
     warp; the weft; texture; cloth  
 Wool, *s.* the fleece of sheep; short hair  
 Wool'fel, *s.* a skin with the wool on  
 Wool'len, *a.* made or consisting of wool  
 Wool'lendraper, *s.* a dealer in woollen goods  
 Wool'pack, *s.* a bag or pack of wool  
 Wool'ly, *a.* composed of or resembling wool  
 Wool'stapler, *s.* one who deals in wool  
 Word, *s.* a single part of speech; promise  
 Word, *v.* to express properly; to dispute  
 Wore, *preterite of to wear*  
 Work, *v.* to labour; be agitated; raise, &c.  
 Work, *s.* labour, toil, deed, employment  
 Work'house, *s.* a receptacle for parish poor  
 Work'ingday, *s.* a day for work  
 Work'man, *s.* an artificer, a labourer  
 Work'manlike, *a.* like a workman, skilful  
 Work'manship, *s.* manufacture, skill, art  
 Work'shop, *s.* a shop to work in  
 Work'woman, *s.* one skilled in needlework  
 World, *s.* the earth; mankind; universal  
     empire  
 World'ling, *s.* one who idolizes his money  
 World'y, *a.* human; bent upon this world  
 Worm, *s.* an insect, grub; any spiral thing  
 Worm'eaten, *a.* gnawed by worms; old  
 Worm'wood, *s.* the name of a bitter herb  
 Worm'y, *a.* full of worms, having worms  
 Worn, *part. pass. of to wear*  
 Wor'nil, *s.* a maggot; a worm in cows  
 Wor'ry, *v. a.* to tear, to mangle, to harass  
 Worse, *a.* more bad, more ill  
 Wor'ship, *s.* dignity, eminence; term of ho  
     nor; a religious reverence; adoration  
 Wor'shipful, *a.* respected for dignity, &c.  
 Worst, *a.* most bad, most ill, most wicked  
 Worst, *s.* most calamitous or wicked state  
 Wor'sted, *s.* woollen yarn; wool spun  
 Wort, *s.* an herb; ale or beer not fermented  
 Worth, *a.* deserving of, equal in value to  
 Worth, *s.* price, value, importance  
 Worthily, *ad.* suitably, justly, deservedly  
 Worthiness, *s.* worth, desert, excellence  
 Worth'less, *a.* undeserving, unworthy  
 Worth'y, *a.* deserving, valuable, noble  
 Worthy, *s.* a man deserving praise  
 Wot, *v. n.* to know, to be aware of  
 Wove, *pret. and part. pass. of to weave*

Would, *pret. of to will*  
 Wound, *s.* a hurt—*v. a.* to hurt by violence  
 Wound, *pret. of to wound*  
 Wrack, *s.* ruin, destruction—*v. a.* to de  
     stroy; to destroy in the water; to wrech  
 Wrack, *s.* See Wreck  
 Wrän'gle, *s.* a perverse dispute; a quarrel  
 Wrang'gle, *v. n.* to dispute peevishly  
 Wrang'ler, *s.* a peevish disputative person  
 Wrap, *v. a.* to roll together; to contain  
 Wrap'per, *s.* a cloth or paper cover, &c.  
 Wrath, *s.* extreme anger, vengeance  
 Wrath'ful, *a.* angry, raging, furious  
 Wrath'fully, *ad.* furiously, passionately  
 Wrath'less, *a.* free from anger, meek  
 Wreak, *v. a.* to revenge; to execute  
 Wreak, *s.* revenge, vengeance, passion  
 Wreak'ful, *a.* revengeful, malicious  
 Wreak'less, *a.* unrevengeing, impotent  
 Wreath, *s.* a garland; any thing twisted  
 Wreath, *v. a.* to turn, to twist, to curl  
 Wreath'y, *a.* spiral, twisted, curling  
 Wreck, *s.* a shipwreck; destruction, ruin  
 Wren, *s.* the name of a very small bird  
 Wrench, *v. a.* to pull by force, to wrench  
 Wrench, *s.* a sprain, violent twist; trap  
 Wrest, *v. a.* to twist by violence, to wrench  
 Wrest, *s.* a distortion, a violence  
 Wrest'le, *v. n.* to struggle for a fall  
 Wrest'ler, *s.* one skilled in wrestling  
 Wrest'ling, *s.* the exercise of wrestling  
 Wretch, *s.* a miserable or worthless person  
 Wretch'ed, *a.* miserable, despicable  
 Wretch'edly, *ad.* despicably, meanly  
 Wretch'edness, *s.* misery, despicableness  
 Wrig'gle, *v. n.* to move to and fro  
 Wright, *s.* a workman; an artificer in wood, &c.  
 Wring, *v.* to twist, to squeeze, to press, to writh, to harass, to torture, to extort by violence, to turn round  
     violence  
 Wrin'kle, *s.* a crease in cloth, &c.  
 Wrin'kle, *v. a.* to cause creases or wrinkles  
 Wrist, *s.* the joint of the hand to the arm  
 Wrist'band, *s.* the fastening about the wrist  
 Writ, *s.* scripture; a legal process, &c.  
 Writ, *pret. of to write*  
 Write, *v.* to express in writing, to indite  
 Writer, *s.* an author; one who writes  
 Writhe, *v.* to distort, to twist, to wring  
 Writing, *s.* any thing written with pen  
     ink; the art or act of writing  
 Writingmaster, *s.* one who teaches to write  
 Writ'ings, *s.* legal conveyances, &c.  
 Writ'ten, *part. pass. of to write*  
 Wriz'led, *a.* wrinkled, withered, shrunk  
 Wrong, *s.* injury, injustice; an error  
 Wrong, *a.* not right, unfit—*v. a.* to injure  
 Wrong, Wrong'ly, *ad.* amiss, impro  
 Wrong'ful, *a.* unjust, dishonest, injurious

long'fully, *ad.* unjustly, injuriously  
rote, *pret. part.* of *to write*  
roth, *a.* angry, enraged, provoked

Wrought, *part.* performed ; manufactured  
Wrung, *pret. and part.* of *to wring*  
Wry, *a.* crooked, distorted, wrested

## X.

X is a numeral for ten ; but, though found in Saxon words, begins no word in the English language

## Y.

YACHT, or Yatch, *s.* a small ship with one deck, richly adorned, and contrived for swiftness and pleasure  
Yard, *s.* ground enclosed adjoining to an house ; a measure of three feet ; supports for a vessel's sails  
Yard'wand, *s.* a measure of a yard  
Yarn, *s.* spun wool ; woollen thread  
Yawl, *s.* a ship's boat—*v. n.* to bawl  
Yawn, *v. n.* to gape ; oscitate ; open wide  
Yawning, *a.* sleepy, slumbering  
Yclead, *a.* clad, clothed, adorned  
Ycleped, *a.* called, named, denominated  
Ynominate, *nominate plural of thou*  
Yea, *ad.* yes, surely, certainly, truly  
Yean, *v. n.* to bring forth young as sheep  
Yeal'ming, *s.* the young of sheep  
Year, *s.* the term of twelve calendar months  
Year'ling, *a.* being a year old  
Yearly, *ad.* once a year—*a.* lasting a year  
Yearn, *v. n.* to feel great uneasiness  
Yearning, *s.* an emotion of tenderness  
Yolk, or Yolk, *s.* the yellow part of an egg  
Yelp, *v. n.* to make a howling noise  
Yell, *s.* a cry of horror or distress  
Yellow, *a.* of a bright glaring colour, as gold  
Yellowish, *a.* approaching to yellow  
Ylows, *s.* a disease in horses  
Yelp, *v. n.* to bark as a hound, &c.  
Yoman, *s.* a gentleman farmer ; a freedolder ; an officer in the king's court, &c.  
Yom

Yeo'manry, *s.* a collective body of yeomen  
Yerk, *v. a.* to throw out a horse's hind leg  
Yes, *ad.* a term of affirmation ; yea, truly  
Yest, or Yeast, *s.* the froth in the working of new ale or beer ; spume on a troubled sea  
Yest'y, or Yea'sty, *a.* frothy ; smeared with yest  
Yest'yerday, *s.* the day last past  
Yest'ernight, *ad.* on the night last past  
Yet, *conj.* nevertheless, notwithstanding  
Yet, *ad.* beside, still, at least, after all  
Yew, *s.* a tree of tough wood  
Yew'en, *a.* made of or resembling yew  
Yield, *v.* to produce, to afford ; to give up  
Yoke, *s.* a bandage for the neck ; a mark of servitude ; a chain ; bond ; couple, pair  
Yoke, *v. a.* to couple together ; to enslave  
Yokefellow, *s.* a companion in labour  
Yon, Yon'der, *a.* being within view  
Yore, *ad.* of long time past, of old time  
You, *pronoun, oblique case of ye*  
Young, *a.* youthful, not old ; tender  
Young, *s.* the offspring of any creature  
Young'er, *a.* more young, not so old  
Young'est, *a.* the most young of all  
Young'ster, Yonk'er, *s.* a young person  
Your, *pronoun, belonging to you*  
Yourself, *pron.* even you, you only  
Youth, *s.* one past childhood ; tender age  
Youth'ful, *a.* young, frolicsome, vigorous  
Yule, *s.* the time of Christmas  
Yux, *s.* the hiccough

## Z.

**Z**AC'CHO, *s.* in architecture, the lowest part of the pedestal of a column

Zaf'far, Zaffir, *s.* a fictitious mineral

Za'ny, *s.* buffoon, silly fellow, merry andrew

Zar'nic, *s.* a solid substance in which orpiment is frequently found

Zeal, *s.* a passionate ardour; warmth

Zeal'ot, *s.* a person full of zeal; a fanatic

Zeal'ous, *a.* ardently passionate in a cause

Zeal'ously, *ad.* with passionate ardour

Ze'bra, *s.* an Indian beast; a kind of mule

Ze'chin, *s.* a Venetian gold coin of 9s.

Ze'doary, *s.* the name of a spicy plant

Zen'ith, *s.* that point in the heavens directly over our heads, opposite the Nadir

Zeph'yr, Zeph'yrus, *s.* the west wind

Zest, *s.* the peel of an orange squeezed into wine; a relish; a taste added

Zest, *v. a.* to heighten by added relish

Ze'ta, *s.* a Greek letter; a dining room

Zetel'ic, *a.* proceeding by inquiry; seeking

Zeug'ma, *s.* a figure in grammar, when a verb agreeing with divers nouns, or an adjective with divers substantives, is referred to one expressly, and to the other by supplement: as, lust overcame shame, boldness fear, and madness reason

Zigzag, *a.* turning short; winding

Zinc, or Zink, *s.* a kind of fossil substance

Zo'cle, *s.* a small sort of stand or pedestal, being a low square piece or member, used to support a busto, statue, &c.

Zo'diac, *s.* a great circle of the sphere, containing the twelve signs

Zone, *s.* a girdle anciently worn by virgins at their marriage, and which the bridegroom untied the first night. In geography, a division of the earth, a space contained between two parallels. The whole surface of the earth is divided into five zones. The first is contained between the two tropics, and is called the *torrid zone*. There are two *temperate zones*, and two *frigid zones*: the northern *temperate zone* is terminated by the tropic of Cancer; the *arctic* polar circle: the southern *temperate zone* is contained between the tropic of Capricorn and the *antarctic* polar circle. The *frigid zones* are circumscribed by the polar circles, and the poles are the centres of them

Zoog'rapher, *s.* one who describes the natural properties, and forms of animals

Zoog'raphy, *s.* a description of the forms, natures, and properties of animals

Zool'ogy, *s.* a scientific treatise of animals

Zoo'phites, *s.* vegetables partaking of the nature both of plants and animals

Zoophor'ic, *s.* a statuary column, or a column supporting the figure of an animal

Zooph'orus, *s.* a part between the architrave and cornice, so called on account of the ornaments carved on it, among which are the figures of animals

Zoot'omist, *s.* one who dissects brute beasts

Zoot'omy, *s.* a dissection of the bodies of brute beasts

A  
CONCISE ACCOUNT  
OF THE  
HEATHEN DEITIES,  
AND  
OTHER FABULOUS PERSONS;

WITH

*THE HEROES AND HEROINES OF ANTIQUITY.*

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AMP

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A'aris, a Scythian, priest of Apollo  
A'bo'na, a goddess of voyages, &c.  
Abreca'nus, a surname of Jupiter  
Ab'ron, a very voluptuous Grecian  
Ab'yla, a famous mountain in Africa  
Acan'tha, a nymph beloved by Apollo  
Acas'tus, the name of a famous hunter  
Acet'us, one of the priests of Bacchus  
Acha'menes, the first king of Persia  
Acha'tes, a trusty friend of Æneas  
Ach'eron, a son of Titan and Terra, changed  
into a river of hell for assisting the Titans  
in their war against Jupiter  
Achilles, son of Peleus, king of Thrace, and  
Thetis, a goddess of the sea, who, being  
dipped by his mother in the river Styx,  
was invulnerable in every part except his  
right heel, by which she held him: after  
signalizing himself at the siege of Troy,  
for his valour, as well as cruelty, he was  
at length killed by Paris with an arrow  
Aci'dia, and Arma'ta, names of Venus  
Aci'dalus, a famous fountain of Boeotia  
Aci's, a Sicilian shepherd, killed by Poly-  
phemus, because he rivalled him in the  
affection of Galatea  
Ac'mon, a famous king of the Titans  
Ac'ratus, the genius of drunkards at Athens  
Ade'on, a celebrated hunter, who, accidentally  
discovering Diana bathing, was by  
her turned into a stag, and devoured by  
his own hounds  
Adme'tus, a king of Thessaly  
Ad'o'nis, the incestuous offspring of Cinyras  
and Myrrha, remarkably beautiful, be-  
loved by Venus and Proserpine  
Adra'stea, the goddess Nemesis  
E'bus, one of the infernal judges  
E'ga, Jupiter's nurse, daughter of Olenus  
E'geus, a king of Attica, giving name to  
the Ægean sea by drowning himself in it  
E'gina, a particular favourite of Jupiter  
E'gis, a Gorgon, whom Pallas slew

Æ'gle, one of the three Hesperides  
Æ'gon, a wrestler famous for strength  
Ægyp'tus, son of Neptune and Lybia  
Ael'lo, one of the three Harpies  
Æne'as, son of Anchises and Venus  
Æ'olus, the god of the winds  
Æ'o'us, one of the four horses of the sun  
Æscula'nus, a Roman god of riches  
Æscula'pius, the god of physic  
Æthal'ides, a son of Mercury  
Æ'thon, one of the four horses of the sun  
Ætnæ'us, a title of Vulcan  
Æto'lus, son of Endymion and Diana  
Agamem'non, brother to Menelaus, chosen  
captain-general of the Greeks at the siege  
of Troy  
Aganip'pe, daughter of the river Permessus,  
which flows from mount Helicon  
Age'nor, the first king of Argos  
Ageno'ria, the goddess of industry  
Agela'tus and Agesila'u's, names of Pluto  
Aglia'ia, one of the three Graces  
A'jax, one of the most distinguished princes  
and heroes at the siege of Troy  
Albu'nea, a famous sibyl of Tripoli  
Alci'des, a title of Hercules  
Alci'nous, a king of Corcyra  
Alci'oneus, a giant slain by Hercules  
Alci'ope, a favourite mistress of Neptune  
Alcme'na, the wife of Amphitryon  
Alec'to, one of the three Furies  
Alec'tryon, or Gal'lus, a favourite of Mars  
Al'mus, and Alum'nus, titles of Jupiter  
Alo'a, a festival of Bacchus and Ceres  
Alo'u's, a giant who warred with Jupiter  
Amalthœ'a, the goat that suckled Jupiter  
Ambarva'le, a spring sacrifice to Ceres  
Ambro'sia, the food of the Gods  
Am'mon, a title of Jupiter  
Amphiara'u's, son of Apollo and Hypermnes-  
tra, a very famous augur  
Amphimedon, one of the suitors of Penelope  
Amphi'on, a famous musician

**A**mphitri'te, the wife of Neptune  
**Amyn'tor**, a king of Epirus  
**Anac'reon**, a lyric poet of Greece  
**Ana'tis**, the goddess of prostitution  
**Ance'us**, a king of Arcadia  
**Andro'geus**, the son of Minos  
**Androm'ache**, the wife of Hector  
**Androm'eda**, the daughter of Cepheus and Cassiope, who, contending for the prize of beauty with the Nereides, was by them bound to a rock, and exposed to be devoured by a sea monster; but Perseus slew the monster, and married her  
**Angero'na**, the goddess of silence  
**An'na**, the sister of Pygmalion and Dido  
**Ante'us**, a giant, son of Neptune and Terra: he was squeezed to death by Hercules  
**An'teros**, one of the names of Cupid  
**Antevert'a**, a goddess of women in labour  
**An'thia**, and Argi'va, titles of Juno  
**An'ubis**, an Egyptian god with a dog's head  
**Aon'ides**, a name of the Muses  
**Apatu'ria**, and Aphrodi'tis, titles of Venus  
**A'pis**, son of Jupiter and Niobe; called also Scapris and Osiris: he first taught the Egyptians to sow corn and plant vines: after his death they worshipped him in the form of an ox, a symbol of husbandry  
**Arach'ne**, a Lydian princess, turned, by Minerva, into a spider, for presuming to vie with her at spinning  
**Arethu'sa**, the daughter of Nereus  
**Argenti'nus**, and Æscula'nus, gods of wealth  
**Argo**, the ship that conveyed Jason and his companions to Colchis, and reported to have been the first man of war  
**Argonautes**, the companions of Jason  
**Arg'us**, son of Aristor, said to have had an hundred eyes; also an architect, who built the ship Argos  
**Ariad'ne**, daughter of Minos, who, from love, gave Theseus a clue of thread to guide him out of the Cretan labyrinth: being afterwards deserted by him, she was married to Bacchus, and made his priestess  
**Arimas'pi**, a warlike people of Scythia  
**Ari'on**, a lyric poet of Methymna  
**Ariste'us**, son of Apollo and Cyrene  
**Aristome'nes**, a cruel Titan  
**Aristoph'anes**, a comic poet, born at Lindus, a town of Rhodes  
**Artemis**, the Delphic sibyl; also Diana  
**Ascle'pia**, festivals of Æsculapius  
**Asco'lia**, feasts of Bacchus, celebrated in Attica  
**Aste'ria**, daughter of Ceus  
**Astrape'us**, and Ataby'russ: Jupiter  
**Astra'e'a**, the goddess of justice  
**Astro'logus**, a title of Hercules  
**Asty'anax**, the only son of Hector

**Astypal'a**, daughter of Phœnix  
**A'te**, the goddess of revenge  
**Atlan'tes**, a savage people of Ethiopia  
**At'las**, a king of Mauritania  
**At'ropos**, one of the three Fates  
**Aver'nus**, a lake on the borders of hell  
**Averrunc'u**s, a god of the Romans  
**Auge'as**, a king of Elis, whose stable of 3000 oxen was not cleansed for 30 years, yet Hercules cleansed it in one day  
**A'vistuper**, a title of Priapus  
**Aur'e'a**, a name of Fortuna  
**Auro'ra**, the goddess of the morning  
**Auto'leon**, a general of the Crotonians  
**Autum'nus**, the god of fruits

**B.**

**BAC'CHUS**, the god of wine  
**Bap'ta**, the goddess of shame  
**Barba'ta**, a title of Venus and Fortuna  
**Bas'sareus**, a title of Bacchus  
**Bat'u**, an herdsman, turned by Mercury into a loadstone  
**Bau'cis**, an old woman, who, with her husband Philemon, entertained Jupiter and Mercury, travelling over Phrygia, when all others refused  
**Beller'ophon**, son of Glaucus, king of Ephyrnus, who underwent numberless hardships for refusing an intimacy with Sthenobaea, the wife of Praetor, king of Argos  
**Bello'na**, the goddess of war  
**Berecyn'thia Ma'ter**, a title of Cybele  
**Bereni'ce**, a Grecian lady, who was the only person of her sex permitted to see the Olympic games  
**Ber'gion**, a giant, slain by Jupiter  
**Bib'lia**, the wife of Duilius, who first instituted a triumph for a naval victory  
**Bi'ceps**, and Bi'frons, names of Janus  
**Bisul'tor**, a name of Mars  
**Bi'thon**, a remarkably strong Grecian  
**Boli'na**, a nymph rendered immortal for modesty and resistance of Apollo  
**Bo'na De'a**, a title of Cybele and Fortuna  
**Bo'nu's Da'mon**, a title of Priapus  
**Bo'reas**, son of Æstræus and Heribœa, generally put for the north wind  
**Bre'vis**, a title of Fortuna  
**Bria'eus**, a monstrous giant, son of Terra and Terra; the poets feign him to have had an hundred arms and fifty heads  
**Bri'mo** and **Bubas'tis**, names of Hecate  
**Brise'is**, daughter of Brises, priest of Jupiter given to Achilles upon the taking of Lycœnus, a city of Troas, by the Greeks  
**Bron'tes**, a maker of Jupiter's thunder  
**Bro'theus**, a son of Vulcan, who threw him

self into mount *Ætna*, on account of his deformity  
*Bruma'lia*, feasts of Bacchus  
*Bubo'na*, the goddess of oxen  
*Ba'sitis*, a son of Neptune, and a most cruel tyrant; he was slain by Hercules  
*By'lis*, the daughter of Miletus

## C.

*CABAR'NI*, priests of Ceres  
*Cabi'ri*, priests of Cybele  
*Cibrus*, a god of the Phasclitæ  
*Cacus*, a son of Vulcan  
*Cad'mus*, son of Agenor and Telephessa, who, searching in vain for his sister, built the city of Thebes, and invented 16 letters of the Greek alphabet  
*Cad'u'ceus*, Mercury's golden rod or wand  
*Cæ'sa*, and *Conserva'trix*, titles of Fortuna  
*Cæ'ulos*, a robber, son of Vulcan  
*Cæ'neus*, a title of Jupiter  
*Cæ'phas*, a famous Greek soothsayer  
*Cæ'lo*, the daughter of Lycaon  
*Cæli'ope*, the muse of heroic poetry  
*Cæ'lyso*, daughter of Oceanus and Thetis, who reigned in the island of Ogygia, where she entertained and became enamoured of Ulysses, on his return from Troy  
*Cæ'mbles*, a gluttonous king of Lydia  
*Cæ'mby'ses*, the son of Cyrus, and king of the Medes and Persians  
*Cæ'mo'na* and *Car'na*, goddess of infants  
*Cæ'nes*, a title of the Furies  
*Cæ'no'pus*, an Egyptian god  
*Cæ'dua*, an household goddess  
*Cæ'men'ta*, a name of Themis  
*Cæ'na*, a Roman goddess  
*Cæ'ra'tis*, a title of Diana  
*Cæ'pii*, a people of Hycrancia, who were said to starve their parents to death when 70 years old, and to train up dogs for war  
*Cæ'san'dra*, a daughter of Priam and Hecuba, endowed with the gift of prophecy by Apollo  
*Cæ'talides*, the Muses, from the fountain Castalius, at the foot of Parnassus  
*Cæ'tius*, a tutelar god to grown persons  
*Cæ'tor*, son of Jupiter and Leda, between whom and his brother Pollux immortality was alternately shared  
*Cæ'crops*, the first king of Athens  
*Cæ'no*, one of the three Harpies  
*Cæ'ta'urus*, children of Ixion, half men, half horses, inhabiting Thessaly  
*Cæ'phalus*, the son of Mercury and Hersa  
*Cæ'pheus*, a prince of Arcadia and Ethiopia  
*Cæ'ra'nius*, a title of Jupiter

*Cer'berus*, a dog with three heads and necks, who guarded the gates of hell  
*Cere'a'lia*, festivals in honour of Ceres  
*Ce'res*, the goddess of agriculture  
*Ce'r'us*, or *Se'r'us*, the god of opportunity  
*Chal'cea*, festivals in honour of Vulcan  
*Char'ites*, a name of the Graces  
*Cha'ron*, the ferryman of hell  
*Chime'ra*, a strange monster of Lycia, which was killed by Bellerophon  
*Chi'ron*, the preceptor of Achilles  
*Chro'mis*, a cruel son of Hercules  
*Chrysao'rius*, a surname of Jupiter  
*Chry'sis*, a priestess of Juno at Argos  
*Cir'ce*, a famous enchantress  
*Cir'ha*, a cavern of Phocis, near Delphi, whence the winds issued which caused a divine rage, and produced oracular responses  
*Cithæ'rides*, a title of the Muses  
*Clausi'na*, a name of Venus  
*Clau'sius*, or *Clu'sius*, a name of Janus  
*Cleome'des*, a famous wrestler  
*Cli'o*, the muse presiding over history, and patroness of heroic poets  
*Clo'Tho*, one of the three Fates  
*Clytemnest'ra*, daughter of Jupiter and Leda, killed by her son Orestes, on account of her adultery with *Ægisthus*  
*Cocy'tus*, a river of hell flowing from Styx  
*Colli'na*, the goddess of hills  
*Compita'lia*, games of the household gods  
*Co'mus*, the god of festivals and merriment  
*Concor'dia*, the goddess of peace  
*Conserva'tor* and *Cus'tos*, titles of Jupiter  
*Con'sus*, a title of Neptune  
*Corti'na*, the covering of Apollo's tripos  
*Coryban'tes* and *Cure'tes*, priests of Cybele  
*Cre'on*, a king of Thebes  
*Cri'nis*, a priest of Apollo  
*Crinis'sus*, a Trojan prince, who could change himself into any shape  
*Cro'esus*, a rich king of Lydia  
*Cro'nia*, festivals in honour of Saturn  
*Ctes'ibus*, a famous Athenian parasite  
*Cu'nia*, the goddess of new-born infants  
*Cu'pid*, son of Mars and Venus, the god of love, smiles, &c.  
*Cy'clops*, Vulcan's workmen, with only one eye in the middle of their forehead  
*Cy'bele*, the wife of Saturn  
*Cyc'nu's*, a king of Liguria; also a son of Neptune, who was invulnerable  
*Cylle'nius* and *Camil'lus*, names of Mercury  
*Cynoceph'ali*, a people of India, said to have heads resembling those of dogs  
*Cyn'thia* and *Cyn'thius*, Diana and Apollo  
*Cyparissæ'a*, a title of Minerva  
*Cyp'ria*, *Cythere'a*, titles of Venus

## D.

**DÆDALION**, the son of Lucifer

Dæ'dalus, an artificer of Athens, who formed the Cretan labyrinth, and invented the auger, axe, glue, plumbline, saw, and masts and sails for ships

Da'mon, the sincere friend of Pythias

Dæ'mon Bo'nus, Dithyram'bus, and Dio-nys'ius, titles of Bacchus

Da'nae, the daughter of Acrisius, king of Argos, seduced by Jupiter, in the form of a golden shower

Dana'ides, or Be'lides, the 50 daughters of Danaus, king of Argos, all of whom, except Hypermnestra, killed their husbands the sons of their uncle Ægyptus, on the marriage night: they were therefore condemned to draw water out of a deep well with sieves, so that their labour was without end or success

Daph'næ, a nymph beloved by Apollo

Dar'danus, the founder of Troy

Da'res, a very ancient historian who wrote an account of the Trojan war

De'a Syr'ia, a title of Venus

De'cima, a title of Lachesis

Deian'ira, the wife of Hercules

Deida'mia, daughter of Lycomedes, king of Scyros, by whom Achilles had Pyrrhus, whilst he lay concealed in women's apparel, in the court of Lycomedes, to avoid going to the Trojan war

Deiope'a, a beautiful attendant on Juno

Deiph'obe, the Cumean sibyl

Deiph'obus, a son of Priam and Hecuba

De'lia, De'lius, Diana and Apollo

De'los, the island where Apollo was born

De'lphi, a city of Phocis, famous for a temple and an oracle of Apollo

De'lphicus, Didyma'us, titles of Apollo

Dem'ades, an Athenian orator

Der'bices, a people near the Caspian sea, who punished all crimes with death

Deuca'lion, son of Prometheus, and king of Thessaly, who, with his wife Pyrrha, was preserved from the general deluge, and repopulated the world

Dever'ra, the goddess of breeding women

Diag'oras, a Rhodian, who died for joy, because his three sons had on the same day gained prizes at the Olympic games

Di'a'na, the goddess of hunting, &c.

Di'do, daughter of Belus, the founder and queen of Carthage, whom Virgil fables to have burnt herself through despair, because Æneas left her

Di'es and Dies'piter, titles of Jupiter

Din'dyme, Dindym'e'ne, titles of Cybele

Diome'des, a king of Ætolia, who gained

great reputation at Troy, and accompanied by Ulysses, carried off the Palladium also a tyrant of Thrace

Dio'ne, one of Jupiter's mistresses

Dionys'ia, feasts in honour of Bacchus

Dioscu'ri, a title of Castor and Pollux

Di'ræ, a title of the Furies

Dis, a title of Pluto

Discor'dia, the goddess of contention

Domidu'ca, a title of Juno

Domidu'cus, and Domi'tius, nuptial gods

Dom'i'na, a title of Proserpine

Dry'ades, nymphs of the woods and forests

## E.

**ECHI'ON**, a companion of Cadmus

Ec'ho, daughter of Aer and Tellus, who pined away for love of Narcissus

Edon'ides, priestesses of Bacchus

Edu'ca, a goddess of new-born infants

Ege'ria, a title of Juno; also a goddess

Elec'tra, a daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra, who instigated Orestes

revenge their father's death on their mother and her adulterer Ægisthus

E'leus and Eleuthe'rius, titles of Bacchus

Eleusin'ia, feasts in honour of Ceres and Proserpine

Elo'ides, nymphs of Bacchus

Empu'sæ, a name of the Gorgons

Endym'ion, a shepherd of Caria, who, insolently soliciting Juno, was condemned to a sleep of 30 years; Luna visited him by night in a cave of mount Latmus

Enia'lius, a title of Mars

En'yo, the same as Bellona

Epe'u's, the artist of the Trojan horse

Epi'gones, the sons of the seven worthies who besieged Thebes a second time

Epilæ'nea, sacrifices to Bacchus

Epistro'phia and Eryci'na, titles of Venus

Epizeph'rii, a people of Locris, who punished those with death that drank more wine than physicians prescribed

Era'to, the muse of love-poetry

Er'ebus, an infernal deity, son of Chaos and Nox; a river of hell

Er'gane, a river whose waters inebriated

Erioth'o'nus, a king of Athens, who, lame and very deformed in his feet, invented coaches to conceal his lameness

Erin'rys, a common name of the Furies

E'ros, one of the names of Cupid

Eros'tatus, the person who, to perpetuate his name, set fire to the celebrated temple of Diana at Ephesus

Ete'ocles, and Polyni'ces, sons of Oedipus who violently hated, and, at last, killed each other

and'ne, daughter of Mars and Thebe, who threw herself on the funeral pile of her husband Cateneus, from affection

Arates, a person remarkable for shuffling, duplicity, and dissimulation

Eumen'ides, a name of the Furies

Euphros'yne, one of the three Graces

Euro'pa, the daughter of Agenor, who it is said was carried by Jupiter, in the form of a white bull, into Crete

Eury'ale, one of the three Gorgons

Eurydice, the wife of Orpheus

Eury'ome, an infernal deity

Euter'pe, the muse presiding over music

Eury'mus, a very famous wrestler

## F.

Fab'ula, the goddess of lies

Fabul'i'rus, a god of infants

Fama, the goddess of report, &c.

Fan'cium, a title of Priapus

Fates, the three daughters of Nox and Erebus, Clothos, Lachesis, and Atropos, entrusted with the lives of mortals &c.

Fat'ua and Fat'ua, names of Cybele

Fatu'rus, the son of Mercury and Nox, and father of the Fauns, rural gods

Fatu'ua, Flor'i'ua, Fluo'nia, titles of Juno

Fatu'ua, a goddess of purification

Fatu'rus, a title of Pluto

Felicitas, the goddess of happiness

Fec'ulus, a household god

Fer'tius and Fulmina'tor, titles of Jupiter

Fern'nia, a goddess of woods

Feso'nia, a goddess of wearied persons

Fid'ius, the god of treaties

Fam'ines, priests of Jupiter, Mars, &c.

Fa'ra, the goddess of flowers

Favia'les, or Potam'ides, nymphs of rivers

Fer'nax, a goddess of corn and bakers

Fer'tu'na, or Fortune, the goddess of happiness, &c. said to be blind

Furies, or Eumen'ides, the three daughters of Nox and Acheron, named Alecta, Megera, and Tisiphone, with hair composed of snakes, and armed with whips, chains, &c.

## G.

Galate'a, daughter of Nereus and Doris, passionately beloved by Polyphemus

Galli, castrated priests of Cybele

Gaul'us, or Alec'trion, a favourite of Mars, and changed by him into a cock

Ganellia, a title of Juno

Ganges, a famous river of India

Ganymede, the cup-bearer of Jupiter

Gelas'i'rus, the god of mirth and smiles

Gelo'ni, a people of Scythia, who used to paint themselves, in order to appear more terrible to their enemies

Ge'nni, guardian angels

Ge'nius, a name of Priapus

Ger'yon, a king of Spain, who fed his oxen with human flesh, and was therefore killed by Hercules

Glauc'o'pis, a name of Minerva

Glau'cus, a fisherman, made a sea-god by eating a certain herb; also the son of Hippolochus, who exchanged his arms of gold for the brazen ones of Diomedes

Gno'sis, a name of Ariadne

Gor'dius, an husbandman, but afterwards king of Phrygia, remarkable for tying a knot of cords on which the empire of Asia depended, in so very intricate a manner, that Alexander the Great, unable to unravel it, cut it to pieces

Gor'gons, the three daughters of Phorcys and Ceta, Medusa, Euryale, and Stheno, who could change into stone those whom they looked on; Perseus slew Medusa, the principal of them

Gorgop'oros, a title of Pallas

Gra'ces, Aglaia, Thalia, and Euphrosyne; the daughters of Jupiter and Eury nome; attendants on Venus and the Muses

Gradi'rus, a title of Mars

Gy'ges, a Lydian, to whom Candaules, king of Lydia, shewed his queen naked, which so incensed her that she slew Candaules, and married Gyges: also a shepherd, who, by means of a ring, could render himself invisible

## H.

Ha'des, a title of Pluto

Hamaxo'bii, a people of Scythia, who lived in carts, and removed from place to place, as necessity required

Harmo'nis, a famous artist of Troy

Harpal'yce, a very beautiful maid of Argos

Har'pies, three monsters, Aello, Cæleno, and Ocy Pete, with the faces of virgins, bodies of vultures, and hands armed with monstrous claws

Harpoc'rates, the Egyptian god of silence

He'be, the goddess of youth

He'brus, a river in Thrace

Hec'alius, a title given to Jupiter by Theseus

Hec'ate, Diana's name in hell

Hec'tor, a son of Priam and Hecuba, and the most valiant of all the Trojans

Hec'uba, the wife of Priam

Hege'sias, a philosopher of Cyrene, who described the miseries of life with such a

gloomy eloquence that many of his auditors killed themselves through despair

**H**el'ena, the wife of Menelaus, the most beautiful woman in the world, who, running away with Paris, occasioned the Trojan war

Hel'enus, a son of Priam and Hecuba

Hel'icon, a famous mountain of Bœotia, dedicated to Apollo and the Muses

Her'a, sacrifices to Juno

Her'cules, the son of Jupiter and Alcmena, remarkable for his numerous exploits and dangerous enterprises

Heribe'a, the wife of Astreus

Her'mæ, statues of Mercury

Her'mes, a name of Mercury

Her'mione, a daughter of Mars and Venus, married to Cadmus; also a daughter of Menelaus and Helena, married to Pyrrhus

He'ro, a beautiful woman of Sestos, in Thrace, priestess of Venus; Leander, of Abydos, loved her so tenderly that he swam over the Hellespont every night to see her; but being at length unfortunately drowned, she threw herself into the sea, through despair

Herod'otus, a very famous historian of Halicarnassus

Heroph'il'a, the Erythræan sibyl

Hersil'ia, the wife of Romulus

He'sperus, or Ves'per, the evening star

Hesperi'des, the daughters of Hesperus; Ægle, Arthusa, and Hesperethusa, who had a garden bearing golden apples, watched by a dragon which Hercules slew, and bore away the fruit

He'ssus, a name of Mars amongst the Gauls

Hip'pias, a philosopher of Elis

Hippocam'pi, Neptune's horses

Hip'pocrene, a fountain at the bottom of mount Helicon, dedicated to Apollo

Hippol'ytus, the son of Theseus and Antiope or Hippolyte, who refused intimacies with his stepmother Phædra. At the request of Diana, Æsculapius restored him to life, after he had been thrown from his chariot, and dragged through the woods till he was torn in pieces

Hippo'na, the goddess of horses and stables

Histo'ria, the goddess of history

Horten'sis, a name of Venus

Ho'rhus, a title of the sun

Hostil'na, a goddess of corn

Hy'ades, the seven daughters of Atlas and Æthra; Ambrosia, Endora, Coronis, Pasithoe, Plexaris, Pytho, and Tyche. They were changed by Jupiter into 7 stars

Hy'lia, a mountain in Sicily, universally famous for its thyme and bees

Hy'dra, a serpent which had seven heads, or as some say, nine, others fifty, killed by Hercules in the lake Lerna

Hyge'ia, the goddess of health

Hy'lus, the son of Hercules and Dejanira

Hy'men, the god of marriage

Hype'rión, a son of Cœlus and Terra

Hypsip'yle, a queen of Lemnos, who was banished for preserving her father when all the other men of the island were murdered by their kindred

## I.

**I**AC'CHUS, a name of Bacchus

Jan'itor and Juno'nus, titles of Janus

Ian'the, the beautiful wife of Iphis

Ja'nus, the first king of Italy, son of Apollo and Creusa

Iap'etus, a son of Cœlum and Terra

Iar'bas, a cruel king of Mauritania

Ja'son, a Thessalian prince, son of Aeson who by Medea's help brought away the golden fleece from Colchis

Ica'rius, the son of Oebalus, who, having received from Bacchus a bottle of wine, went into Attica to shew men the use of it; but, making some shepherds drunk, they thought he had given them poison and therefore threw him into a well

Ic'arus, the son of Dædalus, who, flying with his father out of Crete into Sicily and soaring too high, melted the wax on his wings, and fell into the sea thence called the Icarian sea

I'da, a mountain near Troy

Idæ'a Mater, a name of Cybele

Idæ'i Daç'yli, priests of Cybele

Ida'lia, a name of Venus

Id'mon, a famous soothsayer

Ido'thea, Jupiter's nurse

Ili'one, the eldest daughter of Priam

Ili'ssus, a river in Attica

Ilus, the son of Tros and Callirhoe, from whom Troy was called Ilium

Impera'tor, a name of Jupiter

In'achis and I'ses, names of Io

I'no, daughter of Cadmus and Hermione, and wife of Athamas

Intercido'na, a goddess of breeding women

Interdu'ca and Ju'ga, names of Juno

In'ius and Inc'ubus, names of Pan

Io, daughter of Inachus, transformed by Jupiter into a white heifer; but afterwards, resuming her former shape, was worshipped as a goddess by the Egyptians under the name of Isis

Jocas'ta, the daughter of Creon, who unwillingly married her own son Oedipus

Hercules, the twin brother of Hercules  
Hige'nia, daughter of Agamemnon and  
Clytemnestra, who, standing as a victim  
ready to be sacrificed to appease the rage  
of Diana, was, by that goddess, transform-  
ed into a white hart, carried to Tauris,  
and made her priestess

Hisia, a prince of Cyprus, who hanged him-  
self for love; also a daughter of Lygda's  
Hitus, son of Praxonides, who instituted  
Olympic games to Hercules

His, the daughter of Thaumas; she was  
Juno's favourite companion, and her mes-  
senger on affairs of discord, &c.

Hys, the son of Tereus and Progne, mur-  
dered and served up by his mother at a  
banquet before Tereus, in revenge for his  
having forcibly deflowered her sister  
Philomela

Hyo, the sister and wife of Jupiter  
Hyo Infer'na, a name of Proserpine  
Hyo'nes, guardian angels of women

Hupiter, a son of Saturn and Ops, the su-  
preme deity of the heathens

Hupiter Secun'dus, a name of Neptune  
Hupiter Ter'tius, Infer'rus, or Sty'gius, se-  
veral appellations given to Pluto

Hven'ta, a goddess of youths

Hyon, the son of Phlegyas, who was fastened  
in hell to a wheel perpetually turning  
round, for boasting that he had lain with  
Juno

## L.

A'CHESIS, one of the three Fates  
Lacin'ia and Lucil'ia, titles of Juno  
Latura, or Laftuci'na, a goddess of corn  
Lstrig'ones, cannibals of Italy, who roasted  
and ate the companions of Ulysses

Litus, a king of Thebes, killed unwittingly  
by his own son Oedipus

Litia, a name of the Gorgons  
Lion'ion, a son of Priam, and high priest  
of Apollo; he and his two sons were

killed by serpents for opposing the recep-  
tion of the wooden horse into Troy

Lipis, or Lapid'eus, titles of Jupiter

Lites, sons of Mercury and Lara, worshiped  
as household-gods

Liter'na, a household-god

Lover'na, a goddess of thieves

Lan'der. See Hero

Leda, daughter of Thestias, and wife of

Tyndarus, seduced by Jupiter in the shape

of a swan

Lemon'ades, nymphs of meadows, &c.

Le're, priestesses of Bacchus

Le'na, a marsh of Argos, famous for an

hydra killed there by Hercules

Le'the, a river of hell, whose waters caused  
a total forgetfulness of things past

Leva'na, a goddess of new-born infants

Libiti'na, the goddess of funerals

Li'nus, son of Apollo and Terpsichore

Luben'tia, the goddess of pleasure

Lu'cifer, son of Jupiter and Aurora, made  
the morning star

Lu'na, Diana's name in heaven

Luperca'lia, feasts in honour of Pan

Luper'ci, priests of Pan

Lyca'on, a king of Arcadia, turned by Ju-  
piter into a wolf

## M.

M'A'IA, loved by Jupiter, and by him  
turned into a star to avoid Juno's rage

Managene'ta, a goddess of women in la-  
bour

Mantu'ra, a goddess of corn

Mantur'na and Me'na, nuptial goddesses

Mari'na, Mel'anis, Mer'etrix, Migoni'tis,  
and Mur'cia, titles of Venus

Mars, the god of war

Mauso'lus, a king of Caria, who had a most  
magnificent tomb erected to him by his  
wife Artemisia

Mede'a, daughter of Aetes, king of Colchis,  
a famous sorceress, who assisted Jason to  
obtain the golden fleece

Meditri'na, a goddess of grown persons

Medu'sa, the chief of the three Gorgons

Megae'ra, one of the three Furies

Megalen'sia, festivals in honour of Cybele

Mega'ra, the wife of Hercules

Melan'ra, a name of Venus

Me'lia, nymphs of the fields

Me'lius, a name of Hercules

Melo'na, the goddess of honey

Melpom'ene, the muse of tragedy

Mem'non, a king of Abydos

Menala'us, a famous Centaur

Menela'u's, the husband of Helena

Men'tha, a mistress of Pluto

Men'tor, the governor of Telemachus

Mer'cury, the messenger of the gods, inven-  
tor of letters, and god of eloquence, mer-  
chandise, and robbers

Mer'ope, one of the seven Pleiades

Mi'das, a king of Phrygia, who entertaining  
Bacchus, or, as some say, Silenus, had  
the power given him of turning whatever  
he touched into gold

Mi'lo, a wrestler of remarkable strength

Mimal'lones, attendants on Bacchus

Miner'va, the goddess of wisdom

Mi'nos, a king of Crete, made, for his extra-  
ordinary justice, a judge of hell

Min'otaur, a monster, half man, half beast

Min'ya, a name of the Argonauts  
 Mnemosyne, the goddess of memory  
 Mo'mus, the god of railing, wit, &c.  
 Mone'ta, a title of Juno  
 Mor'pheus, the god of sleep, dreams, &c.  
 Mors, the goddess of death  
 Mul'ciber, a title of Vulcan  
 Mu'ses, nine daughters of Jupiter and Mnemosyne, born on mount Pierius, mistresses of all the sciences, presidents of musicians and poets, and governesses of the feasts of the gods; Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Thalia, and Urania  
 Mu'ta, the goddess of silence

## N.

**N**Æ'NIA, the goddess of funeral songs  
 Na'iades, nymphs of rivers, &c.  
 Narcis'sus, a very beautiful youth, who, falling in love with his own shadow in the water, pined away into a daffodil  
 Na'tio and Nundi'na, goddesses of infants  
 Nemæ'a, a country of Elis, famed for a terrible lion killed there by Hercules  
 Nem'esis, the goddess of revenge  
 Nep'tune, the god of the sea  
 Ne'reides, sea nymphs  
 Ne'rio, the wife of Mars  
 Niceph/orus, a title of Jupiter  
 Ni'nus, the first king of the Assyrians  
 Ni'obe, daughter of Tantalus and wife of Amphion, who, preferring herself to Latona, had her 14 children killed by Diana and Apollo, and wept herself into a statue  
 No'mius, a name of Apollo  
 Nox, the most ancient of all the deities; she was even reckoned older than Chaos

## O.

**O**BSEQUENS, a title of Fortuna  
 Occ'a'tor, the god of harrowing  
 Oce'anus, an ancient sea god  
 Ocyp'ete, one of the three Harpies  
 Oed'ipus, son of Laius and Jocasta, and king of Thebes, who solved the riddle of the Sphinx, unwittingly killed his father, married his mother, and at last ran mad, and tore out his eyes  
 Om'phale, a queen of Lydia, with whom Hercules was so enamoured, that she made him submit to spinning and other unbecoming offices  
 Oper'tus, a name of Pluto  
 Opi'gena, a name of Juno  
 Ops, a name of Cybele  
 Orbo'na, a goddess of grown persons  
 Ores'tes, the son of Agamemnon

Ori'on, a great and mighty hunter  
 Or'pheus, son of Jupiter and Calliope, who had great skill in music, and was torn to pieces by the Mænades, for disliking the company of women after the death of his wife Eurydice

Orythi'a, a queen of the Amazons  
 Osi'ris. See Apis

## P.

**P**ACTOLUS, a river of Lydia with golden sands and medicinal waters  
 Pæ'an and Phœbus, names of Apollo  
 Pa'les, the goddess of shepherds  
 Palil'ia, feasts in honour of Pales  
 Palla'dium, a statue of Minerva, which the Trojans imagined fell from heaven, so that their city could not be taken while that remained in it  
 Pa'lus and Py'lotis, names of Minerva  
 Pan, the god of shepherds  
 Pando'ra, the first woman, made by Vulcan and endowed with gifts by all the deities. Jupiter gave her a box containing all manner of evils, war, famine, &c. with her at the bottom  
 Pan'ope, one of the Nereides  
 Pa'phia, a title of Venus  
 Par'æ, a name of the Fates  
 Par'is, or Al'exander, son of Priam. Hecuba, a most beautiful youth, who, away with Helena, and occasioned the Trojan war  
 Farnas'sus, a mountain in Phocis, famous a temple of Apollo, and being the vourite residence of the Muses  
 Partun'da, a nuptial goddess  
 Pastoph'ori, priests of Isis  
 Pat'areus, a title of Apollo  
 Pateli'na, a goddess of corn  
 Patula'cius, a name of Janus  
 Patule'ius, a name of Jupiter  
 Paven'tia and Poli'na, goddesses of infants  
 Peg'asus, a winged horse belonging to Apollo and the Muses  
 Pello'nia, a goddess of grown persons  
 Peña'tes, small statues or household-gods  
 Penel'ope, daughter of Icarus, celebrated her chastity and fidelity during the absence of Ulysses  
 Per'seus, son of Jupiter and Danae, who formed many extraordinary exploits by means of Medusa's head  
 Phæcas'ni, ancient gods of Greece  
 Pha'eton, son of Sol (Apollo) and Clymene, who asked the guidance of his father's chariot for one day, as a proof of his divine descent; but, unable to manage horses, set the world on fire, and

therefore struck by Jupiter with a thunderbolt into the river Po  
 Thal'ica, feasts of Bacchus  
 Thalam'mon, a skilful musician  
 Thalome'a, daughter of Pandion, king of Athens, who was ravished by her brother-in-law Tereus, and was changed into a nightingale  
 Thin'ias, son of Agenor, and king of Phœnicia, who had his eyes torn out by Boreas, but was recompensed with the knowledge of futurity; also a king of Thrace turned into a stone by Perseus, by the help of Medusa's head  
 Thleg'ethon, a boiling river of hell  
 Thle'gon, one of the four horses of Sol  
 Thleg'ya, a people of Bœotia, destroyed by Neptune, on account of their piracies and other crimes  
 Theras, the priestess of Apollo  
 Theras, a title of Apollo  
 Thet'is, son of Amyntor, who, being falsely accused of having attempted the honour of one of his father's concubines, was condemned to have his eyes torn out; but was cured by Chiron, and went with Achilles to the siege of Troy  
 Thic'nius, a rural god  
 Thim'nius, a god of breeding women  
 Thim'us, a mountain of Thessaly  
 Thio, a goddess of eloquence  
 Thia'des, the seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione; Maia, Electra, Taygete, Asterope, Merope, Halcyone, and Celeno; they were changed into stars  
 Tho'to, the god of hell  
 Tho'rus, the god of riches  
 Tho'lux. See Castor  
 Polyd'amas, a famous wrestler  
 Polyd'ius, a famous prophet and physician  
 Polyhym'nia, the muse of rhetoric  
 Polyphemus, a monstrous giant, son of Neptune, with but one eye in the middle of his forehead  
 Pomona, the goddess of fruits and autumn  
 Poseidon, a name of Neptune  
 Prenestina, a name of Fortuna  
 Praestes, a title of Jupiter and Minerva  
 Praxite'les, a famous statuary  
 Priam, son of Laomedon, and father of Paris, Hector, &c.; he was the last king of Troy  
 Progne, wife of Tereus, king of Thrace, and sister to Philomela; she was turned into a swallow  
 Prometheus, son of Iapetus, who animated a man that he had formed of clay, with fire, which, by the assistance of Minerva, he stole from heaven, and was therefore chained by Jupiter to mount Caucasus,

with a vulture continually preying on his liver  
 Propylæ'a, a name of Hecate  
 Pros'erpine, the wife of Pluto  
 Pro'teus, a sea god who could transform himself into any shape  
 Psy'che, the goddess of pleasure  
 Pyl'ades, the constant friend of Orestes  
 Pyr'amus and This'be, two lovers of Babylon, who killed themselves by the same sword, and occasioned the turning the berries of the mulberry-tree, under which they died, from white to brown  
 Pyre'tis, one of the four horses of the Sun  
 Pyr'thus, son of Achilles, remarkable for his cruelty at the siege of Troy  
 Py'thon, a huge serpent produced from the mud of the deluge, which Apollo killed, and, in memory thereof, instituted the Pythian games  
 Pythonis'sa, the priestess of Apollo

## Q.

QUAD'RIFRONS, a title of Janus  
 Qui'es, a goddess of grown persons  
 Quieta'lis and Quie'tus, names of Pluto  
 Quinqua'tria, feasts of Pallas

## R.

RE'C'TUS, a title of Bacchus  
 Re'dux and Re'gia, titles of Fortune  
 Regi'na, a title of Juno  
 Rhadamanthus, one of the three infernal judges  
 Rhe'a, a title of Cybele  
 Rhe'a-Syl'via, the mother of Romulus  
 Robi'gus, a god of corn  
 Rom'ulus, the first king of Rome  
 Ru'mina, a goddess of new-born infants  
 Runci'na, the goddess of weeding  
 Rusi'na, a rural deity

## S.

SABA'ZIA, feasts of Proserpine  
 Sa'lii, the 12 frantic priests of Mars  
 Sal'mone'us, a king of Elis, struck by a thunderbolt to hell for imitating Jupiter's thunder  
 Salus, the goddess of health  
 Sanc'us, a god of the Sabines  
 Sa'tor and Sorri'tor, rural gods  
 Saturnalia, feasts of Saturn  
 Satur'nus, or Sat'urn, the son of Cœlum and Terra  
 Satyrs, the attendants of Bacchus, horned monsters, half men, half goats  
 Scy'ron, a famous robber of Attica

Se'la and Sege'tia, goddesses of corn  
 Sel'li, priests of Jupiter  
 Sen'ta, a goddess of married women  
 Ser'apis. See Apis  
 Sile'nus, the foster-father and companion of Bacchus, who lived in Arcadia, rode on an ass, and was drunk every day  
 Si'mis, a famous robber killed by Hercules  
 Sis'ypus, the son of Aeolus, killed by Theseus, and doomed incessantly to roll a huge stone up a mountain in hell for his perfidy and numerous robberies  
 Sol, a name of Apollo  
 Som'nus, the god of sleep  
 Sphynx, a monster born of Syphon and Echidna, who destroyed herself because Oedipus solved the enigma she proposed  
 Sta'ta, a goddess of grown persons  
 Sten'tor, a Grecian whose voice is reported to have been as strong and as loud as the voices of 50 men together  
 Sthe'no, one of the three Gorgons  
 Styx, a river of hell  
 Sua'da, a nuptial goddess  
 Summa'nus, a name of Pluto  
 Sylva'nus, a god of woods and forests  
 Sy'rens, sea monsters



**F.**  
 Ta'cita, a goddess of silence  
 Tan'talus, a king of Paphlagonia, who, serving up to table the limbs of his son Felops, to try the divinity of the gods, was plunged to the chin in a lake of hell, and doomed to everlasting thirst and hunger, as a punishment for his barbarity and impiety  
 Tar'tarus, the place of the wicked in hell  
 Tau'rūs, the bull under whose form Jupiter carried away Europa  
 Telchi'nes, priests of Cybele  
 Telem'achus, the only son of Ulysses  
 Tem'pe, a most beautiful valley in Thessaly, the resort of the gods  
 Ter'minus, the god of boundaries  
 Terpsich'ore, the muse of music, &c.  
 Ter'ror, the god of dread and fear  
 Thali'a, the muse of comedy  
 The'mis, daughter of Cœlum and Terra, the goddess of laws, oracles, &c.  
 Thes'pis, the first tragic poet  
 The'tis, daughter of Nereus and Doris, and goddess of the sea  
 Thyr'sus, the rod of Bacchus  
 Ti'phys, the pilot of the ship Argo  
 Tisiph'one, one of the three Furies  
 Ti'tan, son of Cœlum and Terra, and the elder brother of Saturnus, or Saturn  
 Tma'rius, a title of Jupiter

Tri'ton, Neptune's trumpeter  
 Trito'nia, a name of Minerva  
 Tro'ilus, a son of Priam and Hecuba  
 Troy, a city of Phrygia, famous for holding out a siege of ten years against the Greeks, but they at last captured and destroyed it  
 Tuteli'na, a goddess of corn  
 Ty'ro, one of the Nereides

## V.

**V**ACU'NA, the goddess of idle persons  
 Vagita'nus, a god of little infants  
 Vallo'nia, a goddess of vallies  
 Veni'ia, a wife of Neptune  
 Ve'nus, the goddess of love, beauty, &c.  
 Vergili'æ, a name of the Pleiades  
 Verticord'ia, a name of Venus  
 Vertum'nus, the god of the spring  
 Ves'ta, the goddess of fire  
 Via'les, deities of the highways  
 Vibil'ia, the goddess of wanderers  
 Virginen'sis, a nuptial goddess  
 Vir'go, a name of Astrea and Fortune  
 Viril'is and Visca'ta, titles of Fortune  
 Viri'placa, an inferior nuptial goddess, who reconciled husbands to their wives—a temple at Rome was dedicated to her, whether the married couple repaired after quarrel, and returned together friendly  
 Vit'ula, the goddess of mirth  
 Uly'ses, son of Laertes and Anticlea, and king of Ithaca, who, by his subtlety and eloquence, was eminently serviceable to the Greeks in the Trojan war  
 Unx'ia, a title of Juno  
 Volu'sia, a goddess of corn  
 Ura'nia, the muse of astronomy  
 Vul'can, the god of subterraneous fire

## X.

**X**AN'THUS, one of the horses of Achilles, born of the harpy Celeno; a river near Troy, called also Scamander

## Z.

**Z**A'GREUS, a title of Bacchus  
 Zeph'yrus, son of Aeolus and Aurora, who passionately loved the goddess Flora and is put for the west wind  
 Ze'tes and Cal'ais, sons of Boreas and Oryx, who accompanied the Argonauts and drove the Harpies from Thrace  
 Ze'tus, a son of Jupiter and Antiope, very expert in music  
 Zeus, a title of Jupiter

A  
L I S T

OF THE

CITIES, BOROUGHS, AND MARKET TOWNS,  
IN  
*ENGLAND AND WALES:*

The Days on which the MARKETS are held, and how far distant  
from LONDON in measured Miles.

N. B. Those Places printed in Capitals are Cities; those in Italics are Boroughs;—and the  
Figures denote the Miles distant from LONDON.

A X M

<b>A</b> BBOTS BURY, Dorset, Thursday.....	131
Aberconway, Carn. Friday.....	230
Aberford, Yorkshire, Wednesday.....	185
Abergavenny, Monm. Tuesday.....	144
Abergeley, Denbighshire, Saturday.....	216
Aberistwith, Card. Monday.....	204
<i>Aldington</i> , Berks, Monday, Friday.....	56
<i>Albans</i> , Hertfordshire, Saturday.....	21
Akleston, Warwickshire, Tuesday.....	102
<i>Albborough</i> , Suffolk, Saturday.....	94
<i>Albborough</i> , Yorkshire, Saturday.....	206
Alford, Lincolnshire, Tuesday.....	146
Alfreton, Derbyshire, Monday.....	140
Alnwick, Northumberland, Saturday.....	305
Alresford, Hants, Thursday.....	60
Alston Moor, Cumberland, Saturday.....	305
Alton, Hants, Saturday.....	50
Altringham, Cheshire, Tuesday.....	184
Amblesbury, Wiltshire, Friday.....	79
Ambleside, Westmoreland, Wednesday.....	269
<i>Amersham</i> , Bucks, Tuesday.....	26
Amphill, Bedfordshire, Thursday.....	44
<i>Andover</i> , Hants, Saturday.....	65
Appleby, Westmoreland, Saturday.....	269
Appledore, Kent, Saturday.....	61
Arundel, Sussex, Wednesday, Saturday.....	56
ST. ASAPH, Flint, Saturday.....	209
Ashbourne, Derbyshire, Saturday.....	139
<i>Ashburton</i> , Devon. Tuesday, Saturday.....	190
Ashby de la Zouch, Leic. Saturday.....	115
Ashford, Kent, Saturday.....	57
Askrig, Yorkshire, Thursday.....	242
Atherstone, Warwickshire, Tuesday.....	103
Attleborough, Norfolk, Thursday.....	93
Auburn, Wiltshire, Tuesday.....	73
St. Austle, Cornwall, Friday.....	237
Axbridge, Somersetshire, Thursday.....	135
Amminster, Devonshire, Saturday.....	145

B I L

<i>Aylesbury</i> , Bucks, Saturday.....	40
Baklesham, Norfolk, Saturday.....	116
Bakewell, Derbyshire, Monday.....	151
Bala, Merion. Saturday.....	195
Baldock, Hertfordshire, Thursday.....	37
Bampton, Oxford, Wednesday.....	70
Bampton, Devonshire, Saturday.....	167
<i>Banbury</i> , Oxfordshire, Thursday.....	74
<b>BANGOR</b> , Carn. Wednesday.....	246
Barking, Essex, Saturday.....	9
Barkway, Herts, Saturday.....	35
Barnard-Castle, Durham, Wednesday.....	246
Barnet, Herts, Monday.....	11
Barnsley, Yorkshire, Wednesday.....	177
<i>Barnstaple</i> , Devonshire, Friday.....	193
Barton, Lincolnshire, Monday.....	165
Basingstoke, Hants, Wednesday.....	47
<b>BATH</b> , Somer. Wednesday, Saturday.....	108
Battel, Sussex, Thursday.....	56
Bawtry, Yorkshire, Wednesday.....	152
Beaconsfield, Bucks, Thursday.....	24
<i>Beaumaris</i> , Anglesey, Wednesday.....	242
Beccles, Suffolk, Saturday.....	108
Bedal, Yorkshire, Tuesday.....	220
<b>Bedford</b> , Bedfords. Tuesday, Saturday.....	52
<i>Bedwin</i> , Wiltshire, Tuesday.....	71
Bemminster, Dorsetshire, Thursday.....	141
Bere Regis, Dorsetshire, Wednesday.....	115
Berkeley, Gloucesterhire, Wednesday.....	112
Berhamstead, Hertfordshire, Saturday.....	26
<i>Berwick</i> , Northumberland, Saturday.....	335
Betley, Staffordshire, Tuesday.....	157
<i>Beverley</i> , Yorks. Wednesday, Saturday.....	181
<i>Bewdley</i> , Worcestershire, Saturday.....	127
Bicester, Oxfordshire, Friday.....	56
Biddeford, Devonshire, Tuesday.....	202
Biggleswade, Bedfordshire, Tuesday.....	45
Bilpar, Derbyshire, Saturday.....	130

Billericay, Essex, Tuesday.....	24	Buntingford, Hertfordshire, Monday.....	1
Billingham, Northum. Tuesday, Saturd..	300	Burford, Oxfordshire, Saturday.....	7
Billesdon, Leicestershire, Friday.....	98	Burgh, Lincolnshire, Thursday.....	13
Bilston, Suffolk, Wednesday.....	67	Burlington, Yorkshire, Saturday.....	20
Binbrook, Lincolnshire, Wednesday.....	157	Burnham, Norfolk, Monday, Saturday.....	12
Bingham, Nottinghamshire, Thursday.....	108	Burnley, Lancashire, Saturday.....	20
Birmingham, Warwickshire, Thursday.....	110	Burton, Staffordshire, Thursday.....	12
Bishop's Auckland, Durham, Thursday.....	251	Burton, Westmoreland, Tuesday.....	14
<i>Bishop's Castle</i> , Salop, Friday.....	152	Burton Strather, Lincolnshire, Tuesday.....	10
Bishop Stortford, Herts, Thursday.....	30	Bury, Lancashire, Thursday.....	19
Bisley, Gloucestershire, Thursday.....	97	Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, Wednesday.....	7
Bitford, Warwickshire, Friday.....	101	Caerfilly, Glamorganshire, Thursday.....	1
Blackburn, Lancashire, Monday.....	203	Caerleon, Monmouthshire, Thursday.....	14
Blandford, Dorsetshire, Saturday.....	107	Caerwys, Flintshire, Tuesday.....	20
Blechingly, Surry.....	21	Gallington, Cornwall, Wednesday.....	21
Elithe, Nottinghamshire, Thursday.....	149	Calne, Wiltshire, Tuesday.....	8
Bedmin, Cornwall, Saturday.....	232	Camden, Gloucestershire, Wednesday.....	8
Bolingbroke, Lincolnshire, Tuesday.....	133	Cambridge, Camb. Tuesday, Saturday.....	3
Bolsover, Derbyshire, Friday.....	146	Camelford, Cornwall, Friday.....	21
Bolton, Lancashire, Monday.....	192	CANTERBURY, Kent, Wed. Sat.....	1
Boroughbridge, Yorkshire, Saturday.....	204	Cardiff, Glam. Wednesday, Saturday.....	10
Boscastle, Cornwall, Thursday.....	230	Cardigan, Card. Tuesday, Saturday.....	21
Bossiney, Cornwall.....	233	CARLISLE, Cumberland, Saturday.....	30
Boston, Linc. Wednesday, Saturday.....	119	Carmarthen, Carm. Wedn. Sat.....	20
Bosworth, Leicestershire, Wednesday....	106	Carnarvon, Carn. Saturday.....	21
Bootle, Cumberland, Wednesday.....	271	Cartmel, Lancashire, Monday.....	2
Bottisdale, Suffolk, Wednesday.....	86	Castle Cary, Somersetshire, Tuesday.....	1
Bourn, Lincolnshire, Saturday.....	97	Castle Rising, Norfolk.....	10
Bow, Devonshire, Thursday.....	189	Caston, Norfolk, Tuesday.....	12
Brackley, Northamptonsh. Wednesday.....	64	Castor, Lincolnshire, Monday.....	13
Bradfield, Essex, Thursday.....	47	Cawood, Yorkshire, Wednesday.....	18
Bradford, Wiltshire, Monday.....	102	Caxton, Cambridge. Tuesday.....	1
Bradford, Yorkshire, Thursday.....	201	Cerne Abbey, Dorsetshire, Wednesday.....	11
Bradnich, Devonshire, Saturday.....	167	Chapel le Frith, Derbyshi e, Thursday.....	10
Braintree, Essex, Wednesday.....	40	Chard, Somersetshire, Monday.....	1
Bramber, Sussex.....	51	Charlebury, Oxfordshire, Friday.....	7
Brampton, Cumberland, Tuesday.....	311	Charley, Lancashire, Tuesday.....	20
Brecon, Breck. Wednesday, Friday.....	163	Chatham, Kent, Saturday.....	3
Brent, Devonshire, Saturday.....	199	Cheadle, Staffordshire, Saturday.....	1
Brentford, Middlesex, Tuesday.....	7	Chelmsford, Essex, Friday.....	2
Brentwood, Essex, Wednesday.....	18	Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, Thursday.....	10
Brewood, Staffordshire, Tuesday.....	131	Chepstow, Monmouthshire, Saturday.....	13
Bridgend, Glamorganshire, Saturday.....	178	Chertsey, Surry, Wednesday.....	2
Bridgnorth, Salop, Saturday.....	138	Chesham, Bucks, Wednesday.....	2
Bridgwater, Somersetshire, Thursday.....	142	CHESTER, Cheshire, Wed. Sat.....	18
Bridlington, Yorkshire, Saturday.....	208	Chesterfield, Derbyshire, Saturday.....	14
Bridport, Dorsetshire, Saturday.....	139	CHICHESTER, Sussex, Wed. Sat.....	6
Brightelmstone, Sussex, Thursday.....	58	Chiddington, Surry, Wed. Sat.....	4
BRISTOL, Somersetshire, Wed. Fri. Sat. 117		Chimleigh, Devonshire, Thursday.....	19
Bromley, Kent, Thursday.....	10	Chippingham, Wiltshire, Saturday.....	1
Bromley Abbots, Staffordshire, Tuesday.	129	Chippingnorton, Oxfordsh. Wednesday.....	7
Bromyard, Herefordshire, Monday.....	125	Christ-Church, Hants, Monday.....	10
Bromsgrove, Worcestershire, Tuesday....	114	Chorley, Lancashire, Saturday.....	20
Brough, Westmoreland, Thursday.....	261	Chudleigh, Devonshire, Saturday.....	18
Bruton, Somersetshire, Saturday.....	114	Church Stretton, Salop, Thursday.....	15
Buckingham, Norfolk, Saturday.....	96	Cirencester, Glouc. Monday, Friday.....	8
Buckingham, Bucks, Saturday.....	57	Clare, Suffolk, Friday.....	5
Buddesdale, Suffolk, Thursday.....	87	Clay, Norfolk, Saturday.....	12
Builth, Brecknockshire, Mon. Sat.....	171	Cleobury, Salop, Thursday.....	13
Bungay, Suffolk, Thursday.....	107	Cliffe, Northampton, Tuesday.....	8

Albion, Lancashire, Saturday.....	214	Dronfield, Derbyshire, Thursday.....	154
Alckermouth, Cumberland, Monday.....	299	Dudley, Worcestershire, Saturday.....	120
Algeshall, Essex, Saturday.....	44	Dulverton, Somersetshire, Saturday.....	168
Alchester, Essex, Wed. Sat.....	51	Dunmow, Essex, Saturday.....	36
Alleshill, Warwickshire, Wednesday.....	103	Dunstable, Bedfordshire, Wednesday.....	34
Alford, Gloucestershire, Friday.....	120	Dunster, Somersetshire, Friday.....	162
Almrook, Bucks, Wednesday.....	17	Dunwich, Suffolk, Saturday.....	99
Alne, Lancashire, Wednesday.....	214	DURHAM, Durham, Saturday.....	257
Al Columb, Cornwall, Thursday.....	249	Dursley, Gloucestershire, Thursday.....	108
Alhampton, Devonshire, Saturday.....	164	Easingwold, Yorkshire, Friday.....	211
Albion, Devonshire, Saturday.....	179	East Grinstead, Sussex, Thursday.....	29
Almonington, Cheshire, Saturday.....	162	Eastloe, Cornwall, Saturday.....	232
Alpe Castle, Dorset, Thursday.....	120	Eccleshall, Staffordshire, Friday.....	143
Alcester, Lincolnshire, Thursday.....	90	Ecclestone, Lancashire, Saturday.....	206
Alford, Gloucestershire, Tuesday.....	124	Edgeware, Middlesex, Thursday.....	8
Alconbury, Warwickshire, Friday.....	91	Egremont, Cumberland, Saturday.....	299
Alford, Glamorganshire, Tuesday.....	178	Elham, Kent, Monday.....	66
Alfriston, Dorsetshire, Thursday.....	94	Ellesmere, Salop, Tuesday.....	174
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## A CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE

OF

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Also,

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[The whole comprehending, in one View, the Analysis or Outlines of General History from the Creation to the present Time.]

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aron born in Egypt	1574
crobs brings a colony of Saites from Egypt into Attica, and begins the kingdom of Athens	1556
amander comes from Crete into Phrygia, and begins the kingdom of Troy	1546
amus carried the Phœnician letters into Greece, and built the citadel of Thebes	1493
oses performs a number of miracles in Egypt, and departs from that kingdom, together with 600,000 Israelites, besides children; which completed the 430 years of sojourning	1491
the first ship that appeared in Greece was brought from Egypt by Danaus, who arrived at Rhodes, and brought with him his fifty daughters	1485
the first Olympic games celebrated at Olympia, in Greece	1453
the Pentateuch, or five first books of Moses, are written in the land of Moab, where he died the year following, aged 110	1452
the Israelites, after sojourning in the wilderness forty years, are led under Joshua into the land of Canaan, and the period of the sabbatical year commences	1451
is found in Greece from the accidental burning of the woods	1406
the rape of Helen by Paris, which gave rise to the Trojan war	1193
rid is sole king of Israel	1048
the Temple is solemnly dedicated by Solomon	1004
Jah, the prophet, is translated to heaven	896
ney first made of gold and silver at Argos	894
ee city of Carthage, in Africa, founded by queen Dido	869
the kingdom of Macedon begins	814
on of the building of Rome in Italy by Romulus, first king of the Romans	753
maria taken, after three years siege, and the kingdom of Israel finished, by Salma-	
asar, king of Assyria, who carries the ten tribes into captivity	720
the first eclipse of the moon on record	618
antium (now Constantinople) built by a colony of Athenians	658
order of Necho, king of Egypt, some Phœnicians sailed from the Red Sea round Africa, and returned by the Mediterranean	604
ales, of Miletus, travels into Egypt, consults the priests of Memphis, acquires the knowledge of geometry, astronomy, and philosophy; returns to Greece, calculates eclipses, gives general notions of the universe, and maintains that one Supreme Intelligence regulates all its motions	600
the city of Jerusalem taken, after a siege of 18 months	587
the first comedy at Athens acted upon a moveable scaffold	562
rus the first king of Persia	559
the kingdom of Babylon terminates, 538; that city being taken by Cyrus, who, in 536, issues an edict for the return of the Jews	
the first tragedy was acted at Athens, on a waggon, by Thespis	534
eaning encouraged at Athens, and a public library first founded	526
the second Temple at Jerusalem is finished under Darius	515
quin the seventh, and last king of the Romans, is expelled, 509; and Rome is governed by two consuls, and other republican magistrates, till the battle of Pharsalia, being a space of 461 years	
idis taken and burnt by the Athenians, which gave occasion to the Persian invasion of Greece	504
chylus, the Greek poet, first gains the prize of tragedy	486
xes the Great, king of Persia, begins his expedition against Greece	481
he Decemvirs created at Rome, and the laws of the twelve tables compiled and ratified	451
he history of the Old Testament finishes about	430
krates, the founder of moral philosophy among the Greeks, believes the immortality of the soul, and a state of rewards and punishments, for which, and other sublime doctrines, he is put to death by the Athenians, who soon after repent, and erect to his memory a statue of brass	400
xander the Great, king of Macedon, conquers Darius king of Persia, and other nations of Asia, 331. Dies at Babylon, and his empire is divided by his generals into four kingdoms	323
onius, of Alexandria, began his astronomical era on Monday, June 26, 285; the first who found the exact solar year to consist of 365 days, 5 hours and 49 minutes	

Ptolemy Philadelphus, king of Egypt, employs seventy-two interpreters to translate the Old Testament into the Greek language, which is called the Septuagint.....	28
The first Punic war begins, and continues 23 years. The chronology of the Arundelian marbles composed.....	26
The second Punic war begins, and continues 17 years. Hannibal passes the Alps, and defeats the Romans in several battles; but, being amused by his women, does not improve his victories by the storming of Rome.....	26
Perseus defeated by the Romans, which ends the Macedonian kingdom.....	41
The government of Judea under the Maccabees begins, and continues 126 years.....	16
Carthage, the rival to Rome, is razed to the ground by the Romans.....	14
Julius Cæsar makes his first expedition into Britain.....	14
The Alexandrian library, consisting of 400,000 valuable books, burnt by accident.....	14
The war of Africa, in which Cato kills himself.....	14
The solar year introduced by Cæsar.....	14
Cæsar, the greatest of the Roman conquerors, after having fought fifty pitched battles, and slain 1,192,000 men, and overthrown the liberties of his country, is killed in the senate-house.....	14
The battle of Actium fought, in which Mark Antony and Cleopatra are totally defeated by Octavius, nephew to Julius Cæsar.....	14
Alexandria, in Egypt, is taken by Octavius, upon which Antony and Cleopatra put themselves to death, and Egypt is reduced to a Roman province.....	14
The temple of Janus is shut by Augustus as an emblem of universal peace.....	14
<b>JESUS CHRIST</b> is born	14

<b>JESUS CHRIST</b> is baptized in the wilderness by John.....	
..... is crucified, and rises again on the third day.....	
Pontius Pilate kills himself.....	
Claudius Cæsar's expedition into Britain.....	
Caractacus, the British king, is carried in chains to Rome.....	
Boadicea, the British queen, defeats the Romans; but is conquered soon after by Suetonius, governor of Britain.....	
Christianity is supposed to be introduced into Britain by St. Paul, or some of his disciples, about.....	
Rome set on fire, and burned for six days; upon which began (under Nero) the first persecution against the Christians.....	
Julius Agricola, governor of South Britain, to protect the civilized Britons from the incursions of the Caledonians, builds a line of forts between the rivers Forth and Clyde; defeats the Caledonians under Galgacus on the Grampian hills; and first sails round Britain, which he discovers to be an island.....	
The Caledonians reconquer from the Romans all the southern parts of Scotland; upon which the emperor Adrian builds a wall between Newcastle and Carlisle.....	
Silk first brought from India, 274: the manufactory of it introduced into Europe by some monks, 551: first worn by the clergy in England, 1534	
Constantine the Great begins his reign.....	
The tenth persecution ends by an edict of Constantine, who favours the Christians, and gives full liberty to their religion.....	
The first general council at Nice, when 318 fathers attended, against Arius, where was composed the famous Nicene creed, which we attribute to them.....	
Constantine removes the seat of empire from Rome to Byzantium, which is thence forwards called Constantinople.....	
Constantine orders all the heathen temples to be destroyed.....	
The Roman empire is divided into the eastern (Constantinople the capital) and western (of which Rome continued to be the capital), each being now under the government of different emperors.....	
Bells invented by bishop Paulinus, of Campagna.....	
The Vandals, Alans, and Suevi, spread into France and Spain, by a concession of Honorius, emperor of the West.....	
Rome taken and plundered by Alaric, king of the Visi-Goths.....	
The Vandals begin their kingdom in Spain.....	

the kingdom of France begins upon the Lower Rhine, under Pharamond.....	420
the Romans, reduced to extremities at home, withdraw their troops from Britain, and never return.....	426
Attila (surnamed the Scourge of God) with his Huns, ravages the Roman empire.....	447
Artigern, king of the Britons, invites the Saxons into Britain, against the Scots and Picts.....	449
the Saxons begin to establish themselves in Kent, under Hengist.....	455
the western empire is finished, 523 years after the battle of Pharsalia; upon the ruins of which several new states arise in Italy and other parts, consisting of Goths, Vandals, Huns, and other Barbarians, under whom literature is extinguished, and the works of the learned are destroyed.....	476
Clodius, king of France, baptized, and Christianity begins in that kingdom.....	496
Uttice Arthur begins his reign over the Britons.....	508
Constantinople besieged by Vitalianus, whose fleet is burned by a speculum of brass.....	513
the computing of time by the Christian era is introduced by Dionysius the monk.....	516
Latin ceased to be spoken in Italy about.....	581
Augustine the monk comes into England with forty monks.....	596
the power of the popes, by the concessions of Phocas, emperor of the East, begins.....	606
Mahomet, the false prophet, flies from Mecca to Medina, in Arabia, in the 44th year of his age, and 10th of his ministry, when he laid the foundation of the Saracen empire, and from whom the Mahometan princes to this day claim their descent. His followers compute their time from this era, which in Arabic is called Hegira, i. e. the Flight.....	622
Jerusalem is taken by the Saracens.....	637
Alexandria in Egypt is taken by ditto, and the grand library there burnt by order of Omar their caliph or prince.....	640
Glass invented in England by Benalt, a monk.....	664
The Saracens conquer Spain.....	713
Charlemagne, king of France, begins the empire of Germany, afterwards called the western empire; and gives the present names to the winds and months.....	800
Harold, king of Denmark, dethroned by his subjects, for being a Christian.....	826
Egbert, king of Wessex, unites the Heptarchy, by the name of England.....	828
The Scots and Picts have a decisive battle, in which the former prevail, and both kingdoms are united by Kenneth.....	838
The Danes begin their ravages in England.....	867
Alfred the Great, after subduing the Danish invaders (against whom he fought 56 battles by sea and land), composes his body of laws; divides England into counties, hundreds, and tythings; erects county courts, and founds the university of Oxford, about.....	896
The university of Cambridge founded.....	915
The figures in arithmetic are brought into Europe by the Saracens from Arabia, 991.	
Letters of the alphabet were hitherto used	
Otho III. makes the empire of Germany elective.....	996
Boleslaus, the first king of Poland.....	999
Paper made of cotton rags was in use, 1000; that of linen rags in 1170: the manufactory introduced into England at Dartford, 1528	
Children forbidden by law to be sold by their parents in England.....	1015
Canute, king of Denmark, gets possession of England.....	1017
The Saxon line restored under Edward the Confessor.....	1041
The Turks (a nation of adventurers from Tartary) become formidable, and take possession of Persia.....	1043
Leo IX. the first pope that kept up an army.....	1054
Malcolm III. king of Scotland, kills the tyrant Macbeth at Dunsinane, and marries the princess Margaret, sister to Edgar Atheling.....	1057
The Turks take Jerusalem from the Saracens.....	1065
The battle of Hastings fought, between Harold and William duke of Normandy, in which Harold is conquered and slain, after which William becomes king of England.....	1066
Musical notes invented.....	1070
Justices of peace first appointed in England.....	1076

Doomsday-book began to be compiled by order of William, from a survey of all the estates in England, (and finished in 1086).....	1086
The Tower of London built by ditto, to curb his English subjects ; numbers of whom fly to Scotland.....	1086
The first crusade to the Holy Land is begun under several Christian princes, to drive the infidels from Jerusalem.....	1096
Edgar Atheling, the last of the Saxon princes, dies in England.....	1107
The order of the Knights Templars instituted, to defend the Sepulchre at Jerusalem, and to protect Christian strangers.....	1118
London bridge, consisting of 19 small arches, first built of stone.....	1133
Henry II. king of England (and first of the Plantagenets) takes possession of Ireland ; which, from that period, has been governed by an English viceroy, lord-lieutenant .....	1154
England is divided, by Henry, into six circuits, and justice is dispensed by itinerant judges.....	1154
Glass windows began to be used in private houses in England.....	1160
Pope Alexander III. compelled the kings of England and France to hold the stirrups of his saddle when he mounted his horse.....	1162
The great conjunction of the sun and moon and all the planets in Libra, happened in September.....	1163
The battle of Ascalon, in Judæa, in which Richard, king of England, defeats Saladin's army, consisting of 300,000 combatants.....	1191
<i>Dieu et mon Droit</i> first used as a motto by Richard, on a victory over the French.....	1191
Chimneys were not known in England.....	1200
Surnames now began to be used ; first among the nobility.....	1200
London incorporated, and obtained their first charter, for electing their lord mayor and other magistrates, from king John.....	1204
Magna Charta is signed by king John and the barons of England.....	1215
The Tartars, a new race of heroes, under Gingis-Kan, emerge from the northern parts of Asia, and over-run all the Saracen empire.....	1215
The houses of London, and other cities in England, France, and Germany, still thatched with straw.....	1220
The Tartars take Bagdad, which finishes the empire of the Saracens.....	1223
According to some writers, the commons of England were not summoned to parliament till.....	1225
The empire of the present Austrian family begins in Germany.....	1230
Llewellyn, prince of Wales, defeated and killed by Edward I. who unites that principality to England.....	1282
Edward II. born at Caernarvon, is the first prince of Wales.....	1284
The present Turkish empire begins in Bithynia under Ottoman.....	1299
Tallow candles so great a luxury, that splinters of wood were used for lights.....	1300
Wine sold by apothecaries as a cordial.....	1300
The mariner's compass invented, or improved, by Gioia, of Naples.....	1300
The beginning of the Swiss cantons.....	1300
The popes remove to Avignon, in France, for 70 years.....	1309
Lincoln's-Inn society established.....	1316
The battle of Bannockburn, between Edward II. and Robert Bruce, which establishes the latter on the throne of Scotland.....	1314
Gold first coined in Christendom, 1320 ; ditto in England.....	1320
The first comet whose course is described with an astronomical exactness.....	1331
Gunpowder and guns first invented by Swartz, a monk of Cologn, 1340 ; Edward III. had four pieces of cannon, which contributed to gain him the battle of Cressy, 1346 ; bombs and mortars were invented in the same year	1340
Oil painting first made use of by John Vanbeck.....	1340
The first creation to titles by patents used by Edward III.....	1343
The order of the Garter instituted in England by Edward III. 1349 ; altered in 1557, and consists of 26 knights	1349
The battle of Poictiers, in which king John of France, and his son, are taken prisoners by Edward the Black Prince.....	1356
Coals first brought to London.....	1356

Arms of England and France first quartered by Edward III.....	1358
John Wickliffe, an Englishman, begins about 1362 to oppose the errors of the church of Rome with great acuteness and spirit. His followers are called Lollards	
A company of linen-weavers, from the Netherlands, established in London.....	1386
Windsor castle built by Edward III.....	ib.
Cards invented in France for the king's amusement.....	1391
Westminster abbey built and enlarged---Westminster hall ditto.....	1399
Order of the Bath instituted at the coronation of Henry IV. 1399; renewed in 1725, consisting of 38 knights	
Guildhall, London, built.....	1410
The battle of Agincourt gained over the French by Henry V. of England.....	1415
About 1430, Laurentius of Haarlem invented the art of printing, which he practised with separate wooden types. Guttemburgh afterwards invented cut metal types: but the art was carried to perfection by Peter Schoeffer, who invented the mode of casting the types in matrices. Frederick Corsellis began to print at Oxford, in 1468, with wooden types; but it was William Caxton who introduced into England the art of printing with fusile types, in 1474	
The Vatican library founded at Rome.....	1446
The sea breaks in at Dort, in Holland, and drowns 100,000 people.....	ib.
Constantinople taken by the Turks, which ends the eastern empire, 1123 years from its erection by Constantine the Great, and 2206 years from the foundation of Rome.....	1453
Engraving and etching in copper invented.....	1460
Richard III. king of England, and last of the Plantagenets, is defeated and killed at the battle of Bosworth, by Henry (Tudor) VII. which puts an end to the civil wars between the houses of York and Lancaster, after a contest of 30 years, and the loss of 100,000 men.....	1483
Henry VII. establishes fifty yeomen of the guards, the first standing army.....	1486
William Grocyn publicly teaches the Greek language at Oxford.....	1491
America first discovered by Columbus, a Genoese, in the service of Spain.....	1492
Algebra first known in Europe.....	1494
The Portuguese first sail to the East Indies, by the Cape of Good Hope.....	1497
South America discovered by Americus Vespusius, from whom it has its name.....	ib.
North America ditto, for Henry VII. by Cabot.....	1499
Shillings first coined in England.....	1505
Gardening introduced into England from the Netherlands, whence vegetables were imported.....	1509
Martin Luther began the Reformation.....	1517
Henry VIII. for his writings in favour of popery, receives the title of Defender of the Faith from his Holiness.....	1520
The Reformation takes place in England, under Henry VIII.....	1534
The first English edition of the Bible authorized, 1539; the present translation finished 1611	
Cannon began to be used in ships about.....	1539
Silk stockings first worn by the French king, 1543; first worn in England by queen Elizabeth, 1561	
Mins first used in England, (before which time the ladies used skewers).....	1561
Good lands let in England at one shilling per acre.....	1544
The famous council of Trent begins, and continues 18 years.....	1545
First law in England, establishing the interest of money at ten per cent.....	1546
Lords lieutenants of counties instituted in England.....	1549
Horse guards instituted in England.....	1550
Queen Elizabeth begins her reign.....	1558
The Reformation in Scotland completed by John Knox.....	1560
Knives first made in England.....	1563
Royal Exchange first built.....	1569
The great massacre of Protestants at Paris.....	1572
The Dutch shake off the Spanish yoke, and the republic of Holland begins.....	1579
English East India company incorporated, 1579---established, 1600	

Sir Francis Drake returns from his voyage round the world, being the first English circumnavigator.....	1572
Pope Gregory introduces the new style in Italy; the 5th of October being counted 15.....	1582
Tobacco first brought from Virginia into England.....	1583
Mary queen of Scots is beheaded by order of Elizabeth, after 18 years imprisonment.....	1587
The Spanish Armada destroyed by Drake, and other English admirals.....	1588
Coaches first introduced into England, 1589; hackney act, 1693; increased to 1000, in 1770	1589
Watches first brought into England from Germany.....	1590
Queen Elizabeth (the last of the Tudors) dies, and nominates James VI. of Scotland (and first of the Stuarts) as her successor; which unites both kingdoms under the name of Great Britain.....	1603
The gunpowder-plot discovered at Westminster.....	1605
Galileo, of Florence, first discovers the satellites about the planet Saturn, by the telescope, then just invented in Holland.....	1610
Henry IV. is murdered at Paris, by Ravaillac, a priest.....	1610
Baronets first created in England, by James I.....	1611
Napier, of Marcheston, in Scotland, invents the logarithms.....	1614
Sir Hugh Middleton brings the New River to London from Ware.....	1615
King James dies, and is succeeded by his son, Charles I.....	1625
The island of Barbadoes, the first English settlement in the West Indies, is planted.....	1627
Regular posts established from London to Scotland, Ireland, &c.....	1631
The massacre in Ireland, when 40,000 English Protestants were killed.....	1641
King Charles impeaches five members, who had opposed his arbitrary measures, which begins the civil war in England.....	1641
Excise on beer, ale, &c. first imposed by parliament.....	1642
Charles I. (aged 49) beheaded at Whitehall, January 30.....	1649
Cromwell assumes the protectorship.....	1653
Cromwell dies, and is succeeded in the protectorship by his son Richard.....	1658
King Charles II. is restored by Monk, commander of the army, after an exile of twelve years in France and Holland.....	1660
The Royal Society established at London, by Charles II.....	1660
The plague rages in London, and carries off 68,000 persons.....	1665
The great fire of London began September 2, and continued three days, in which were destroyed 13,000 houses, and 400 streets.....	1666
Tea first used in England.....	ib.
St. James's Park planted, and made a thoroughfare for public use, by Charles II.....	1668
The habeas corpus act passed.....	1679
A great comet appeared, and from its nearness to our earth, alarmed the inhabitants. It continued visible from November 3, to March 9.....	1680
William Penn, a quaker, receives a charter for planting Pennsylvania.....	ib.
India stock sold from 360 to 500 per cent.....	1683
Charles II. dies, aged 55, and is succeeded by his brother, James II.....	1685
The Revolution in Great Britain begins, November 5. King James abdicates, and retires to France, December 3.....	1688
King William and Queen Mary, daughter and son-in-law to James, are proclaimed, February 16.....	1689
The land-tax passed in England.....	ib.
The toleration act passed in ditto.....	ib.
Several bishops are deprived for not taking the oath to king William.....	ib.
The battle of the Boyne, gained by William against James in Ireland.....	1690
The English and Dutch fleets, commanded by admiral Russel, defeat the French fleet off La Hogue.....	1692
Bayonets at the end of loaded muskets first used by the French against the confederates in the battle of Turin.....	1693
Bank of England established by king William.....	ib.
The first public lottery was drawn the same year.....	ib.
Queen Mary dies at the age of 33, and William reigns alone.....	1694
Stamp duties instituted in England.....	ib.

The peace of Ryswick.....	1696
Charles XII. of Sweden begins his reign.....	1700
Prussia erected into a kingdom.....	1701
Society for the propagation of the Gospel in foreign parts established.....	ib.
King William dies, aged 50, and is succeeded by queen Anne, daughter to James II.....	1702
Gibraltar taken from the Spaniards, by admiral Rooke.....	1704
The battle of Blenheim won by the duke of Marlborough and allies, against the French.....	ib.
The court of Exchequer instituted in England.....	ib.
The treaty of Union betwixt England and Scotland, signed July 22.....	1706
The battle of Ramilles won by Marlborough and the allies.....	ib.
The first British parliament.....	1707
The battle of Oudenarde won by Marlborough and the allies.....	1708
Sardinia erected into a kingdom, and given to the duke of Savoy.....	ib.
Queen Anne changes the Whig ministry.....	1710
The cathedral church of St. Paul, London, rebuilt by Sir Christopher Wren, in 37 years, at one million expense, by a duty on coals.....	ib.
The peace of Utrecht.....	1713
Queen Anne dies, at the age of fifty, and is succeeded by George I.....	1714
Interest reduced to five per. cent.....	ib.
Lewis XIV. dies, and is succeeded by his great-grandson, Lewis XV.....	1715
The rebellion in Scotland begins in September, under the earl of Mar, in favour of the Pretender. The action of Sheriff-muir, and the surrender of Preston, both in November, when the rebels disperse.....	ib.
The Pretender married to the princess Sobieski, grand-daughter of John Sobieski, late king of Poland.....	1716
An act passed for septennial parliaments.....	1716
The Mississippi scheme at its height in France.....	1719
The South-Sea scheme in England begun April 7; was at its height at the end of June; and quite sunk about September 29.....	ib.
King George I. dies, in the 68th year of his age; and is succeeded by his only son, George II.....	1727
Inoculation first tried on criminals with success.....	ib.
Russia, formerly a dukedom, is now established as an empire.....	ib.
Kouli Khan usurps the Persian throne, conquers the Mogul empire, and returns with two hundred and thirty-one millions sterling.....	1732
Westminster bridge, consisting of fifteen arches, begun 1738; finished in 1750 at the expense of 389,000l. defrayed by parliament	
Letters of marque issued out in Britain against Spain, July 21, and war declared, October 23.....	1739
The battle of Dettingen won by the English and allies, in favour of the queen of Hungary.....	1743
War declared against France.....	1744
Commodore Anson returns from his voyage round the world.....	ib.
The allies lose the battle of Fontenoy.....	1745
The rebellion breaks out in Scotland, 1745; and the Pretender's army defeated by the duke of Cumberland, at Culloden, April 16.....	1746
The peace of Aix-la-Chapelle, by which a restitution of all places, taken during the war, was to be made on all sides.....	1748
The interest of the British funds reduced to three per cent.....	1749
Frederic, prince of Wales, father to his present majesty, died.....	1751
The new style introduced into Great Britain, the third of September being counted the fourteenth.....	1752
The British Museum erected at Montagu-house.....	1753
Lisbon destroyed by an earthquake.....	1755
146 Englishmen are confined in the black hole at Calcutta, in the East Indies, by order of the Nabob, and 123 found dead next morning.....	1756
Damien attempted to assassinate the French king.....	1757
General Wolfe is killed in the battle of Quebec, which is gained by the English.....	1759
King George II. dies, October 25, 1760, in the 77th year of his age, and is succeeded by his present majesty, who, on the 22d of September 1761, married the princess Charlotte of Mecklenburgh Strelitz	

Black-friars bridge, consisting of nine arches, begun, 1760; finished 1770, at the expense of 52,840 l. to be discharged by a toll. Toll taken off, 1785	1770
War declared against Spain.....	1762
Peter III. emperor of Russia, is deposed, imprisoned, and murdered.....	ib.
George Augustus Frederic prince of Wales, born August 12.....	ib.
The definitive treaty of peace between Great Britain, France, Spain, and Portugal, concluded at Paris, February 10, which confirms to Great Britain the extensive provinces of Canada, East and West Florida, and part of Louisiana, in North America; also the islands of Grenada, St. Vincent, Dominica, and Tobago, in the West Indies.....	1763
The parliament granted 10,000 l. to Mr. Harrison, for his discovery of the longitude by his time-piece.....	1764
An act passed annexing the sovereignty of the island of Man to the crown of Great Britain.....	1765
A spot or macula of the sun, more than thrice the bigness of our earth, passed the sun's centre, April 21.....	1766
Dr. Solander and Mr. Banks, in his majesty's ship the Endeavour, lieutenant Cook, return from a voyage round the world, having made several important discoveries in the South Seas.....	1771
The king of Sweden changes the constitution of that kingdom.....	1772
Captain Phipps is sent to explore the North Pole, but having made eighty-one degrees, is in danger of being locked up by the ice, and his attempt to discover a passage in that quarter proves fruitless.....	1773
The Jesuits expelled from the Pope's dominions.....	ib.
The British parliament having passed an act, laying a duty of three-pence per pound upon all teas imported into America, the colonists, considering this as a grievance, deny the right of the British parliament to tax them.....	ib.
Deputies from the several American colonies meet at Philadelphia, as the first General Congress, September 5.....	ib.
First petition of Congress to the King, November.....	ib.
The first action happened in America between the king's troops and the provincials at Lexington, April 19.....	1775
Articles of confederation and perpetual union between the American provinces, May 20.....	ib.
A bloody action at Bunker's Hill, between the royal troops and the Americans, June 17.....	ib.
The town of Boston evacuated by the king's troops, March 17.....	1776
The Congress declare the American colonies free and independent states, July 4.....	ib.
The Americans are driven from Long Island, New York, in August, with great loss; and the city of New York is afterwards taken possession of by the king's troops.....	ib.
General Howe takes possession of Philadelphia.....	1777
Lieutenant-general Burgoyne is obliged to surrender his army at Saratoga, in Canada, by convention, to the American army under the command of the generals Gates and Arnold, October 17.....	ib.
A treaty of alliance concluded at Paris between the French king and the thirteen united American colonies.....	1778
The earl of Carlisle, William Eden, esq. and George Johnstone, esq. arrive at Philadelphia the beginning of June, as commissioners for restoring peace between Great Britain and America.....	ib.
Philadelphia evacuated by the king's troops, June 18.....	ib.
The Congress refuse to treat with the British commissioners, unless the independence of the American colonies were first acknowledged, or the king's fleets and armies withdrawn from America.....	ib.
An engagement fought off Brest between the English fleet under the command of admiral Keppel, and the French fleet under the command of the count d'Orvilliers, July 27.....	ib.
Dominica taken by the French, September 7.....	ib.
Pondicherry surrenders to the arms of Great Britain, October 17.....	ib.
St. Lucia taken from the French, December 28.....	ib.
St. Vincent's taken by the French.....	1779
Grenada taken by the French, July 3.....	ib.

Admiral Rodney takes twenty-two sail of Spanish ships, January 8.....	1780
The same admiral also engages a Spanish fleet under the command of Don Juan de Langara, near Cape St. Vincent, and takes five ships of the line, one more being driven on shore, and another blown up, January 16.....	ib.
Charles Town, South Carolina, surrenders to Sir Henry Clinton, May 4.....	ib.
Pensacola, and the whole province of West Florida, surrender to the arms of the king of Spain, May 9.....	ib.
The Protestant Association, to the number of 50,000, go up to the house of commons, with their petition for the repeal of an act passed in favour of the Papists, June 2.....	ib.
That event followed by the most daring riots, in the city of London, and in Southwark, for several successive days, in which some Popish chapels are destroyed, together with the prisons of Newgate, the King's Bench, the Fleet, several private houses, &c. These alarming riots are at length suppressed by the interposition of the military, and many of the rioters tried and executed for felony.....	1780
Five English East Indiamen, and fifty English merchant ships bound for the West-Indies, taken by the combined fleets of France and Spain, August 8.....	ib.
Major Andre, adjutant-general to the British army, hanged as a spy at Tappan, in the province of New York, October 2.....	ib.
A declaration of hostilities published against Holland, December 20.....	ib.
The Dutch island of St. Eustatia taken by admiral Rodney and general Vaughan, February 3. Retaken by the French, November 27.....	1781
The island of Tobago taken by the French, June 2.....	ib.
A bloody engagement fought between an English squadron under the command of admiral Parker, and a Dutch squadron under the command of admiral Zoutman, off the Dogger-bank, August 5.....	ib.
Earl Cornwallis, with a considerable British army, surrendered prisoners of war to the American and French troops, under the command of general Washington and count Rochambeau, at York-town, in Virginia, October 19.....	ib.
Trincomalee, on the island of Ceylon, taken by admiral Hughes, January 11.....	1782
Minorca surrendered to the arms of the king of Spain, February 5.....	ib.
The island of St. Christopher taken by the French, February 12---St. Nevis, 14---and Montserrat, 22.....	ib.
The house of commons address the king against any further prosecution of offensive war on the continent of North America, March 4.....	ib.
Admiral Rodney obtains a signal victory over the French fleet under the command of count de Grasse, near Dominica, in the West Indies, April 12.....	ib.
The French took and destroyed the forts and settlements in Hudson's Bay, August 24.....	ib.
The Spaniards defeated in their grand attack on Gibraltar, September 13.....	ib.
Treaty concluded betwixt the republic of Holland and the United States of America, October 8.....	ib.
Provisional articles of peace signed at Paris between the British and the American commissioners, by which the Thirteen United American colonies are acknowledged by his Britannic majesty to be free, sovereign, and independent states, November 30.....	ib.
Preliminary articles of peace between his Britannic majesty and the kings of France and Spain, signed at Versailles, January 20.....	1783
The order of St. Patrick instituted, February 5.....	ib.
Three earthquakes in Calabria Ulterior and Sicily, destroying a great number of towns and inhabitants, February 5th, 7th, and 28th.....	ib.
Armistice betwixt Great Britain and Holland, February 10.....	ib.
Ratification of the definitive treaty of peace between Great Britain, France, Spain, and the United States of America, September 3.....	ib.
The great seal stolen from the lord chancellor's house in Great Ormond-street, Mar. 24. 1784	ib.
The definitive treaty of peace between Great Britain and Holland, May 24.....	ib.
The memory of Handel commemorated by a grand jubilee at Westminster-abbey, May 26.---(Continued annually for decayed musicians, &c.).	ib.
Mr. Lunardi ascended in a balloon from the Artillery-ground, Moorfields, the first attempt of the kind in England, September 15.....	ib.
Commercial treaty signed between England and France, September 26.....	1785

471,000l. 3 per cent. stock transferred to the landgrave of Hesse, for Hessian soldiers lost in the American war, at 30l. a man, November 21.....	1786
Mr. Burke, at the bar of the house of lords, in the name of all the commons of Great Britain, impeached Warren Hastings, late governor-general of Bengal, of high crimes and misdemeanors, May 21.....	1787
In the early part of October, the first symptoms appeared of a severe disorder which afflicted our gracious sovereign. On the 6th of November they were very alarming, and on the 13th a form of prayer for his recovery was ordered by the privy council.....	1788
His majesty was pronounced to be in a state of convalescence, February 17, and on the 26th to be free from complaint.....	1789
A general thanksgiving for the king's recovery, who attended the service at St. Paul's with a great procession, April 23.....	ib.
Revolution in France--capture of the Bastile, execution of the governor, &c. July 14 .....	ib.
Grand French confederation in the Champ de Mars, July 14.....	1790
Dreadful riots at Birmingham, in consequence of some gentlemen meeting to commemorate the French revolution, July 14.....	1791
Marriage of the duke of York to the princess of Prussia, September 29; re-married in England, November 23.....	ib.
Insurrection of the negroes in St. Domingo, November.....	ib.
Assassination of the king of Sweden, by Ankerstroem, March 16.....	1792
Peace made by Lord Cornwallis, with Tippoo Sultaun, in the East Indies; the sultan ceding half his territory, and delivering up his two sons as hostages; March 19.....	ib.
The king of Poland compelled by Russia to restore the old constitution, July 23.....	ib.
The French nation declared war against England and Holland, February 1.....	1793
The crown revenue of Poland sequestered by order of the Russian ambassador, July 17. ib.	
A yellow fever, similar to the plague, broke out at Philadelphia, attended with most dreadful mortality, July 27.....	ib.
A convention, similar to that in France, met in Edinburgh; and several of its members, being tried, and convicted of sedition, were transported to Botany-bay, among whom were persons in very respectable professions, October 4.....	ib.
A new theatre opened on the site of the old Drury-lane playhouse, April 21.....	1794
Lord Howe defeated the French grand fleet, sunk two, burnt one, and brought six ships of the line safe into Portsmouth harbour, June 1.....	ib.
The Corsicans acknowledge George III. as king of Corsica, and accept a new constitution, June 21 .....	ib.
A dreadful fire near Ratcliffe-cross, by which 600 houses were consumed; the loss computed at 1,000,000,000l. sterling, July 24.....	ib.
Riots in London, which lasted several days, occasioned by the practice of crimping, August 15, &c.....	ib.
The Polish patriots defeated, and Kosciusko taken prisoner by the Russians, October 10. ib.	
Robert Watt executed for high treason at Edinburgh, October 17.....	ib.
Thomas Hardy tried at the Old Bailey for high treason, October 28 to November 5; acquitted.....	ib.
John Horne Tooke, Esq. tried on a similar charge, November 17 to 22; acquitted.....	ib.
Treaty of amity and commerce with America, signed at St. James's, November 19.....	ib.
A severe frost set in, December 30, by which the great rivers on the continent, the Rhine, the Waal, &c. being frozen, the French were enabled to pass them, and rapidly to overrun the seven united provinces of Holland.....	ib.
The Stadtholder, the princess of Orange, and family, having escaped from Holland, landed at Harwich and Yarmouth, January 21, and had apartments assigned to them in Hampton-court palace.....	1795
An embargo laid on Dutch men of war and merchantmen in the port of London; their property estimated at 2,000,000,000l. sterling, January 25.....	ib.
Treaty of defensive alliance with Russia, February 18.....	ib.
The prince of Wales married to princess Caroline of Brunswick, April 8.....	ib.
Warren Hastings, Esq. late governor-general of Bengal, was acquitted by the house of Lords, after a trial which commenced the 12th February 1788, during which the court actually sat 149 days; April 14.....	ib.

Insurrections of the poor in various parts of England, in consequence of the high price of provisions; bread being at one shilling and threepence the quartern loaf, April, May.....	1795
Treaty of defensive alliance with Austria, May 20.....	ib.
Storms of thunder and lightning did great damage in various parts of the kingdom, June 4.....	ib.
Trincomalee taken from the Dutch, August 26.....	ib.
The Cape of Good Hope captured by the English under general Clarke and admiral Elphinstone, September 16.....	ib.
The church of St. Paul, Covent-garden, built by Inigo Jones, and admired for its simple elegance, consumed by fire, Sept. 17.....	ib.
The king dangerously assaulted in his state-coach, on his way to the Parliament-house, October 29.....	ib.
A dreadful hurricane, which did very extensive mischief in different parts of the kingdom, November 6.....	ib.
The princess of Wales delivered of a daughter, January 7.....	1796
A telegraph erected over the admiralty, to communicate with the different sea-ports of the kingdom, January 28. By means of this, intelligence can be conveyed between Dover and London in seven minutes.....	ib.
The king again daringly assaulted with stones, &c. in his carriage, on his way from the theatre, February 1.....	ib.
Demerary, Essequibo, and Berbice, surrendered to the English under General White, April 23.....	ib.
Sir Ralph Abercrombie took St. Lucia, May 25.....	ib.
A large Dutch fleet surrendered to admiral Elphinstone, consisting of 3 ships of the line, 5 frigates and sloops, and a store-ship, at the entrance of Saldanha-bay, near the Cape of Good Hope, August 16.....	ib.
General Washington resigned the presidency of America, August 17, and was succeeded by Mr. Adams.....	ib.
Spain declared war against Great Britain, October 18.....	ib.
Catherine II. Empress of Russia, died, November 17.....	ib.
Corsica evacuated by the English, November.....	ib.
The French landed in Bantry Bay, Ireland, December 26.....	ib.
Lord Malmesbury returned from Paris, whither he had been to offer peace, but did not succeed, December 29.....	ib.
A famous victory gained by admiral Sir John Jervis over the Spanish fleet off Cape St. Vincent, February 14, in consequence of which the admiral was created Earl St. Vincent.....	1797
The French landed at Fishguard in Wales, February 22.....	ib.
An alarming mutiny throughout the fleet at Spithead, April 15.....	ib.
Another general mutiny broke out in the fleet at Sheerness, May 12.....	ib.
The Princess Royal of England married to the prince of Württemberg, May 18.....	ib.
Parker, the chief leader in the mutiny, executed, June 30.....	ib.
Lord Malmesbury returned a second time unsuccessful from a pacific negotiation at Paris, September 18.....	ib.
Admiral Duncan defeated the Dutch fleet, of which he captured 9 ships of the line, October 11, and was created a viscount.....	ib.
A general thanksgiving for the great naval victories of Lords Howe, St. Vincent, and Duncan; the king and both houses of parliament going in grand procession to St. Paul's, December 19.....	ib.
Books were opened at the Bank to receive voluntary contributionstowards the defence of the country, January 23.....	1798
Treasonable and rebellious plans discovered to be on foot in Ireland, March 12.....	ib.
Rebellion broke out in the south of Ireland, April 2.....	ib.
Patriotic resolutions and associations formed in different counties of England for the defence of the country against invasion, April 16, &c.....	ib.
Habeas Corpus act suspended, April 20.....	ib.
The British troops, under general Coote, destroy the sluices on the canal between Bruges and Ostend, but are afterwards compelled to capitulate to the French, May 20.....	ib.
O'Cuigley executed at Maidstone for high treason, June 7.....	ib.

Marquis Cornwallis appointed lord lieutenant of Ireland, June 13.....	1798
Accounts received of the defeat of the Irish rebels, near Gore's-bridge, in which above 1,000 were killed, July 1.....	ib.
The glorious victory off the Nile atchieved by admiral, afterwards baron Nelson, in which he took 9 ships of the line from the French, burnt 2, &c. August 1.....	ib.
The French landed in Killala-bay, Ireland, August 24.....	ib.
Official accounts received of the victory of Sir J. B. Warren over the French fleet off Ireland, in which the Hoche of 80 guns, and 3 frigates, were captured, October 20.....	ib.
The king of Sardinia forced by the French to sign a renunciation of his throne, December 9.....	ib.
Accounts received of the capture of Minorca by the English under general Stuart, December 23.....	ib.
The king and queen of Naples arrived at Palernio, having fled from Naples on the approach of the French to that city, December 28.....	ib.
An act for levying a tax of ten per cent. on all incomes above 200 <i>l.</i> a year, and in a smaller proportion for incomes between 60 <i>l.</i> and 200 <i>l.</i> received the royal assent, March 21.....	1799

## MEN OF LEARNING AND GENIUS.

	Before Christ.
<b>H</b> OMER, the first prophane writer and Greek poet, flourished—Pope, Cowper.....	907
Hesiod, the Greek poet, supposed to live near the time of Homer—Cooke	
Lycurgus, the Spartan lawgiver.....	884
Sappho, the Greek lyric poetess, fl.—Fawkes.....	600
Solon, lawgiver of Athens.....	558
Æsop, the first Greek fabulist—Croxall.....	550
Thales, the first Greek astronomer and geographer.....	548
Pythagoras, founder of the Pythagorean philosophy in Greece—Rowe.....	497
Anacreon, the Greek lyric poet—Fawkes, Addison.....	474
Æschylus, the first Greek tragic poet—Potter.....	456
Pindar, the Greek lyric poet—West.....	435
Herodotus, of Greece, the first writer of prophane history—Littlebury.....	413
Aristophanes, the Greek comic poet, fl.—White.....	407
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Sophocles, ditto—Franklin, Potter.....	406
Confucius, the Chinese philosopher, fl.....	ib.
Socrates, the founder of moral philosophy in Greece.....	400
Thucydides, the Greek historian—Smith, Hobbes.....	391
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Democritus, the Greek philosopher.....	ib.
Xenophon, the Greek philosopher and historian—Smith, Spelman, Ashly, Fielding.....	350
Plato, the Greek philosopher, and disciple of Socrates—Sydenham.....	348
Isocrates, the Greek orator—Dimsdale.....	330
Aristotle, the Greek philosopher, and disciple of Plato—Hobbes.....	332
Demosthenes, the Athenian orator, poisoned himself—Leland, Francis.....	313
Theophrastus, the Greek philosopher, and scholar of Aristotle—Budgel.....	288
Theocritus, the first Greek pastoral poet, fl.—Fawkes.....	285
Euclid, of Alexandria, in Egypt, the mathematician, fl.—R. Simson.....	277
Epicurus, founder of the Epicurean philosophy in Greece—Digby.....	270
Xeno, founder of the Stoic philosophy in ditto.....	264
Callimachus, the Greek elegiac poet.....	244
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Plautus, the Roman comic poet—Thornton.....	184
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Diogenes, of Babylon, the Stoic philosopher.....	151
Polybius, of Greece, the Greek and Roman historian—Hampton.....	124
Lucretius, the Roman poet—Creech.....	ib.

Julius Cæsar, the Roman historian and commentator, killed—Duncan.	44
Diiodorus Siculus, of Greece, the universal historian, fl.—Booth.	ib.
Vitruvius, the Roman architect, fl.	ib.
Cicero, the Roman orator and philosopher, put to death—Guthrie, Melmoth.	43
Cornelius Nepos, the Roman biographer, fl.—Rowe.	ib.
Appius, the Roman historian—Gordon, Rose.	34
Dionysius of Halicarnassus, the Roman historian, fl.—Spelman.	30
Virgil, the Roman epic poet—Dryden, Pitt, Warton.	19
Caecilius, Tibullus, and Propertius, Roman poets—Grainger, Dart.	11
Horace, the Roman lyric and satiric poet—Francis.	8

*After Christ.*

Livy, the Roman historian—Ray.	17
Quid, the Roman elegiac poet—Garth.	19
Celsus, the Roman philosopher and physician, fl.—Grieve.	20
Strabo, the Greek geographer.	25
Phædrus, the Roman fabulist—Smart.	33
Terterius, the Roman historian, fl.—Newcombe.	45
Persius, the Roman satiric poet—Brewster.	62
Quintus Curtius, a Roman, historian of Alexander the Great, fl.—Digby.	64
Seneca, of Spain, the philosopher and tragic poet, put to death—L'Estrange.	ib.
Lucan, the Roman epic poet, ditto—Rowe.	65
Pliny the elder, the Roman natural historian—Holland.	79
Josephus, the Jewish historian—Whiston.	93
Epictetus, the Greek stoic philosopher, fl.—Mrs. Carter.	94
Quintilian, the Roman orator and advocate—Guthrie.	95
Statius, the Roman epic poet—Lewis.	96
Lucius Florus, of Spain, the Roman historian, fl.	ib.
Facetus, the Roman historian—Gordon.	99
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Ptolemy, the Egyptian, geographer, mathematician, and astronomer, fl.	140
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Justin, of Samaria, the oldest Christian author after the apostles.	167
Lucian, the Roman philologer—Dimsdale, Dryden, Franklin.	180
Marcus Aur. Antoninus, Roman emperor and philosopher—Collier, Elphinstone.	ib.
Platon, the Greek philosopher and physician.	193
Dogenes Lacrius, the Greek biographer, fl.	200
Nonnus, of Greece, the Roman historian, fl.	229
Origen, a Christian father of Alexandria.	254
Herodian, of Alexandria, the Roman historian, fl.—Hart.	ib.
Cyprian, of Carthage, suffered martyrdom—Marshal.	258
Longinus, the Greek orator, put to death by Aurelian—Smith.	273
Astianitus, a father of the church, fl.	320
Athanasius, a priest of Alexandria, founder of the sect of Arians.	336
Eusebius, the ecclesiastical historian and chronologer—Hanmer.	342
Basil, bishop of Cæsarea.	379
Gregory Nazianzen, bishop of Constantinople.	389
Ambrose, bishop of Milan.	397
Macrobius, the Roman grammarian.	415
Eutropius, the Roman historian.	428
Amelius, the Roman poet, and Platonic philosopher—Bellamy, Preston.	524
ius of Cæsarea, the Roman historian—Holcroft.	529

[Here ends the illustrious list of ancient, or, as they are styled, Classic authors, for whom mankind are indebted to Greece and Rome, those two great theatres of hu-

man glory: but it will ever be regretted, that a small part only of their writings have come to our hands. This was owing to the barbarous policy of those fierce illiterate pagans, who, in the fifth century, subverted the Roman empire, and in which practices they were joined soon after by the Saracens, or followers of Mahomet. Constantinople alone had escaped the ravages of the Barbarians; and to the few literati who sheltered themselves within its walls, is chiefly owing the preservation of those valuable remains of antiquity. To learning, civility, and refinement succeeded worse than Gothic ignorance--the superstition and buffoonery of the church of Rome: Europe therefore produces few names worthy of record during the space of a thousand years; a period which historians, with great propriety, denominate the dark or Gothic ages.

The invention of printing contributed to the revival of learning in the sixteenth century, from which memorable era a race of men have sprung up in a new soul France, Germany, and Britain; who, if they do not exceed, at least equal, the greatest geniuses of antiquity. Of these our own countrymen have the reputation of the first rank, with whose names we shall finish our list.]

Bede, a priest of Northumberland; History of the Saxons, Scots, &c.	73	Dr. R.
King Alfred; history, philosophy, and poetry.	90	Alexan.
Matthew Paris, monk of St. Albans; History of England.	125	Revere.
Roger Bacon, Somersetshire; natural philosophy.	129	Colin.
John Fordun, a priest of Mearns-shire; history of Scotland.	130	James.
Geoffry Chaucer, London; the father of English poetry.	140	Rev. I.
John Gower, Wales; the poet.	140	Dr. Fr.
Sir Thomas More, London; history, politics, divinity.	153	Revere.
John Leland, London; lives and antiquities.	155	Andrea.
Roger Ascham, Yorkshire; philology and polite literature.	159	Henry.
Rev. John Knox, the Scotch reformer; history of the church of Scotland.	157	Dr. Al.
George Buchanan, Dumbartonshire; history of Scotland, Psalms of David, politics, &c.	158	Dr. R.
Edmund Spenser, London; Fairy Queen, and other poems.	159	Henry.
Beaumont and Fletcher, 53 dramatic pieces.	161	Colley.
William Shakespeare, Stratford; 42 tragedies and comedies.	161	Thom.
John Napier, of Marcheston, Scotland; discoverer of logarithms.	162	Benjarn.
William Cambden, London; history and antiquities.	162	Samue.
Lord Chancellor Bacon, London; natural philosophy, literature in general.	162	Revere.
Lord Chief Justice Coke, Norfolk; laws of England.	163	Revere.
Ben Jonson, London; 53 dramatic pieces.	163	Robert.
Sir Henry Spelman, Norfolk; laws and antiquities.	164	Revere.
John Selden, Sussex; antiquities and laws.	164	Robert.
Dr. William Harvey, Kent, discovered the circulation of the blood.	165	Revere.
Abraham Cowley, London; miscellaneous poetry.	166	Dr. M.
John Milton, London; Paradise Lost, Regained, and various other pieces in verse and prose.	166	Dr. Tu.
Hyde, earl of Clarendon, Wiltshire; History of the Civil Wars in England.	167	Thom.
James Gregory, Aberdeen; mathematics, geometry, and optics.	167	Philip.
Reverend Dr. Isaac Barrow, London; natural philosophy, mathematics, and sermons.	167	Georg.
Samuel Butler, Worcestershire; Hudibras, a burlesque poem.	168	Zachar.
Thomas Otway, London; 10 tragedies and comedies, with other poems.	168	Dr. Jo.
Edmund Waller, Bucks; poems, speeches, letters, &c.	168	David.
Dr. Ralph Cudworth, Somersetshire; Intellectual System.	168	James.
Dr. Thomas Sydenham, Dorsetshire; History of Physic.	168	Samuel.
Nathaniel Lee, London; 11 tragedies.	168	David.
Robert Barclay, Urie; Apology for the Quakers.	168	Willia.
Hon. Robert Boyle; natural and experimental philosophy and theology.	169	other.
Sir George M'Kenzie, Dundee; Antiquities and Laws of Scotland.	169	Sir W.
John Tillotson, archbishop of Canterbury, Halifax; 254 sermons.	169	ries.
Sir William Temple, London; politics and polite literature.	169	Dr. Jo.
John Dryden, Northamptonshire; 27 tragedies and comedies, satiric poems, Virgil.	170	James.
John Locke, Somersetshire; philosophy, government, and theology.	170	Thom.
John Ray, Essex; botany, natural philosophy, and divinity.	171	John.

George Farquhar, Londonderry ; eight comedies.....	1707
Ant. Ash. Cowper, earl of Shaftesbury ; Characteristics.....	1713
Gilbert Burnet, Edinburgh, bishop of Salisbury ; history, biography, divinity, &c.....	1714
Nicholas Rowe, Devonshire ; 7 tragedies, translation of Lucan's Pharsalia.....	1718
Reverend John Flamsteed, Derbyshire ; mathematics and astronomy.....	1719
Joseph Addison, Wiltshire ; Spectator, Guardian, poems, politics.....	ib.
Dr. John Keil, Edinburgh ; mathematics and astronomy.....	ib.
Matthew Prior, London ; poems and politics.....	1721
William Wollaston, Staffordshire ; Religion of Nature delineated.....	1724
Sir Isaac Newton, Lincolnshire ; mathematics, geometry, astronomy, optics.....	1724
Reverend Dr. Samuel Clarke, Norwich ; mathematics, divinity, &c.....	1729
Sir Richard Steele, Dublin ; four comedies, papers in Tatler, &c.....	ib.
William Congreve, Staffordshire ; seven dramatic pieces.....	ib.
John Gay, Exeter ; poems, fables, and eleven dramatic pieces.....	1732
Dr. John Arbuthnot, Mearns-shire ; medicine, coins, politics.....	1734
Dr. Edmund Halley ; natural philosophy, astronomy, navigation.....	1742
Dr. Richard Bentley, Yorkshire ; classical learning, criticism.....	ib.
Alexander Pope, London ; poems, letters, translation of Homer.....	1744
Reverend Dr. Jonathan Swift, Dublin ; poems, politics, and letters.....	1745
Colin M'Laurin, Argyleshire ; Algebra, View of Newton's philosophy.....	1746
James Thomson, Roxburghshire ; Seasons, and other poems, five tragedies.....	1748
Rev. Dr. Isaac Watts, Southampton ; logic, philosophy, psalms, hymns, sermons, &c. ib.	ib.
Dr. Francis Hutcheson, Airthire ; System of Moral Philosophy.....	ib.
Reverend Dr. Conyers Middleton, Yorkshire ; Life of Cicero, &c.....	1750
Andrew Baxter, Old Aberdeen ; metaphysics, and natural philosophy.....	ib.
Henry St. John, lord Bolingbroke, Surrey ; philosophy, metaphysics, and politics.....	1751
Dr. Alexander Monro, Edinburgh ; anatomy of the human body.....	ib.
Dr. Richard Mead, London ; on poisons, plague, small-pox, medicine, precepts.....	1754
Henry Fielding, Somersetshire ; Tom Jones, Joseph Andrews, &c.....	ib.
Colley Cibber, London ; 25 tragedies and comedies.....	1757
Thomas Sherlock, bishop of London ; 69 sermons, &c.....	1761
Benjamin Hoadly, bishop of Winchester ; sermons and controversy.....	ib.
Samuel Richardson, London ; Grandison, Clarissa, Pamela.....	ib.
Reverend Dr. John Leland, Lancashire ; Answer to Deistical Writers.....	ib.
Reverend Dr. Edward Young ; Night Thoughts, and other poems, three tragedies.....	1765
Robert Simson, Glasgow ; Conic Sections, Euclid, Apollonius.....	ib.
Reverend Lawrence Sterne ; 45 sermons, Sentimental Journey, Tristram Shandy.....	1768
Robert Smith, Lincolnshire ; harmonics and optics.....	1769
Reverend Dr. Jortin ; Life of Erasmus, Ecclesiastical History, and sermons.....	1770
Dr. Mark Akenside, Newcastle upon Tyne ; poems.....	ib.
Dr. Tobias Smollett, Dumbartonshire ; History of England, novels, translations.....	ib.
Thomas Gray, Professor of Modern History, Cambridge ; poems.....	1771
Philip Dormer Stanhope, earl of Chesterfield ; letters.....	1773
George lord Lyttelton, Worcestershire ; History of England.....	ib.
Oliver Goldsmith ; poems, essays, and other pieces.....	1774
Zachary Pearce, bishop of Rochester ; Annotations on the New Testament, &c.....	ib.
Dr. John Hawkesworth ; essays.....	1775
David Hume, Merse ; History of England, and essays.....	1776
James Ferguson, Aberdeenshire ; astronomy.....	ib.
Samuel Foote, Cornwall ; plays.....	1777
David Garrick, Hereford ; plays, &c.....	1779
William Warburton, bishop of Gloucester ; Divine Legation of Moses, and various other works.....	ib.
Sir William Blackstone, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, London ; Commentaries on the Laws of England.....	1780
Dr. John Fothergill, Yorkshire ; philosophy and medicine.....	ib.
James Harris ; Hermes, Philological Inquiries, and Philosophical Arrangements.....	1780
Thomas Newton, bishop of Bristol, Litchfield : Discourses on the Prophecies, and other works.....	1782
Mr. John Pringle, Bart. Roxburghshire ; Diseases of the Army.....	ib.

Henry Home, lord Kames, Scotland ; Elements of Criticism, Sketches of the History of Man .....	1780
Dr. William Hunter, Lanarkshire : anatomy.....	1780
Dr. Benjamin Kennicott ; Hebrew version of the Bible, theological tracts.....	ib
Dr. Thomas Morell; editor of Ainsworth's Dictionary, Hedericus's Lexicon, and some Greek tragedies.....	1780
Dr. Samuel Johnson, Litchfield ; English Dictionary, biography, essays, poetry. Died December 13, aged 71.....	ib
William Whitehead, Poet Laureat ; poems and plays. Died April 14.....	1780
Reverend Richard Burn, LL. D. author of the Justice of Peace, Ecclesiastical Law, &c. Died November 20.....	ib
Richard Glover, Esq. Leonidas, Medea, &c. Died November 25.....	ib
Jonas Hanway, Esq. travels, miscellaneous. Died September 5, aged 74.....	1780
Dr. Robert Lowth, bishop of London ; criticism, divinity, grammar. Died Nov. 3.....	1780
Soame Jenyns, Esq. Internal Evidence of the Christian Religion, and other pieces. Died December 18.....	ib
James Stuart, Esq. celebrated by the name of "Athenian Stuart." Died February 1.....	1780
Thomas Gainsborough, Esq. the celebrated painter. Died August 2.....	ib
Thomas Sheridan, Esq. English Dictionary, works on education, elocution, &c. Died August 14.....	ib
William Julius Mickle, Esq. translator of the Lusiad. Died October 25.....	ib
Dr. William Cullen ; Practice of Physic, Materia Medica, &c. Died February 5.....	1780
Benjamin Franklin, Esq. Boston, New England ; electricity, natural philosophy, miscellanies. Died April 17.....	1790
Rev. Thomas Warton, B. D. Poet Laureat ; History of English Poetry, poems. Died April 21.....	ib
Dr. Adam Smith, Scotland ; Moral Sentiments, Inquiry into the Wealth of Nations.....	ib
John Howard, Esq. Middlesex ; Account of Prisons and Lazarettos, &c.....	ib
Rev. Dr. Richard Price, Glamorganshire ; morals, providence, civil liberty, annuities, reversionary payments, sermons, &c. Died February 19, aged 68.....	1790
Dr. Thomas Blacklock, Annandale ; poems, Consolations from natural and revealed Religion. Died July, aged 70.....	ib
Sir Joshua Reynolds, Devonshire ; President of the Royal Academy of Painting ; Discourses on Painting delivered before the Academy. Died February 23, aged 68.....	1790
John Smeaton, Yorkshire ; civil engineer ; mechanics, Edystone lighthouse, Ramsgate harbour, and other public works of utility.....	ib
Rev. Dr. William Robertson, Principal of the University of Edinburgh, and Historiographer to his Majesty for Scotland ; History of Scotland, of the Reign of Charles V. History of America, and Historical Disquisition concerning India. Died June 11, aged 72.....	1790
John Hunter, Esq. Surgeon Extraordinary to the King, and Surveyor General to the Army ; anatomy. Died August 16.....	ib
Edward Gibbon, Esq. History of the Roman Empire, &c. Died January 16.....	1790
James Bruce, Esq. of Kinnaird ; Travels into Abyssinia. Died April.....	ib
Sir William Jones ; Law, Arabic and Persian literature, &c. Died April 27.....	ib
Josiah Wedgwood, Esq. potteries of Staffordshire. Died January 3.....	1790
James Boswell, Esq. Life of Dr. Johnson, &c. Died May 19.....	ib
Dr. Andrew Kippis ; biography and divinity. Died October 8.....	ib
James Macpherson, Esq. Ossian, State Papers, &c. Died February 17.....	1790
Sir William Chambers, architect of Somerset-place, &c. Died March 8.....	ib
Dr. George Campbell, Edinburgh ; Philosophy of Rhetoric, New Translation of the Gospels, &c. Died April 6.....	ib
Dr. Thomas Reid, Glasgow ; metaphysics. Died October 7.....	ib
The right hon. Horace Walpole, Earl of Orford ; Royal and Noble Authors, Anecdotes of Painting, and Miscellaneous Writings. Died March 2.....	1790
Reverend William Mason, poetry, and Memoirs of Gray. Died April 5.....	ib
Edmund Burke, Esq. statesman, orator, and political writer. Died July 8.....	ib
Joseph Wright, Esq. Derby, painter. Died August 29.....	ib
Dr. William Enfield ; theological, miscellaneous, &c. Died November 2.....	ib
Dr. Richard Brocklesby, physician. Died December 12.....	ib

John Wilkes, Esq. politics. Died December 28.....	1797
Thomas Sandby, Esq. architecture. Died June 25.....	1798
Dr. Richard Farmer; Literary and Topographical Antiquities, Commentator on Shakespeare, &c. Died September 8.....	ib.
Thomas Pennant, Esq. natural history and antiquities. Died December 16.....	ib.
William Wales, Esq. mathematics. Died December 29.....	ib.
William Melmoth, Esq. Fitzosborne's Letters, &c. Died March 14.....	1799

N. B. By the dates is implied the time when the above writers died; but when that period happens not to be known, the age in which they flourished is signified by *ib.*  
The names at the ends of the lines, are those who have given the best English translations, exclusive of school-books.

## CHRONOLOGY OF THE MOST REMARKABLE EVENTS THAT HAVE OCCURRED DURING THE FRENCH REVOLUTION, FROM 1789 TO 1799.

### 1789.

PROCESSION of the Etats Generaux (States General) to Versailles.....	May 4
Opening of the assembly of the States General.....	5
The Tiers Etats (Commonalty) constitute themselves a National Assembly.....	June 17
Dismission and departure of M. Necker.....	July 11
Taking of the Bastile, and killing of Messrs. de Launai and de Flesselles.....	14
Emigration of the princes; various disturbances and confusion at Paris.....	15
Abolition of all privileges.....	August 4
Decree, respecting the King's inviolability and hereditability of the crown.....	Sept. 15
Massacre of the Gardes du Corps. The King and Royal Family brought to Paris.....	Oct. 6
First sitting of the National Assembly at Paris.....	19

### 1790.

Death of Joseph II. Emperor of Germany.....	Feb. 20
Right of making peace or war decreed to be in the nation.....	May 22
Suppression of the nobility, orders, titles, and liveries.....	June 19
General federation in the Champ de Mars.....	July 14
Battle between the French and Prussians.....	Sept. 28

### 1791.

The King is prevented by the people from going to St. Cloud.....	April 18
The Pope's effigy burned at the Palais Royal. Revolution in Poland.....	May 3
The King and his family escape, May 21; arrested at Varennes, 22; and brought back to Paris.....	25
Last sitting of the Constituent Assembly.....	Sept. 30
First sitting of the Legislative Assembly.....	Oct. 1
Decree that all the Bourbon family quit France within three days.....	Dec. 16

### 1792.

M. Carra proposes to the Jacobins to offer the crown of France to the Duke of York.....	Jan. 11
Death of Leopold II. Emperor of Germany.....	March 1
Gustavus III. King of Sweden, assassinated by Ankarstrom.....	15
The King goes to the Assembly to know if they desire war. War is decreed.....	April 20

The people ransack the royal apartments at the Tuilleries.....	June 20
M. de la Fayette quits his army ; he reproves the National Assembly.....	28
M. de la Fayette returns to the army ; his effigy is burned at the Palais Royal.....	30
A petition against the King signed at the Champ de Mars.....	July 10
Siege and plunder of the palace of the Tuilleries. Massacre of the Swiss, and a considerable number of the King's adherents. Louis XVI. and his family fly for shelter to the National Assembly. Dreadful disturbances in Paris.....	Aug. 10
Continuation of the disturbances. All the foreign ambassadors quit France.....	11
The King and his family are conducted to the Tower of the Temple.....	13
The emigrants, with the Prussians and Austrians, enter France.....	18
Emigration of M. de la Fayette and his staff.....	19
Massacres in all the prisons and religious houses.....	Sept. 2
Continuation of the massacres.....	3, 4, 5
Rheims, Lyons, &c. after the example of Paris, massacre their priests and prisoners.....	Sept. 11
The King accepts and signs the constitution.....	14
Last sitting of the Legislative Assembly.....	19
First sitting of the National Convention. France declared to be a republic.....	20
The Prussians commence their retreat.....	Oct. 2
The Prussians and Austrians evacuate the French territories.....	25
Battle of Gemappe, and taking of Mons.....	Nov. 7
Decree that the King should be tried.....	Dec. 3
The King interrogated at the bar of the Convention.....	11
The King appears again at the bar ; M. de Seze pleads for him.....	26

## 1793.

Termination of the deliberations concerning the process of Louis XVI.....	Jan. 7
Rising at Rome against the French democrats. Basville is assassinated there.....	13
Louis XVI. is condemned to death by the Convention. He appeals to the nation ; the Convention rejects the appeal.....	16
Execution of Louis XVI. aged 38. A mournful silence pervades Paris.....	21
The Convention decrees war against England and the Stadholder. The Parliament of England resolve on war.....	Feb. 1
Preparations for war at Lisbon and Madrid.....	3
The French make an irruption into Holland, and take Fort St. Michael.....	17
Marat excites tumults in the Convention. Paris is in consternation and disorder.....	21
The corps of English troops, under the Duke of York, sails from England.....	25
Bloody capture of Liege by the Austrians. Capture of Ruremonde.....	March 5
The National Convention declares war against Spain.....	7
The National Convention decrees the formation of a Revolutionary Tribunal.....	9
Counter-revolution in the department of La Vendee.....	13
Bloody battle near Neerwinde, which continues the whole day.....	18
The Empire declares war against France. Battle before Louvain.....	21
Surrender of Antwerp, where the Austrians find 93 pieces of cannon.....	26
Dumourier declares against the Convention.....	28
Four members of the National Convention deputed to arrest Dumourier, whom he sends prisoners to the Count de Clairfait.....	April 1
Robespierre excites the Jacobin Club to murder.....	4
Dumourier, with young Egalite, &c. go over to the Prince de Cobourg.....	5
Duke of Brunswick quits his command.....	12
The English take the island of Tobago.....	15
Bloody battle near Valenciennes, which is still more closely invested.....	23
Victory of the Jacobins of Paris. The 48 Sections demand a decree of accusation against upwards of twenty deputies. The Convention is beset.....	31
Bloody battle near Arlon, where the Austrians are defeated.....	June 9
The Dutch attack the French near Lille ; the Prince de Waldeck is killed there.....	12
Bombardment of Valenciennes commenced by general Ferraris.....	17
Petion and Languinai make their escape. Decree of accusation against Brissot.....	23
Marat assassinated by Charlotte Cord.....	July 13
Valenciennes surrenders to the Duke of York by capitulation.....	28
Decree denouncing the British government to Europe and the British nation, and that Marie Antoinette (the Queen of France) be accused before the Revolutionary Tribunal.....	Aug. 1

Mr. Pitt declared by a decree of the Convention an enemy to the human race.....	7
Custine is guillotined at Paris. Lord Hood takes possession of Toulon.....	28
Proclamation of war against the French Republic made at Naples.....	Sept. 3
Defeat of the Dutch at Menin. The English raise the siege of Dunkirk.....	12
Decree, abolishing the vulgar era, and establishing another manner of dividing the years and days.....	Sept. 20
Lyons surrenders to the Republicans after a siege of several days.....	Oct. 9
The Allies at length force the famous lines of Weissembourg.....	13
Marie Antoinette of Austria, Queen of France, guillotined.....	16
Twenty-one deputies condemned and guillotined.....	31
Philip Egalite guillotined. Great scarcity in France.....	Nov. 4
General O'Hara, governor of Toulon, taken prisoner by the Republicans.....	30
The Duke de Chatslet is guillotined; 150 persons share the same fate at Dunkirk.....	Dec. 9
Toulon retaken by the Republicans.....	19
The Republican army retakes the famous lines of Weissembourg.....	27

## 1794.

Thomas Paine, and Anacharsis Cloots, imprisoned at the Luxembourg.....	Jan. 10
Prince Talmond, and 14 old priests, guillotined.....	Feb. 6
Meat in Paris allowed exclusively to the sick, lying-in women, and infirm persons.....	24
Fourteen nobles guillotined at Dijon.....	March 12
Hebert and his party are arrested.....	15
Bazire, Chabot, Fabre d'Eglantine, Julien, and de Launay, guillotined.....	16
The island of Martinique is entirely subdued by the English.....	24
Danton, La Croix, &c. delivered over to the Revolutionary Tribunal.....	April 1
The English take the isle of St. Lucia.....	2
The English take the island of Guadaloupe.....	22
M. Lamoignon de Malesherbes, the defender of Louis XVI. is guillotined.....	25
The Duke of York takes a Republican General, and several prisoners.....	26
The French defeated near Tournay by the Duke of York.....	May 10
Madame Elizabeth, sister of Louis XVI. guillotined.....	12
The Duke of York narrowly escapes being taken prisoner near Roubaix.....	13
Bastia surrendered to the British arms. Battle near Tournay, which continues sixteen hours: the French lose 12,000 men, the Allies 3000.....	22
Cecille Regnault attempted to assassinate Robespierre.....	23
Decree that no quarter be given to the English and Hanoverian soldiers.....	25
The French fleet totally defeated by Earl Howe.....	June 1
The Confederates defeated at Fleurus, with the loss of 15,000 men.....	26
The Prince of Cobourg quits Brussels, which the French enter.....	July 8
Nieuport surrendered, and 130 emigrants put to death.....	13
Namur surrendered to the French.....	18
Antwerp taken by the French.....	20
Robespierre denounced 100 deputies in the Convention; he was publicly accused.....	26
Robespierre and his party guillotined amidst universal execrations.....	28
St. Sebastian surrendered to the French, with 180 pieces of cannon.....	Aug. 4
Calvi, in Corsica, surrendered to the English for 2500000 francs.....	10
Valenciennes surrendered to the French, with 227 pieces of cannon.....	29
Conde surrendered to the French, with 161 pieces of cannon.....	30
In three days the Austrians lost 12,000 men.....	Sept. 17, 18, 19
General Clairfait having lost 10,000 men in the contest, retreats across the Rhine.....	Oct. 1
The Alexander English man of war, of 74 guns, taken by the French.....	11
The Jacobin society in Paris suppressed by the Convention.....	18
The French defeat the Duke of York. Upwards of 12,000 emigrants executed at Nieuport, Sluys, and Ypres.....	19
Luxembourg surrendered to the French by capitulation.....	Nov. 12
The French defeated the Spaniards with great loss.....	17, 20
The French attacked the Hanoverians, whom they cut to pieces.....	Dec. 11
The English troops quitted Bommel, leaving behind them their artillery.....	26
The law granting no quarter to the British, Hanoverians, &c. repealed.....	30

1795.

A treaty of peace concluded with the king of Prussia.....April 1  
 Destruction of the emigrant army at Quiberon.....July 2  
 The Convention ratified a treaty of peace with Spain.....August 1

1796.

The French army of the Sambre and Meuse crossed the Rhine at Dusseldorf.....Sept. 6  
 M. Barthélémy, resident at Berne, received from Mr. Wickham, the British plenipotentiary to the Swiss Cantons, a note expressive of the disposition of Great Britain to open a congress for the purpose of settling a general peace, which Barthélémy transmitted to the Directory; and on the 26th the French minister returned its answer, declining a congress, expressing a doubt of the sincerity of the British cabinet, and declaring a determination to retain all the countries which had been united to France.....March 8  
 The French took Sir Sydney Smith prisoner at Havre-de-Grace.....April 18  
 Buonaparte, with 22,000 men, forced the passage of the Mincio, and obliged general Beaulieu to retire.....May 30  
 Concluded a treaty of peace with the king of Naples.....Oct. 10  
 Lord Malmesbury received at Paris.....Oct. 22  
 The French fleet anchored in Bantry-bay, Ireland.....Dec. 26  
 In this year many of the German provinces and Italian states purchased a peace with the new republic on very oppressive terms; the pope, the king of Sardinia, and the grand duke of Tuscany, were also compelled to submissions.

1797.

Fourteen hundred French troops landed at Fishguard in Pembrokeshire, South Wales, and were all made prisoners.....Feb. 22  
 Lord Malmesbury arrived in France a second time, with the view to negotiate a peace.....July 3  
 Violent commotions broke out in Paris, a strong party being said to have been formed to restore royalty in France; in consequence of which M. Barthélémy, general Pichot, and 65 representatives of the people, were transported by the arbitrary mandate of the majority of the Directory, without being brought to a trial, or any proof being produced of the crimes with which they were charged.....Sept. 15  
 Lord Malmesbury ordered to quit France on suspicion of having encouraged the royalists.....Sept. 18

1798.

The French army entered Rome in triumph, and deposed the pope.....Feb. 11  
 The cantons of Berne, Soleure, and Fribourg, in Switzerland, taken; and ultimately all Switzerland revolutionized.....March 1  
 General Bernadotte, the French ambassador at Vienna, excited a tumult there by his insolent conduct.....April 1  
 The American commissioner Pinckney ordered to quit France.....May 1  
 The French make an attack on the islands of Marcou, and are repulsed with very considerable loss.....May 1  
 Buonaparte takes Malta.....June 11  
 A decree passed, commanding the troops to give no quarter to any English who should attempt descents on the French coast.....July 1  
 The French fleet totally defeated by admiral Nelson off the mouth of the Nile.....Aug. 1  
 Intelligence received of America having annulled all treaties with France.....Aug. 21  
 Certain information received of Buonaparte having reached Alexandria in Egypt, and of the Grand Signior having declared war against France.....Aug. 22  
 The French land in Killala-bay.....Aug. 24  
 Surrender prisoners at discretion.....Sept. 8  
 The French fleet defeated by Sir J. B. Warren off Tory-island.....Sept. 16  
 Intelligence received of war having taken place between Naples and Sardinia, and France.....Dec. 20

1799.

The French enter Naples.....Jan. 23  
 Cross the Rhine in three places to recommence hostilities with the Emperor.....March 1

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